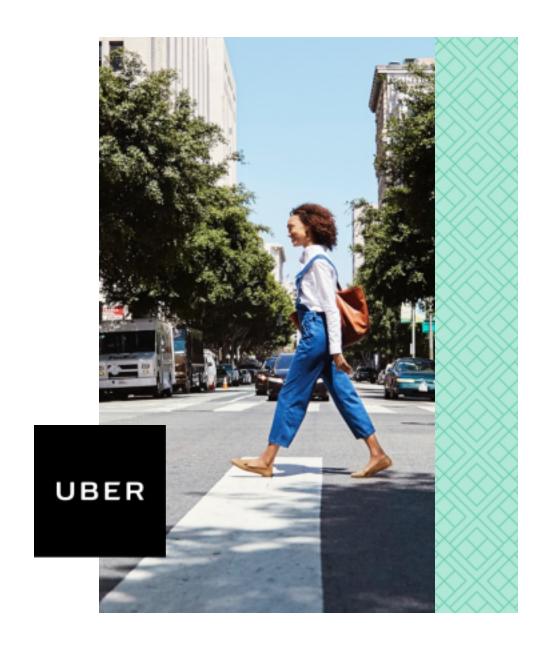
# **Spark: Interactive to Production**

Dara Adib (Marketplace Data)

Spark Summit 2016 June 7, 2016



## Who

- Uber
  - -70+ countries. 450+ cities.
  - Marketplace Data
    - -Realtime Data Processing
    - –Analytics
    - -Forecasting
  - Spark





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# **Marketplace Data**





#### Dashboards

Business Metrics Dashboards

#### State Transitions/Raw Query

Querying data in flexible ways

#### Streaming

Seeing what's happening now, continuously

#### Visual Exploration

Explore your data via Geo Visualization tools

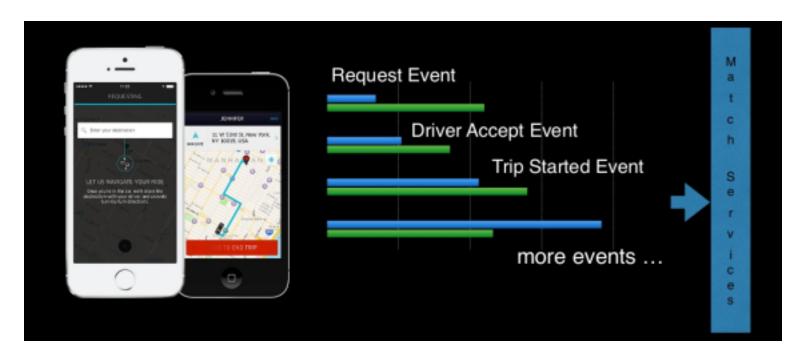


## **Relational Data**

- Traditionally data is stored in a RDBMS.
- This works well for row lookups and joins.
- But what about events and windowing?

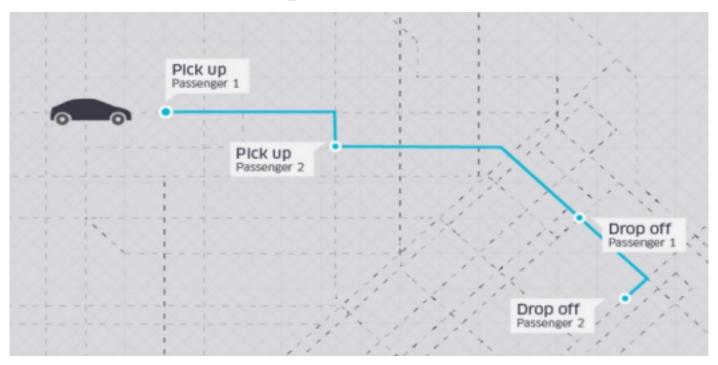


# **Stream Processing**





# **Trip States**





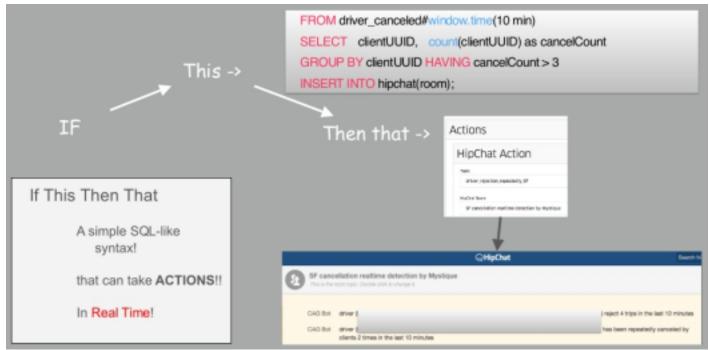
# **OLAP Queries**

- How many open cars are in London now?
- What is the driving time in New York's Financial District, by time of day and day of week?
- What is the conversion rate of requests into trips on Friday evenings in San Francisco?



