#### Graph Database and Neo4j

谷文栋 2013-01-12 @北京

# 谷文栋

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### 指阅

#### http://zhiyue.me/

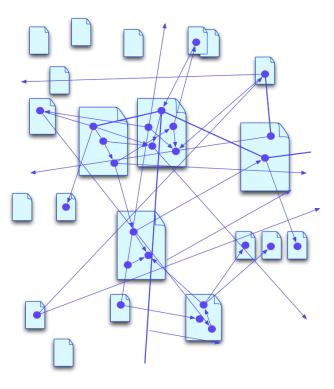
#### 你的个性化杂志

- 信息基因
- 主题
- 聚合/筛选
- 个性化



# 互联网三阶段

- It's not the wires-- it's the computers
- It's not the computers
- -- it's the documents
  Web site
- It's not the documents-- it's the Things



#### 基因工程

- Freebase An entity graph of people, places and things
- Google Knowledge Graph
- Pandora 音乐基因工程
- Jinni 电影基因工程

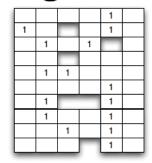
# NoSQL is simply Not Only SQL

#### Four NoSQL categories

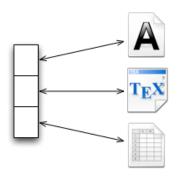
#### **Key-Value**



#### **BigTable**



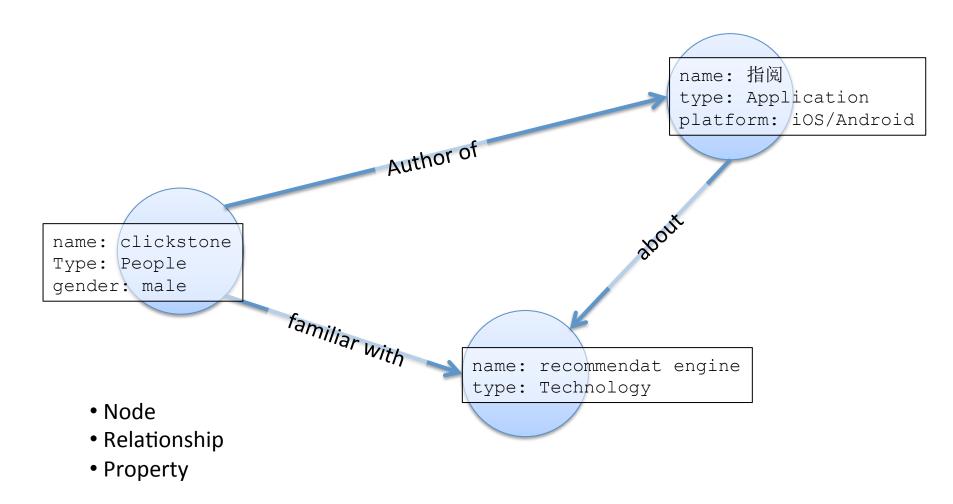
#### **Document**



#### **Graph DB**



# **Property Graph Model**



#### **Graph Databases**

- Property Data Model:
  - Nodes with properties
  - Relationships with properties
- Examples:
  - Neo4j
  - FlockDB(Twitter)
  - Google Pregel
  - AllegroGraph, SonesGraphDB, OrientDB,
     InfiniteGraph ...

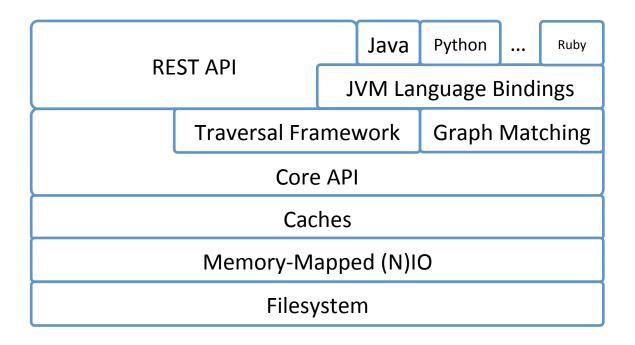
#### What's Neo4j

- It's is a Graph Database
- Embeddable and server
- Full ACID transactions
  - don't mess around with durability, ever.
- Schema free, bottom-up data model design

