

# What's New in Swift Playgrounds

Session 408

Connor Wakamo, Playgrounds Engineer  
Grace Kendall, Playgrounds Engineer

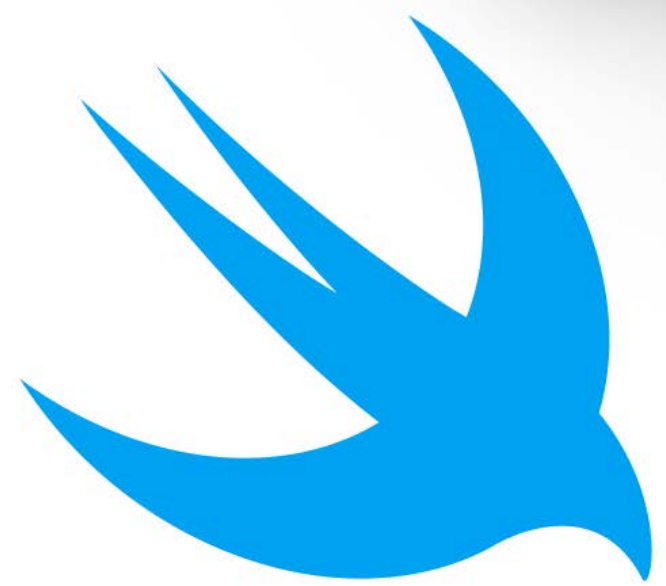
Najla Bulous, Playgrounds Engineer

Playground book review

Enhancements for playground books

New Bluetooth API for playgrounds

# Playground Book Review



BOOK

# Playground Book

Split into chapters and pages



# Playground Book

Split into chapters and pages

May contain resources



# Playground Book

Split into chapters and pages

May contain resources

Package-based format

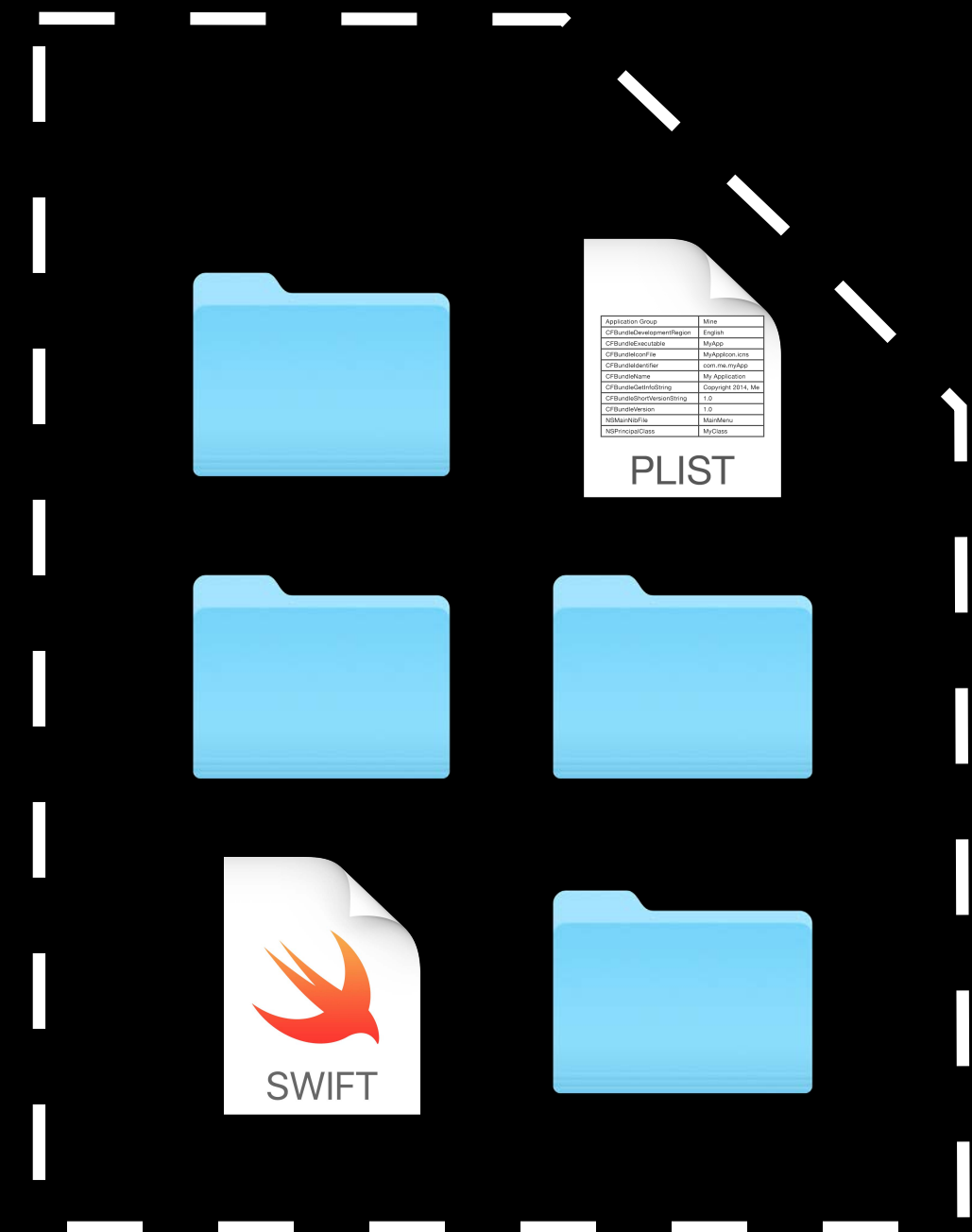


# Playground Book

Split into chapters and pages

May contain resources

Package-based format





# Manifest Files

Like an app's Info.plist

Application Group	Mine
CFBundleDevelopmentRegion	English
CFBundleExecutable	MyApp
CFBundleIconFile	MyAppIcon.icns
CFBundleIdentifier	com.me.myApp
CFBundleName	My Application
CFBundleGetInfoString	Copyright 2014, Me
CFBundleShortVersionString	1.0
CFBundleVersion	1.0
NSMainNibFile	MainMenu
NSPrincipalClass	MyClass

PLIST

# Manifest Files

Like an app's Info.plist

Provide book/chapter/page-level metadata

- Name
- Icon

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PLIST

# Manifest Files

Like an app's Info.plist

Provide book/chapter/page-level metadata

- Name
- Icon

Specify options for the book/chapter/page

- Initial live view state
- Playground logging

Application Group	Mine
CFBundleDevelopmentRegion	English
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PLIST

# Swift Files



# Swift Files

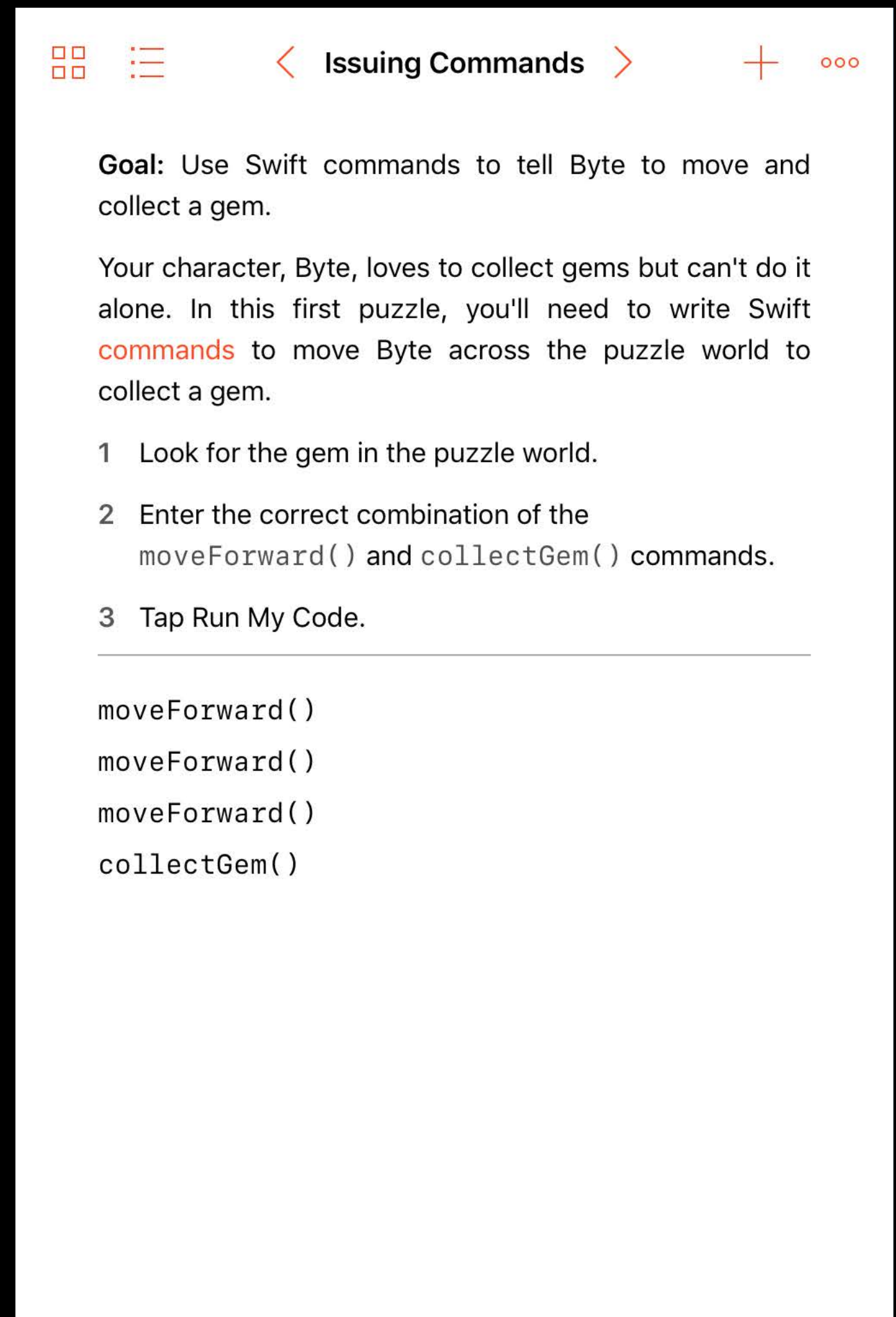
Three kinds of Swift files



# Swift Files

## Three kinds of Swift files

- Contents.swift



The screenshot shows an Xcode editor window with the title "Issuing Commands". The window contains the following text:

**Goal:** Use Swift commands to tell Byte to move and collect a gem.

Your character, Byte, loves to collect gems but can't do it alone. In this first puzzle, you'll need to write Swift **commands** to move Byte across the puzzle world to collect a gem.

- 1 Look for the gem in the puzzle world.
- 2 Enter the correct combination of the `moveForward()` and `collectGem()` commands.
- 3 Tap Run My Code.

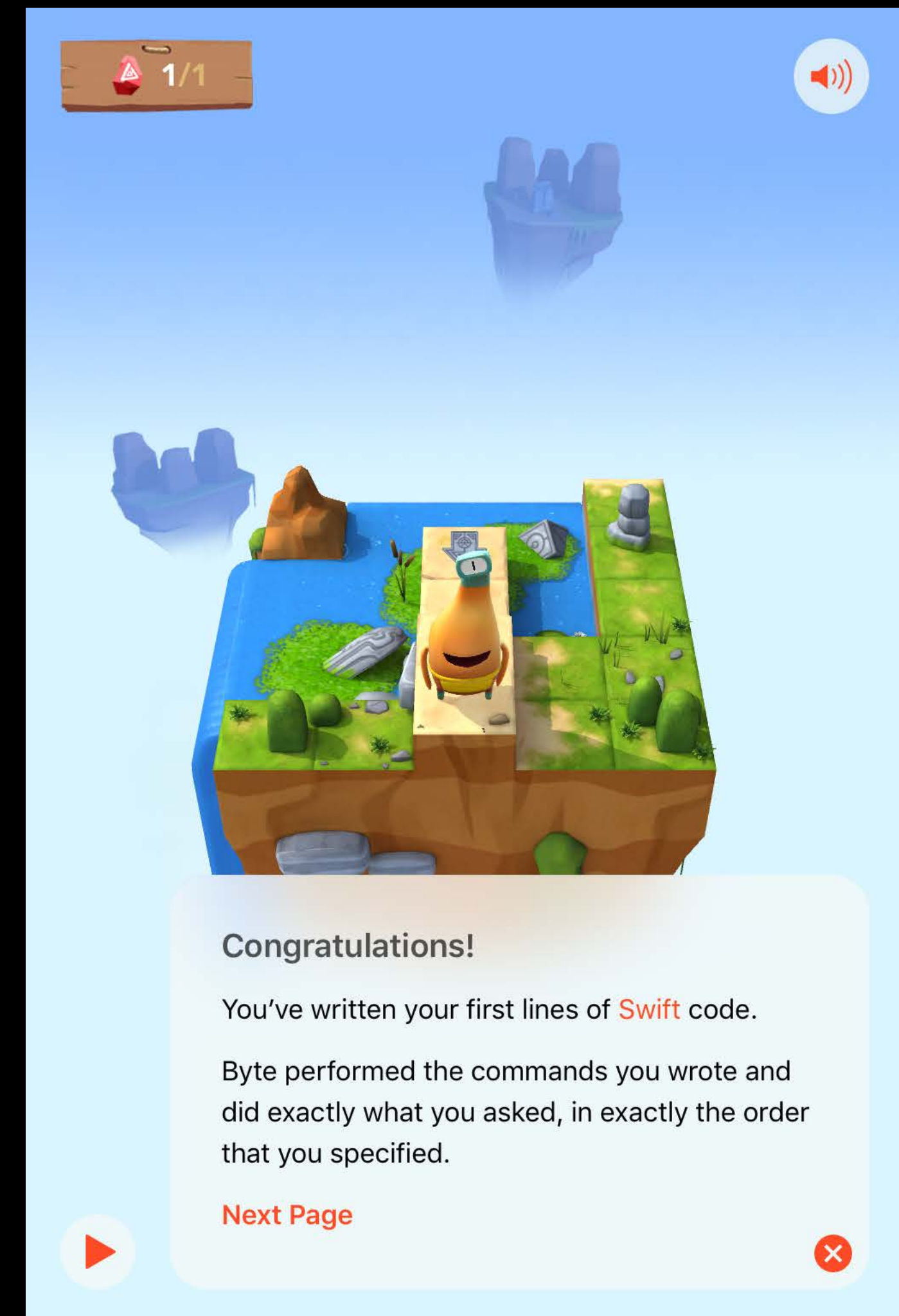
---

```
moveForward()  
moveForward()  
moveForward()  
collectGem()
```

# Swift Files

## Three kinds of Swift files

- Contents.swift
- LiveView.swift



# Swift Files

Three kinds of Swift files

- Contents.swift
- LiveView.swift
- Auxiliary sources





# Swift Files

Three kinds of Swift files

- Contents.swift
- LiveView.swift
- Auxiliary sources



# **New Features in Swift Playgrounds**



## < Add Actions >



Another way to add an action is by defining an array. You include actions that the new action beats within the [ and ] brackets, separated by commas.

