Best Practices for Mastering Auto Layout for OS X and iOS

Session 228 Peter Ammon AppKit Engineer

These are confidential sessions—please refrain from streaming, blogging, or taking pictures

Make your layouts simpler to write simpler to modify easier to understand











Identical APIs!





Aimost Identical APIs!









"View"



• One new class—NSLayoutConstraint

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- Constraints express geometric properties of views

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foo

foo.width = 120

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• Constraints also express geometric relationships between views

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bar

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• Relationships have a coefficient and a constant

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foo foo.width = 120

• Constraints also express geometric relationships between views



foo.width = bar.width

• Relationships have a coefficient and a constant

```
foo.width = bar.width * 2 - 20
```

• Constraints can be equalities or inequalities

foo

• Constraints can be equalities or inequalities

foo.width >= 120

• Constraints can be equalities or inequalities

foo.width >= 120

• Constraints have priorities

foo

• Constraints can be equalities or inequalities

foo.width >= 120

• Constraints have priorities

foo

foo

foo.width = 120 with priority 500

foo.width = 75 with priority 1000

- Constraints can be created three ways
 - Interface Builder
 - Visual format language
 - Base API
- Prefer this order

- Thinking in constraints
 - Transitioning to constraints
- Debugging constraint-based layouts
 - Ambiguity
 - Unsatisfiability
 - Reading log messages
- Unleashing the power of constraints
 - Animation
 - Writing a custom control
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- Auto Layout can be used like springs and struts
- But you get the most benefits from a shift in thinking
- Let your layouts becomes declarative







Springs and Struts



Springs and Struts



keyWidth = containerWidth / keyCount

- padding * (keyCount + 1) / keyCount

Springs and Struts



Springs and Struts






Auto Layout



Auto Layout





Auto Layout



```
Q.width = container.width / keyCount
               - padding * (keyCount + 1) / keyCount
Q.minX = container.minX + padding
W.minX = Q.maxX + padding
E.minX = W.maxX + padding...
```

Relationships

Auto Layout



Q.minX = container.minX + padding
W.minX = Q.maxX + padding
E.minX = W.maxX + padding...









Demo

- Layout becomes distributed
- Decompose sophisticated layouts into components
- Each component contributes the constraints it cares about
- Layout becomes "owned"

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Migrating from Springs and Struts 1. Plan your attack

- A partial conversion lets you use Auto Layout just where you need it
 Some compatibility issues to be aware of
- A full conversion will pay major dividends

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2. Turn on Auto Layout in your nibs

- Create the constraints you want in IB
- IB will create constraints that reflect your existing layout
- Add to or modify them

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Migrating from Springs and Struts 3. Turn off autoresizing mask translation for every view you create programmatically

[view setTranslatesAutoresizingMaskIntoConstraints:N0]

• If you forget, you'll get unsatisfiable constraint warnings quickly

4. Look for places where you perform layout

- (void)layoutSubviews {...

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[view setFrame:rect]
[view setFrameSize:size]
[view setFrameOrigin:point]

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They all have to go!

- (void)layoutSubviews {...

[view setFrame:rect]
[view setFrameSize:size]
[view setFrameOrigin:point]

They all have to go! (But what do I replace them with?)

- Stop and think
 - Don't try to merely replicate what the existing code is doing
 - Think about the underlying layout

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- Try replacing it with nothing!
 - Are you working around a limitation of springs and struts?
 - Does the code implement a relationship?

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 - Don't try to merely replicate what the existing code is doing
 - Think about the underlying layout
- Try replacing it with nothing!
 - Are you working around a limitation of springs and struts?
 - Does the code implement a relationship?
- Otherwise, add some constraints

• Think about which component should own each constraint
Migrating from Springs and Struts

Think about which component should own each constraint
Consider centralizing it in updateConstraints

Migrating from Springs and Struts 5. Test it

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- Verify the layout is correct
- Fix issues you may have

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• Wait, what?

Auto Layout

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What Can Go Wrong?

- Constraints that provide insufficient information
 - Ambiguity
- Constraints that provide conflicting information
 - Unsatisfiability
- Constraints that are satisfied in unexpected ways

What Can Go Wrong?

