

Battle of the Giants

Apache Solr 4.0 vs Elasticsearch

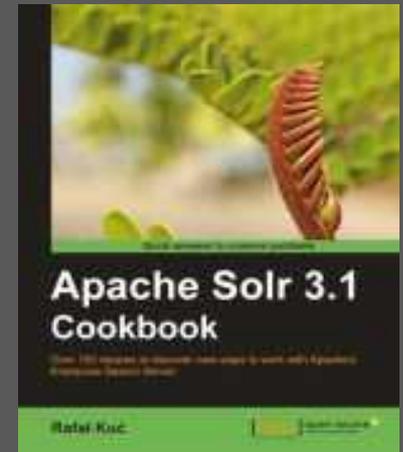
0.20

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Who Am I

- „Solr 3.1 Cookbook” author (4.0 inc)
- Sematext consultant & engineer
- Solr.pl co-founder
- Father and husband 😊



What Will I Talk About ?



elasticsearch.

VS



Under the Hood

- ElasticSearch 0.20
 - Apache Lucene 3.6.1
- Apache Solr 4.0
 - Apache Lucene 4.0

Architecture

- What we expect
 - Scalability
 - Fault toleranance
 - High availability
 - Features
- What we are also looking for
 - Manageability
 - Installation ease

ElasticSearch Cluster Architecture

- Distributed
- Fault tolerant
- Only ElasticSearch nodes
- Single leader
- Automatic leader election

SolrCloud Cluster Architecture

- Distributed
- Fault tolerant
- Apache Solr + ZooKeeper ensemble
- Leader per shard
- Automatic leader election

Collection vs Index

- Collection – Solr main logical index
- Index – Elasticsearch main logic structure
- Collections and Indices can be spread among different nodes in the cluster

Multiple Document Types in Index

- Elasticsearch - multiple document types in a single index
- Apache Solr - multiple document types in a single collection – shared schema.xml