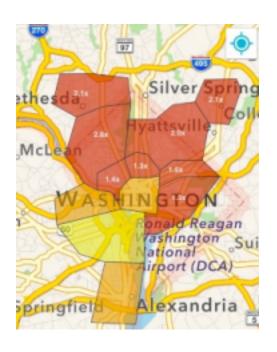
# How many drivers cancel a request > 3 times in a row within a 10-minute window?

# **Complex Event Processing**

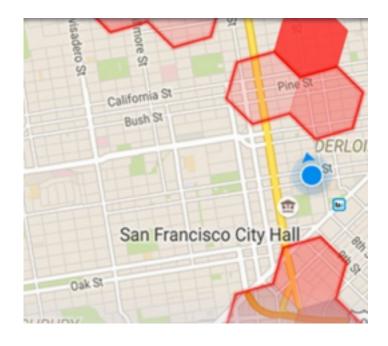




# **Geo Aggregation**



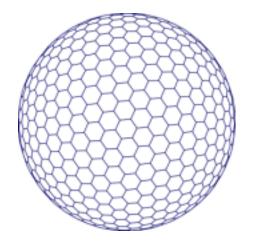


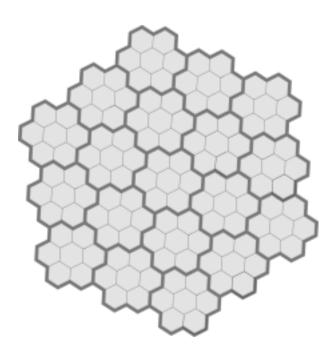




# Hexagons

- Indexing, Lookup, Rendering
- Symmetric Neighbors
- Convex Regions
- ~Equal Area
- ~Equal Shape







# No magic bullet, yet?

- Empower users. Democratize data.
  - -Services want reliability and consistent performance.
  - Data Scientists want Pandas and flexibility.
- Spark is not a database.
  - –Data too big to fit in memory?
  - -Checkpointing UPDATEs.
- Spark 2.0? Alluxio?



## A Tale of Two Cities

- Extensibility vs. Reliability
- Months of Data vs. Minutes of Data
- Batch v.s. Streaming
- Development v.s. Production
- HDFS v.s. Relational Database
- YARN v.s. Mesos

"Data scientists don't know how to code."

-Software Engineer

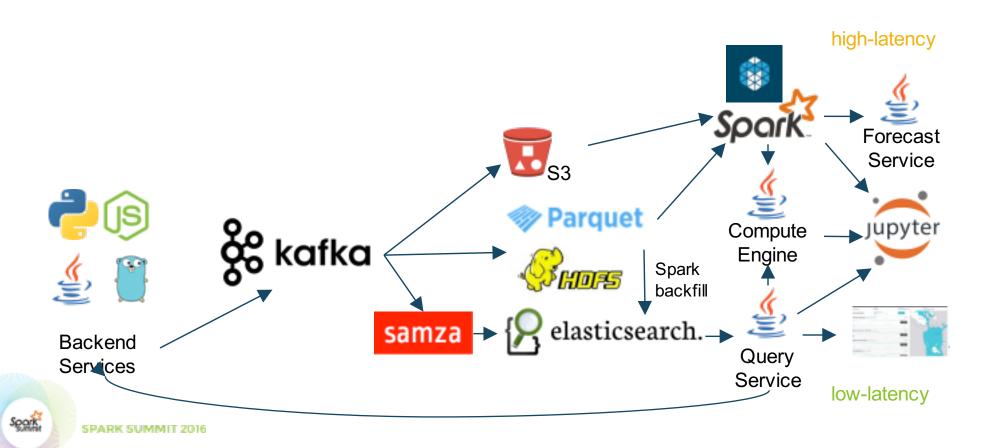


# Other Challenges

- Data discoverability
- Data freshness
- Query latency
- Debuggability
- Isolation
  - -CPU, memory, disk space, disk I/O, network I/O
  - -"Bad queries"



