

# What's New in Foundation for Swift

Session 207

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# What's New in Foundation for Swift

Swift API design guidelines

Improved Objective-C import

New value types

New Swift-specific API

# API Design Guidelines



Safe  
Fast  
Expressive



The logo features a large, dark gray rounded rectangle with a white dashed border. Inside this rectangle, at the bottom center, is a solid orange rectangle containing the text "Swift Standard Library" in white.

Swift Standard Library

The diagram consists of a dark gray rounded rectangle with a dashed white border. Inside this rectangle are two stacked rectangular boxes. The top box is purple and contains the text 'Your Application'. The bottom box is orange and contains the text 'Swift Standard Library'.

Your Application

Swift Standard Library

Your Application

Cocoa SDK

Swift Standard Library



Safe  
Fast  
Expressive



# Consistent Experience

# Consistent Experience

## Libraries

---

Huge number of features

---

Widespread adoption

---

Battle-tested implementation

---

Consistent naming conventions

---

Continuous development

---

# Consistent Experience

## Libraries

---

Huge number of features

---

Widespread adoption

---

Battle-tested implementation

---

Consistent naming conventions

---

Continuous development

---

## Language

---

Generics

---

Built-in support for mutation

---

Protocol extensions

---

Function overloading

---

Default argument values

---

# Swift Evolution

# Swift Evolution

SE-0023 API Design Guidelines

# Swift Evolution

SE-0023 API Design Guidelines

SE-0006 Apply API Design Guidelines to Standard Library

# Swift Evolution

SE-0023 API Design Guidelines

SE-0006 Apply API Design Guidelines to Standard Library

SE-0005 Better Translation of Objective-C APIs into Swift



# Swift Evolution

SE-0023 API Design Guidelines

SE-0006 Apply API Design Guidelines to Standard Library

SE-0005 Better Translation of Objective-C APIs into Swift

What's Next

# What's Next

Swift's goals go beyond naming

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Mutability model is a key part of language

# What's Next

Swift's goals go beyond naming

Mutability model is a key part of language

Turned attention to Foundation

Why Foundation?

# Why Foundation?

Unique spot in the SDK

# Why Foundation?

Unique spot in the SDK

Low level

- Used everywhere



# Why Foundation?

Unique spot in the SDK

Low level

- Used everywhere

High level

- Establishes common types and design patterns

Your Application

Cocoa SDK

Swift Standard Library

Your Application

Cocoa SDK

Swift Standard Library

Your Application

Swift Standard Library

Your Application

CloudKit

UIKit

WebKit

MapKit

HomeKit

PassKit

SceneKit

HealthKit

WatchKit

SpriteKit

CoreData

MetalKit

Swift Standard Library

Your Application



Swift Standard Library

# Why Foundation?

Leverage point

# Why Foundation?

Leverage point

Home of many value types



# Why Foundation?

Leverage point

Home of many value types

Evolution over revolution

# Foundation Evolution

# Foundation Evolution

SE-0069 Mutability and Foundation Value Types

# Foundation Evolution

[SE-0069](#) Mutability and Foundation Value Types

[SE-0086](#) Drop NS Prefix in Swift Foundation

# Foundation API Improvements

Value semantics

Further naming improvements

Adoption of standard library protocols

Additional type safety

Swift-specific features

# Value Types

# Value Types

Copy content on assignment or when passed as parameter

```
let start = CGPoint(x: 1, y: 2)
var end = start
end.x += 8
```

# Value Types

Copy content on assignment or when passed as parameter

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# Value Types

Copy content on assignment or when passed as parameter

```
let start = CGPoint(x: 1, y: 2)
var end = start
end.x += 8
```



# Reference Types

Share content by default

```
let data = NSMutableData(withContentsOf: file1)
var otherData = data
otherData.append(NSData(withContentsOf: file2))
```

# Reference Types

Share content by default

```
let data = NSMutableData(withContentsOf: file1)
var otherData = data
otherData.append(NSData(withContentsOf: file2))
```

data

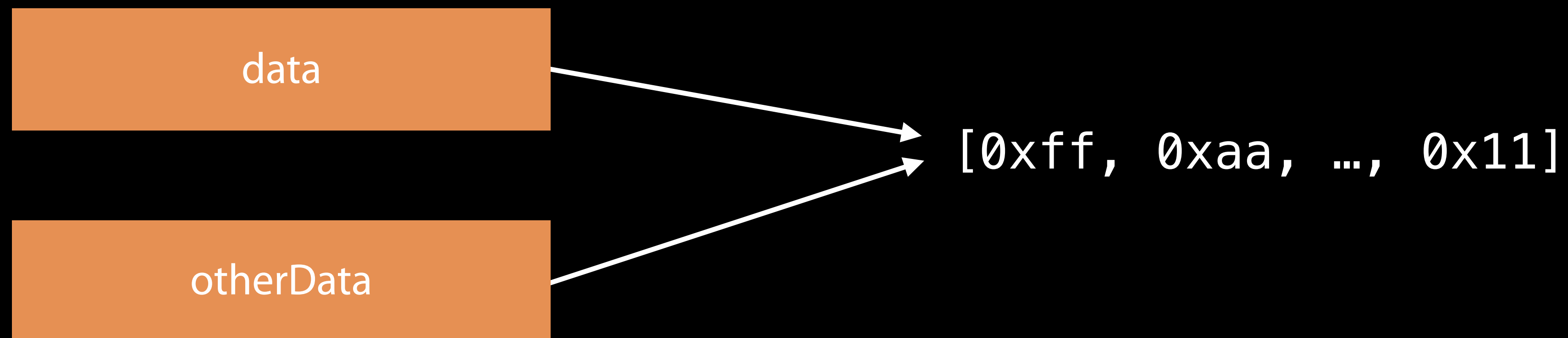
[0xff, 0xaa, ..., 0x11]

A diagram illustrating a reference type. On the left, there is an orange rectangular box containing the text 'data'. A white arrow points from the right side of this box to the right. At the end of the arrow, the text '[0xff, 0xaa, ..., 0x11]' is displayed, representing a memory address or a list of hexadecimal values.

# Reference Types

Share content by default

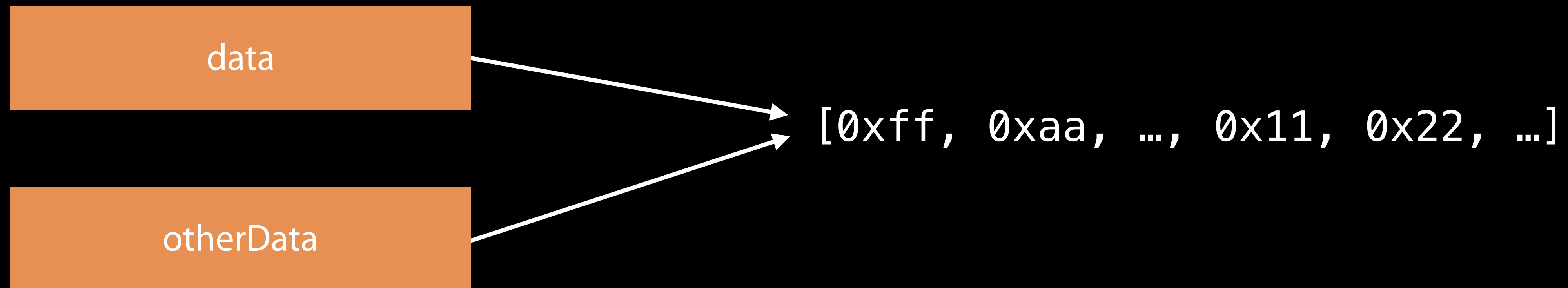
```
let data = NSMutableData(withContentsOf: file1)
var otherData = data
otherData.append(NSData(withContentsOf: file2))
```



# Reference Types

Share content by default

```
let data = NSMutableData(withContentsOf: file1)
var otherData = data
otherData.append(NSData(withContentsOf: file2))
```



# Value vs. Reference

Neither is better—just used in different ways

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Neither is better—just used in different ways

Object identity vs. stored contents



# Object Identity

# Object Identity

OperationQueue.main

```
class OperationQueue : NSObject {  
    class var main: OperationQueue  
}
```





# Stored Contents

# Stored Contents

Date

```
public struct Date : Comparable, Equatable {  
    private var _time : Double  
}
```

