Performance on iOS and watchOS

Strategies and tools

Session 230

Ben Englert iOS Performance

Why should I think about performance?

Why should I think about performance?

How should I think about performance?

Why should I think about performance?

How should I think about performance?

Specific strategies

Why should I think about performance?

How should I think about performance?

Specific strategies

New platform: watchOS 2

Responsiveness delights and engages users

Responsiveness delights and engages users

Be a good neighbor, especially in Multitasking on iPad

Responsiveness delights and engages users

Be a good neighbor, especially in Multitasking on iPad

Efficient apps extend battery life

Responsiveness delights and engages users

Be a good neighbor, especially in Multitasking on iPad

Efficient apps extend battery life

Supports the whole range of iOS 9 hardware

Choosing technologies

Choosing technologies

Taking measurements

Choosing technologies

Taking measurements

Setting goals

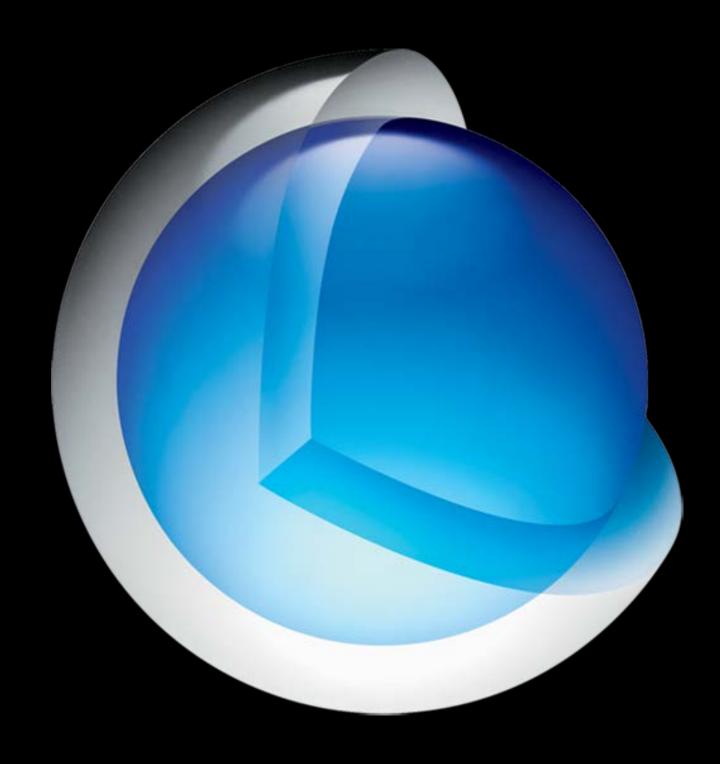
Choosing technologies

Taking measurements

Setting goals

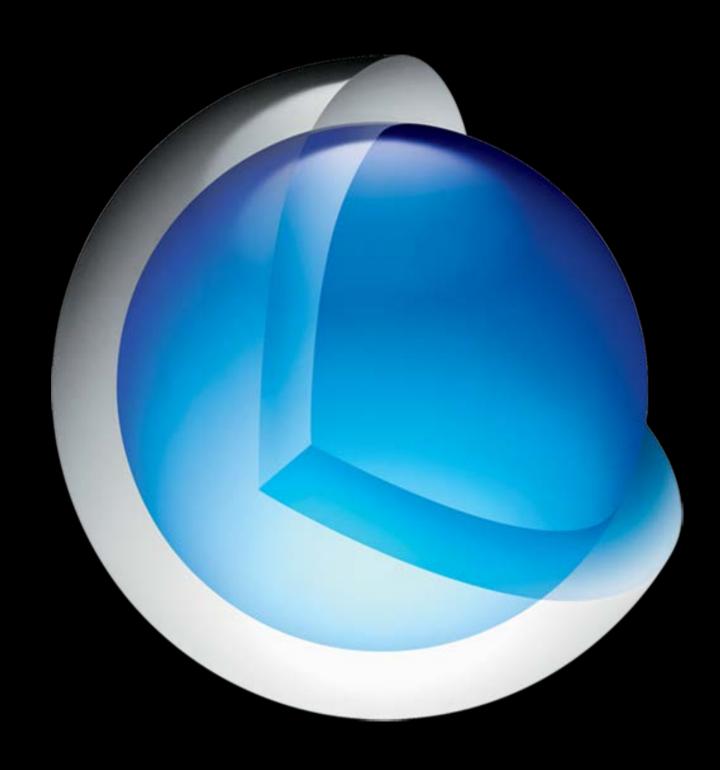
Performance workflow

Proactively architect your app for great performance



Proactively architect your app for great performance

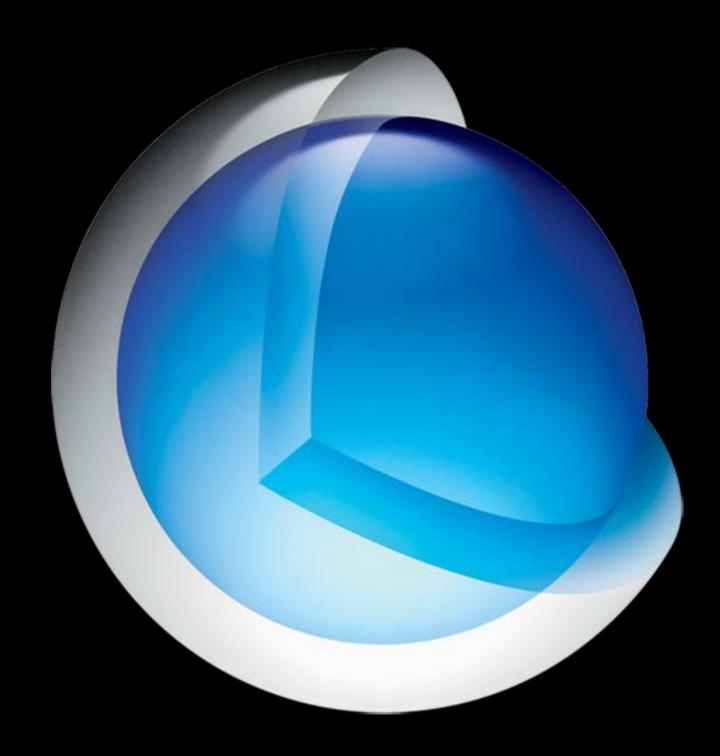
Know the technologies



Proactively architect your app for great performance

Know the technologies

Pick the best ones for your app

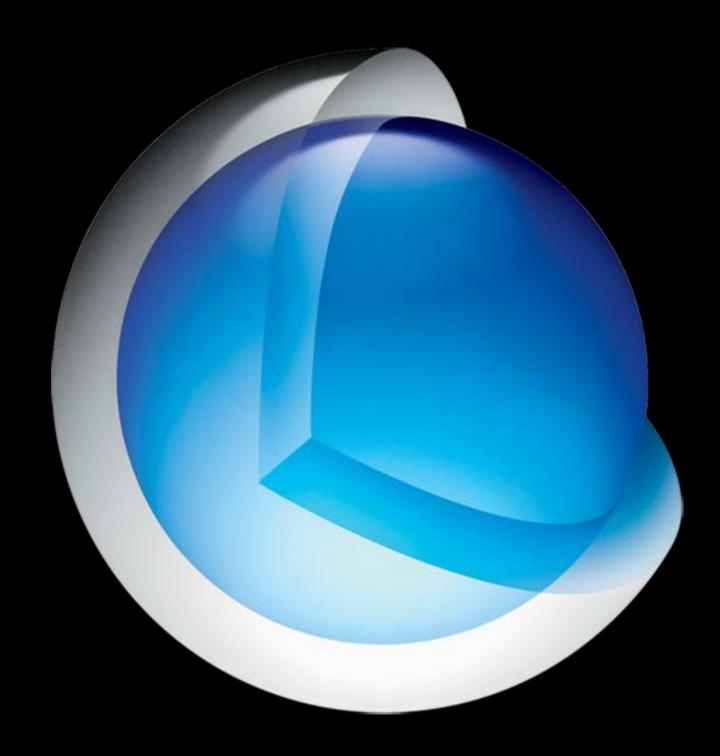


Proactively architect your app for great performance

Know the technologies

Pick the best ones for your app

Apple technologies are optimized (we use them)



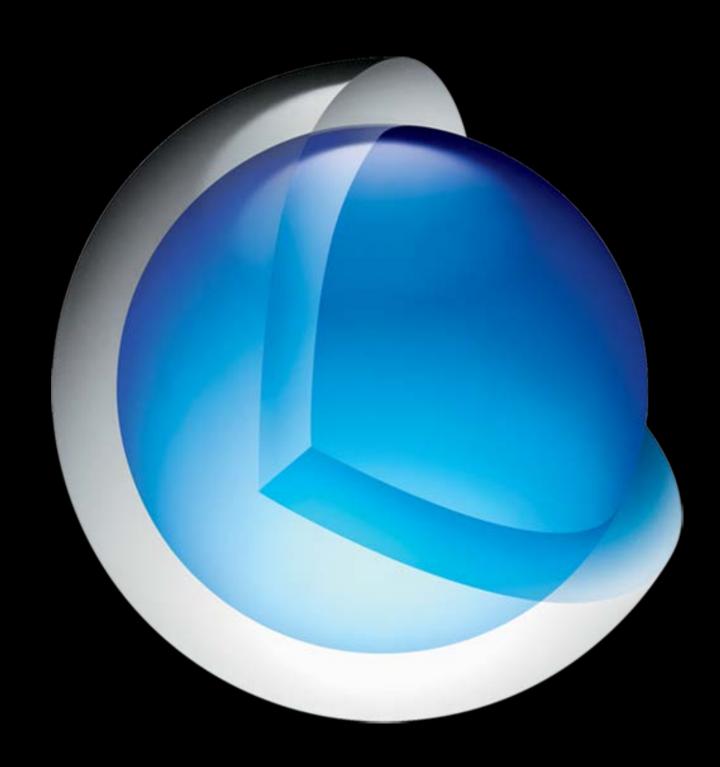
Proactively architect your app for great performance

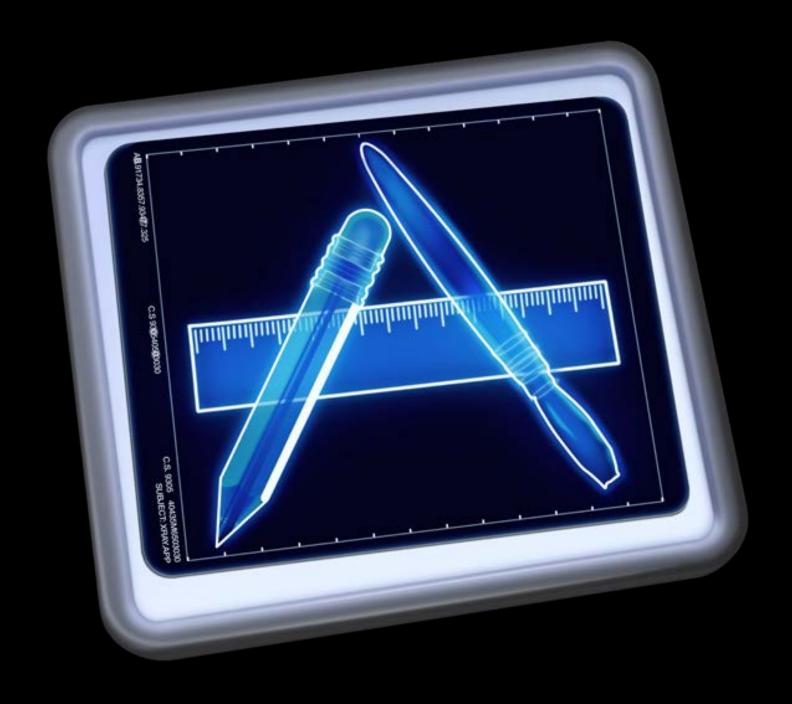
Know the technologies

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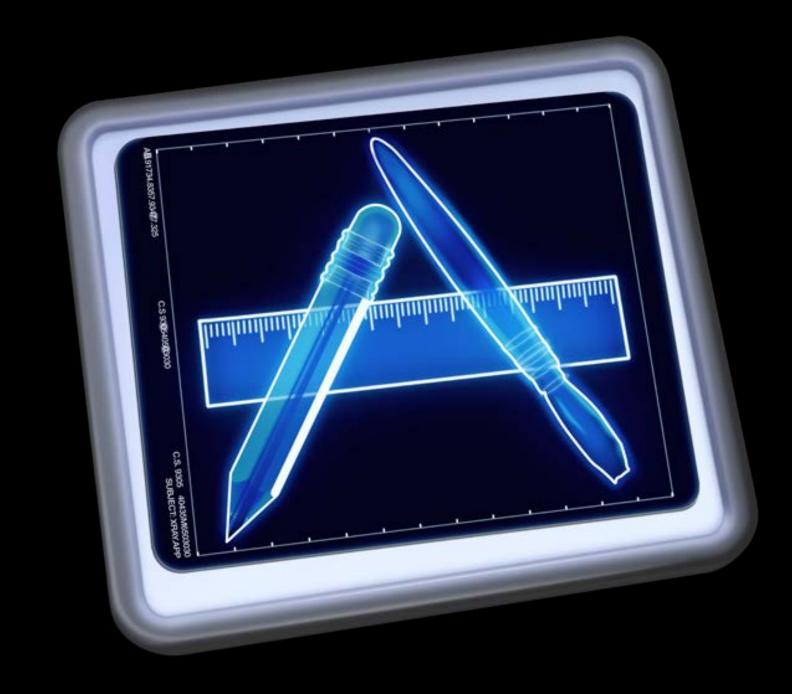
Apple technologies are optimized (we use them)

