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Red Hat Enterprise MRG Update

Bryan Che
Product Manager, Red Hat
September 2, 2009

presented by



About Red Hat Enterprise MRG

Integrated platform for high performance distributed computing

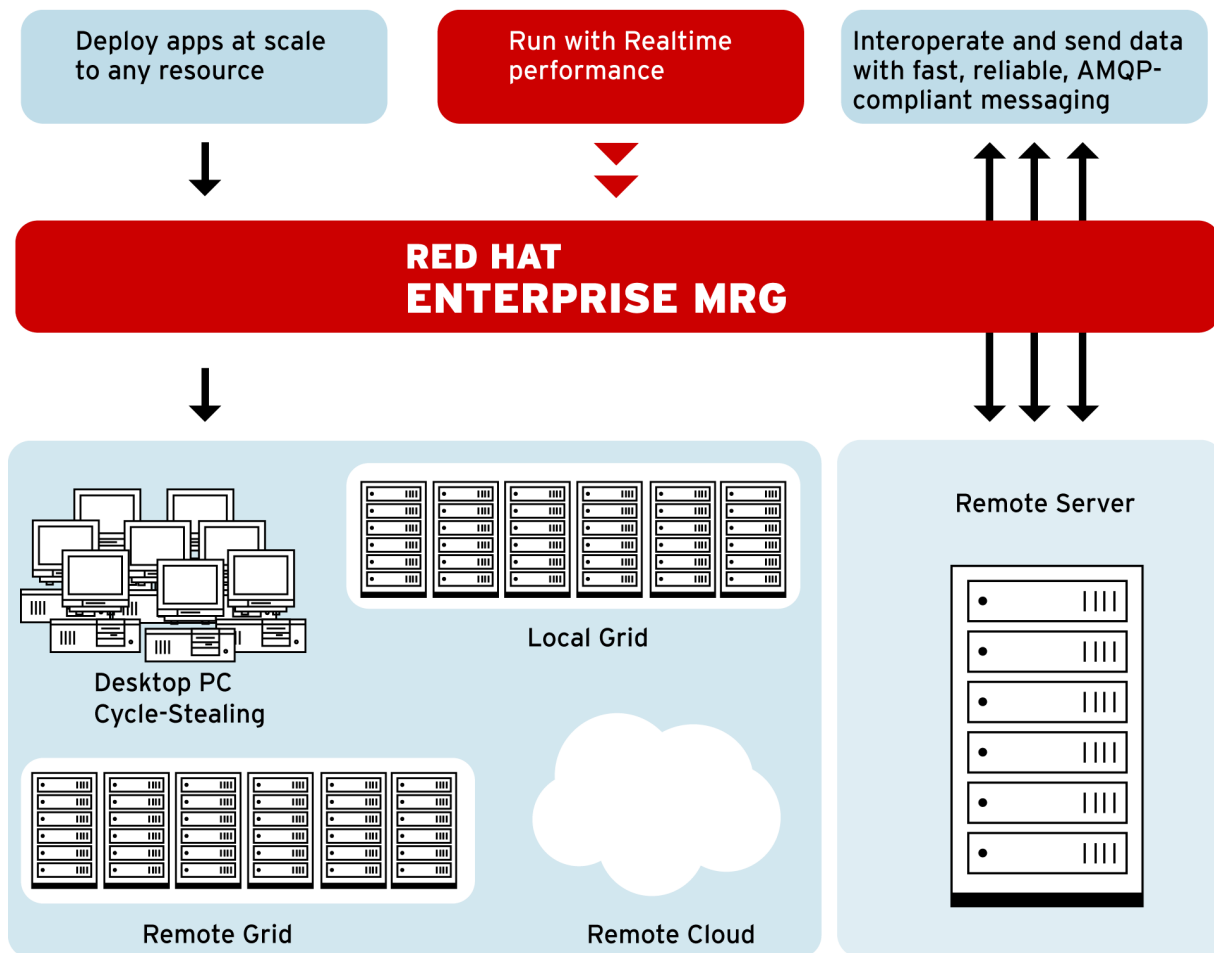
High speed, interoperable, open standard AMQP **Messaging**

Deterministic, low-latency **Realtime** kernel

High performance & throughput computing **Grid** scheduler for distributed workloads and Utility/Cloud computing

MRG 1.0 launched at Red Hat Summit 2008 in Boston

MRG 1.1 released February 2009



MRG Messaging

Enterprise Messaging System that

Implements AMQP (Advanced Message Queuing Protocol), the first open messaging standard

Spans all use cases in one implementation to consolidate architectural silos (fast messaging, reliable messaging, large file transfer, publish/subscribe, eventing, etc)

Uses Linux-specific optimizations to achieve **breakthrough performance** on Red Hat Enterprise Linux and MRG Realtime

Runs on non-Linux platforms without the full performance and quality of service benefits that Red Hat Enterprise Linux provides

