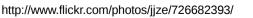




The ideas presented today are not representative of my employer, business success, past jobs and do not offer endorsement to any particular products brands or companies. Heck, a lot of this stuff isn't even my idea to begin with.





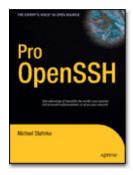




"There are only two hard problems in Computer Science: cache invalidation and naming things."

--Phil Karlton



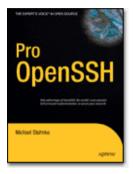


















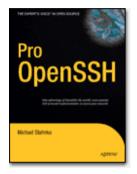












<Insert Large Company Name Here>









Where Am I?

http://stahnma.fedorapeople.org

http://www.stahnkage.com

@stahnma on Twitter

@stahnma on identi.ca

stahnma on github

stahnma@fedoraproject.org

stahnma on Freenode IRC



Where Am I?

If you google *stahnma*, it's probably me.



Baseline

Infrastructure – the collection of all components that make up the non-external facing IT realm. Primarily, in this case, servers connected to storage and network. It can include network/SAN devices in some cases.



What's Coming Up

The Tao of the Agile Infrastructure



What's Coming Up

Inherit Problems with System Administration



What's Coming Up

Some solutions to problems with System Administration



Three Domains

1. Infrastructure Practices



Three Domains

- 1. Infrastructure Practices
- 2. People



Three Domains

- 1. Infrastructure Practices
- 2. People
- 3. Technology Choices



The Problem



System Administration isn't a science



You can't get a degree in System Administration



Heterogeneous Systems



No Clear Job Description



Expectations not Clear



System Admins are @ holes

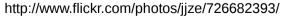


Can't keep up with demand





Admins fight management









Are delivered



Through Ideas



Put together by Good People



Using some awesome technologies



Topic 1

Infrastructure Practices



Why is your infrastructure special?





Steal Ideas





Open your infrastructure



Opening your infrastructure includes your issues



Open your infrastructure and your solutions



Well, what do you mean?



To Have a High Performing Team:

You **must** know

what you manage.





What do you have?

Asset Database

LDAP Directory

Hardware Management Tools

Power Management Tools

Monitoring Tools

Provisioning Tools

Storage Management Tools

Backup Tools

Policy Engines

Patch Tools

Security Scanning Tools

Virtualization Management Tools

Log Management Tools



Common Example:

Asset Database – Who knows?

LDAP Directory – RHDS, 389, SunOne, AD, OpenLDAP

Hardware Management Tools – IBM Director, DRAC

Power Management Tools – APC

Monitoring Tools – Nagios, Tivoli, OpenView

Provisioning Tools – Cobbler, Vmware,

Storage Management Tools – IBM Whatever, Some Custom Stuff

Backup Tools – Netbackup, Tivoli, Networker, Tar, Gzip, Rsync, Cron

Policy Engines – Cfengine, Puppet, Scripts

Patch Tools – RHN, NIM, Custom Repos

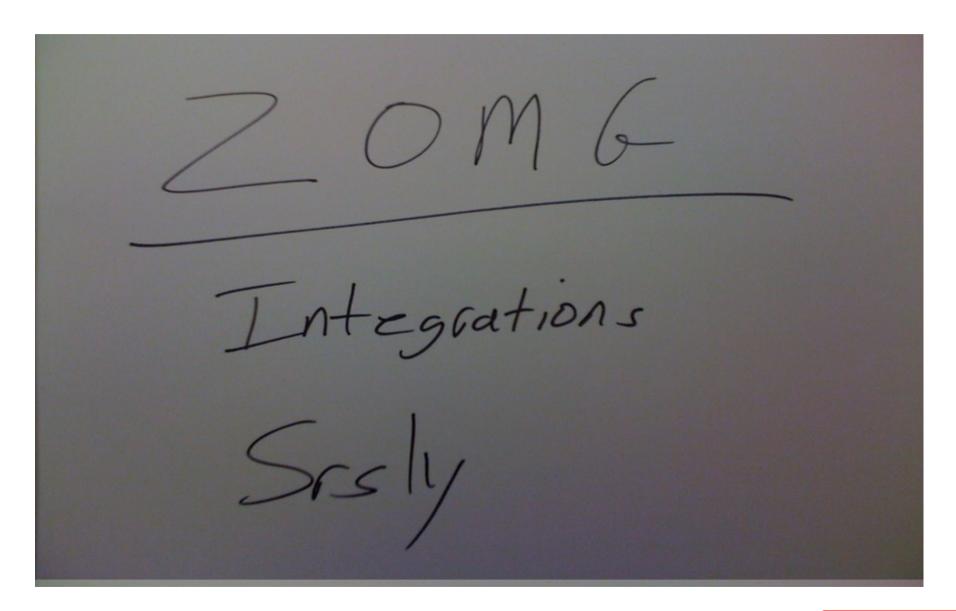
Security Scanning Tools – Lots of stuff

Virtualization Management Tools – vCenter, Virt-Manager, Spacewalk, RHN

Log Management Tools – Syslog Server

DNS - Bind







A. You can cry about it



- A. You can cry about it
- B. You can remove data sources



- A. You can cry about it
- B. You can remove data sources
- C. You can integrate/federate them