Benefit from software updates



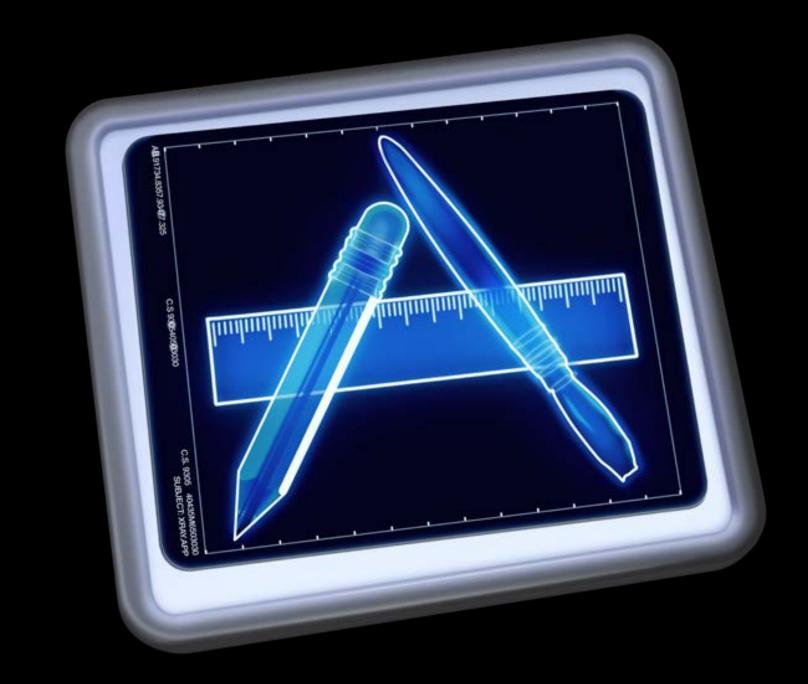


Animations



Animations

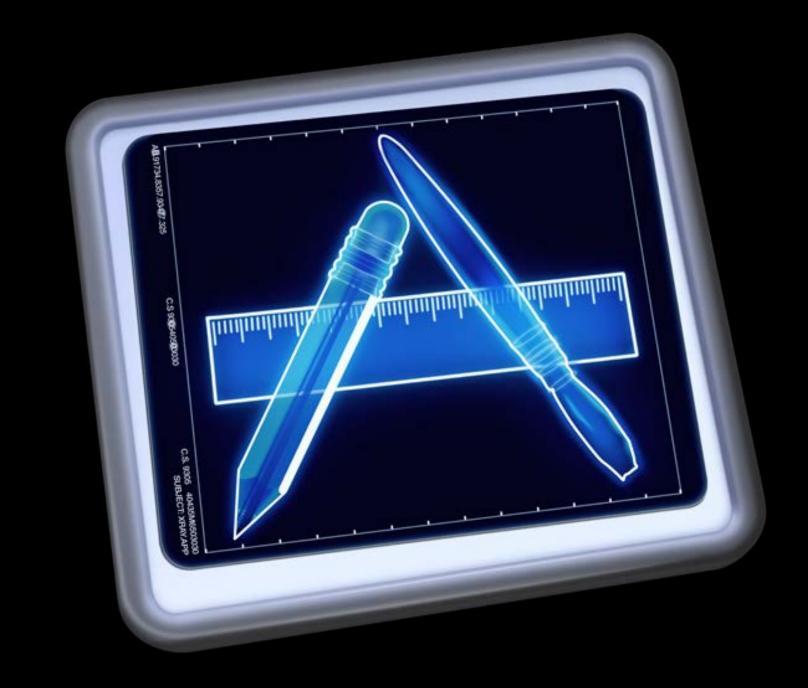
Instruments: Core Animation



Animations

Instruments: Core Animation

Responsiveness

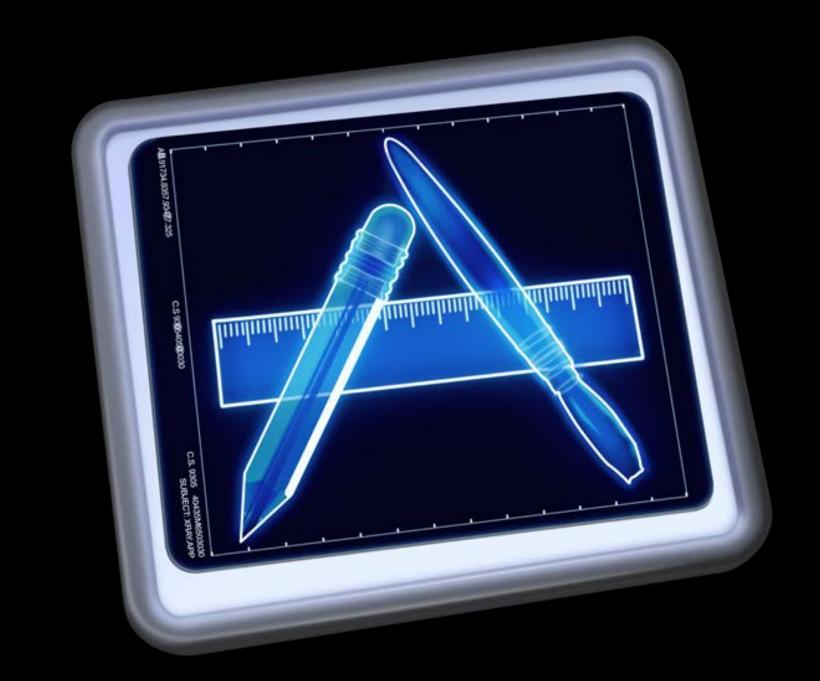


Animations

Instruments: Core Animation

Responsiveness

Code instrumentation

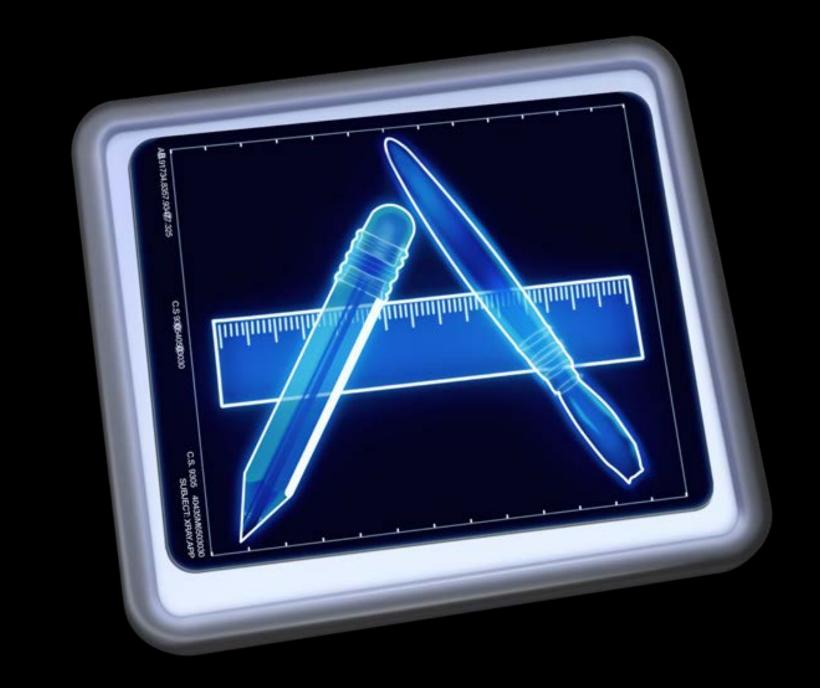


Animations

Instruments: Core Animation

Responsiveness

- Code instrumentation
- Instruments: System Trace



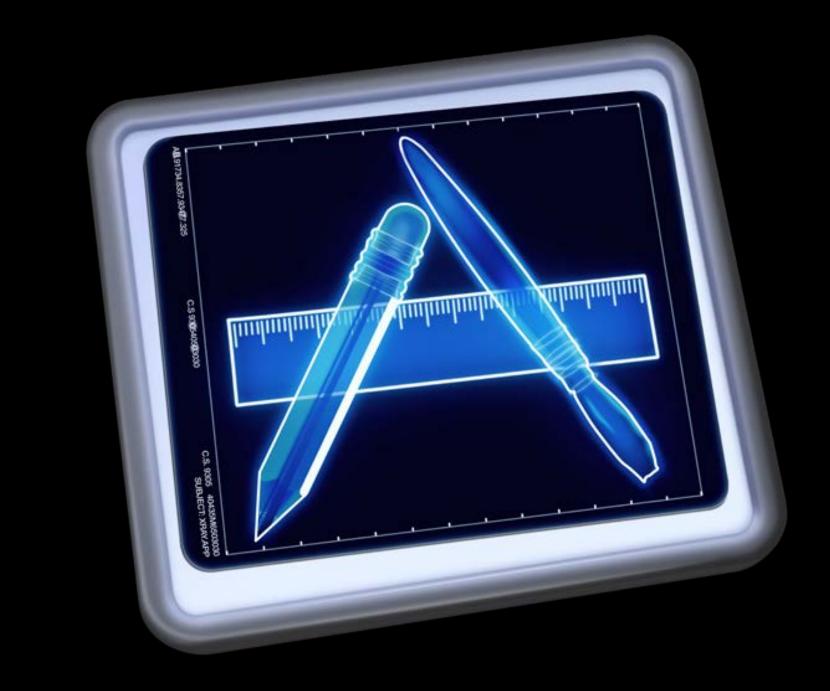
Animations

Instruments: Core Animation

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- Code instrumentation
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Memory



