

# Protecting the User's Data

The part you play

Session 714

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Imperial Security

**Conrad Sauerwald**  
Metric Security

**Michael Brouwer**  
Metric Security

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# Introduction



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- Platform Security team

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    - Security.framework, CommonCrypto
  - Functionality exposed by even higher-level APIs
    - NSFileManager, CFNetwork

# What We Will Demonstrate



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- A common situation

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- A common situation
  - Client app

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- A common situation
  - Client app
  - Web service

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- A common situation
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- Hostile environment

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  - What can happen

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  - What can happen
  - Why it matters

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- Show
  - What can happen
  - Why it matters
  - How you can avoid it

# What We're Not Going to Cover



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- Securing your app from exploitation

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  - Sandboxing and hardening

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- Digital Rights Management
  - Not protecting the user's data

# Everything Is User Data



# Everything Is User Data



- Documents

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- Documents
  - Text

# Everything Is User Data



- Documents
  - Text
  - Photos

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- Documents
  - Text
  - Photos
- Credentials

# Everything Is User Data



- Documents
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- Preferences



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- Documents
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  - Photo metadata

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- Documents
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- Credentials
- Preferences
- Other
  - Photo metadata
  - Unique identifiers

# User Data Is Everywhere



# User Data Is Everywhere



- On the device

# User Data Is Everywhere



- On the device
- In transit

# User Data Is Everywhere



- On the device
- In transit
  - Network data

# User Data Is Everywhere



- On the device
- In transit
  - Network data
- Off the device



# User Data Is Everywhere



- On the device
- In transit
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- Off the device
  - Your server

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- On the device
- In transit
  - Network data
- Off the device
  - Your server
  - Backup

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  - Backup
  - iCloud

# Naivete.app

Simple media client

Conrad Sauerwald

# Naivete.app

## Simple media client

- Downloads images from a server
- Can view and cache locally
- Source code available





# Naivete.app Networking

## Application uses HTTP

```
NSString *server_url = @"http://server.com/streams/arw";
NSURLRequest *request = [NSURLRequest requestWithURL:
                        [NSURL URLWithString: server_url ]];

[[NSURLConnection alloc] initWithRequest: request delegate: self];
```

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- (void)connection:(NSURLConnection *)c didFailWithError:(NSError *)error
- (void)connectionDidFinishLoading:(NSURLConnection *)c
@end
```

# Naivete.app Authentication

User authenticates to server

```
- (void)connection:(NSURLConnection *)c  
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NSString * const NSURLAuthenticationMethodDefault;

NSURLCredential *cred = [NSURLCredential credentialWithUser:[s username]
                    password:[s password]
                    persistence:NSURLCredentialPersistenceNone];
[[ch sender] useCredential:cred forAuthenticationChallenge:ch];
```

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enum { NSURLCredentialPersistencePermanent, ... };
```

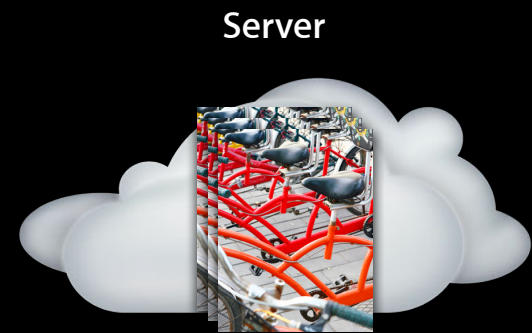
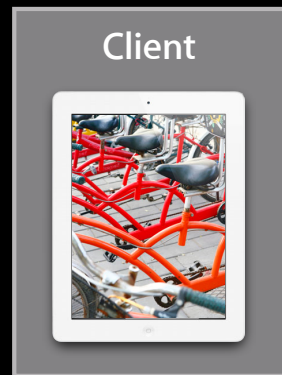
*Demo*

Andrew Whalley



# Network Interception

What does the attacker see?



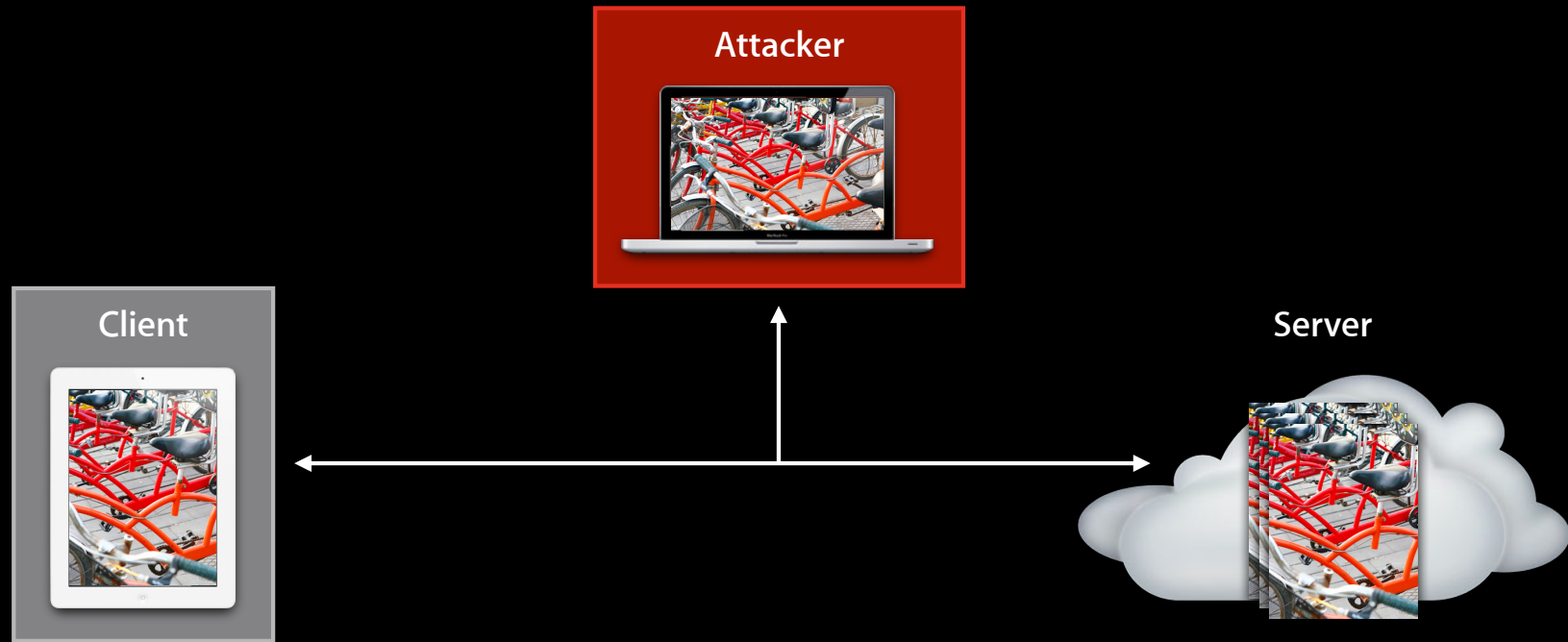
# Network Interception

What does the attacker see?



# Network Interception

What does the attacker see?