Features introduced in MRG 1.1

Infiniband RDMA support for ultra low latency messaging

Active-Standby/Active-Active Broker Clustering

Security: SASL auth, SSL encryption, role-based access control

Native .NET Messaging Client, including WCF

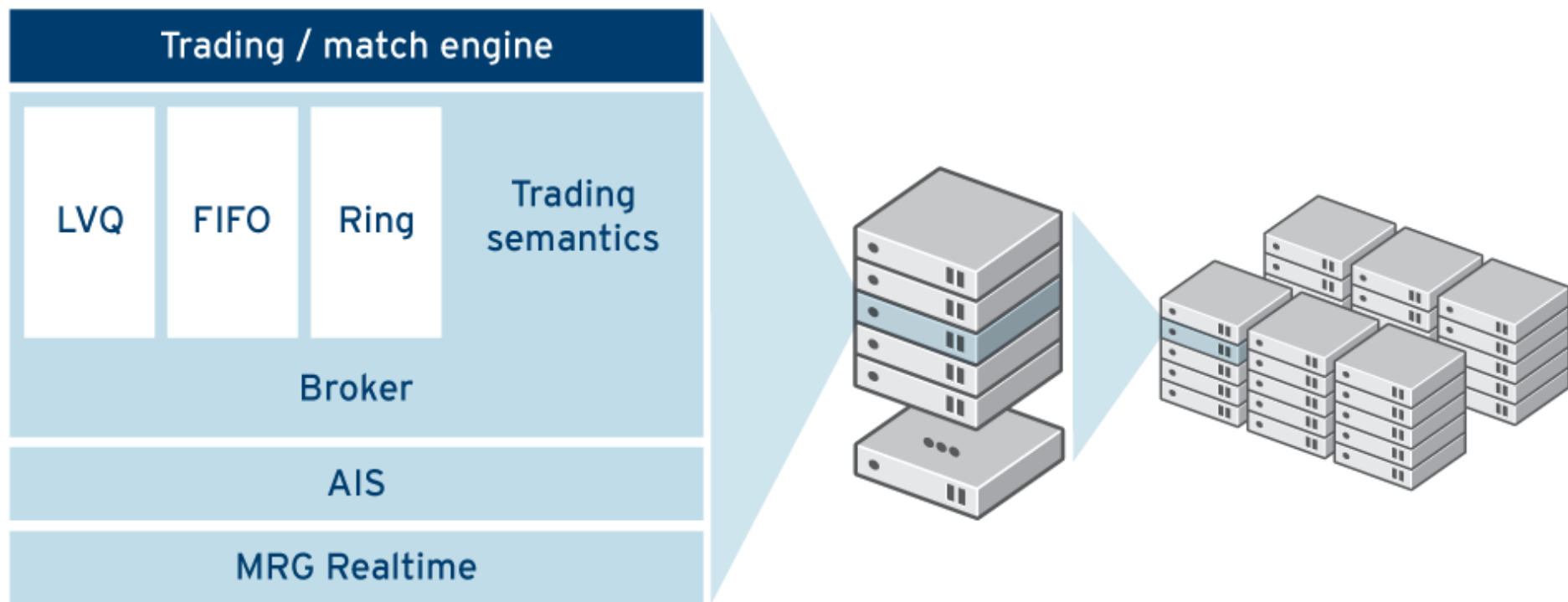
Performance enhancements

Queue Semantics: Ring Queue, Last Value Queue, TTL

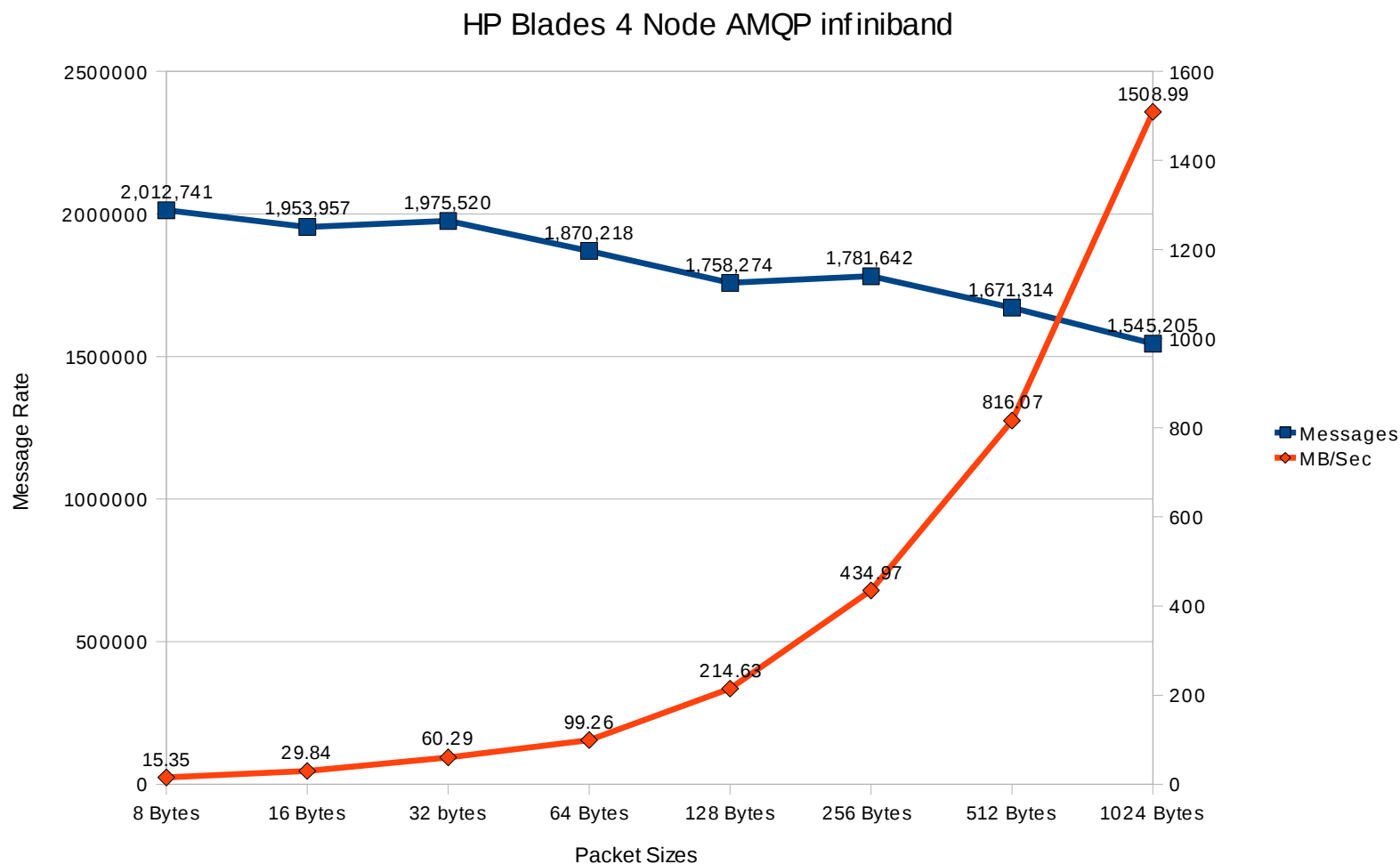
Federation dynamic routes

JMSXUserId support