Animations

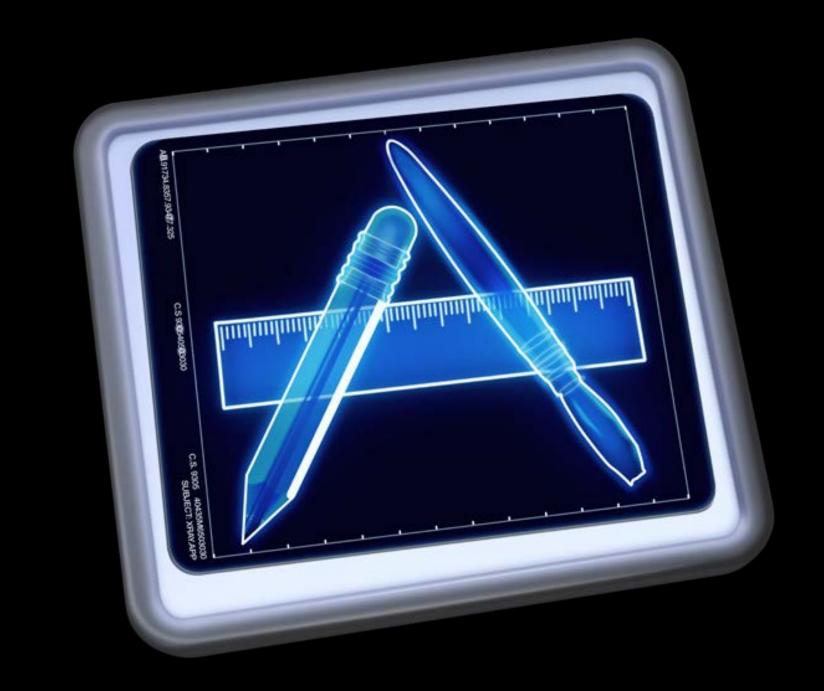
Instruments: Core Animation

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Memory

Xcode debugger



Animations

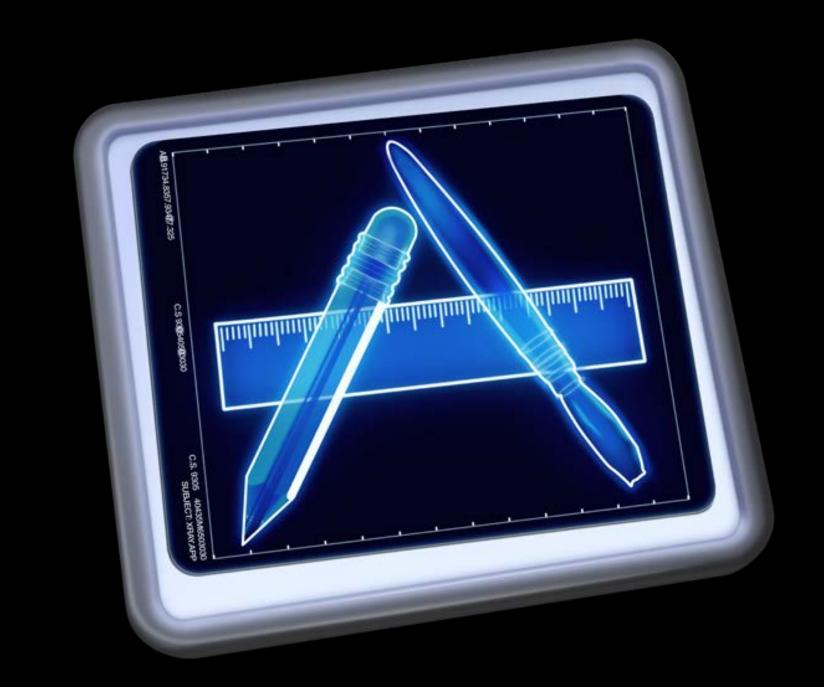
Instruments: Core Animation

Responsiveness

- Code instrumentation
- Instruments: System Trace

Memory

- Xcode debugger
- Instruments: Allocations



Animations

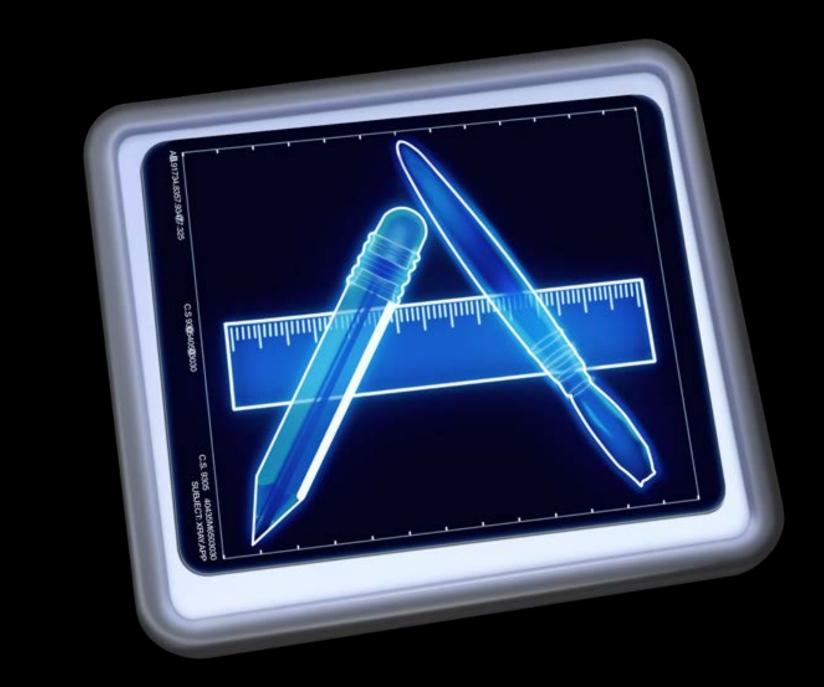
Instruments: Core Animation

Responsiveness

- Code instrumentation
- Instruments: System Trace

Memory

- Xcode debugger
- Instruments: Allocations
- Instruments: Leaks



Measuring responsiveness

```
@IBAction func showImageTapped(sender: UIButton) {
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
    let myImage = self.watermarkedImageFromData(myData)
    self.imageView.image = myImage
}
```

Collect start and end times

```
@IBAction func showImageTapped(sender: UIButton) {
    let startTime = CFAbsoluteTimeGetCurrent()
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
    let myImage = self.watermarkedImageFromData(myData)
    self.imageView.image = myImage
    let endTime = CFAbsoluteTimeGetCurrent()
}
```

Convert to appropriate units

```
@IBAction func showImageTapped(sender: UIButton) {
    let startTime = CFAbsoluteTimeGetCurrent()
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
    let myImage = self.watermarkedImageFromData(myData)
    self.imageView.image = myImage
    let endTime = CFAbsoluteTimeGetCurrent()
    let totalTime = (endTime - startTime) * 1000
    print("showImageTappedTimed took \((totalTime) milliseconds"))
}
```

Don't ship your instrumentation

```
@IBAction func showImageTapped(sender: UIButton) {
#if MEASURE_PERFORMANCE
        let startTime = CFAbsoluteTimeGetCurrent()
#endif
        let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
        let myImage = self.watermarkedImageFromData(myData)
        self.imageView.image = myImage
#if MEASURE_PERFORMANCE
        let endTime = CFAbsoluteTimeGetCurrent()
        let totalTime = (endTime - startTime) * 1000
        print("showImageTappedTimed took \((totalTime) milliseconds")
#endif
    }
```

Measuring responsiveness

Measuring responsiveness

Taps and button presses

Measuring responsiveness

Taps and button presses

IBAction

Measuring responsiveness

Taps and button presses

- IBAction
- touchesEnded

Measuring responsiveness

Taps and button presses

- IBAction
- touchesEnded
- UlGestureRecognizer target

Measuring responsiveness

Taps and button presses

- IBAction
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Tabs and modal views

Measuring responsiveness

Taps and button presses

- IBAction
- touchesEnded
- UlGestureRecognizer target

Tabs and modal views

viewWillAppear and viewDidAppear

60fps scrolling and animations

60fps scrolling and animations

Respond to user actions in 100ms

Respond to user actions in 100ms

...on older devices!

Respond to user actions in 100ms

...on older devices!



