Using Core Image on iOS and Mac OS X

Session 422

David Hayward Advanced Imaging Team

These are confidential sessions—please refrain from streaming, blogging, or taking pictures

What We Will Discuss Today

- Introducing Core Image on iOS 5
 - Key concepts
 - Basic architecture
 - Classes and API
 - Platform specifics
- Using Core Image in iOS
 - Initializing a CIImage
 - Filtering a ClImage
 - Rendering through a CIContext
- Image analysis

Introducing Core Image in iOS 5

Basic Concept

Filters perform per pixel operations on an image



Original

Result

The final result is a new image

Basic Concept Filters can be chained together



Original



Result

This allows for complex effects

Basic Concept Filters chains are concatenated



Original

Result

This eliminates intermediate buffers

Basic Concept Filters chains are optimized







Original

Result

This further improves performance

Basic Concept Filters chains are optimized









Result

This further improves performance

Basic Architecture



Core Image Classes

• ClFilter

- A mutable object that represents an effect
- Has image or numeric input parameters
- Produces one output image based on current inputs

• Cllmage

- An immutable object that represents the recipe for an image
- Can represent a file from disk or the output of a CIFilter
- ClContext
 - A object through which Core Image draw results
 - Can be based on on CPU or GPU

CIContext CPU vs. GPU

• Both have their place

CPU	GPU
Fidelity	Performance
Background Friendly	Offloads the CPU

Core Image Classes

1

Create a Cllmage object

image = [CIImage imageWithContentsOfURL:myURL];



Create a CIFilter object

filter = [CIFilter filterWithName:@"CISepiaTone"];
[filter setValue:image forKey:kCIInputImageKey];
[filter setValue:[NSNumber numberWithFloat:0.8f] forKey:@"inputIntensity"];



Create a CIContext object

context = [CIContext contextWithOptions:nil];

4 Render the filter output image into a CGImage

result = [filter valueForKey:kCIOutputImageKey];
cgimage = [context createCGImage:result fromRect:[result extent]];

Current Built-in Filters

- CIAffineTransform
- CIColorControls
- CIColorMatrix
- ClConstantColorGenerator
- ClCrop
- CIExposureAdjust
- ClGammaAdjust
- CIHighlightShadowAdjust

- CIHueAdjust
- CISepiaTone
- CISourceOverCompositing
- CIStraightenFilter
- CITemperatureAndTint
- CIToneCurve
- CIVibrance
- CIWhitePointAdjust

Platform Specifics

	iOS	Mac OS
Filters	16 Built-in Filters (emphasis on photo adjustment)	130 Built-in Filters + Developer Extendable
Core API	ClFilter, ClImage, ClContext,	CIFilter, CIImage, CIContext, CIKernel, CIFilterShape
Performance	Render-time optimizations of filter graph	
Rendering	CPU or Open GL ES 2	CPU or Open GL

Demo Core Image in action

Chendi Zhang Employee

Using Core Image in iOS 5

Using Core Image in iOS 5 Initializing a ClImage

Initializing a Climage A Climage can be initialized from:

- ImageIO supported formats
 - +imageWithURL:options:
 - +imageWithData:options:
- Other image types
 - +imageWithCGImage:options:

+imageWithCVPixelBuffer:options:



Only on

Mac OS

- +imageWithCVImageBuffer:options:
 +imageWithIOSurface:options:
- Raw pixel data

+imageWithBitmapData:bytesPerRow:size:format:colorSpace:

Initializing a ClImage's Colorspace

- On Mac OS
 - A Climage can be tagged with any colorspace
 - If tagged, pixels are converted to linear working space before filtering
- On iOS
 - A CIImage can be tagged with "Device RGB" colorspace
 - If tagged, pixels are gamma corrected to linear before filtering
- Use the **kCIImageColorSpace** option to override the default colorspace
 - Set value of this key to [NSNull null] to leave image unmanaged

