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Strata CONFERENCE Making Data Work

Feb. 26 – 28, 2013SANTA CLARA, CA

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Berkeley Data Analytics Stack (BDAS) Overview

Ion Stoica UC Berkeley



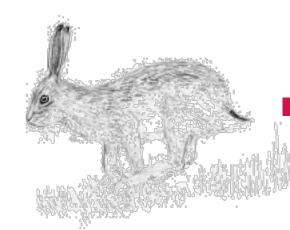
What is Big Data used For?

- Reports, e.g.,
 - Track business processes, transactions
- Diagnosis, e.g.,
 - Why is user engagement dropping?
 - Why is the system slow?
 - Detect spam, worms, viruses, DDoS attacks
- Decisions, e.g.,
 - Decide what feature to add
 - Decide what ad to show
 - Block worms, viruses, ...

Data is only as useful as the decisions it enables



Data Processing Goals

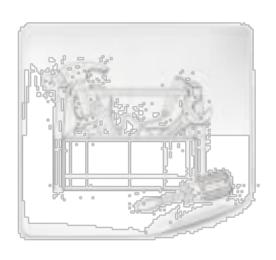


Low latency (interactive) queries on historical data: enable faster decisions



- E.g., identify why a site is slow and fix it

Low latency queries on live data (streaming): enable decisions on real-time data

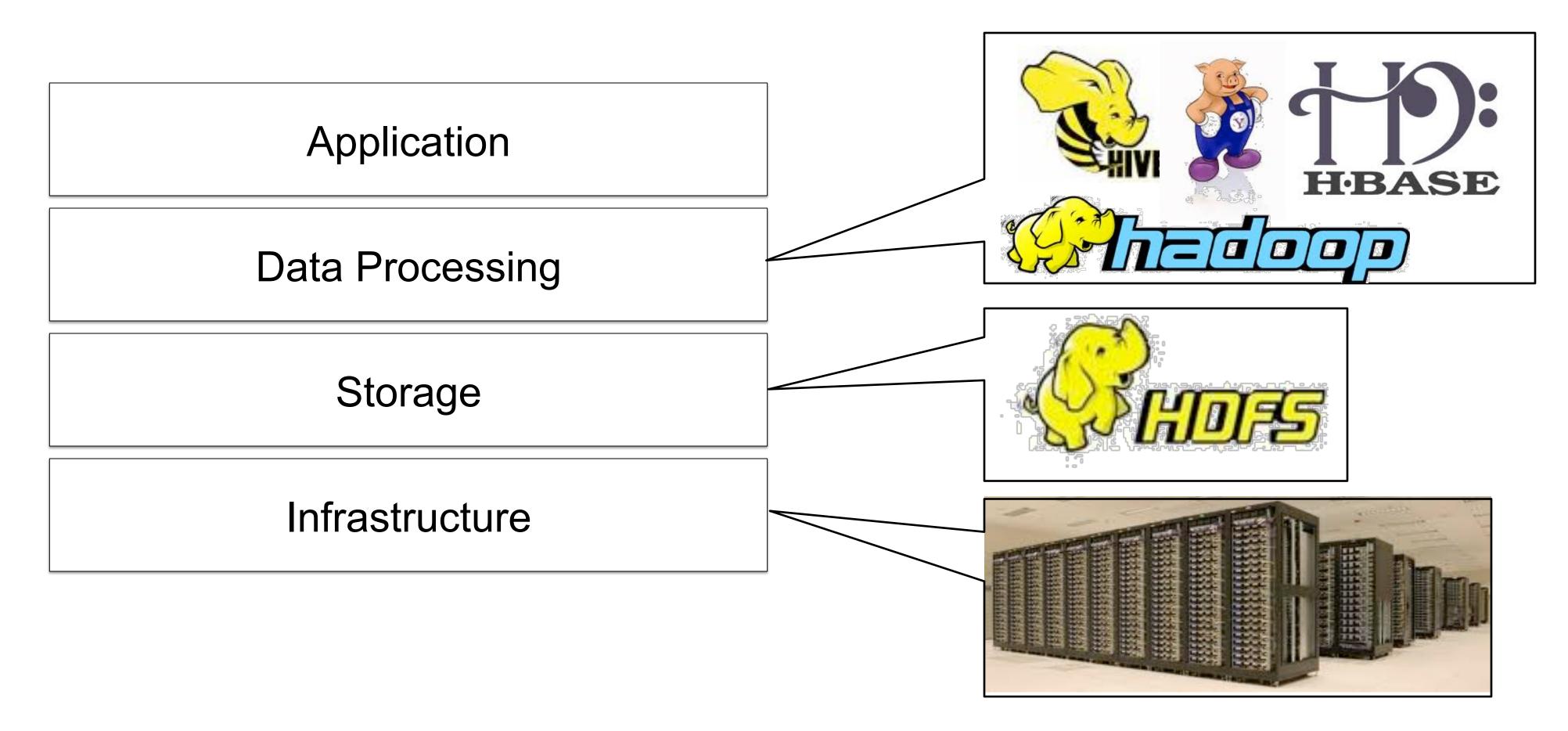


 E.g., detect & block worms in real-time (a worm may infect 1mil hosts in 1.3sec)