- A. You can cry about it
- B. You can remove data sources
- C. You can integrate/federate them
- D. All of the Above



- A. You can cry about it
- B. You can remove data sources
- C. You can integrate/federate them
- D. All of the Above

The correct answers are both B and C; however it is very likely you will encounter A, so the likely answer is, in fact, D.



Infrastructure is Development



The Infrastructure is the Application



Application == Infrastructure



Infrastructure Goals

Deliver results to the business



Infrastructure Goals

Deliver results to the business

Make the infrastructure an investment, not a cost



Solving Problems



Solving Problems

Automation



Solving Problems

Automation

The right mix of people



Solving Problems

Automation

The right mix of people

The right decision processes



Solving Problems

Automation

The right mix of people

The right decision processes

Vision



Solving Problems

Automation

The right mix of people

The right decision processes

Vision

Known State



Where do we start?



Axiom 1

Reuse before building or purchasing



Your Infrastructure isn't a secret



Your Infrastructure isn't the secret sauce



Your Infrastructure isn't differentiating



Your Infrastructure isn't a secret

Everybody has servers, a network, some storage

Somebody has probably solved this problem

Check some common places:

Google

IRC

Sourceforge

Ohloh.net

Amazon book selection

What solutions do you see?



Reuse the code and tools you have



Enable features you are currently not utilizing



Search for a solution built on an open platform



Find other organizations successes on an open infrastructure



Ask why.



Is your problem new?



Is your problem special?



Ok, you can look at building or purchasing...





I have/need a purchased proprietary solution for Problem X



I have/need a purchased proprietary solution for Problem X

So do I, and I'm sorry.







Software/Tool Selection



There a few things to evaluate



There a few things to evaluate

Price



There a few things to evaluate

Price

Performance



There a few things to evaluate

Price

Performance

Functionality



There a few things to evaluate

Price

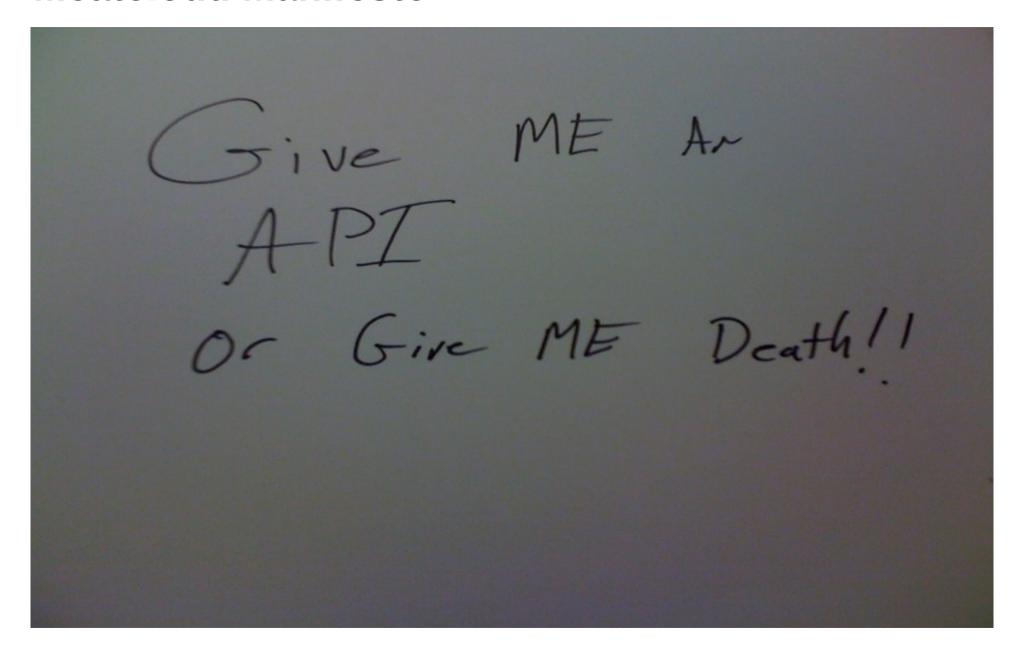
Performance

Functionality

But really....



