CS193P - Lecture 15

iPhone Application Development

iPhone Device APIs Location, Accelerometer & Camera

Battery Life & Power Management

Announcements

- Presence 4 was due last night at 11:59PM
 - Late days: use 'em if you've got 'em
- Work on final projects!

Announcements

- Upcoming lectures:
 - Wednesday 5/27: Audio, Video & Web Views
 - Monday 6/1: Special Guest Lecture with Dr. Ge Wang
 - Wednesday 6/3: Unit Testing & Objective-C Fun

Today's Topics

- Hardware features
 - Image Picker & Camera
 - Location
 - Accelerometer
- Battery Life & Power Management

iPhone Device APIs

Location, Accelerometer & Camera

Justin Santamaria iPhone SW Engineering

Lots of Cool Features

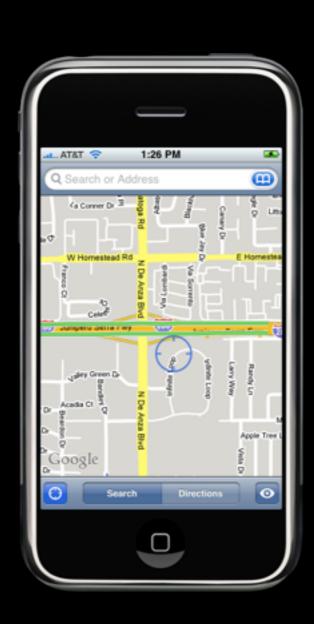




Device Hardware Camera



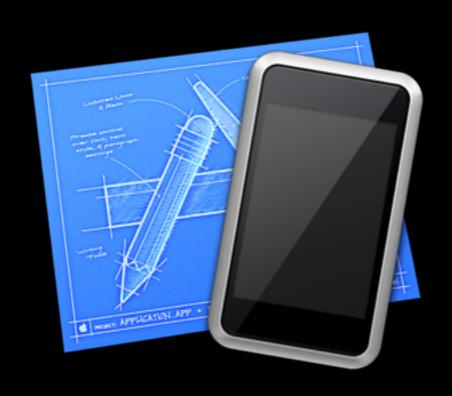
Device Hardware Core location



Device Hardware Accelerometers



Limited Simulator Support



lmage Picker

The Image Picker Interface The camera



The Image Picker Interface Saved photos



The Image Picker Interface The photo library



The Image Picker Interface Displaying the interface

- UllmagePickerController class
 - Use as-is (no subclassing)
 - Handles all user and device interactions
 - Built on top of UIViewController
- UllmagePickerControllerDelegate protocol
 - Implemented by your delegate object

Displaying the Image Picker Steps for using

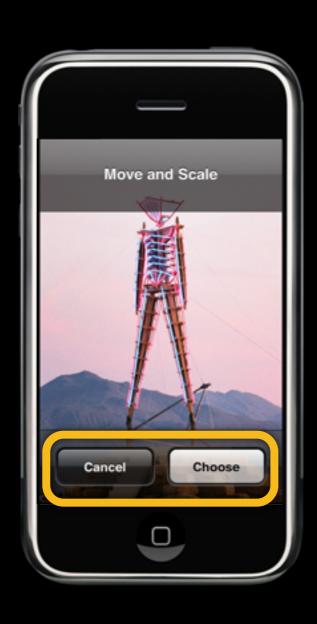
- Check the source availability
- Assign a delegate object
- Present the controller modally

Displaying the Image Picker

Called from a view controller object

```
if ([UIImagePickerController isSourceTypeAvailable:
               UIImagePickerControllerSourceTypeCamera])
{
    UIImagePickerController* picker =
               [[UIImagePickerController alloc] init];
    picker.sourceType = UIImagePickerControllerSourceTypeCamera;
    picker.delegate = self;
    [self presentModalViewController:picker animated:YES];
```

Selecting an Image



Defining Your Delegate Object The UllmagePickerControllerDelegate protocol

Two methods:

```
    - (void)imagePickerController:(UIImagePickerController*)picker
        didFinishPickingImage:(UIImage*)image
        editingInfo:(NSDictionary*)editingInfo;
```

- (void)imagePickerControllerDidCancel:(UIImagePickerController*)picker;