Initializing a CIImage's Metadata

- New method to get metadata properties from an image
 - -(NSDictionary*) properties
 - Contains same key/values as CGImageSourceCopyPropertiesAtIndex
 - One notable key is kCGImagePropertyOrientation
- Properties are automatic if you use imageWithURL: Or imageWithData:
 - Otherwise properties can be specified using kCIImageProperties option

Using Core Image in iOS 5 Filtering a ClImage

Filter Application

- Query Core Image for the list of built-in filters
 NSArray *list = [CIFilter filterNamesInCategory:kCICategoryBuiltIn];
- Filters are instantiated by name
 CIFilter *filter = [CIFilter filterWithName:@"CISepiaTone"]
- Calling [filter attributes] will tell you about the filter's inputs
 - The key for each input
 - The expected data type of each input
 - NSNumber, CIVector, CIImage, etc.
 - Common values of each input
 - Default, identity, minimum, and maximum

Filter Application

```
• Inputs of a filter are set using key value conventions
```

```
[filter setValue:image forKey:kCIInputImageKey];
[filter setValue:[NSNumber numberWithFloat:0.8f] forKey:@"inputIntensity"];
```

• Output of a filter is obtained via the outputImage property

```
output = [filter valueForKey:kCIOutputImageKey];
```

```
output = [filter outputImage];
output = filter.outputImage;
```

Only on iOS

Shortcut

Filter Application Chaining multiple filters

- Apply first filter to input image
- Apply next filter
- No pixel processing is performed while building the chain
 - That work is deferred until render is requested...



Using Core Image in iOS 5 Rendering Core Image output

Rendering Core Image Output

- Now that you have a filtered ClImage what can you do with it?
- We'll show how to render in these common use cases:
 - Displaying in a UllmageView
 - Save the result into the photo library
 - Displaying in a CAEAGLLayer-backed view
 - Passing results back to Core Video

Rendering Core Image Output UllmageView

Rendering Core Image Output UllmageView

```
• Convert the orientation property to UllmageOrientation
UIImageOrientation ui_orientation (NSDictionary* props)
{
    int o = [[props valueForKey:(id)kCGImagePropertyOrientation] intValue];
    UIImageOrientation map[] = {
      UIImageOrientationUp,
      UIImageOrientationUp, UIImageOrientationUpMirrored,
      UIImageOrientationDown, UIImageOrientationDownMirrored,
      UIImageOrientationLeftMirrored, UIImageOrientationRight,
      UIImageOrientationRightMirrored, UIImageOrientationLeft,
    };
    return map[o];
}
```

Rendering Core Image Output Photo library

• Create a CPU context

- Why a CPU context?
 - Will allow your app to do processing in the background
 - GPU contexts have texture size limits
 - CPU context supports larger input and output images

Rendering Core Image Output Photo library

```
• Create a CGImage from the CIImage
```

• Add the CGImage to the photo library

```
ALAssetsLibrary *library = [ALAssetsLibrary new];
[library writeImageToSavedPhotosAlbum:cgimg
    metadata:[outputImage properties]
    completionBlock:^(NSURL *assetURL, NSError *error) {
        CGImageRelease(cgimg);
    }];
```

Rendering Core Image Output CAEAGLLayer

- Render directly to the screen via a CAEAGLLayer
 - Avoids unnecessary CGImageRef intermediates buffers
 - Reduces GPU downloads/uploads
- Use the "OpenGL Game" Xcode template to setup a basic Open GL ES 2.0 project
- Create the CIContext using the same EAGLContext that contains the framebuffer and renderbuffer

```
CIContext *ci_ctx = [CIContext contextWithEAGLContext:eagl_ctx];
```

Rendering Core Image Output CAEAGLLayer

```
• When you need to update the screen
```

```
- (void)updateScreen
{
    CIImage *image = [filter outputImage];
    [context drawImage:image atPoint:CGPointZero fromRect:[image extent]];
    glBindRenderbuffer(GL_RENDERBUFFER, render_buffer);
    [eaglContext presentRenderbuffer:GL_RENDERBUFFER];
}
```

Demo Rendering directly to screen

Rendering Core Image Output Core Video

• Render to a CVPixelBufferRef

CIContext *context = [CIContext context];