# Stored Contents

## Date

```
public struct Date : Comparable, Equatable {  
    private var _time : Double  
}
```

## Data

```
public struct Data : Equatable, Hashable, RandomAccessCollection, MutableCollection
```

Copy on Write



# Copy on Write

```
let data = Data(contentsOf: file1)
```

```
struct Data
```

# Copy on Write

```
let data = Data(contentsOf: file1)
```

struct Data



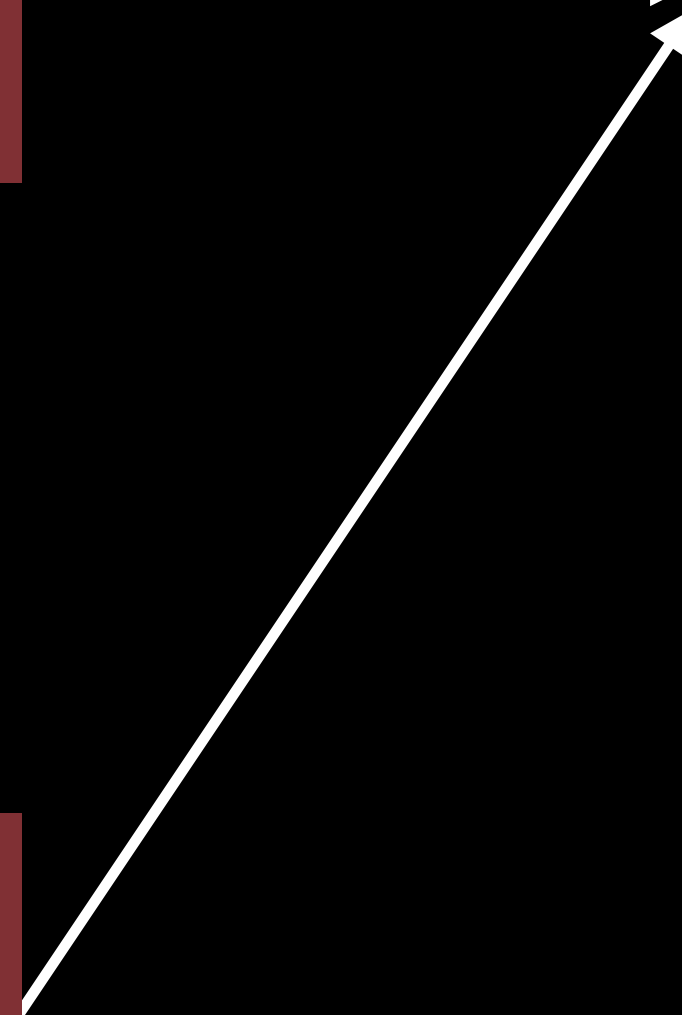
class NSData

# Copy on Write

```
let data = Data(contentsOf: file1)
```



```
var otherData = data
```



# Copy on Write

```
let data = Data(contentsOf: file1)
```



```
var otherData = data  
otherData[0] = 0x42
```



class NSData

copy()

otherData[0] = 0x42

class NSData



```
let data = Data(contentsOf: file1)
```



```
var otherData = data  
otherData[0] = 0x42
```



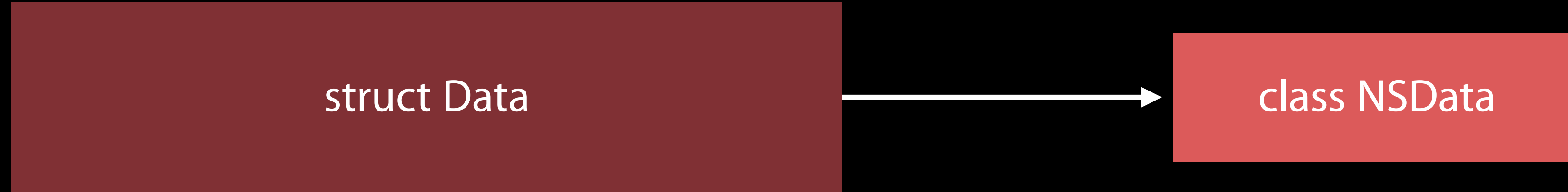
class NSData

copy()

otherData[0] = 0x42

class NSData

```
let data = Data(contentsOf: file1)
```



```
let data = Data(contentsOf: file1)
```

struct Data

class NSData

struct Data

class NSData

```
otherData[1] = 0x43  
otherData[2] = 0x44
```

```
otherData[1] = 0x43  
otherData[2] = 0x44
```

```
let data = Data(contentsOf: file1)
```



```
otherData[1] = 0x43  
otherData[2] = 0x44
```

```
otherData[1] = 0x43  
otherData[2] = 0x44
```



# New Value Types

NEW

AffineTransform

CharacterSet

Data

Date

DateComponents

DateInterval *(new)*

Decimal *(improved)*

IndexPath

IndexSet

Measurement *(new)*

Notification

PersonNameComponents

URL

URLComponents

URLRequest

URLQueryItem

UUID

# API Exploration

Michael LeHew Foundation, Apple

# Nested Enumerations

Objective-C constants namespace by convention

# Nested Enumerations

Objective-C constants namespace by convention

```
typedef NS_ENUM(NSUInteger, NSNumberFormatterStyle) { ... }  
typedef NS_ENUM(NSUInteger, NSNumberFormatterBehavior) { ... }  
typedef NS_ENUM(NSUInteger, NSNumberFormatterPadPosition) { ... }  
typedef NS_ENUM(NSUInteger, NSNumberFormatterRoundingMode) { ... }
```

# Nested Enumerations

Objective-C constants namespace by convention

```
typedef NS_ENUM(NSUInteger, NSNumberFormatterStyle) { ... }
typedef NS_ENUM(NSUInteger, NSNumberFormatterBehavior) { ... }
typedef NS_ENUM(NSUInteger, NSNumberFormatterPadPosition) { ... }
typedef NS_ENUM(NSUInteger, NSNumberFormatterRoundingMode) { ... }

// Swift 2.2
public enum NSNumberFormatterStyle : UInt { ... }
public enum NSNumberFormatterBehavior : UInt { ... }
public enum NSNumberFormatterPadPosition : UInt { ... }
public enum NSNumberFormatterRoundingMode : UInt { ... }
```

# Nested Enumerations

NEW

Swift allows for nested types

# Nested Enumerations

NEW

Swift allows for nested types

```
// Swift 3
public class NumberFormatter {
    public enum style { ... }
    public enum behavior { ... }
    public enum padPosition { ... }
    public enum roundingMode { ... }
}
```

# Strongly Typed String Enumerations

Many Foundation APIs use families of string constants



# Strongly Typed String Enumerations

Many Foundation APIs use families of string constants

```
NSString *const NSProcessInfoThermalStateDidChangeNotification;
```

```
NSString *const NSTaskDidTerminateNotification;
```

```
NSString *const NSCalendarDayChangedNotification;
```

# Strongly Typed String Enumerations

Many Foundation APIs use families of string constants

```
NSString *const NSProcessInfoThermalStateDidChangeNotification;
```

```
NSString *const NSTaskDidTerminateNotification;
```

```
NSString *const NSCalendarDayChangedNotification;
```

```
NSString *const NSURLIsRegularFileKey;
```

```
NSString *const NSURLCreationDateKey;
```

```
NSString *const NSURLVolumeMaximumFileSizeKey;
```

# Strongly Typed String Enumerations

NEW

Objective-C uses the new types

```
NSString *const NSProcessInfoThermalStateDidChangeNotification;
```

```
NSString *const NSTaskDidTerminateNotification;
```

```
NSString *const NSCalendarDayChangedNotification;
```

```
NSString *const NSURLIsRegularFileKey;
```

```
NSString *const NSURLCreationDateKey;
```

```
NSString *const NSURLVolumeMaximumFileSizeKey;
```

# Strongly Typed String Enumerations

NEW

Objective-C uses the new types

```
NSNotificationName const NSProcessInfoThermalStateDidChangeNotification;  
NSNotificationName const NSTaskDidTerminateNotification;  
NSNotificationName const NSCalendarDayChangedNotification;
```

```
NSString *const NSURLIsRegularFileKey;  
NSString *const NSURLCreationDateKey;  
NSString *const NSURLVolumeMaximumFileSizeKey;
```

# Strongly Typed String Enumerations

NEW

Objective-C uses the new types

```
NSNotificationName const NSProcessInfoThermalStateDidChangeNotification;  
NSNotificationName const NSTaskDidTerminateNotification;  
NSNotificationName const NSCalendarDayChangedNotification;
```

```
NSURLResourceKey const NSURLIsRegularFileKey;  
NSURLResourceKey const NSURLCreationDateKey;  
NSURLResourceKey const NSURLVolumeMaximumFileSizeKey;
```

# Strongly Typed String Enumerations

NEW

String enumerations are extensible

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NEW

String enumerations are extensible

```
// Objective-C  
extern NSStringName const MyUserBecameActiveNotification;
```

# Strongly Typed String Enumerations

NEW

String enumerations are extensible

```
// Objective-C  
extern NSStringName const MyUserBecameActiveNotification;
```

```
// Swift 3  
public extension Notification.Name {  
    public static let userLoggedOut = Notification.Name("UserLoggedOut")  
}
```



# Strongly Typed String Enumerations

NEW

String enumerations are extensible

```
// Objective-C  
extern NSStringName const MyUserBecameActiveNotification;
```

```
// Swift 3  
public extension Notification.Name {  
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```

# Strongly Typed String Enumerations

NEW

String enumerations are extensible

```
// Objective-C  
extern NSStringName const MyUserBecameActiveNotification;
```