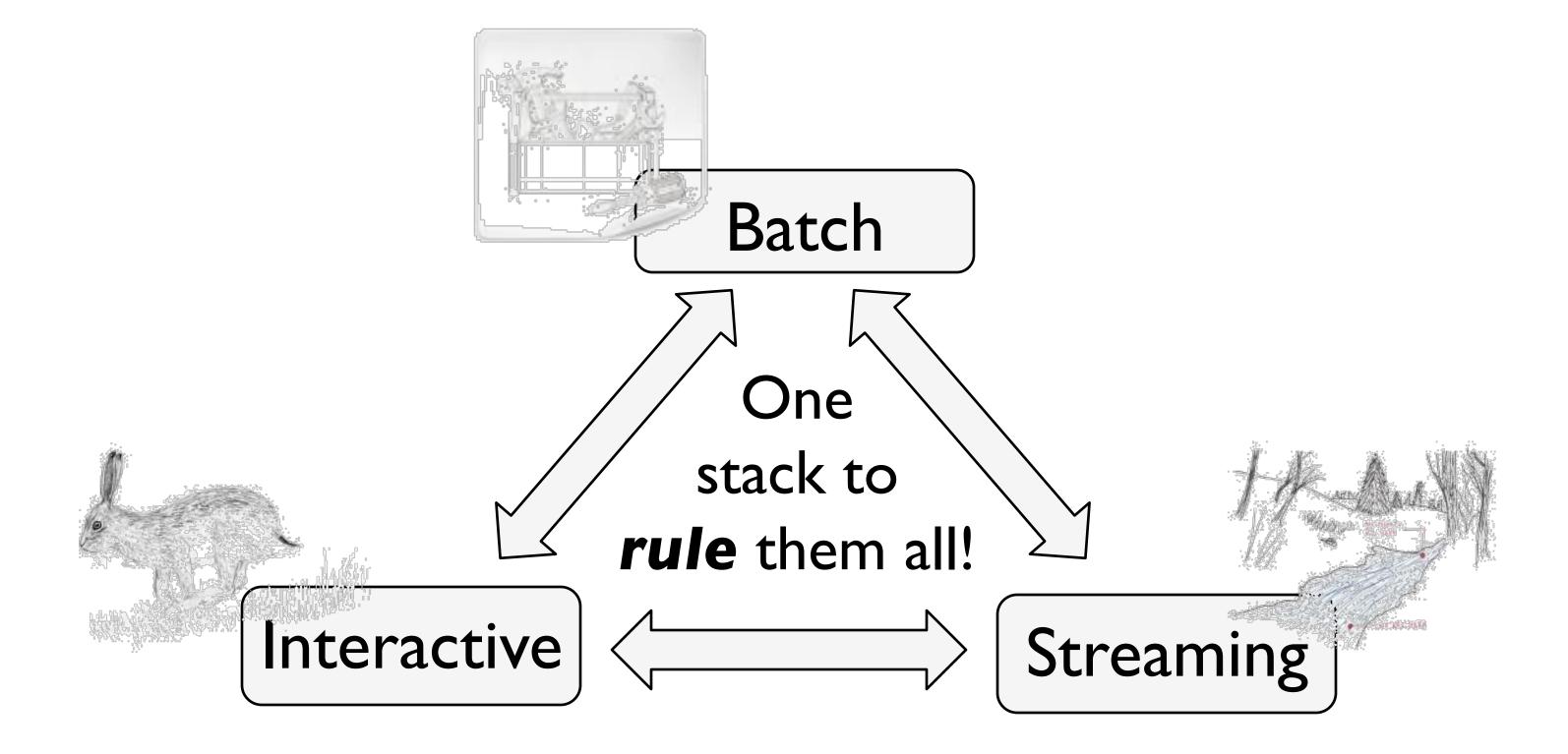
- Sophisticated data processing: enable "better" decisions
 - E.g., anomaly detection, trend analysis

Today's Open Analytics Stack...