MRG Messaging Trading System Deployment



MRG Messaging Infiniband Throughput: Over 2 Million Reliable Messages/second



8 systems: 4 load
drivers, 4
compute nodes

HP ProLiant
BL460c G6

Dual Intel(R)
Xeon(R) CPU
X5570 @
2.93GHz

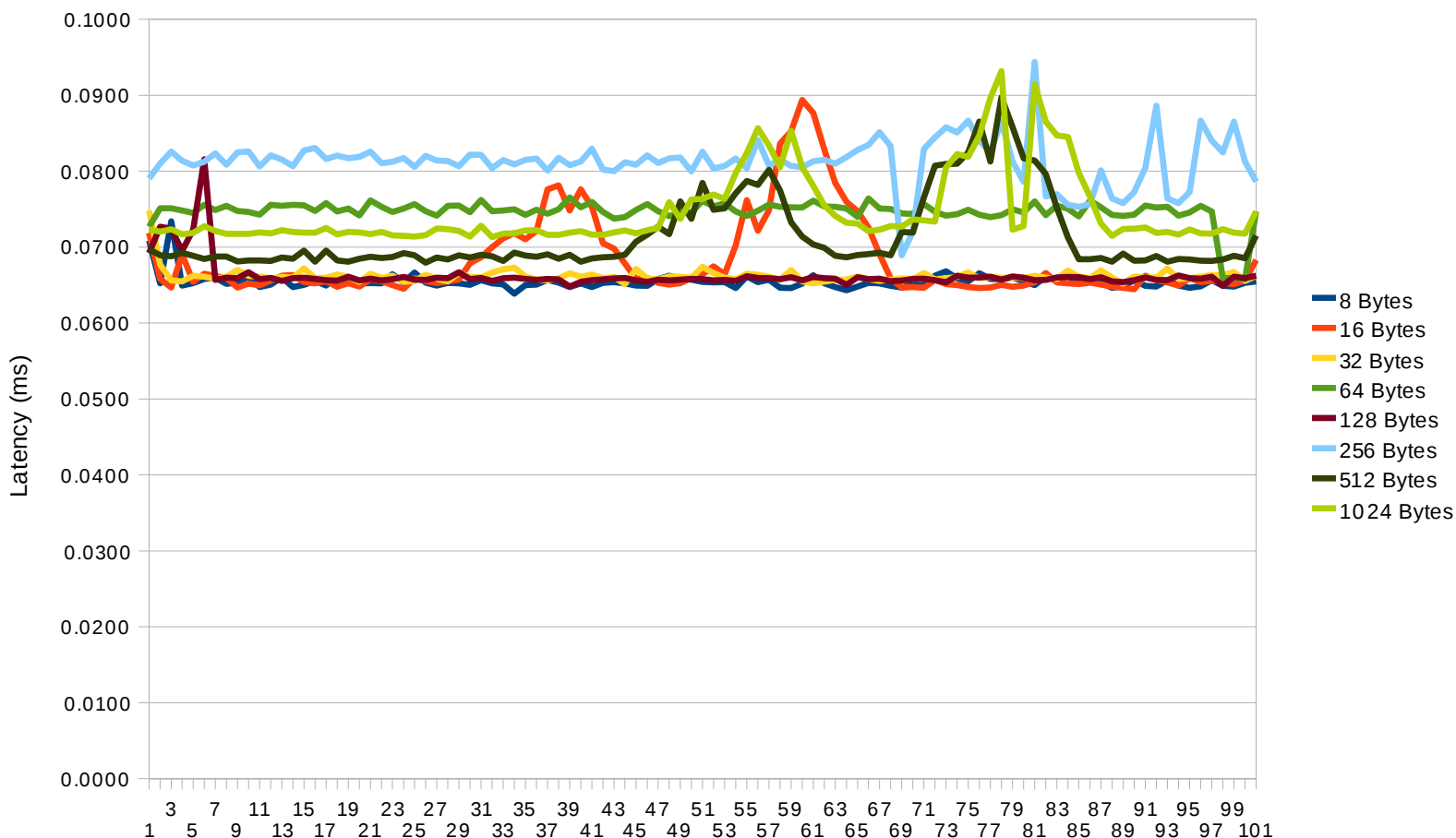
24GB RAM

Infiniband 4X QDR
IB Dual-port
Mezzanine
HCAs(1 port
connected)

BLc 4X QDR IB
Switch

MRG Messaging Infiniband RDMA Latency: Under 65 Microseconds Reliably Acknowledged