```
// Swift 3  
public extension Notification.Name {  
    public static let userLoggedOut = Notification.Name("UserLoggedOut")  
}  
let n = Notification(name: .userLoggedOut, object: nil)
```

# Class Properties

NEW

Many Foundation APIs associate state with a type

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Many Foundation APIs associate state with a type

```
// Objective-C (conventional class properties)
@interface NSUserDefaults
+ (NSUserDefaults *)standardUserDefaults;
@end
```

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Many Foundation APIs associate state with a type

```
// Objective-C (conventional class properties)
@interface NSUserDefaults
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@end
```

```
// Objective-C (language supported class properties)
@interface NSUserDefaults
@property (class, readonly, strong) standardUserDefaults;
@end
```

# Class Properties

NEW

Many Foundation APIs associate state with a type

```
// Objective-C (conventional class properties)
@interface NSUserDefaults
+ (NSUserDefaults *)standardUserDefaults;
@end
```

```
// Objective-C (language supported class properties)
@interface NSUserDefaults
@property (class, readonly, strong) standardUserDefaults;
@end
```

# Class Properties

NEW

Objective-C class properties appear as Swift class properties

```
// Swift 2.2
public class UserDefaults {
    public class func standardUserDefaults() -> UserDefaults
}
```

# Class Properties

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Objective-C class properties appear as Swift class properties

```
// Swift 2.2
public class UserDefaults {
    public class func standardUserDefaults() -> UserDefaults
}
```

```
// Swift 3 (almost)
public class UserDefaults {
    public class var standardUserDefaults: UserDefaults
}
```



# Class Properties

NEW

Objective-C class properties appear to Swift class properties

```
// Swift 2.2
public class UserDefaults {
    public class func standardUserDefaults() -> UserDefaults
}
```

```
// Swift 3
public class UserDefaults {
    public class var standardUserDefaults: UserDefaults
}
```

# Value Types

Date

Measurement

URLComponents



```
// Value Types: Date
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> NSDate { ... }
```

```
// Value Types: Date
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> NSDate { ... }
```

```
let date = whenToLeave()
```

```
// Value Types: Date
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> NSDate { ... }
```

```
let date = whenToLeave()
```

```
let reminder = date.dateByAddingTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)
```

```
// Value Types: Date
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> NSDate { ... }
```

```
let date = whenToLeave()
```

```
let reminder = date.dateByAddingTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)
```

Allocation Count: 1

```
// Value Types: Date
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> NSDate { ... }
```

```
let date = whenToLeave()
```

```
let reminder = date.dateByAddingTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)
```

Allocation Count: 2



NEW

```
// Date as a Value Type
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> NSDate { ... }
```

```
let date = whenToLeave()
```

```
let reminder = date.dateByAddingTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)
```

```
// Swift 3
```

NEW

```
// Date as a Value Type
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> NSDate { ... }
```

```
let date = whenToLeave()
```

```
let reminder = date.dateByAddingTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)
```

```
// Swift 3
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> Date { ... }
```



```
// Date as a Value Type
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> NSDate { ... }
```

```
let date = whenToLeave()
```

```
let reminder = date.dateByAddingTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)
```

```
// Swift 3
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> Date { ... }
```

```
var date = whenToLeave()
```

NEW

```
// Date as a Value Type
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> NSDate { ... }
```

```
let date = whenToLeave()
```

```
let reminder = date.dateByAddingTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)
```

```
// Swift 3
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> Date { ... }
```

```
var date = whenToLeave()
```

```
date.addTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)
```

```
// Date as a Value Type
```

```
// Swift 3
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> Date { ... }
```

```
var date = whenToLeave()
```

```
date.addTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)
```

NEW

```
// Date as a Value Type
```

```
// Swift 3
```

```
func whenToLeave() -> Date { ... }
```

```
let when = whenToLeave().addingTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)
```

NEW

NEW

```
// Date as a Value Type

// Swift 3
func whenToLeave() -> Date { ... }
let when = whenToLeave().addingTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)

if Date() < when {

} else {
    print("You're late!")
}
```

```
// Date as a Value Type

// Swift 3
func whenToLeave() -> Date { ... }
let when = whenToLeave().addingTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)

if Date() < when {
    timer = Timer(fireDate: when, interval: 0, repeats: false) {
        print("Almost time to go!")
    }
    RunLoop.main.add(timer, forMode: .commonModes)
} else {
    print("You're late!")
}
```



```
// Date as a Value Type

// Swift 3
func whenToLeave() -> Date { ... }
let when = whenToLeave().addingTimeInterval(-5.0 * 60.0)

if Date() < when {
    timer = Timer(fireDate: when, interval: 0, repeats: false) {
        print("Almost time to go!")
    }
    RunLoop.main.add(timer, forMode: .commonModes)
} else {
    print("You're late!")
}
```

# Value Types

NEW

Measurement

```
// Swift 3
```

# Value Types

NEW

Measurement

```
// Swift 3  
let street1 = Measurement(value: 73, UnitLength.meters)
```

# Value Types

NEW

## Measurement

```
// Swift 3  
let street1 = Measurement(value: 73, UnitLength.meters)  
let street2 = Measurement(value: 67, UnitLength.meters)
```

# Value Types

NEW

## Measurement

```
// Swift 3
let street1 = Measurement(value: 73, UnitLength.meters)
let street2 = Measurement(value: 67, UnitLength.meters)
var commuteDistance = street1 + street2
```

# Value Types

NEW

## Measurement

```
// Swift 3
let street1 = Measurement(value: 73, UnitLength.meters)
let street2 = Measurement(value: 67, UnitLength.meters)
var commuteDistance = street1 + street2
commuteDistance.convert(to: UnitLength.yards)
```

# Value Types

NEW

## Measurement

```
// Swift 3
let street1 = Measurement(value: 73, UnitLength.meters)
let street2 = Measurement(value: 67, UnitLength.meters)
var commuteDistance = street1 + street2
commuteDistance.convert(to: UnitLength.yards)

let speed = commuteDistance.converted(to: UnitSpeed.metersPerSecond)
```

# Value Types

NEW

## Measurement

```
// Swift 3
let street1 = Measurement(value: 73, UnitLength.meters)
let street2 = Measurement(value: 67, UnitLength.meters)
var commuteDistance = street1 + street2
commuteDistance.convert(to: UnitLength.yards)

let speed = commuteDistance.converted(to: UnitSpeed.metersPerSecond)
```

! Cannot convert value of type 'UnitSpeed' to expected argument type 'UnitLength'



# Value Types

NEW

## Measurement

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// Swift 3
let street1 = Measurement(value: 73, UnitLength.meters)
let street2 = Measurement(value: 67, UnitLength.meters)
var commuteDistance = street1 + street2
commuteDistance.convert(to: UnitLength.yards)

let speed = commuteDistance.converted(to: UnitSpeed.metersPerSecond)
```

! Cannot convert value of type 'UnitSpeed' to expected argument type 'UnitLength'

# URL Components

# URL Components

```
var template = URLComponents()  
template.scheme = "https"  
template.host = "www.apple.com"  
template.path = "/shop/buy-mac"  
template.queryItems = [URLQueryItem(name: "step", value: "detail")]
```

# URL Components

```
var template = URLComponents()
template.scheme = "https"
template.host = "www.apple.com"
template.path = "/shop/buy-mac"
template.queryItems = [URLQueryItem(name: "step", value: "detail")]

var urls = Array<URLComponents>()
for product in ["MacBook", "MacBook Pro"] {
    var components = template
    components.queryItems!.append(URLQueryItem(name: "product", value: product))
    urls.append(components)
}
```

# URL Components

```
var template = URLComponents()  
template.scheme = "https"  
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template.queryItems = [URLQueryItem(name: "step", value: "detail")]  
  
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    urls.append(components)  
}
```



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var template = URLComponents()  
template.scheme = "https"  
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template.queryItems = [URLQueryItem(name: "step", value: "detail")]  
  
var urls = Array<URLComponents>()  
for product in ["MacBook", "MacBook Pro"] {  
    var components = template  
    components.queryItems!.append(URLQueryItem(name: "product", value: product))  
    urls.append(components)  
}  
print(urls)
```

# URL Components

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var template = URLComponents()  
template.scheme = "https"  
template.host = "www.apple.com"  
template.path = "/shop/buy-mac"  
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for product in ["MacBook", "MacBook Pro"] {  
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    components.queryItems!.append(URLQueryItem(name: "product", value: product))  
    urls.append(components)  
}  
print(urls)
```

