ChinaNetCloud Running the World's Internet Servers

Dealing with Chinese Network Anatomy

About Architecture

By Steve Mushero













Overview

- Talk about Chinese Internet Structure
- Chinese Internet Problems & Issues

- Strategies & Solutions
- Advice



About Steve

- Founder, CEO & CTO of ChinaNetCloud
 - Before that, CTO of Tudou (土豆网)

- Seven years in China
 - From Silicon Valley, Seattle, New York
- 20+ years experience as CTO
 - Experience in dev & ops

About ChinaNetCloud

Founded in Shanghai in 2008

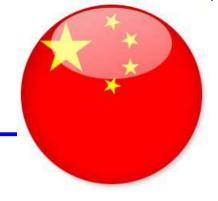
by Silicon Valley Technology Guys

Vision: Run All the World's Internet Servers

We manage servers & systems for Chinese Internet & Game Companies

Thousands of Servers - Hundreds of Customers We've seen every type & size system

China Overview



- China is World's largest Internet
- But Infrastructure has unique characteristics
- Difficult for world-class performance / user experiences

- Especially modern apps:
 - Mobile apps, ads, & e-commerce
- End-user speed linked to success & profits



China Internet Basics

- World's largest 500M users
- Very advanced / fast
 - 1-2-3 Mbps at home
 - -5-10-20 Mbps at work
 - 1-10-50 Gbps at IDC





- Congestion
- Regionality





Monopoly ISPs

- China Telecom South 21
- China NetCom North 10
- China Mobile GPRS
- China UniCom iPhone
- CERNET Students
- Several more like Railcom
- Unicom bought Netcom
- Mobile bought Railcom
- Telecom bought Unicom CDMA





Internet Challenges

- Poor interconnections
- Overloaded links
- Heavy-bandwidth uses



- Within Region
- Between Regions
- Internationally

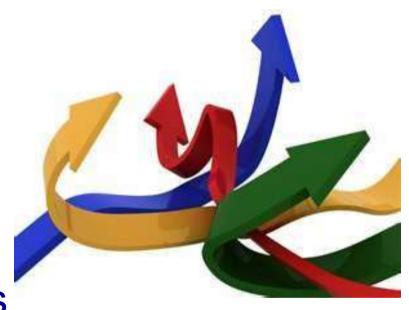


Internet ISP Basics

- Each ISP is REGIONAL
- Actually one per province
- And one per large city
- And Mobile is separate

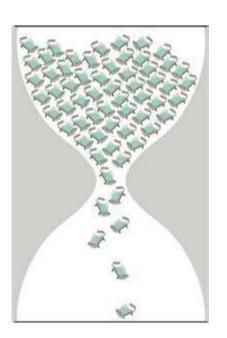
So not one company Ex: Telecom is 31 companies

They don't cooperate well



Bottlenecks

- 2 Gbps Antispyrous 50 Mbps
- Within & Between Regions
- Heavy traffic
 - P2P sharing
 - Video (Tudou, etc.)
 - Games, Music, etc.
- Mobile speed limited
 - They have to buy bandwidth
- Can use Mobile IDC, but . . .
 - Terrible service



Bottlenecks

- ISPs don't care as no effect on revenue
 - Challenges of limited competition

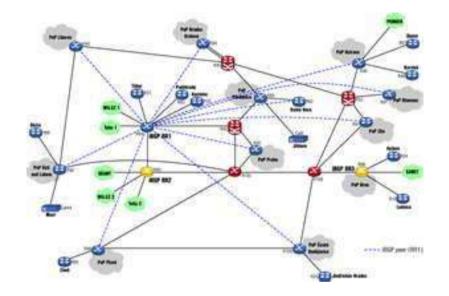


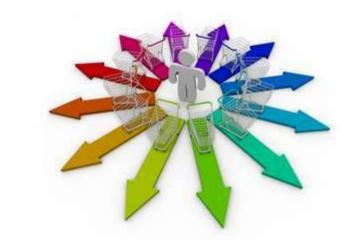
- Even worse as they use proxies, back channels
- Especially in smaller provinces
- And CERNET for students
 - Proxies in closets



Internet Challenges - Routing

- BGP not common
 - Requires cooperation
 - Back to 1990s methods
- Multi-line common
 - Multi-IP per server
 - Routing nightmare
- BGP increasingly used
 - Especially for mobile
 - Expensive, only high-end





International Links

- Only a few links, bottlenecks
- Great Firewall of Fun
- Often unstable / highly variable
 - Good one day
 - Then bad for an hour, day, week
- Cannot depend on them

HK best, Japan next, beyond.



Internet Challenges - Students

- Universities have separate network
- CERNET
- Hard to get to (expensive)
- Often use async routing to save money
- But useful for brands, games, etc.
 - Use BGP / CDN



Internet Challenges - Mobile

- Three carriers
 - Separate from land lines
- Traditionally used Mobile IDC
 - Poor service
- But also 50%+ on Wifi
 - Makes good routing & IDC hard
- Moving to 3-line BGP







Industry Specific Issues

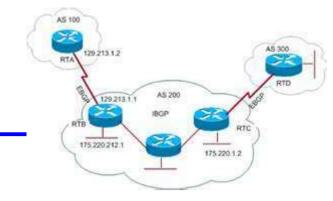
- E-Commerce
 - Response time
 - Reliability
- Advertising
 - Performance
- Gaming
 - Response time
 - Multi-user zoning
 - Big Downloads