Meatcloud Manifesto





Cloud Computing is all the rage



Cloud Computing is all the rage

Scaling through people is not



The GUI is for what some user interface designer thought you wanted to do. The CLI is for what you actually need to get done.



The GUI is for what some user interface designer thought you wanted to do. The CLI is for what you actually need to get done.

-- Mike Stahnke



Axiom 2

Don't Leverage the Meatcloud



Choose your technologies wisely



Very wisely



Do not implement any product that does not provide an API.



Do not implement any product that does not provide an API.

The provided API must have all functionality that the application provides.



Do not implement any product that does not provide an API.

The provided API must have all functionality that the application provides.

The provided API must be tailored to more than one language and platform.



Do not implement any product that does not provide an API.

The provided API must have all functionality that the application provides.

The provided API must be tailored to more than one language and platform.

Source code counts as an API, and may be restricted to one language or platform.



Do not implement any product that does not provide an API.

The provided API must have all functionality that the application provides.

The provided API must be tailored to more than one language and platform.

Source code counts as an API, and may be restricted to one language or platform.

The API must include functional examples and not require someone to be an expert on the product to use.



Do not use any product with configurations that are not machine parseable and machine writable



Do not use any product with configurations that are not machine parseable and machine writable

All data stored in the product must be machine readable and writable by applications other than the product itself.



Do not use any product with configurations that are not machine parseable and machine writable

All data stored in the product must be machine readable and writable by applications other than the product itself.

Writing work-arounds to cover the deficiencies in a product should be less work than writing the product's designed functionality.



But I don't have automation specialists

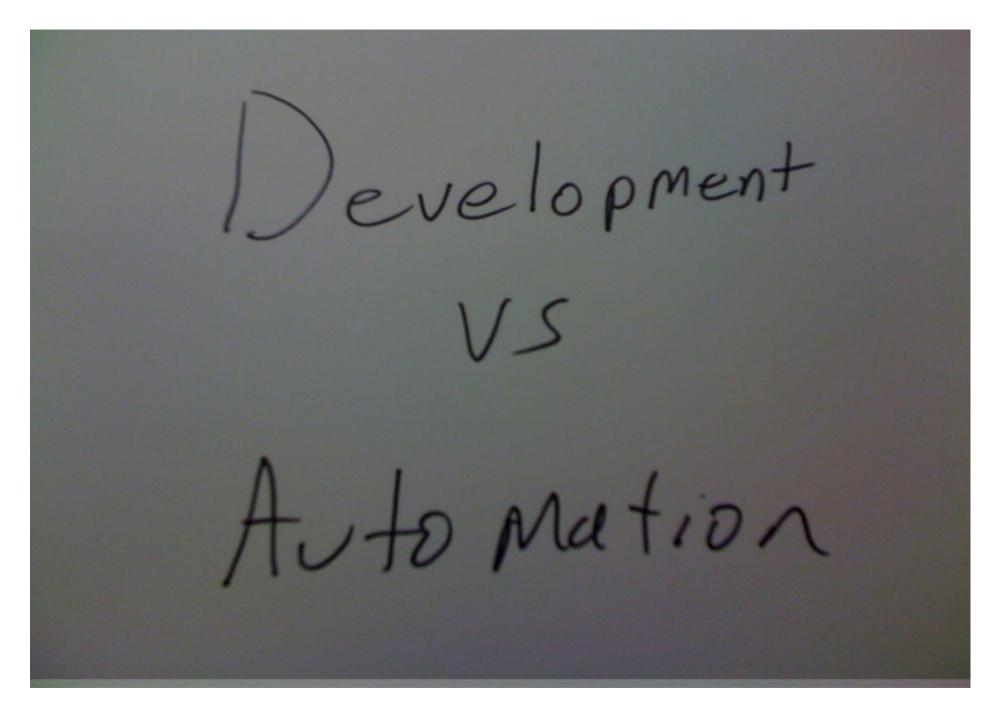


That's a problem.



Do you have developers?







What's the difference between development and automation?



Process?



Requirements Gathering?



Cost?



Testing?



Egos?



Funky Lava Lamps?



Design Patterns?



Code portability?



What's the difference between development and automation?



Developers write code for use by somebody else







System Admins write code for use by themselves, and hopefully somebody else







People make the Infrastructure Agile



Attract Talent



Retain Talent



Hire rock stars



Treat them like rock stars



Observe their organizational behavior



"...organizations which design systems ... are constrained to produce designs which are copies of the communication structures of these organizations."