<https://www.apple.com/shop/buy-mac?step=detail&product=MacBook>

<https://www.apple.com/shop/buy-mac?step=detail&product=MacBook%20Pro>

# Protocol Conformance

NEW

# Protocol Conformance

NEW

`CharacterSet` and `IndexSet` conform to `SetAlgebra`

# Protocol Conformance

NEW

`CharacterSet` and `IndexSet` conform to `SetAlgebra`

`Data` conforms to

- `MutableCollection` with `ElementType = UInt8`
- `RandomAccessCollection`





```
// Collection API for Data

let base64 = "SGVyZSdzIHRvIHRoZSBDcmF6eSBPbmVzISBUaGUgbWlzZm" +
            "l0cy4gVGhlIHJlYmVscy4gVGhlIHRyb3VibGVtYwtlcnMu"
let data = Data(base64Encoded: base64)!
```



```
// Collection API for Data

let base64 = "SGVyZSdzIHRvIHRoZSBDcmF6eSBPbmVzISBUaGUgbWlzZm" +
            "l0cy4gVGhlIHJlYmVscy4gVGhlIHRyb3VibGVtYwtlcnMu"
let data = Data(base64Encoded: base64)!

var byteHistogram = Array<Int>(repeating: 0, count: 256)
```

```
// Collection API for Data

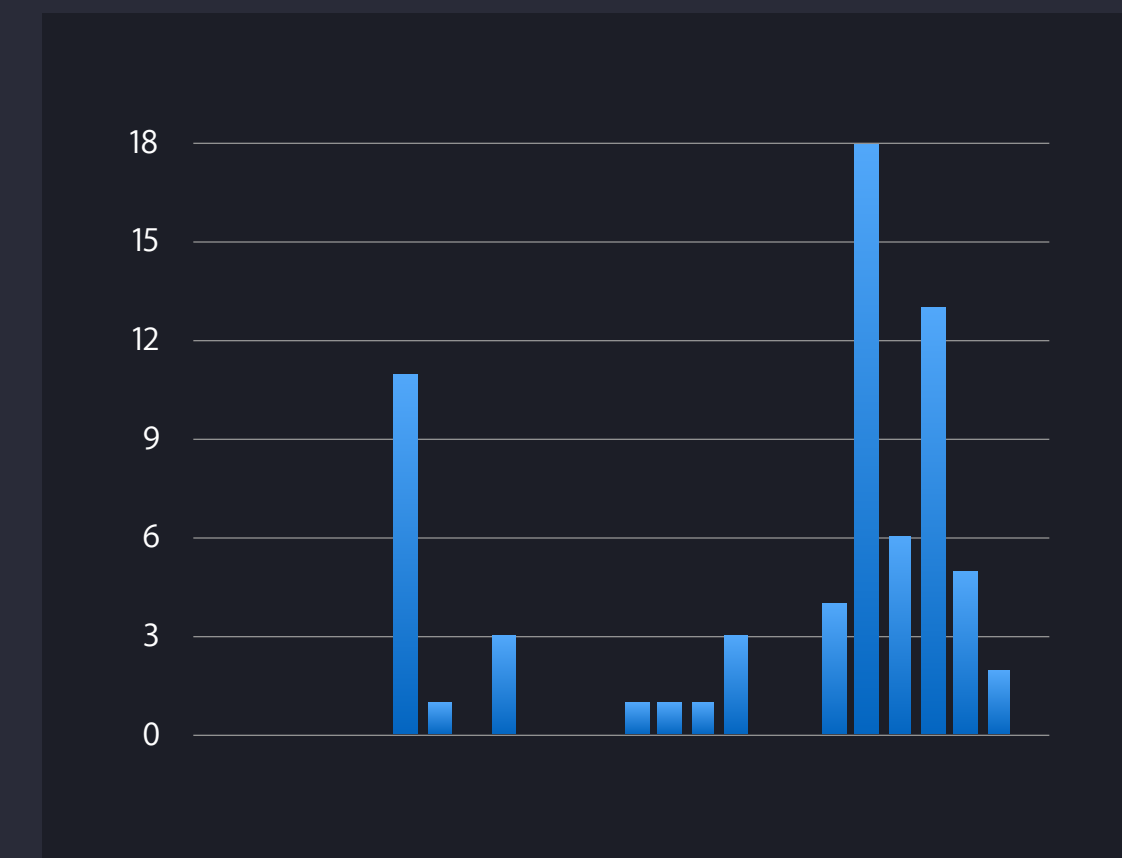
let base64 = "SGVyZSdzIHRvIHRoZSBDcmF6eSBPbmVzISBUaGUgbWlzZm" +
            "\0cy4gVGhlIHJlYmVscy4gVGhlIHRyb3VibGVtYwtlcnMu"
let data = Data(base64Encoded: base64)!

var byteHistogram = Array<Int>(repeating: 0, count: 256)
for byte in data {
    byteHistogram[Int(byte)] += 1
}
```

```
// Collection API for Data

let base64 = "SGVyZSdzIHRvIHRoZSBDcmF6eSBPbmVzISBUaGUgbWlzZm" +
            "l0cy4gVGhlIHJlYmVscy4gVGh1IHRyb3VibGVtYwt1cnMu"
let data = Data(base64Encoded: base64)!

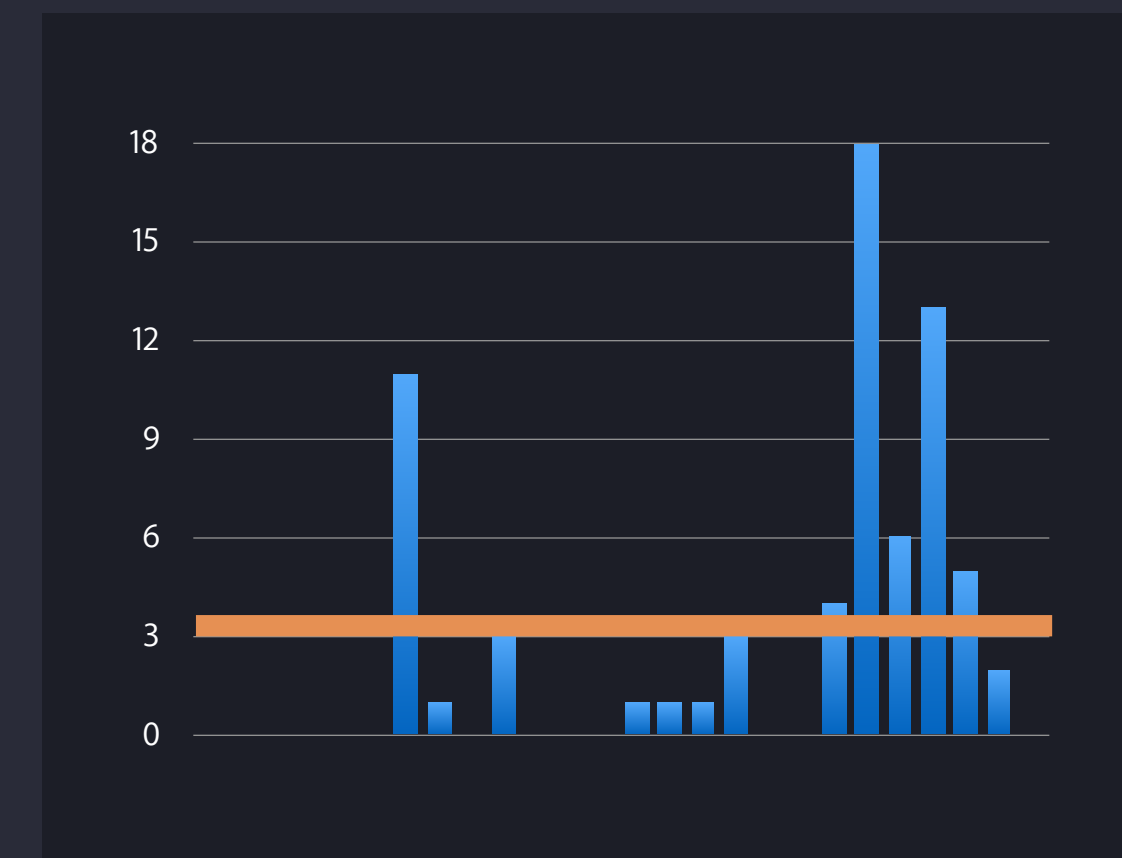
var byteHistogram = Array<Int>(repeating: 0, count: 256)
for byte in data {
    byteHistogram[Int(byte)] += 1
}
```



```
// Collection API for Data

let base64 = "SGVyZSdzIHRvIHRoZSBDcmF6eSBPbmVzISBUaGUgbWlzZm" +
            "l0cy4gVGhlIHJlYmVscy4gVGh1IHJyb3VibGVtYwt1cnMu"
let data = Data(base64Encoded: base64)!

var byteHistogram = Array<Int>(repeating: 0, count: 256)
for byte in data {
    byteHistogram[Int(byte)] += 1
}
```



```

// Collection API for Data

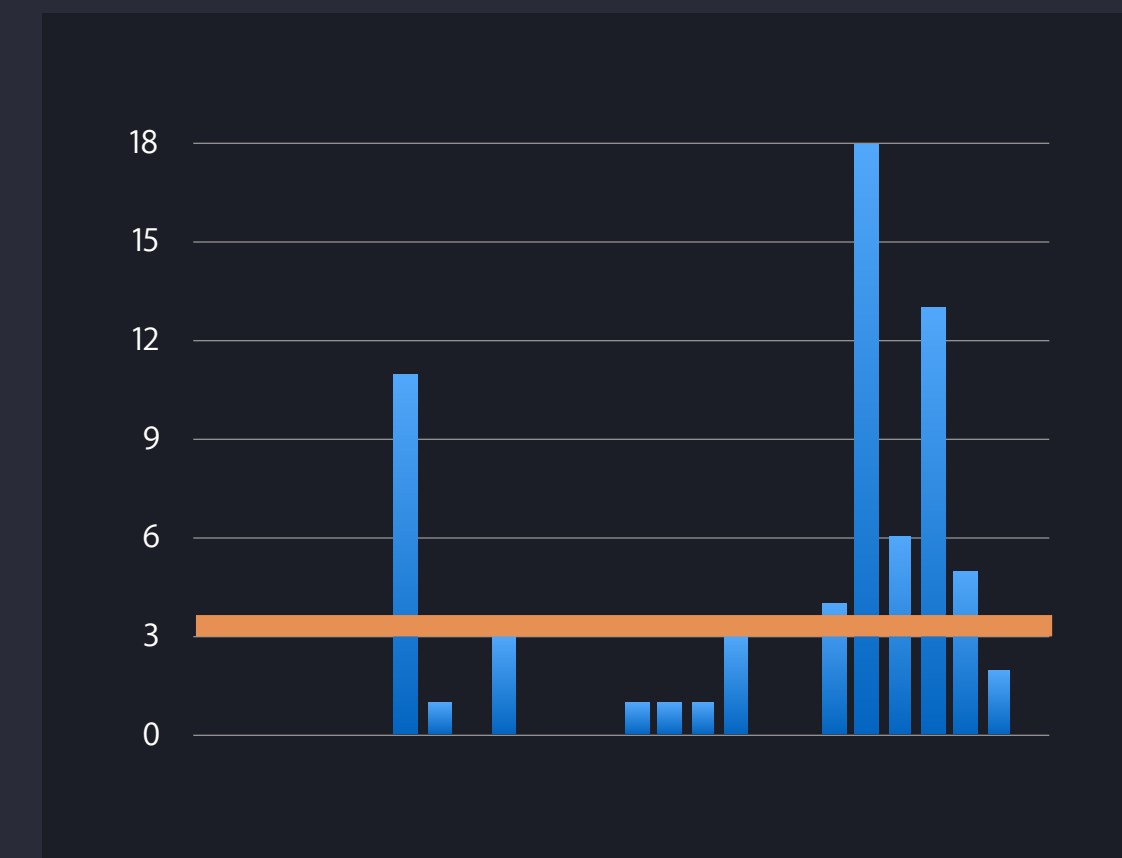
let base64 = "SGVyZSdzIHRvIHRoZSBDcmF6eSBPbmVzISBUaGUgbWlzZm" +
            "\0cy4gVGhlIHJlYmVscy4gVGh1IHRyb3VibGVtYwt1cnMu"

let data = Data(base64Encoded: base64)!

var byteHistogram = Array<Int>(repeating: 0, count: 256)
for byte in data {
    byteHistogram[Int(byte)] += 1
}

let lessCommonBytes = rawData.filter { (byte : UInt8) in
    return byteHistogram[Int(byte)] <= 3
}