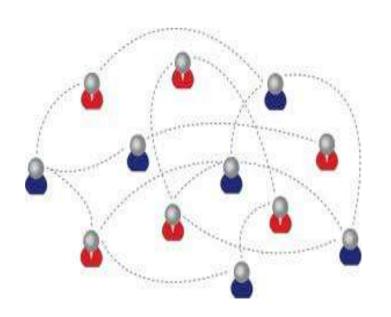


BGP



- Increasingly important
- 2, 3, 8 line Very, very few 8 line
- Usually best, BUT . . .
- Expensive

- ¥
- Not always good
 - Poor links to other ISP
 - Strict bandwidth limits
- Not always real
 - NAT, other methods



IDC Data Centers

- Increasingly important
 - Mobile and \$\$ driving
- Highly variable bandwidth
 - Understand bandwidth
 - When 100M is NOT!
- Expansion a big problem
- Service a big problem
- Get what you pay for







Strategies Overview

CONT

- Good Location
- Good Bandwidth
- Good Design
- CDN
- Monitor
- Advanced options



Locations

- Single vs. Multi-location
- Multi-location very difficult
 - Very rare in China
 - Games or HA failover
- Best to choose 1 good location
 - Grow and use 2nd for HA
- CHOOSE WELL

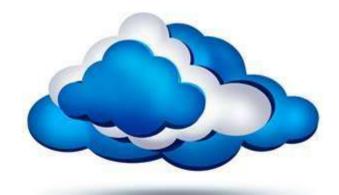


Locations

- Best you can afford
- Ask about service
- Ask about expansion
- Think about mobile
- Avoid 3rd tier cities
- Avoid 3rd tier IDCs
- Avoid 2nd tier if you have \$\$
- Think about clouds . . .







Choosing IDCs

- Get the best you can afford
- Be careful, hard to change later
- Connectivity First
 - Including DDoS, ARP, Net
- Service Second, important
 - 24x7 Access
 - Remote Hands
- ChinaNetCenter, 21ViaNet, SRT







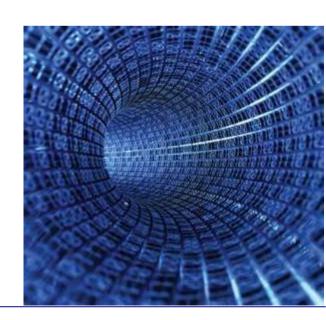


Connectivity & Bandwidth

- Get the best you can afford
- Think about users' location
- Single vs. 2 vs. 3 vs. 8 line
- Direct vs. BGP
- For mobile, remember Wifi

Buy the Best & CDN the Rest





Performance

- Think small & fast
- Images, HTML, CSS, JS
- Follow all best practices
 - YSlow, etc.
 - Test & Analyze
- Use AJAX if possible
- Other push, XMPP, node.js
- CDN as much as you can





AJAX & Caching

- Web browsers (1) Proxy caches (2) Caching load balancer (3) Origin servers (4)
- A secret to perceived speed
- Use statics as much as you can
 - Long statics & rename
- Use semi-statics
 - Cache 1, 5, 60 minutes
- Carefully consider other objects



Push & Async

- Modes 725, MLLsi
- Latest trend to perceived speed
- XMPP
 - Via OpenFire
 - Messages, stats, updates
- Node.js
- Careful how you scale
 - 250,000 per server?
- Careful of bad connections
 - Re-connect, lazy connect

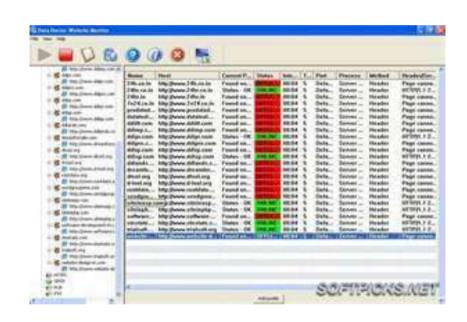




Best practices via YSlow

- Study Yahoo, Google & others
- Run YSlow & other tools
- Also GT Metrix





BEST PRACTICE





Leveraging CDNs

Another secret to perceived speed



- Also reduces expensive IDC bandwidth
- Careful of version, expiration, names
- WSA, too



- Whole Site Acceleration
- ChinaNetCenter, FastWeb, ChinaCache
- Clouds have CDN, too AliYun, Amazon
- Use a CDN, Always!

Monitoring



- Several good monitoring services
- From backbone or end user
 - All around China
 - Check each ISP
 - Check each CDN
- But Expensive!
- Network Bench, Gomez, Jiankongbao





Using Clouds

- Very flexible
- Understand limits
 - 100 Questions / Issues
- Good International AWS
- Still limited in PRC
 - But Improving
 - Good Bandwidth, CDN
 - Aliyun working hard to be AWS
 - A few smaller 21ViaNet Shanghai









Cross-Border International

- Same but Different
- Consider cross-region
 - PRC only
 - Foreign only (where?)
 - Both
 - Separate Any Sync ?
 - Integrated Rackspace HK
- Use cloud Amazon



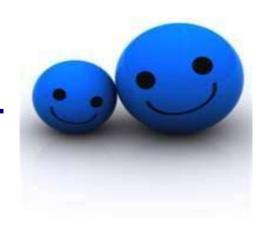




Summary

- Chinese Internet Big
- But difficult
- Choose location & IDC carefully
- Design your app well
- Use CDN
- Monitor
- Be fast . . . users be happy . . .





Questions