-- Conway's Law (1968)



Test their knowledge



Hiring Questions



You want rock stars remember?



Describe your home network setup.



What cool technology projects didn't make your resume?



Do you know what version control is?



Do you know what version control is?

Are you beyond CVS?



Security or Availability?



Apt or Yum?



Provide three uses for a towel.



Pirates or Ninjas?



Icanhascheezburger or ihasahotdog?



Two Types of People

Breadth vs Depth



Breadth

Systems Automation People.



Breadth

Systems Automation People.

Big Picture thinkers.



Breadth

Systems Automation People.

Big Picture thinkers.

Visionaries.



Breadth

Systems Automation People.

Big Picture thinkers.

Visionaries.

Holistic View.



Depth

Solve the problem for this exact situation.



Depth

Solve the problem for this exact situation.

Tune like it's going out of style.



Depth

Solve the problem for this exact situation.

Tune like it's going out of style.

Maximum ROI.



Depth

Solve the problem for this exact situation.

Tune like it's going out of style.

Maximum ROI.

Deep understanding of the technology.



Turns out, you need both.



Specialist vs Generalist



Specialist vs Generalist.^H^H^H^...not so much.



How many people is the right amount?











Gartner Says:



Gartner Says: "Yes"



There is one rule for Server/Admin Ratio:







Axiom 2

Don't Leverage the Meatcloud



We've Covered Technology Selection



We've Covered People Decisions



Let's cover Community



Axiom 3

Decouple your Infrastructure.



Code for the generic case



Stop reinventing the wheel, srsly.



Can you implement an Open Strategy to solve this issue?



If you have to solve it yourself, can it be Open for others?



Have an Open Infrastructure





Driving on hexagonal wheels isn't fun







Diving on hexagonal wheels isn't fun

Ask this guy.





Driving on hexagonal wheels isn't fun Quit reinventing the wheel...poorly



Steal it all

Practical Examples of Open Infrastructure



Steal it all



Practical Examples

The Fedora Infrastructure Project

https://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Infrastructure



Steal it all

Practical Examples

The Community Services Infrastructure Standards

http://infrastructure.fedoraproject.org/csi/free-software-policy/en-US/html-single/

https://fedorahosted.org/csi/



Commonly accepted solutions to problem







Commonly accepted solutions to problem

Portability of solutions







Commonly accepted solutions to problem

Portability of solutions

Ability to hire knowledgeable individuals







Commonly accepted solutions to problem

Portability of solutions

Ability to hire knowledgeable individuals

Able to retain rock stars







Commonly accepted solutions to problem

Portability of solutions

Ability to hire knowledgeable individuals

Able to retain rock stars

Community built around tools and support



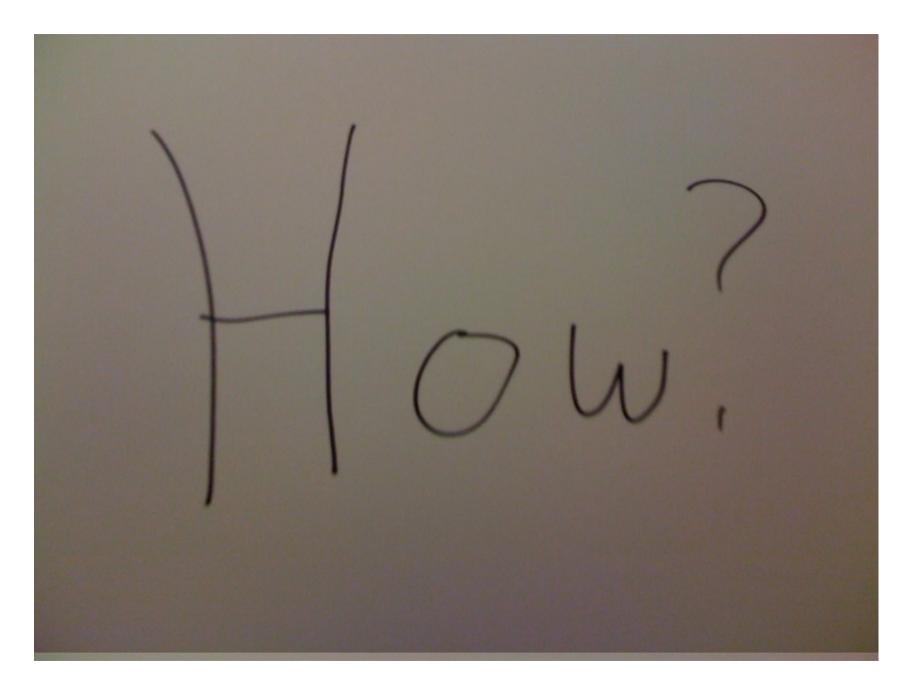




3 Axioms

- 1. Reuse before building or purchasing
- 2. Don't leverage the meatcloud
- 3. Decouple your infrastructure







Your Time is Valuable



Waste less of it



Your team's time is valuable



Manage it



Your Time is Valuable

Identify tasks on which the team spends the most time.