Example

```
hardRock.beats([rock, scissors])
```

- 1 Add an action to the game that beats two or more other actions.
- 2 Add an action that loses to all other actions. **Tip:** You can get an array of all the actions in the game by calling `game.actions`.

When you're ready, move on to the next page to add hidden actions.

---

You can bring over your personalized code from the previous page to continue improving it.

[Bring Over My Code](#)

[Start Coding on This Page](#)

---



 Run My Code



Another way to add an action is by defining an array. You include actions that the new action beats within the [ and ] brackets, separated by commas.

Example

```
hardRock.beats([rock, scissors])
```

- 1 Add an action to the game that beats two or more other actions.
- 2 Add an action that loses to all other actions. **Tip:** You can get an array of all the actions in the game by calling `game.actions`.

When you're ready, move on to the next page to add hidden actions.

```
let game = Game()
```

```
// Actions for the game.  
let rock = game.addAction("👊")  
let paper = game.addAction("👐")  
let scissors = game.addAction("✂️")  
  
// Rules for the actions.  
rock.beats(scissors)  
scissors.beats(paper)  
paper.beats(rock)
```



▶ Run My Code





## Looping All the Sides >

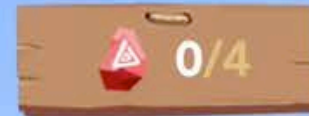


**Goal:** Use a for loop to repeat a sequence of commands.

In this puzzle, you must collect four gems that are located in the same relative locations around a square. You'll create a **loop** that repeats the code below for each of the sides to solve the entire puzzle.

- 1 Drag a `for` loop from the code library, then drop it above the existing code.
- 2 Tap the bottom curly brace to select the loop.
- 3 Tap and hold that curly brace, then drag it downward to pull the existing code into the loop.

```
for i in 1 ... 4 {  
  moveForward()  
  collectGem()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  turnRight()  
}
```



Run My Code

Hint





## Looping All the Sides

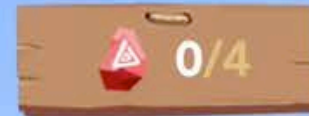


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  collectGem()  
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  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  turnRight()  
}
```



Run My Code

Hint





## Looping All the Sides >

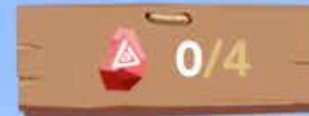


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  moveForward()  
  collectGem()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  turnRight()  
}
```



▶ Run My Code

Hint





## Looping All the Sides

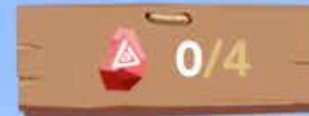


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```
for i in 1 ... 4 {  
  moveForward()  
  collectGem()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  turnRight()  
}
```



Run My Code

Hint





My Playground



```
let array = ["first", "second", "third", "fourth ", "fifth"]
```



● array[5]

Index out of range



▶ Run My Code

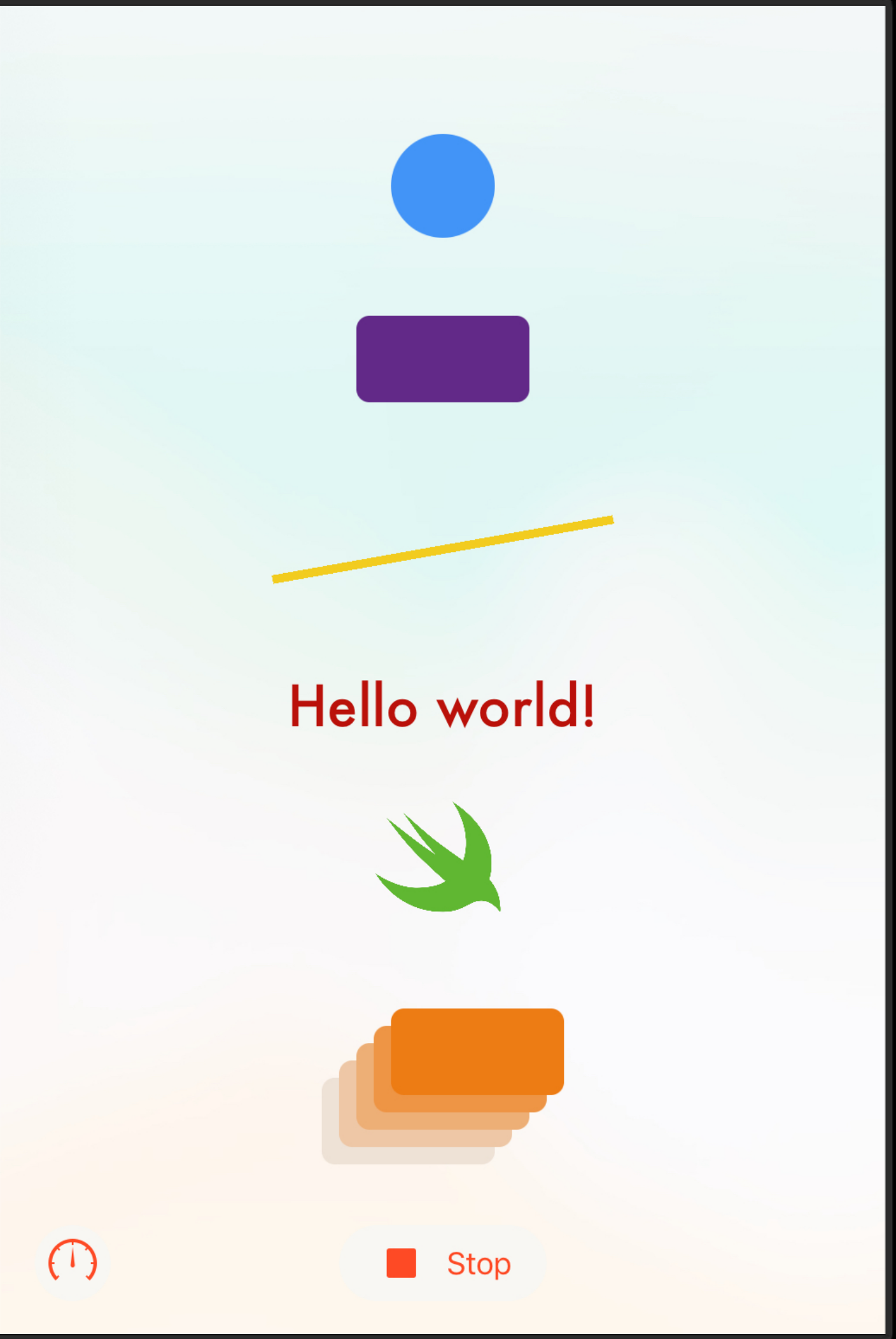
**Shapes** Done

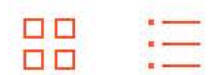
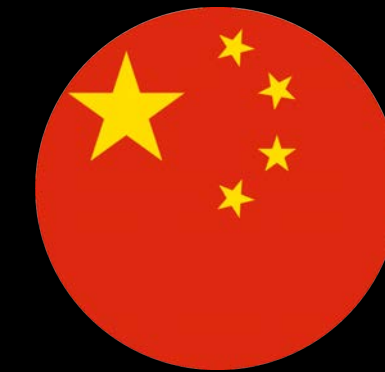
- Canvas
- Create
- Touch
- Animate
- My Page

Delete Duplicate

```
// 3. Create a line
let line = Line(start: Point(x: -10,
y: 9), end: Point(x: 10, y: 9),
thickness: 0.5)
line.center.y -= 2
line.rotation = 170 * (Double.pi /
180)
line.color = .yellow

// 4. Create text
let text = Text(string: "Hello
world!", fontSize: 32.0, fontName:
"Futura", color: .red)
```





< 发出命令 >



目标：使用 Swift 命令，让 Byte 动起来，去收集宝石。

你的角色 Byte 喜欢收集宝石，但它一个人做不到。在第一关里，你需要编写 Swift 命令，让 Byte 在关卡世界中动起来，去收集宝石。

- 1 找到关卡世界中的宝石。
- 2 输入正确的 `moveForward()`（向前走）和 `collectGem()`（收集宝石）命令组合，让 Byte 向前走，去收集宝石。
- 3 轻点“运行我的代码”。

```
moveForward()
```

```
moveForward()
```

```
moveForward()
```

```
collectGem()
```



恭喜！

你写出了第一行 Swift 代码。

Byte 执行了你写下的命令，并完全按照你的要求和指定的顺序进行了操作。

下一页







< コマンドを使う >



**目標:** Swiftコマンドを使ってByteを動かして、宝石を集めましょう。

主人公のByteは宝石を集めるのが大好き。でも自分一人ではできません。Swift**コマンド**を使ってステージ内でByteを動かして、宝石を取るお手伝いをしてください。

- 1 宝石の位置を確かめます。
- 2 `moveForward()` (進む) コマンドと`collectGem()` (宝石を取る) コマンドを正しい順序で入力します。
- 3 “コードを実行”をタップします。

```
moveForward()  
moveForward()  
moveForward()  
collectGem()
```



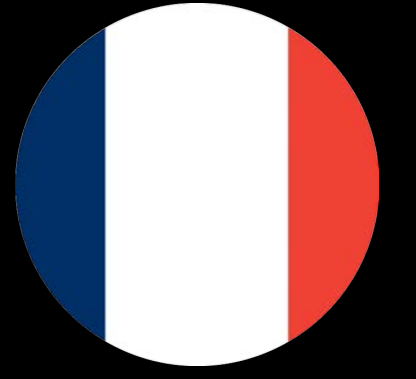
**おめでとうございます!**

はじめてのSwiftコードを書きましたね。

書いたコマンドをByteが実行して、頼んだことを指示通りの順序で実行してくれました。

**次のページ**





**Objectif :** Utiliser les commandes Swift pour dire à Octet de se déplacer et de collecter une gemme.

Ton personnage, Octet, aime collecter les gemmes, mais il ne peut pas y arriver tout seul. Dans ce premier puzzle, tu devras écrire des **commandes** Swift pour déplacer Octet à travers le puzzle et collecter une gemme.

- 1 Cherche la gemme dans le monde du puzzle.
- 2 Saisis la combinaison correcte de commandes `moveForward()` et `collectGem()`.
- 3 Touche Exécuter mon code.

```
moveForward()  
moveForward()  
moveForward()  
collectGem()
```



### Félicitations !

Tu as rédigé tes premières lignes de code **Swift**.

Octet a effectué les commandes que tu as rédigées, et a fait exactement ce que tu lui as indiqué, dans l'ordre exact que tu lui avais signifié.

[Page suivante](#)







**Ziel:** Verwende Swift-Befehle, um Byte zu sagen, dass er sich bewegen und die Edelsteine einsammeln soll.

Dein Charakter Byte liebt es, Edelsteine zu sammeln, kann das aber nicht alleine. Im ersten Rätsel musst du Swift-Befehle schreiben, um Byte durch die Rätselwelt zu bewegen und einen Edelstein einzusammeln.

- 1 Suche in der Rätselwelt nach dem Edelstein.
- 2 Gib die korrekte Kombination aus den Befehlen `moveForward()` und `collectGem()` ein.
- 3 Tippe auf „Meinen Code ausführen“.

