



What's New in the LLVM Compiler

Chris Lattner
LLVM Chief Architect

Apple Compiler Evolution

- Renovating the Apple compiler landscape
 - Phasing out GCC-based tools
 - Driving innovation in LLVM-based technologies
- This talk focuses on LLVM technology



About the LLVM Project



- Focused on building great tools
- Radically rethink how compilers are built and used
 - Build compilers as a set of reusable libraries
 - Support new applications with shared components
- Open source!
 - <http://llvm.org/>

Compiler Landscape

Three compilers

- GCC 4.2



- LLVM-GCC



- LLVM Compiler



Compiler Landscape

Two platforms



Compiler Landscape

Two releases

- Xcode 3.2.3
- Xcode 4 Developer Preview

LLVM in Xcode 3.2.3

New in Xcode 3.2.3

Updated LLVM-GCC and LLVM Compiler

- iPhone OS support
- Major enhancements for Mac OS X



LLVM-GCC

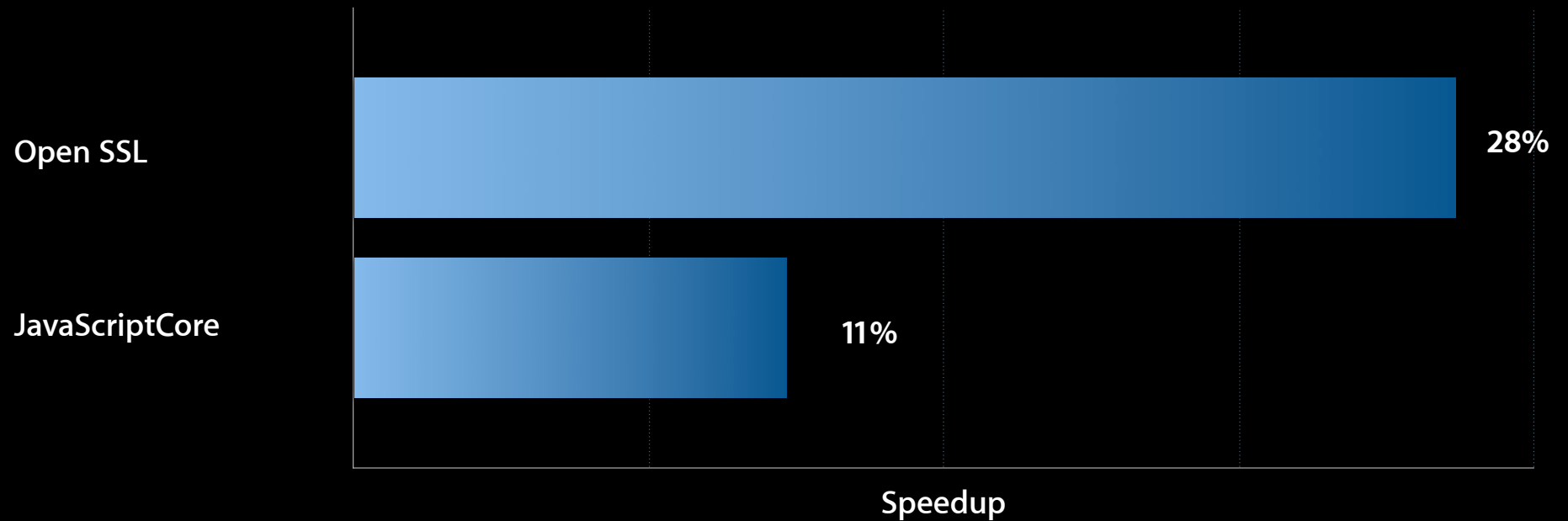
GCC Parser with LLVM code Generation



- Combines:
 - Advantages of the LLVM back end
 - Production quality C++ support

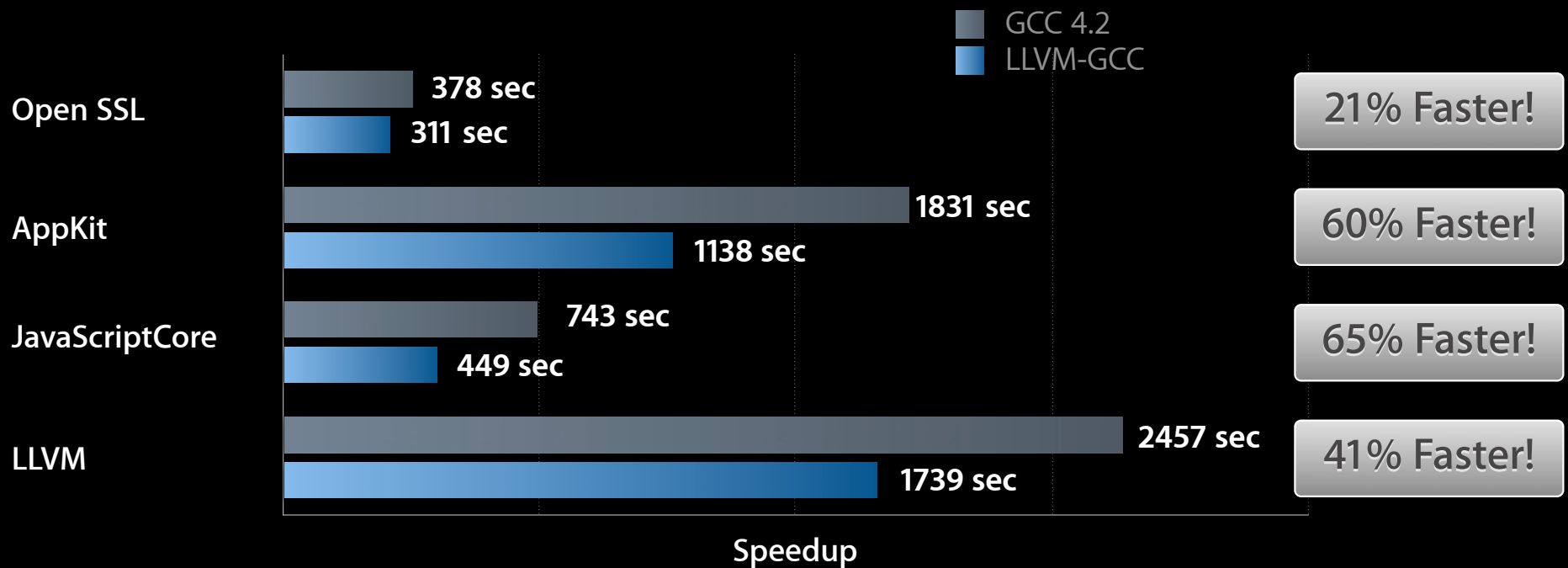
Most mature and stable compiler of the three

