# The Wild West of High Availability in Open edX



Brandon DeRosier brandon@opencraft.com



Feanil Patel feanil@edx.org

# Agenda

Choosing Your Stack

Examples

Managing Infrastructure Fork Management

# Choosing your stack

## Outline

- Infrastructure Choices
  - o On Prem
  - o AWS
  - OpenStack
  - Other Cloud Providers

### On Premise

- Most Control
- Most expertise required
  - You'll be setting up a lot of it yourself
- You might need this based on your organization or local law requirements

## Amazon Web Services

- Most managed services Available
- Used by edX Inc.
  - Our tools can become your tools
  - Con: Our tools are not always built for everyone

## OpenStack

- Pro: Used by OpenCraft
  - o OpenCraft adding support into existing edX tools where possible
- Con: no two openstack clouds are the same

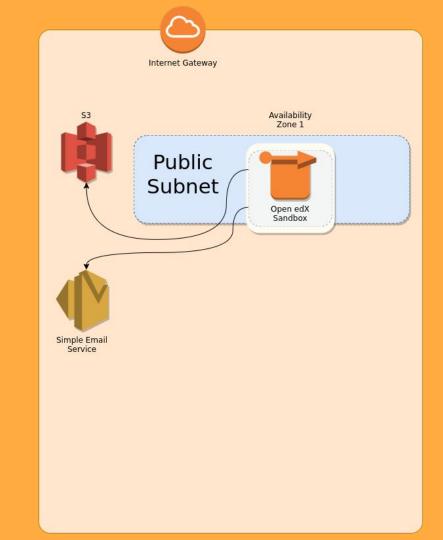
## Other Infra Providers

- Usually provide the basic abstractions you need
  - Compute
  - Load Balancers
  - Storage
  - RDBMS as a Services
- Biggest differentiators are usually price, reliability, and tooling availability

# Example: The bare minimum

#### Sandbox

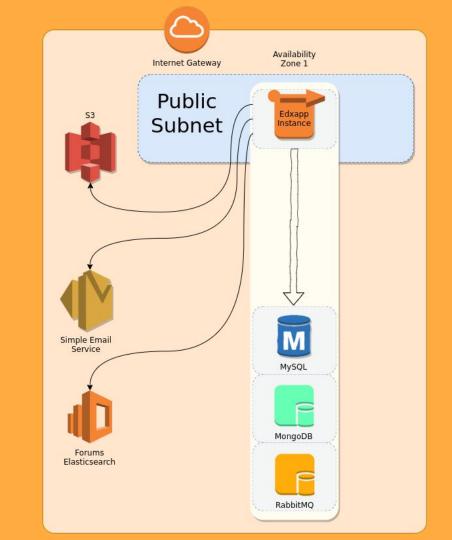
- Not Stateless
- Not Scalable
- Not Highly Available



# Sandbox? ... sort of

- Not Stateless
- **❖** Not Scalable... kind of
- Not Highly Available

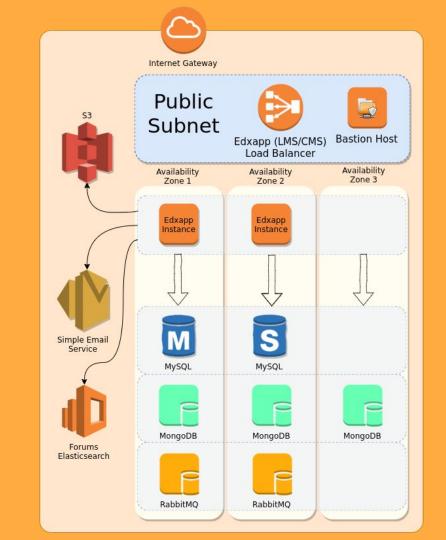
- Can fully monitor services separately
- But, more single points of failure



## Definitely not a sandbox!

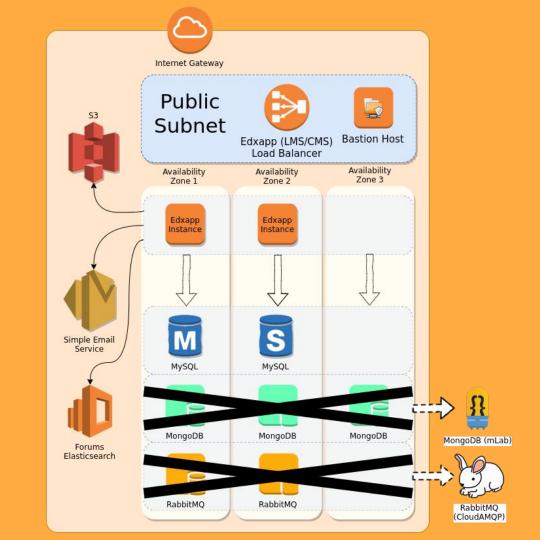
- Not Stateless
- Not Scalable
- Not Highly Available