```
moveForward()  
moveForward()  
moveForward()  
collectGem()
```



### Herzlichen Glückwunsch!

Du hast deine ersten Codezeilen in **Swift** geschrieben.

Byte hat die Befehle, die du geschrieben hast, ausgeführt, und genau das in genau der Reihenfolge gemacht, wie von dir angegeben.

**Nächste Seite**





**Objetivo:** usa comandos Swift para hacer que Byte se mueva y recolecte una gema.

A tu personaje, Byte, le encanta recolectar gemas. Sin embargo, no lo puede hacer solo. En este primer rompecabezas, deberás escribir **comandos** Swift para hacer que Byte se mueva por el rompecabezas y recolecte una gema.

- 1 Busca la gema en el rompecabezas.
- 2 Ingresa la combinación correcta de comandos `moveForward()` ("avanzar") y `collectGem()` ("recolectar gema").
- 3 Toca "Ejecutar mi código".

```
moveForward()  
moveForward()  
moveForward()  
collectGem()
```



### ¡Felicidades!

Escribiste tus primeras líneas de código **Swift**.  
Byte realizó los comandos que escribiste e hizo exactamente lo que pediste y en el orden en que lo especificaste.

[Siguiente página](#)

# iOS 11 SDK

BETA



# iOS 11 SDK

BETA

## New frameworks added to the SDK in Swift Playgrounds

- ARKit
- CoreML
- IOSurface
- PDFKit
- Vision

# iOS 11 SDK



BETA

## New frameworks added to the SDK in Swift Playgrounds

- ARKit
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Playgrounds may now access the camera

***Demo***

# Copying Code Between Pages



< Butter >



To get started, let's walk through making something quick and tasty- butter. Butter has one ingredient and one instruction, so the recipe looks a little something like this:

- 8 ounces cream
- Churn cream until butter is formed

To write out our recipe in code, first we should list our ingredients.

```
let cream = Cream(quantity: .ounces(8))
```

Next, we need to churn our cream to turn it into butter. To do this, we'll use the churn function.

```
func makeButter() -> Butter {
```

```
    let cream =  
        Cream(quantity: .ounces(8))  
    return cream.churn()
```

```
}
```



▶ Run My Code



< Butter >



To get started, let's walk through making something quick and tasty- butter. Butter has one ingredient and

```
//#-copy-source(butter)
func makeButter() -> Butter {
//#-editable-code Tap to enter code
    let cream = Cream(quantity: .ounces(8))
    return cream.churn()
//#-end-editable-code
}
//#-end-copy-source
```



▶ Run My Code



< Butter >



To get started, let's walk through making something quick and tasty- butter. Butter has one ingredient and

```
//#-copy-source(butter)
func makeButter() -> Butter {
  //#-editable-code Tap to enter code
    let cream = Cream(quantity: .ounces(8))
    return cream.churn()
  //#-end-editable-code
}
//#-end-copy-source
```



▶ Run My Code



Woohoo! Now that we've mastered butter, let's move on to something sweeter.

#### Ingredients

- 3 cups powdered sugar
- 1/3 cup butter
- 1 1/2 teaspoons vanilla
- 1 tablespoon milk

Once you have those ingredients:

#### Instructions

- In medium bowl, mix ingredients with spoon or electric mixer on low speed.

First, let's carry over the butter we made earlier so we can use it in our `makeFrosting` function. Then we can fill in the code for `makeFrosting`.

---

You can bring the `makeButter` function you wrote to this page to use in your frosting.

[Bring Over My Code](#)

[Start Cooking on This Page](#)



 Run My Code





Woohoo! Now that we've mastered butter, let's move on to something sweeter.

Ingredients

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---

Go back to finish making butter?

[Return to Previous Page](#)

[Start Cooking on This Page](#)

---



 Run My Code



## < Frosting >



Woohoo! Now that we've mastered butter, let's move on to something sweeter.

### Ingredients

- 3 cups powdered sugar
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### Instructions

- In medium bowl, mix ingredients with spoon or electric mixer on low speed.

First, let's carry over the butter we made earlier so we can use it in our `makeFrosting` function. Then we can fill in the code for `makeFrosting`.

```
func makeButter() -> Butter {  
    let cream =  
        Cream(quantity: .ounces(8))  
    return cream.churn()  
}
```

```
func makeFrosting() -> Frosting {
```



▶ Run My Code



< Frosting >



Woohoo! Now that we've mastered butter, let's move on to something sweeter.

```
//#-editable-code Tap to enter code
//#-copy-destination("Butter", butter)
func makeButter() -> Butter {
    let cream = Cream(quantity: .ounces(8))
    return cream.churn()
}
//#-end-copy-destination
//#-end-editable-code
```

```
return cream.churn()
}
```

```
func makeFrosting() -> Frosting {
```



▶ Run My Code





< Frosting >



Woohoo! Now that we've mastered butter, let's move on to something sweeter.

```
//#-editable-code Tap to enter code
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}
//#-end-copy-destination
//#-end-editable-code
```

```
return cream.churn()
}
```

```
func makeFrosting() -> Frosting {
```



▶ Run My Code

# Copying Code Between Pages

## Required Manifest.plist Keys

Key	Type	Value
▼ Root	Dictionary	
▼ CodeCopySetup	Dictionary	
ReadyToCopyInstructions	String	You can bring the `makeButter` function you wrote to this page to...
NotReadyToCopyInstructions	String	Go back to finish making butter?

# Copying Code Between Pages

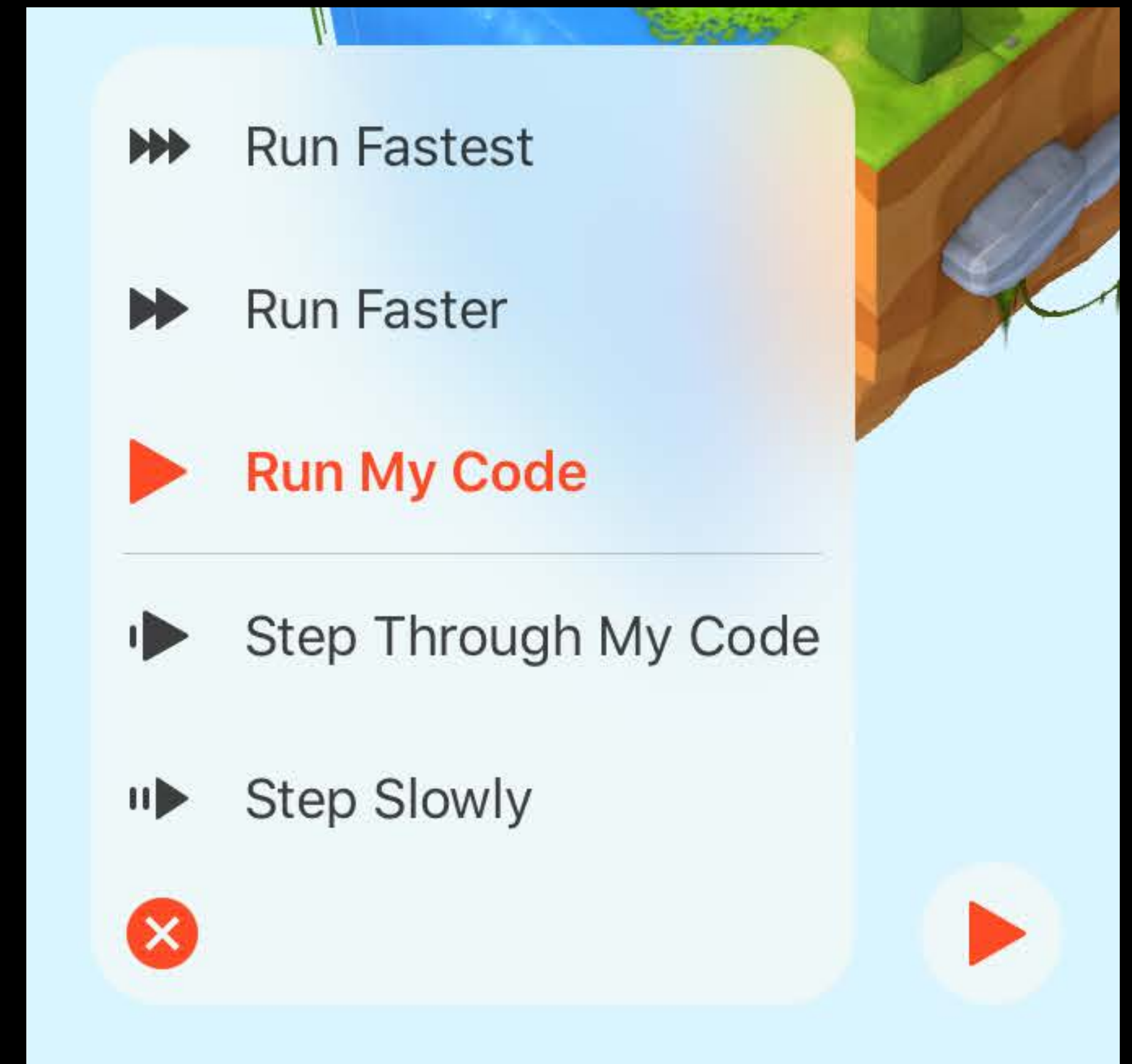
## Optional Manifest.plist Keys

Key	Type	Value
▼ Root	Dictionary	
▼ CodeCopySetup	Dictionary	
CopyCommandButtonTitle	String	Bring Over My Code
NavigateCommandButtonTitle	String	Return to Previous Page
DefaultCommandButtonTitle	String	Start Cooking on This Page

# Controlling Speed in Playgrounds

# Controlling Speed in Playgrounds

Swift Playgrounds now supports stepping through code and running faster

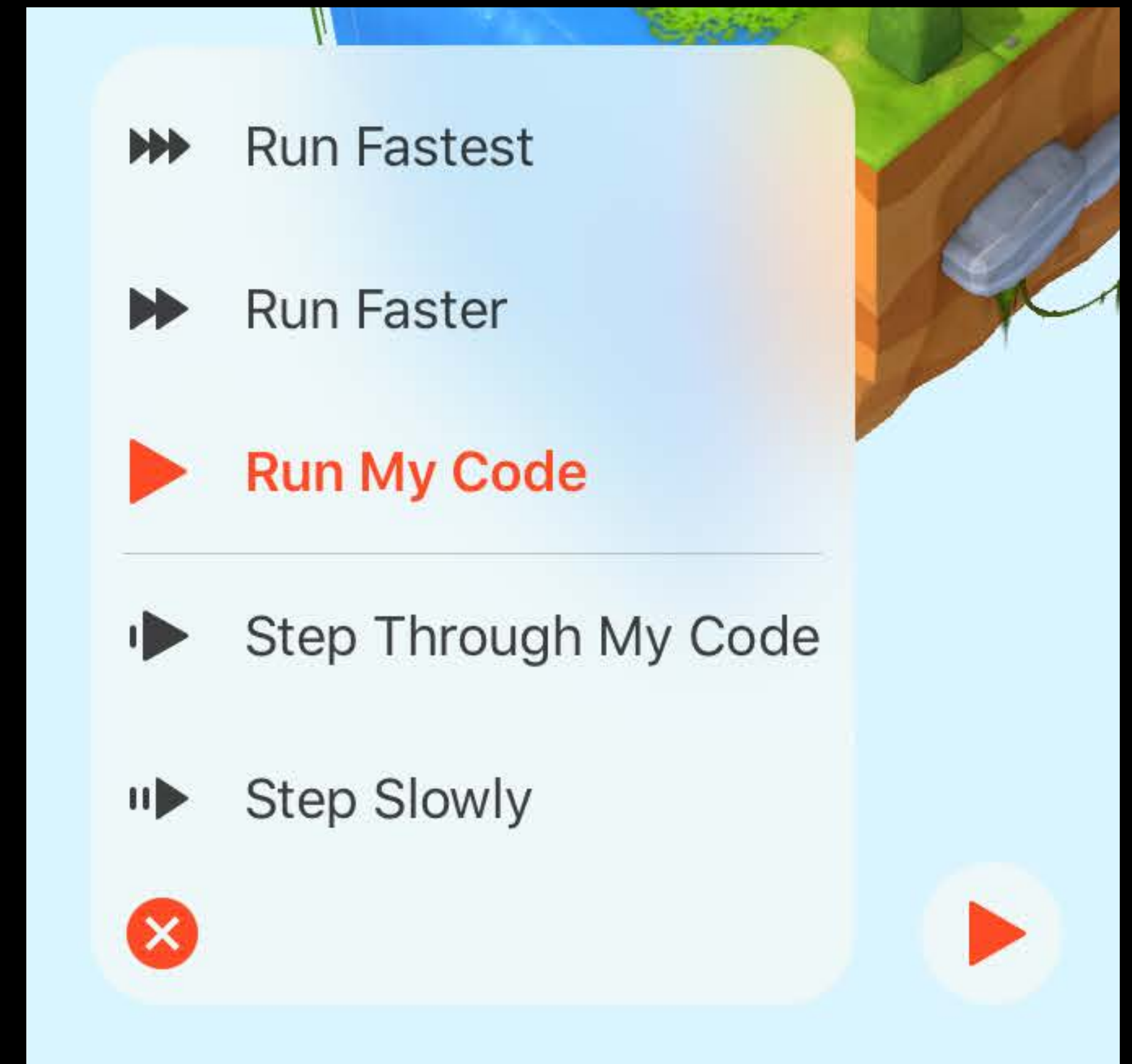




# Controlling Speed in Playgrounds

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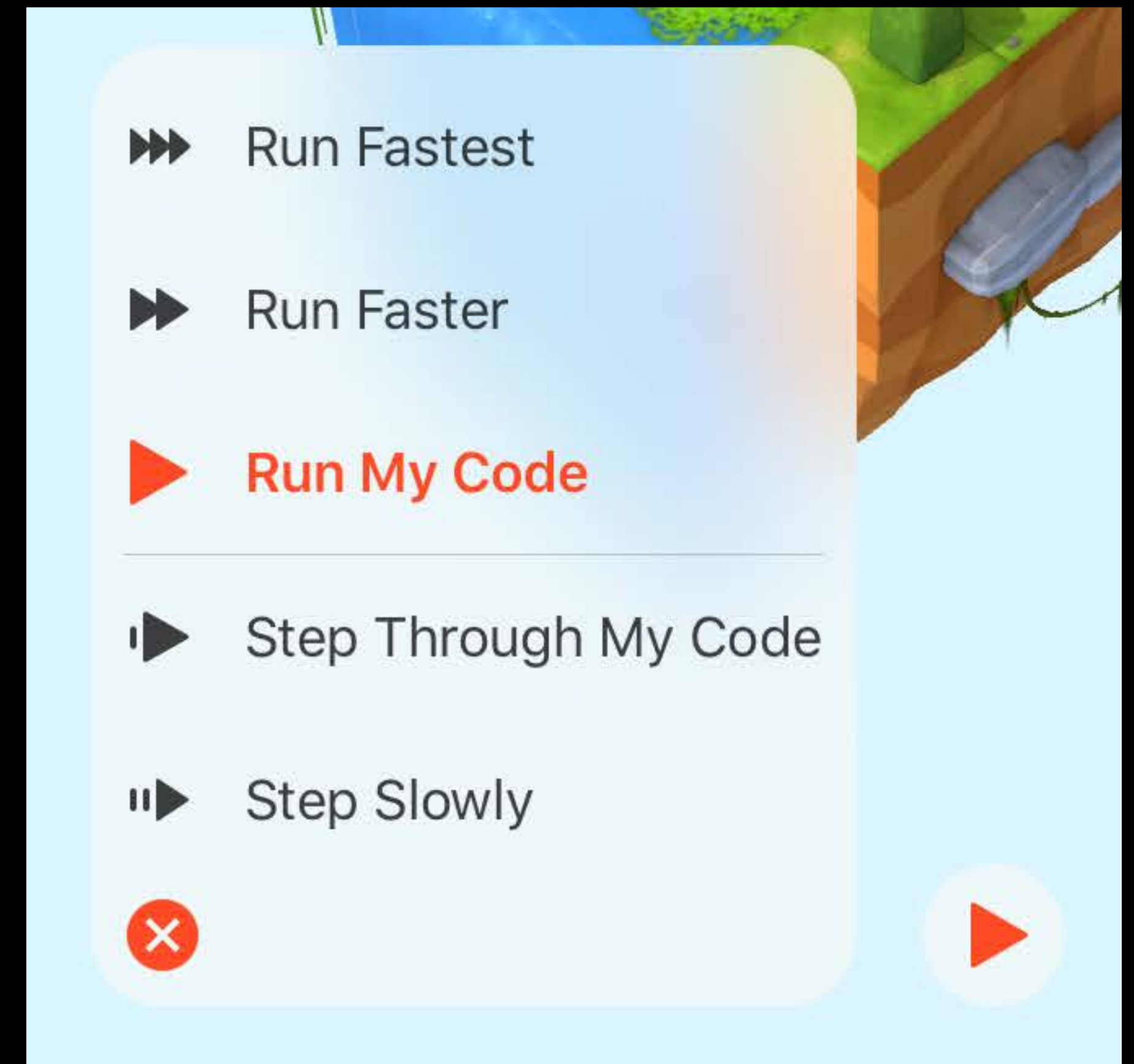
- Step Through My Code is enabled for all playgrounds



# Controlling Speed in Playgrounds

Swift Playgrounds now supports stepping through code and running faster

- Step Through My Code is enabled for all playgrounds
- Playground books may opt in to Run Faster and Run Fastest







## Looping All the Sides

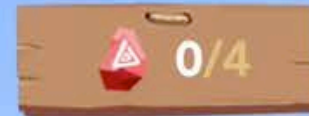


**Goal:** Use a for loop to repeat a sequence of commands.

In this puzzle, you must collect four gems that are located in the same relative locations around a square. You'll create a **loop** that repeats the code below for each of the sides to solve the entire puzzle.

- 1 Drag a `for` loop from the code library, then drop it above the existing code.
- 2 Tap the bottom curly brace to select the loop.
- 3 Tap and hold that curly brace, then drag it downward to pull the existing code into the loop.