# Why Secure Naivete.app?



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- Credentials are valuable

# Securing Naivete.app

Protecting data in transit

Conrad Sauerwald

# Weak Password Authentication

How to improve it

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## How to improve it

- Don't send the password in the clear
  - Challenge/response sends password derived authenticator
  - Change `NSURLAuthenticationMethodHTTPBasic` to `NSURLAuthenticationMethodHTTPODigest`

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- Weak password can be brute forced
- More advanced alternatives
  - Certificates, SRP

# Data on the Wire

## Encryption and authentication



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  - Provides confidentiality and integrity
  - Evolution

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  - Provides confidentiality and integrity
  - Evolution
- Server authentication
  - Talking to the right server
- Data encryption
  - Cannot be deciphered by attacker
- Data integrity
  - Modification by attacker is detected

# TLS Server Authentication with Certificates

Honest Abe's Cheap Bicycles and Lightly Used Certificates

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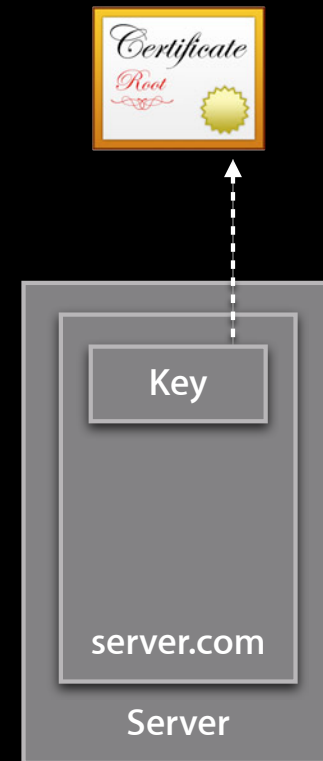
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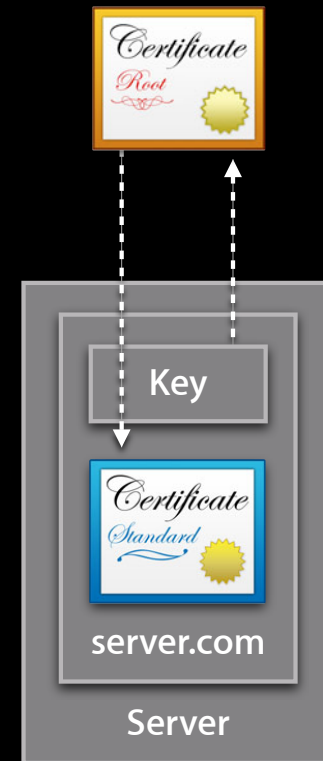
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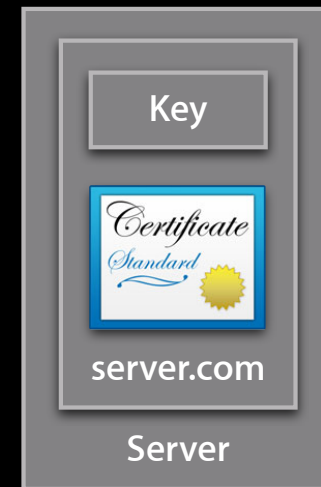
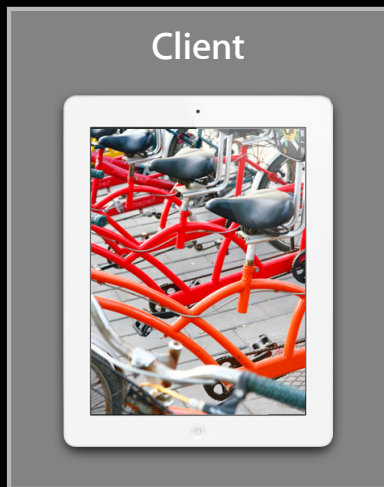
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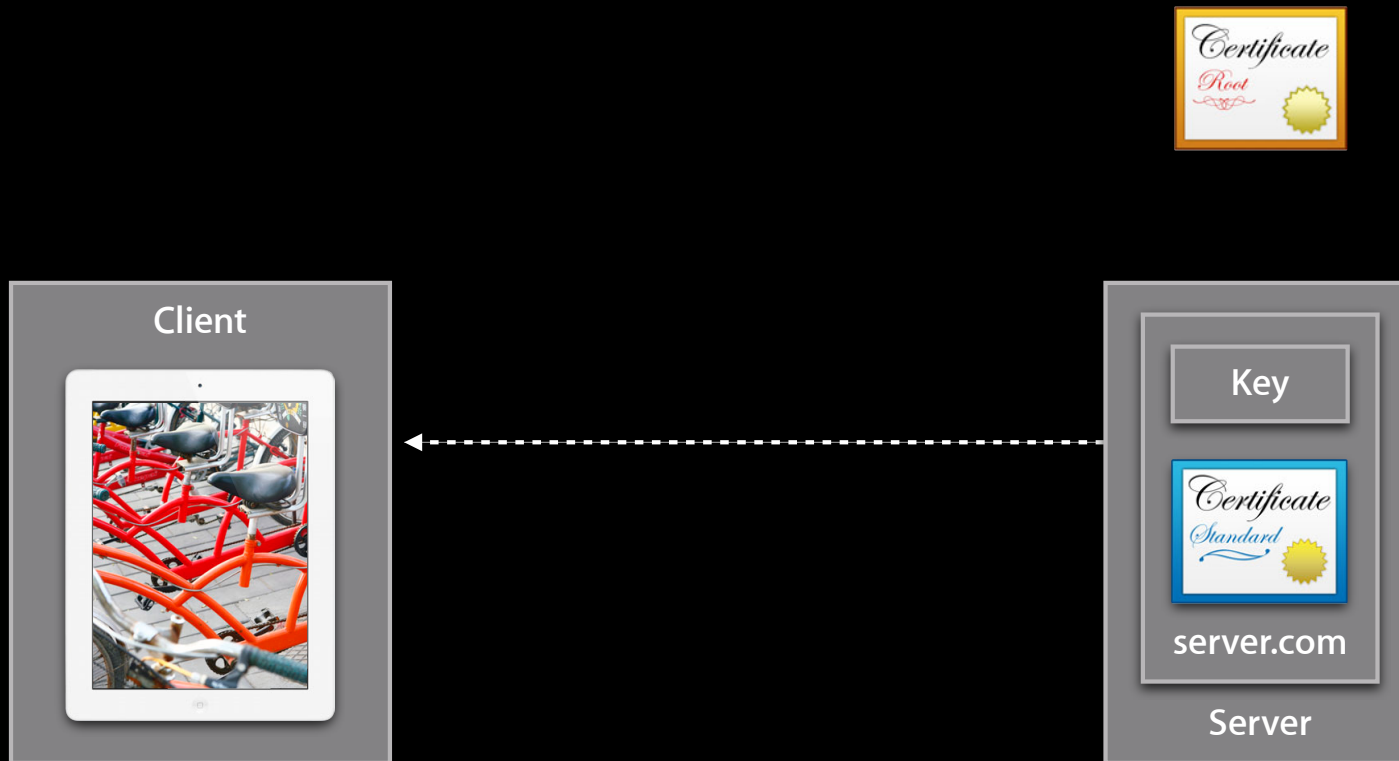
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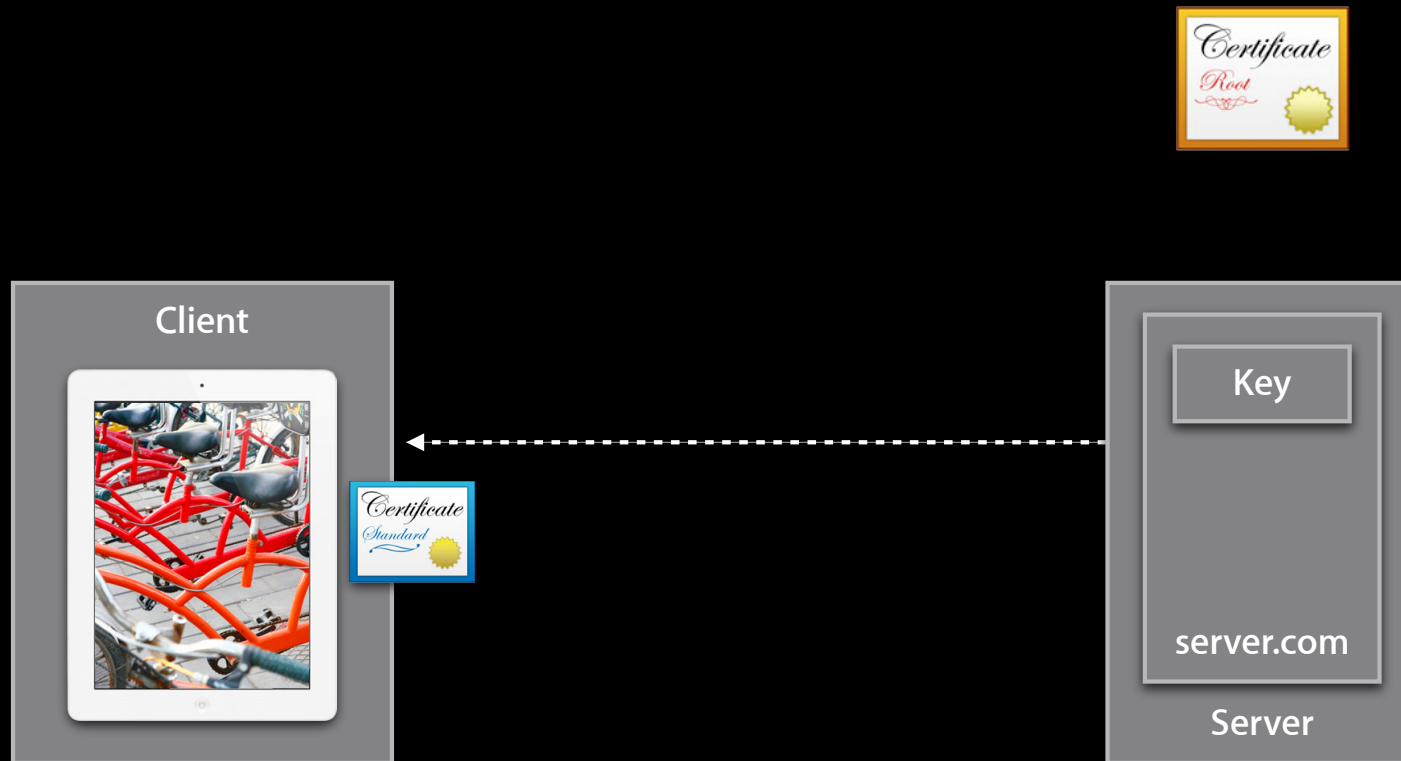
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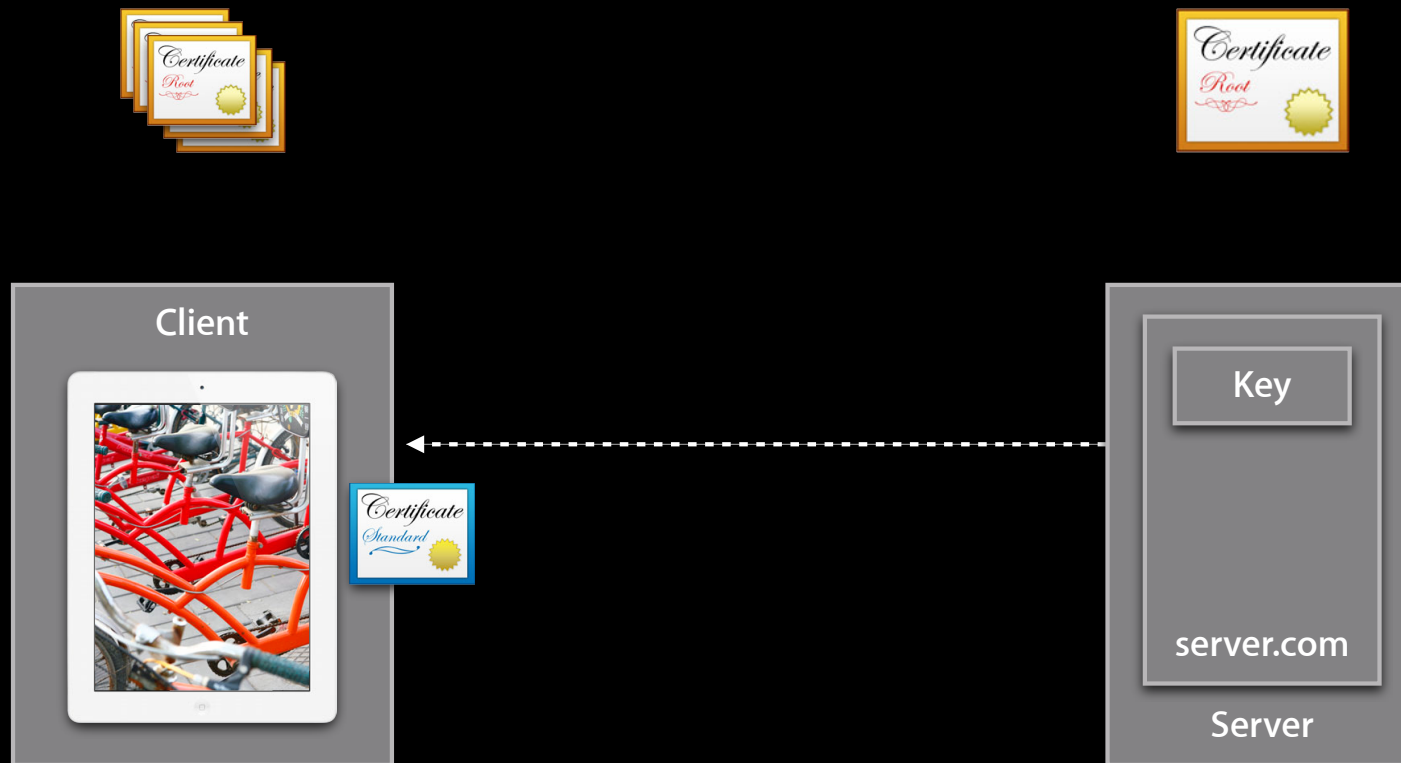
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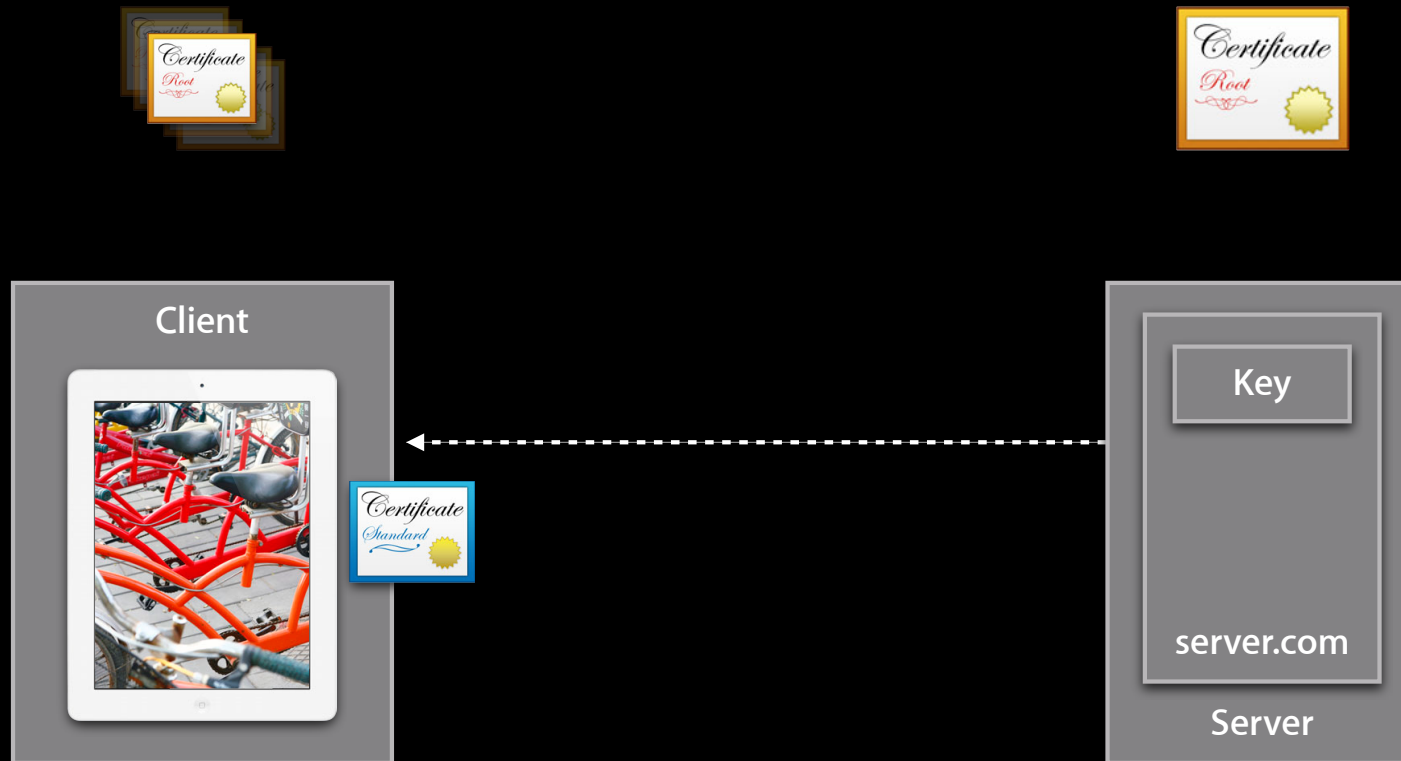
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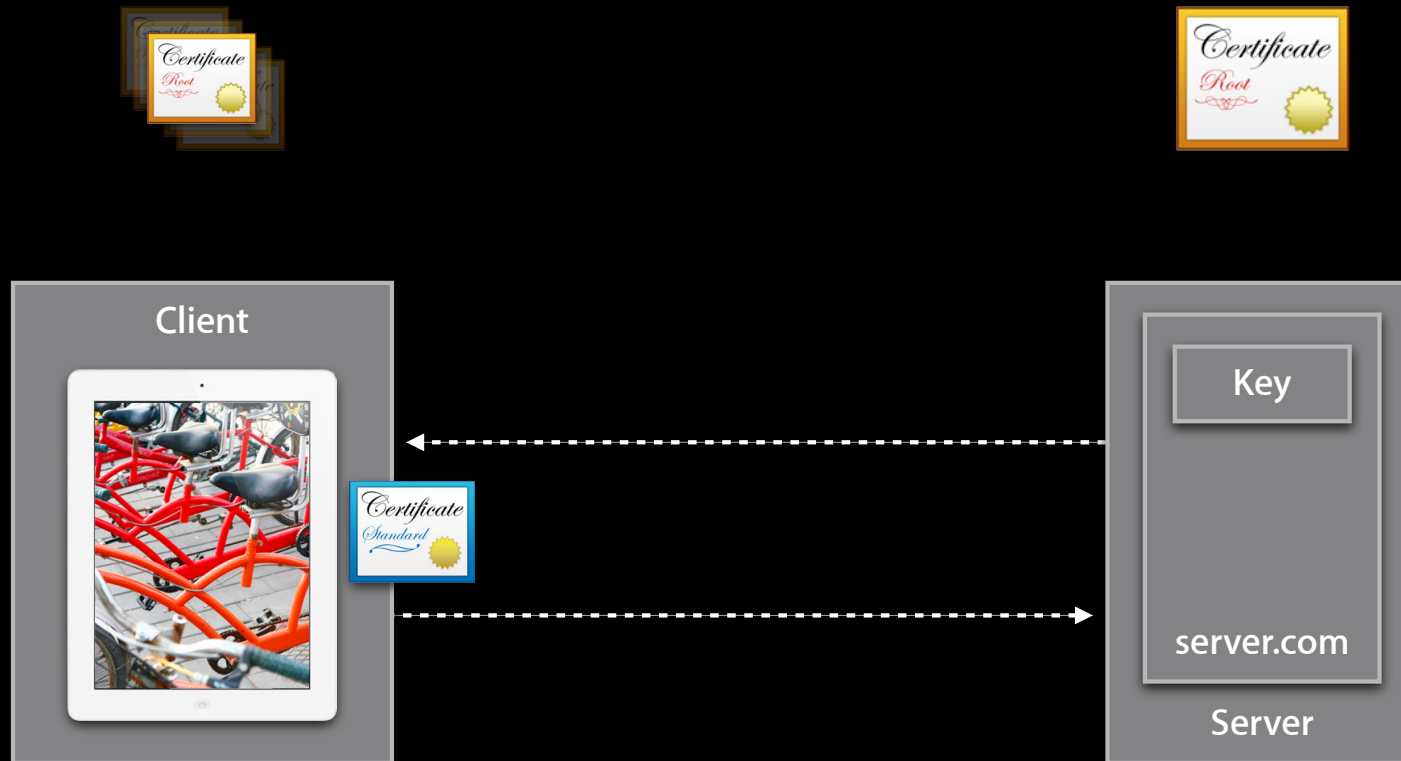
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# Certificates