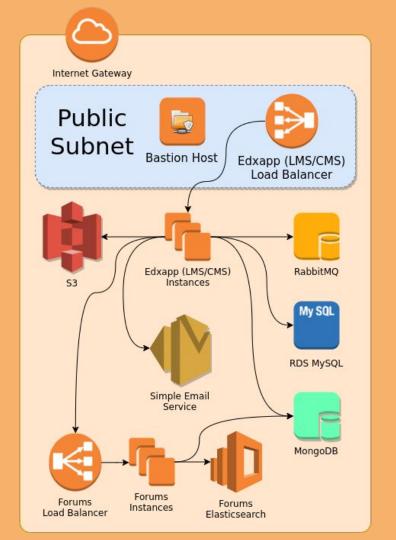
- Can fully monitor services separately
- But, more single points of failure
- No single points of failure



# If desired, use managed databases

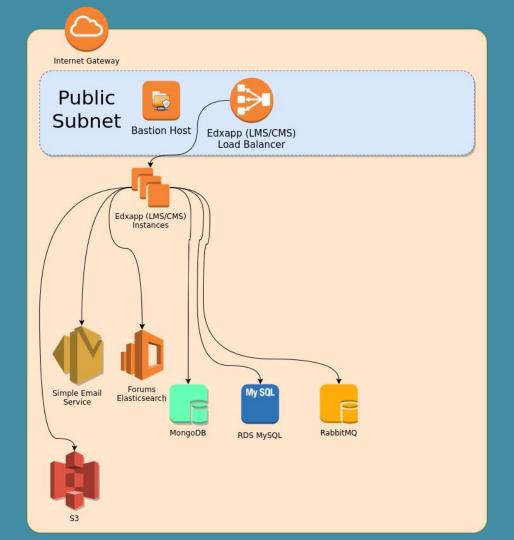
- → Less infrastructure to take care of
- **→** Easy to scale
- → More expensive than the bare infrastructure
- → Check for education/user privacy law compliance



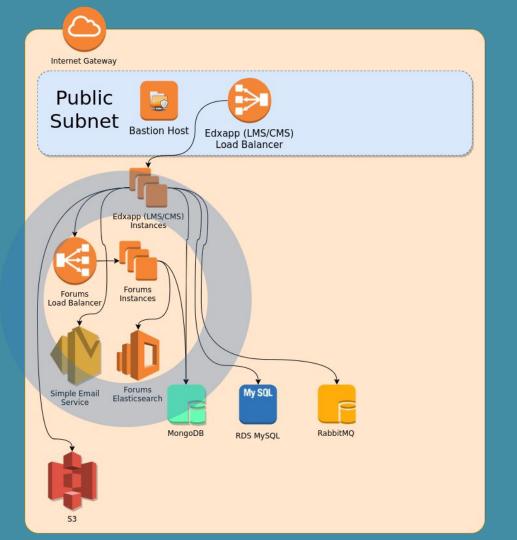


# Example: A large stack

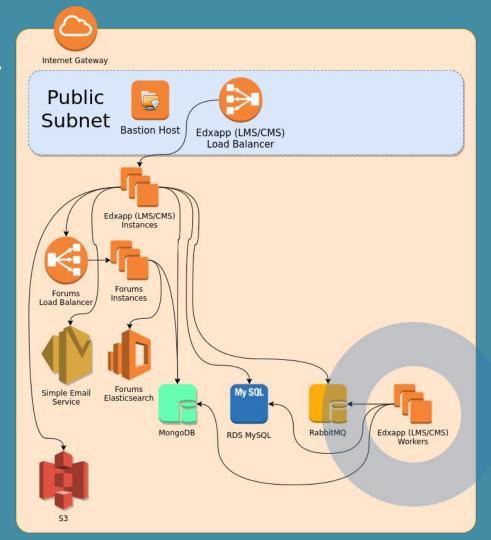
#### Where we left off:



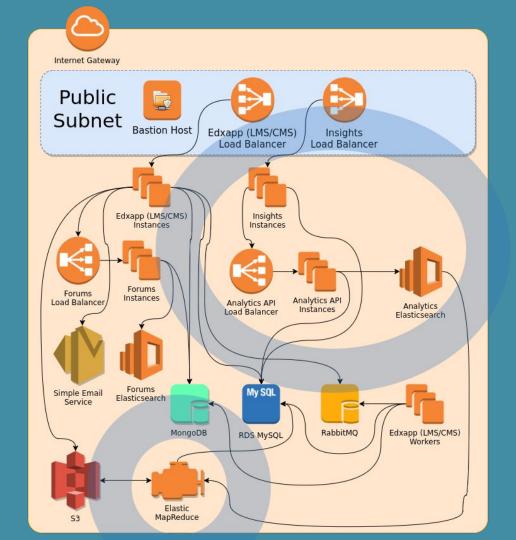
#### Separate forums...



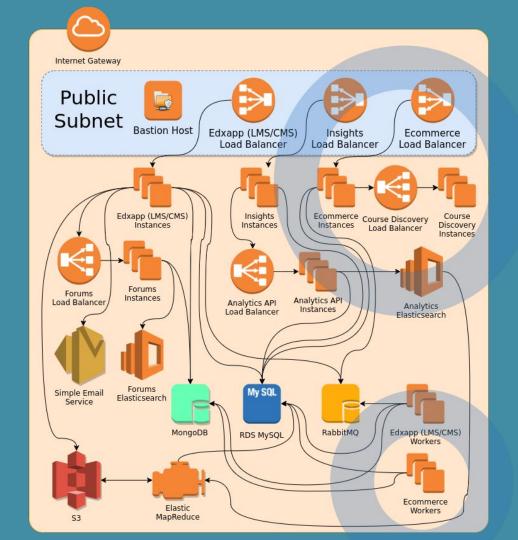
#### Separate workers...



#### Analytics!

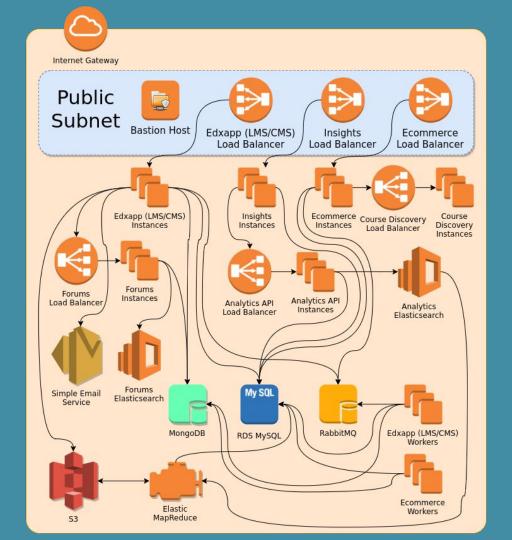


### €commer¢e \$\$\$



Well...

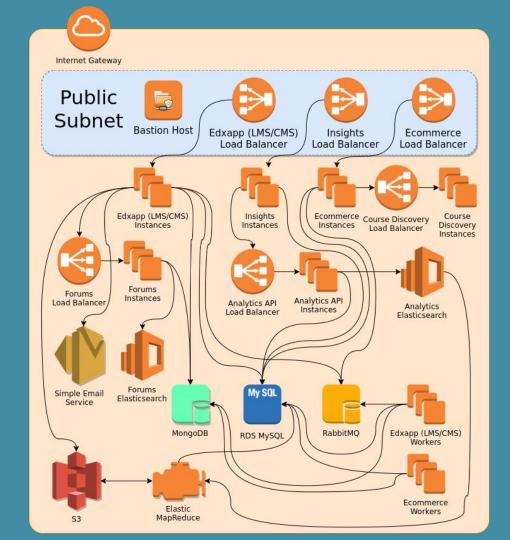
How do we make this smaller?



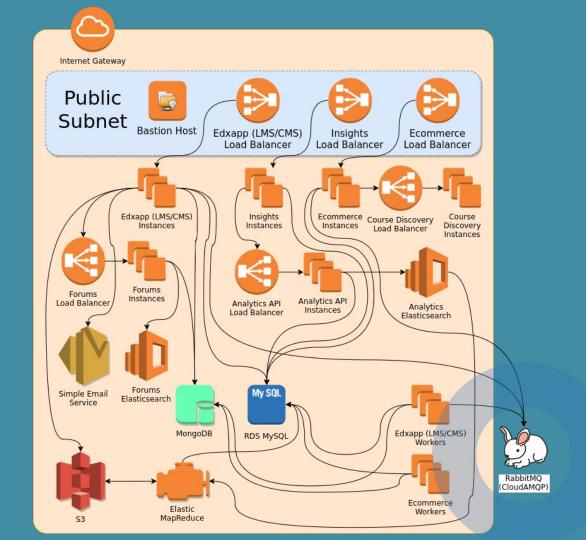
Well...

