



# Customizing Maps with Overlays

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# Agenda

- Map Kit Review
- What's new in Map Kit
- Demos, Demos, Demos, Demos

# Map Kit Review

- Originally introduced in iPhone OS 3.0
- Allows you to add a map to your app
  - Uses Google for map data
  - Responds to panning and zooming gestures
  - You can annotate the map with pins or custom annotations
- Reverse geocoding

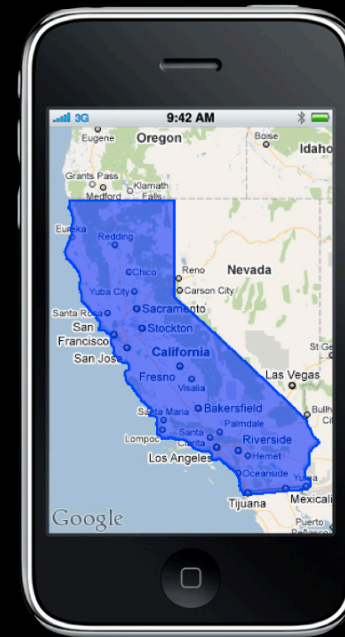
# Map Kit Review

# What's New in Map Kit

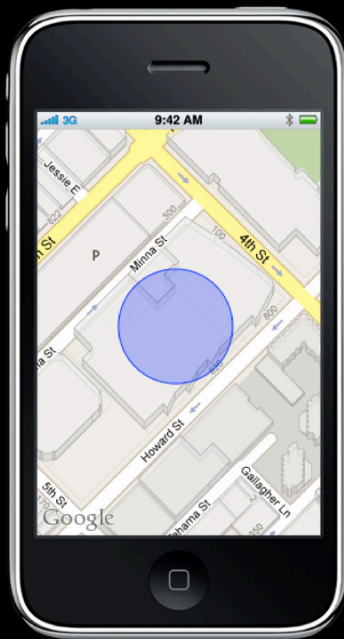


- Overlays
- Draggable Annotations
- New delegate messages

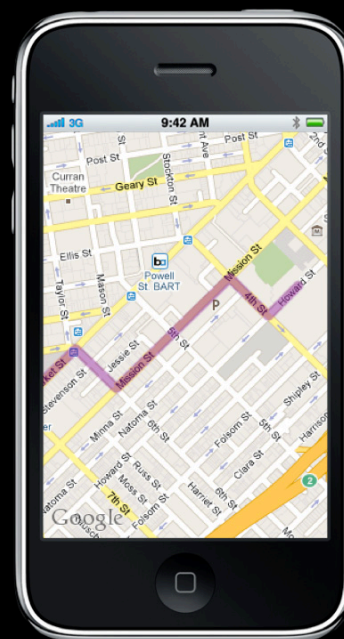
# Annotations vs. Overlays



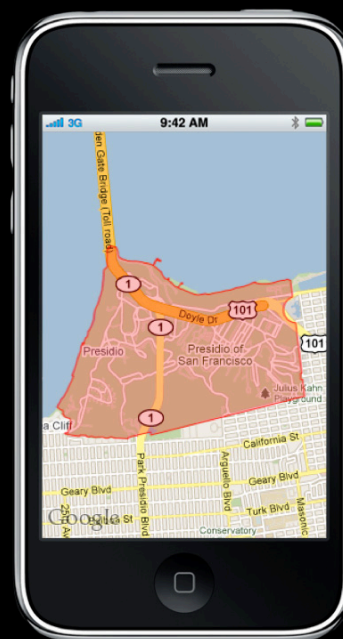
# Meet the Overlays



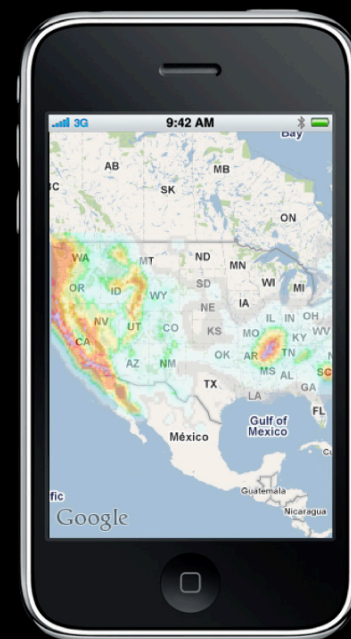
**MKCircle**



**MKPolyline**



**MKPolygon**



**Custom  
Overlay**

# Map View Layer Ordering

- 2. Annotation views
- 1. Overlay views
- 0. Base map





# Adding Overlays to the Map

```
- (void)viewDidLoad
{
    CLLocationCoordinate2D center = CLLocationCoordinate2DMake(37.784, -122.400);
    MKCircle *circle = [MKCircle circleWithCenterCoordinate:center radius:200];
    [map addOverlay:circle];
}
```

```
- (MKOverlayView *)mapView:(MKMapView *)map viewForOverlay:(id <MKOverlay>)overlay
{
    MKCircleView *circleView = [[MKCircleView alloc] initWithOverlay:overlay];
    circleView.strokeColor = [UIColor redColor];
    circleView.fillColor = [[UIColor redColor] colorWithAlphaComponent:0.4];
    return [circleView autorelease];
}
```

# Demo

Using built in overlay classes

# Process for Adding Overlays

- Add an overlay model object to the map
- Provide the corresponding view from the delegate