Example Performance Wins



- Built with LLVM in iOS 4
 - WebKit, JavaScriptCore, OpenSSL

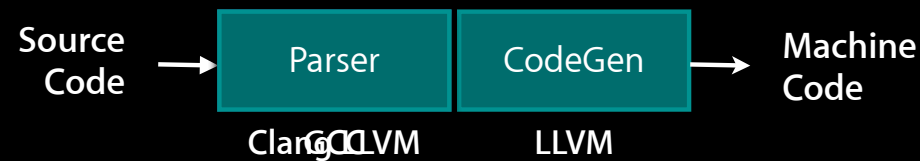
Faster Release Builds Than GCC



What about debug builds?

LLVM Compiler 1.5

Clang Parser with LLVM code generation



Now available for iPhone OS!

What Is the Clang Frontend?

- Parser for C family of languages
- LLVM library-based design approach
- Designed to build source-level tools
- <http://clang.llvm.org/>

Why Do We Care?

We want an amazing compiler experience!

- Fast compile times
- Great user features
- Beautiful error messages

Must keep great compatibility with GCC!

Last Year—Faster Debug Builds...



Error and Warning Improvements

- “Diagnostics” are error and warning reports
 - Compiler detects something is wrong
 - Tries to guess why and explain it
- GCC diagnostics are often not helpful
 - Confusing, poorly worded, not precise

```
$ gcc test.m
test.m:2: error: expected '=', ',', ';', 'asm' or '__attribute__' before '*' token
```

```
$ clang test.m
```

```
test.m:2:1: error: unknown type name 'NSString'
NSString *P = @"good stuff";
```

```
^
```