..mostly focused on large on-disk datasets: great for batch but slow



Goals

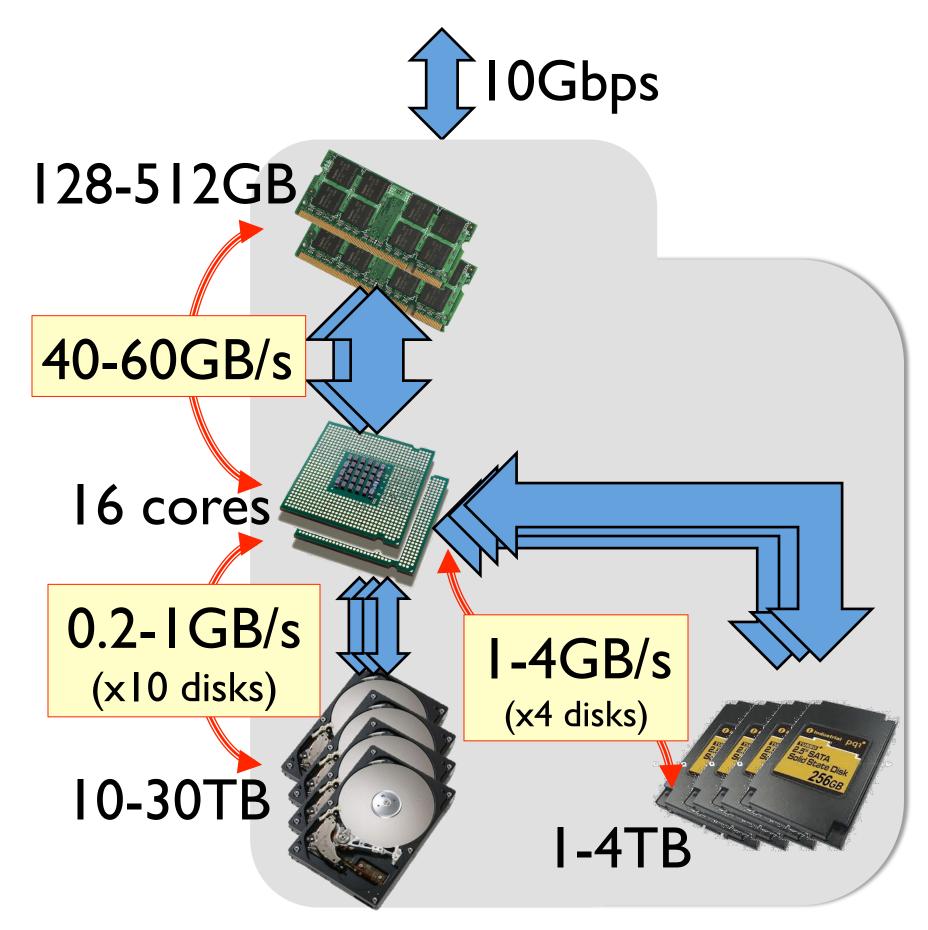


- Easy to combine batch, streaming, and interactive computations
- Easy to develop sophisticated algorithms
- Compatible with existing open source ecosystem (Hadoop/HDFS)



Our Approach: Support Interactive and Streaming Comp.

- Aggressive use of memory
- Why?
 - 1. Memory transfer rates >> disk or even SSDs
 - Gap is growing especially w.r.t. disk
 - 2. Many datasets already fit into memory
 - The inputs of over 90% of jobs in Facebook, Yahoo!, and Bing clusters fit into memory
 - E.g., 1TB = 1 billion records @ 1 KB each
 - 3. Memory density (still) grows with Moore's law
 - RAM/SSD hybrid memories at horizon

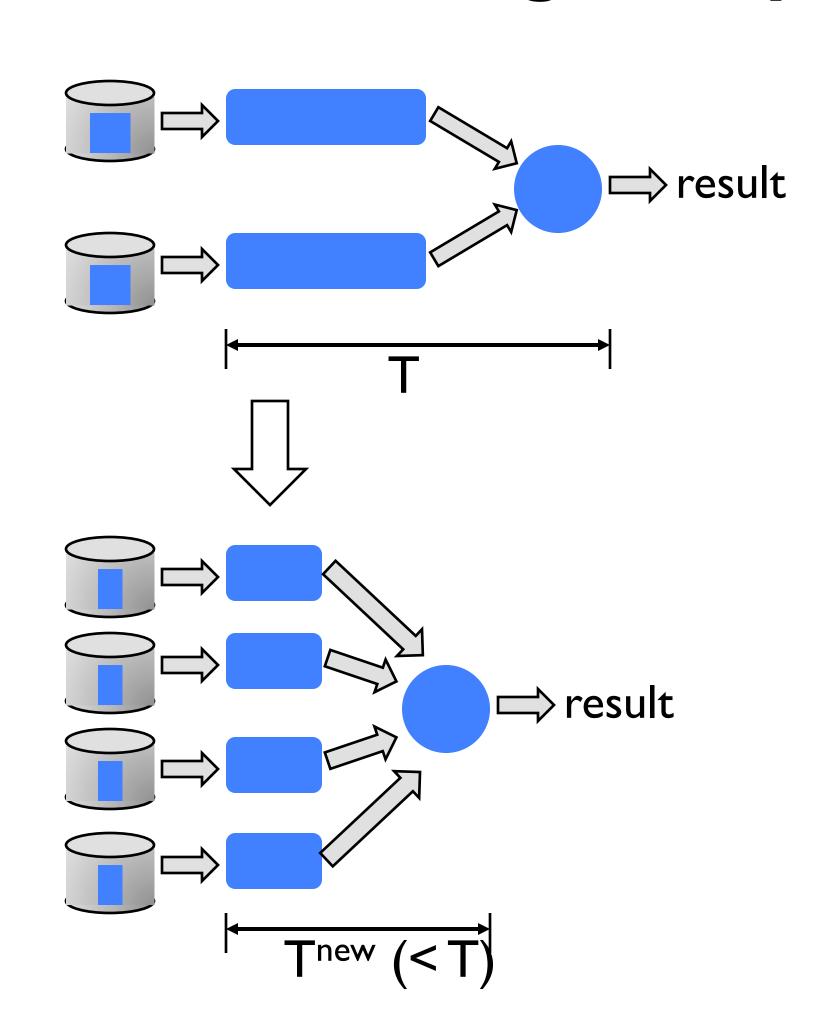


High end datacenter node



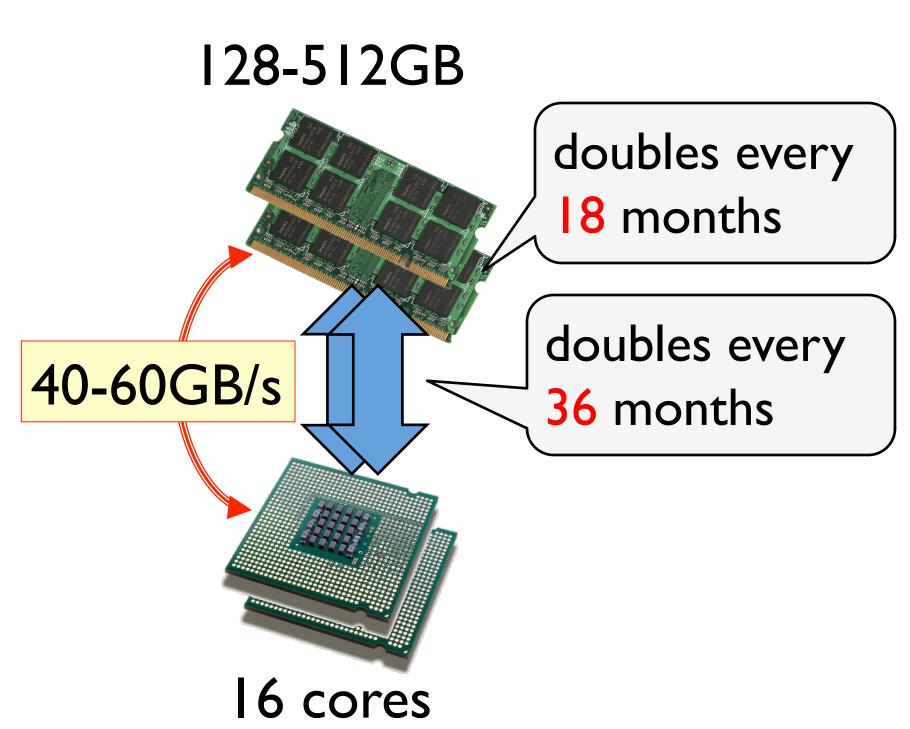
Our Approach: Support Interactive and Streaming Comp.

