

WSRP Support in JBoss Portal

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Agenda

- Introduction to WSRP
- Architectural overview
- Roadmap

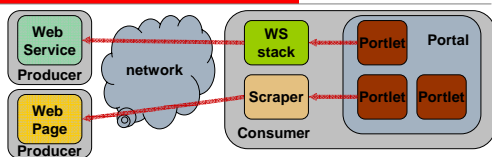
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Motivation

- Portals offer aggregation of content from diverse sources in the form of portlets
- Content can be:
 - ✓ Local to the portal server
 - ✓ Remote via web services or content scrapping
- Local content is addressed by JSR 168
- Remote content is addressed by WSRP

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Problems with remote content



- No defined contract between producers and consumers
- Producer-specific development on consumers
- Difficult for producers to evolve/deploy content

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Enters WSRP

- Content scrapping is not a viable solution
- Web services are **data**-oriented but portals are **presentation**-oriented
- ✉ WSRP was defined to offer a standard solution to present remote content in portals

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What is WSRP?

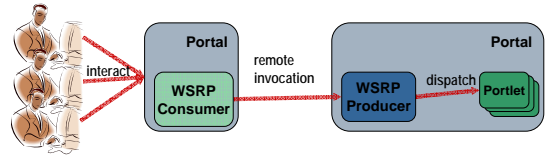
- Web Services for Remote Portlets
- Provides a standard for interactive, presentation-oriented web services
- Approved as an OASIS standard in August 2003
- WSRP 2.0 is being worked on
 - ✓ Public review just started



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WSRP overview

- Two actors: Consumer and Producer
 - ✓ Producer publishes content via WSRP interface
 - ✓ Consumer interacts with WSRP services on behalf of users



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Benefits

- WSRP clearly defines the contract between producers and consumers
- Provides interoperability between middleware stacks
- Easier development on the consumer side:
 - ✓ All WSRP content is presentation-oriented
 - ✓ Access is done in a standard way
- Easier management on the producer side:
 - ✓ Retention of content control
 - ✓ Subscription management
- Built on existing standards: SOAP, WSDL...



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WSRP specification

- Provides a WSDL web service definition for invocation of WSRP services
- Defines semantics for WSRP interactions between Consumers and Producers
- Defines rules for markup generation (producer side) and aggregation (consumer side)
- Implementation language agnostic



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WSRP interfaces overview

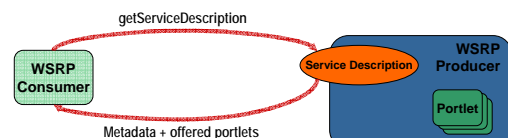
- Service Description interface (required):
 - ✓ acquiring the Producer's and portlets metadata
- Markup interface (required):
 - ✓ retrieving portlets markup and processing user interaction
 - ✓ Consumer assistance to producer operations
- Registration interface (optional):
 - ✓ establishing, updating and destroying a registration
- Portlet Management interface (optional):
 - ✓ getting Portlet metadata
 - ✓ cloning Portlets for further customization
 - ✓ interacting with portlet properties



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Service description interface (required)

- Provides producer metadata
 - ✓ Requires registration?
 - ✓ Requires cookie support?
 - ✓ Custom modes and window states
 - ✓ Supported locales
 - ✓ ...
- Provides offered portlets description:
 - ✓ Handle
 - ✓ Supported markup types
 - ✓ Title, description
 - ✓ ...



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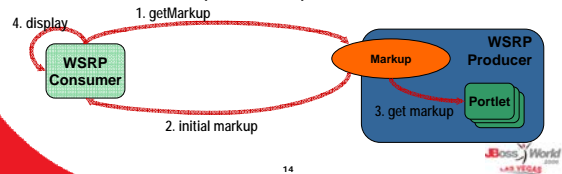
Markup interface (required)

- Retrieve markup content for a given portlet
- Notify a portlet of user interaction
- Support producer initialization of cookies
- Release session-related resources

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Markup interface (cont.)