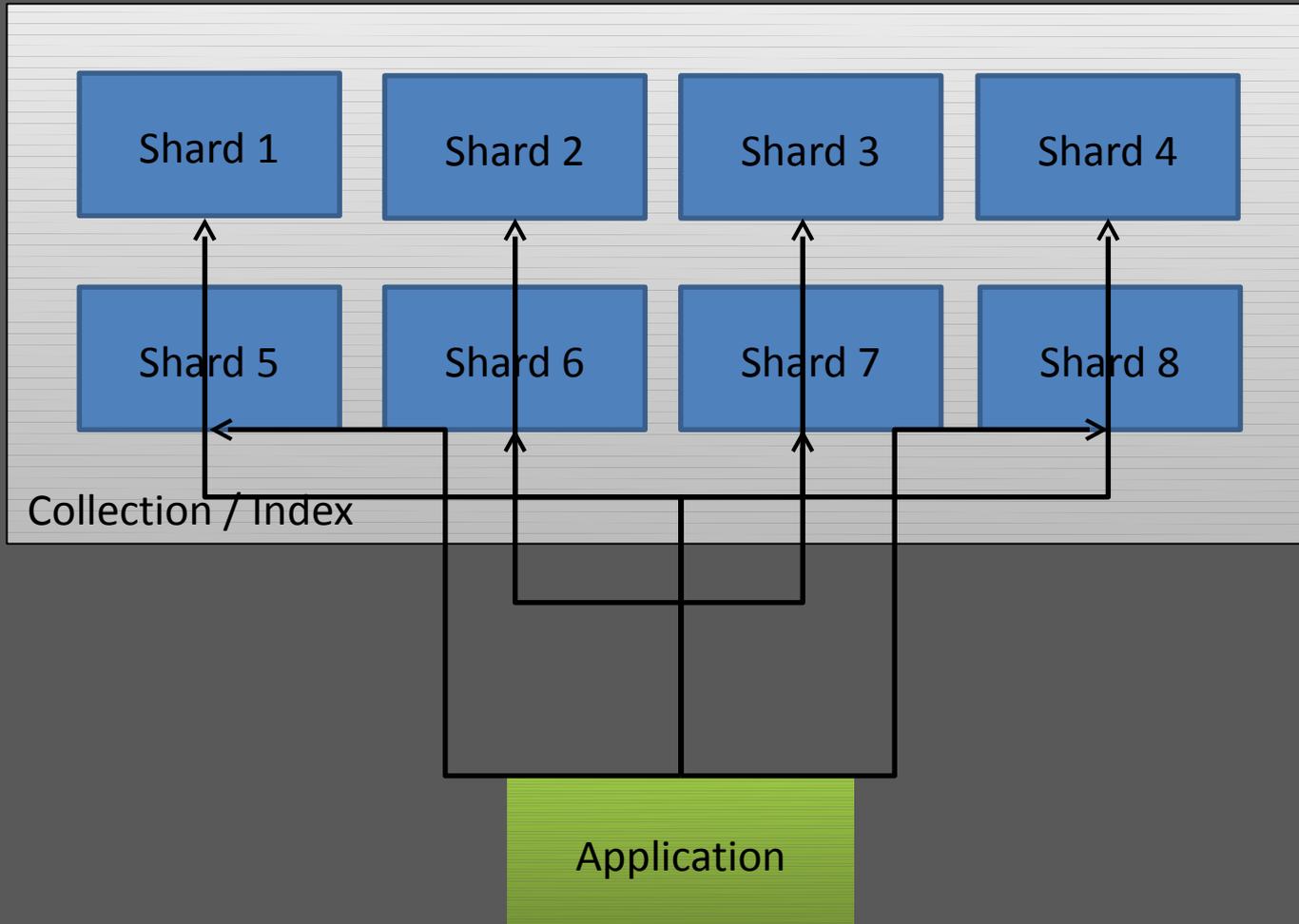
Shards and Replicas

- Index / Collection can have many shards
- Each shard can have 0 or more replicas
- Replicas are automatically updated
- Replicas can be promoted to leaders when a leader shard goes off-line