## In a nutshell



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# Certificates

## In a nutshell



- Certificate
  - Identity (i.e. hostname)
  - Verification key
- Authority
  - Issuer
  - Signature
- Tree of certificates
  - Authorities at the bottom
  - Leafs at the top
- Prearranged trust of authorities

# Using Transport Layer Security (TLS)

Foundation client



# Using Transport Layer Security (TLS)

## Foundation client

- One letter change

```
// "After" code
NSString *server_url = @"https://server.com/streams/arw/";

/*
    connect exactly as before
*/
```

# What's Next?

Because nothing is that simple



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- Customize trust
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  - Limiting to private authorities
- Client authentication with certificates
- DTLS
- More control?
  - Authentication challenges and SecTrust
  - SecureTransport

*Demo*

Andrew Whalley



# Securing Naivete.app

Protecting data at rest

Michael Brouwer

# Protecting Data on the Device

Last line of defense

# Protecting Data on the Device

Last line of defense

- Jailbreaks and forensic tools allow filesystem access

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- Provides protection in the case a device is lost or stolen

# Protecting Data on the Device

## Last line of defense

- Jailbreaks and forensic tools allow filesystem access
- Provides protection in the case a device is lost or stolen
- Data Protection allows data to be tied to the user's passcode

# Data Protection

Versus full disk encryption

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## Versus full disk encryption

- Data Protection also ties data to a device

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## Versus full disk encryption

- Data Protection also ties data to a device
- Volume based vs. File based



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  - After first unlock (FDE like)
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## Versus full disk encryption

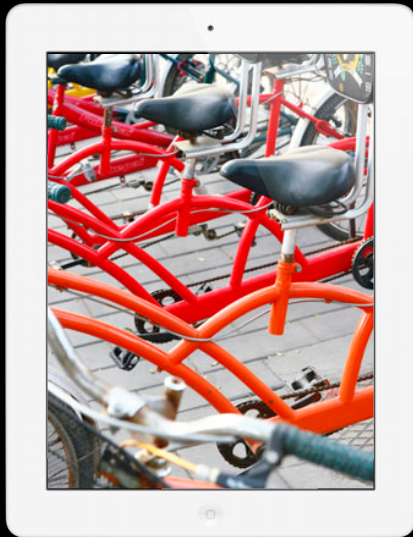
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- iOS devices are almost always on
- Different classes of data available at different times
  - After first unlock (FDE like)
    - Keys remain in memory until power off
  - While unlocked
    - Keys purged 10 seconds after lock