Don't guess

Don't guess

Avoid premature optimization

Don't guess

Avoid premature optimization

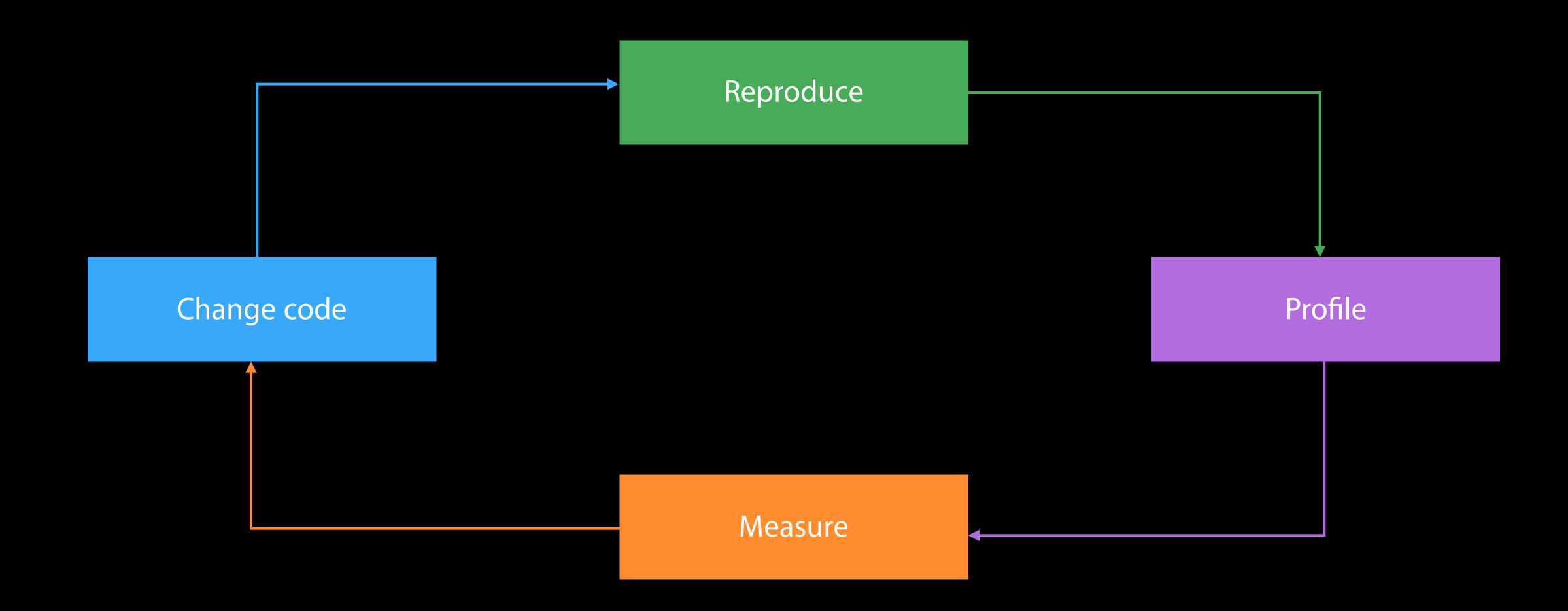
Make one change at a time

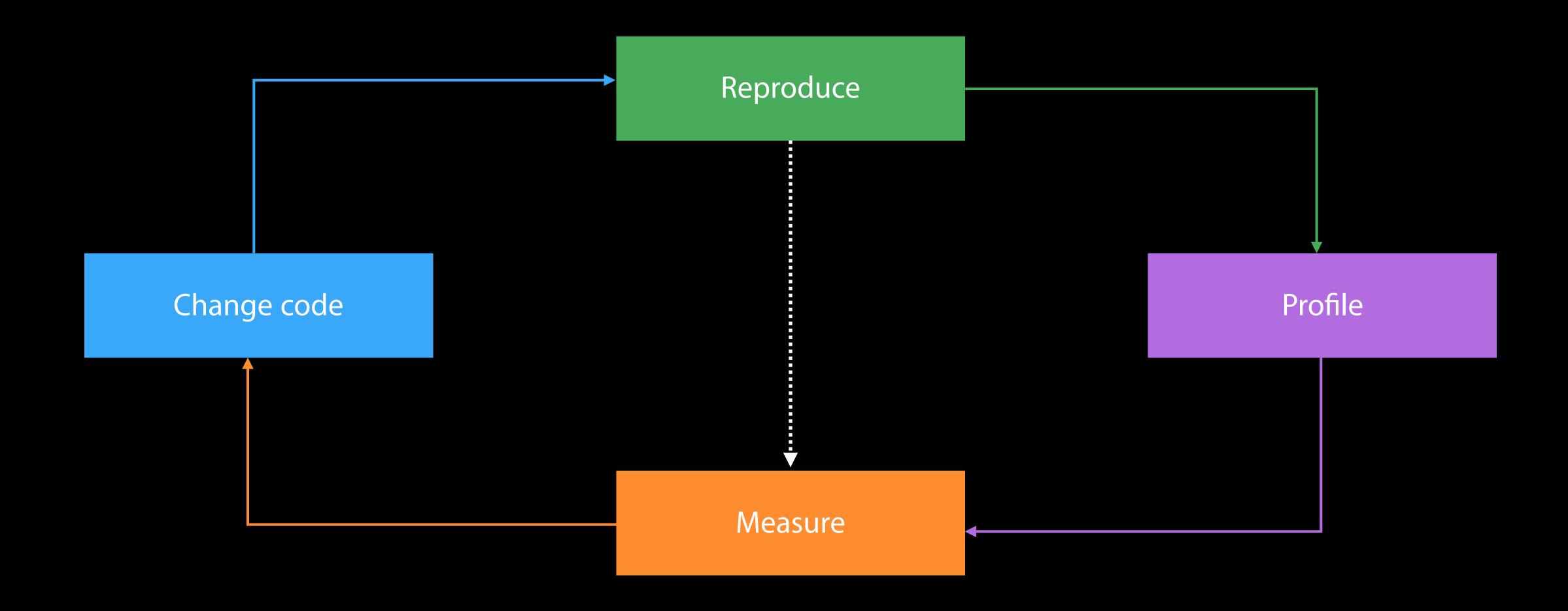
Don't guess

Avoid premature optimization

Make one change at a time

Just like ordinary debugging





Profiling vs. Measuring

Profiling: Understanding overall app activity

- Xcode debugger
- Instruments: Time Profiler

Measuring: Instrumenting a specific action

- CFAbsoluteTimeGetCurrent
- Instruments: System Trace

Responsiveness

Reacting to user input

Main Thread Consumes User Input

Touches and scrolling

Orientation

Multitasking resizes

Main Thread Consumes User Input

Touches and scrolling

Orientation

Multitasking resizes

A responsive main thread makes your app feel great

Main Thread Consumes User Input

Touches and scrolling

Orientation

Multitasking resizes

A responsive main thread makes your app feel great

Busy main thread makes your app appear frozen

Avoid Using the Main Thread for...

CPU-intensive work

Tasks that depend on external resources

Avoid Using the Main Thread for...

CPU-intensive work

Tasks that depend on external resources

Any code path that ends up making a syscall

Any code path that ends up making a syscall Accessing resources not currently in memory

Any code path that ends up making a syscall Accessing resources not currently in memory

Disk I/O

Any code path that ends up making a syscall Accessing resources not currently in memory

- Disk I/O
- Network access

Any code path that ends up making a syscall

Accessing resources not currently in memory

- Disk I/O
- Network access

Waiting for work to complete on another thread

"synchronous" is a synonym for blocking

NSURLConnection.sendSynchronousRequest(...

"synchronous" is a synonym for blocking

NSURLConnection.sendSynchronousRequest(...

Strategies for Avoiding Blocking Calls

In many cases, there is an existing asynchronous API you can switch to

NSURLConnection.sendSynchronousRequest(...

Strategies for Avoiding Blocking Calls

In many cases, there is an existing asynchronous API you can switch to

NSURLConnection.sendAsynchronousRequest(...

In many cases, there is an existing asynchronous API you can switch to Some restructuring required

NSURLConnection.sendAsynchronousRequest(...

In other cases, there isn't an async equivalent

In other cases, there isn't an async equivalent

Use Grand Central Dispatch (GCD)

In other cases, there isn't an async equivalent

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GCD manages a global thread pool

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Express tasks as closures (a.k.a. blocks)

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Express tasks as closures (a.k.a. blocks)

Closures run on an arbitrary thread

In other cases, there isn't an async equivalent

Use Grand Central Dispatch (GCD)

GCD manages a global thread pool

Express tasks as closures (a.k.a. blocks)

Closures run on an arbitrary thread

Ensure operations performed are thread-safe!

Some objects are restricted to the main thread

Some objects are restricted to the main thread

Some objects, once created, can be used from any thread

Some objects are restricted to the main thread Some objects, once created, can be used from any thread

Protection is not built-in

Some objects are restricted to the main thread

Some objects, once created, can be used from any thread

- Protection is not built-in
- Implement protection using serial GCD queues

Some objects are restricted to the main thread

Some objects, once created, can be used from any thread

- Protection is not built-in
- Implement protection using serial GCD queues

Read the headers

```
@IBAction func showImageTapped(sender: UIButton) {
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
    let myImage = self.watermarkedImageFromData(myData)
    self.imageView.image = myImage
}
```

```
@IBAction func showImageTapped(sender: UIButton) {
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
    let myImage = self.watermarkedImageFromData(myData)
    self.imageView.image = myImage
}
```

Load file data

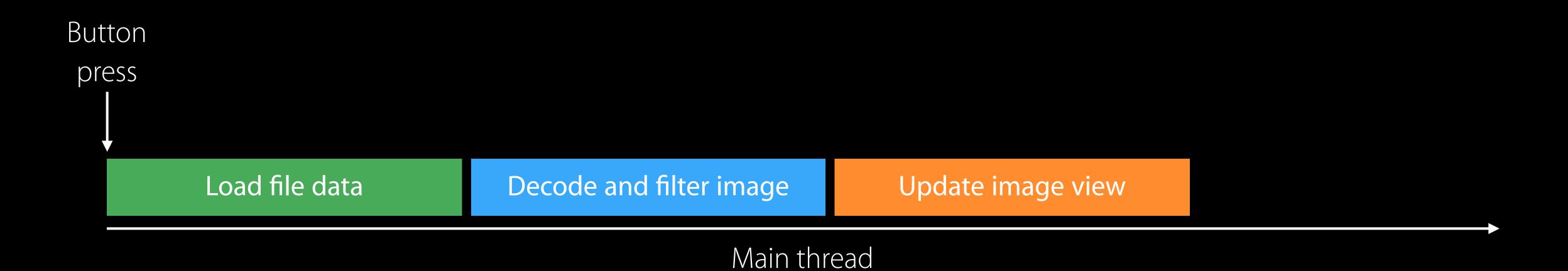
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    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
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```

Load file data

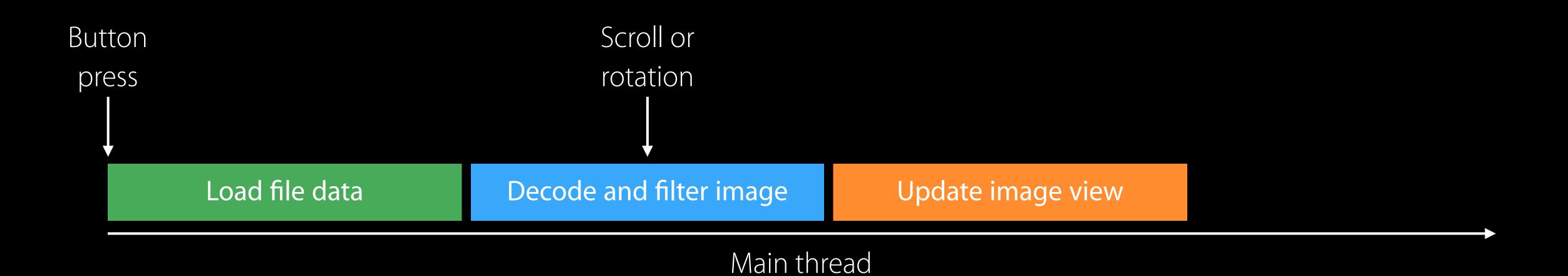
Decode and filter image

Update image view

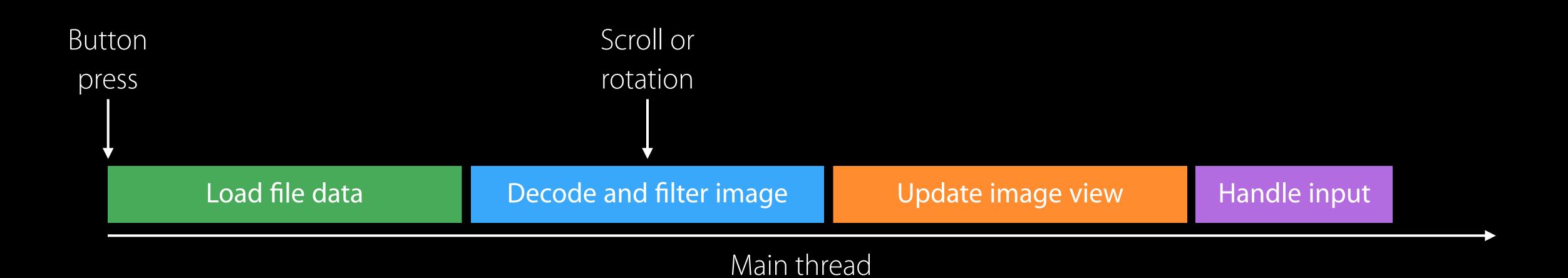
Current implementation



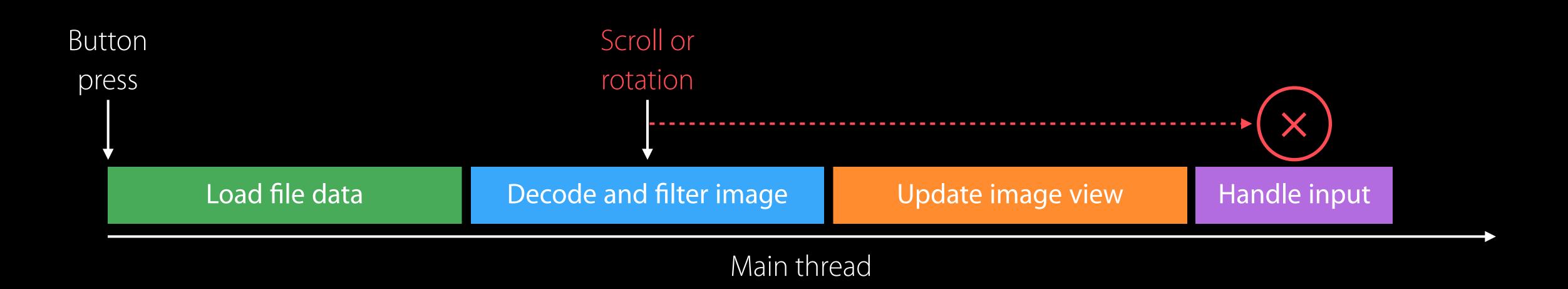
Current implementation



Current implementation



User input delayed



```
dispatch_async(dispatch_get_global_queue(QOS_CLASS_USER_INITIATED, 0)) {
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
    let myImage = self.watermarkedImageFromData(myData)
    self.imageView.image = myImage
}
```

```
dispatch_async(dispatch_get_global_queue(QOS_CLASS_USER_INITIATED, 0)) {
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
    let myImage = self.watermarkedImageFromData(myData)
    self.imageView.image = myImage
}
```

Quality of Service (QoS)

```
dispatch_async(dispatch_get_global_queue(QOS_CLASS_USER_INITIATED, 0)) {
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
    let myImage = self.watermarkedImageFromData(myData)
    self.imageView.image = myImage
}
```