How do we make this smaller?

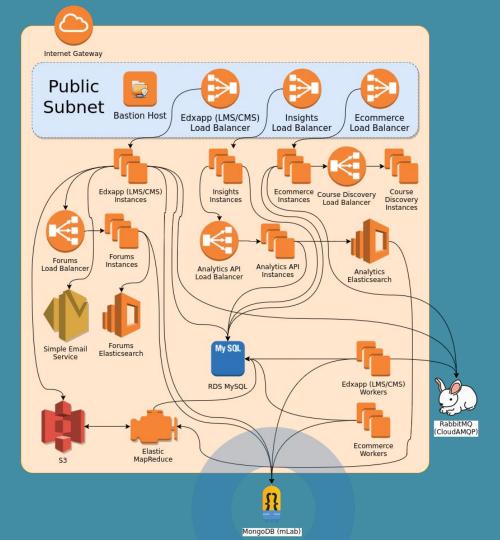
Maybe try the managed services again...?



#### External RabbitMQ...

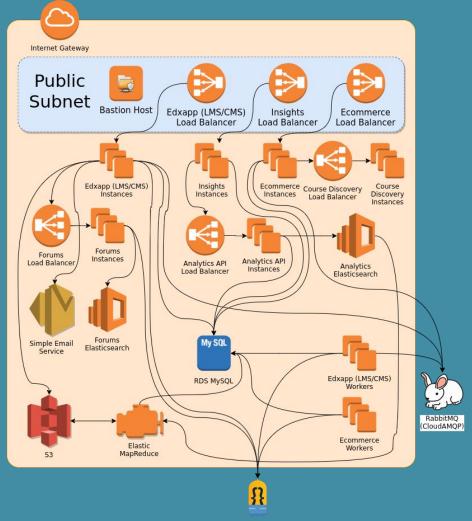


#### External MongoDB...



#### Hmm...

That didn't do very much....

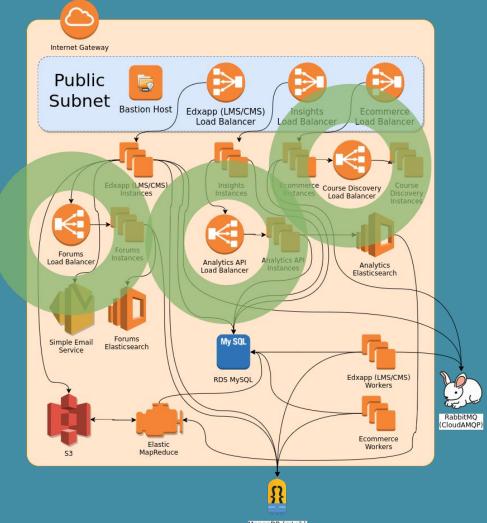


MongoDB (mLab)

#### Hmm...

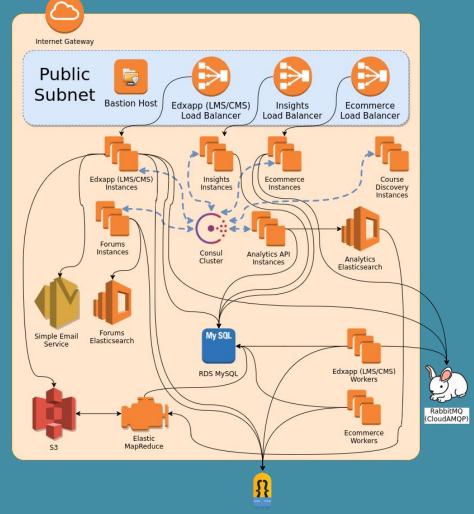
That didn't do very much....

But maybe we can replace all these load balancers...?