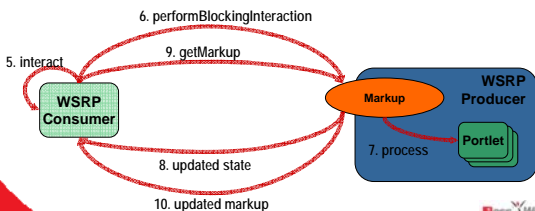
- Markup is aggregated by the consumer:
 - ✓ Portlets generate markup fragments
 - ✓ URLs should refer to the Consumer, not the Producer:
 - Consumer URL rewriting
 - Producer URL writing
- Producer/portlets can return state that the Consumer is required to provide back



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Markup interface (cont.)

- Two-step protocol similar to JSR-168's:
 - ✓ Blocking processing of user interaction and state updating
 - ✓ Markup rendering (which shouldn't impact the portlet state)



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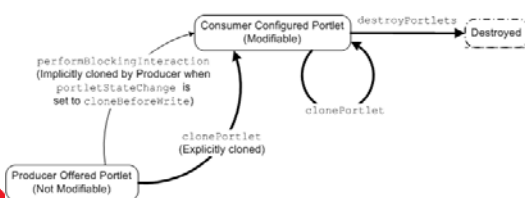
Registration interface (optional)

- Register with the Producer:
 - ✓ Can associate portlet and customization data with consumer
 - ✓ Can track portlet usage
 - ✓ Can restrict/tailor portlets access
 - ✓ ...
- Update registration data
- Deregister
- Two kinds of registration:
 - ✓ In-band: registration is completely handled via the registration interface
 - ✓ Out-of-band: registration requires additional producer/consumer interaction that is not covered by WSRP

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Portlet management interface (optional)

- Retrieve portlet metadata
- Retrieve portlet properties metadata
- Interact with portlet properties
- Manage portlet lifecycle



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Goals for JBoss' implementation

- Provide a superior open source WSRP implementation
 - ✓ Improved manageability and reusability
 - ✓ Performant, reliable, configurable
- Separation of concerns
 - ✓ WSRP is just another modality to interact with portlet content
 - ✓ WSRP operations are transparently handled
- API/component model agnostic to allow for easy exposition of legacy content to WSRP

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PortletInvoker concept

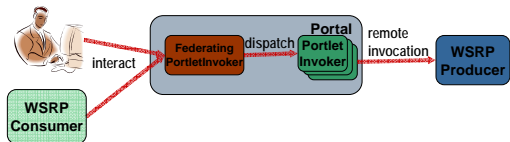
- PortletInvoker presents a unified view of portlet operations
- All portlet invocations go through a PortletInvoker

```

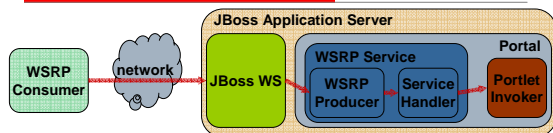
+ PortletInvoker
- fields
- methods
+ getPortlets(): Set
+ getPortlet(portletId: String): Portlet
+ invoke(invocation: PortletInvocation): void
+ createClone(portletId: String): String
+ destroyClone(portletId: String): void
+ getProperties(portletId: String): ValueMap
+ setProperties(portletId: String, properties: ValueMap): void
    
```

PortletInvoker concept (cont.)

- FederatingPortletInvoker:
 - ✓ Federates heterogeneous invokers
 - ✓ Routes the invocation to the appropriate invoker
- WSRP is just another modality



Producer implementation

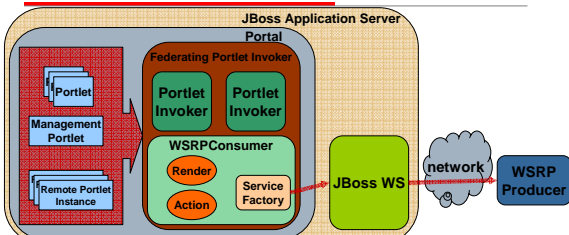


1. Consumer sends WSRP request (via SOAP)
2. JBoss WS dispatches the SOAP message to the WSRP service endpoint: WSRPProducer
3. Producer dispatches the request to the appropriate handler
4. Handler examines the WSRP request, extracts the information and creates a PortletInvocation object that is then processed by a PortletInvoker
5. Invocation result is examined and a WSRP response is created by the handler and propagated back up the chain to the Consumer.