Defining Your Delegate Object

The accept case

```
- (void)imagePickerController:(UIImagePickerController*)picker
        didFinishPickingImage:(UIImage*)image
                  editingInfo:(NSDictionary*)editingInfo
{
    // Save or use the image here.
    // Dismiss the image picker.
    [self dismissModalViewControllerAnimated:YES];
    [picker release];
```

Defining Your Delegate Object

The cancel case

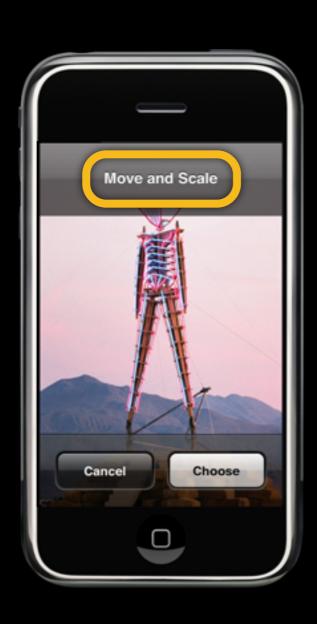
Manipulating the Returned Image

Allowing users to edit returned images

- If allowsImageEditing property is YES:
 - User allowed to crop the returned image
 - Image metadata returned in editingInfo

Manipulating the Returned Image

Allowing users to edit returned images



Manipulating the Returned Image

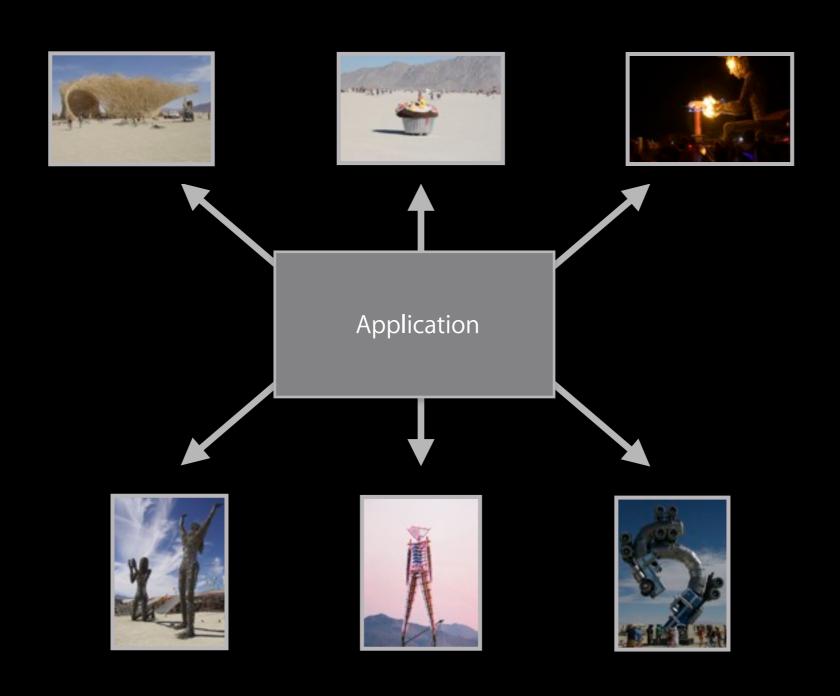
The editingInfo dictionary

```
- (void)imagePickerController:(UIImagePickerController*)picker
        didFinishPickingImage:(UIImage*)image
                  editingInfo:(NSDictionary*)editingInfo
{
    // Save or use the image here.
    // Dismiss the image picker.
    [self dismissModalViewControllerAnimated:YES];
    [picker release];
```

Manipulating the Returned Image The editingInfo dictionary

- Original image in UllmagePickerControllerOriginalImage key
- Crop rectangle in UllmagePickerControllerCropRect key

Managing Image Data Avoid retaining images



Saving Images Writing to the saved photos album

- UllmageWriteToSavedPhotosAlbum function
 - Photos can be downloaded to iPhoto by user
 - Optional completion callback