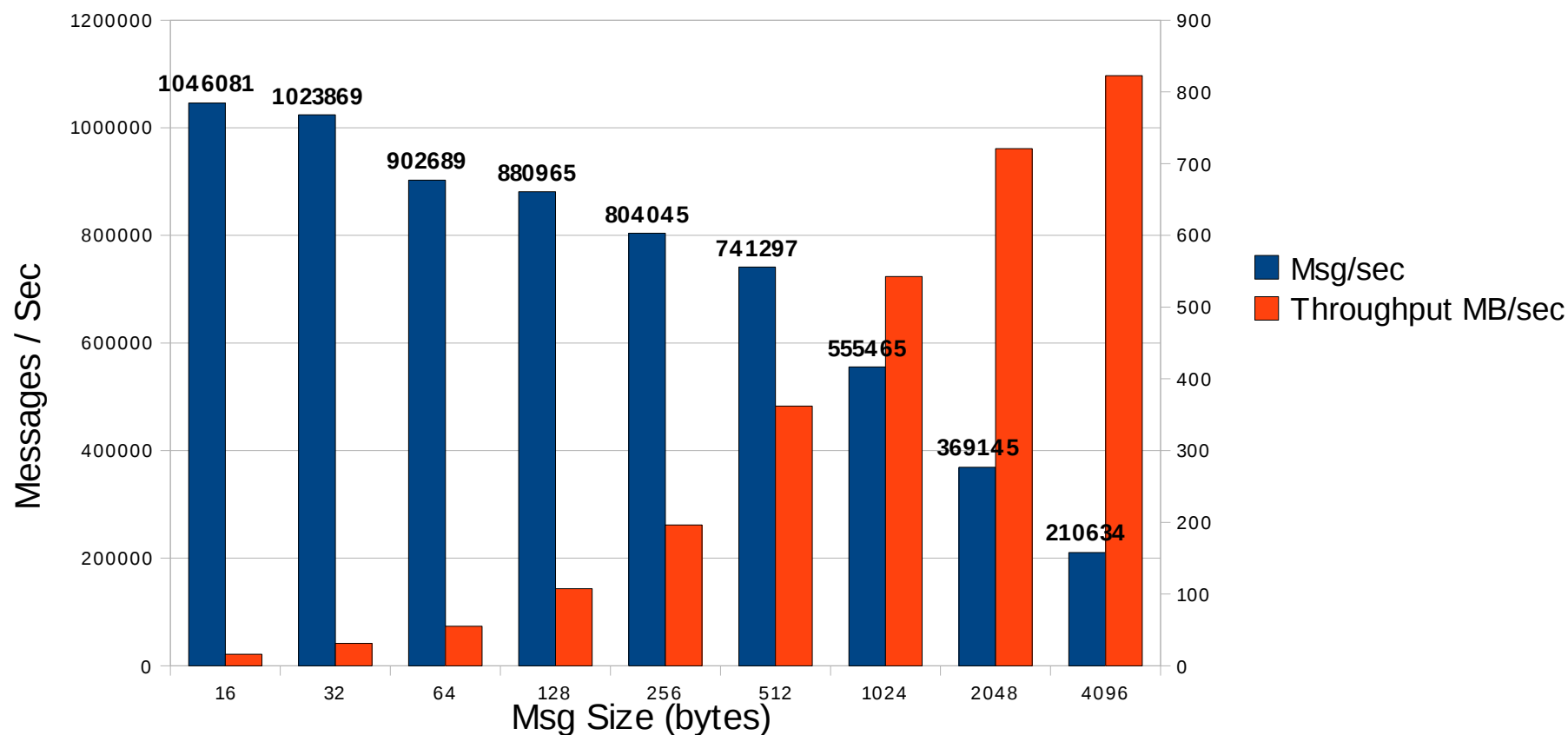
HP Nehalem BL460c Infiniband Latencytest with RDMA



MRG Messaging on KVM Virtualized Performance: Over 1 million Messages/Second Throughput