- Increase parallelism
- Why?
 - Reduce work per node → improve latency
- Techniques:
 - Low latency parallel scheduler that achieve high locality
 - Optimized parallel communication patterns (e.g., shuffle, broadcast)
 - Efficient recovery from failures and straggler mitigation



Our Approach: Support Interactive and Streaming Comp.

- Trade between result accuracy and response times
- Why?
 - In-memory processing does not guarantee interactive query processing
 - E.g., ~10's sec just to scan 512 GB RAM!
 - Gap between memory capacity and transfer rate increasing
- Challenges:
 - accurately estimate error and running time for...
 - ... arbitrary computations



Our Approach

- Easy to combine batch, streaming, and interactive computations
 - Single execution model that *supports* all computation models
- Easy to develop sophisticated algorithms
 - Powerful Python and Scala shells
 - High level abstractions for graph based, and ML algorithms
- Compatible with existing open source ecosystem (Hadoop/HDFS)
 - Interoperate with existing storage and input formats (e.g., HDFS, Hive, Flume, ..)
 - Support existing execution models (e.g., Hive, GraphLab)



Berkeley Data Analytics Stack (BDAS)

Application

Data Processing

Data Management

Resource Management

New apps: AMP-Genomics, Carat, ...

- in-memory processing
- trade between time, quality, and cost

Efficient data sharing across frameworks

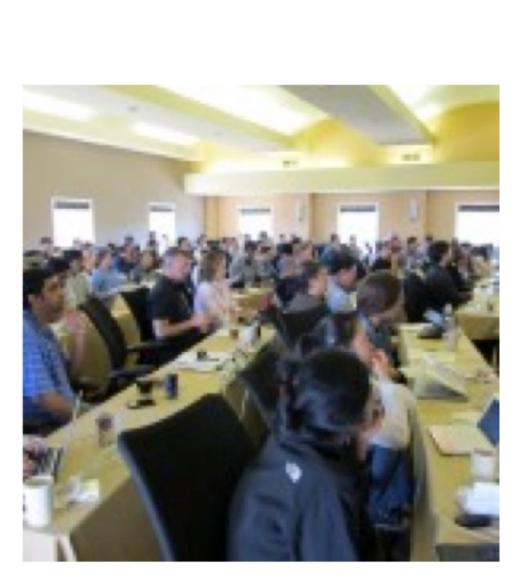
Share infrastructure across frameworks (multi-programming for datacenters)