Available in the Simulator



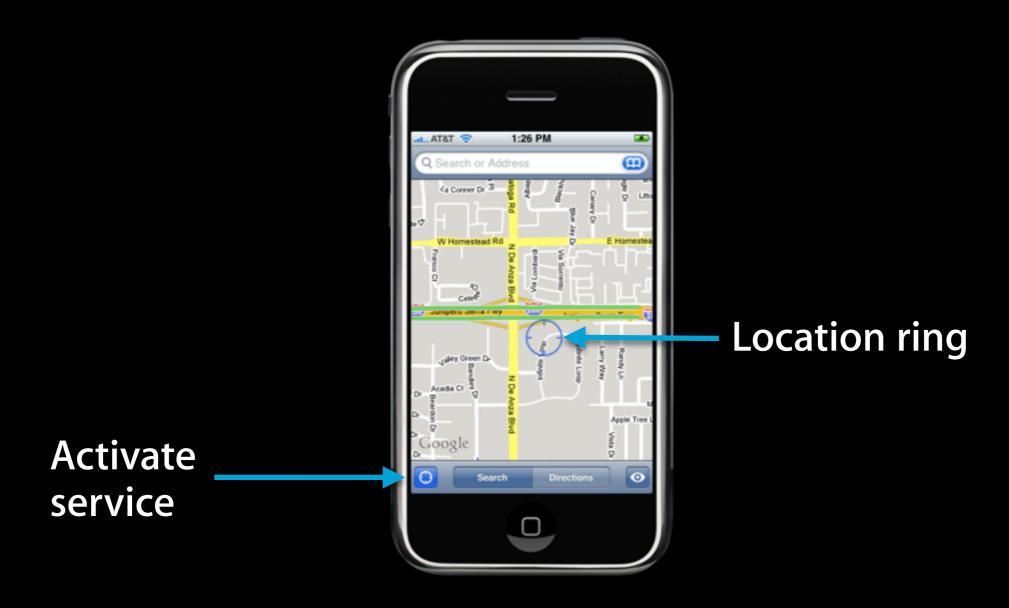


Key Tips Using UllmagePickerController effectively

- Always check the source availability
- Your delegate methods do the cleanup
- Be frugal with images
- Available in the simulator

Core Location

Core Location What is it?



Core Location How?



Core Location How?



Core Location How?



Core Location Location Technologies







Core Location Location Technologies







Bootstrap

Core Location Location Technologies







Cross-check

Core Location Location Technologies







Complement

Core Location Framework

Core Location Framework

The core classes and protocols

- Classes
 - CLLocationManager
 - CLLocation
- Protocol
 - CLLocationManagerDelegate

Core Location Framework CLLocationManagerDelegate protocol

Two optional methods

```
- (void)locationManager:(CLLocationManager*)manager
didUpdateToLocation:(CLLocation*)newLocation
fromLocation:(CLLocation*)oldLocation;
```

- (void)locationManager:(CLLocationManager*)manager didFailWithError:(NSError*)error;
- Called asynchronously on main thread
- Issues movement-based updates

Getting a Location

Starting the location service

locationManager: didUpdateToLocation: fromLocation:

Getting a Location Using the event data

```
- (void)locationManager:(CLLocationManager*)manager
        didUpdateToLocation:(CLLocation*)newLocation
               fromLocation:(CLLocation*)oldLocation
    NSTimeInterval howRecent =
            [newLocation.timestamp timeIntervalSinceNow];
    if (howRecent < -10) return;
    if (newLocation.horizontalAccuracy > 100) return;
   // Use the coordinate data.
   double lat = newLocation.coordinate.latitude;
   double lon = newLocation.coordinate.longitude;
```

Power Play: CLLocationManager Properties

Desired Accuracy

Choosing an appropriate accuracy level

- Choose an appropriate accuracy level
 - Higher accuracy impacts power consumption
 - Lower accuracy is "good enough" in most cases
- Can change accuracy setting later if needed
- Actual accuracy reported in CLLocation object

Distance Filter

Choosing an appropriate update threshold

New events delivered when threshold exceeded

Stopping the Service

Restart the service later as needed

locationManager: didFailWithError:

Responding to Errors

User may deny use of the location service

- Results in a kCLErrorDenied error
- Protects user privacy
- Occurs on a per-application basis