```
for i in 1 ... 4 {  
  moveForward()  
  collectGem()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  turnRight()  
}
```



Run My Code

Hint





## Looping All the Sides >

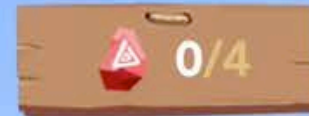


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  collectGem()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  turnRight()  
}
```



▶ Run My Code

Hint

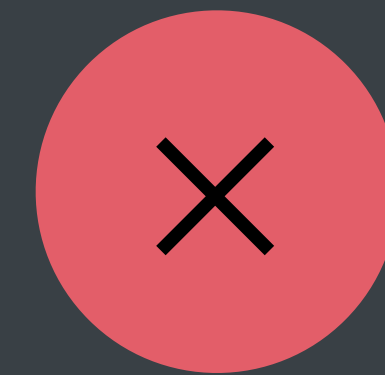
```
// Step Through My Code
```

```
let string = "Hello, world"  
for character in string {  
    print(character)  
}
```



```
// Step Through My Code
```

```
public func moveForward() {  
    DispatchQueue.global(.default).async {  
        // Do work  
    }  
}
```



```
// Step Through My Code
```

```
public func moveForward() {  
    let runLoop = CFRunLoopGetCurrent()  
    var didFinish = false  
    DispatchQueue.global(.default).async {  
        // Do work  
  
    }  
  
}
```



```
// Step Through My Code
```



```
public func moveForward() {  
    let runLoop = CFRunLoopGetCurrent()  
    var didFinish = false  
    DispatchQueue.global(.default).async {  
        // Do work  
  
    }  
  
}
```



```
// Step Through My Code
```

```
public func moveForward() {  
    let runLoop = CFRunLoopGetCurrent()  
    var didFinish = false  
    DispatchQueue.global(.default).async {  
        // Do work  
  
    }  
    while !didFinish {  
        CFRunLoopRun()  
    }  
}
```



```
// Step Through My Code
```

```
public func moveForward() {  
    let runLoop = CFRunLoopGetCurrent()  
    var didFinish = false  
    DispatchQueue.global(.default).async {  
        // Do work  
  
    }  
    while !didFinish {  
        CFRunLoopRun()  
    }  
}
```



```
// Step Through My Code
```

```
public func moveForward() {  
    let runLoop = CFRunLoopGetCurrent()  
    var didFinish = false  
    DispatchQueue.global(.default).async {  
        // Do work  
        didFinish = true  
        CFRunLoopPerformBlock(runLoop) {  
            CFRunLoopStop(runLoop)  
        }  
        CFRunLoopWakeUp(runLoop)  
    }  
    while !didFinish {  
        CFRunLoopRun()  
    }  
}
```



```
// Step Through My Code
```



```
public func moveForward() {  
    let runLoop = CFRunLoopGetCurrent()  
    var didFinish = false  
    DispatchQueue.global(.default).async {  
        // Do work  
        didFinish = true  
        CFRunLoopPerformBlock(runLoop) {  
            CFRunLoopStop(runLoop)  
        }  
        CFRunLoopWakeUp(runLoop)  
    }  
    while !didFinish {  
        CFRunLoopRun()  
    }  
}
```

```
// Step Through My Code
```



```
public func moveForward() {  
    let runLoop = CFRunLoopGetCurrent()  
    var didFinish = false  
    DispatchQueue.global(.default).async {  
        // Do work  
        didFinish = true  
        CFRunLoopPerformBlock(runLoop) {  
            CFRunLoopStop(runLoop)  
        }  
        CFRunLoopWakeup(runLoop)  
    }  
    while !didFinish {  
        CFRunLoopRun()  
    }  
}
```

```
// Step Through My Code
```



```
public func moveForward() {  
    let runLoop = CFRunLoopGetCurrent()  
    var didFinish = false  
    DispatchQueue.global(.default).async {  
        // Do work  
        didFinish = true  
        CFRunLoopPerformBlock(runLoop) {  
            CFRunLoopStop(runLoop)  
        }  
        CFRunLoopWakeUp(runLoop)  
    }  
    while !didFinish {  
        CFRunLoopRun()  
    }  
}
```





## Looping All the Sides >

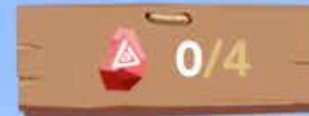


**Goal:** Use a for loop to repeat a sequence of commands.

In this puzzle, you must collect four gems that are located in the same relative locations around a square. You'll create a **loop** that repeats the code below for each of the sides to solve the entire puzzle.

- 1 Drag a `for` loop from the code library, then drop it above the existing code.
- 2 Tap the bottom curly brace to select the loop.
- 3 Tap and hold that curly brace, then drag it downward to pull the existing code into the loop.

```
for i in 1 ... 4 {  
  moveForward()  
  collectGem()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  turnRight()  
}
```



Run My Code

Hint





## Looping All the Sides >

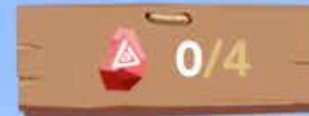


**Goal:** Use a for loop to repeat a sequence of commands.

In this puzzle, you must collect four gems that are located in the same relative locations around a square. You'll create a **loop** that repeats the code below for each of the sides to solve the entire puzzle.

- 1 Drag a `for` loop from the code library, then drop it above the existing code.
- 2 Tap the bottom curly brace to select the loop.
- 3 Tap and hold that curly brace, then drag it downward to pull the existing code into the loop.

```
for i in 1 ... 4 {  
  moveForward()  
  collectGem()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  moveForward()  
  turnRight()  
}
```



▶ Run My Code

Hint

# Run Faster and Run Fastest

## Manifest.plist Key

Key	Type	Value
▼ Root	Dictionary	
MaximumSupportedExecutionSpeed	String	Fastest

## Allowed execution speeds

- Normal (default)
- Faster
- Fastest

```
// Run Faster and Run Fastest

let observerToken =
NotificationCenter.default.addObserver(.playgroundPageExecutionModeDidChange,
                                        object: PlaygroundPage.current,
                                        queue: .main) {
    let newMode = PlaygroundPage.current.executionMode
    // Update animation speed etc. for new mode
}
```

```
// Run Faster and Run Fastest

let observerToken =
NotificationCenter.default.addObserver(.playgroundPageExecutionModeDidChange,
                                        object: PlaygroundPage.current,
                                        queue: .main) {
    let newMode = PlaygroundPage.current.executionMode
    // Update animation speed etc. for new mode
}
```



```
// Run Faster and Run Fastest

let observerToken =
NotificationCenter.default.addObserver(.playgroundPageExecutionModeDidChange,
                                        object: PlaygroundPage.current,
                                        queue: .main) {
    let newMode = PlaygroundPage.current.executionMode
    // Update animation speed etc. for new mode
}
```

# Playground Book Enhancements

Grace Kendall, Playgrounds Engineer

# Minimum Swift Playgrounds Version

Key	Type	Value
▼ Root	Dictionary	
Version	String	3.0
DevelopmentRegion	String	en
Name	String	RecipeBook
MinimumSwiftPlaygroundsVersion	String	1.5
DeploymentTarget	String	ios10.3
SwiftVersion	String	3.1

# Deployment Target and Swift Version

Key	Type	Value
▼ Root	Dictionary	
Version	String	3.0
DevelopmentRegion	String	en
Name	String	RecipeBook
MinimumSwiftPlaygroundsVersion	String	1.5
DeploymentTarget	String	ios10.3
SwiftVersion	String	3.1

# Subtitles for Your Document

Playground books may now encode a subtitle

Subtitle key in book-level Manifest.plist

Shown below the book in the document picker



**Grace's Kitchen**

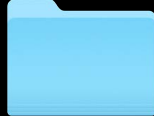
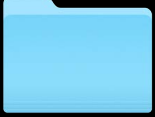




Cooking with Playgrounds



# Public vs. Private Resources

Replaced single Resources directory with  
PublicResources and PrivateResources

All resources available at runtime or in markup

- ▼  Contents
- ▶  Chapters
-  Manifest.plist
- ▶  PrivateResources
- ▶  PublicResources
- ▶  Sources

# Specifying Runtime Issues

```
fatalError("One of these ingredients  
doesn't seem right!")
```

- ```
let batter = Cake.Batter(mixing:  
    sugar, eggs, vanilla, oil, milk,  
    flour, lettuce)
```

One of these ingredients doesn't seem  
right!