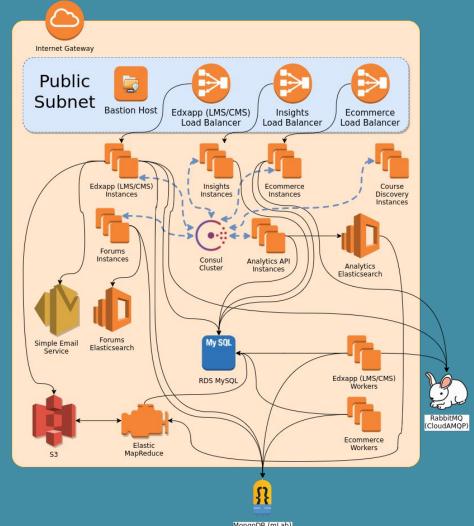
MongoDB (mLab)

#### Service Discovery!



#### Service Discovery!

Very little benefit for a small deployment, though...



MongoDB (mLab)

# Managing Infrastructure

## Tools

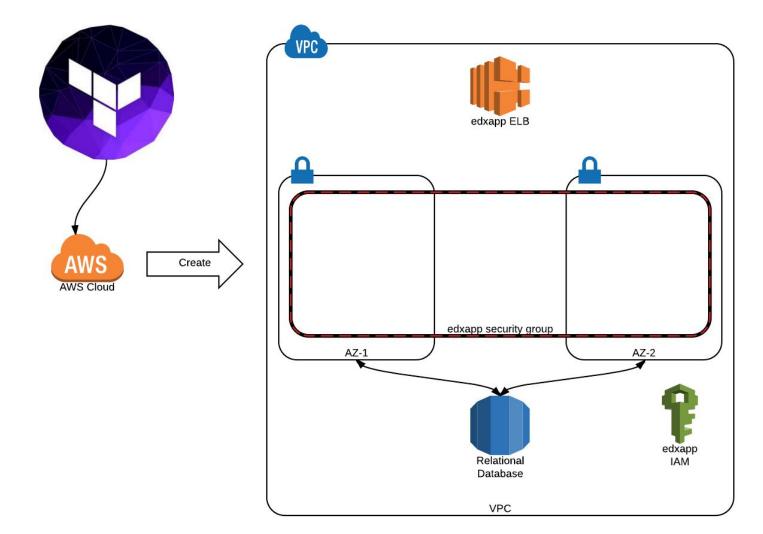
- For things that change slowly
  - Ansible Infrastructure Modules
  - Cloudformation
  - Terraform

## Tools

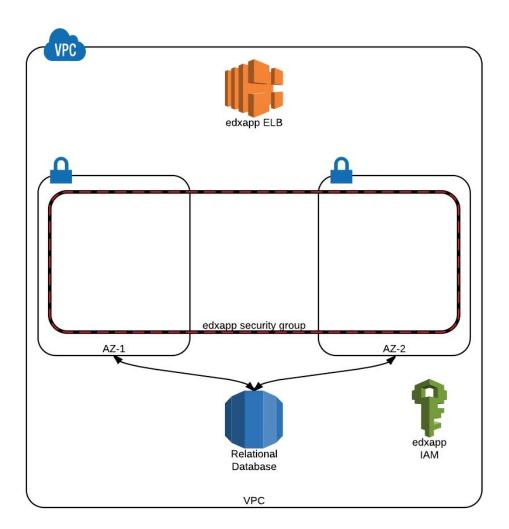
- For things that change more often
  - Configuration Repo
  - o Asgard
  - o GoCD