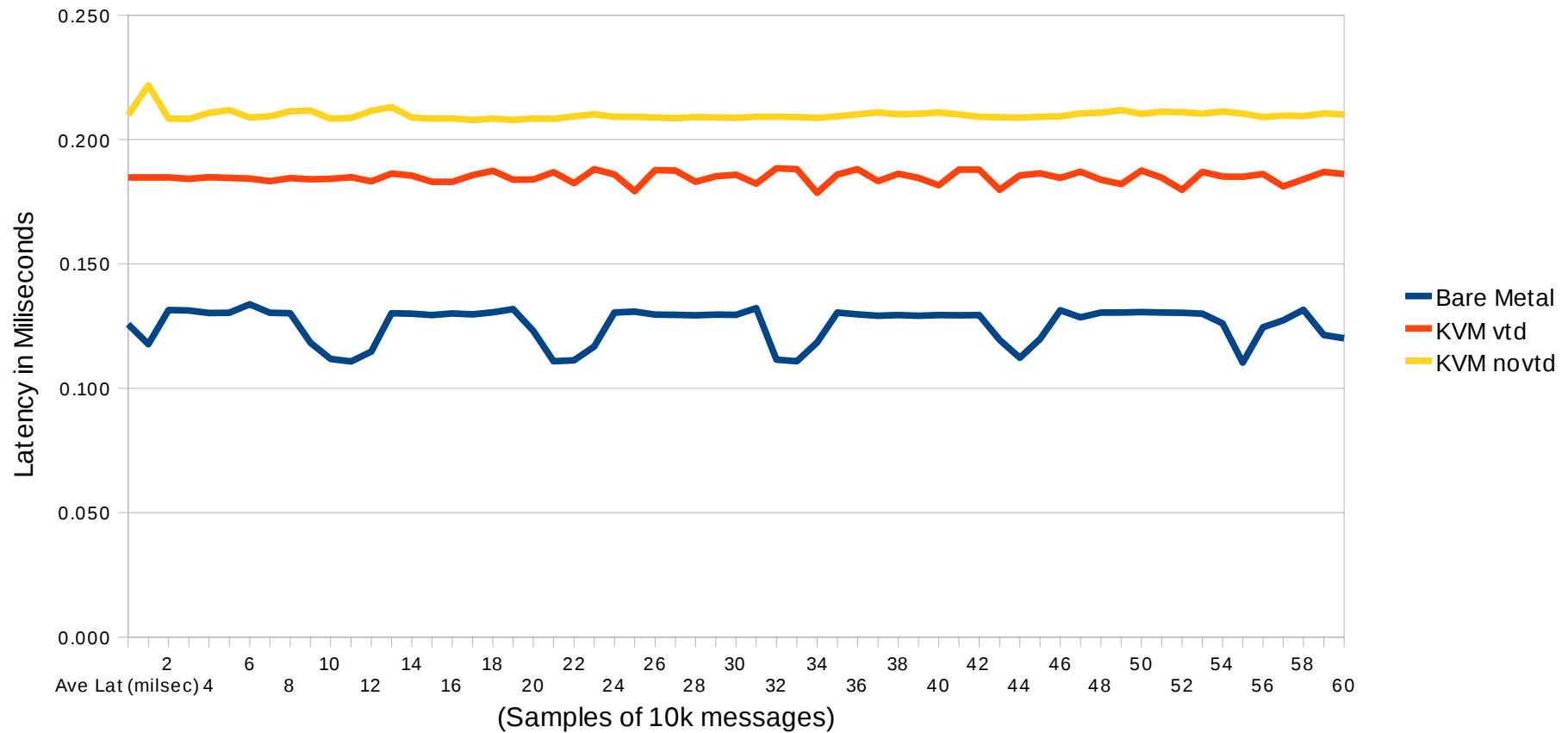
RHEL 5.4 KVM AMQP 2-Guest

Dell Poweredge R710 Intel Nehalem, 2 10Gbit VT-d



MRG Messaging on KVM Virtualized Performance: <200 Microsecond Latency

RHEL5.4 KVM AMQP Messaging Perf
Dell Poweredge R710 Intel Nehalem, 2 10Gbit VT-d



MRG Realtime

Enables applications and transactions to run predictably, with guaranteed response times

Provides microsecond accuracy

Provides competitive advantage & meets SLA's

Travel web site: missed booking

Program trading: missed trades

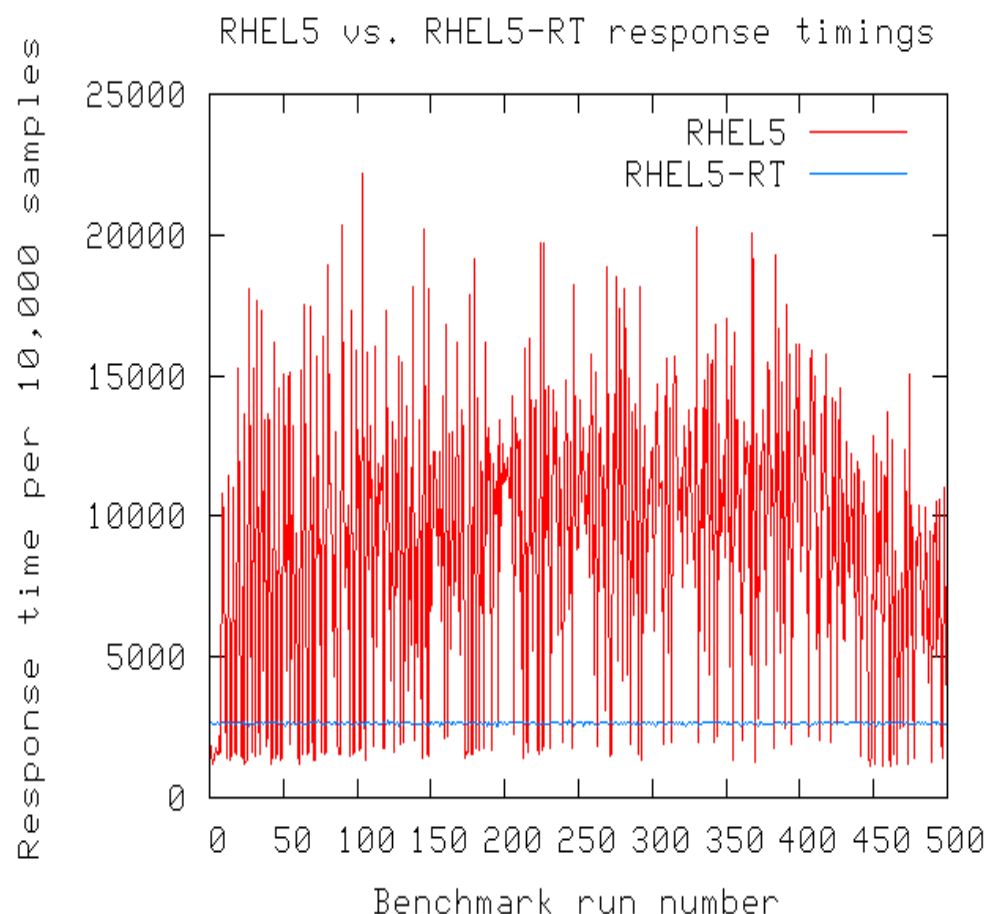
Command & Control: life & death

Upgrades RHEL5 to Realtime OS

Provides replacement kernel for RHEL 5;
x86/x86_64

Preserves RHEL Application
Compatibility

Red Hat Leads Upstream Linux
Realtime Development



MRG Realtime Tools

MRG includes a new tuning tool, TUNA

Dynamically control tuning parameters like process affinity, parent & threads, scheduling policy, device IRQ priorities, etc.