Spell Checking in Clang



- Clang helps identify typos based on the names in your source!
- Spell checking catches many simple errors for you

```
$ clang test.m
```

```
test.m:2:1: error: unknown type name 'NSstring'; did you mean 'NSString'?  
NSstring *P = @"good stuff";
```

```
~~~~~
```

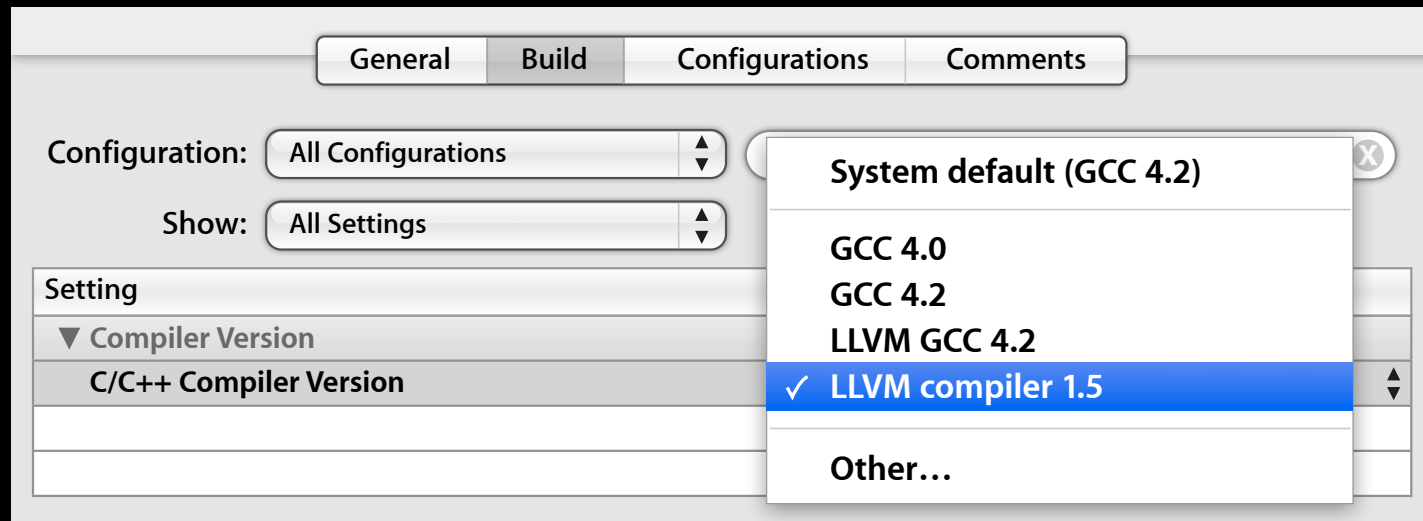


New Warnings Available

- Format string warnings: `-Wformat`
- Control-flow warnings: `-Wreturn-type`
- Value warnings: `-Wshorten-64-to-32`, `-Wconversion`, `-Wsign-compare`
- ...and many more!

```
test.c:2:17: warning: conversion specifies type 'int' but the argument has type
      'double' [-Wformat]
printf("<%s, %d>", key, value);
      ~^          ~~~~~
```

Selecting a Compiler in Xcode



More Than Just Compilers

- Modular, library-based design encourages reuse!
- Clang is part of many great new tools
 - LLVM Compiler
 - Xcode Static Analyzer
 - Xcode 4
 - LLDB Debugger
 - OpenCL

Xcode Static Analyzer

Automatically find bugs by analyzing your code

- Early detection of bugs via static code analysis
- Works on Mac and iPhone OS projects
- Easy to use—Build and Analyze

Xcode Static Analyzer

Automatically find bugs by analyzing your code