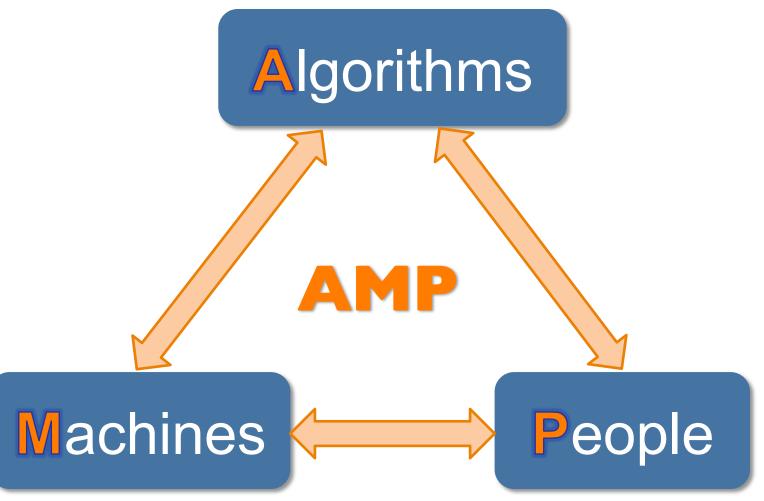


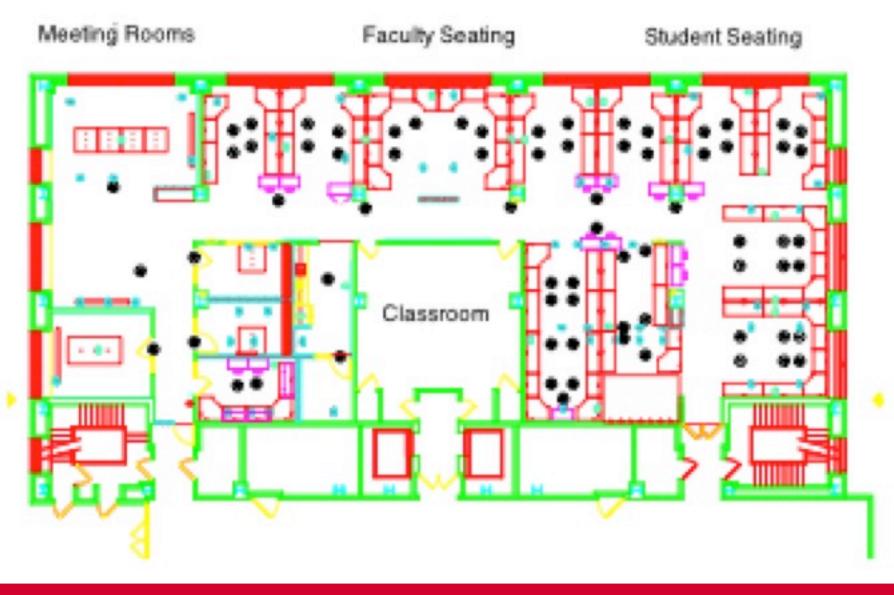
The Berkeley AMPLab

- "Launched" January 2011: 6 Year Plan
- 8 CS Faculty
- ~40 students
- 3 software engineers
- Organized for collaboration:











The Berkeley AMPLab

Funding:



XData,



CISE Expedition Grant

Industrial, founding sponsors







- 18 other sponsors, including



































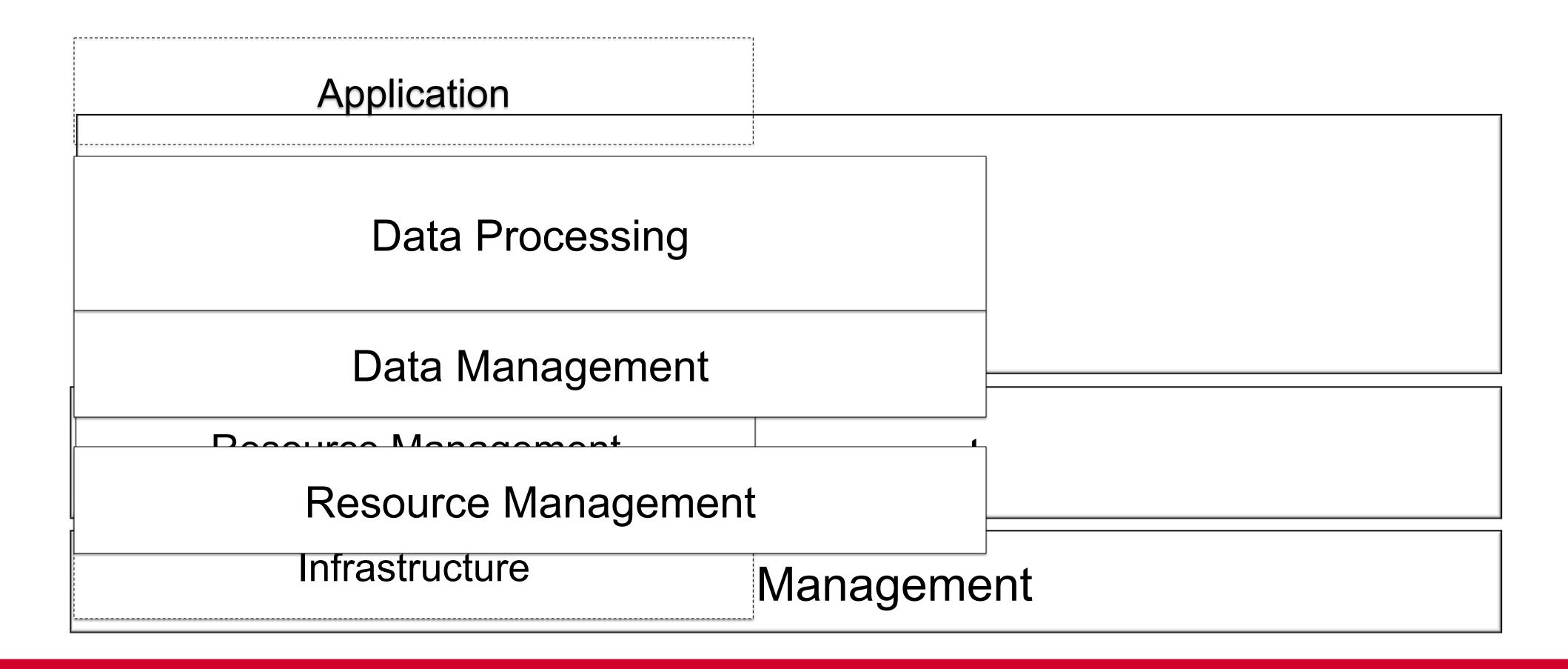


Goal: Next Generation of Analytics Data Stack for Industry & Research:

- Berkeley Data Analytics Stack (BDAS)
- Release as Open Source



Berkeley Data Analytics Stack (BDAS)





Berkeley Data Analytics Stack (BDAS)

Existing stack components....

Data Processing

Data Processing

Data Processing

Data Processing

Data Management

Data Mgmnt.