MRG includes a new MRG Realtime Latency Tracer

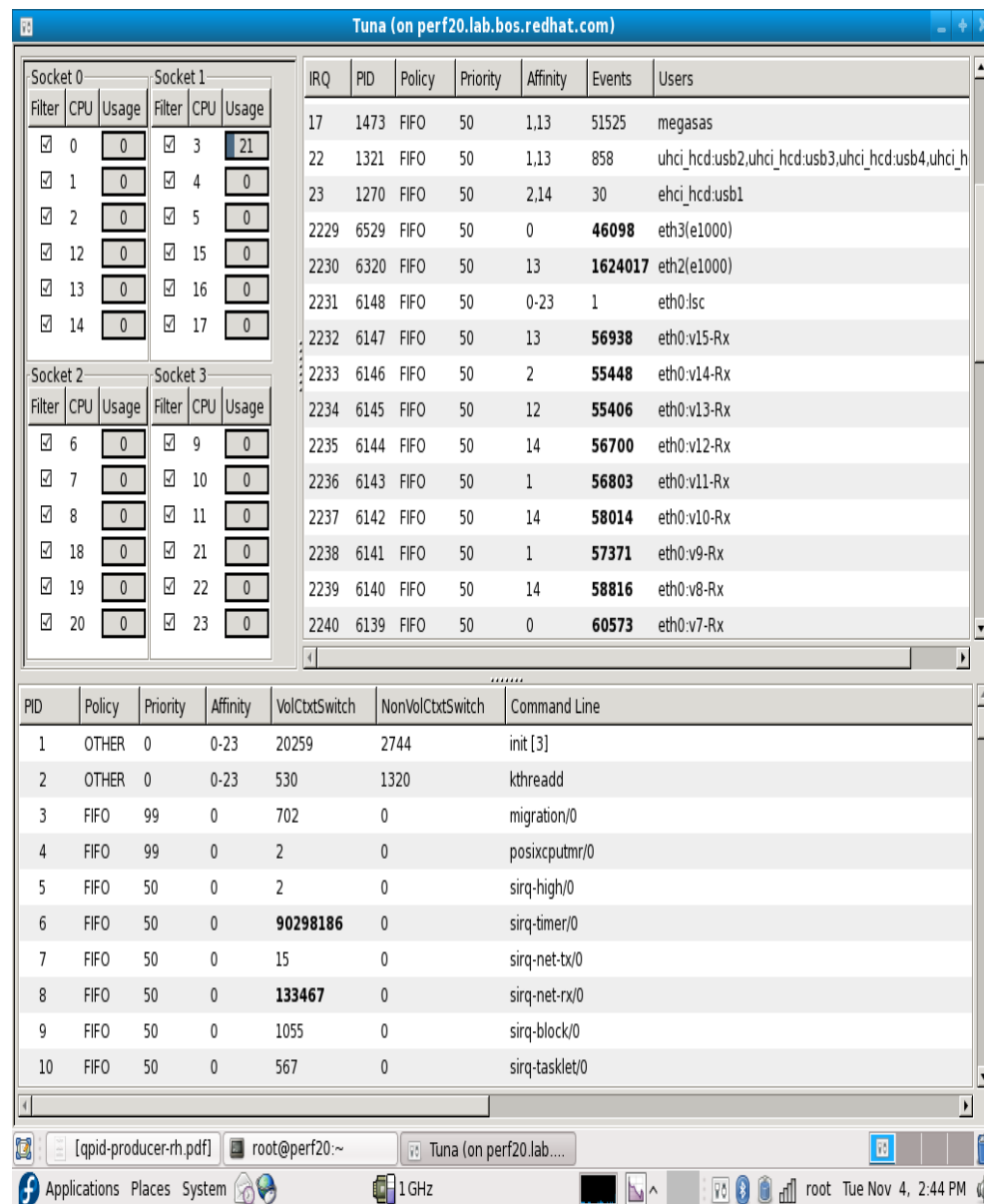
Runtime trace capture of longest latency codepaths – both kernel and application. Peak detector

Selectable triggers for threshold tracing

Detailed kernel profiles based on latency triggers

Existing standard RHEL5 based performance monitoring tools remain relevant

Gdb, OProfile, SystemTap, kprobe, kexec/kdump, etc.