```



```

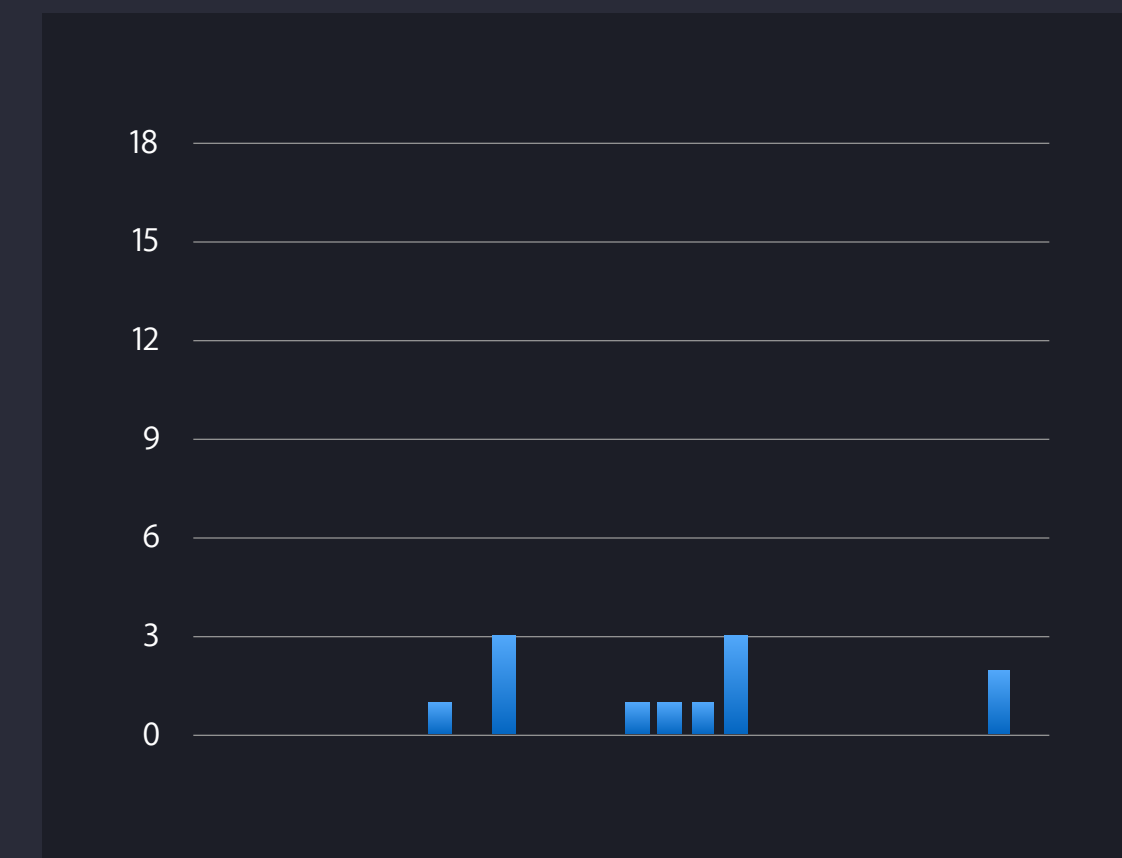
// Collection API for Data

let base64 = "SGVyZSdzIHRvIHRoZSBDcmF6eSBPbmVzISBUaGUgbWlzZm" +
            "l0cy4gVGhlIHJlYmVscy4gVGh1IHRYb3VibGVtYwtlcnMu"
let data = Data(base64Encoded: base64)!

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    byteHistogram[Int(byte)] += 1
}

let lessCommonBytes = rawData.filter { (byte : UInt8) in
    return byteHistogram[Int(byte)] <= 3
}

```



```
// Collection API for Data

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            "l0cy4gVGhlIHJlYmVscy4gVGh1IHRyb3VibGVtYWt1cnMu"
let data = Data(base64Encoded: base64)!

var byteHistogram = Array<Int>(repeating: 0, count: 256)
for byte in data {
    byteHistogram[Int(byte)] += 1
}

let lessCommonBytes = rawData.filter { (byte : UInt8) in
    return byteHistogram[Int(byte)] <= 3
}
```

```
[72, 39, 111, 67, 97, 122, 121, 79]
```

```
var subdata = lessCommonBytes[0..<8]
```

```
// Collection API for Data

let base64 = "SGVyZSdzIHRvIHRoZSBDcmF6eSBPbmVzISBUaGUgbWlzZm" +
            "l0cy4gVGhlIHJlYmVscy4gVGh1IHRyb3VibGVtYWt1cnMu"
let data = Data(base64Encoded: base64)!

var byteHistogram = Array<Int>(repeating: 0, count: 256)
for byte in data {
    byteHistogram[Int(byte)] += 1
}

let lessCommonBytes = rawData.filter { (byte : UInt8) in
    return byteHistogram[Int(byte)] <= 3
}
```

```
[72, 39, 111, 67, 97, 122, 121, 79]
```

```
var subdata = lessCommonBytes[0..<8]
```

```
struct MutableRandomAccessSlice<Data>
```



```
// Collection API for Data

let base64 = "SGVyZSdzIHRvIHRoZSBDcmF6eSBPbmVzISBUaGUgbWlzZm" +
            "\0cy4gVGhlIHJlYmVscy4gVGh1IHRyb3VibGVtYwtlcnMu"
let data = Data(base64Encoded: base64)!

var byteHistogram = Array<Int>(repeating: 0, count: 256)
for byte in data {
    byteHistogram[Int(byte)] += 1
}

let lessCommonBytes = rawData.filter { (byte : UInt8) in
    return byteHistogram[Int(byte)] <= 3
}
```

```
[72, 39, 111, 67, 97, 122, 121, 79]
```

```
[72, 39, 42, 67, 97, 122, 121, 79]
```

```
var subdata = lessCommonBytes[0..<8]
subdata[2] = 42
```



```
// Value Types and Inheritance
```

```
class AllOnesData : NSData {
```

```
// Value Types and Inheritance
```

```
class AllOnesData : NSData {
```

```
    override func getBytes(_ buffer: UnsafeMutablePointer<Void>, length: Int) {  
        memset(buffer, 1, length)  
    }  
}
```

```
    ...
```

```
}
```

```
// Value Types and Inheritance
```

```
class AllOnesData : NSData {  
    override func getBytes(_ buffer: UnsafeMutablePointer<Void>, length: Int) {  
        memset(buffer, 1, length)  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