#### More on Neo4j

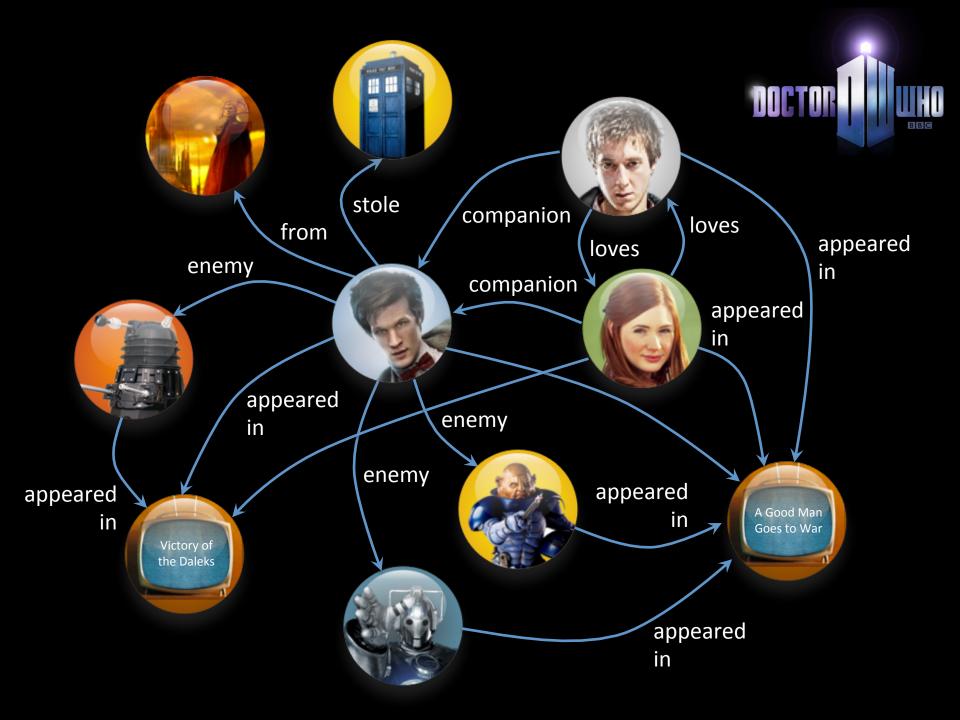
- Neo4j is stable
  - In 24/7 operation since 2003
- Neo4j is under active development
- High performance graph operations
  - Traverses 1,000,000+ relationships / second on commodity hardware

#### Neo4j Logical Architecture



#### Remember, there's NOSQL

So how do we query it?



#### Data access is programmatic

- Through the Java APIs
  - JVM languages have bindings to the same APIs
    - JRuby, Jython, Clojure, Scala...
- Managing nodes and relationships
- Indexing / lucene
- Traversing
- Path finding
- Pattern matching

#### What is Cypher?

- Declarative graph pattern matching language
  - "SQL for graphs"
  - Tabular results
- Cypher is evolving steadily
  - Syntax changes between releases
- Supports queries
  - Including aggregation, ordering and limits
  - Mutating operations in product roadmap

#### **Example Query**

The top 5 most frequently appearing companions:

Start node from index

Subgraph pattern

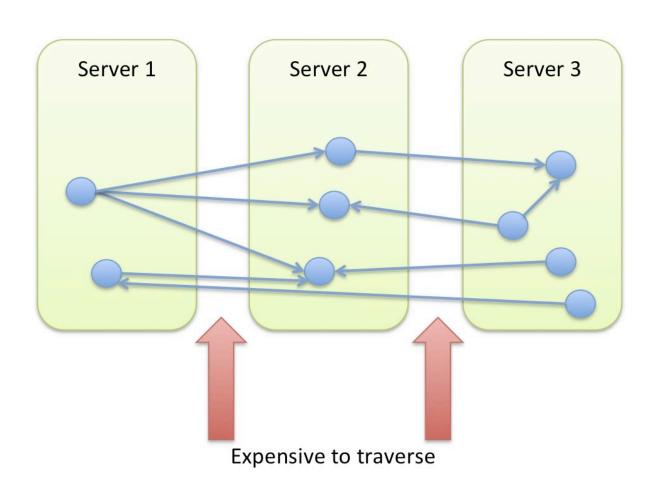
Accumulates rows by episode

#### Results

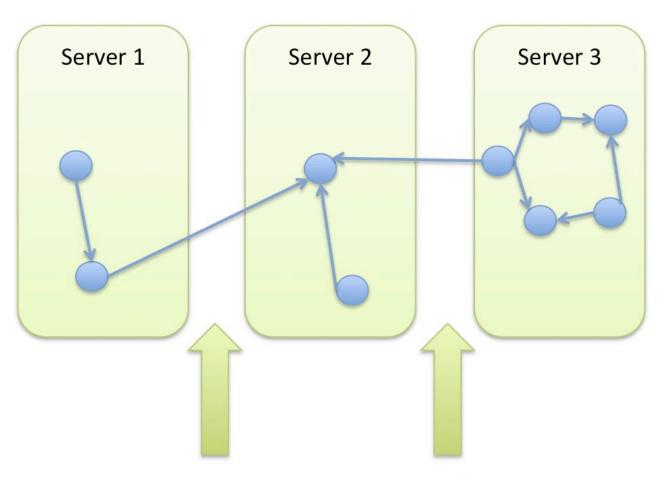
```
companion.name | count(episode)
                   30
Rose Tyler
Sarah Jane Smith | 22
               1 21
Jamie McCrimmon
Amy Pond
                 1 21
Tegan Jovanka | 20
5 rows, 49 ms
```

# Scaling graphs is **hard**

# **Chatty Network**



#### Minimal Point Cut



Fewer expensive traversals

#### Domain-specific sharding

- Eventually (Petabyte) level data cannot be replicated practically
- Need to shard data across machines
- Remember: no perfect algorithm exists

 But we humans sometimes have domain insight

#### **Pros and Cons**

- Strengths
  - Powerful data model
    - don't excuse you from design
  - Fast
    - For connected data, can be many orders of magnitude faster than RDBMS
- Weaknesses:
  - Sharding
    - Though they can scale reasonably well
    - And for some domains you can shard too!

# Applications of Graph Databases and Traversal Engines

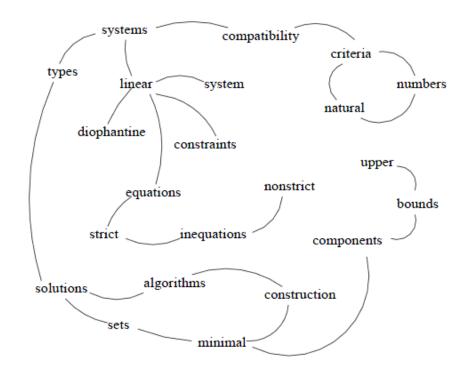
# IT互联网领域的影响力分析

- 1. 从挑选一些种子用户开始。
- 2. 获取种子用户的关注列表和微博内容。
- 3. 构造图:
  - 1) A关注B,添加一条边A->B;
  - 2) A转发B,添加一条边A->B;如果同时存在关注和转发关系,会影响到边的权重。
  - 3)通过关注和转发识别出种子用户之外的新用户, 重复1)和2)。
- 4. HITS / SPEAR

# 指阅的信息基因技术

- Text as Graph
- TextRank
  - TextRank:Bringing Orderinto Texts

Compatibility of systems of linear constraints over the set of natural numbers. Criteria of compatibility of a system of linear Diophantine equations, strict inequations, and nonstrict inequations are considered. Upper bounds for components of a minimal set of solutions and algorithms of construction of minimal generating sets of solutions for all types of systems are given. These criteria and the corresponding algorithms for constructing a minimal supporting set of solutions can be used in solving all the considered types systems and systems of mixed types.



# 个性化阅读

- 每天产生的信息非常多
- 信息的生命周期短暂
- 同质化问题严重

- 人的兴趣变化琢磨不定
- 挑战用户习惯
- 缺乏存在感与互动

### Value in Relationships

用"关联"的视角去思考问题

#### Thanks!

欢迎大家下载 指阅

https://itunes.apple.com/cn/app/id450737500?mt=8