Hardware Matters

Hardware can have a big effect on realtime performance

Hardware drivers may need to be updated to handle threaded interrupts

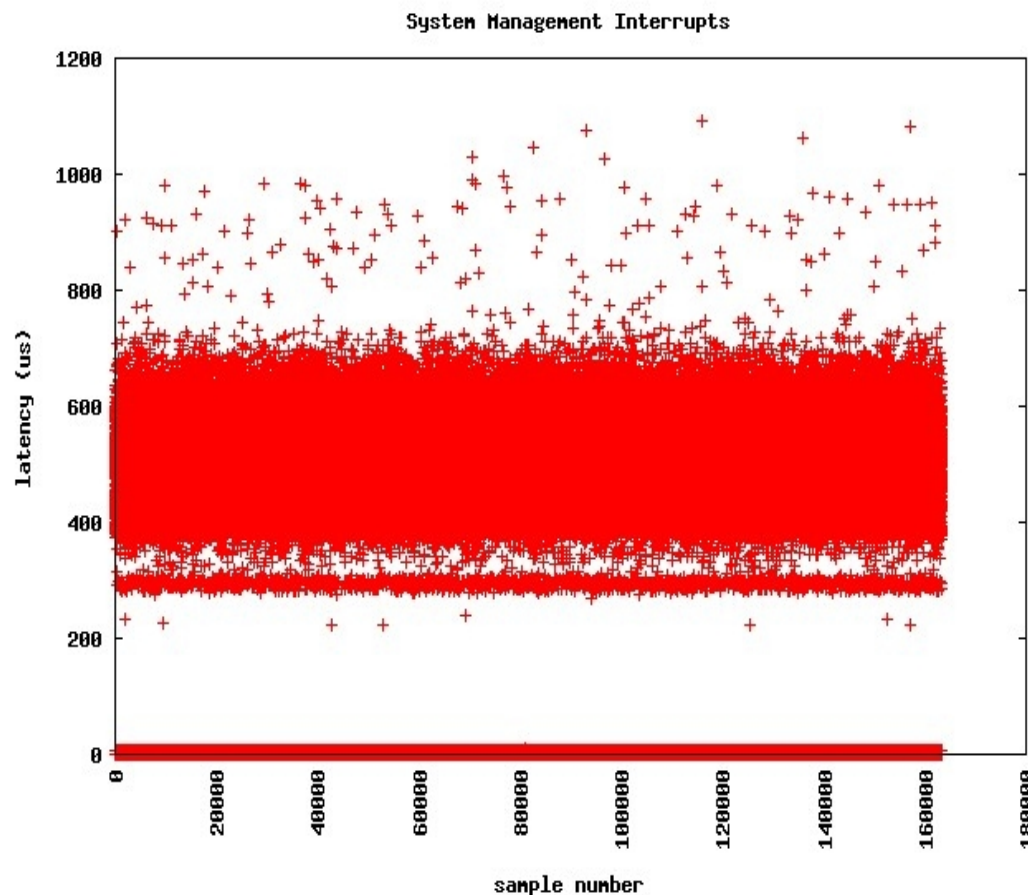
Many system BIOS's include System Management Interrupts (SMIs)

Cause non-deterministic latency *beneath* the operation system by taking CPU cycles for things like power management, administration

SMI latencies *cannot* be resolved by realtime linux—they require the hardware OEM to remove SMIs or make them configurable

Red Hat has worked with OEMs to certify systems for MRG Realtime

<http://www.redhat.com/mrg/hardware/>



MRG Grid

Provides both HPC/HTC and
Utility/Cloud Computing

Brings advantages of scale-out and flexible
deployment to any application or workload

Delivers better asset utilization, allowing
applications to take advantage of all available
computing resources

Handles “Holiday Rushes”

Executes across multiple platforms and in virtual
machines

Provides seamless and flexible
computing across:

Local grids

Remote grids

Remote clouds (Amazon EC2)

Cycle-harvesting from desktop PCs

Fully supported in MRG 1.1

Web-Based Management Console

Unified management across all of
MRG for job, system, license
management, and workload
management/monitoring

Low Latency Scheduling

Sub-second job scheduling via AMQP
Messaging

Virtualization Support

Cloud Integration with Amazon Ec2

Concurrency Limits

limits how much of a certain resource
can be used at once

Dynamic Slots

Mark slots as partitionable

Cloud Computing with MRG Grid

MRG integrates internal clouds, hybrid clouds, and public clouds from one interface

Internal Cloud: Build your own cloud with Red Hat Enterprise Virtualization and Red Hat Enterprise MRG

Hybrid Cloud: Augment your internal cloud with resources from remote grids/clouds, idle resources, virtual machines, bare metal, etc

Public Cloud: Schedule jobs to Amazon EC2 from the same interface as for local clouds

Next Session at 4:30: Building and Leveraging Compute Clouds with Red Hat Enterprise MRG

Cloud Computing with MRG Grid Demo Video



QMF: AMQP Messaging-Based Management

Red Hat Enterprise MRG's entire management/monitoring system is AMQP messaging-based