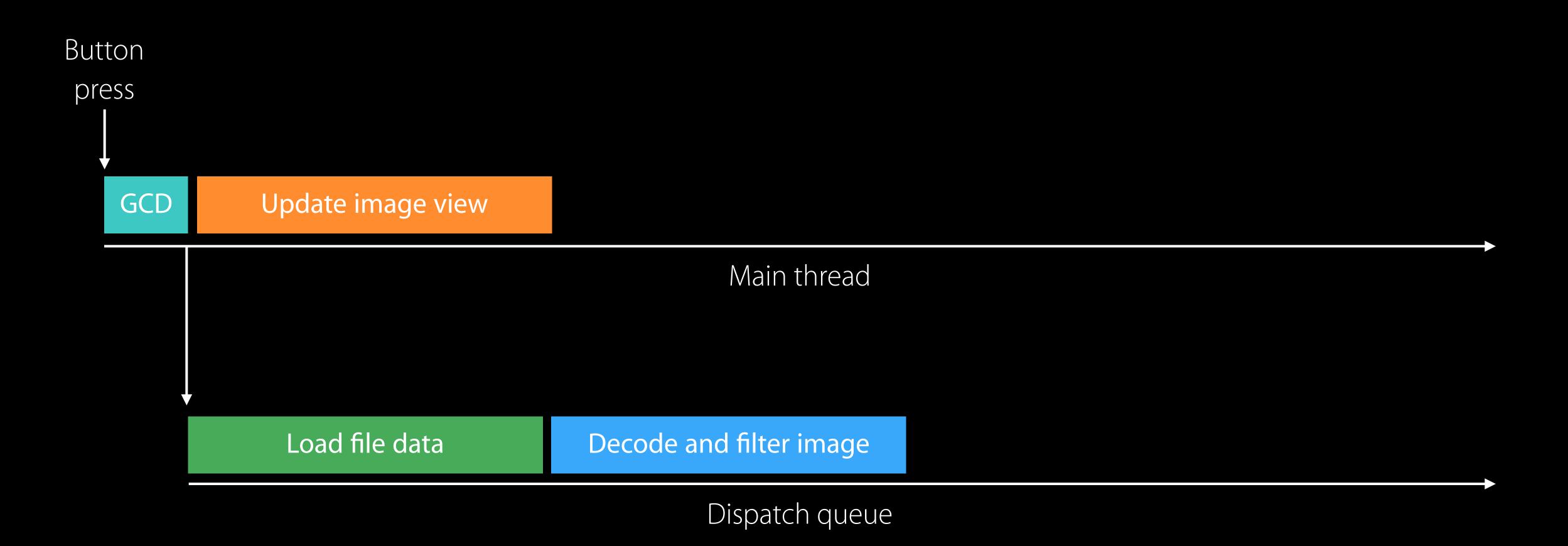
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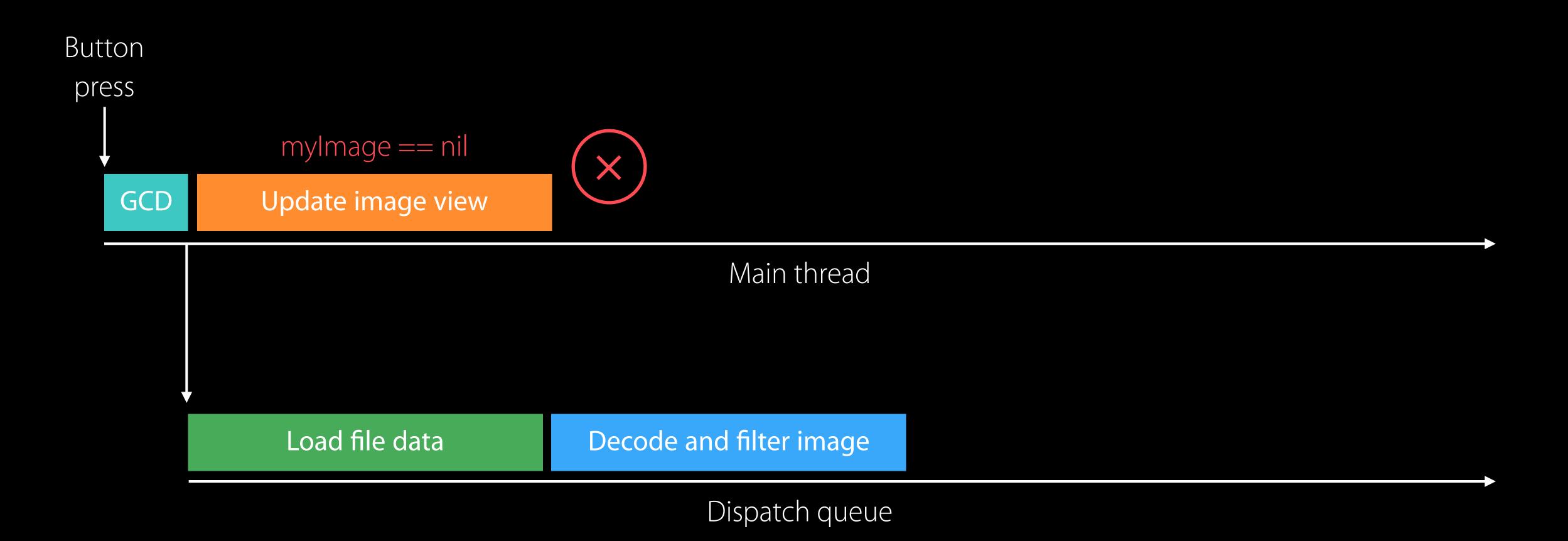
```
dispatch_async(dispatch_get_global_queue(QOS_CLASS_USER_INITIATED, 0)) {
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
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    self.imageView.image = myImage
}
```

```
var myImage: UIImage? = nil
dispatch_async(dispatch_get_global_queue(QOS_CLASS_USER_INITIATED, 0)) {
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
    myImage = self.watermarkedImageFromData(myData)
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self.imageView.image = myImage
```

self.imageView.image = myImage

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var myImage: UIImage? = nil
dispatch_async(dispatch_get_global_queue(QOS_CLASS_USER_INITIATED, 0)) {
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```
dispatch_async(dispatch_get_global_queue(QOS_CLASS_USER_INITIATED, 0)) {
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
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dispatch_async(dispatch_get_main_queue()) {
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    }
}
```

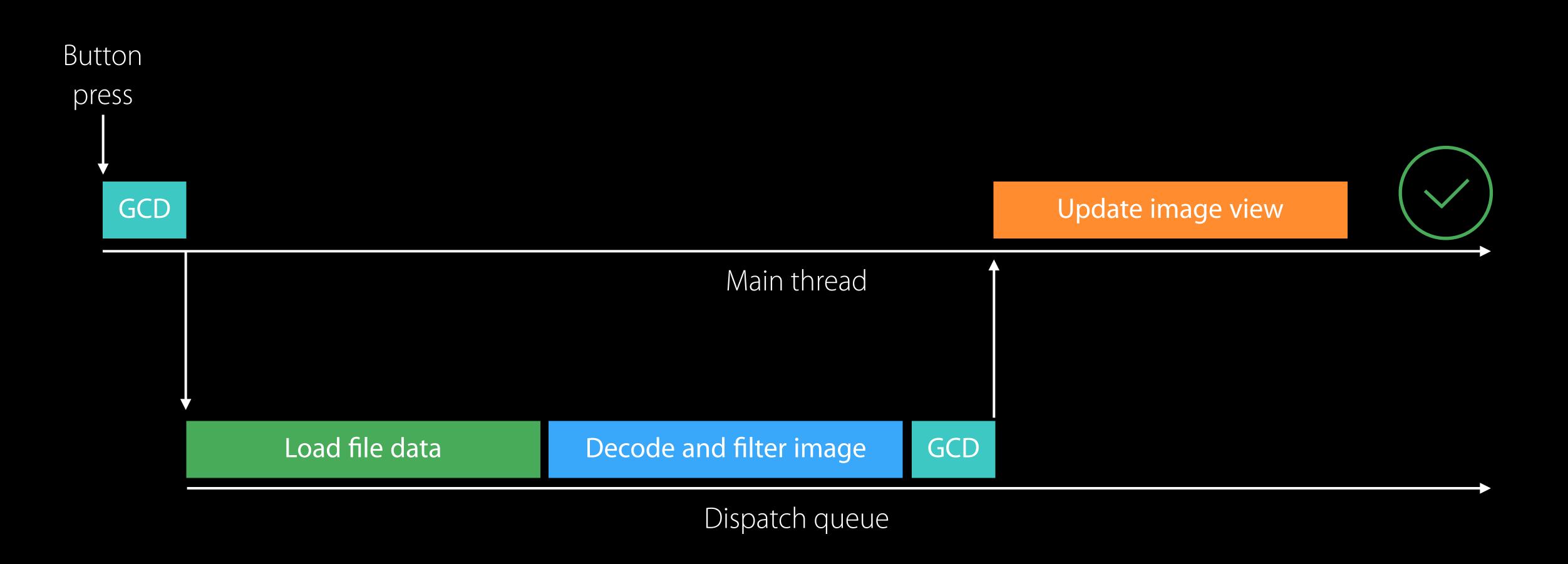
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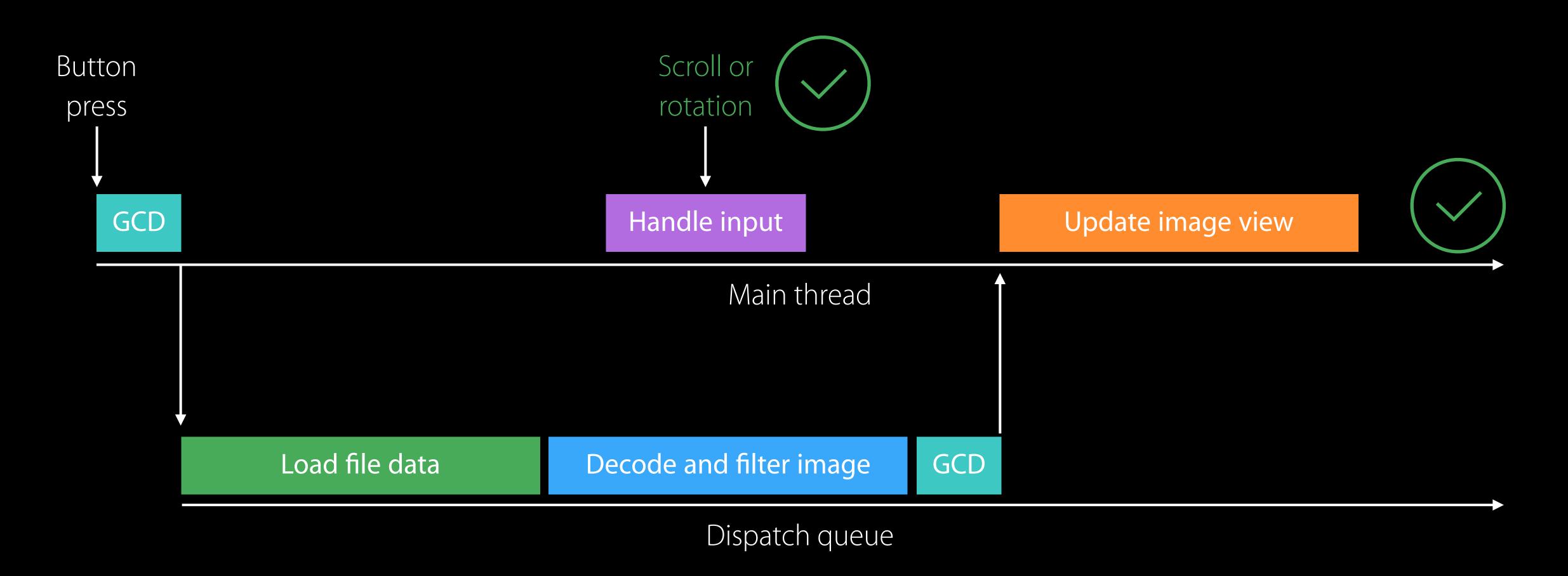
```
dispatch_async(dispatch_get_global_queue(QOS_CLASS_USER_INITIATED, 0)) {
    let myData = NSData(contentsOfFile: self.path)!
    let myImage = self.watermarkedImageFromData(myData)