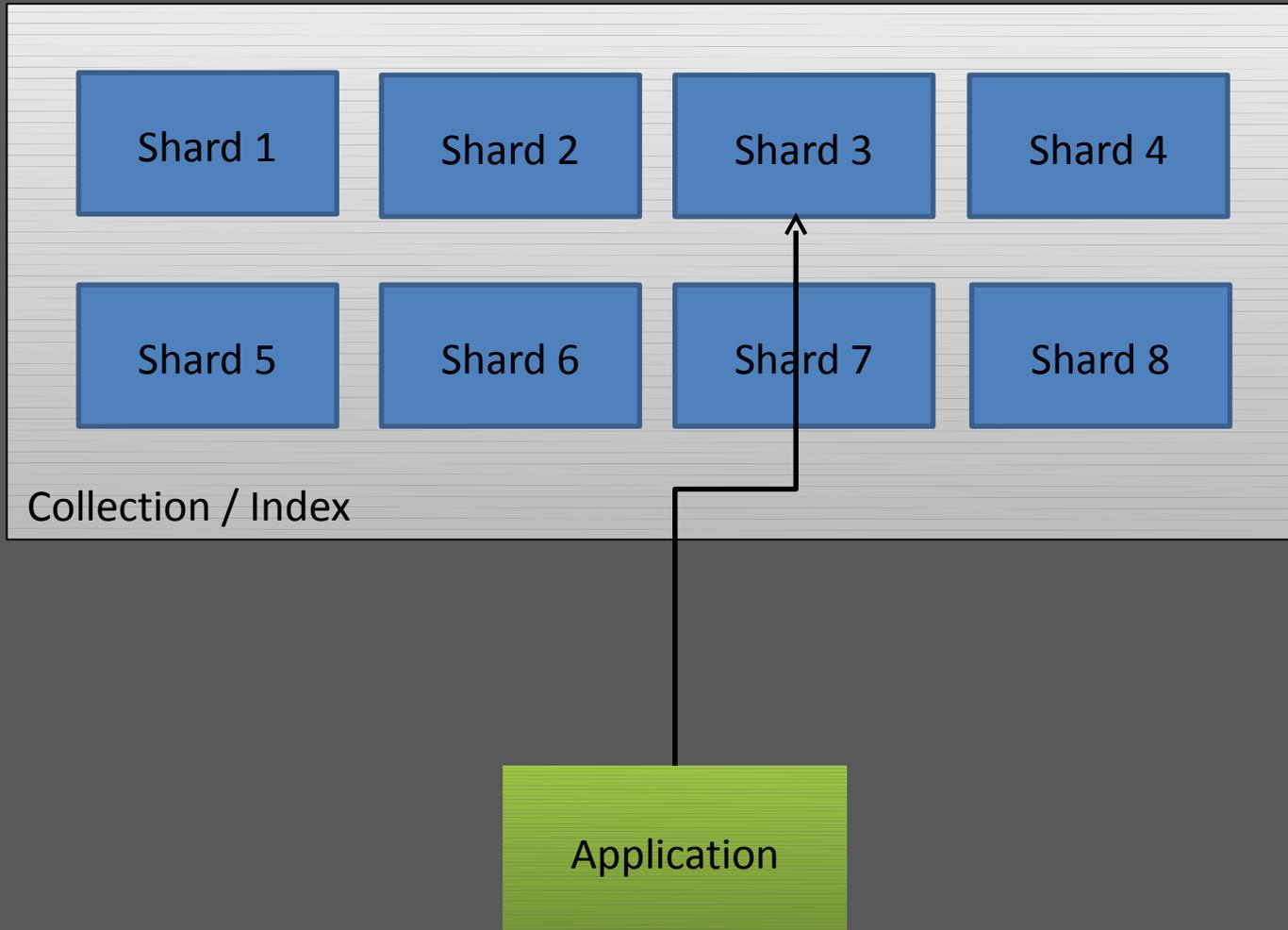
Index and Query Routing

- Control where documents are going
- Control where queries are going
- Manual data distribution

Querying Without Routing



Query With Routing



Routing Docs and Queries in Solr

- Requires some effort
- Defaults to hash based on document identifiers
- Can be turned off using `solr.NoOpDistributingUpdateProcessorFactory`

```
<updateRequestProcessorChain>  
  <processor class="solr.LogUpdateProcessorFactory" />  
  <processor class="solr.RunUpdateProcessorFactory" />  
  <processor class="solr.NoOpDistributingUpdateProcessorFactory" />  
</updateRequestProcessorChain>
```

Routing Docs and Queries - ElasticSearch

- routing parameter controls target shard which document/query will be forwarded to
- defaults to document identifiers
- can be changed to any value

```
curl -XPUT localhost:9200/sematext/test/1?routing=1234 -d '{  
  "title" : "Test routing document"  
}'
```

```
curl -XGET localhost:9200/sematext/test/_search/?q=* &routing=1234
```

Apache Solr Index Structure

- Field types defined in schema.xml file
- Fields defined in schema.xml file
- Allows automatic value copying
- Allows dynamic fields
- Allows custom similarity definition

ElasticSearch Index Structure

- Schema - less
- Analyzers and filters defined with HTTP API
- Fields defined with an HTTP request
- Multi – field support
- Allows nested documents
- Allows parent – child relationship
- Allows structured data

Index Structure Manipulation

- Possible to some extent in Solr as well as ElasticSearch
- ElasticSearch allows dynamic mappings update (not always)

Aliasing

- Solr
 - Allows core aliasing
- Elasticsearch
 - Allows index aliasing
 - We can add filter to alias
 - We can add index routing
 - We can add search routing

Server Configuration

- Solr
 - Static in `solrconfig.xml`
 - Can be reloaded during runtime with collection/core reload
- ElasticSearch
 - Static in `elasticsearch.yml`
 - Properties can be changed during runtime (although not all) without reloading

ElasticSearch Gateway Module

- Your data time machine
- Stores indices and meta data
- Currently available:
 - Local
 - Shared FS
 - Hadoop
 - S3