- Interface Builder prevents unsatisfiable or ambiguous constraints
- Rely on Interface Builder as much as possible
- You can reference constraints with outlets

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- A common symptom is that your views will cycle between those layouts
- Views "jump" or disappear entirely (jump to zero size)

• Usually it means you need more constraints

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- Each view needs four properties (two in each dimension)
 - MinX, Width, MinY, Height
 - MinX, MaxX, CenterY, MaxY
 - CenterX, Width, Baseline, Height
 - etc.

- Usually it means you need more constraints
- Each view needs four properties (two in each dimension)
 - MinX, Width, MinY, Height
 - MinX, MaxX, CenterY, MaxY
 - CenterX, Width, Baseline, Height
 - etc.
- Inequalities by themselves are usually not enough
 - view.width \geq 20 is it 20? 200? 2 billion?
 - Inequalities don't care how much larger or smaller you are
 - But equalities care

• Rarely, ambiguity means you need to adjust priorities

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[view(24@500)

[view(>=30@500)]

• Rarely, ambiguity means you need to adjust priorities

[view(24@500)

[view(>=30@500)]

- It can't satisfy both
- They have equal priorities
- Ambiguity!

• Rarely, ambiguity means you need to adjust priorities

[view(24@500)

[view(>=30@<mark>525</mark>)]

• Rarely, ambiguity means you need to adjust priorities

[view(24@500)

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[view(24@500) [view

[view(>=30@525)]

- It still can't satisfy both
- The inequality has a higher priority, so it will be satisfied first
- The equality will be satisfied as closely as possible
- No ambiguity!

• Rarely, ambiguity means you need to adjust priorities

[view(24@500) [view(>=30@525)]

- It still can't satisfy both
- The inequality has a higher priority, so it will be satisfied first
- The equality will be satisfied as closely as possible
- No ambiguity!
- view.width = 30

- Is my layout ambiguous? [view hasAmbiguousLayout]
 What is ambiguous about it?
 - [view exerciseAmbiguityInLayout]

[window visualizeConstraints: @[]]

Auto Layout

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- Only required constraints can contribute to unsatisfiability
 - Constraints are required by default!
- Sizes are implicitly required to be at least zero

- Unsatisfiability is immediately reported
- Ambiguity can be temporarily tolerated
- Remove constraints as soon as they might become invalid
- Create valid constraints again in updateConstraints
Where are your views?Check their -frame

- Where are your views?
 - Check their -frame
- What constraints are making them that size?
 - Output [view constraintsAffectingLayoutForOrientation/Axis: NSLayoutConstraintOrientationHorizontal/Vertical]

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- Is the layout ambiguous?
 - Call [view hasAmbiguousLayout]
 - Call [view exerciseAmbiguityInLayout]

• Some layouts are only satisfiable at 0 size!

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foo.width = bar.width * 2

bar.width = foo.width * 3

• Some layouts are only satisfiable at 0 size!



Demo

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```
Unable to simultaneously satisfy constraints:
```

```
"<NSLayoutConstraint:0x10441ced0 LetterView-'H'.centerX == LetterPile:
0x102b25230.centerX - 11 (Names: LetterView-'H':0x10423c390 )>",
    "<NSLayoutConstraint:0x10441ce70 LetterView-'H'.centerX == LetterPile:
0x102b25230.centerX + 170 (Names: LetterView-'H':0x10423c390 )>"
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Will attempt to recover by breaking constraint
<NSLayoutConstraint:0x10441ce70 LetterView-'H'.centerX == LetterPile:
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```
Set the NSUserDefault
NSConstraintBasedLayoutVisualizeMutuallyExclusiveConstraints to YES to have
-[NSWindow visualizeConstraints:] automatically called when this happens.
And/or, break on objc_exception_throw to catch this in the debugger.
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NSLayoutConstraint:0x10441ced0

LetterView-'H'.centerX == LetterPile:0x102b25230.centerX - 11

NSLayoutConstraint:0x10441ced0 <---- Constraint's address

LetterView-'H'.centerX == LetterPile:0x102b25230.centerX - 11

NSLayoutConstraint:0x10441ced0

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(Names: LetterView-'H':0x10423c390)