```
NSObject *objectID = 0;
for (NSUInteger i=0; i < count; ++i) {
    NSObject *object = [trackedElements objectAtIndex:i];
    if ([object isKindOfClass:[NSString class]])
    {
        objectID = [[NSString alloc] initWithString:aString];
    }
    if (objectID != nil)
    {
        [objectID release];
    }
}
```

The screenshot shows the Xcode Static Analyzer interface. Blue arrows indicate the flow of control and data between code elements. Annotations are shown in light blue boxes with a magnifying glass icon:

- Annotation for the `for` loop: "Looping back to the head of the loop" (with a left-pointing arrow).
- Annotation for the `initWithString` call: "Method returns an Objective-C object with a +1 retain count (owning reference)".
- Annotation for the `release` call: "Object released" (with an up-pointing arrow).
- Annotation for the code after `release`: "Reference-counted object is used after it is released" (with an up-pointing arrow).

Static Analyzer Improvements in Xcode 3.2.3

- Numerous “under-the-cover” improvements
 - Analysis support for Blocks
 - Better precision for array and field values
 - More API checks (e.g., Grand Central Dispatch)
- Finds more bugs with fewer false positives!
- <http://clang-analyzer.llvm.org/>

LLVM in Xcode 4

Doug Gregor
Clang C++ Technical Lead

LLVM in Xcode 4

Preview

- New tools
 - LLVM Compiler 2
 - New LLVM-based Debugger (LLDB)
- Clang integrated into Xcode 4
 - Source code indexing
 - Syntax highlighting
 - Code completion
 - Live warnings and Fix-its



Compiler Landscape in Xcode 4



GCC 4.0



GCC 4.2



LLVM-GCC 4.2

Default compiler



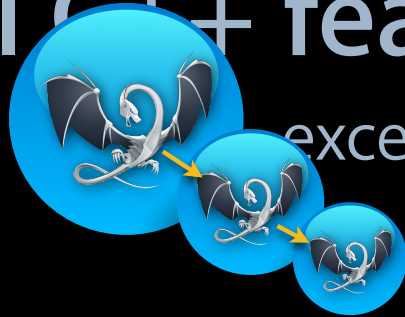
LLVM Compiler 2

Default for
new projects



LLVM Compiler 2

All C++ features implemented*
except exported templates



FreeBSD

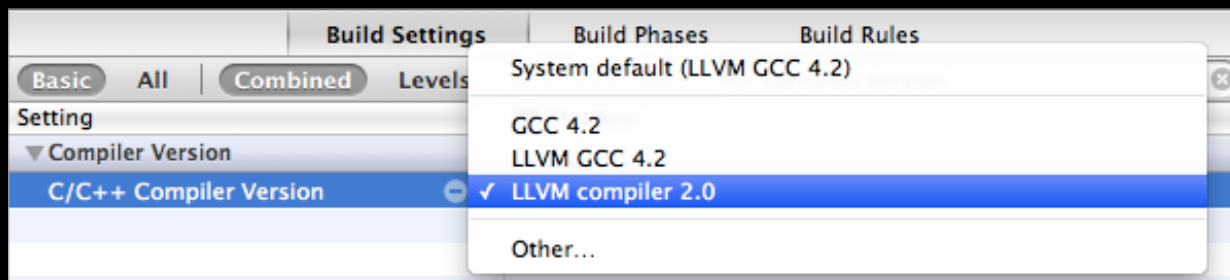
* The mark FreeBSD is a registered trademark of The FreeBSD Foundation and is used by Apple, Inc. with the permission of The FreeBSD Foundation.

Benefits of LLVM Compiler 2 C++

- Faster compilation
- Greatly improved warnings and errors
- Complete binary compatibility
- Better C++ standards conformance
- Objective-C++ support
- http://clang.llvm.org/cxx_compatibility.html

Trying Out the New LLVM Compiler 2

- Within Xcode 4
 - Default compiler for new projects
 - Select your compiler in the project build settings

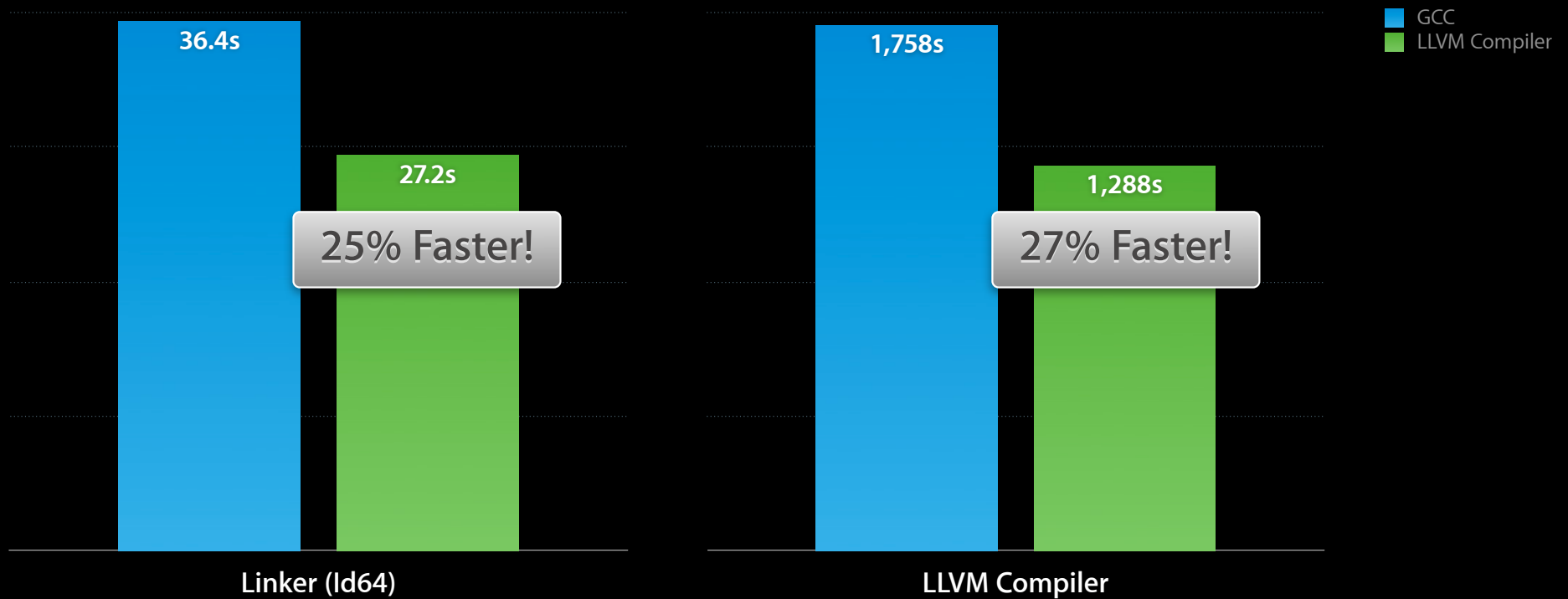


- Command line