    dispatch_async(dispatch_get_main_queue()) {
        self.imageView.image = myImage
    }
}
```

Timely and thread-safe object access



Timely handling of user input



Common Blocking Calls

Common Blocking Calls

Networking: NSURLConnection and friends

Networking: NSURLConnection and friends

Use asynchronous API

Networking: NSURLConnection and friends

- Use asynchronous API
- NSURLSession background session

Networking: NSURLConnection and friends

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Foundation initializers

Networking: NSURLConnection and friends

- Use asynchronous API
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Foundation initializers

contentsOfFile:

Networking: NSURLConnection and friends

- Use asynchronous API
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Foundation initializers

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- contentsOfURL:

Networking: NSURLConnection and friends

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Core Data

Networking: NSURLConnection and friends

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Core Data

Move some Core Data work to different concurrency modes

Networking: NSURLConnection and friends

- Use asynchronous API
- NSURLSession background session

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Core Data

Move some Core Data work to different concurrency modes

Strategies for Avoiding Blocking Calls

Switch to asynchronous API

Strategies for Avoiding Blocking Calls

Switch to asynchronous API

Use GCD

Strategies for Avoiding Blocking Calls

Switch to asynchronous API

Use GCD

Multitasking requires memory tuning

Multitasking requires memory tuning watchOS considerations

Multitasking requires memory tuning

watchOS considerations

Older hardware

Multitasking requires memory tuning

watchOS considerations

Older hardware

Extensions

Never enough to go around