```
let ones = Data(reference: AllOnesData(length: 5))
```

```
// Value Types and Inheritance
```

```
class AllOnesData : NSData {  
    override func getBytes(_ buffer: UnsafeMutablePointer<Void>, length: Int) {  
        memset(buffer, 1, length)  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

```
let ones = Data(reference: AllOnesData(length: 5))
```



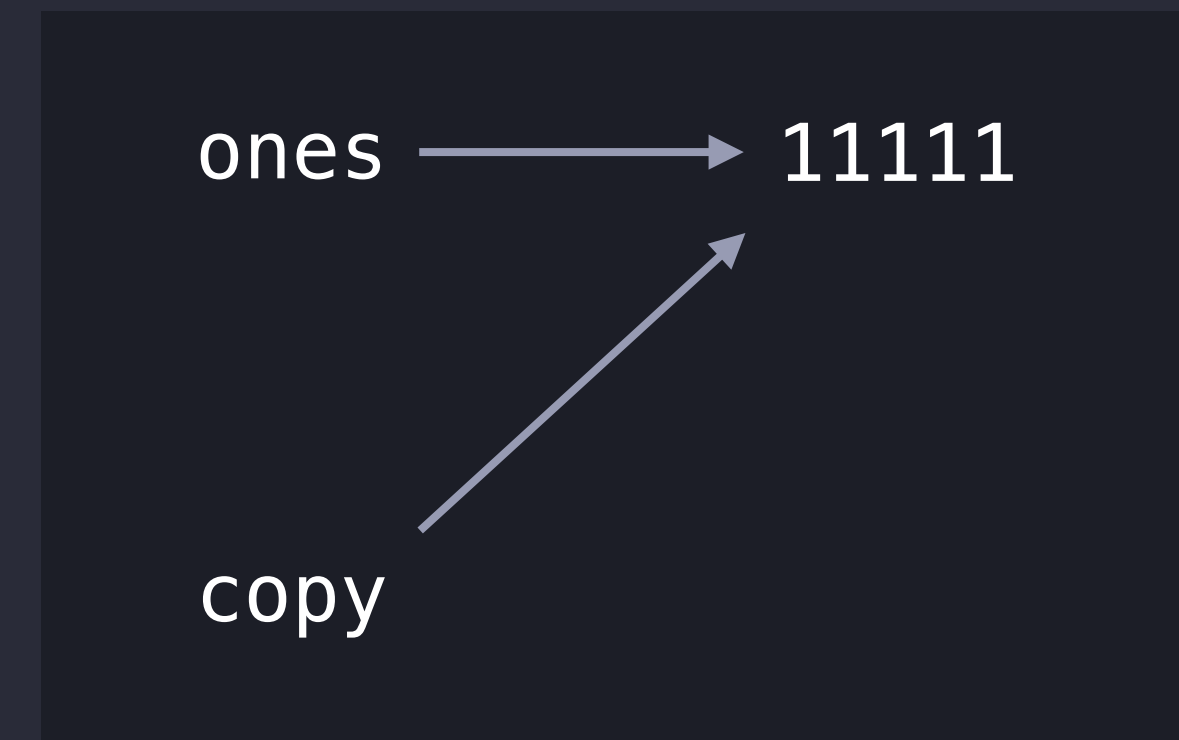
ones → 11111

```
// Value Types and Inheritance
```

```
class AllOnesData : NSData {  
    override func getBytes(_ buffer: UnsafeMutablePointer<Void>, length: Int) {  
        memset(buffer, 1, length)  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

```
let ones = Data(reference: AllOnesData(length: 5))
```

```
var copy = ones
```



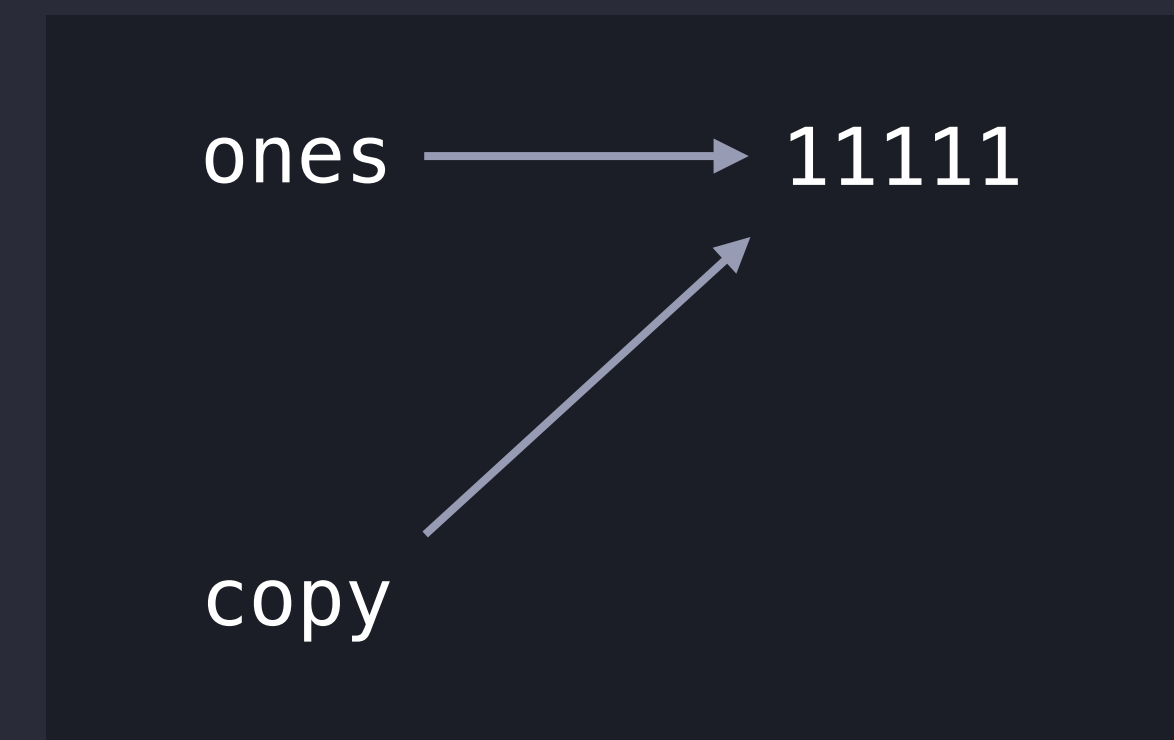
```
// Value Types and Inheritance
```

```
class AllOnesData : NSData {  
    override func getBytes(_ buffer: UnsafeMutablePointer<Void>, length: Int) {  
        memset(buffer, 1, length)  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

```
let ones = Data(reference: AllOnesData(length: 5))
```

```
var copy = ones
```

```
copy.withUnsafeMutableBytes { (bytes : UnsafeMutablePointer<UInt8>) in
```





```
// Value Types and Inheritance
```

```
class AllOnesData : NSData {  
    override func getBytes(_ buffer: UnsafeMutablePointer<Void>, length: Int) {  
        memset(buffer, 1, length)  
    }  
    ...  
}
```