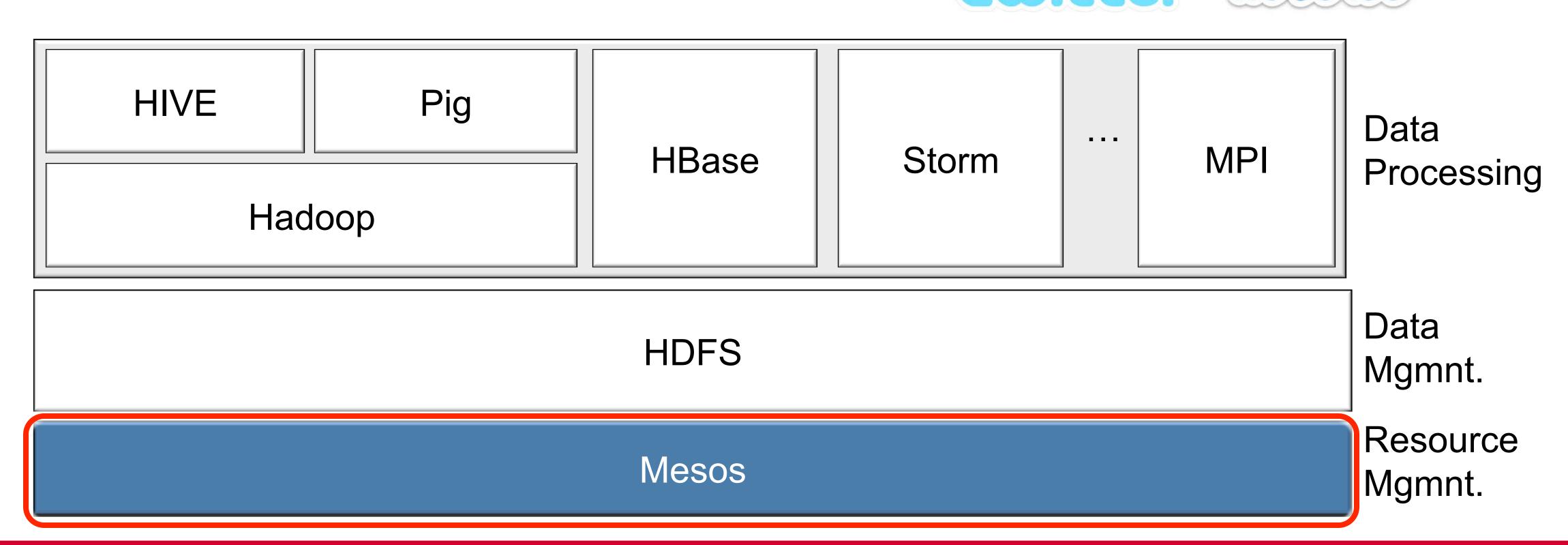
Resource Management

Resource Mgmnt.



Mesos [Released, v0.9]

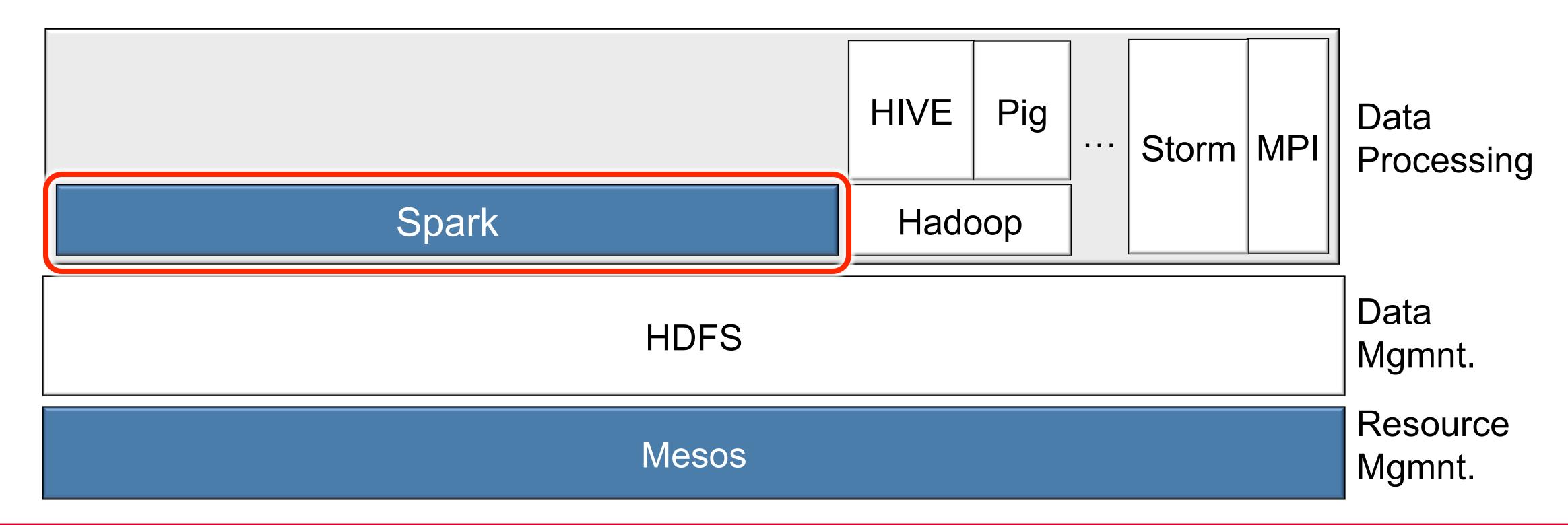
- Management platform that allows multiple framework to share cluster
- Compatible with existing open analytics stack
- Deployed in production at Twitter on 3,500+ servers