Commonly

(Growth) Deployment

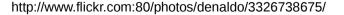
Account Management

Ad-Hoc File Transfer type activity

Patches









Time Evaluation

Evaluate your team's time spent on "**Displacement Activities**"

Fund Raising

Parties/Showers

Volunteer Stuff

Charity

This is normally done because the person can't actually meet the requirements of \$DAYJOB

See Also: People



Pick a Task

Focus on one thing
Focus on one thing only
Seriously, this will help

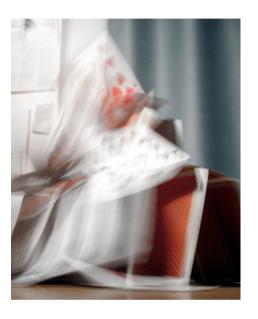


You're ready to automate.

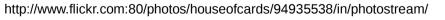


OK, maybe you're not ready to automate.





Don't automate bad process.







You get bad results.....faster.



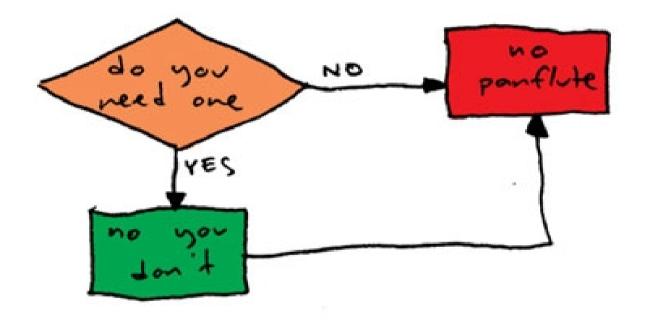
Bad processes deliver bad results.



You don't need a panflute.



PANFLUTE FLOWCHART





It starts with requirements



Pick a Task

Let's start with system Deployment

You have some great options for tools

Do you need a tool?

Do you need it automated?



Pick a Task

Let's start with system Deployment

You have some great options for tools

Do you need a tool?

Do you need it automated?

Do you need a pan-flute?



Who consumes the process?



What are the outputs?



What are the inputs?



What's unknown?



What's that rare case that you should just leave out?



What's the gotcha you didn't put in because it was hard?



Gather Requirements

Ask your process consumers about their needs



Gather Requirements

Ask them to think about outputs, not the process



Gather Requirements

How do they provide the information?



Formal Specification Document?



Formal Specification Document? Awesome.



Formal Specification Document?

Awesome.

I doubt it



Hundreds of tickets, IM conversations, phone calls, hallway conversations and just plain old complaining?



Hundreds of tickets, IM conversations, phone calls, hallway conversations and just plain old complaining? Yeah, I thought so.



Let's Get Agile.



Let's Get Agile. Development is agile.



Let's Get Agile. Development Infrastructure is agile.