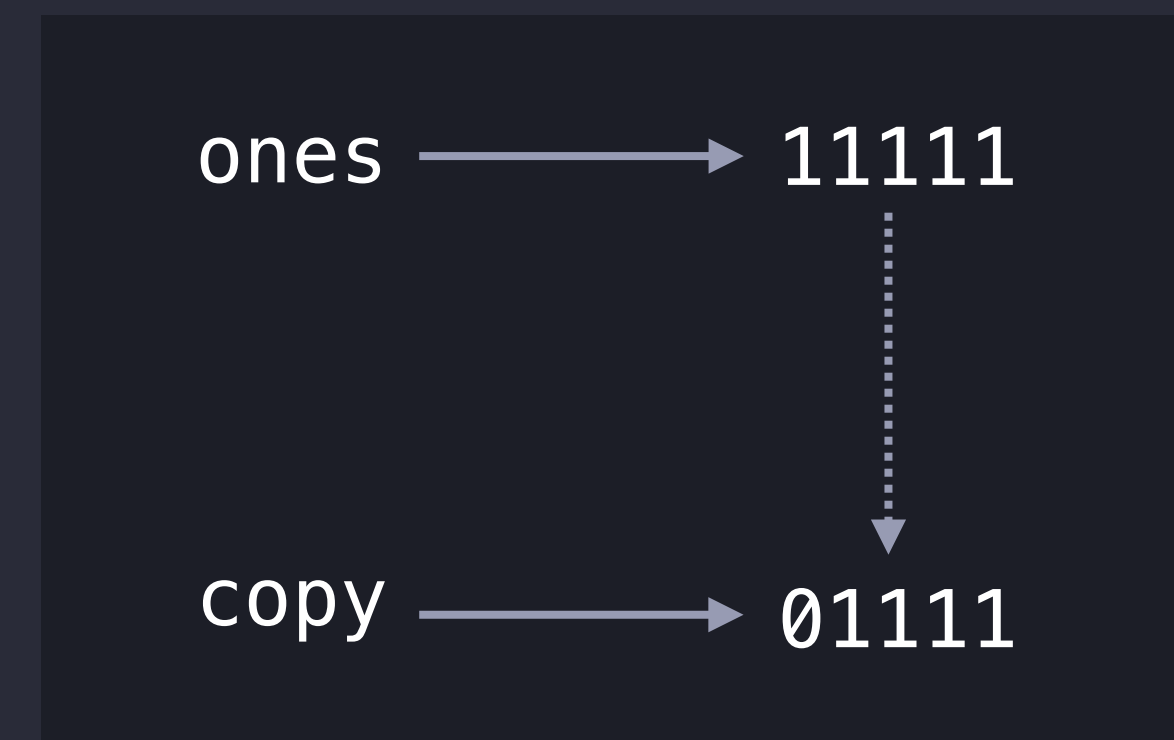
```
let ones = Data(reference: AllOnesData(length: 5))
```

```
var copy = ones
```

```
copy.withUnsafeMutableBytes { (bytes : UnsafeMutablePointer<UInt8>) in
```

```
    bytes.pointee = 0
```

```
}
```



# Type Safe Access

Historically, many constraints enforced at runtime

# Type Safe Access

Historically, many constraints enforced at runtime

```
// Swift 2.2
let url = NSURL.fileURL(withPath: "/my-special-file")
let keys = [NSURLCreationDateKey, NSURLIsRegularFileKey, NSURLVolumeMaximumFileSizeKey]
let values = try url.resourceValues(forKeys: keys)
```

# Type Safe Access

Historically, many constraints enforced at runtime

```
// Swift 2.2
let url = NSURL.fileURL(withPath: "/my-special-file")
let keys = [NSURLCreationDateKey, NSURLIsRegularFileKey, NSURLVolumeMaximumFileSizeKey]
let values = try url.resourceValues(forKeys: keys)
```

# Type Safe Access

Historically, many constraints enforced at runtime

```
// Swift 2.2
let url = NSURL.fileURL(withPath: "/my-special-file")
let keys = [NSURLCreationDateKey, NSURLIsRegularFileKey, NSURLVolumeMaximumFileSizeKey]
let values = try url.resourceValues(forKeys: keys)
```

[String: AnyObject]

# Type Safe Access

Historically, many constraints enforced at runtime

```
// Swift 2.2
let url = NSURL.fileURL(withPath: "/my-special-file")
let keys = [NSURLCreationDateKey, NSURLIsRegularFileKey, NSURLVolumeMaximumFileSizeKey]
let values = try url.resourceValues(forKeys: keys)

if values[NSURLIsRegularFileKey] as! Boolean { ... }
if let maxSize = (values[NSURLVolumeMaximumFileSizeKey] as? Int) { ... }
```

# Type Safe Access

Historically, many constraints enforced at runtime

```
// Swift 2.2
let url = NSURL.fileURL(withPath: "/my-special-file")
let keys = [NSURLCreationDateKey, NSURLIsRegularFileKey, NSURLVolumeMaximumFileSizeKey]
let values = try url.resourceValues(forKeys: keys)

if values[NSURLIsRegularFileKey] as! Boolean { ... }
if let maxSize = (values[NSURLVolumeMaximumFileSizeKey] as? Int) { ... }
```

```
var newValues = values
newValues[NSURLIsRegularFileKey] = false
newValues[NSURLCreationDateKey] = "Two Days Ago"
try url.setResourceValues(newValues)
```

# Type Safe Access

NEW

New value types express these constraints at compile-time



# Type Safe Access

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New value types express these constraints at compile-time

```
// Swift 3  
let url = URL(fileURLWithPath: "/my-special-file")
```





# Type Safe Access

NEW

New value types express these constraints at compile-time

```
// Swift 3
let url = URL(fileURLWithPath: "/my-special-file")
let keys : Set<URLResourceKey> = [.creationDateKey,
                                   .isRegularFileKey,
                                   .volumeMaximumFileSizeKey]
let values = try url.resourceValues(forKeys: keys)
```

# Type Safe Access

NEW

New value types express these constraints at compile-time

```
// Swift 3
let url = URL(fileURLWithPath: "/my-special-file")
let keys : Set<URLResourceKey> = [.creationDateKey,
                                   .isRegularFileKey,
                                   .volumeMaximumFileSizeKey]
let values = try url.resourceValues(forKeys: keys)
```

struct URLResourceValues

# Type Safe Access

NEW

```
public struct URLResourceValues {  
    ...  
    public var creationDate: Date? { get set }  
    public var isRegularFile: Bool? { get }  
    public var volumeMaximumFileSize: Int? { get }  
    ...  
}
```

# Type Safe Access

NEW

```
public struct URLResourceValues {  
    ...  
    public var creationDate: Date? { get set }  
    public var isRegularFile: Bool? { get }  
    public var volumeMaximumFileSize: Int? { get }  
    ...  
    public var allValues: [URLResourceKey : AnyObject] { get }  
}
```

# Type Safe Access

NEW

```
public struct URLResourceValues {  
    ...  
    public var creationDate: Date? { get set }  
    public var isRegularFile: Bool? { get }  
    public var volumeMaximumFileSize: Int? { get }  
    ...  
    public var allValues: [URLResourceKey : AnyObject] { get }  
}
```

Properties optional because

- It was not included in the requested keys



# Type Safe Access

NEW

```
public struct URLResourceValues {  
    ...  
    public var creationDate: Date? { get set }  
    public var isRegularFile: Bool? { get }  
    public var volumeMaximumFileSize: Int? { get }  
    ...  
    public var allValues: [URLResourceKey : AnyObject] { get }  
}
```

Properties optional because

- It was not included in the requested keys
- The data was not present for the resource

# Type Safe Access

Properties are strongly typed

```
if values.isRegularFile! {  
    ...  
}
```

# Type Safe Access

Properties are strongly typed

```
if values.isRegularFile! {
```

```
    ...
```

```
}
```

```
if let maxFileSize = values.volumeMaximumFileSize {
```

```
    ...
```

```
}
```

# Type Safe Access

Strongly typed properties help prevent invalid mutation

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Strongly typed properties help prevent invalid mutation

```
var mutableValues = values  
mutableValues.isRegularFile = false
```

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Strongly typed properties help prevent invalid mutation

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 Cannot assign to property: 'isRegularFile' is a get-only property.

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Strongly typed properties help prevent invalid mutation

```
var mutableValues = values  
mutableValues.isRegularFile = false
```

 Cannot assign to property: 'isRegularFile' is a get-only property.

```
var mutableValues = values  
mutableValues.creationDate = "Two Days Ago"
```

# Type Safe Access

Strongly typed properties help prevent invalid mutation

```
var mutableValues = values  
mutableValues.isRegularFile = false
```

! Cannot assign to property: 'isRegularFile' is a get-only property.

```
var mutableValues = values  
mutableValues.creationDate = "Two Days Ago"
```

! Cannot assign value of type 'String' to type 'Date'



# Native Enumerations

NEW

# Native Enumerations

NEW

Data

# Native Enumerations

NEW

Data

```
public enum Deallocator {  
    case virtualMemory  
    case unmap  
    case free  
    case none  
    case custom((UnsafeMutablePointer<UInt8>, Int) -> Void)  
}
```

# Native Enumerations

NEW

Data

```
public enum Deallocator {  
    case virtualMemory  
    case unmap  
    case free  
    case none  
    case custom((UnsafeMutablePointer<UInt8>, Int) -> Void)  
}
```

# Native Enumerations

NEW

Associated values enable expressive, uniform APIs

# Native Enumerations

NEW

Associated values enable expressive, uniform APIs

```
let byteCount = 32
var pointer = UnsafeMutablePointer<UInt8>(malloc(byteCount))
let data = Data(bytesNoCopy: pointer, count: count, deallocator: .free)
```

# Native Enumerations

NEW

Associated values enable expressive, uniform APIs

```
let byteCount = 32
var pointer = UnsafeMutablePointer<UInt8>(malloc(byteCount))
let data = Data(bytesNoCopy: pointer, count: count, deallocator: .free)
```