# **Service Oriented Architecture**

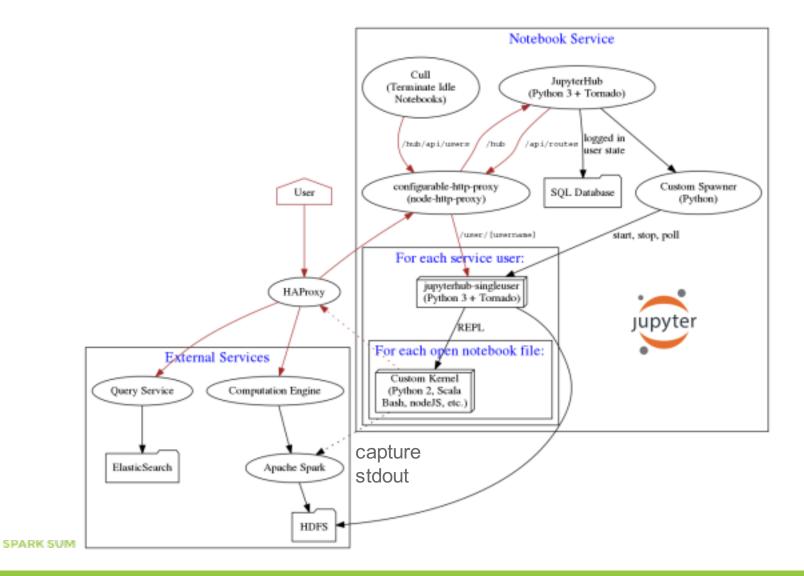


# Why Jupyter

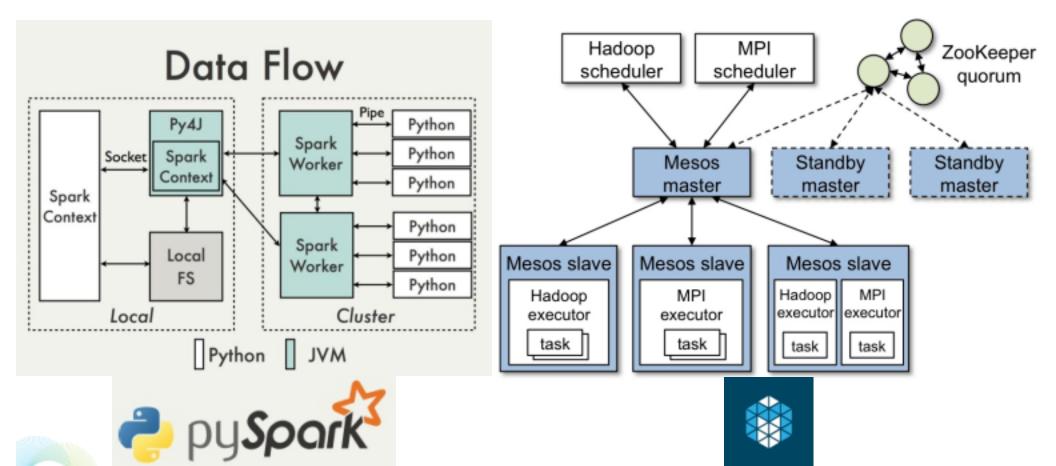
- Ease-of-Use
- Extensibility
  - –Python andJavaScriptlibraries
- Alternatives
  - -Apache
    - Zeppelin
  - -Databricks



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Spark



Spark

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## Mesos

#### **Frameworks**

- Scheduler
  - Connects to Mesos master.
  - Accepts or declines resources.
  - Contains delay scheduling logic for rack locality, etc.
- Executor
  - Connects to local Mesos slave.
  - Runs framework tasks.
- Examples
  - Aurora, Marathon, Chronos
  - Spark, Storm, Myriad (Hadoop)

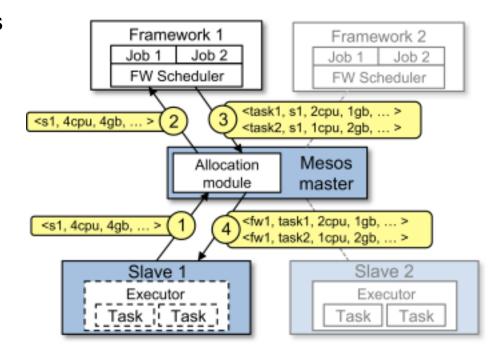
#### **Masters and Agents**

- Master
  - Shares resources between frameworks.
  - Keeps state (frameworks, agents, tasks) in memory.
  - HA: 1 master elected.
- Agent
  - Runs on each cluster node.
  - Specifies resources and attributes.
  - Starts executors.
  - Communicates with master and executors to run tasks.