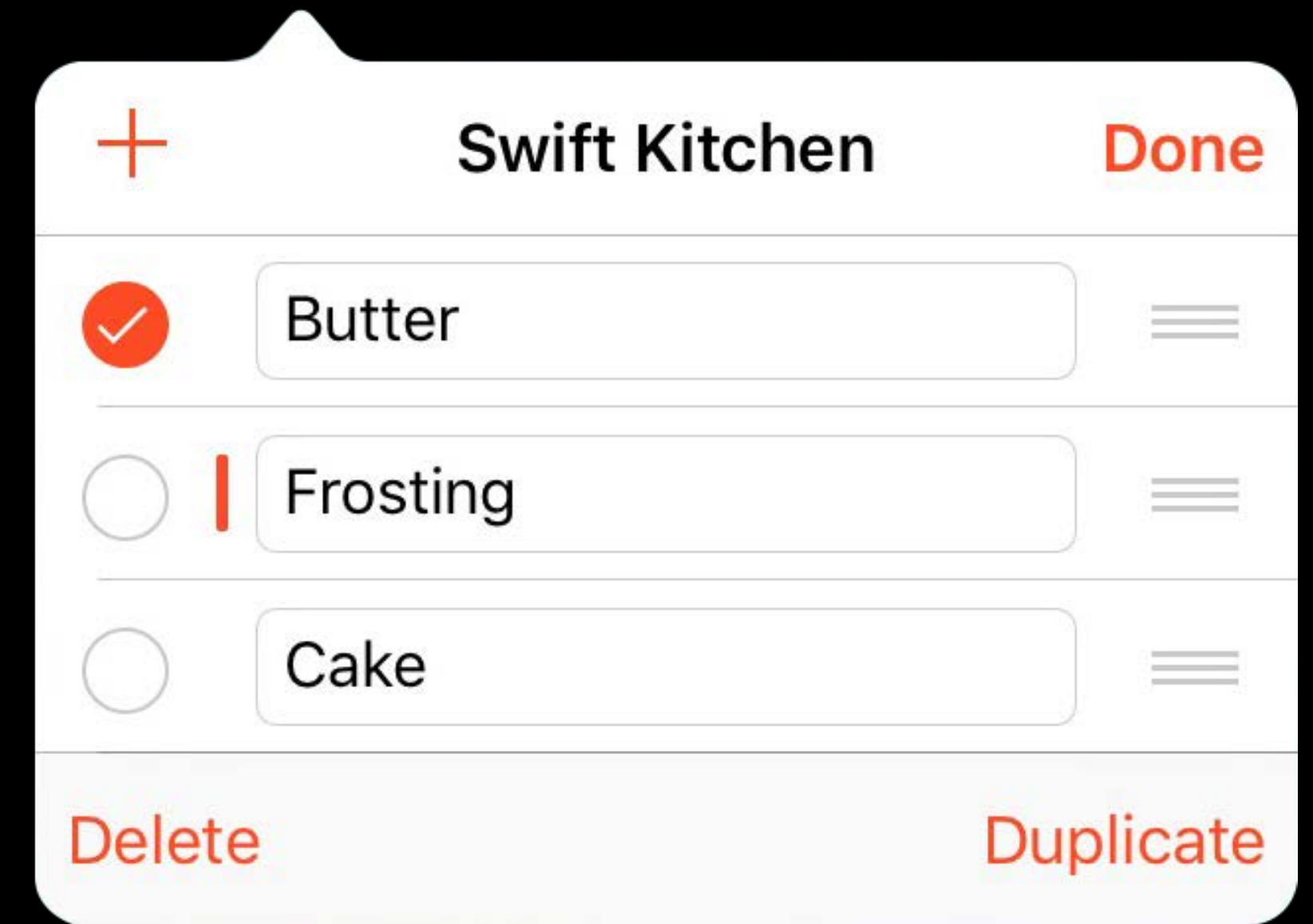
```
var hotCake = oven.bake(batter)
```

```
var cooledCake = hotCake.letCool()
```

# Templates in Swift Playgrounds

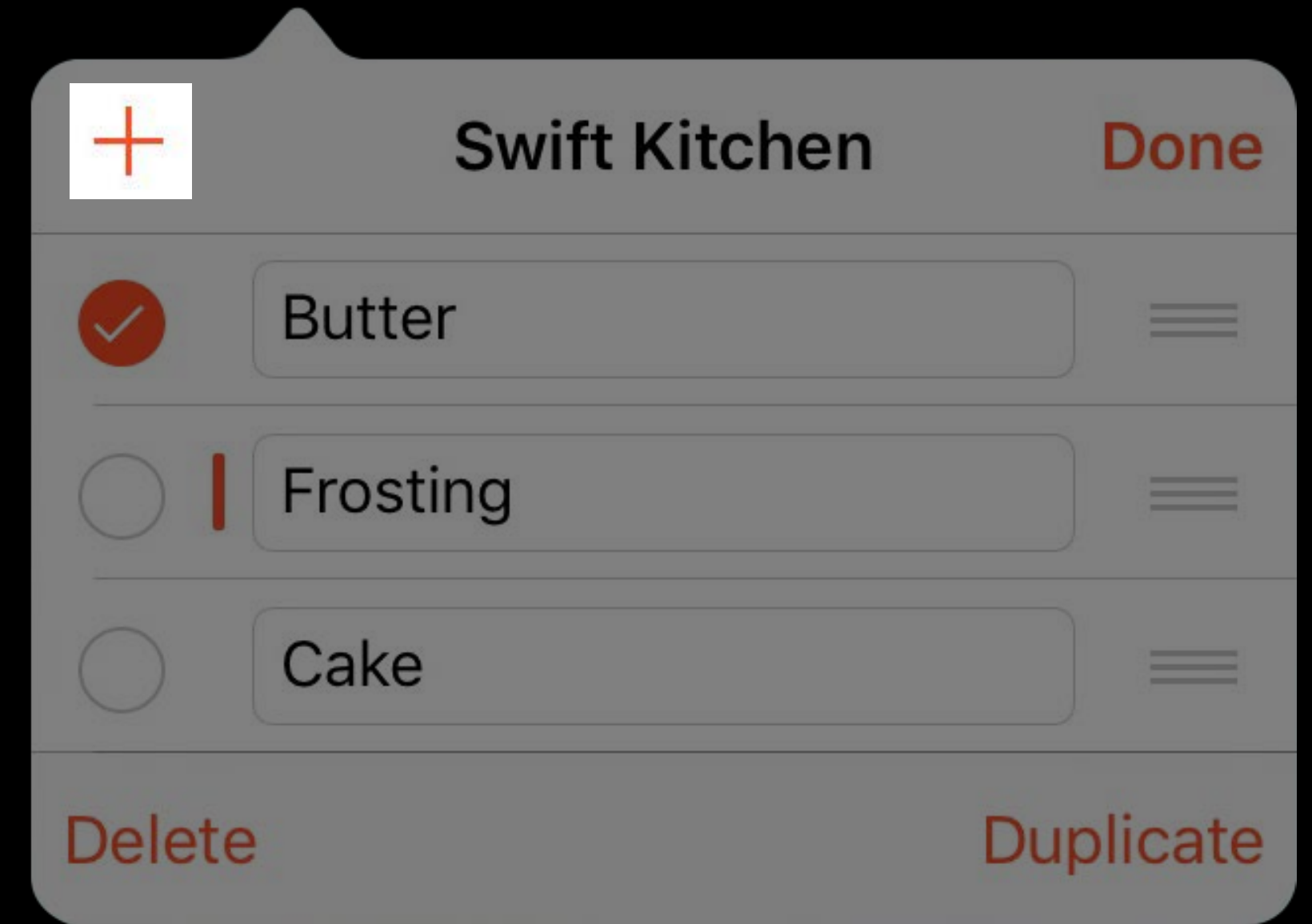
Supporting user-editing in playground books