Traditional approach to consumers

- So-called *Proxy Portlet* solution
- Each remote portlet maps to a local portlet acting as a proxy for the remote producer
- Need to deploy/clone a portlet per remotely offered portlet
 - ✓ Burden on portal administrator
 - ✓ Problematic for user customization

JBoss' approach



- WSRPConsumer is a PortletInvoker!
- Consumer is configured to access a specific producer
 - ✓ Instances can be connected to remote portlets just as easily as to regular portlets
- Consumer decides which WSRP request to issue based on the called PortletInvoker method

Benefits

- Easier administration
- True middleware approach
- WSRP is transparent
 - ✓ Local and remote portlets are handled the same way
- Reusability:
 - ✓ Portal can present JSR-168 or WSRP portlets in the same page
 - ✓ Possible to create a PortletInvoker fronting legacy content and expose it via WSRP

WSRP implementation in 2.4

- Producer:
 - ✓ Base level support
 - Service Description and Markup interfaces
- Consumer:
 - ✓ Base level support
 - Service Description and Markup interfaces
 - ✓ Support for standard window states and modes
 - ✓ Support for simple registration (String properties)
 - ✓ Basic caching



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Integration in JBoss Portal

- Runs only in JBoss Portal
- Packaged as portal-wsrp.sar
 - ✓ SOAP endpoints
 - ✓ Producer services and stack
 - ✓ Consumer services and stack
- Consumer configuration via ***-wsrp.xml** files
 - ✓ Provide information on remote producers
 - ✓ As easy as dropping a descriptor in **/deploy**



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Consumer configuration example

- The producer is uniquely referenced as 'someid'
- The producer metadata are considered valid for 2 minutes
- End points can also be configured with the WSDL url

```
<deployments>
<deployment>
<wsrp-producer>
<producer-id>someid</producer-id>
<expiration-cache>120</expiration-cache>
<endpoint-config>
<service-description-url>.</service-description-url>
<markup-url>.</markup-url>
<registration-url>.</registration-url>
<portlet-management-url>.</portlet-management-url>
</endpoint-config>
</wsrp-producer>
</deployment>
</deployments>
```



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Producer configuration example

- **jboss-portal.sar/portal-wsrp.sar** is the service that adds WSRP remoteness
- Publishing a portlet via WSRP is done by defining the portlet as remotable in **jboss-portlet.xml**

```
<portlet-app>
<portlet>
<portlet-name>MyPortlet</portlet-name>
<remotable>true</remotable>
</portlet>
</portlet-app>
```



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WSRP 2.0

- Public draft review just begun
- Customer mediated coordination
 - ✓ Events: interaction is now a three-step protocol (**handleEvents**)
 - ✓ States
- Better portlet management
 - ✓ State migration: import/export, copy
 - ✓ Lifetime management: automatic cleanup of portlet resources
- Parameters passing made more explicit
 - ✓ Provide navigation coordination



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WSRP Roadmap

- WSRP for JBoss Portal 2.6
 - ✓ Portlet management interface
 - ✓ Registration interface
 - ✓ Management GUI
 - ✓ Bonus features
 - Bypass SOAP layer and use JBoss http invoker + JBoss Serialization
 - ✓ Same semantic : remote portlet invocation
 - ✓ Up to 10 time faster !!!
 - Transparent security propagation
- WSRP for JBoss Portal 3.0
 - ✓ WSRP 2.0



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References

- JBoss Portal:
 - ✓ <http://www.jboss.com/products/portal>
- WSRP TC web site:
 - ✓ http://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc_home.php?wg_abbrev=wsrp

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Other relevant sessions

- Portlet 2.0 preview : tomorrow 9am
- Don't miss it!

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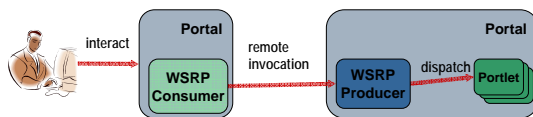


Q & A

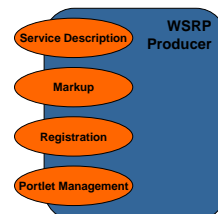
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Service description interface (required)

- Provides producer metadata:
 - ✓ Requires registration?
 - ✓ Requires cookie support?
 - ✓ Custom modes and window states
 - ✓ Supported locales
 - ✓ ...
- Description of offered portlets and properties:
 - ✓ Handle
 - ✓ Supported markup types
 - ✓ Title, description
 - ✓ ...