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# Native Enumerations

NEW

Associated values enable expressive, uniform APIs

```
let byteCount = 32
var pointer = UnsafeMutablePointer<UInt8>(malloc(byteCount))
let data = Data(bytesNoCopy: pointer, count: count, deallocator: .free)
```

```
var count: Int
var pointer: UnsafeBufferPointer<UInt8> = create_glorious_pointer(&count)
let data = Data(bytesNoCopy: pointer, count: count, deallocator: .custom {
    print("cleaning up allocation at \($0) of \($1) glorious bytes")
    ...
})
```

# Native Enumerations

NEW

Associated values enable expressive, uniform APIs

```
let byteCount = 32
var pointer = UnsafeMutablePointer<UInt8>(malloc(byteCount))
let data = Data(bytesNoCopy: pointer, count: count, deallocator: .free)
```

```
var count: Int
var pointer: UnsafeBufferPointer<UInt8> = create_glorious_pointer(&count)
let data = Data(bytesNoCopy: pointer, count: count, deallocator: .custom {
    print("cleaning up allocation at \($0) of \($1) glorious bytes")
    ...
})
```

# Native Enumerations

NEW

Associated values enable expressive, uniform APIs

```
let byteCount = 32
var pointer = UnsafeMutablePointer<UInt8>(malloc(byteCount))
let data = Data(bytesNoCopy: pointer, count: count, deallocator: .free)
```

```
var count: Int
var pointer: UnsafeBufferPointer<UInt8> = create_glorious_pointer(&count)
let data = Data(bytesNoCopy: pointer, count: count, deallocator: .custom {
    print("cleaning up allocation at \($0) of \($1) glorious bytes")
    ...
})
```

# API Exploration

Nested enumerations

Strongly typed string enumerations

Class properties

Value types

Protocol conformance

Type safe access

Value types and inheritance

Native enumerations

# Adoption

Tony Parker Foundation, Apple

# Bridging

Extends current Objective-C bridging

Imported API uses value types

# Bridging

Extends current Objective-C bridging

Imported API uses value types

```
// Swift 2.2
public class NSDatePicker : NSControl {
    @NSCopying public var minDate: NSDate?
    @NSCopying public var maxDate: NSDate?
}
```

# Bridging

Extends current Objective-C bridging

Imported API uses value types

```
// Swift 2.2
public class NSDatePicker : NSControl {
    @NSCopying public var minDate: NSDate?
    @NSCopying public var maxDate: NSDate?
}

// Swift 3
public class NSDatePicker : NSControl {
    public var minDate: Date?
    public var maxDate: Date?
}
```



# Bridging

Two strategies

Large types hold a reference

Small types create a reference

# Bridging Large Types



# Bridging Large Types

```
let data = Data(contentsOf: myFile)
```

struct Data

class NSData



# Bridging Large Types

```
let data = Data(contentsOf: myFile)
```

struct Data

class NSData

```
myObject.function(data)
```

struct Data

class NSData



# Bridging Large Types

```
let data = Data(contentsOf: myFile)
```

struct Data

class NSData

```
myObject.function(data)
```

struct Data

class NSData

class NSData



# Bridging Large Types

```
let data = Data(contentsOf: myFile)
```

struct Data

class NSData

```
myObject.property = data
```

struct Data

class NSData

```
ivar = [dataReference copy];
```

class NSData



# Bridging Large Types



# Bridging Large Types

```
let data = myObject.function() —————→ [NSData dataWithContentsOfURL:myFile];
```





# Bridging Large Types

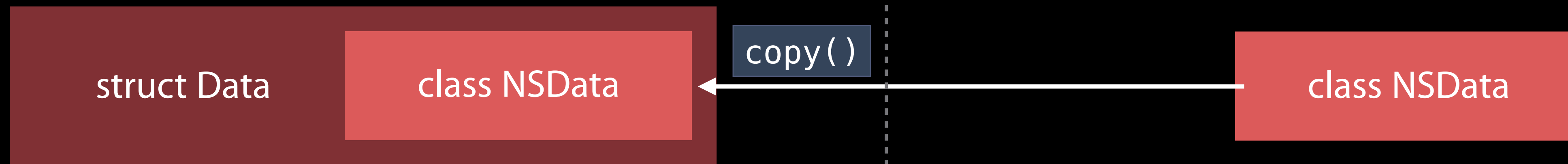
```
let data = myObject.function() → [NSData dataWithContentsOfURL:myFile];
```

class NSData



# Bridging Large Types

```
let data = myObject.function() → [NSData dataWithContentsOfURL:myFile];
```



# Bridging Small Types



# Bridging Small Types

```
let now = Date()
```

```
struct Date
```



# Bridging Small Types

```
let now = Date()
```

```
struct Date
```

```
myObject.function(now)
```

```
struct Date
```



# Bridging Small Types

```
let now = Date()
```

struct Date

```
myObject.function(now)
```

struct Date

NSDate(timeInterval)

class NSDate



# Bridging

Optimized for use in Swift

Safe by default

Potential copy when crossing bridge

# Migration

New types exist for all Swift deployment targets



# Migration

New types exist for all Swift deployment targets

Migrator helps move code to new API



## Convert to Current Swift Syntax?

The target "MigrateMe" contains source code developed with earlier version of Swift.

Choose "Convert" to update the source code in this target to the latest SDKs. You will be given the choice to remain with Swift 2.3 syntax or update to Swift 3.

This action can be performed later using "Convert to Current Swift Syntax" in the Edit menu.

Later

Convert

```
// Swift 3 Migration
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
let date = NSDate()
```

```
let laterDate = date.dateByAddingTimeInterval(60)
```

```
// Swift 3 Migration
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
let date = NSDate()
```

```
let laterDate = date.dateByAddingTimeInterval(60)
```

```
// Swift 3, migration result
```

```
let date = Date()
```

```
let laterDate = date.addingTimeInterval(60)
```

```
// Swift 3 Migration
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
let date = NSDate()
```

```
let laterDate = date.dateByAddingTimeInterval(60)
```

```
// Swift 3, migration result
```

```
let date = Date()
```

```
let laterDate = date.addingTimeInterval(60)
```

```
// Swift 3 Migration
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
let date = NSDate()
```

```
let laterDate = date.dateByAddingTimeInterval(60)
```

```
// Swift 3, migration result
```

```
let date = Date()
```

```
let laterDate = date.addingTimeInterval(60)
```

```
// Swift 3 Migration
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
let d = NSDateComponents()
```

```
d.year = 1999
```

```
d.month = 12
```

```
d.day = 31
```

```
// Swift 3 Migration
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
let d = NSDateComponents()
```

```
d.year = 1999
```

```
d.month = 12
```

```
d.day = 31
```

```
// Swift 3, migration result
```

```
var d = DateComponents()
```

```
d.year = 1999
```

```
d.month = 12
```

```
d.day = 31
```

```
// Swift 3 Migration
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

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let d = NSDateComponents()
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d.year = 1999
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```
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```
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```
// Swift 3, migration result
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var d = DateComponents()
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d.year = 1999
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d.year = 1999
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var d = DateComponents()
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```
d.year = 1999
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d.day = 31
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```
// Swift 3 Migration
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
let d = NSDateComponents()
```

```
d.year = 1999
```

```
d.month = 12
```

```
d.day = 31
```

```
// Swift 3, migration result
```

```
var d = DateComponents()
```

```
d.year = 1999
```

```
d.month = 12
```

```
d.day = 31
```

```
// Swift 3, manual changes
```

```
let d = DateComponents(year: 1999, month: 12, day: 31)
```

```
// Swift 3 Migration
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
let d = NSDateComponents()
```

```
d.year = 1999
```

```
d.month = 12
```

```
d.day = 31
```

```
// Swift 3, migration result
```

```
var d = DateComponents()
```

```
d.year = 1999
```

```
d.month = 12
```

```
d.day = 31
```

```
// Swift 3, manual changes
```

```
let d = DateComponents(year: 1999, month: 12, day: 31)
```

```
// Swift 3 Migration
```

```
// Swift 2.2
```

```
let data = try NSMutableData(contentsOfURL: url1, options: [])  
data.appendData(try NSData(contentsOfURL: url2, options: []))
```

```
// Swift 3 Migration
```

```
// Swift 2.2
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// Swift 3, migration result
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// Swift 3, manual changes
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- Value types
- Swift-specific API

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Continue to be leverage point in the future

More Information

<https://developer.apple.com/wwdc16/207>



# Related Sessions

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Swift API Design Guidelines

Presidio

Tuesday 10:00AM

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What's New in Cocoa

Nob Hill

Tuesday 11:00AM

---

Going Server-Side with Swift Open Source

Mission

Friday 9:00AM

---

Measurements and Units

Presidio

Friday 4:00PM

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# Labs

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Swift and Foundation Lab

Developer Tools Lab A

Wednesday 9:00AM

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Cocoa Lab

Frameworks Lab D

Thursday 2:00PM

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Cocoa Lab

Frameworks Lab A

Friday 1:00PM

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