# User Editable Books



# User Editable Books

Add

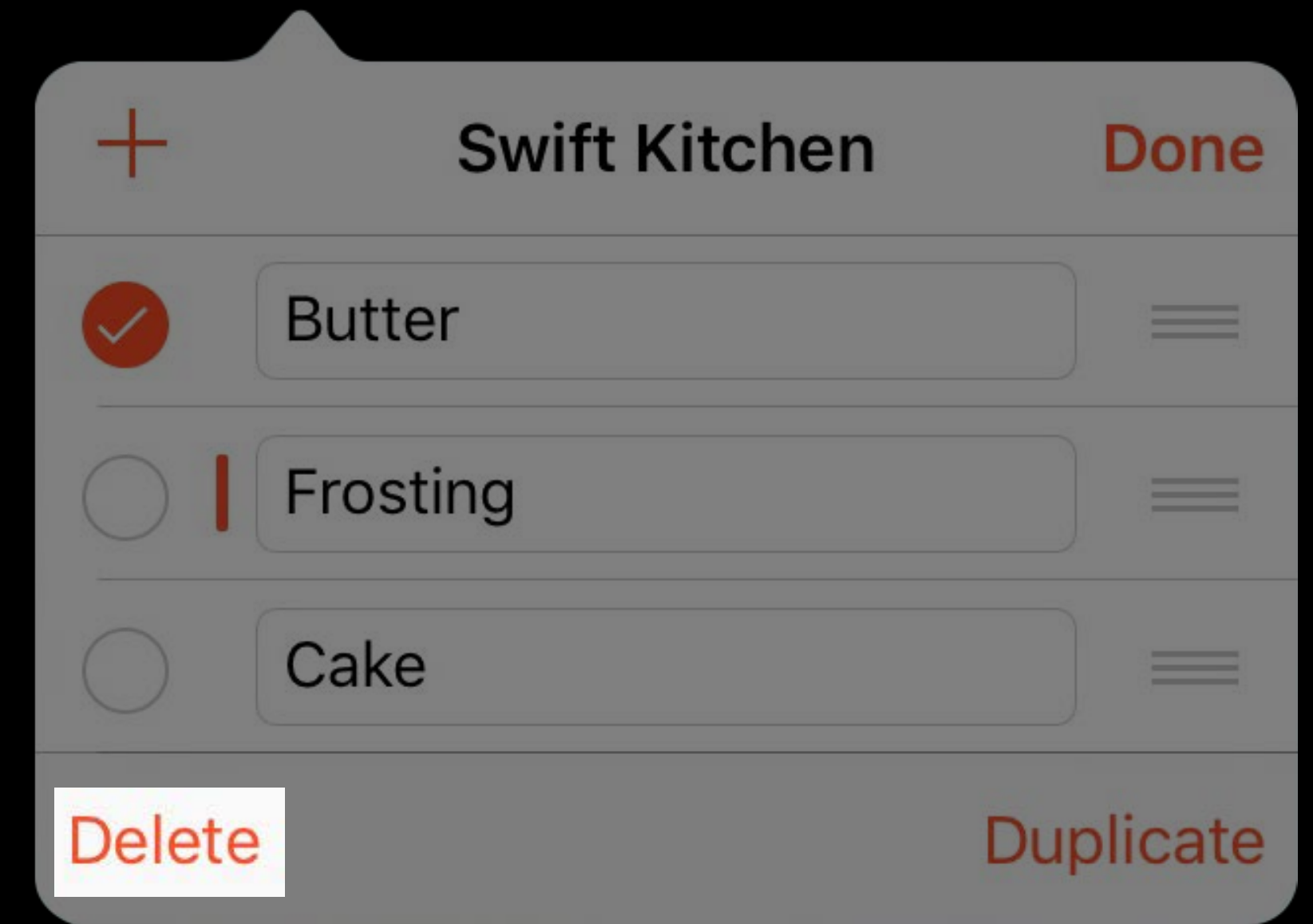




# User Editable Books

Add

Remove

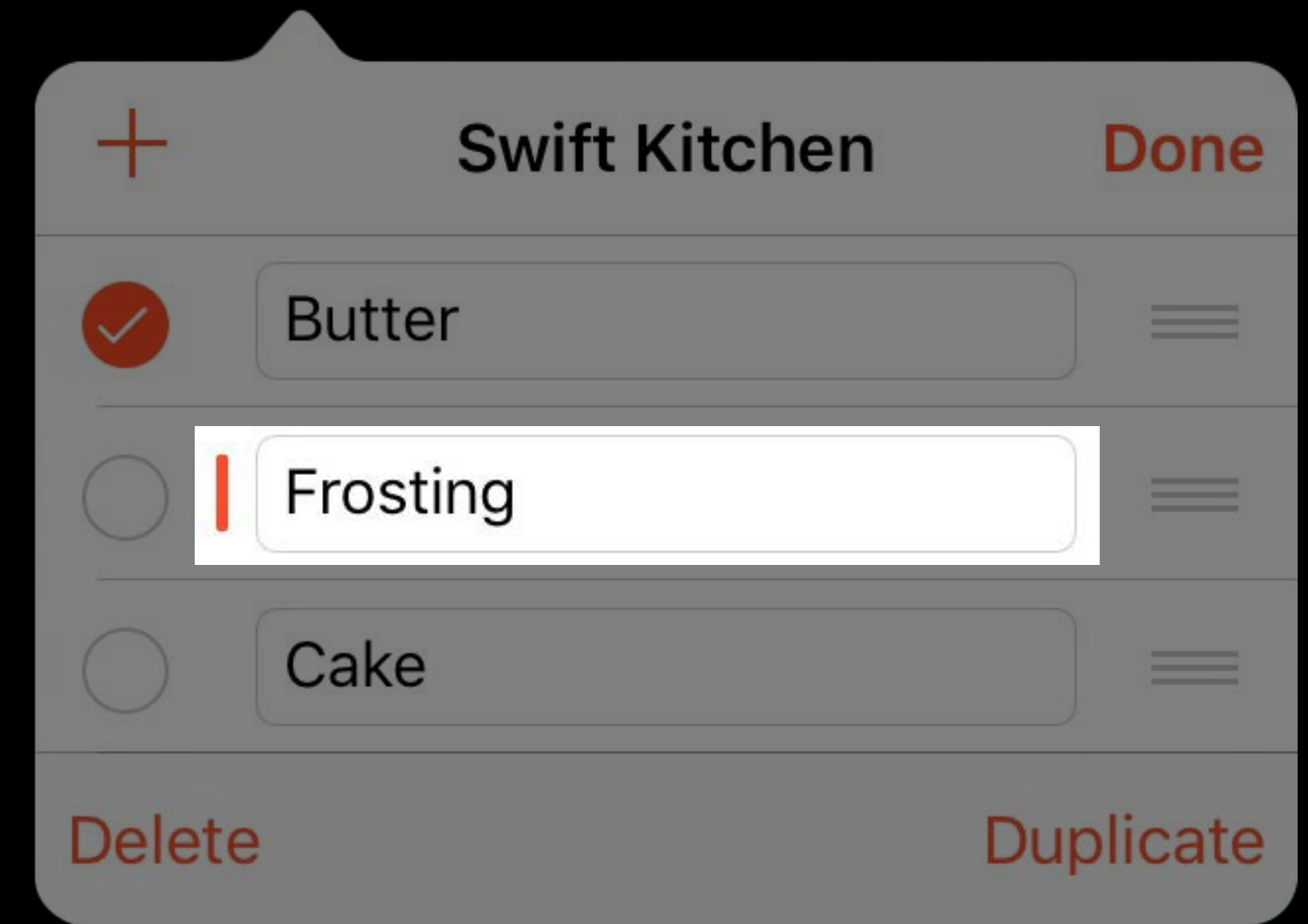


# User Editable Books

Add

Remove

Rename



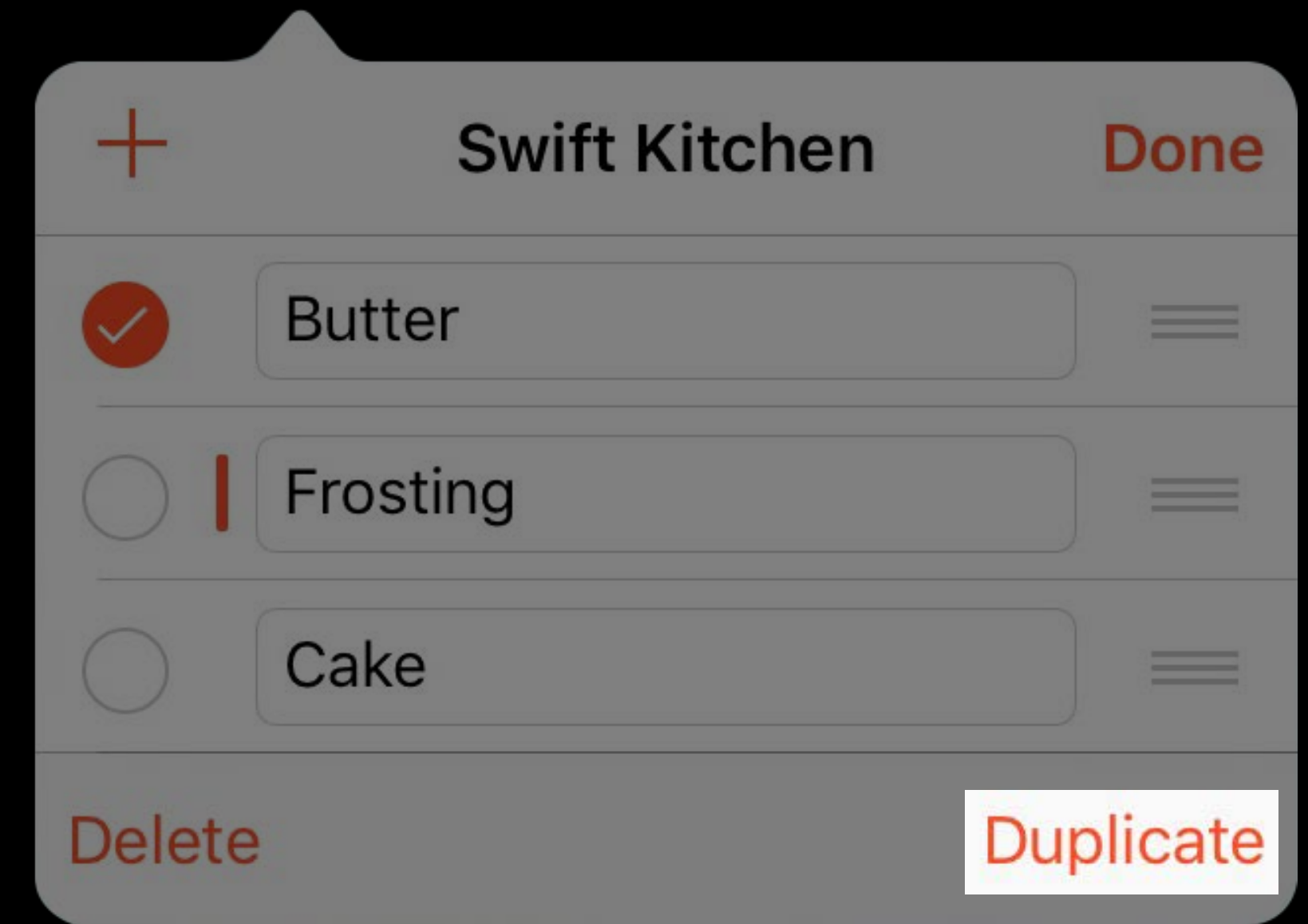
# User Editable Books

Add

Remove

Rename

Duplicate



# User Editable Books

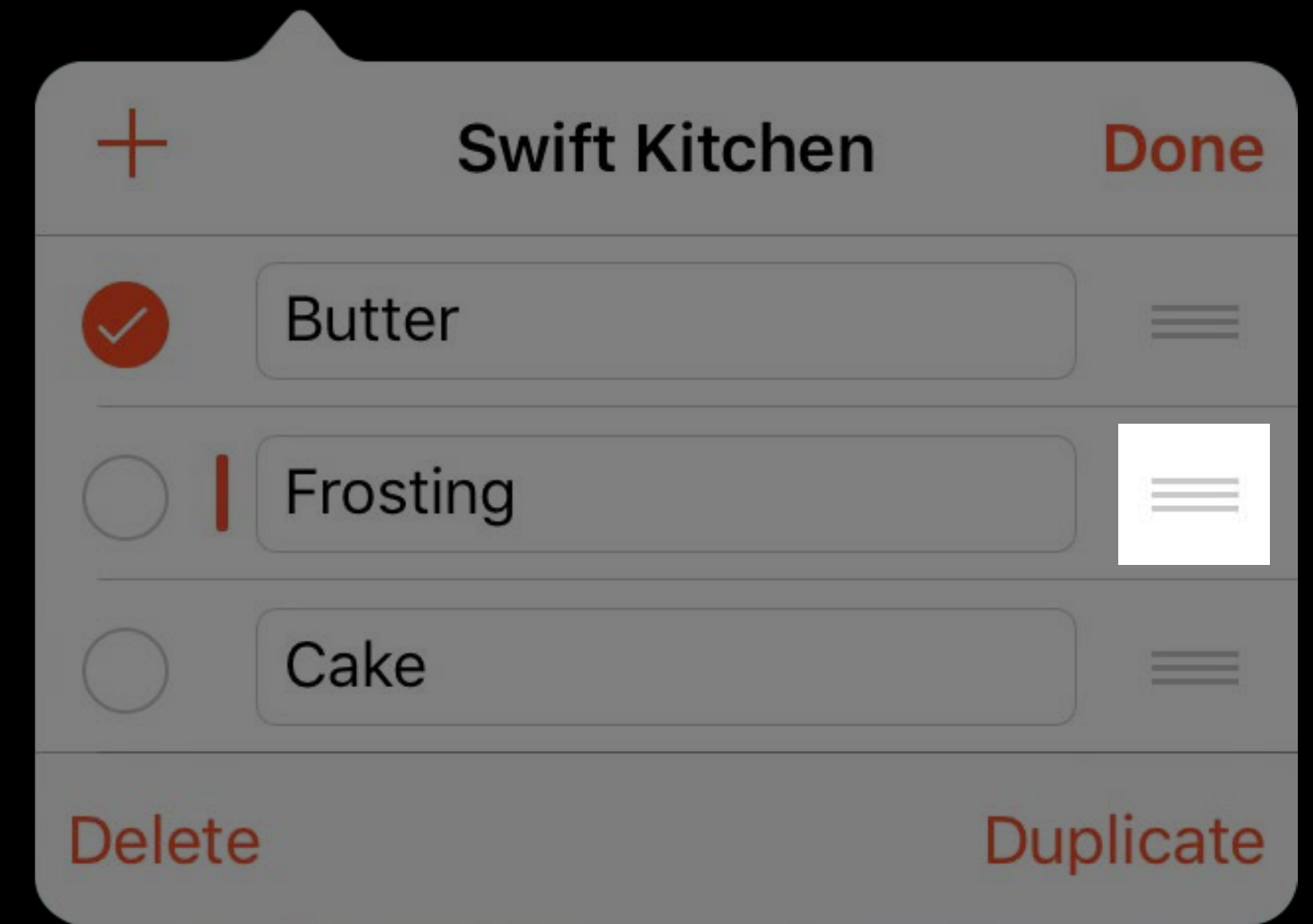
Add

Remove

Rename

Duplicate

Reorder



***Demo***



# Specifying a Template Page

## Manifest.plist

| Key                  | Type       | Value                   |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| ▼ Root               | Dictionary |                         |
| TemplatePageFilename | String     | Template.playgroundpage |
| Version              | String     | 1.0                     |
| Name                 | String     | RecipeBook              |
| ▼ InitialUserPages   | Array      | (3 Items)               |
| Item 0               | String     | Butter.playgroundpage   |
| Item 1               | String     | Frosting.playgroundpage |
| Item 2               | String     | Cake.playgroundpage     |



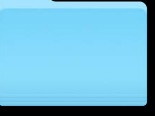

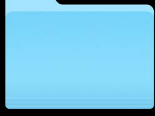
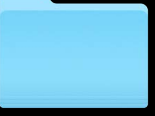
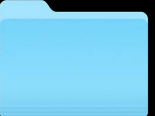


# Specifying a Template Page

## Manifest.plist

| Key                  | Type       | Value                   |
|----------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| ▼ Root               | Dictionary |                         |
| TemplatePageFilename | String     | Template.playgroundpage |
| Version              | String     | 1.0                     |
| Name                 | String     | RecipeBook              |
| ▼ InitialUserPages   | Array      | (3 Items)               |
| Item 0               | String     | Butter.playgroundpage   |
| Item 1               | String     | Frosting.playgroundpage |
| Item 2               | String     | Cake.playgroundpage     |

# Specifying a Template Page

## File Structure

- ▼  Contents
  - ▼  Chapters
    - ▼  RecipeBook.playgroundchapter
      -  Manifest.plist
      - ▼  Pages
        - ▶  Butter.playgroundpage
        - ▶  Frosting.playgroundpage
        - ▶  Cake.playgroundpage
        - ▶  Template.playgroundpage

# Localization

Najla Bulous, Playgrounds Engineer

Cancelar

# Aprende a programar



# Aprende a programar

Aprende a programar en serio de forma divertida



Aprende a progr...  
Swift 3.1 Edition

OBTENER



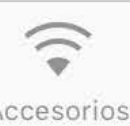
Aprende a progr...  
Swift 3.1 Edition

OBTENER



Aprende a progr...  
Swift 3.1 Edition

OBTENER



Aprende a programar

Retos

Accesorios

Puntos de partida



# Localization

DevelopmentRegion

Specifies the base language for the book

Playground book equivalent of `CFBundleDevelopmentRegion`

# Localization

.strings files

Support localizing content via strings files

# Localization

.strings files

Support localizing content via strings files

- ManifestPlist.strings

# Localization

.strings files

Support localizing content via strings files

- ManifestPlist.strings
- Prose.strings

# Localization

.strings files

Support localizing content via strings files

- ManifestPlist.strings
- Prose.strings
- EditableFields.strings



# Localization

.strings files

Support localizing content via strings files

- ManifestPlist.strings
- Prose.strings
- EditableFields.strings
- QuickHelp.strings

# Localization

.strings files

Support localizing content via strings files

- ManifestPlist.strings
- Prose.strings
- EditableFields.strings
- QuickHelp.strings

Must be in the PrivateResources directory

# Localization

## ManifestPlist.strings

Support localizing Manifest.plist content via a strings file

ManifestPlist.strings may contain:

- Name
- Subtitle



# Localization

## ManifestPlist.strings

Support localizing Manifest.plist content via a strings file

ManifestPlist.strings may contain:

- Name
- Subtitle



# Manifest

| Key                            | Type       | Value              |
|--------------------------------|------------|--------------------|
| ▼ Root                         | Dictionary |                    |
| LiveViewEdgeToEdge             | Boolean    | YES                |
| LiveViewMode                   | String     | VisibleByDefault   |
| MaximumSupportedExecutionSpeed | String     | Faster             |
| Name                           | String     | Issuing Commands   |
| PlaygroundLoggingMode          | String     | Off                |
| PosterReference                | String     | LiveViewPoster.png |
| Version                        | String     | 1.0                |





```
/* Localizable Manifest Content */  
  
/* ManifestPlist.strings (zh_CN) */  
  
/* Name of the "Issuing Commands" page. */  
"Name" = "发出命令";
```

# Localization

## Prose.strings

Playground markup blocks may be localized

Markup content stored in Prose.strings at the page level

**Ziel:** Verwende Swift-Befehle, um Byte zu sagen, dass er sich bewegen und die Edelsteine einsammeln soll.

Dein Charakter Byte liebt es, Edelsteine zu sammeln, kann das aber nicht alleine. Im ersten Rätsel musst du Swift-**Befehle** schreiben, um Byte durch die Rätselwelt zu bewegen und einen Edelstein einzusammeln.