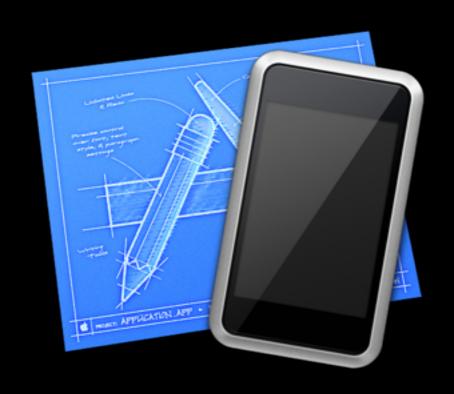
Responding to Errors

Location may be unavailable

- Results in a kCLErrorLocationUnknown error
- Likely just temporary
- Scan continues in background

Limited Simulator Support





Accelerometers

What Are Accelerometers?

Measure changes in force



What Are Accelerometers?

Measure changes in force

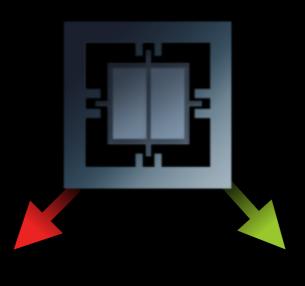




What Are Accelerometers?

Measure changes in force





Accelerometers What are the uses?





Accelerometers What are the uses?



Kinds of Orientation The physical vs the interface

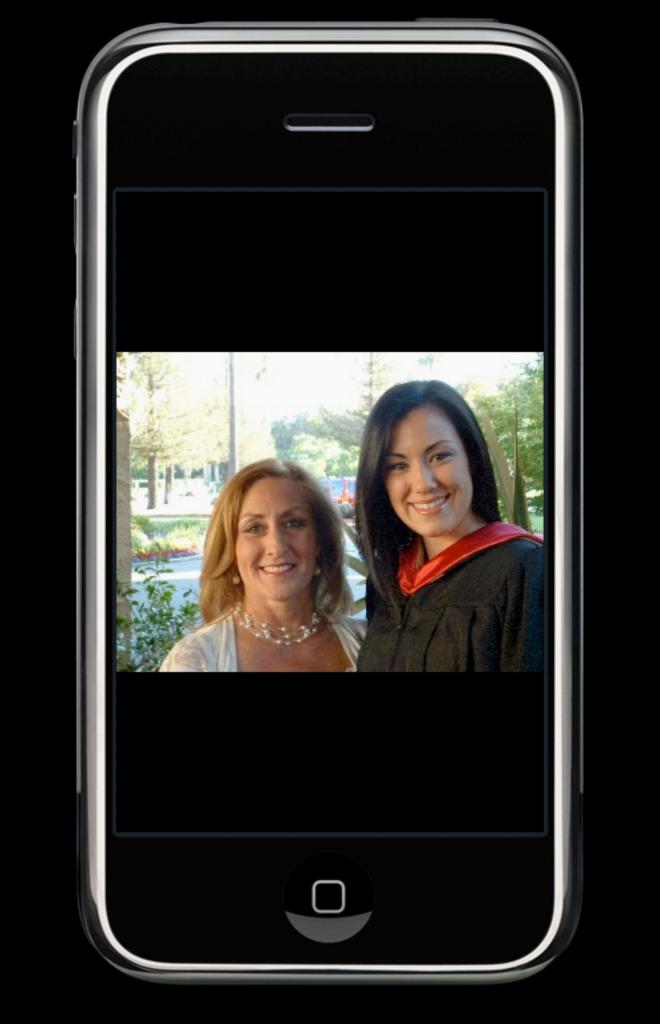
- Physical Orientation
 - How is the device positioned?
- Interface Orientation
 - Where is the status bar?
- Examples: Photos & Safari



















Orientation-Related Changes

Getting the physical orientation

- UIDevice class
 - Start notifications
 - beginGeneratingDeviceOrientationNotifications
 - Get Orientation
 - UIDeviceOrientationDidChangeNotification delivered to registered observers
 - orientation property
 - Stop notifications
 - endGeneratingDeviceOrientationNotifications

Orientation-Related Changes

Getting the interface orientation

- UIApplication class
 - statusBarOrientation property
 - Defines interface orientation, not device orientation
- UIViewController class
 - interfaceOrientation property
 - (BOOL)shouldAutorotateToInterfaceOrientation: (UIInterfaceOrientation)interfaceOrientation

Orientation changes are nice, but...