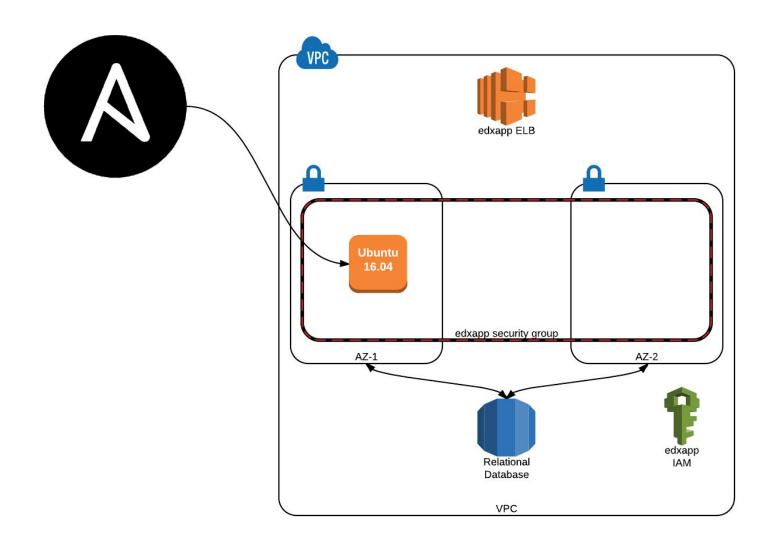


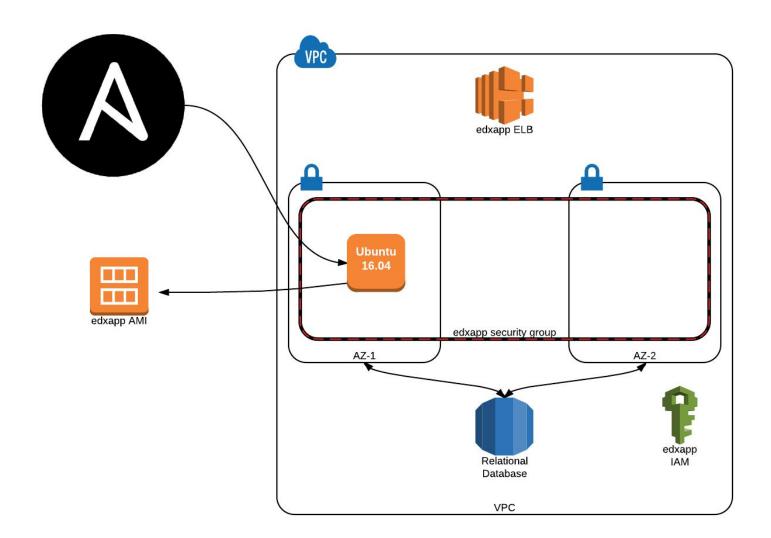




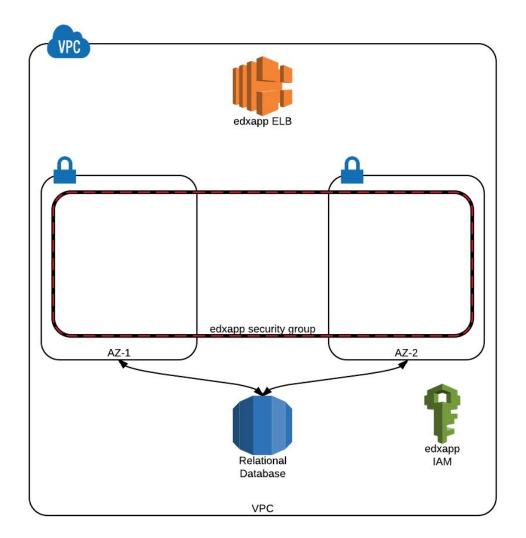


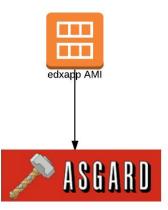


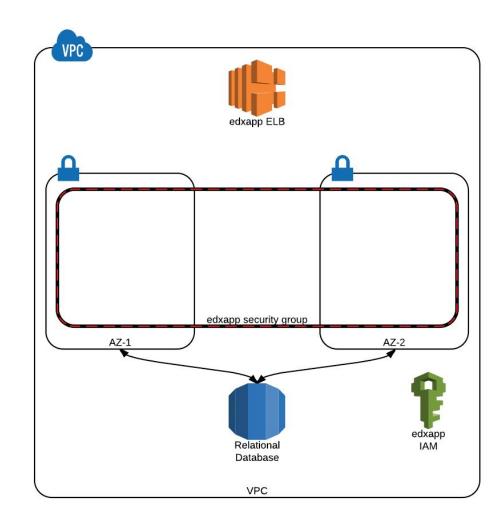


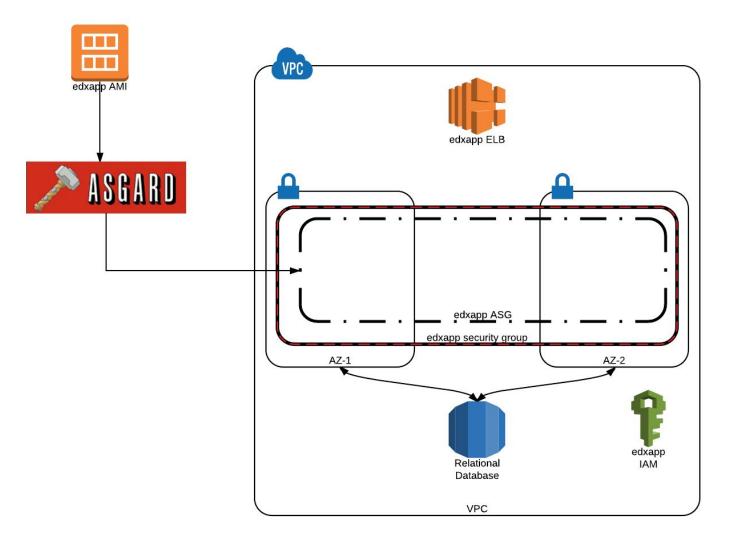


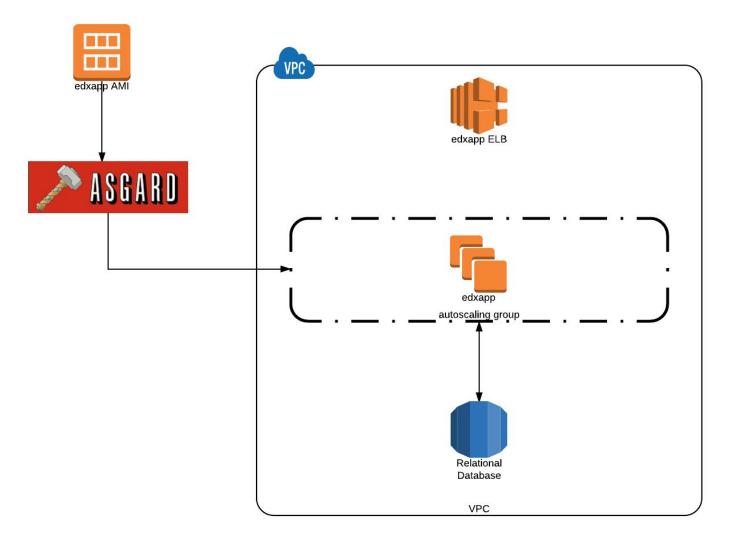


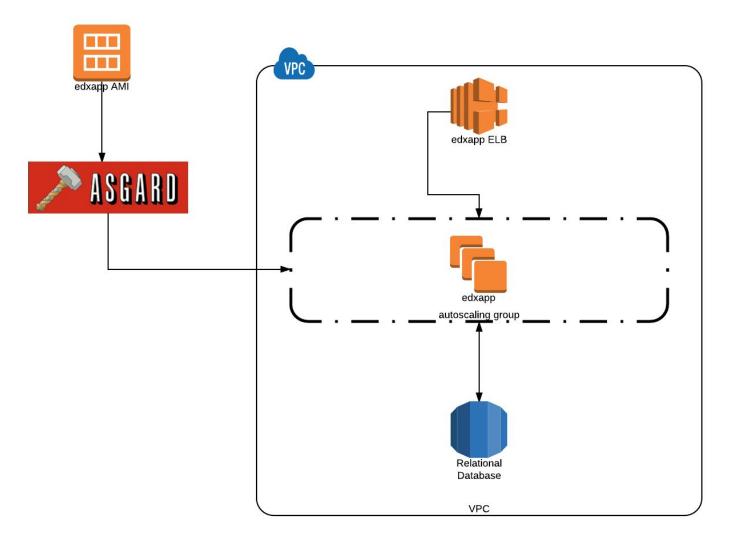


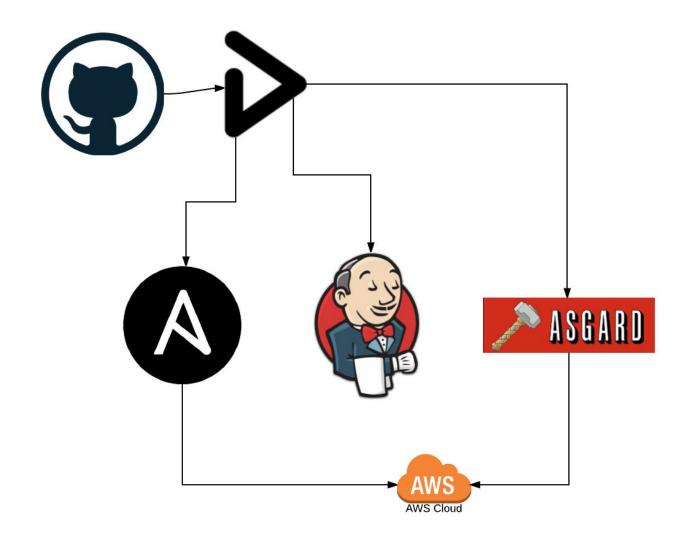


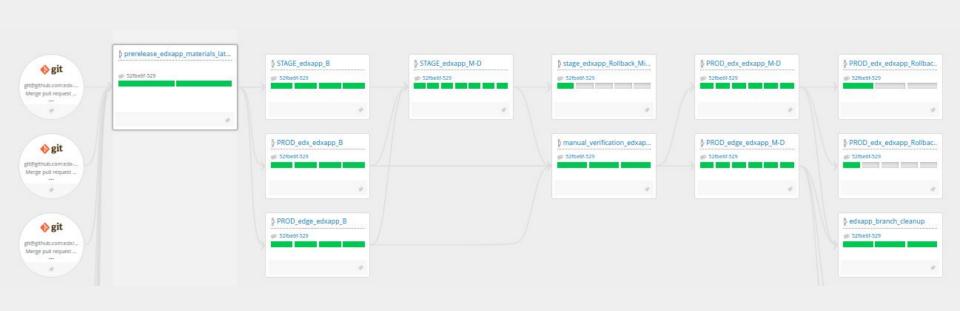












# Fork management tips

# Fork management ups THE FOUR HORSEMEN OF TECHNICAL DEBT

### 1. KEEP YOUR DIFFS SMALL

- Tiny stuff adds up quickly
- Investing upfront pays off here deal with it *before* it's a problem
- Named release rebasing will start costing you a **fortune** otherwise
- Huge diffs are simply a nightmare

## 2. Upstream Everything

- Distribute the burden of Maintenance
  - Someone broke your feature's tests?
  - They have to fix it before merging
- Build better software
  - Forces your architecture and code to be high quality
- Be a good citizen

# 3. Don't edit Ansible output

- lms.env.json
- lms.auth.json
- cms.env.json
- cms.auth.json

- Do it like edX: **Use configuration management**
- These files may not always be the config destination
- edX configuration keeps up as the schema changes
- Things are actually much simpler this way

## 3. Don't edit Ansible output

- lms.env.json