- 1 Suche in der Rätselwelt nach dem Edelstein.
  - 2 Gib die korrekte Kombination aus den Befehlen `moveForward()` und `collectGem()` ein.
  - 3 Tippe auf „Meinen Code ausführen“.
-

```
// Localizable Playground Markup
```

```
// Contents.swift
```

```
//:#localized(key: "com.apple.LearnToCode1.Commands.IssuingCommands")
```

```
//: **Goal:** Use Swift commands to tell Byte to move and collect a gem.
```

```
//:
```

```
//: Your character, Byte, loves to collect gems but can't do it alone.
```

```
//: In this first puzzle...
```

```
moveForward()
```

```
moveForward()
```

```
moveForward()
```

```
turnLeft()
```

```
// Localizable Playground Markup
```

```
// Contents.swift
```

```
//:#localized(key: "com.apple.LearnToCode1.Commands.IssuingCommands")
```

```
//: **Goal:** Use Swift commands to tell Byte to move and collect a gem.
```

```
//:
```

```
//: Your character, Byte, loves to collect gems but can't do it alone.
```

```
//: In this first puzzle...
```

```
moveForward()
```

```
moveForward()
```

```
moveForward()
```

```
turnLeft()
```



```
/* Localizable Playground Markup */
```

```
/* Prose.strings (de) */
```

```
/* Markup content for the main prose block on "Issuing Commands". */
```

```
"com.apple.LearnToCode1.Commands.IssuingCommands" = "**Ziel:** Verwende Swift-Befehle, um Byte zu sagen, dass er sich bewegen und die Edelsteine einsammeln soll.\n\nDein Charakter Byte liebt es, Edelsteine zu sammeln, kann das aber nicht alleine.\nIm ersten Rätsel..";
```



# Localization

EditableFields.strings

Placeholders for editable fields may be localized

Localized strings stored in book-level EditableFields.strings file

- Keys are the placeholder values specified in editable field tags

- 1 Cherche la gemme dans le monde du puzzle.
  - 2 Saisis la combinaison correcte de commandes `moveForward()` et `collectGem()`.
  - 3 Touche Exécuter mon code.
- 

Touche ici pour saisir ton code



```
// Localizable Editable Field Placeholders
```

```
// Contents.swift
```

```
//#-editable-code Tap to enter code
```

```
moveForward()
```

```
moveForward()
```

```
moveForward()
```

```
turnLeft()
```

```
//#-end-editable-code
```



```
/* Localizable Editable Field Placeholders */  
  
/* EditableFields.strings (fr) */  
  
/* Placeholder shown when an editable field is empty. */  
"Tap to enter code" = "Touche ici pour saisir ton code";
```

# Localization

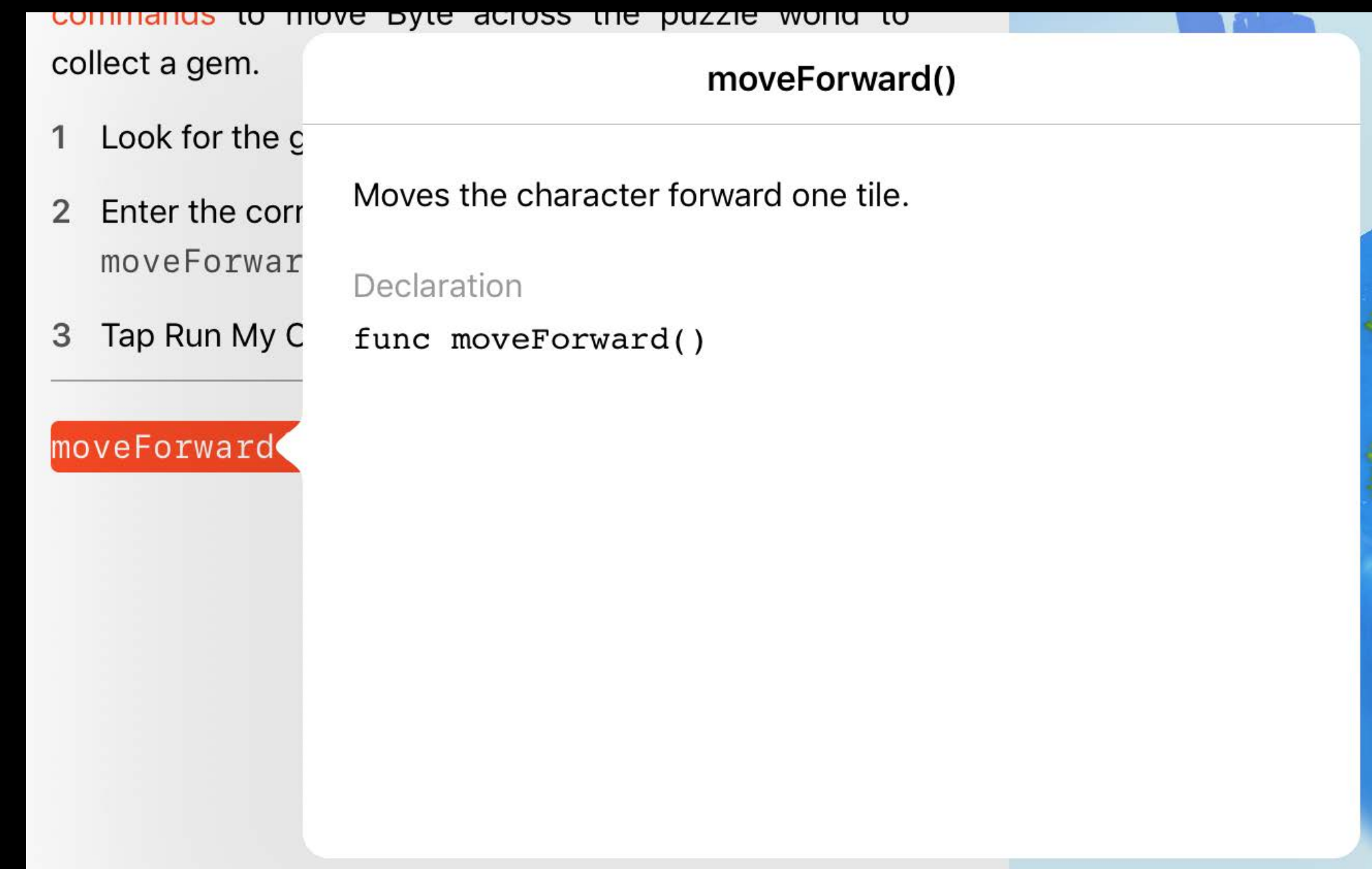
## API Documentation

BETA

Supported in Swift Playgrounds 2.0 and later

Supports localizable API documentation

- Add `LocalizationKey` to API documentation comment





```
// Localizable API Documentation

// AuxiliarySources.swift

/// Moves the character forward one tile.
///
/// - LocalizationKey: com.apple.LearnToCode.moveForward
func moveForward() {
    // ...
}
```



BETA

```
// Localizable API Documentation

// AuxiliarySources.swift

/// Moves the character forward one tile.
///
/// - LocalizationKey: com.apple.LearnToCode.moveForward
func moveForward() {
    // ...
}
```

```
/* Localizable API Documentation */
```

```
/* QuickHelp.strings (en) */
```

```
/* Documentation for the moveForward() function. */
```

```
"com.apple.LearnToCode.moveForward" = "Moves the character forward one tile.";
```



BETA

```
/* Localizable API Documentation */
```

```
/* QuickHelp.strings (en) */
```

```
/* Documentation for the moveForward() function. */
```

```
"com.apple.LearnToCode.moveForward" = "Moves the character forward one tile.";
```

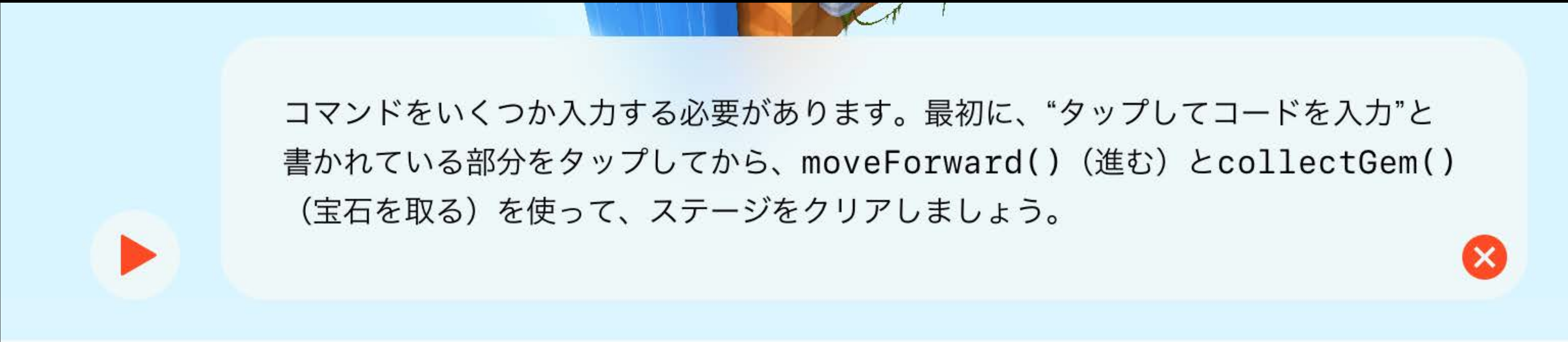
# Localization

## Default Hints

Default hints now specified in a separate Hints.plist

- Same format as default hints in Manifest.plist

For localization, Hints.plist should be stored in lproj directories

A screenshot of a localization hint displayed in a light blue rounded rectangle. On the left side of the rectangle is a red play button icon, and on the right side is a red close button icon with a white 'X'. The text inside the rectangle is in Japanese and describes a sequence of actions for a game level.

コマンドをいくつか入力する必要があります。最初に、“タップしてコードを入力”と書かれている部分をタップしてから、`moveForward()`（進む）と`collectGem()`（宝石を取る）を使って、ステージをクリアしましょう。

# Localization

## Default Hints

| Key      | Type       | Value                 |
|----------|------------|-----------------------|
| ▼ Root   | Dictionary |                       |
| ▼ Item 0 | Dictionary | (1 item)              |
| Content  | String     | コマンドをいくつか入力する必要があります。 |
|          |            |                       |
|          |            |                       |
|          |            |                       |
|          |            |                       |
|          |            |                       |



# Localization

## Default Hints

| Key      | Type       | Value                 |
|----------|------------|-----------------------|
| ▼ Root   | Dictionary |                       |
| ▼ Item 0 | Dictionary | (1 item)              |
| Content  | String     | コマンドをいくつか入力する必要があります。 |
|          |            |                       |
|          |            |                       |
|          |            |                       |
|          |            |                       |
|          |            |                       |