Wii™ Want Raw Data



0.75g

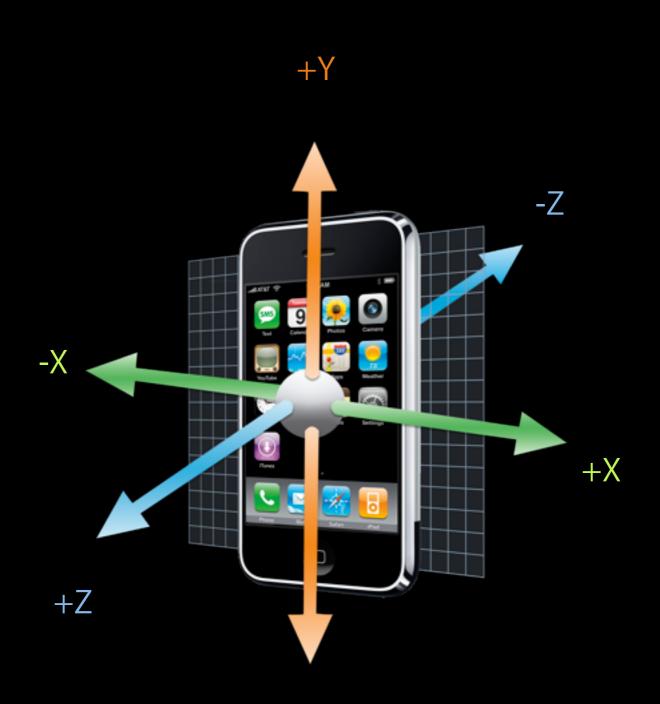
1.0g

0.5g

The Accelerometer Interface Getting the raw accelerometer data

- Part of the UlKit framework
- Delivers 3-axis data
- Configurable update frequency (approx 10–100Hz)
- Delegate-based event delivery

Device Axis Orientation



The Accelerometer Interface Getting the raw accelerometer data

- Classes
 - UlAccelerometer
 - UIAcceleration
- Protocol
 - UlAccelerometerDelegate

Configuring the Accelerometer

Starting the event delivery

Event delivery begins as soon as you assign the delegate

Defining Your Delegate Object

Processing the accelerometer data

```
(void)accelerometer:(UIAccelerometer*)accelerometer
           didAccelerate:(UIAcceleration*)acceleration
{
    // Get the event data
    UIAccelerationValue x, y, z;
   x = acceleration.x;
    y = acceleration.y;
    z = acceleration.z;
    // Process the data...
}
```

- Only one delegate per application
- Delivered asynchronously to main thread

Configuring the Accelerometer Choosing an appropriate update frequency

- System range is approximately 10–100Hz
- Frequency should be based on need
 - Determine the minimum frequency for your needs
 - Don't update too frequently
- Target ranges
 - Game input: 30–60 Hz
 - Orientation detection: 10–20 Hz

Disabling Event Delivery

Stopping the event delivery

Filtering Accelerometer Data Use filters to isolate data components

- Low-pass filter
 - Isolates constant acceleration
 - Used to find the device orientation
- High-pass filter
 - Shows instantaneous movement only
 - Used to identify user-initiated movement