Stories



Use Cases



Test Cases



Stores, Use Cases, Test Case --> Track them



Use a tracker,



Use a tracker, use a wiki,

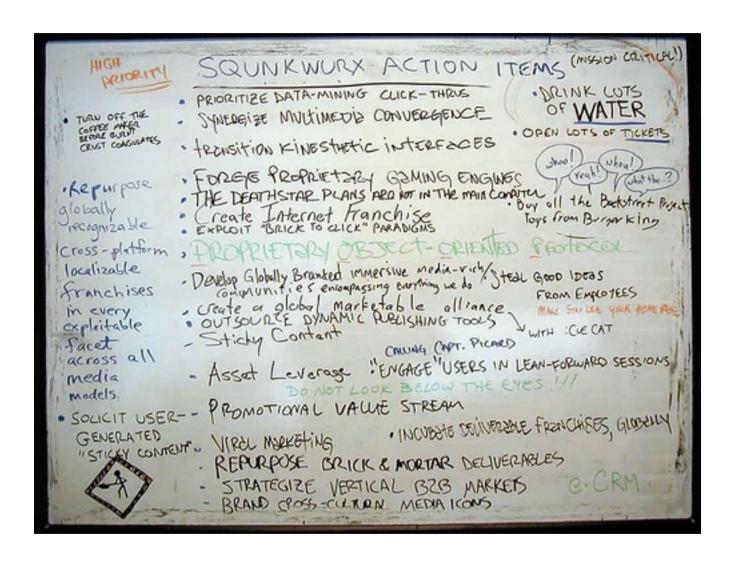


Use a tracker, use a wiki, use a notebook,



Use a tracker, use a wiki, use a notebook, a whiteboard

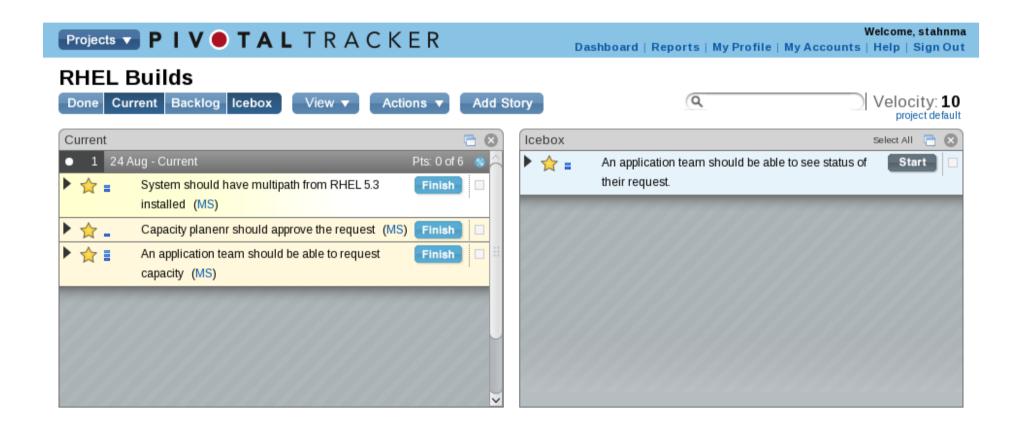




http://www.flickr.com/photos/usonian/106005435/







http://pivotaltracker.com



Example Case

Application team needs an instance

2 CPUs

4 GB RAM

100G Disk Space

RHEL 5







Requirements Story:

An application team should be able to request capacity.



Requirements Story:

An application team should be able to request capacity.

An application team should be able to see the status of their requests.



Requirements Story:

An application team should be able to request capacity.

An application team should be able to see the status of their requests.

A capacity planner should approve the request



Requirements Story:

An application team should be able to request capacity.

An application team should be able to see the status of their requests.

A capacity planner should approve the request

A system should have multipath from RHEL 5.3 installed



Requirements Story:

An application team should be able to request capacity.

An application team should be able to see the status of their requests.

A capacity planner should approve the request

A system should have multipath from RHEL 5.3 installed

A physical system should have a bonded network connection



Review Stories



Look for common abstractions and workflows



Abstract the process as an interface.



Review the process



Track issues.



Do not automate JUNK



Break work into small units



Don't be afraid to say 'good enough for version 1'



Don't be afraid to say 'good enough for version 1' Limit Scope.



Progress over Perfection



A good enough system today is better than a perfect one that hasn't been invented.



You will iterate again.

You will iterate again.



What points of your process require measurement?



Can that be automated?



Can you test for it?



Design Your Tests

Am I testing directly against my stories? (requirements)



Design Your Tests

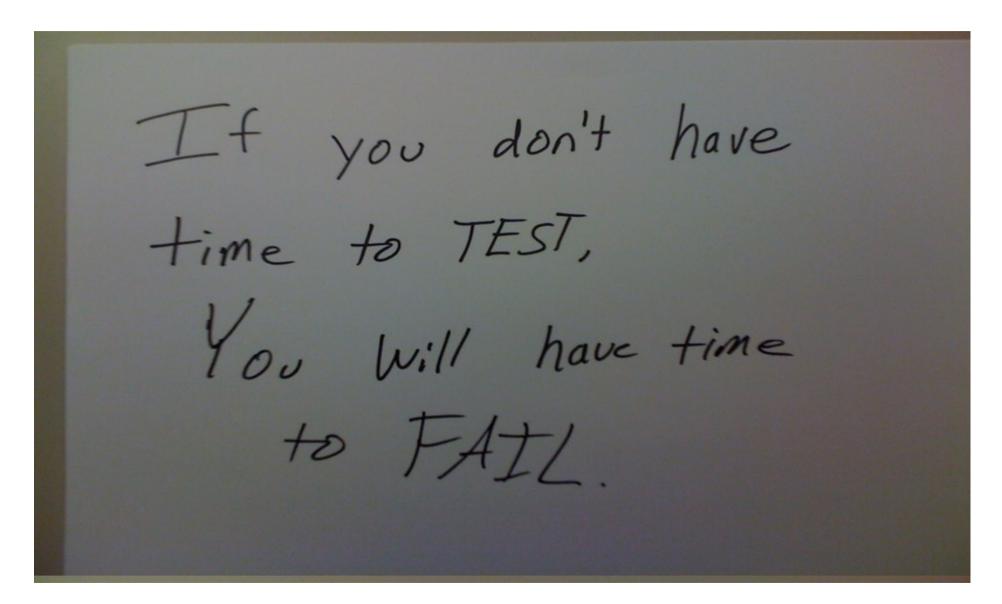
Does it have the right version of Multipath?