Map from identifier to view

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Map from identifier to view

• View identifiers make logs easier to read

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V Custom Class											
Class			NSView			0					
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View's identifier

NSLayoutConstraint:0x10441ced0

LetterView-'H'.centerX == LetterPile:0x102b25230.centerX - 11











"The letter view's center should be 11 points to the left of the pile's center"
• Logs use the visual format syntax when possible

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H:[NSView:0x102b5b3a0(250)]

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"The view's width is 250"

• Logs use the visual format syntax when possible

H:[NSView:0x102b5b3a0(250)]

"The view's width is 250"

H:[NSView:0x10480cd00]-(>=50)-[NSView:0x10481e9a0]>

• Logs use the visual format syntax when possible

H:[NSView:0x102b5b3a0(250)]

"The view's width is 250"

H:[NSView:0x10480cd00]-(>=50)-[NSView:0x10481e9a0]>

"This view is at least 50 points to the right of that view"

<NSAutoresizingMaskLayoutConstraint:0x10590a360 h=-&- v=&-V:[NSView:0x102e2af20(50)]>

<NSAutoresizingMaskLayoutConstraint:0x10590a360 h=-&- v=&--V:[NSView:0x102e2af20(50)]>

• translatesAutoresizingMaskIntoConstraints is on for this view

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• translatesAutoresizingMaskIntoConstraints is on for this view

Autoresizing Mask

• That produces more than one constraint



- translatesAutoresizingMaskIntoConstraints is on for this view
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- translatesAutoresizingMaskIntoConstraints is on for this view
- That produces more than one constraint

H: |-(200)-[NSView:0x103b25090]



H: |-(200)-[NSView:0x103b25090]



H: |-(200)-[NSView:0x103b25090]

Horizontal

<NSAutoresizingMaskLayoutConstraint:0x103b25030 h=-&- v=&--H:|-(200)-[NSView:0x103b25090]







H: |-(200)-[NSView:0x103b25090]

Superview's description

<NSAutoresizingMaskLayoutConstraint:0x103b25030 h=-&- v=&--</pre>

H:|-(200)-[NSView:0x103b25090]

H: |-(200)-[NSView:0x103b25090]

H: |-(200)-[NSView:0x103b25090]

(Names: '|':FlippedView:0x102e163f0)>

"This view's left edge is 200 points from that of its superview, which is a FlippedView"

Auto Layout

• Thinking in constraints

- Transitioning to constraints
- Debugging constraint-based layouts
 - Ambiguity
 - Unsatisfiability
 - Reading log messages

• Unleashing the power of constraints

- Animation
- Writing a custom control
- Internationalization

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• How do you animate layout changes?

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- Apply the new layout and let CoreAnimation handle animation
 - Very fast
 - May transiently appear to violate constraints

- How do you animate layout changes?
- Apply the new layout and let CoreAnimation handle animation
 - Very fast
 - May transiently appear to violate constraints
- Animate constraints directly
 - Pretty fast
 - Produces a correct layout at every frame








Animation



Animation with CoreAnimation

Animation with CoreAnimation

- Adjust your constraints
- Within an animation block, call
- [view layoutIfNeeded] ON iOS
- [view layoutSubtreeIfNeeded] ON OS X

Animation with CoreAnimation

NSView

[NSAnimationContext runAnimationGroup:^(NSAnimationContext *context) {
 [context setDuration:0.5];

[context setAllowsImplicitAnimation:YES];

- [view layoutSubtreeIfNeeded];
- } completionHandler:nil]

• UIView

```
[UIView animateWithDuration:0.5 animations:^{
    [view layoutIfNeeded];
}]
```

@interface NSLayoutConstraint

@property (readonly) NSLayoutAttribute firstAttribute; @property (readonly) CGFloat multiplier; @property (readwrite) CGFloat constant; @end

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@property (readonly) NSLayoutAttribute firstAttribute;
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• The constant may be modified after creation

```
• Permits efficient relayouts
```