## **Mesos Resource Offers**

- 1. Slave reports available resources to the master.
- 2. Master sends a resource offer to the framework scheduler.
- 3. Framework scheduler requests two tasks on the slave.
- 4. Master sends the tasks to the slave which allocates resources to the framework's executor, which in turn launches the two tasks.





## Mesos Resources

#### **Types**

- cpu: CPU share
  - optional CFS for fixed
- mem: memory limit
- disk space: disk limit
- ports: integer port range
- bandwidth

Custom resources: k,v pairs

#### Isolation

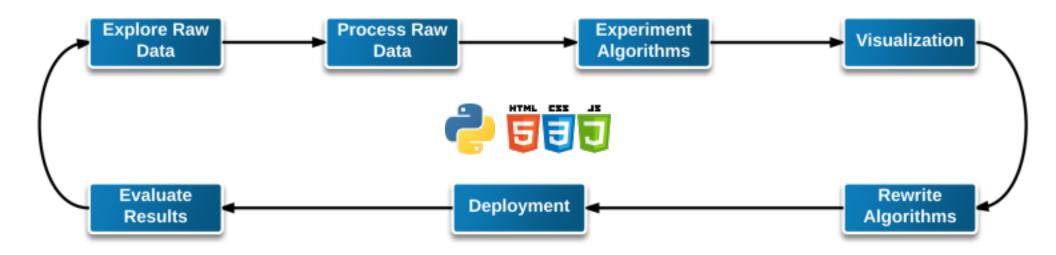
- Linux container
  - control groups (cgroup)
  - namespaces
- Docker container
- External container
   Other features
- Reserved resources by role
- Oversubscription
- Persistent volumes



```
from shutil import rmtree
from tempfile import mkdtemp
                                                                       Spark doesn't have
from pyspark import SparkFiles
from pyspark.sql.types import StringType
                                                                       built-in GIS support but
from rtree import index
from shapely.geometry import asPoint
                                                                       we can leverage
def build point in poly(polygons):
                                                                       Shapely and rtree,
   def point in poly(x, y):
                                                                       Python libraries based
       idx = index.Index(SparkFiles.get('index.idx')[:-4])
       for fid in idx.intersection([x, y]):
                                                                       on <u>libgeos</u> (used by
           speedups.enable()
           point = asPoint([x, y])
                                                                       PostGIS) and
           (name, polygon) = polygons_broadcast.value[fid]
           if point.intersects(polygon):
                                                                       libspatialindex,
               # Assume non-overlapping polygons, so return.
               return name
                                                                       respectively.
   tempdir = mkdtemp()
   basename = os.path.join(tempdir, 'index')
   try:
       idx = index.Index(basename, ((fid, polygon.bounds, None)
                        for (fid, (name, polygon)) in enumerate(polygons)))
       idx.close()
       sc.addPyFile(basename + '.idx')
       sc.addPyFile(basename + '.dat')
   finally:
       rmtree(tempdir)
   polygons_broadcast = sc.broadcast(polygons)
   return point in poly
# Build a UDF to find the airport code of a lat-lng poit.
sqlContext.registerFunction('getAirportCode', build point in poly(airports),
                         StringType())
```



# Workflow





## **Technical Workarounds**

- Use Mesos coarse-grained mode with dynamic allocation and the external shuffler.
  - -Backported 13 commits from Spark master branch to fix dynamic allocation and launch multiple executors per slave.
- Deploy Python virtualenvs to Spark executors.
  - -Managed with requirements.txt files and pip-compile.
- Stitch Parquet files together (SPARK-11441).



## Other Issues

- Spark SQL scans all partitions despite LIMIT (SPARK-12843)
- Mesos checkpoints (SPARK-4899)
  - Restart Mesos agent without killing Spark executors.
- Mesos oversubscription (SPARK-10293)
  - "Steal" idle but allocated resources.



## Locality Sensitive Hashing by Spark

Tomorrow, Wednesday, June 8 5:25 PM – 5:55 PM Room: Imperial

Alain Rodriguez, Fraud Platform, Uber Kelvin Chu, Hadoop Platform, Uber



#### **Other Resources**



- Stream Computing & Analytics at Uber
  - http://www.slideshare.net/stonse/stream-computing-analytics-at-uber
- Spark at Uber
  - http://www.slideshare.net/databricks/spark-meetup-at-uber
- Career at Uber
  - https://www.uber.com/careers/

# THANK YOU.

Feedback? Dara Adib < dara@uber.com>
Happy to discuss technical details.
No product/business questions please.