Design Your Tests

Is the network connection bonded?







Provides quality measurements



Provides metrics for reporting.



Your management team will love it



You will have facts.



You will have facts. Your team will love it.



Specifications for Testing

Write Simple Tests



Specifications for Testing

Unit Test your Configuration



Specifications for Testing

Watch it FAIL.



Watch it FAIL. Good tests FAIL often.





http://www.flickr.com/photos/fireflythegreat/2845637227/





Write a policy/method/procedure/function to fix it



Watch it PASS



Store Results.



Network configuration should be bonded.



Network configuration should be bonded.

Can I script this?



Network configuration should be bonded.

Can I script this?

Given enough Time and Money, it's all scriptable.



Network configuration should be bonded.

Can I script this?

Given enough Time and Money, it's all scriptable.

Can I store the results?



Network configuration should be bonded.

Can I script this?

Given enough Time and Money, it's all scriptable.

Can I store the results?

Yes



Network configuration should be bonded.

Can I script this?

Given enough Time and Money, it's all scriptable.

Can I store the results?

Yes

How Often should I test this?



```
#!/bin/bash
. config_vars.sh
rc=0
# First, if we a VM exit all good
if ( lspci | grep -i vmware &> /dev/null ); then
  rc=0
else
  if (! ifconfig -a | grep -i bond0 &> /dev/null); then
    echo "FAIL: Network interfaces not bonded."
    rc=1
  fi
fi
exit $rc
```



Site Specific Data

```
#!/bin/bash
. config_vars.sh
rc=0
# First, if we a VM exit all good
if ( lspci | grep -i vmware &> /dev/null ); then
  rc=0
else
  if (! ifconfig -a | grep -i bond0 &> /dev/null); then
    echo "FAIL: Network interfaces not bonded."
    rc=1
  fi
fi
exit $rc
```



Site Specific Data

```
#!/bin/bash
. config_vars.sh
rc=C
# First, if we a VM exit all good
if ( lspci | grep -i vmware &> /dev/null ); then
                                                             Decoupled
  rc=0
                                                             Logic
else
  if (! ifconfig -a | grep -i bond0 &> /dev/null); then
    echo "FAIL: Network interfaces not bonded."
    rc=1
  fi
fi
exit $rc
```



I have results, where do I put them?



Pick One





Example Storage

Ruby using RHN API

```
# Login to RHN
begin
    session_key = XMLRPC::Client.new2(url).call("auth.login", username, password)
rescue XMLRPC::FaultException
    puts "\nUnable to login to RHN. Is your username and password correct?"
    exit(1)
end

begin
    XMLRPC::Client.new2(url).call("system.addNote", session_key, system_id, subject, message )
rescue XMLRPC::FaultException
    puts "\nError: Unable to insert a new note. "
    exit(1)
else
    print "RHN updated with results"
```





Run through the process a couple times manually



Think about re-use

Inventory Queries

Asking for/updating configuration info

Authentication Modules



Are existing tools close to what you need?



Can you reuse existing code?



Test Again

After implementation, test again.



Test Again

After implementation, test again. It's automated right?



Test Again

After implementation, test again.

It's automated right?

So it's quick and painless.



Maintain state of your process



Maintain state of your components



If the version of package X changes, and you have a policy for package X, report.



If the version of package X changes, and you have a policy for package X, report^H^H^H^H fix it.



If don't have a network bond, report it or fix it.



Most fun step



Deployment Example

Host is RHEL 5.3

Host has the correct Version of Multipath

Host should have 4 GB RAM

Host should have 2 CPUs

Host must have a network bond if it's physica



Offers most improvement



Customers offer ideas



Other admins complain (offer ideas)



Iterate



Lather, rinse, repeat.



CI

You need CI.



CI is used in the best development shops in the world



Run upon commits



You are using a VCS right?



You are using a VCS right?

Please



Track Failures



Any new bugs, require Tests



Automate Builds

Self-test the Build

Commit early, commit often

Have a test environment

Report Progress for everybody (laconica?)