# Data Protection Key Hierarchy

Protected file

# Data Protection Key Hierarchy

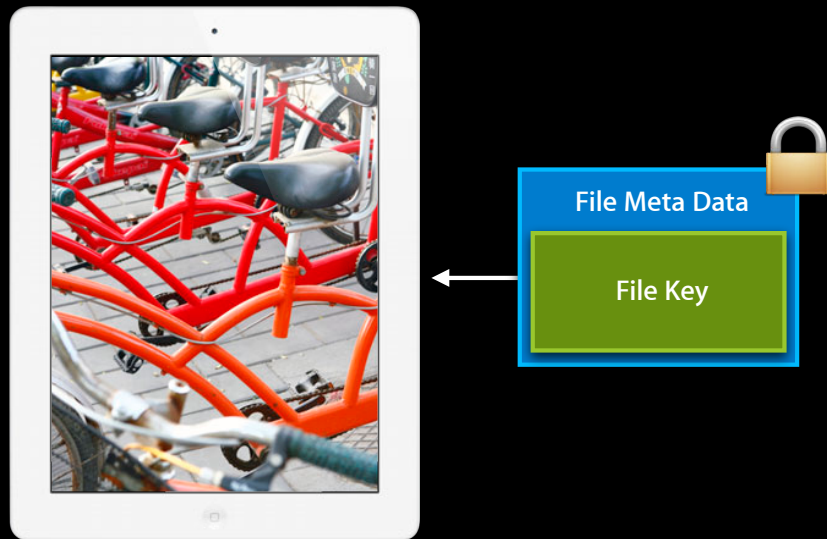
Protected file





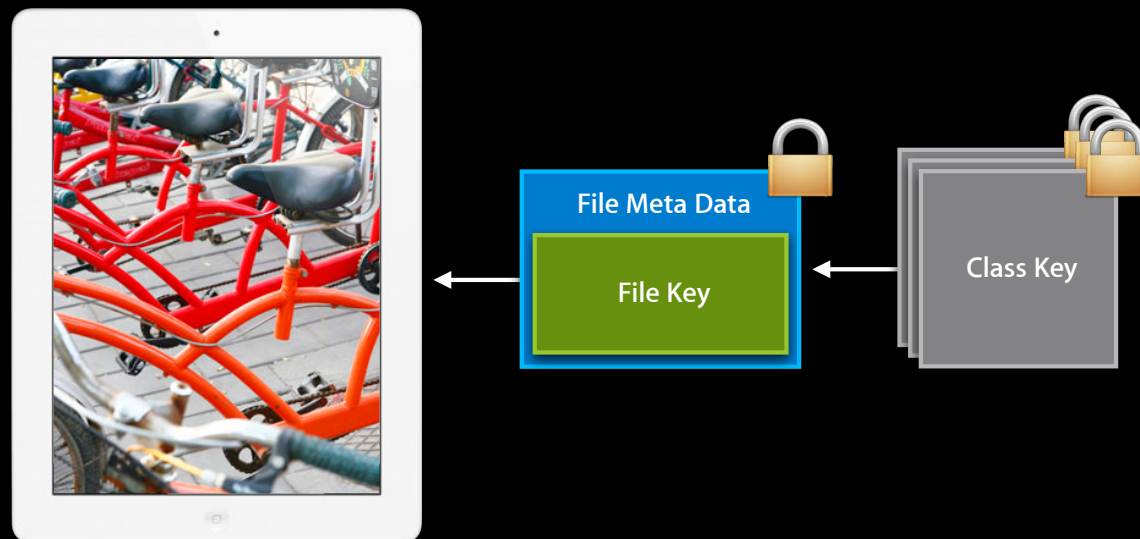
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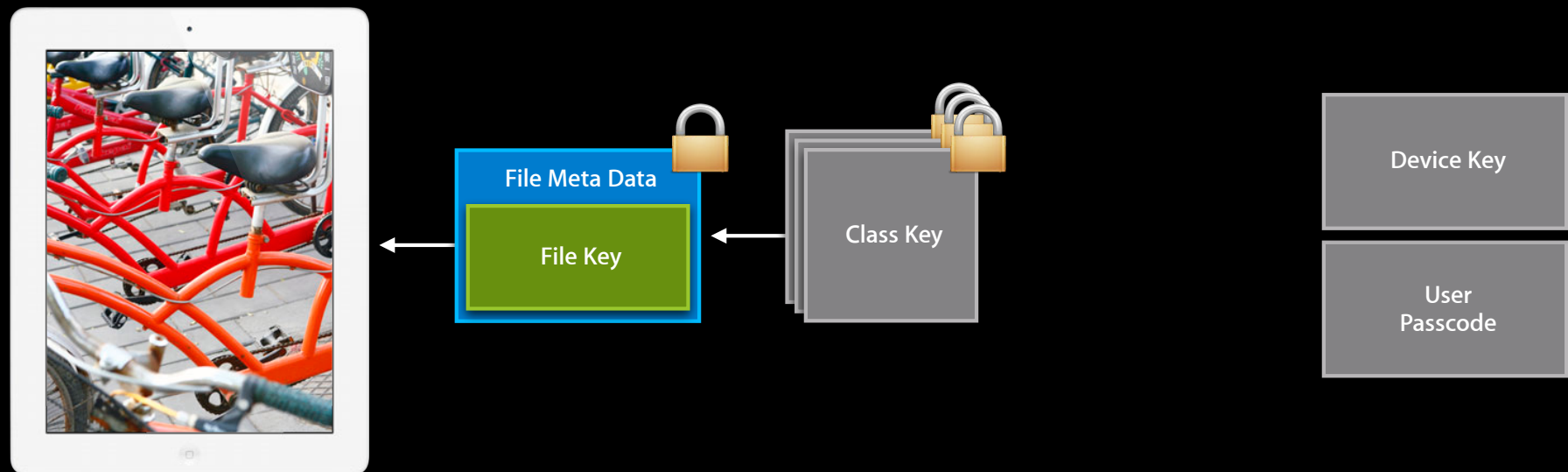
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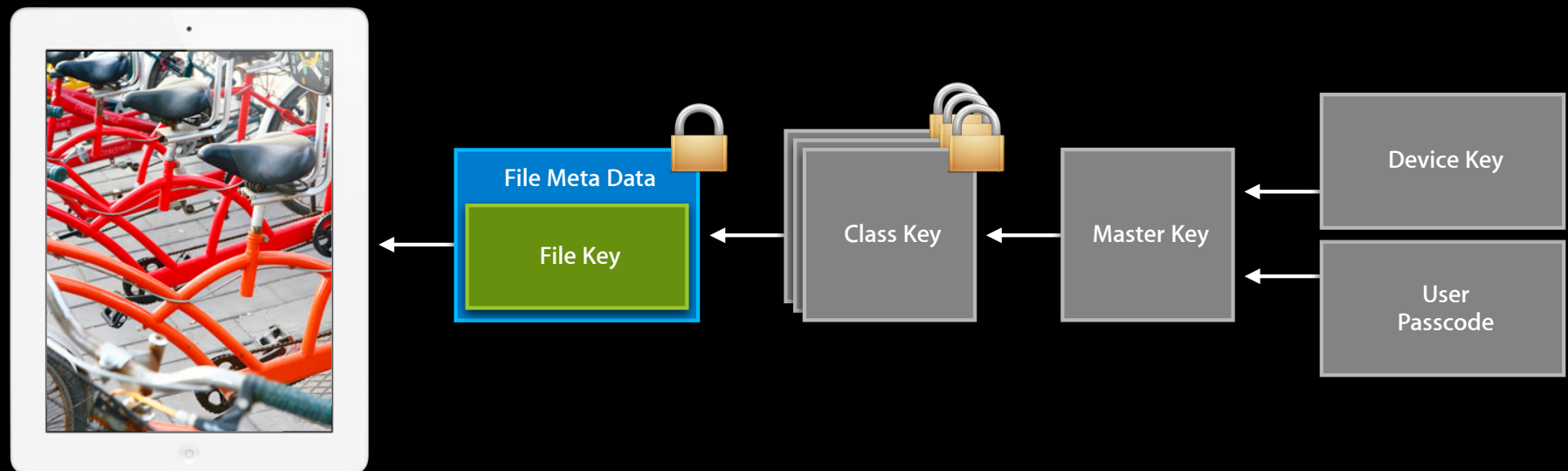
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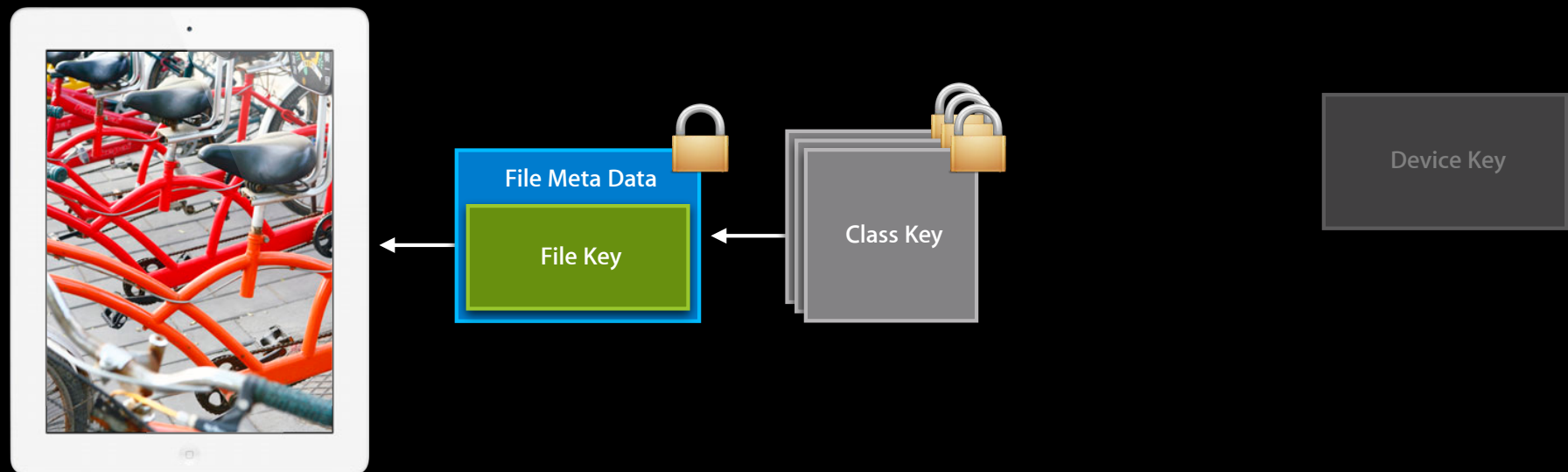
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# APIs Offering Data Protection