CIImage *ciimage = [filter outputImage];

• Allows you to process video frames within a Core Video pipeline

Demo Using Core Image to filter and save live video

Performance Best Practices

- Climages and ClFilter are autoreleased
 - Use autorelease pools to reduce memory pressure
- When creating CVPixelBuffers use the attribute kCVPixelBufferI0SurfacePropertiesKey
- Don't create a ClContext every time you render
- Core Animation and Core Image both can use the GPU
 - Avoid CA animations while rendering Climages with a GPU context

Performance Best Practices

- CPU and GPU CIContexts have limits on image sizes
 - Check the context limits by using:
 - (CGSize) inputImageMaximumSize;
 - (CGSize) outputImageMaximumSize;



Performance generally scales linearly with the number of output pixels

Only on iOS

- You can use Core Graphics or ImageIO APIs to crop or down-sample CGImageCreateWithImageInRect
 - CGImageSourceCreateThumbnailAtIndex

Image Analysis

Image Analysis

Image Analysis goes beyond normal image filtering
Requires reading pixels from the source image

- Introducing two new Image Analysis tools for iOS
 - Face Detection
 - Auto Enhance

Face Detection





- Same API on Lion and iOS 5
- Two classes
 - CIDetector
 - CIFeature
 - CIFaceFeature



Creating a detector
 CIDetector* detector = [CIDetector detector0fType:CIDetectorTypeFace context:nil options:opts];
 Options: Tell the detector to be fast or thorough opts = [NSDictionary dictionaryWith0bject:CIDetectorAccuracyLow forKey:CIDetectorAccuracy];
 opts = [NSDictionary dictionaryWith0bject:CIDetectorAccuracyHigh forKey:CIDetectorAccuracy];



• Finding features in an image

- Options: Tell the detector what direction is up
 - opts = [NSDictionary dictionaryWithObject:
 [[image properties] valueForKey:kCGImagePropertyOrientation]
 forKey:CIDetectorImageOrientation]];



Demo Face Detection

Piotr Maj Software Engineer

Core Image Auto Enhance

Auto Enhance

- Analyzes an image for its
 - Histogram
 - Face region contents
 - Metadata properties
- Returns an array of CIFilters
 - Filter inputs parameters customized improve the specific image



Auto Enhance



Filter	Purpose
CIRedEyeCorrection	Repair red/amber/white eye from camera flash
CIFaceBalance	Adjust color of image to give pleasing skin tones
CIVibrance	Increase saturation without distorting skin tones
CIToneCurve	Adjust image contrast
CIHighlightShadowAdjust	Adjust shadow details

Auto Enhance







Auto Enhance API



- A simple API
 - -(NSArray *)autoAdjustmentFiltersWithOptions:(NSDictionary*)options;
- Some important options
 - If you just want red eye correction set kCIImageAutoAdjustEnhance to false
 - If you just want other enhancements set kCIImageAutoAdjustRedEye to false
 - Use orientation to tell Core Image what's up

NSDictionary* opts = [NSDictionary dictionaryWithObject: [[image properties] valueForKey:kCGImagePropertyOrientation] forKey:CIDetectorImageOrientation]];

Auto Enhance API



• Get the array of adjustment filters

NSArray *adjustments = [image autoAdjustmentFiltersWithOptions:options];

• Chain the filters together

```
for ( CIFilter *filter in adjustments ) {
    [filter setValue:image forKey:kCIImageInputImage];
    image = filter.outputImage;
}
```

- You can save the filter names and parameter values for later
 - Allows the enhancements to be done later without the cost of re-analyzing the image.
- Now ready to render

Demo Auto Enhance

More Information

Allan Schaffer Graphics and Imaging Evangelist aschaffer@apple.com

Apple Developer Forums http://devforums.apple.com

Related Sessions

Capturing the Camera using AV Foundation on iOS 5

Pacific Heights Wednesday 4:30PM

la	hs

Core Image

Graphics & Media Lab A Thursday 4:30PM