Discovery

- Apache Solr uses ZooKeeper
- ElasticSearch uses Zen Discovery

ElasticSearch Zen Discovery

- Allows automatic node discovery
- Provides multicast and unicast discovery methods
- Automatic master detection
- Two - way failure detection

Apache Solr & Apache ZooKeeper

- Requires additional software
- ZooKeeper ensemble with 1+ ZooKeeper instances
- Prevents split – brain situations
- Holds collections configurations
- Solr needs to know address of one of the ZooKeeper instances

API

- HTTP REST API in ElasticSearch or Query String for simple queries
- HTTP with Query String in Apache Solr
- Both provide specialized Java API
 - SolrJ for Apache Solr and CloudSolrServer
 - ElasticSearch with TransportClient for remote connections

Apache Solr and Query String

- Queries are built of request parameters
- Some degree of structuring allowed (local params)

```
curl 'http://localhost:8983/solr/select?q=text:weird&sort=date+desc'
```

ElasticSearch REST End-Points

- Simple queries built of request parameters
- Structured queries built as JSON objects

```
curl -XGET 'localhost:9200/sematext/test/_search/?  
q=_all:weird&sort=date:desc'
```

```
curl -XGET 'localhost:9200/sematext/test_search' -d '{  
  "query" : {  
    "term" : {  
      "_all" : "weird"  
    },  
    "sort" : {  
      "date" : {  
        "order" : "desc"  
      }  
    }  
  }  
}'
```

Data Handling

- Solr
 - Multiple formats allowed as input
 - Can return results in multiple formats
- ElasticSearch
 - JSON in / JSON out

Single or Batch

- Solr
 - Single or multiple documents per request
- Elasticsearch
 - Single document with a standard indexing call
 - `_bulk` end – point exposed for batch indexing
 - `_bulk` UDP end – point can be exposed for low latency batch indexing

Partial Document Updates

- Not based on LUCENE-3837 proposed by Andrzej Białecki
- Document reindexing on the side of search server
- Both servers use versioning to prevent changes being overwritten
- Can lead to decreased network traffic in some cases

ElasticSearch Partial Doc Update

- Special end – point exposed - `_update`
- Supports parameters like `routing`, `parent`, `replication`, `percolate`, etc (similar to Index API)
- Uses scripts to perform document updates

```
curl -XPOST 'localhost:9200/sematext/test/12345/_update' -d '{
  "script" : "ctx._source.enabled = enabled",
  "params" : {
    "enabled" : true
  }
}'
```

Apache Solr Partial Doc Update

- Sent to the standard update handler
- Requires `_version_` field to be present

```
curl 'localhost:8983/solr/update?commit=true' -H 'Content-type:application/json' -d '[
  {
    "id" : "12345",
    "enabled" : {
      "set" : true
    }
  }
]
```

Solr Collections API

- Built on top of Core Admin
- Allows:
 - Collection creation
 - Collection reload
 - Collection deletion

ElasticSearch Indices REST API

- Allows:
 - Index creation
 - Index deletion
 - Index closing and opening
 - Index refreshing
 - Existence checking

Analysis Chain Definition

- Solr
 - Static in `schema.xml`
 - Can be reloaded during runtime with collection/core reload
- Elasticsearch
 - Static in `elasticsearch.yml`
 - Defined during index/type creation with REST call
 - Possible to change with update mapping call (not all changes allowed)

Multilingual Data Handling

- Both Elasticsearch and Apache Solr built on top of Apache Lucene
- Solr – analyzers defined per field in `schema.xml` file
- Elasticsearch – analyzer defined in mappings, but can be set during query or specified on the basis of field values

Results Grouping

- Available in Apache Solr only
- Allows for results grouping based on:
 - Field value
 - Query
 - Function query (not available during distributed searching)

Prospective Search

- Allows for checking if a document matches a stored query
- Not available in Apache Solr
- Available in ElasticSearch under the name of Percolator

Spellchecker

- Allows to check and correct spelling mistakes
- Not available in Elasticsearch currently
- Multiple implementations available in Apache Solr
 - IndexBasedSpellChecker
 - WordBreakSolrSpellChecker
 - DirectSolrSpellChecker