# Custom Overlays

- MKOverlay (model object)

```
@property (nonatomic, readonly) MKMapRect boundingMapRect;
```

- MKOverlayView

```
- (void)drawMapRect:(MKMapRect)mapRect  
    zoomScale:(MKZoomScale)zoomScale  
    inContext:(CGContextRef)context;
```

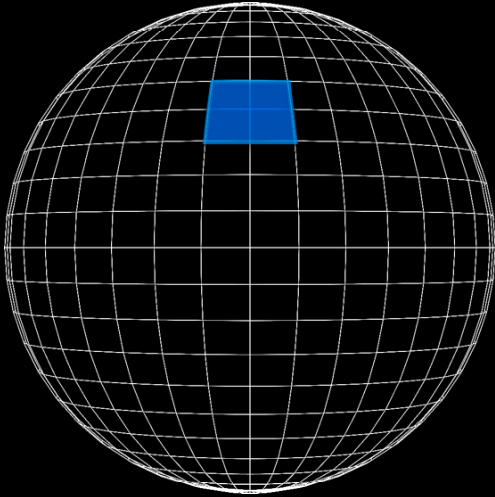
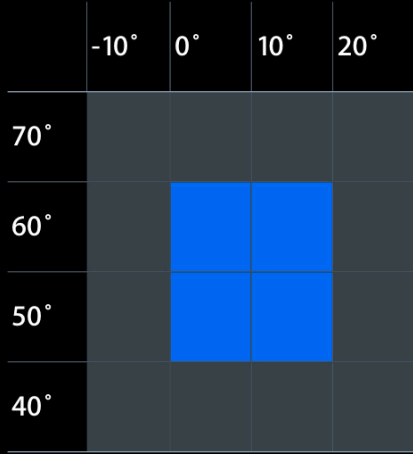
# Map Projection



# MKMapPoint

- Overlays must be drawn using projected coordinates
- MKMapPoint can represent any point on the map and is linearly proportional to screen points
  - $\text{Screen Point} = \text{MKMapPoint} \cdot \text{MKZoomScale}$
- Use **MKMapPointForCoordinate** to convert from latitude/longitude to MKMapPoints

# Gridded Data



# Demo

Projecting data in a custom overlay



# Subclassing MKOverlayView

- Drawing is asynchronous
  - Drawing code must be thread-safe
  - Model data in MKOverlay must either be protected with a lock or be immutable
- To use UIKit drawing functions, use UIGraphicsPushContext
- Drawn tiles are automatically cached
  - Use `setNeedsDisplayInMapRect`: sparingly to maximize use of cache

# Mutable Overlays

- All of the built in Map Kit overlays are immutable
- To get mutability, build your own custom overlay
- Only update the part of the map that has changed
- Protect overlay model data with a lock

# Demo

Mutable overlay

# Mutable Polyline

- Use a single custom overlay rather than remove/re-add new MKPolyline
- Protect list of points with a read-write lock
- Simplify and clip list of points before creating CGPath

# Raster Map Overlays

- Allows you to overlay your own map imagery on top of MKMapView
- Images must be warped to match the Mercator projection used by Map Kit
- Images should be cut into tiles at multiple levels of detail
- Tiles can be loaded either from within your application's bundle or asynchronously over the network

# Tiling a Raster Image

Zoom Level 10



Image source: NOAA, <http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/>

# Creating Raster Tiles from an Image

1. Install Geospatial Data Abstraction Library [<http://www.gdal.org>]
2. Get information about your image using `gdalinfo`
3. Create a vrt description of your image using `gdal_translate`
  - If your image is not already in a geographically annotated format such as GeoTIFF, you will need to assign a spatial reference system and list at least 4 control points
4. Generate image tiles using `gdal2tiles.py -p mercator image.vrt`

# Demo

## Raster Map Overlays



# Lessons Learned with Tile Map

- Image must be cut into tiles with power of two zoom levels
- You can convert MKZoomScale to zoom level
- Map Kit min/max zoom level is independent from your tiles's min/max zoom level
- Map Kit tile size is independent from your tiles's size

# Load Your Tiles on Demand

- `-[MKOverlayView canDrawMapRect:zoomScale:]` → tile needed
- Return NO from `-[MKOverlayView canDrawMapRect:zoomScale:]` unless you already have the tile
  - `-[MKOverlay setNeedsDisplayInMapRect:zoomScale:]` when you get the tile

# Load Your Tiles on Demand

- Coalesce tile requests into a fixed size stack
  - Most recent request is the most important
  - Old requests may no longer be visible
  - Stack size should be roughly 2x the number of tiles needed to cover the screen
  - When a request falls off the back of the stack, call `-[MKOverlay setNeedsDisplayInMapRect:zoomScale:]`

# More Information

## Mark Malone

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## Documentation

Map Kit Framework Reference  
[http://developer.apple.com/iphone/library/documentation/MapKit/Reference/MapKit\\_Framework\\_Reference/](http://developer.apple.com/iphone/library/documentation/MapKit/Reference/MapKit_Framework_Reference/)

## Apple Developer Forums

<http://devforums.apple.com>

# Labs

Map Kit Lab

Application Frameworks Lab B  
Thursday 2:00PM – 4:15PM

# Summary

- Built in Map Kit overlays let you add lines and shapes to your map
- Custom overlays let you draw arbitrary content atop the map

Q&A