Never enough to go around

Suspended apps are not persisted

Never enough to go around

Suspended apps are not persisted

They are evicted without storing

Never enough to go around

Suspended apps are not persisted

They are evicted without storing

iOS App Performance: Memory

Memory Memory is time

Reclaiming memory takes time

Memory is time

Reclaiming memory takes time

Sudden high-memory demand impacts responsiveness

Memory is time

Reclaiming memory takes time

Sudden high-memory demand impacts responsiveness

Preserves state in the background

Resources

Resources

Strings

Resources

- Strings
- Images

Resources

- Strings
- Images
- Core Data managed objects

Resources

- Strings
- Images
- Core Data managed objects

Create a mental model of accessed resources

Resources

- Strings
- Images
- Core Data managed objects

Create a mental model of accessed resources

Check your work using Xcode debugger

Resources

- Strings
- Images
- Core Data managed objects

Create a mental model of accessed resources

Check your work using Xcode debugger

Instruments: Allocations and Leaks

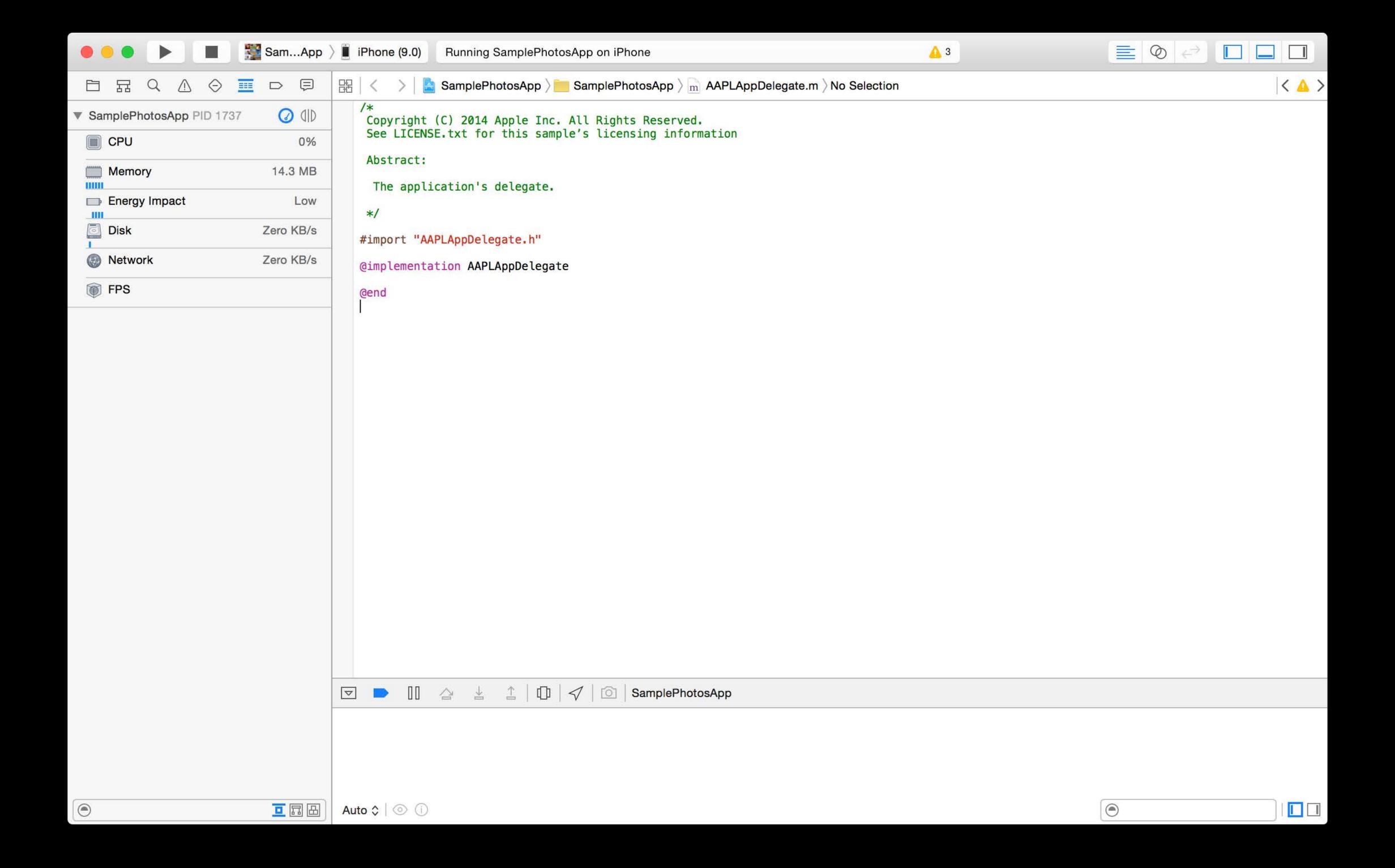
Resources

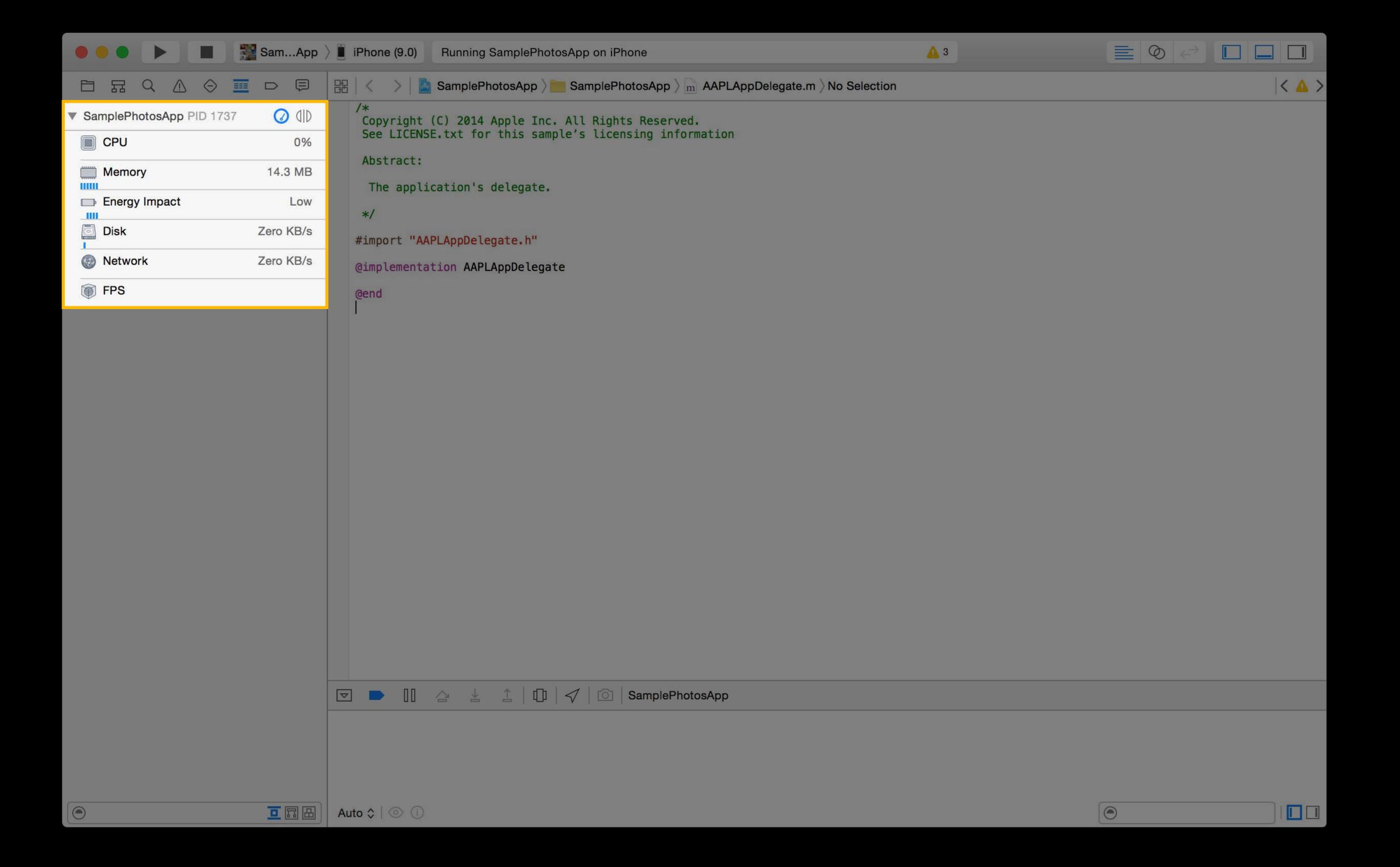
- Strings
- Images
- Core Data managed objects

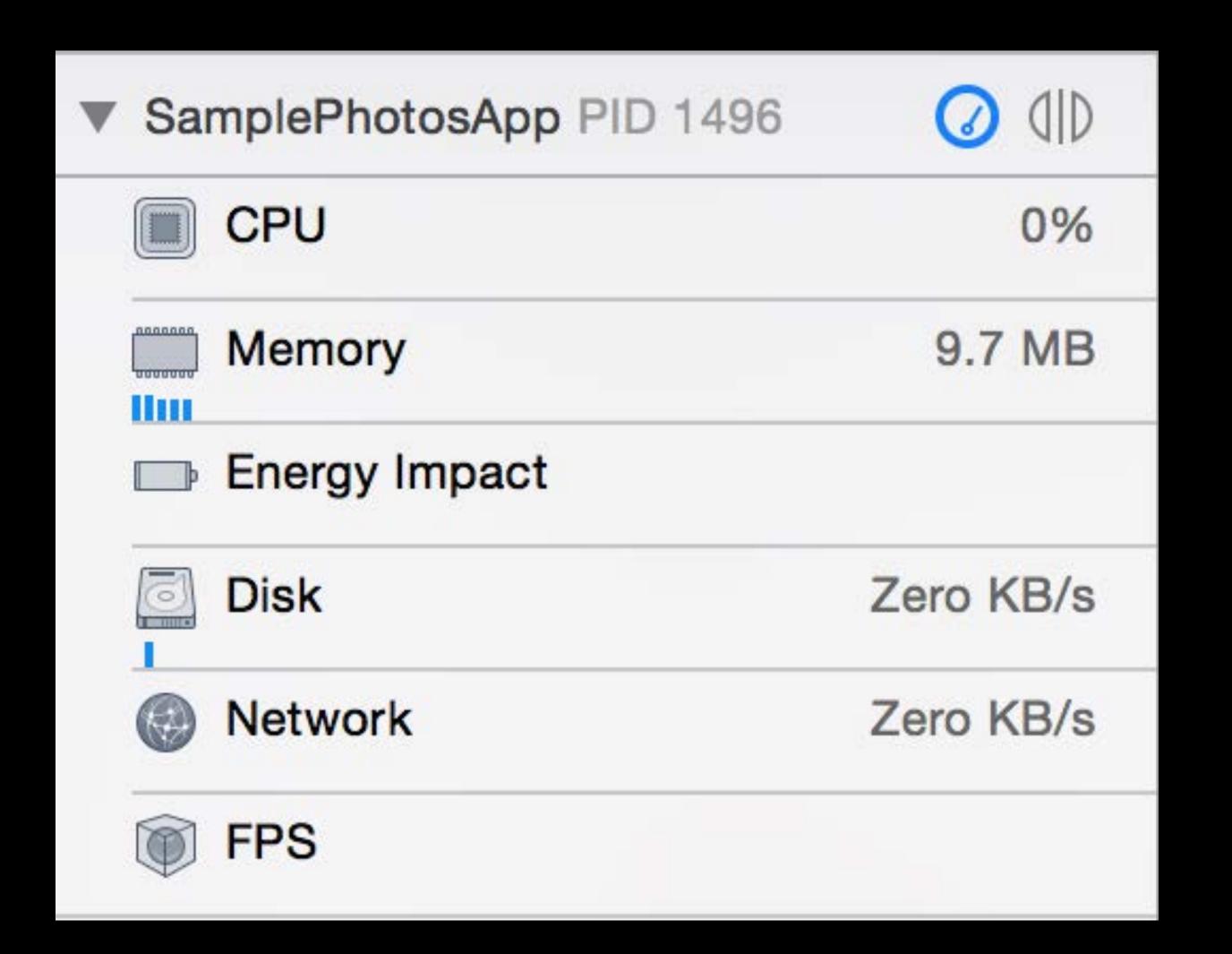
Create a mental model of accessed resources

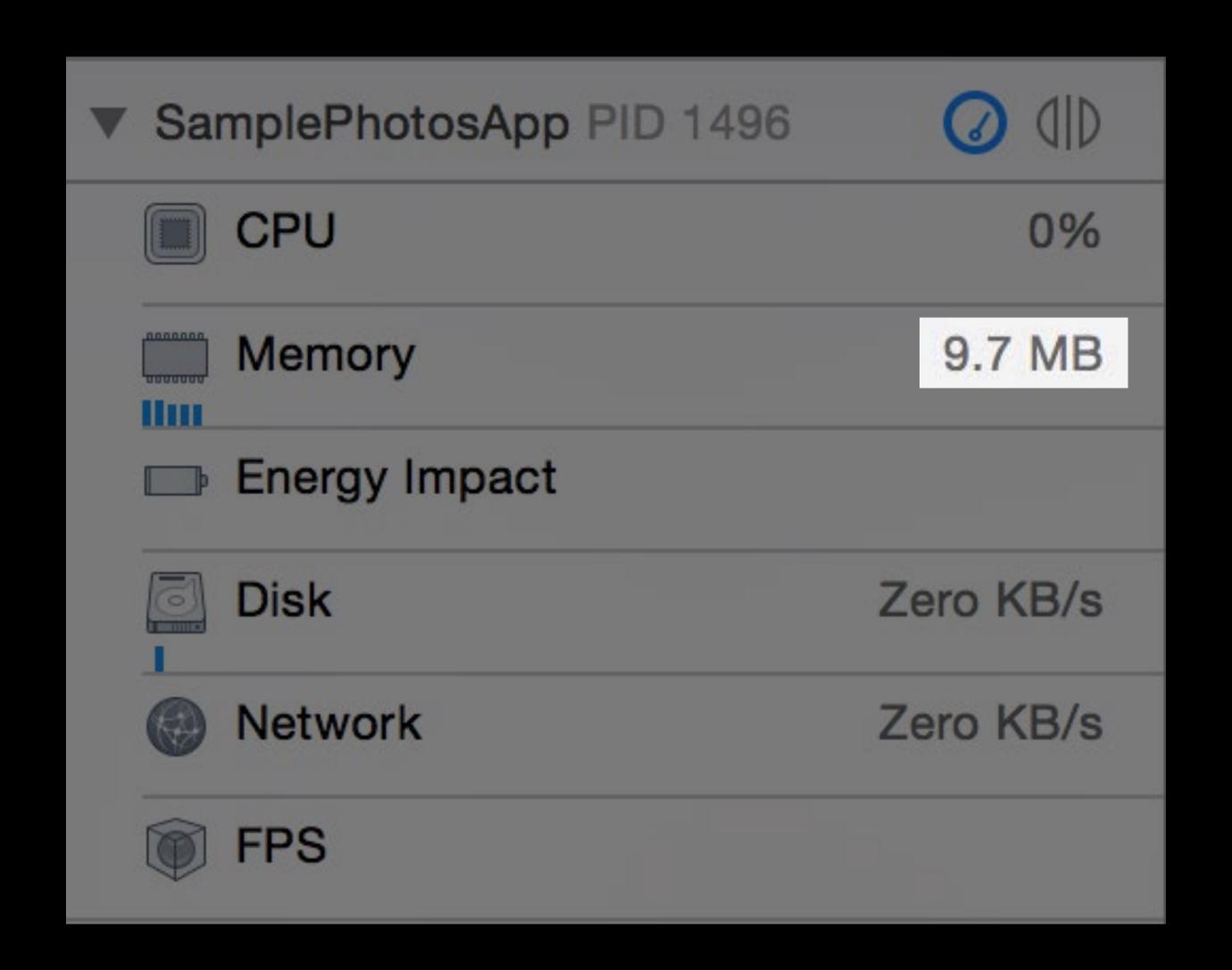
Check your work using Xcode debugger

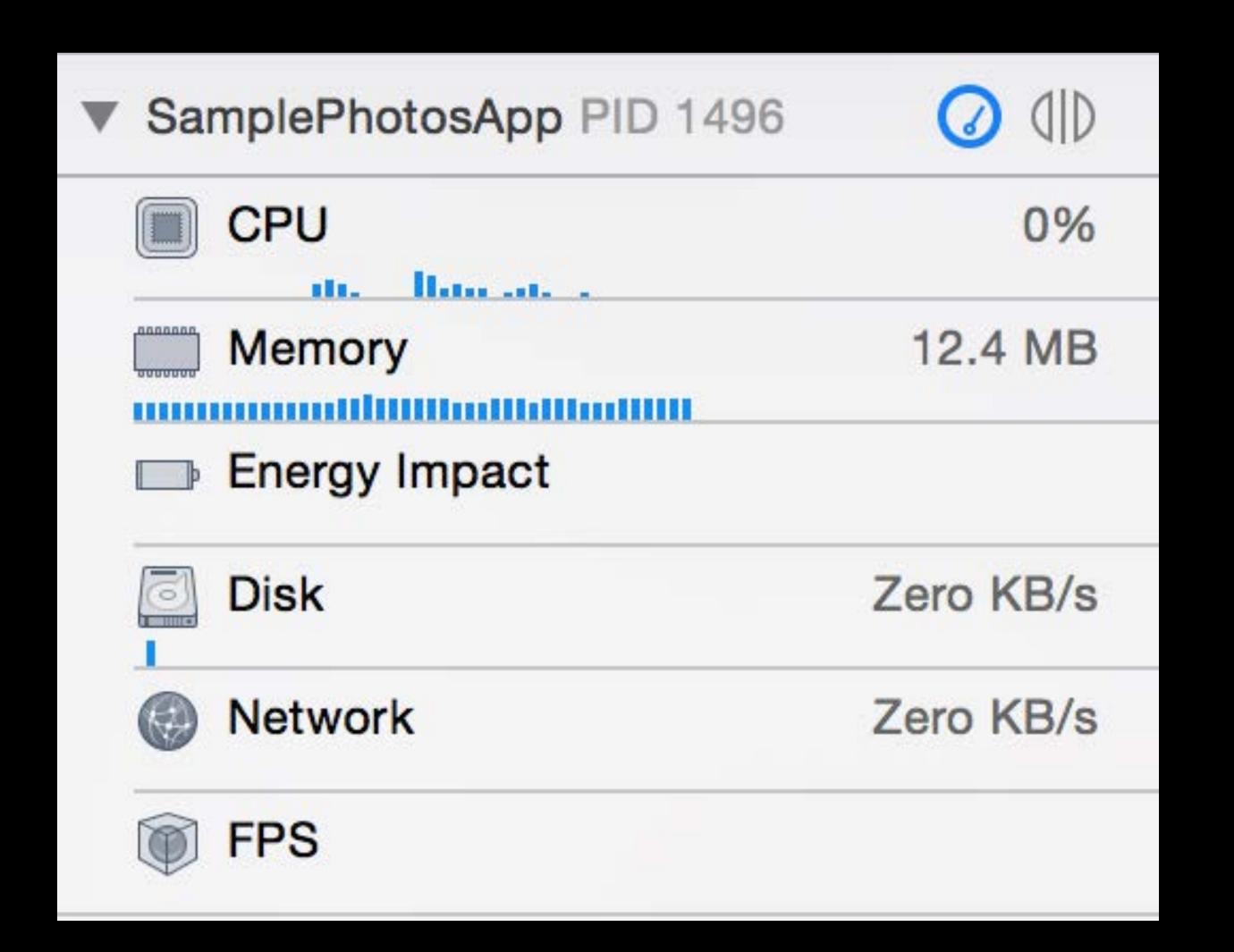
Instruments: Allocations and Leaks

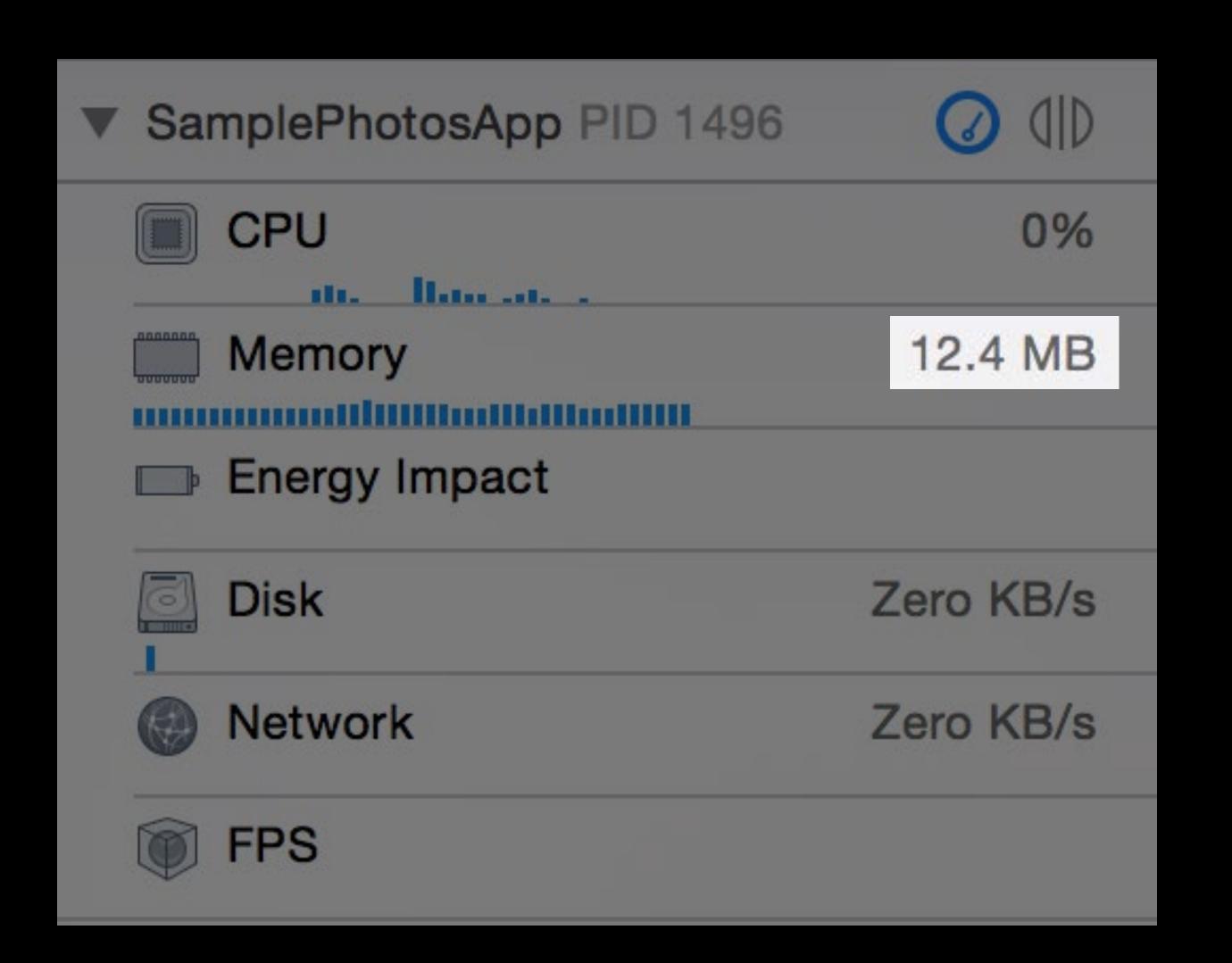


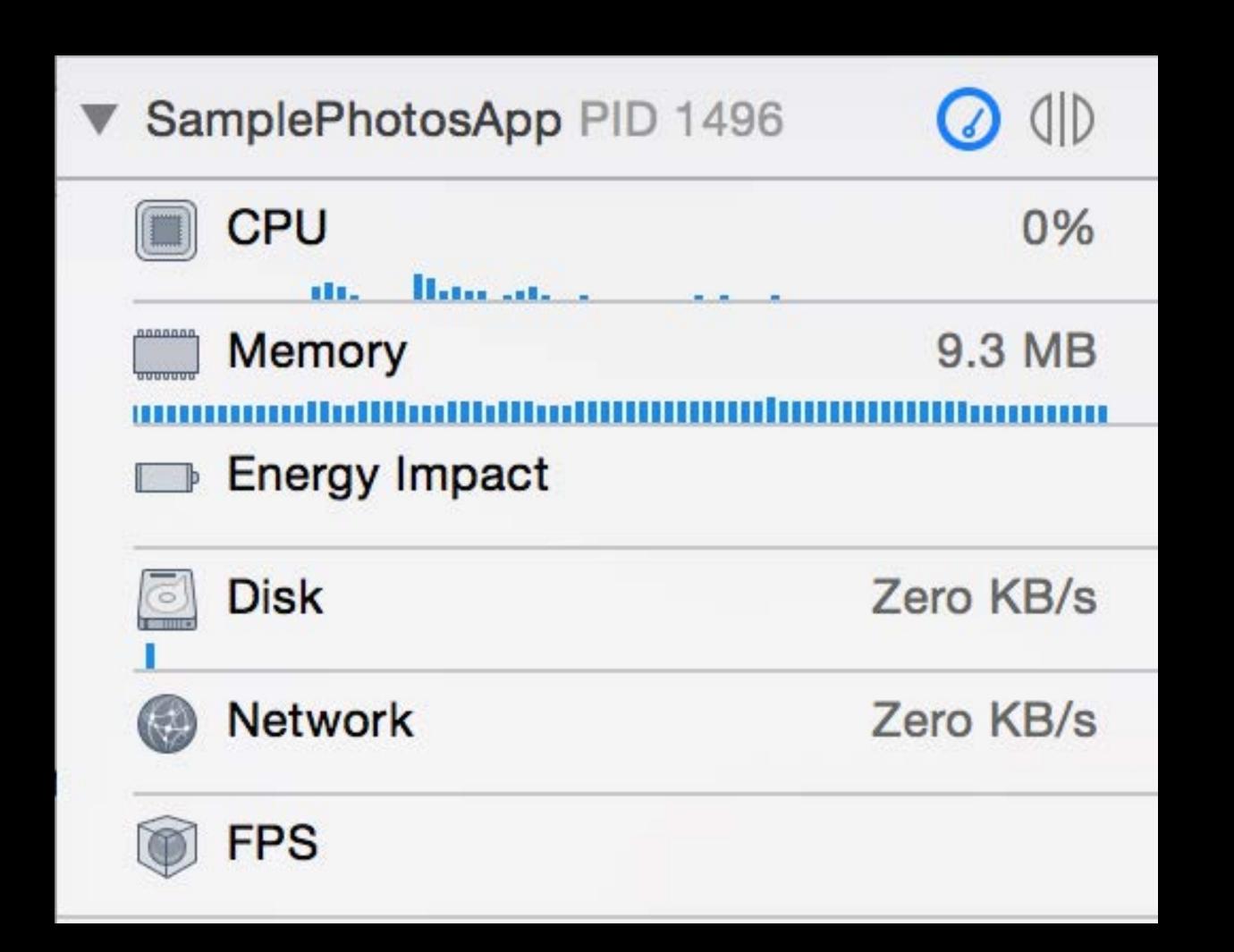


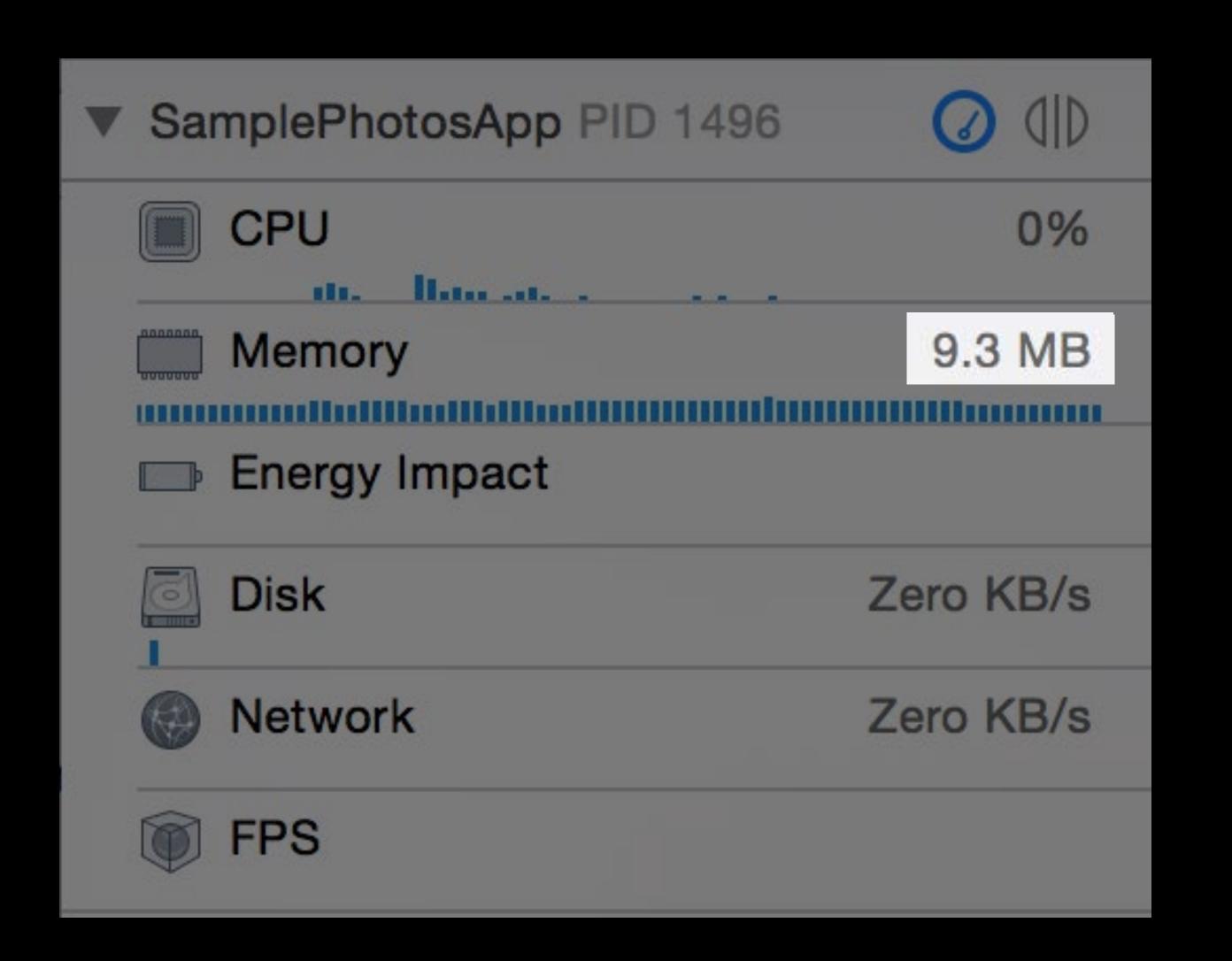












Use NSCache

Use NSCache

Listen for notifications

Use NSCache

Listen for notifications

UIApplicationDidEnterBackgroundNotification

Use NSCache

Listen for notifications

- UIApplicationDidEnterBackgroundNotification
- UIApplicationDidReceiveMemoryWarningNotification

Responding to changes