Full Text Search Capabilities

- Variety of queries
- Ability to control score calculation
- Different query parsers available
- Advanced Lucene queries (like SpanQueries) exposed

Score Calculation

- Leverage Lucene scoring capabilities
- Control over document importance
- Control over query importance
- Control over term and phrase importance

Apache Solr and Score Influence

- Index time
 - Document boosts
 - Field boosts
- Query time
 - Term boosts
 - Field boosts
 - Phrases boost
 - Function queries

ElasticSearch and Score Influence

- Index time
 - Document and field boosts
- Query time
 - Different queries provide different boost controls
 - Can calculate distributed term frequencies
 - Negative and Positive boosting queries
 - Custom score filters

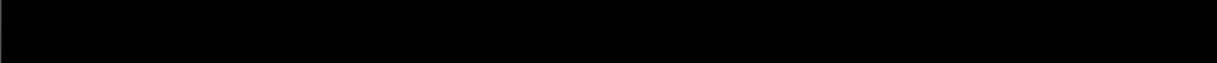
Nested Objects

- Possible only in Elasticsearch
- Indexed as separate documents
- Stored in the same part of the index as the root document
- Hidden from standard queries and filters
- Need appropriate queries and filters (nested)

More Like This

- Lets us find similar documents
- Solr
 - More Like This Component
- ElasticSearch
 - More Like This Query
 - More Like This Field Query
 - `_m1t` REST end – point

Solr Parent – Child Relationship

- Used at query time
 - Multi core joins possible
- 

ElasticSearch Parent – Child Handling

- Proper indexing required
- Indexed as separate documents
- Standard queries don't return child documents
- In order to retrieve parent docs one should use appropriate queries and filters (`has_child`, `has_parent`, `top_children`)

Filters

- Used to narrow down query results
- Good candidates for caching and reuse
- Supported by Elasticsearch and Apache Solr
- Should be used for repeatable query elements

Apache Solr Filter Queries

- Multiple filters per query
- Filters are additive
- Different query parsers can be used
- Local params can be used
- Narrow down faceting results

ElasticSearch Filtered Queries

- Can be defined using queries exposed by the Query DSL
- Can be used for custom score calculation (i.e., `custom filters score query`)
- Doesn't narrow down faceting results by default (facets have their own filters)

Filter Cache Control

- Both Solr and Elasticsearch let us control cache for filters
- Solr
 - Using local params and `cache` property
- Elasticsearch
 - `_cache` property
 - `_cache_key` property

Faceting

- Both provide common facets
 - Terms
 - Range & query
 - Terms statistics
 - Spatial distance
- Solr
 - Pivot faceting
- Elasticsearch

Real Time Or Not ?

- Allow getting document not yet indexed
- Don't need searcher reopening
- ElasticSearch
 - Separate Get and Multi Get API's
- Apache Solr
 - Separate Realtime Get Handler
 - Can be used as a search component

Caches and Warming

- Elasticsearch and Solr allow caching
- Both allow running warming queries
- Elasticsearch by default doesn't limit cache sizes

Solr Caches

- Types
 - Filter Cache
 - Query Result Cache
 - Document Cache
- Implementation choices
 - LRUCache
 - FastLRUCache
 - LFUCache

ElasticSearch Caches

- Types
 - Filter Cache
 - Field Data Cache
- Implementation choices
 - Resident
 - Soft
 - Weak
- Other configuration options:

Cluster State Monitoring

- Apache Solr – multiple mbeans exposed by JMX
- Elasticsearch – multiple REST end – points exposed to get different statistics

ElasticSearch Statistics API

- Health and State Check
- Nodes Information and Statistics
- Cache Statistics
- Index Segments Information
- Index Information and Statistics
- Mappings Information