<code>NSFileManager</code>	<code>NSFileProtectionKey</code>	<code>NSFileProtection...</code>
<code>CoreData</code>	<code>NSFileProtectionKey</code>	<code>NSFileProtection...</code>
<code>NSData</code>	<code>NSDataWritingOptions</code>	<code>NSDataWritingFileProtection...</code>
<code>sqlite3</code>	<code>sqlite3_open_v2 option</code>	<code>SQLITE_OPEN_FILEPROTECTION_...</code>
<code>SecItem</code>	<code>kSecAttrAccessible</code>	<code>kSecAttrAccessible...</code>

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# Data Only Available When Unlocked

## FileProtectionComplete

```
-(BOOL)writeImage:(UIImage *)image toPath:path error:(NSError **)error
{
    NSData *data = UIImageJPEGRepresentation(image, 1.0);
    return [data writeToFile:path options:
            NSDataWritingFileProtectionComplete error:error];
}
```

# Data Only Available When Unlocked

## Considerations

- Only as good as the passcode
- Cannot access when locked
  - Use `NSFileProtectionCompleteUnlessOpen`
  - Upgrade to `NSFileProtectionComplete` when unlocked

# Data Dropbox

## FileProtectionCompleteUnlessOpen

```
-(BOOL)writeImageWhileLocked:(UIImage *)image toPath:path
                        error:(NSError **)error
{
    NSData *data = UIImageJPEGRepresentation(image, 1.0);
    return [data writeToFile: path
                      options: NSDataWritingFileProtectionComplete
                      error: error]
        || [data writeToFile: path
            options: NSDataWritingFileProtectionCompleteUnlessOpen
            error: error];
}
```

# Upgrade to FileProtectionComplete

```
-(void)upgradeImagesInDir:(NSString *)dir error:(NSError **)error {
    NSFileManager *fm = [NSFileManager defaultManager];
    NSDirectoryEnumerator *de = [fm enumeratorAtPath: dir];
    for (NSString *path in de) {
        NSDictionary *attrs = [de fileAttributes];
        if (![attrs objectForKey: NSFileProtectionKey]
            isEqual: NSFileProtectionComplete) {
            attrs = [NSDictionary dictionaryWithObject:
                    NSFileProtectionComplete forKey: NSFileProtectionKey];
            [fm setAttributes: attrs ofItemAtPath: path error: error];
        }
    }
}
```

# Upgrade to FileProtectionComplete

```
-(void)upgradeImagesInDir:(NSString *)dir error:(NSError **)error {
    NSFileManager *fm = [NSFileManager defaultManager];
    NSDirectoryEnumerator *de = [fm enumeratorAtPath: dir];
    for (NSString *path in de) {
        NSDictionary *attrs = [de fileAttributes];
        if (![attrs objectForKey: NSFileProtectionKey]
            isEqual: NSFileProtectionComplete]) {
            attrs = [NSDictionary dictionaryWithObject:
                NSFileProtectionComplete forKey: NSFileProtectionKey];
            [fm setAttributes: attrs ofItemAtPath: path error: error];
        }
    }
}
```



# Upgrade to FileProtectionComplete

```
-(void)upgradeImagesInDir:(NSString *)dir error:(NSError **)error {
    NSFileManager *fm = [NSFileManager defaultManager];
    NSDirectoryEnumerator *de = [fm enumeratorAtPath: dir];
    for (NSString *path in de) {
        NSDictionary *attrs = [de fileAttributes];
        if (![attrs objectForKey: NSFileProtectionKey]
            isEqual: NSFileProtectionComplete) {
            attrs = [NSDictionary dictionaryWithObject:
                    NSFileProtectionComplete forKey: NSFileProtectionKey];
            [fm setAttributes: attrs ofItemAtPath: path error: error];
        }
    }
}
```

# Upgrade to FileProtectionComplete

```
-(void)upgradeImagesInDir:(NSString *)dir error:(NSError **)error {
    NSFileManager *fm = [NSFileManager defaultManager];
    NSDirectoryEnumerator *de = [fm enumeratorAtPath: dir];
    for (NSString *path in de) {
        NSDictionary *attrs = [de fileAttributes];
        if (![attrs objectForKey: NSFileProtectionKey]
            isEqual: NSFileProtectionComplete]) {
            attrs = [NSDictionary dictionaryWithObject:
                    NSFileProtectionComplete forKey: NSFileProtectionKey];
            [fm setAttributes: attrs ofItemAtPath: path error: error];
        }
    }
}
```

# Background Read

...ProtectionCompleteUntilFirstUserAuthentication

# Background Read

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- Also solves the problem of data access when locked

# Background Read

...ProtectionCompleteUntilFirstUserAuthentication

- Also solves the problem of data access when locked
- Protects data from reboot until first unlock

# Background Read

...ProtectionCompleteUntilFirstUserAuthentication

- Also solves the problem of data access when locked
- Protects data from reboot until first unlock
  - Better than default of none against attacks that require a reboot

# Background Readable Database

## ...ProtectionCompleteUntilFirstUserAuthentication

```
-(int)openDatabase(const char *filename, sqlite3 **pdb)
{
    return sqlite3_open_v2(filename, pdb,
        SQLITE_OPEN_FILEPROTECTION_COMPLETEUNTILFIRSTUSERAUTHENTICATION,
        NULL);
}
```

# Data Protection for All Files





# Data Protection for All Files



- Add `com.apple.developer.default-data-protection` entitlement

# Data Protection for All Files



- Add `com.apple.developer.default-data-protection` entitlement
- Use `NSFileProtectionComplete` as its value

# Data Protection for All Files



- Add `com.apple.developer.default-data-protection` entitlement
- Use `NSFileProtectionComplete` as its value
- Sets the default

# Data Protection for All Files



- Add `com.apple.developer.default-data-protection` entitlement
- Use `NSFileProtectionComplete` as its value
- Sets the default
  - Can still use APIs to control per file

# Data Protection for All Files



- Add `com.apple.developer.default-data-protection` entitlement
- Use `NSFileProtectionComplete` as its value
- Sets the default
  - Can still use APIs to control per file
- You'll need a new provisioning profile

# Data Protection for All Files



App IDs - iOS Provisioning Portal - Apple Developer

App IDs - iOS Provisioning Portal

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Provisioning Portal [Go to iOS Dev Center](#)

Home Certificates Devices **App IDs** Provisioning Distribution

Manage [How To](#)

### Configure App ID

In order to set up your App ID for the Apple Push Notification service you will need to create and install the following two items. For more information on utilizing the Apple Push Notification service, view the [Apple Push Notification service Programming Guide](#), the [App ID How-To](#) as well as the [Apple Push Notification topic in the Apple Developer Forums](#).

1. An App ID-specific Client SSL Certificate: A Client SSL certificate allows your notification server to connect to the Apple Push Notification service. You will need to create an individual Client SSL Certificate for each App ID you enable to receive push notifications.
2. An Apple Push Notification service compatible provisioning profile: After you have generated your Client SSL certificate, create a new provisioning profile containing the App ID you wish to use for notifications.

Once the steps above have been completed, you should build your application using this new provisioning profile.