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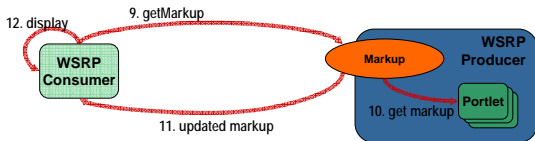
Markup details

- Two-step protocol similar to JSR-168's:
 - ✓ Blocking processing of user interaction and state updating
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- Portlet markup is aggregated by the consumer:
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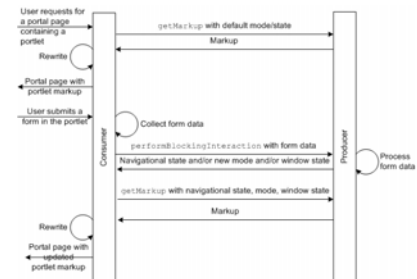
Markup Interface (end)

- Retrieve markup content for a given portlet
- Notify a portlet of user interaction
- Support producer initialization of cookies
- Release session-related resources



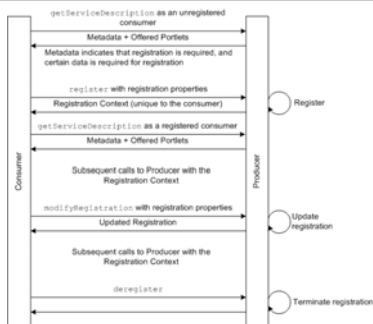
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Typical markup interaction



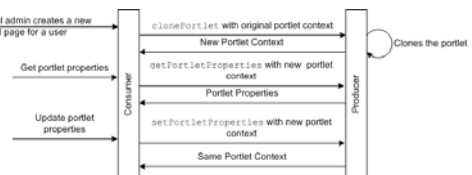
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Typical registration sequence



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Typical portlet cloning interaction



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Proposed roadmap for 2.6 (Sept. '06)

- **Producer:**
 - ✓ Simple level support (full Portlet Management interface support)
 - ✓ Caching support
 - ✓ Clustering support
 - ✓ URL templating support
 - ✓ Persistent local state
 - ✓ Parallel rendering support
- **Consumer:**
 - ✓ Medium level support (full Portlet Management Interface support)
 - ✓ Explicit property setting mechanism with GUI for property management
 - ✓ Parallel rendering support
 - ✓ Localization

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WSRP Profiles

- Conformance levels defined to help organize conformance testing
- Different levels for Producer and Consumer

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Producer conformance levels

- **Base**
 - ✓ Implements only the MUST interfaces
 - ✓ No state (session or persistent); opaque state sent back to Consumer
 - ✓ No cloning
 - ✓ No initialization required
 - ✓ Does not rewrite URLs in markup
 - ✓ Does not require registration
- **Simple**
 - ✓ May request initialization; could store state in cookies
 - ✓ Supports cloning
 - ✓ May require registration (out-of-band).
 - ✓ Session state; creates and sends session handles to the Consumer
- **Complex:**
 - ✓ May rewrite URLs (requires Consumer templates)
 - ✓ May offer both in-band and out-of- band registration
 - ✓ Persistent local state
 - ✓ May support grouping of portlets

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Consumer conformance levels

- **Base**
 - ✓ Implements only the MUST interfaces
 - ✓ VIEW mode, NORMAL window state only
 - ✓ Supplies no user information
 - ✓ Rewrites URLs
 - ✓ Initializes the Producer if required
 - ✓ Handles Producer cookies
 - ✓ Limited markup types (e.g. html)
 - ✓ Does not clone
 - ✓ No in-band registration
- **Simple**
 - ✓ Support for standard modes and window states
 - ✓ Support for in-band registration
 - ✓ Supplies basic user information
 - ✓ Handles implicit clones
- **Medium**
 - ✓ Complex user management
 - ✓ Multiple markup types
 - ✓ Caching according to Producer-supplied cache control
 - ✓ May explicitly clone portlets
 - ✓ May supply URL rewrite templates to Producers supporting URL rewriting
- **Complex**
 - ✓ May support custom window states and/or modes.
 - ✓ Multiple levels of user access
 - ✓ Localization
 - ✓ May use explicit property-setting mechanism; create custom UI for property management.

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