Cluster Monitoring

The screenshot displays a cluster monitoring interface with several terminal windows. The top row shows three windows: two with timestamps (Thu Jun 28 15:29:52 EDT 2012 and Thu Jun 28 15:30:15 EDT 2012) and one with system metrics (top - 15:36:23 up 142 days, 21:04, 2 users, load average: 20.09, 15.41, 16.78). The middle row shows three windows: two with timestamps (Thu Jun 28 15:30:16 EDT 2012 and Thu Jun 28 15:30:21 EDT 2012) and one with system metrics (top - 15:36:23 up 142 days, 20:24, 2 users, load average: 16.95, 16.24, 19.08). The bottom row shows three windows: two with timestamps (Thu Jun 28 15:35:54 EDT 2012 and Thu Jun 28 15:35:59 EDT 2012) and one with system metrics (top - 15:36:22 up 142 days, 19:50, 2 users, load average: 16.61, 22.93, 30.79). The bottom-most window shows a log of document processor activity with fields like [main] INFO, c.t.e.r.processor.DocumentProcessor, Total time taken, Create/Update/Delete/LID/Fetch/Misc time, and Language unidentified for X docs.

Cluster Monitoring with SPM

Scalable Performance Monitor

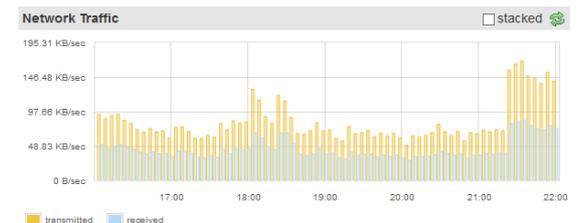
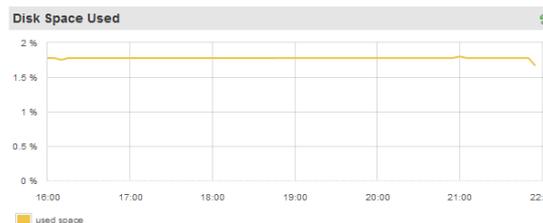
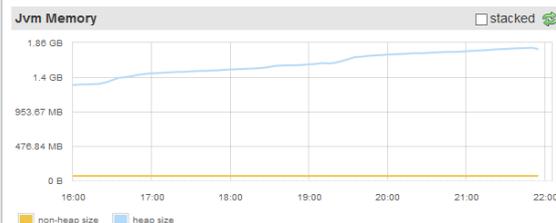
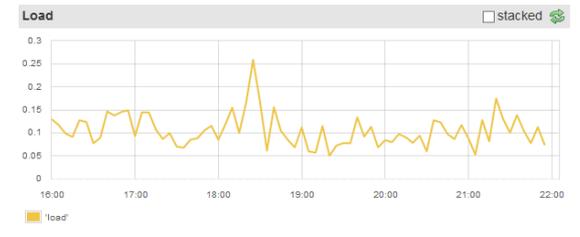
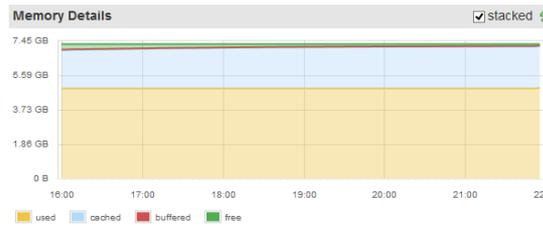
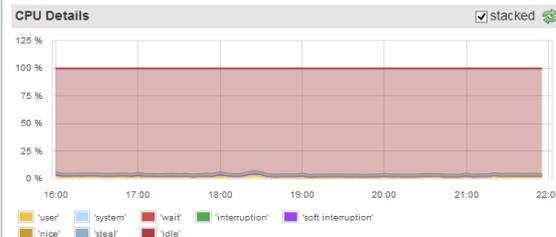
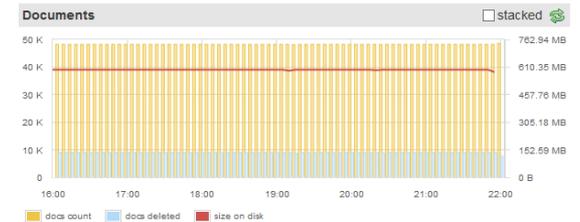
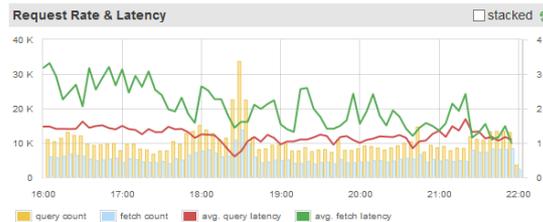
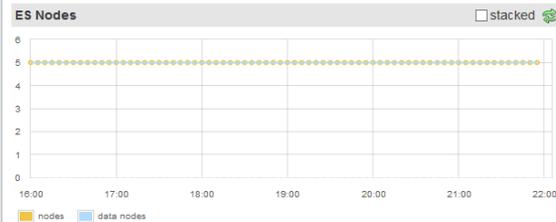
by sematext