**ID** Data Protection Test  
XXXXXXXXXX.com.honestabecerts.demo

Enable for Apple Push Notification service

Push SSL Certificate	Status	Expiration Date	Action
Development Push SSL Certificate	Configurable		<a href="#">Configure</a>
Production Push SSL Certificate	Configurable		<a href="#">Configure</a>

Enable for iCloud [Configurable](#)

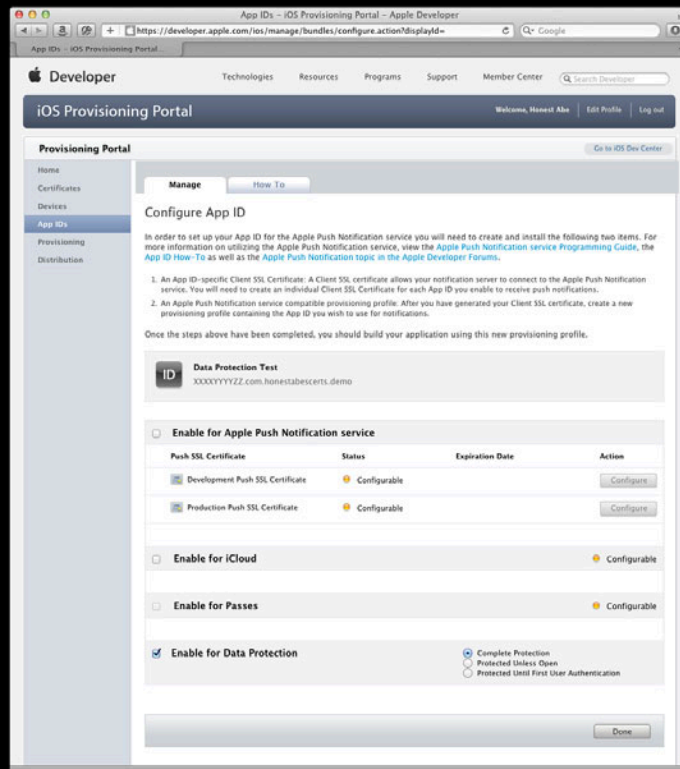
Enable for Passes [Configurable](#)

Enable for Data Protection

Complete Protection  
 Protected Unless Open  
 Protected Until First User Authentication

[Done](#)

# Data Protection for All Files



- Provisioning Portal

# Data Protection for All Files



The screenshot shows the Apple Developer iOS Provisioning Portal. The page is titled "Configure App ID" and provides instructions on how to set up an App ID for Apple Push Notification service. It lists two steps: creating an App ID-specific Client SSL Certificate and creating a new provisioning profile. Below the instructions, there is a section for "Data Protection Test" with a table of push SSL certificates. The "Enable for Data Protection" option is checked, and the "Complete Protection" radio button is selected.

Push SSL Certificate	Status	Expiration Date	Action
Development Push SSL Certificate	Configurable		Configure
Production Push SSL Certificate	Configurable		Configure

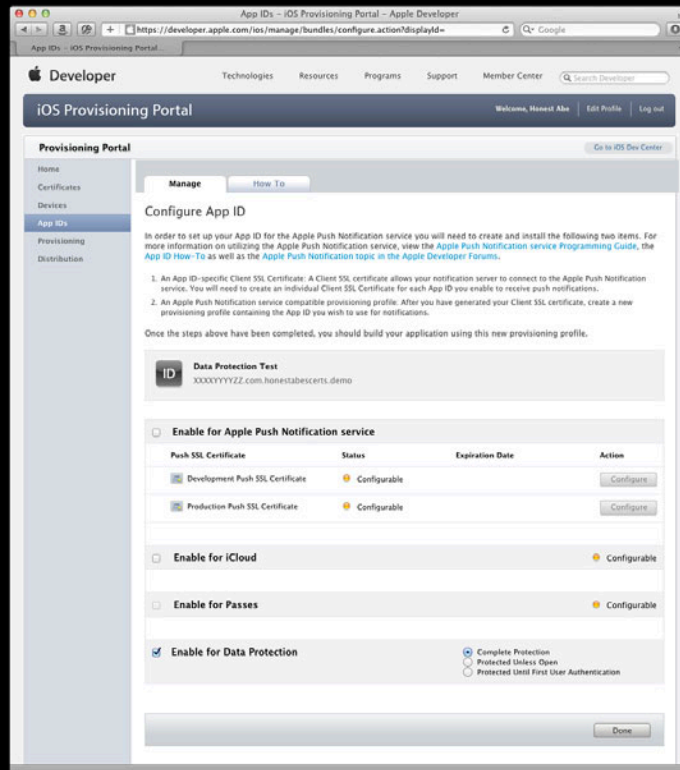
Enable for Data Protection

Complete Protection  
 Protected Unless Open  
 Protected Until First User Authentication

- Provisioning Portal
- App IDs

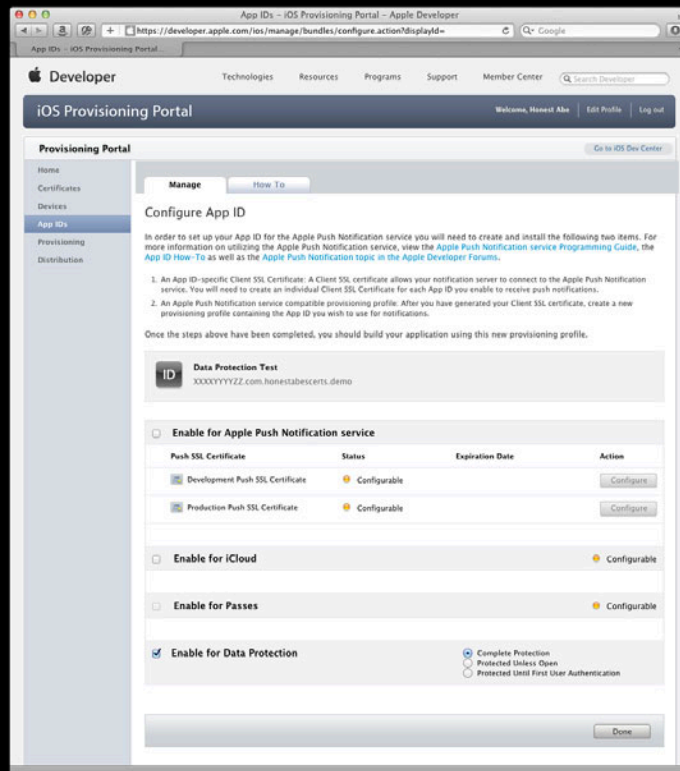


# Data Protection for All Files



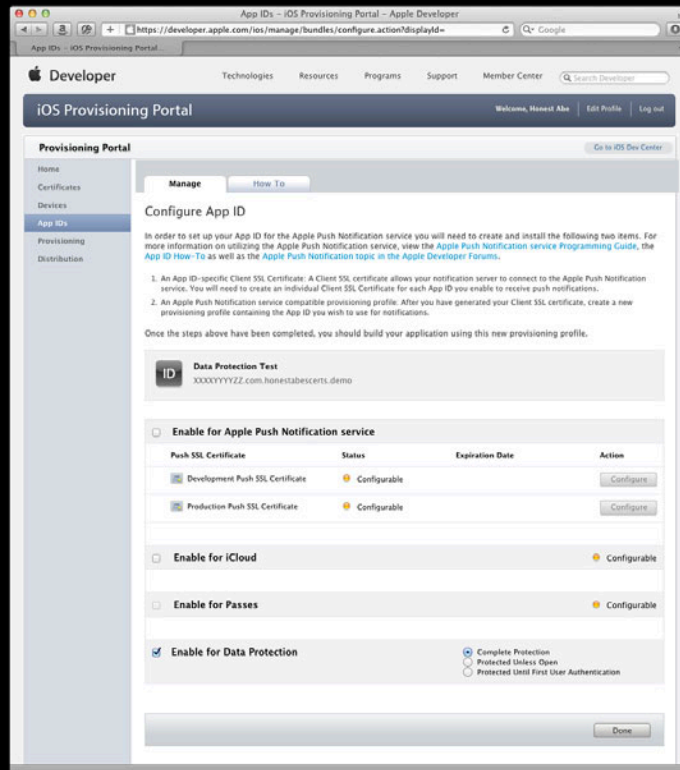
- Provisioning Portal
- App IDs
- "Enable for Data Protection"

# Data Protection for All Files



- Provisioning Portal
- App IDs
- “Enable for Data Protection”
- Renew Provisioning Profile

# Data Protection for All Files



- Provisioning Portal
- App IDs
- “Enable for Data Protection”
- Renew Provisioning Profile
- Download new profile or Renew in Xcode Organizer

# Data Protection

## Summary



# Data Protection

## Summary



Use `NSFileProtectionComplete`  
unless you've a good reason not to

# Keychain

## Introduction



- What belongs in the Keychain
- Keychain Items are protected just like files
  - Migratability can be controlled

# Keychain vs. Data Protection Classes

Availability	NSFileProtection	kSecAttrAccessible
When unlocked	...Complete	...WhenUnlocked
While locked	...CompleteUnlessOpen	N/A
After first unlock	...CompleteUntilFirstUserAuthentication	...AfterFirstUnlock
Always	...None	...Always