# PlaygroundBluetooth API

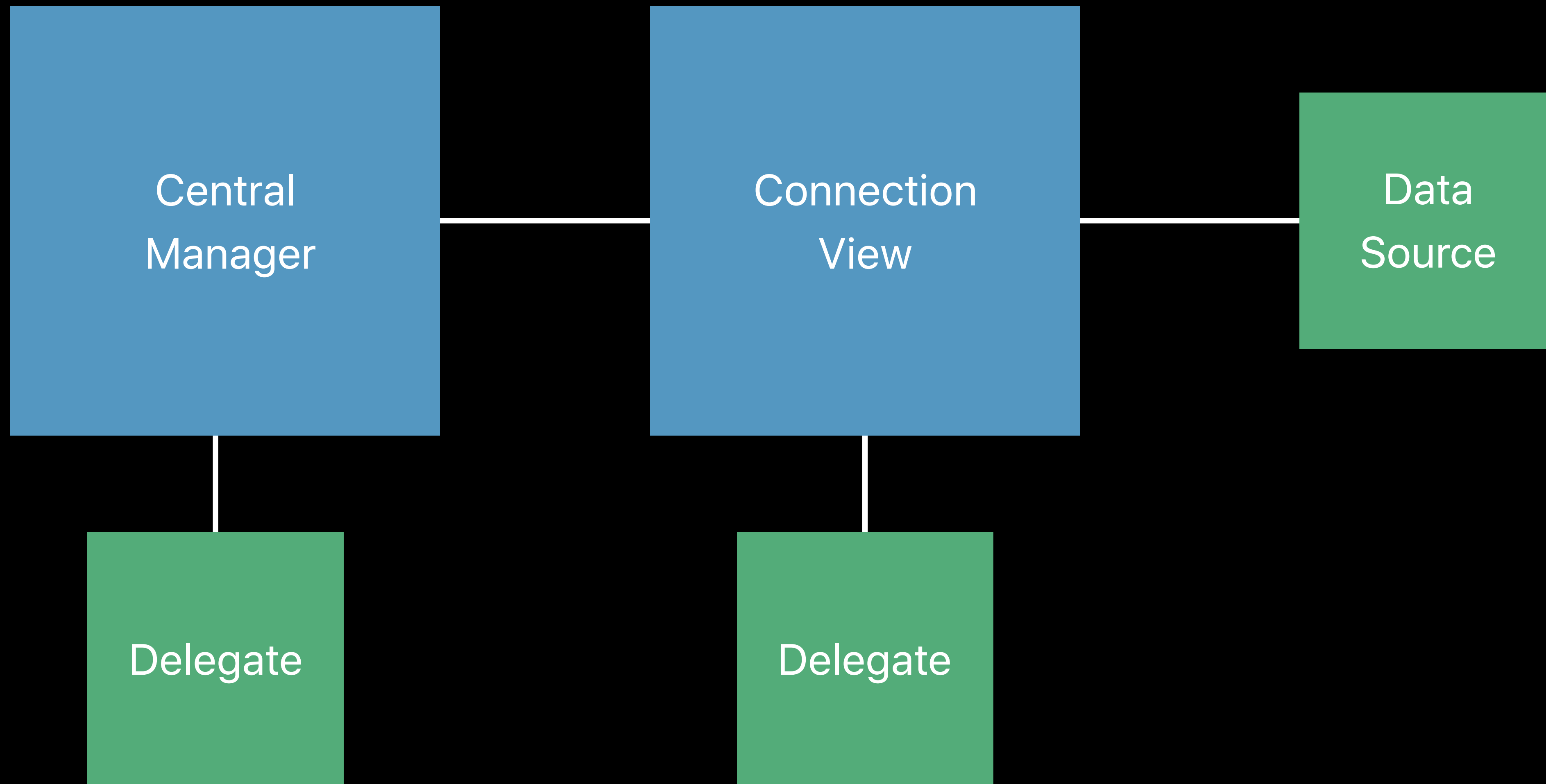
# PlaygroundBluetooth

Swift Playgrounds provides access to CoreBluetooth

PlaygroundBluetooth framework aims to provide a consistent experience across playground books

# PlaygroundBluetooth

## Components



# PlaygroundBluetooth

PlaygroundBluetoothCentralManager

Provides an interface for connecting to and interacting with accessories

Similar to CoreBluetooth's CBCentralManager

# PlaygroundBluetooth

PlaygroundBluetoothCentralManagerDelegate

```
centralManagerStateDidChange(_:)
```

```
centralManager(_:didDiscover:withAdvertisementData:)
```

```
centralManager(_:willConnectTo:)
```

```
centralManager(_:didConnectTo:)
```

```
centralManager(_:didFailToConnectTo:error:)
```

```
centralManager(_:didDisconnectFrom:error:)
```

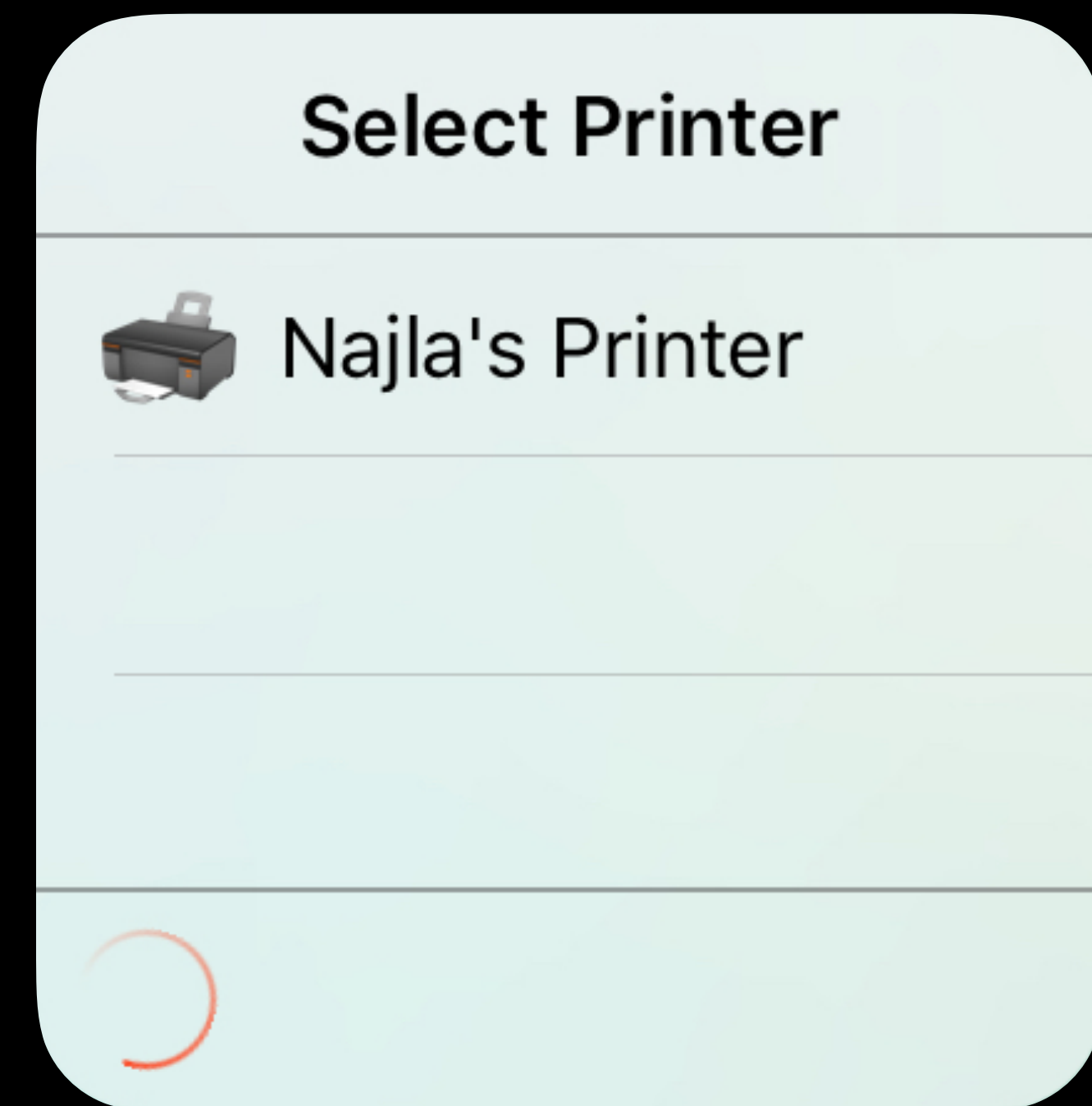


# PlaygroundBluetooth

PlaygroundBluetoothConnectionView

Provides an interface for displaying connection status of accessories

Provides UI for users to discover, connect, and disconnect from accessories



# PlaygroundBluetooth

## PlaygroundBluetoothConnectionViewDelegate

```
connectionView(_:shouldDisplayDiscovered:  
withAdvertisementData:rssi:)
```

```
connectionView(_:shouldConnectTo:  
withAdvertisementData:)
```

```
connectionView(_:willDisconnectFrom:)
```

```
connectionView(_:titleFor:)
```

```
connectionView(_:firmwareUpdateInstructionFor:)
```



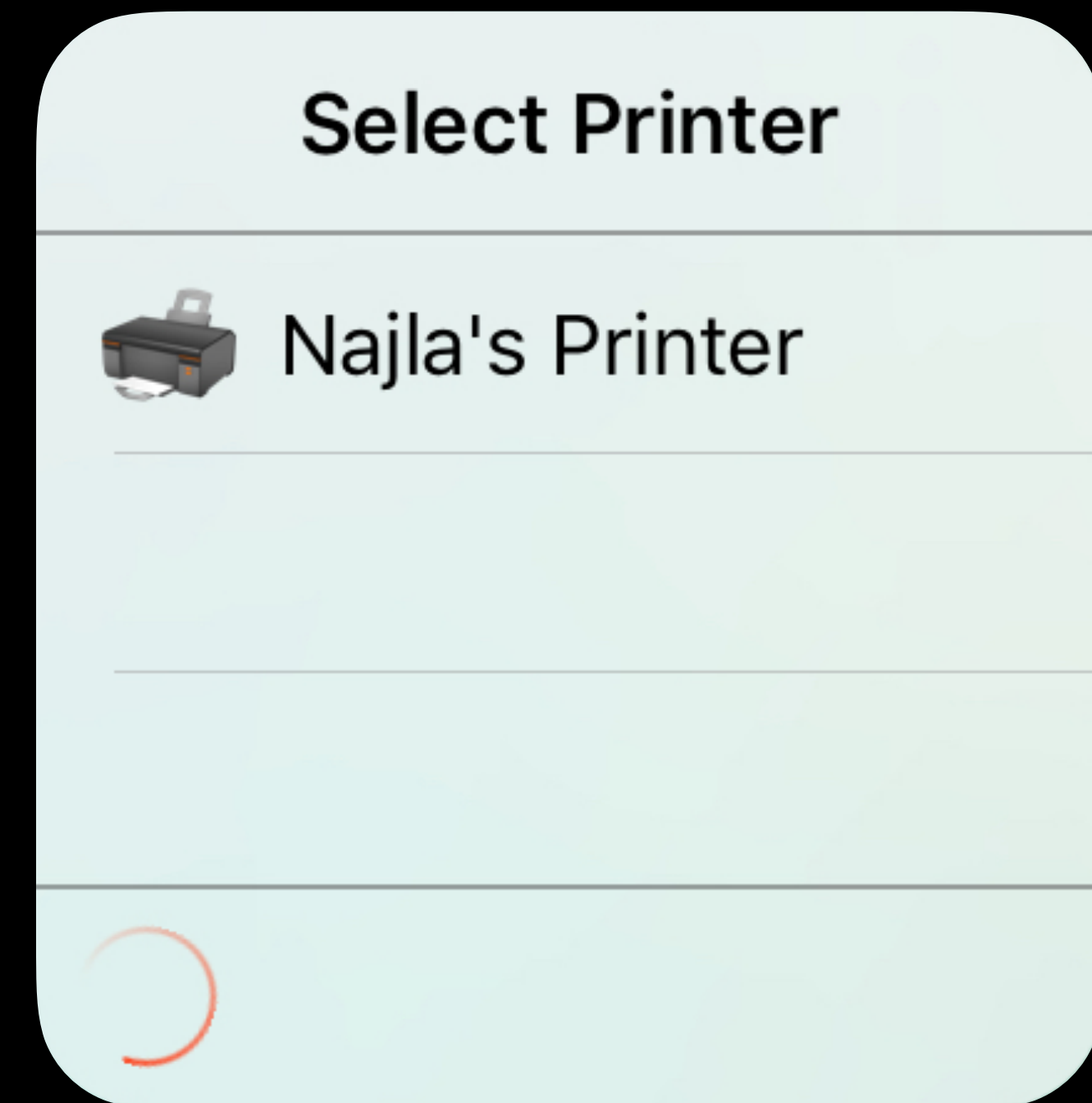
# PlaygroundBluetooth

PlaygroundBluetoothConnectionViewDataSource

Protocol adopted by a  
PlaygroundBluetoothConnectionView object

Provides information it needs to display  
accessories

- Name
- Icon



# PlaygroundBluetooth

PlaygroundBluetoothConnectionViewDataSource

Protocol adopted by a  
PlaygroundBluetoothConnectionView object

Provides information it needs to display  
accessories

- Name
- Icon



```
connectionView(_:itemForPeripheral:withAdvertisementData:)
```

*Demo*

PlaygroundBluetooth in Swift Playgrounds

# Summary

Overview of changes since last September

Format changes such as public vs. private resources

Enhancements to playground book

- Copy code forward
- Code highlighting
- User editable books
- Localization

PlaygroundBluetooth

# More Information

<https://developer.apple.com/wwdc17/408>



# Related Sessions

---

[Localizing Content for Swift Playgrounds](#)

Grand Ballroom A

Thursday 3:10PM

---

[Teaching with Swift Playgrounds](#)

Hall 2

Friday 2:50PM

---

[SceneKit in Swift Playgrounds](#)

WWDC 2017

---

[Localizing with Xcode 9](#)

WWDC 2017

---

[What's New in Swift](#)

WWDC 2017

---

# Labs

---

**Creating Content for Swift Playgrounds Lab**

Technology Lab E

Thur 12:00PM–3:10PM

---

**Swift Open Hours**

Technology Lab D

Fri 12:00PM–1:30PM

---

**Xcode Open Hours**

Technology Lab K

Fri 1:50PM–4:00PM

---