```
$ /Xcode4/usr/bin/clang -c myfile.m  
$ /Xcode4/usr/bin/clang++ -c another_file.cpp
```

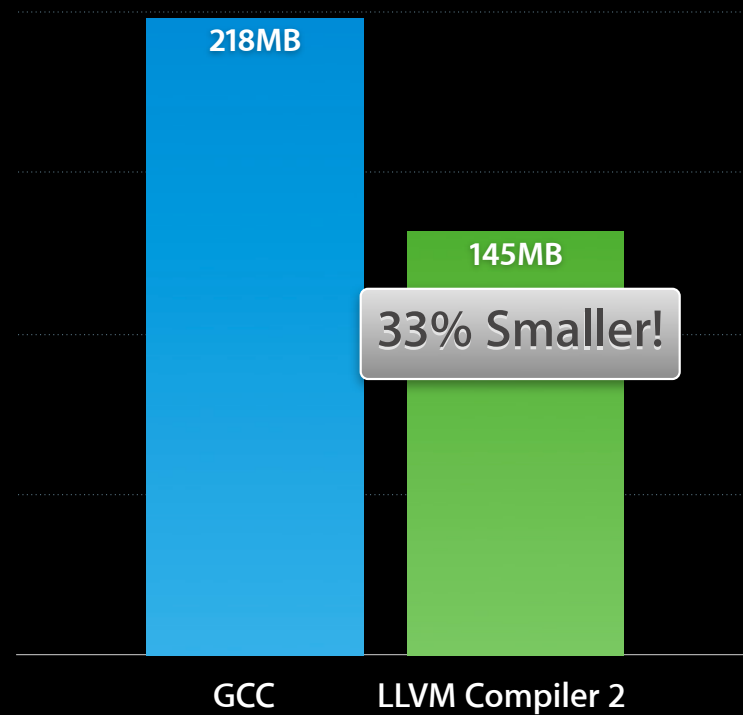
Performance

C++ Compile-Time Performance



C++ Memory Usage

Building—Mac OS X Linker (ld64)



Errors and Warnings

Precise, Informative Diagnostics

```
template<typename T> class VectorImpl {
public:
    void clear();
};

template<typename T> class Vector : VectorImpl<T> { };

void clear(Vector<int> &v) { v.clear(); }
```

- LLVM Compiler 2

- GCC 4.2

```
access.cpp:8:37: error: 'clear' is a private member of 'VectorImpl<int>'
void clear(Vector<int> &v) { v.clear(); }
access.cpp:3: error: 'void VectorImpl<T>::clear() [with T = int]' is inaccessible
access.cpp:6:37: note: constrained by implicitly private inheritance here
class Vector : VectorImpl<T> {
                ~~~~~
access.cpp:3:8: note: member is declared here
    void clear();
    ^
```

Ambiguities