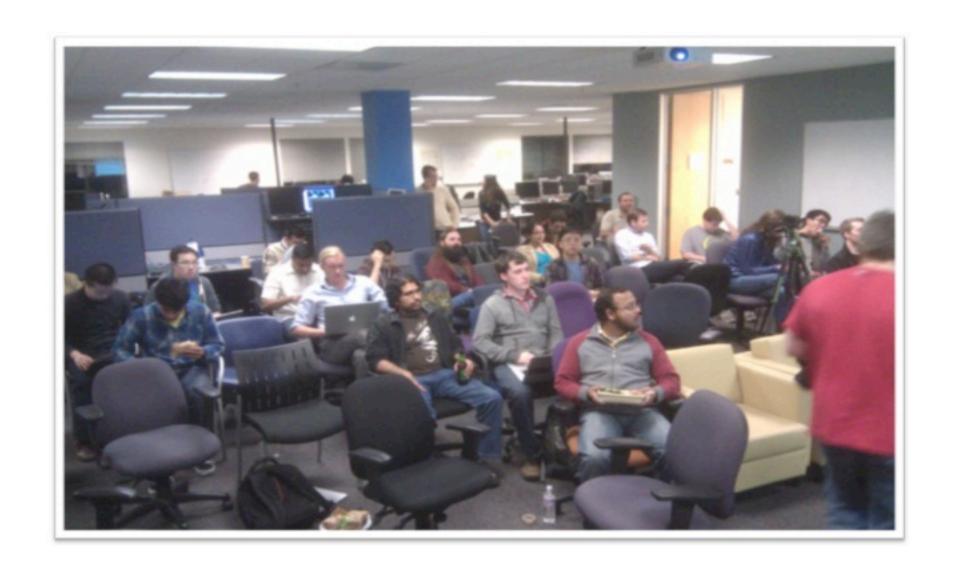
Spark [Release, v0.7]

- In-memory framework for interactive and iterative computations
 - Resilient Distributed Dataset (RDD): fault-tolerance, in-memory storage abstraction
- Scala interface, Java and Python APIs





Spark Community



- 3000 people attended online training in August
- 500+ meetup members
- 14 companies contributing













Berkeley













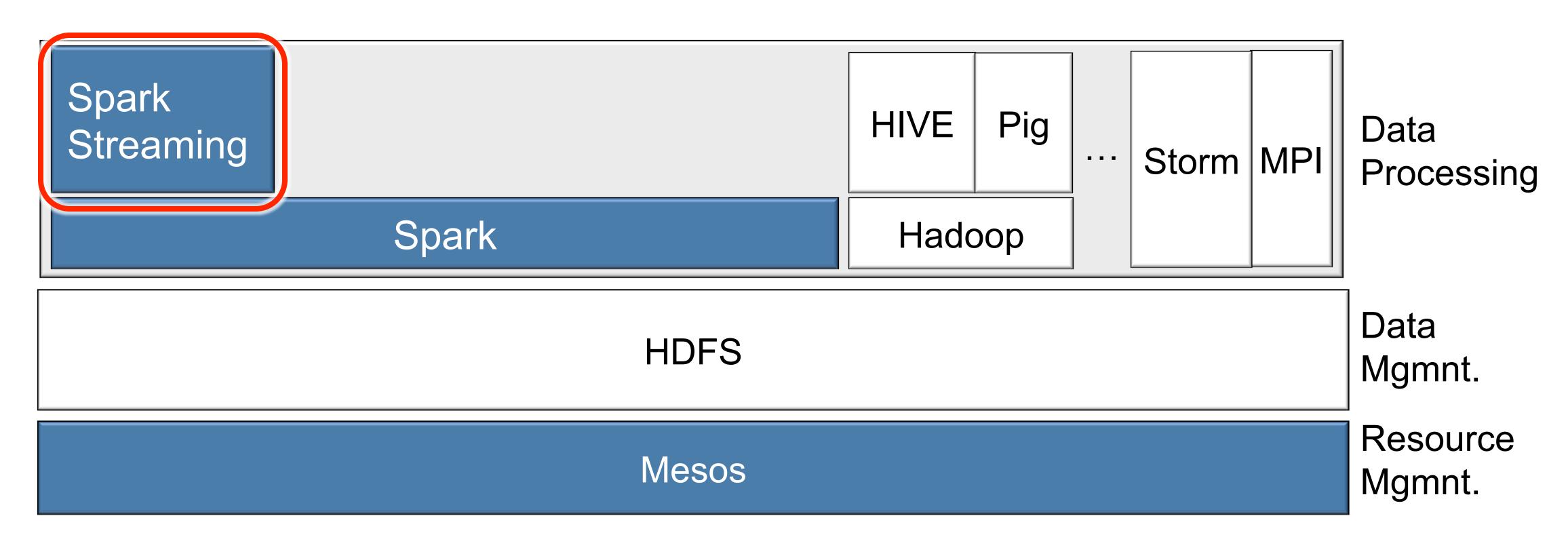






Spark Streaming [Alpha Release]