- lms.auth.json
- cms.env.json
- cms.auth.json

- Do it like edX: Use configuration management
- These files may not always be the config destination
- edX configuration keeps up as the schema changes
- Things are actually much simpler this way

# 3.5. Also, don't edit settings code directly

- lms/envs/common.py
- cms/envs/aws.py
- ...etc.

## 4. Avoid template overrides in themes

- Sometimes you have to do it
- ...but try to make style modifications as much as possible
- Context changes in views will have you fixing your templates every release

# Questions?



Brandon DeRosier brandon@opencraft.com



Feanil Patel feanil@edx.org

# Not part of presentation: Cloud Agnostic Stack Choices

- The OpenEdx platform uses many off the shelf tools.
- You may want to use SaaS providers
  - Rabbit as a service
  - Mongo as a service
  - Elasticsearch as a service

# Infrastructure as Code Options

The next 3 pages talk about different tools for managing infrastructure as code.

### Ansible Modules

- Support
  - Number of Modules to manage ec2 resources is growing
  - Interfaces between modules not consistent
  - Modules not available for most other clouds
- Imperative nature
  - Great for orchestration
  - Bad for predicting what's going to happen
- If you're already using ansible, you don't have to learn a new tool

### Cloudformation

- Declarative Syntax
  - Declare your resources in a file
  - Provide it to Cloudformation
  - o Cloudformation ensures that all declared resources exist
- Con: Only works with AWS
- Con: Works best in one file
  - Can do multi files but is complicated
- Pro: Supports Planning for making changes
  - You update your template and it can show you what it will do to your resources

## Terraform

- Similar in capability to current state of cloudformation
  - Declarative
  - Planning Capability

#### Differences

- Can easily span multiple files
- o Can work with multiple cloud providers
  - Provider plugin system is very flexible

# GoCD: <a href="https://gocd.io">https://gocd.io</a>

- Gomatic DSL to make GoCD pipelines
  - https://github.com/edx/edx-gomatic/
  - https://github.com/edx/gomatic/tree/edx
- Tubular Convenience scripts and utilities
  - Can be used independently of GoCD
  - <a href="https://github.com/edx/tubular">https://github.com/edx/tubular</a>

# Configuration Repo

- Ansible playbooks for building App specific machines
- Optimized for separate machines per application
  - Though roles can be combined flexibly
- https://github.com/edx/configuration

## Asgard

- Used to managed deployments at edX
- Allows for Imaged based blue/green deployments
- Con: No longer supported by Netflix
- https://github.com/edx/asgard