Logged in as: gr0 | [Account](#) | [Applications](#) | [New Application](#) | [Installation Settings](#) | [Get Client](#) | [Sematext](#) | [Logout](#)

Application: [elasticsearch-prod](#) 🚨 🔄 auto-refresh

[Overview](#) | [Cluster Health](#) | [Index Stats](#) | [Shard Stats](#) | [Search](#) | [Cache](#) | [CPU & Mem](#) | [Disk](#) | [Network](#) | [JVM](#) | [GC](#)

auto granularity From: 2012.10.30 16:00 To: 2012.10.30 22:00 1h 5h 1d 2d 1w 1m 2m 6m 1y



Cluster Settings Update

- Elasticsearch lets us:
 - Control rebalancing
 - Control recovery
 - Control allocation
 - Change the above on the live cluster

Custom Shard Allocation

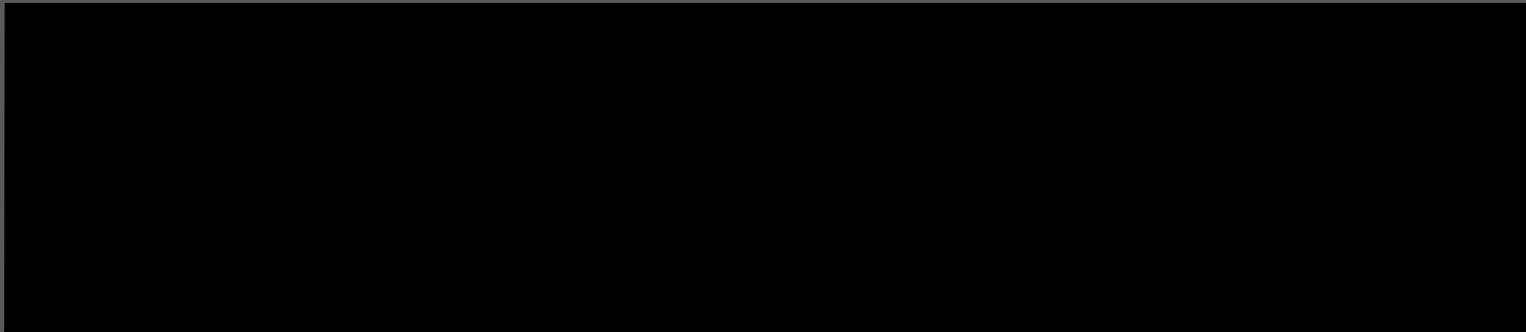
- Possible in Elasticsearch
- Cluster level:

```
curl -XPUT localhost:9200/_cluster/settings -d '{
  "persistent" : {
    "cluster.routing.allocation.exclude._ip" : "192.168.2.1"
  }
}'
```

```
curl -XPUT localhost:9200/sematext/ -d '{
  "index.routing.allocation.include.tag" : "nodeOne,nodeTwo"
}'
```

Moving Shards and Replicas

- Possible in ElasticSearch, not available in Solr
- Allows to move shards and replicas to any node in the cluster on demand
- Available in ElasticSearch:



And The Winner Is ?



The Users

How to Reach Us

- Rafał Kuć
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- Sematext
 - Twitter: @sematext
 - Website: <http://sematext.com>

- Solr vs ElasticSearch series:

- <http://blog.sematext.com/2012/08/23/solr-vs-elasticsearch-par>

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