Examining the accelerometer data



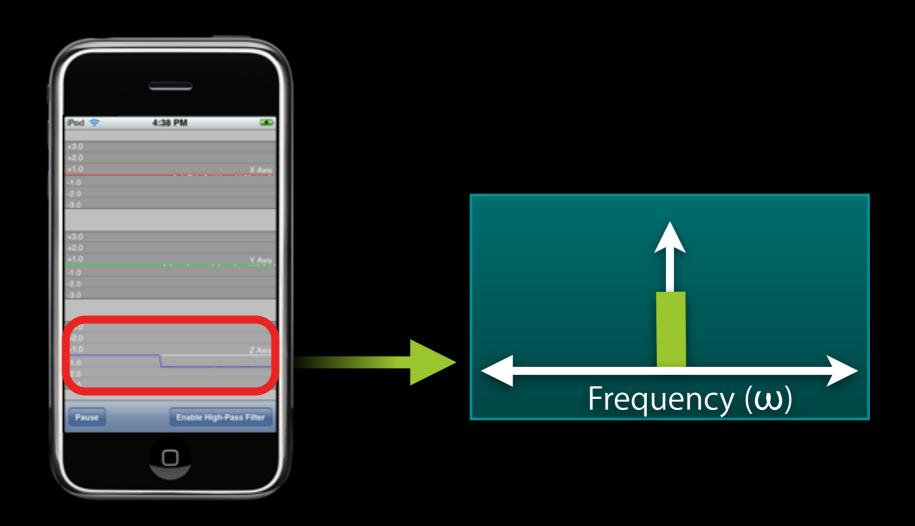


But, to apply a filter...

$$f(t) = > F(\omega)$$

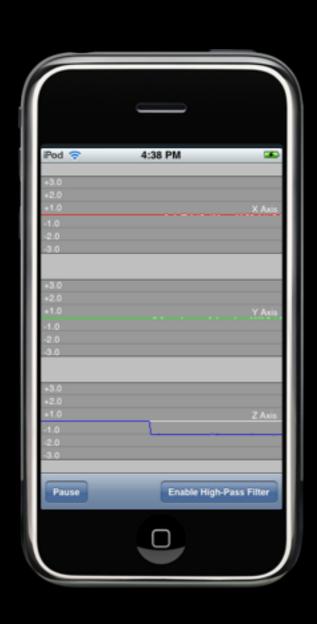
Fourier Transform

Changing to the frequency domain

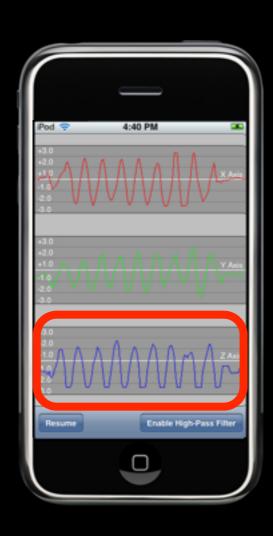


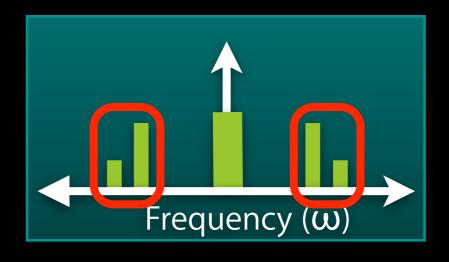
$$f(t)$$
 $F(\omega)$

But if we shake the device...



We see something more interesting...

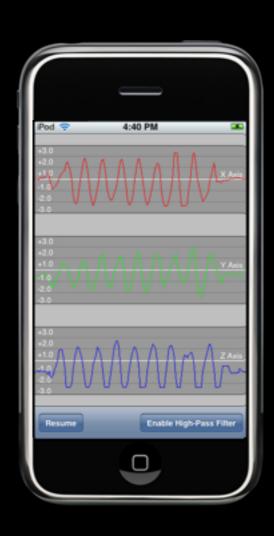


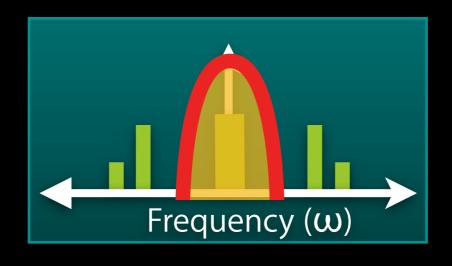


 $F(\omega)$

f(t)

Applying a low-pass filter





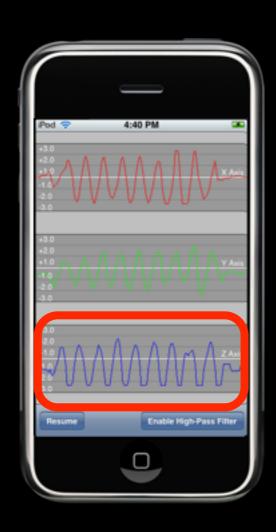
 $F(\omega)$

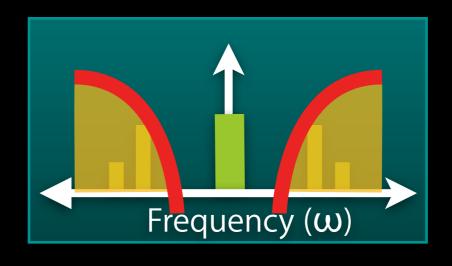
f(t)