Automate Deployment – (usage packages)



Can you have a 'release' of infrastructure?

Yes

Plan change-sets

Plan your work-life balance

Work with setting expectations for consumers of your infrastructure

Work on hot/rolling releases

Communicate like a politician, except tell the truth



Some common areas for improvement

A few things to avoid when crafting solutions.



Meatcloud





Automation of Junk



Talking about IT rather than doing IT



Thinking there is one solution



UberTools – Silver Bullets



New Hotness



NIH Syndrome



Axiom 1

Reuse before building or purchasing



Axiom 2

Don't Leverage the Meatcloud



Axiom 3

Decouple your Infrastructure.

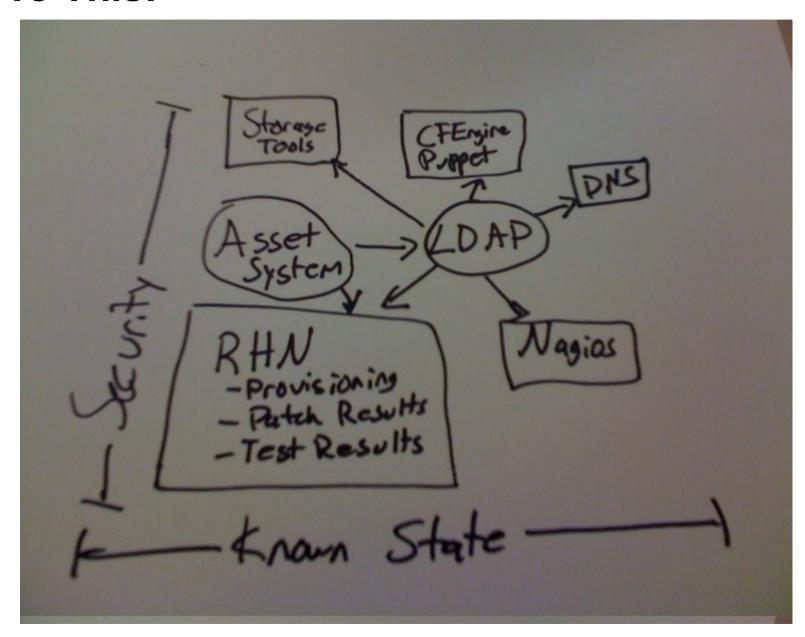


Go From This:

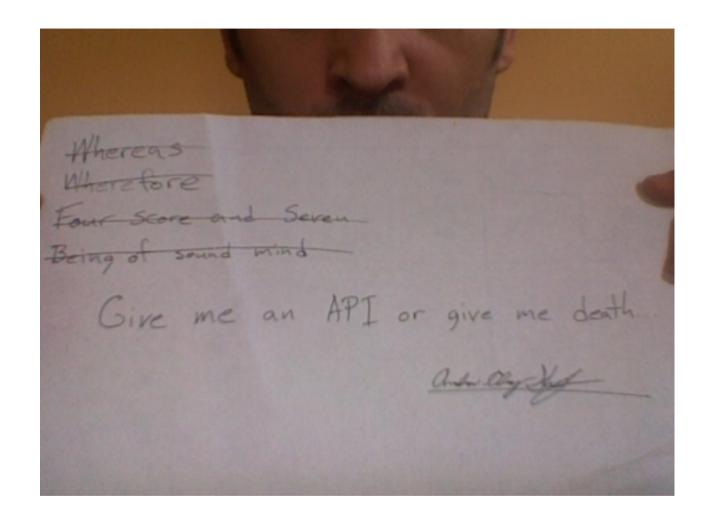




To This:













Sources

http://stochasticresonance.wordpress.com/2009/04/01/meahttp://www.boingboing.net/2007/08/22/panflute-flowchart.hthtp://gilesbowkett.blogspot.com/2007_05_01_archive.htmhttp://www.verber.com/mark/sysadm/how-many-admins.htm



Suggested Reading

http://meetronome.com

http://gist.github.com/161265

https://fedoraproject.org/wiki/Infrastructure

https://fedorahosted.org/csi/

Ship It – Pragmatic Press

Automating Unix and Linux Administration – Apress

Pro Unix Administration – Apress

Pulling Strings with Puppet - Apress

Release IT – Pragmatic Press



More Reading

http://groups.google.com/group/agile-system-administratio

http://www.melconway.com/research/committees.html

http://status.net/?source=laconica

http://reductivelabs.com/trac/puppet/

https://fedorahosted.org/cobbler/

http://www.mockobjects.com/book/



Infrastructure is Development