# Keychain vs. Data Protection Classes

Availability	NSFileProtection	kSecAttrAccessible
When unlocked	...Complete	...WhenUnlocked
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When unlocked	...Complete	...WhenUnlocked
While locked	...CompleteUnlessOpen	N/A
After first unlock	...CompleteUntilFirstUserAuthentication	...AfterFirstUnlock
<del>Always</del>	<del>...None</del>	<del>...Always</del>

# Non-Migrating Keychain Classes

Availability	NSFileProtection	kSecAttrAccessible
When unlocked	...Complete	...WhenUnlockedThisDeviceOnly
While locked	...CompleteUnlessOpen	N/A
After first unlock	...CompleteUntilFirstUserAuthentication	...AfterFirstUnlockThisDeviceOnly
<del>Always</del>	<del>...None</del>	<del>...AlwaysThisDeviceOnly</del>

# Keychain

## Item lookup

```
- (NSMutableDictionary *) queryForAccount:(NSString *)account {
    return [NSMutableDictionary dictionaryWithObjectsAndKeys:
        kSecClassGenericPassword, kSecClass,
        @"naivete", kSecAttrService, account, kSecAttrAccount, nil];
}

- (NSData *) passwordForAccount:(NSString *)account found:(BOOL *)found {
    NSMutableDictionary *query = [self queryForAccount: account];
    [query setObject: kCFBooleanTrue forKey: kSecReturnData];
    NSData *data = NULL;
    OSStatus status = SecItemCopyMatching(query, &data);
    *found = status != errSecItemNotFound;
    return data;
}
```

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        @"naivete", kSecAttrService, account, kSecAttrAccount, nil];
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    NSData *data = NULL;
    OSStatus status = SecItemCopyMatching(query, &data);
    *found = status != errSecItemNotFound;
    return data;
}
```

# Keychain

## Item create

```
- (BOOL)setPassword: (NSData *)password forAccount:(NSString *)account {
    NSMutableDictionary *attrs = [self queryForAccount: account];
    [attrs setObject: password forKey: kSecValueData];
    [attrs setObject: kSecAttrAccessibleWhenUnlocked
        forKey: kSecAttrAccessible];
    OSStatus status = SecItemAdd(attrs, NULL);
    return status == noErr;
}
```

# Keychain

## Item create

```
- (BOOL)setPassword: (NSData *)password forAccount:(NSString *)account {  
    NSMutableDictionary *attrs = [self queryForAccount: account];  
    [attrs setObject: password forKey: kSecValueData];  
    [attrs setObject: kSecAttrAccessibleWhenUnlocked  
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    return status == noErr;
}
```

# Keychain

## Item update

```
- (BOOL)updatePassword: (NSData *)password forAccount:(NSString *)account {
    NSMutableDictionary *query = [self queryForAccount: account];
    NSMutableDictionary *attrs = [NSMutableDictionary dictionary];
    [attrs setObject: password forKey: kSecValueData];
    [attrs setObject: kSecAttrAccessibleWhenUnlocked
                    forKey: kSecAttrAccessible];
    OSStatus status = SecItemUpdate(query, attrs);
    return status == noErr;
}
```

# Keychain

## Item update

```
- (BOOL)updatePassword: (NSData *)password forAccount:(NSString *)account {  
    NSMutableDictionary *query = [self queryForAccount: account];  
    NSMutableDictionary *attrs = [NSMutableDictionary dictionary];  
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    [attrs setObject: password forKey: kSecValueData];
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        forKey: kSecAttrAccessible];
    OSStatus status = SecItemUpdate(query, attrs);
    return status == noErr;
}
```



# Keychain

## High-level Keychain usage sample

```
-(BOOL) login: (NSString *) account {
    BOOL found = NO;
    NSData *pw = [self passwordForAccount: account found: &found];
    if ([self login: account password: pw]) return YES;
    pw = [self queryUserForPassword];
    if ([self login: account password: pw]) {
        if (found) [self updatePassword: pw forAccount: account];
        else [self setPassword: pw forAccount: account];
        return YES;
    }
    return NO;
}
```

# Keychain

## High-level Keychain usage sample

```
-(BOOL) login: (NSString *) account {  
    BOOL found = NO;  
    NSData *pw = [self passwordForAccount: account found: &found];  
    if ([self login: account password: pw]) return YES;  
    pw = [self queryUserForPassword];  
    if ([self login: account password: pw]) {  
        if (found) [self updatePassword: pw forAccount: account];  
        else [self setPassword: pw forAccount: account];  
        return YES;  
    }  
    return NO;  
}
```

# Keychain

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-(BOOL) login: (NSString *) account {
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    if ([self login: account password: pw]) return YES;
    pw = [self queryUserForPassword];
    if ([self login: account password: pw]) {
        if (found) [self updatePassword: pw forAccount: account];
        else [self setPassword: pw forAccount: account];
        return YES;
    }
    return NO;
}
```

# Keychain

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-(BOOL) login: (NSString *) account {
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    NSData *pw = [self passwordForAccount: account found: &found];
    if ([self login: account password: pw]) return YES;
    pw = [self queryUserForPassword];
    if ([self login: account password: pw]) {
        if (found) [self updatePassword: pw forAccount: account];
        else [self setPassword: pw forAccount: account];
        return YES;
    }
    return NO;
}
```

# Keychain

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```
-(BOOL) login: (NSString *) account {
    BOOL found = NO;
    NSData *pw = [self passwordForAccount: account found: &found];
    if ([self login: account password: pw]) return YES;
    pw = [self queryUserForPassword];
    if ([self login: account password: pw]) {
        if (found) [self updatePassword: pw forAccount: account];
        else [self setPassword: pw forAccount: account];
        return YES;
    }
    return NO;
}
```

# Keychain

## High-level Keychain usage sample

```
-(BOOL) login: (NSString *) account {
    BOOL found = NO;
    NSData *pw = [self passwordForAccount: account found: &found];
    if ([self login: account password: pw]) return YES;
    pw = [self queryUserForPassword];
    if ([self login: account password: pw]) {
        if (found) [self updatePassword: pw forAccount: account];
        else [self setPassword: pw forAccount: account];
        return YES;
    }
    return NO;
}
```

*Demo*

Andrew Whalley

# Summary





# Summary



- Protect your customers data

# Summary



- Protect your customers data
  - Store secrets in the Keychain

# Summary



- Protect your customers data
  - Store secrets in the Keychain
  - Use the entitlement/provisioning profile

# Summary



- Protect your customers data
  - Store secrets in the Keychain
  - Use the entitlement/provisioning profile
  - Protect files with the best possible Data Protection class

# Summary



- Protect your customers data
  - Store secrets in the Keychain
  - Use the entitlement/provisioning profile
  - Protect files with the best possible Data Protection class
  - Encrypt and authenticate network traffic

# Summary



- Protect your customers data
  - Store secrets in the Keychain
  - Use the entitlement/provisioning profile
  - Protect files with the best possible Data Protection class
  - Encrypt and authenticate network traffic
- File Bugs!

# Summary



- Protect your customers data
  - Store secrets in the Keychain
  - Use the entitlement/provisioning profile
  - Protect files with the best possible Data Protection class
  - Encrypt and authenticate network traffic
- File Bugs!
  - [bugreport.apple.com](https://bugreport.apple.com)

# More Information

[developer.apple.com](https://developer.apple.com)

- [Keychain Services Reference](#)
- [Certificate, Key, and Trust Services Reference](#)
- [NSFileManager Class Reference](#)
- [NSData Class Reference](#)
- [Core Data Framework Reference](#)
- [CFNetwork Framework Reference](#)
- [Secure Transport Reference](#)



# More Information



iOS Security

<http://www.apple.com/iphone/business/resources/>

# Related Sessions

The OS X App Sandbox

Nob Hill  
Tuesday 10:15AM

Gatekeeper and Developer ID

Nob Hill  
Tuesday 11:30AM

The Security Framework

Nob Hill  
Tuesday 2:00 PM

Privacy Support in iOS and OS X

Pacific Heights  
Thursday 3:15PM

The OS X App Sandbox

Pacific Heights  
Friday 11:30AM

# Source Code

- Search for
  - naivete AND wwdc
- Includes Oversharing from last year's session

 **WWDC2012**