Asymmetric, Efficient, Scalable, and Secure

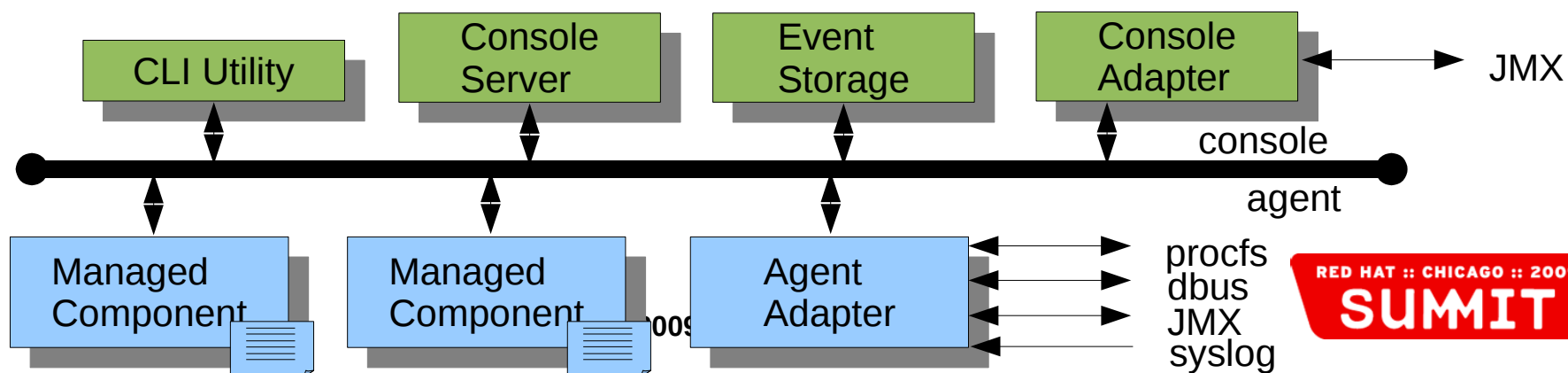
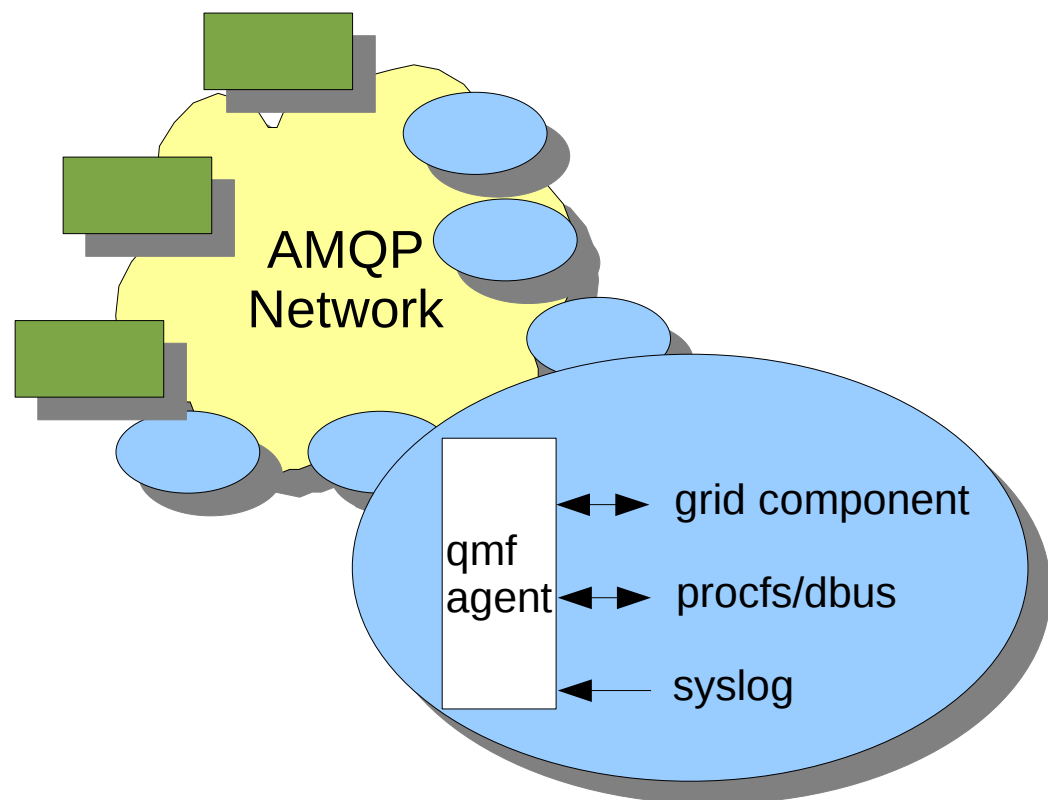
Any messaging client can manage

QMF: AMQP Messaging-Based Management Framework

Agent-defined management model (self-describing)

Objects (properties, statistics, and methods/controls), Events

Ease of development and extensibility



MRG Messaging Roadmap

MRG 1.2 Highlights

Protocol independent API for c++, python
and ruby clients

iwarp support for RDMA

Durable stores will function in clustered
environments

Performance enhancements

Beyond MRG 1.2

AMQP 1.0

Unix Domain Sockets

Enhanced performance

Enhanced tools

**Roadmap Features and Schedules Subject to Change*

MRG Realtime Roadmap

MRG 1.2 Highlights

2.6.31 kernel

Improved Throughput Performance

Rteval realtime evaluation toolkit

New perf tools

New **Performance Counter System**
interface to underlying hardware
registers that track events that
affect performance. e.g. cache
misses, number of context
switches, etc.

Profile at hardware speeds

New **perf** command for interfacing
with the Performance Counter
System. e.g. perf top, perf record,
perf report

Beyond MRG 1.2

Enhanced performance

Continue to track upstream kernel and
merge realtime into the mainline trunk

Enhanced tools

Ftrace user space latency tracing

Enhance rteval to provide qualitative
assessments

Integrate TUNA with Web
management console

Additional hardware support and
certification

**Roadmap Features and Schedules Subject to Change*

MRG Grid Roadmap

MRG 1.2 Highlights

- New User Tools, including GUI Submit
- Updated Admin Tools
- Windows Execute Node Support
- Resource restrictions
- Updated Amazon EC2 Enhanced Support
- Enhanced scalability

Beyond MRG 1.2

- Fine-grained SELinux integration & policies (SELinux Sandbox)
- Configuration for diskless Condor
- Dynamic provisioning preemption support
- Pre-built configurations and job templates
- Integration with RHEV

**Roadmap Features and Schedules Subject to Change*

Additional Information

<http://www.redhat.com/mrg>



Next Session at 4:30:

Building and Leveraging Compute Clouds with Red Hat
Enterprise MRG

QUESTIONS?

**TELL US WHAT YOU THINK:
[REDHAT.COM/SUMMIT-SURVEY](https://redhat.com/summit-survey)**