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@property (readonly) NSLayoutAttribute firstAttribute;
@property (readonly) CGFloat multiplier;
@property (readwrite) CGFloat constant;
@end
```

- The constant may be modified after creation
- Permits efficient relayouts
- Use an NSTimer

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Demo

Auto Layout

- Thinking in constraints
 - Transitioning to constraints
- Debugging constraint-based layouts
 - Ambiguity
 - Unsatisfiability
 - Reading log messages
- Unleashing the power of constraints
 - Animation
 - Writing a custom control
 - Internationalization

- Constraints operate on content, not frames
- The content area is called the alignment rect

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Push Me

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- Constraints operate on content, not frames
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• You can convert between alignment rects and frames

@implementation (NS,UI)View

- (CGRect)alignmentRectForFrame:(CGRect)frame
- (CGRect)frameForAlignmentRect:(CGRect)alignmentRect

- Many views are equally happy at any size
- Some views have a preferred size
 - sizeToFit
 sizeThatFits:
- In Auto Layout, this is the intrinsicContentSize

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• An intrinsic content size generates two constraints per dimension



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• This is sufficient to unambiguously size the view!
- Why two constraints?
- Because they can have different priorities!

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- Why two constraints?
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• Low content hugging priority, high compression resistance priority

- Why two constraints?
- Because they can have different priorities!



• High content hugging priority, high compression resistance priority

- Intrinsic content size is not settable
- The constraint priorities are settable

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- Intrinsic content size is not settable
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@implementation NSView

- (void)setContentHuggingPriority:(NSLayoutPriority)priority
 forOrientation:(NSLayoutConstraintOrientation)orientation;

- Intrinsic content size is not settable
- The constraint priorities are settable

@implementation UIView

- (void)setContentHuggingPriority:(UILayoutPriority)priority
 forAxis:(UILayoutConstraintAxis)axis;
- (void)setContentCompressionResistancePriority:(UILayoutPriority)priority
 forAxis:(UILayoutConstraintAxis)axis;

@end







- The view calls [self invalidateIntrinsicContentSize] whenever its content changes
- Auto Layout reestablishes the sizing constraints
- If you implement a custom control, call this whenever your intrinsicContentSize might change



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- sizeToFit must preserve binary compatibility
- It may be wrong for the current artwork
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- Use intrinsicContentSize as a better sizeToFit

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• Do

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- Hard-code values

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- Do not
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 - Call super and "tweak" its value
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Consider using the default implementation

• Override - (NS/UIEdgeInsets)alignmentRectInsets;

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NSView

-layout sets the receiver's frame to the values determined by the constraints

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UIView

-layoutSubviews sets the receiver's center and bounds to the values determined by the constraints

NSView

-layout sets the receiver's frame to the values determined by the constraints

UIView

-layoutSubviews sets the receiver's center and bounds to the values determined by the constraints

- Afterwards, the constraints and frames agree
- Override it to do custom layout as long as you maintain that invariant










Overriding layout / layoutSubviews Achieving a layout-dependent view hierarchy



- Override -layout / -layoutSubviews
- Call super
- Inspect the resulting view positions and sizes
- Adjust subviews and constraints
- Call super again
- Repeat!

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• Auto Layout makes internationalization easier

- Controls size according to their content
- The same constraints still work across different localizations

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- Auto Layout makes internationalization easier
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- One nib can now service multiple localizations
- Control content is translated with a strings file at runtime
- You can fall back to separate nibs when necessary



- Right-to-left support is built in
- The leading and trailing edges flip under right-to-left localizations



- Right-to-left support is built in
- The leading and trailing edges flip under right-to-left localizations



Demo

Summary

- Auto Layout allows for powerful layout with less (or no) code
- Think declaratively
- Be wary of ambiguity and unsatisfiability
- The log messages are there to help
- Judicious overriding lets your custom views integrate with Auto Layout
- Localize with a single nib and multiple strings files

More Information

Paul Marcos Frameworks Evangelist pmarcos@apple.com

Documentation Cocoa Auto Layout Guide http://developer.apple.com/library/mac/#documentation/UserExperience/Conceptual/AutolayoutPG/

Apple Developer Forums

http://devforums.apple.com

Related Sessions

Auto Layout by Example

Mission Thursday 11:30AM

Labs

Auto Layout Lab

App Services Lab B Thursday 2:00PM

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