```
class Person { };
class Teacher : public Person { };
class Student : public Person { };
class TeachingAssistant : public Teacher, public Student { };

void greet(Person *);
void startClass(TeachingAssistant *TA) { greet(TA); }
```

people.cpp:7:48: **error**: ambiguous conversion from derived class
'TeachingAssistant' to base class 'Person':

class TeachingAssistant -> class Teacher -> class Person

class TeachingAssistant -> class Student -> class Person

```
void startClass(TeachingAssistant *TA) { greet(TA); }
```



Spell Checking

```
typo.cpp:4:8: error: no template named 'Vector' in namespace 'std'; did you mean  
      'vector'?
```

```
std::Vector<float> grades;
```

~~~~~^~~~~

vector

```
In file included from typo.cpp:1:
```

```
In file included from /usr/include/c++/4.2.1/vector:69:
```

```
/usr/include/c++/4.2.1/bits/stl_vector.h:162:11: note: 'vector' declared here
```

```
class vector : protected _Vector_base<Tp, _Alloc>
```

^

# Understanding Overload Failures

```
class Canvas {
public:
    void Draw(Image *image, Point top_left);
    void Draw(Point *points, unsigned num_points, Color color);
};

void DrawPoly(Canvas *canvas, Point *firstPt, Point *lastPt, Color c) {
    canvas->Draw(firstPt, lastPt, c);
}
```

**draw.cpp:16:11: error: no matching member function for call to 'Draw'**  
canvas->Draw(firstPt, lastPt, c);  
~~~~~^

draw.cpp:12:8: note: candidate function not viable: no known conversion from 'Point *' to 'unsigned int' for 2nd argument

```
void Draw(Point *points, unsigned num_points, Color color);  
^
```

draw.cpp:11:8: note: candidate function not viable: requires 2 arguments, but 3 were provided

```
void Draw(Image *image, Point top_left);  
^
```

C++ Moving Forward

Upcoming C++ '0x Standard

- Major upgrade to C++ language and library
- Backward compatible with current C++ standard
- ISO C++ Standard Expected in 2011

libc++: A New C++ Standard Library

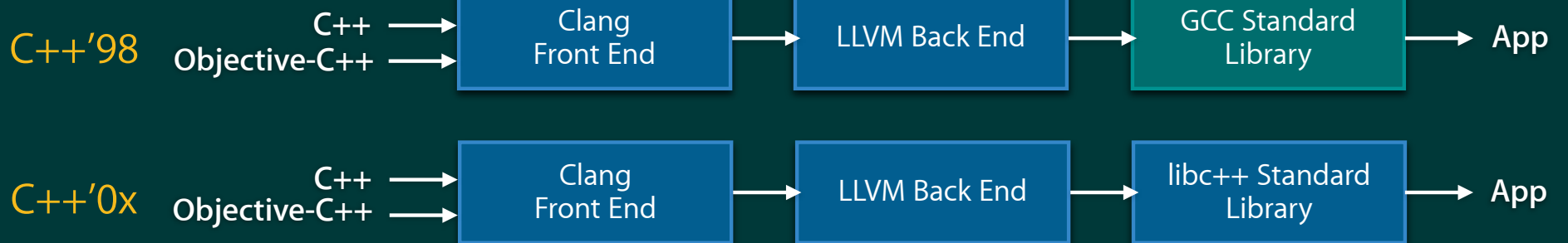
- Designed for C++'0x
- Better performance
- 100% open source
 - <http://libcxx.llvm.org/>

C++ Tools Evolution

LLVM-GCC



LLVM Compiler



Summary

Xcode 3.2.3



- LLVM-GCC
 - Supports iPhone OS development
 - Better optimized code and smaller compiled binaries
- LLVM Compiler 1.5
 - Super fast compiles
 - New warnings and static analyzer improvements

Summary

Xcode 4 preview



- New tools
 - LLVM Compiler 2 (with C++ support)
 - LLDB (new LLVM-based debugger)
- Clang-powered Xcode features
 - Clang-based code completion and source indexing
 - Live warnings and Fix-its

More Information

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Developer Tools Evangelist

jurewitz@apple.com

LLVM Project

Open Source LLVM Project Home

<http://llvm.org>

Apple Developer Forums

<http://devforums.apple.com>

Related Sessions

LLVM Technologies In Depth

Nob Hill
Thursday 3:15PM

Debugging with Xcode 4 and LLDB

Mission
Friday 9:00AM

Labs

LLVM Lab

Developer Tools Lab B
Thursday 4:30PM

Xcode 4 Lab

Developer Tools Lab B
Friday 9:00AM

Q&A