Applying a low-pass filter

Simple low-pass filter example

Filtering Accelerometer Data Applying a high-pass filter





 $F(\omega)$

f(t)

Applying a high-pass filter

Simple high-pass filter example

Bubble Level sample (low-pass filter)



Demo

Bubble Level sample (low-pass filter)

```
- (void)accelerometer:(UIAccelerometer*)accelerometer
           didAccelerate:(UIAcceleration*)acceleration
{
   accelerationX = acceleration.x * kFilteringFactor +
        accelerationX * (1.0 - kFilteringFactor);
   accelerationY = acceleration.y * kFilteringFactor +
       accelerationY * (1.0 - kFilteringFactor);
   currentRawReading = atan2(accelerationY,accelerationX);
   float calibtratedAngle = [self calibratedAngleFromAngle:
                currentRawReading];
    [levelView updateToInclnationInRadians:calibratedAngle];
```

Demo

No Simulator Support





Key Tips

Using the Accelerometers Effectively

- Use UIViewControllers
- Use filters to isolate raw data components
- Disable accelerometer updates when not needed
 - Set your accelerometer delegate to nil

Summary

- Take advantage of the device APIs, but...
- For image picker, always check source availability
- For hardware-based features, turn them off when not needed

Battery Life & Power Management

Power Management

Small devices need advanced power management

- Total power consumption
 - Laptops: ~20-60W
 - iPhone: 500 mW to 2.5W
- Dynamic clocking
- Clock gating and power gating
 - Turning blocks on and off continuously

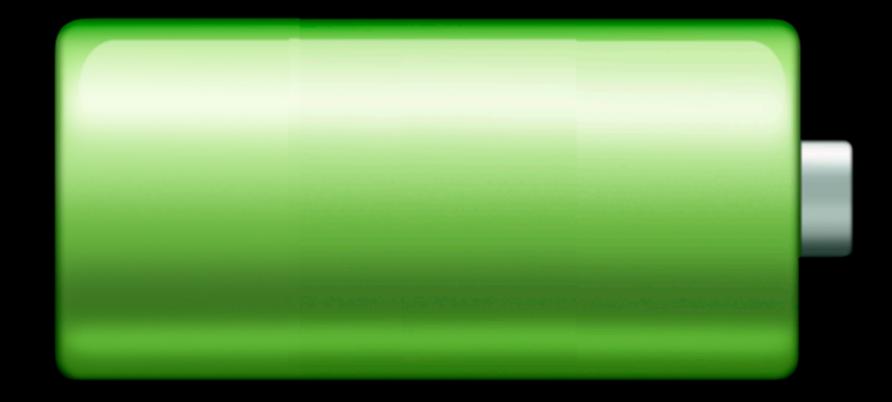
Power Consumption

Everything consumes power

- Radios up to ~2W
 - Baseband, Wi-Fi, Bluetooth, GPS
- CPU/GPU up to ~800 mW
- Display up to ~200 mW
- Hardware modules ~10s of mWs
- Keeping the system awake enormous impact

Battery Life

Be aware of power consumption



Power Consumption - Radios

The network

- Transmitting is the most expensive operation
- Minimize the amount of transmitted data
- Avoid chatty protocols
- Transmit/receive in bursts
- Use compact data formats
- Core Location
 - Stop the location service once you have a location fix
 - Request only the location accuracy that you need

Power Consumption - CPU/GPU All about performance

- Reduce CPU usage
- Use Sample or Shark
- Stress the GPU less fewer layers, smaller textures, etc.

Power Consumption - Hardware Modules Accelerometer, NAND, others

- Turn off what you don't need
- Accelerometer
 - Set the UIAccelerometer delegate to nil
 - Support orientation changes only as needed
- NAND
 - Access the disk less use the System Usage instrument

Power Consumption - Standby

Let the system sleep

- Battery life drops from 250+ hours to <12 hours without sleep
- Don't disable the idle timer
- Don't play audio except when you need to

Questions?