```
init() {
  NSNotificationCenter.defaultCenter()
    addObserverForName(UIApplicationDidReceiveMemoryWarningNotification,
       object: self,
       queue: NSOperationQueue mainQueue())
             { [unowned self] (NSNotification notification) -> Void in
                 self.purgeCaches() // custom cache purging behavior
deinit {
 NSNotificationCenter.defaultCenter().removeObserver(self)
```

Responding to changes

```
init() {
  NSNotificationCenter.defaultCenter()
    addObserverForName(UIApplicationDidReceiveMemoryWarningNotification,
       object: self,
       queue: NSOperationQueue.mainQueue())
             { [unowned self] (NSNotification notification) -> Void in
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Responding to changes

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deinit {
 NSNotificationCenter.defaultCenter().removeObserver(self)
```

Covered in detail

Covered in detail

Covered in detail

Resource types and access patterns

Covered in detail

Resource types and access patterns

Responding to system memory state while running

Native code on watchOS



NEW

Native code on watchOS

NEW

Native code on watchOS

Reuse what makes sense

NEW

Native code on watchOS

Reuse what makes sense

Your existing code

NEW

Native code on watchOS

Reuse what makes sense

- Your existing code
- Familiar APIs and frameworks

NEW

Native code on watchOS

Reuse what makes sense

- Your existing code
- Familiar APIs and frameworks

Implement new mechanisms

watchOS Quick and simple

Short, simple interactions

watchOS Quick and simple

Short, simple interactions

Recent and relevant data in Apps, Notifications, Glances

watchOS Quick and simple

Short, simple interactions

Recent and relevant data in Apps, Notifications, Glances

Launch time is critical

Minimize network traffic and processing

Minimize network traffic and processing

Implementing new server logic

Send appropriately sized and formatted responses

Minimize network traffic and processing

- Send appropriately sized and formatted responses
- Remove unused keys from JSON or XML blobs

Minimize network traffic and processing

- Send appropriately sized and formatted responses
- Remove unused keys from JSON or XML blobs
- Send appropriately sized images

Minimize network traffic and processing

- Send appropriately sized and formatted responses
- Remove unused keys from JSON or XML blobs
- Send appropriately sized images
- Send an appropriate number of records (one screen)

Show fresh, relevant information

Keep app context updated

Show fresh, relevant information

Keep app context updated

Bidirectional shared state

Show fresh, relevant information

Keep app context updated

- Bidirectional shared state
- WCSession.defaultSession().updateApplicationContext(...)

Show fresh, relevant information

Keep app context updated

- Bidirectional shared state
- WCSession defaultSession() updateApplicationContext(...)
- Benefit from Background App Refresh

Minimize network traffic and processing

Minimize network traffic and processing

Relying on existing server logic

• Implement a lightweight service on iPhone

Minimize network traffic and processing

- Implement a lightweight service on iPhone
- WCSession.defaultSession().sendMessage(...)

Minimize network traffic and processing

- Implement a lightweight service on iPhone
- WCSession.defaultSession().sendMessage(...)
- Parse and pare down server responses on iPhone

Minimize network traffic and processing

- Implement a lightweight service on iPhone
- WCSession.defaultSession().sendMessage(...)
- Parse and pare down server responses on iPhone
- Reply over WCSession with minimal working set

Summary

Performance is a feature

Efficient apps feel great, build trust, and save power

Learn about Apple technologies and choose the best ones for your app

Keep your main thread ready for user input

Understand when and why your app uses memory

On watchOS, fetch and process a minimal set of information

More Information

Documentation

Performance Overview
Instruments User Guide
Concurrency Programming Guide
Threading Programming Guide

http://developer.apple.com/library

Technical Support

Apple Developer Forums

Developer Technical Support

http://developer.apple.com/forums

General Inquiries

Curt Rothert, App Frameworks Evangelist rothert@apple.com

Related Sessions

Optimizing Your App for Multitasking on iPad in iOS 9	Presidio	Wednesday 3:30PM
Designing for Apple Watch	Presidio	Wednesday 4:30PM
What's New in Core Data	Mission	Thursday 2:30PM
Profiling in Depth	Mission	Thursday 3:30PM
Building Responsive and Efficient Apps with GCD	Nob Hill	Friday 10:00AM
iOS App Performance: Memory		WWDC12
Advanced Graphics and Animations for iOS Apps		WWDC14
Improving Your App with Instruments		WWDC14

Related Labs

Power and Performance Lab

Frameworks Lab C

Friday 12:00PM

ÓWWDC15