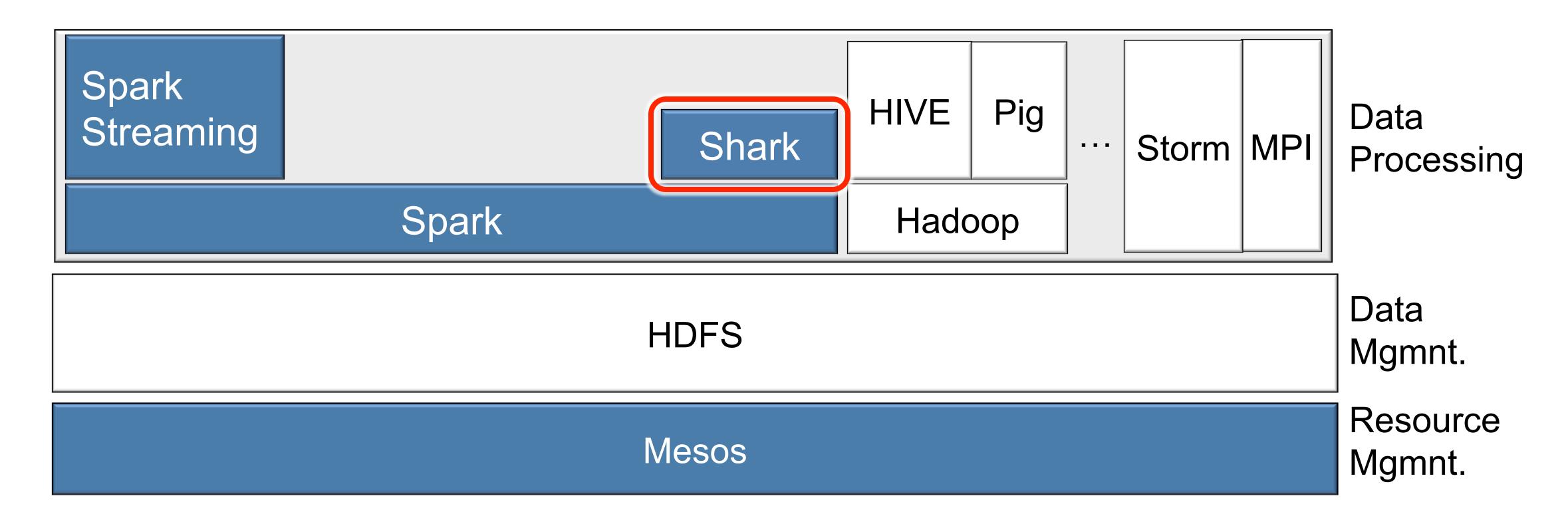
- Large scale streaming computation
- Ensure exactly one semantics
- Integrated with Spark → unifies batch, interactive, and streaming computations!





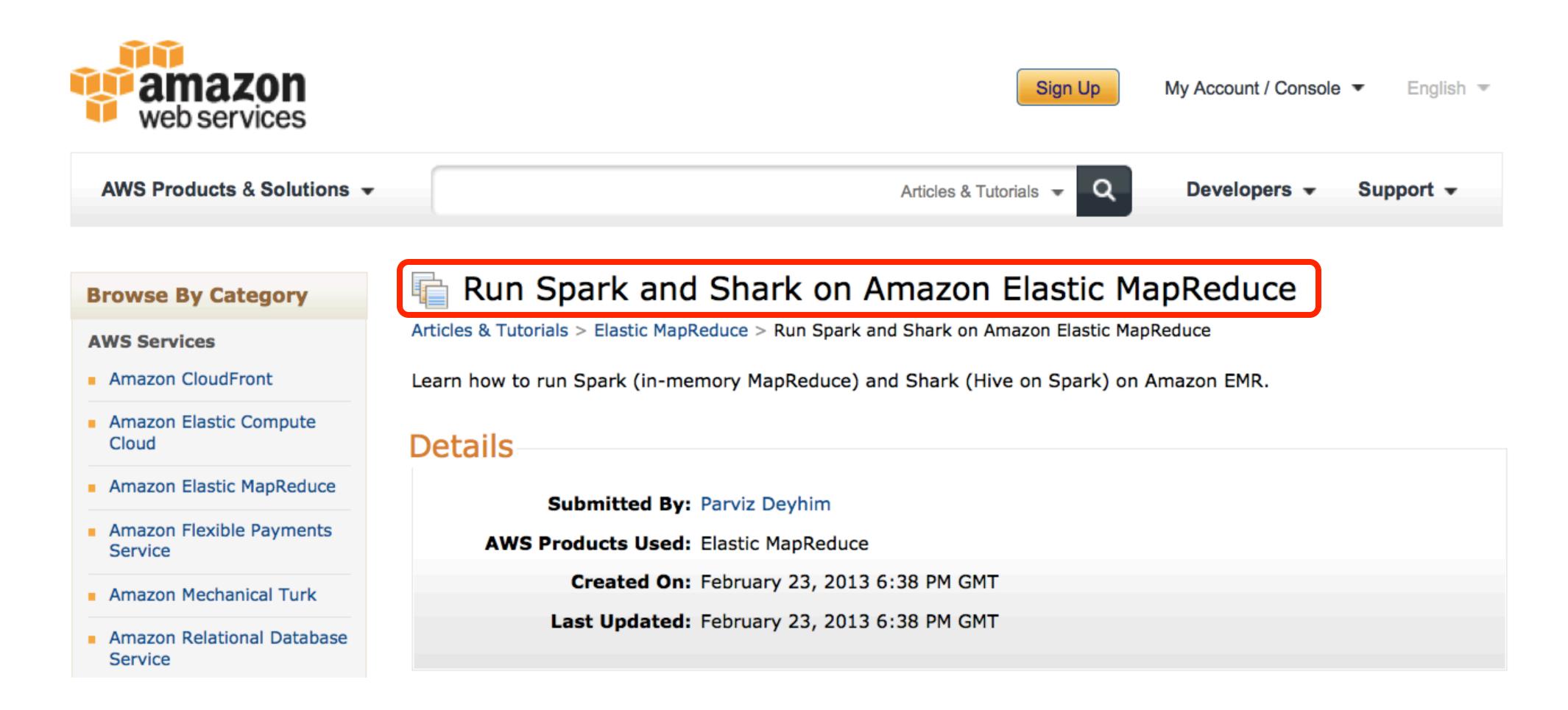
Shark [Release, v0.2]

- HIVE over Spark: SQL-like interface (supports Hive 0.9)
 - up to 100x faster for in-memory data, and 5-10x for disk
- In tests on hundreds node cluster at Table 1





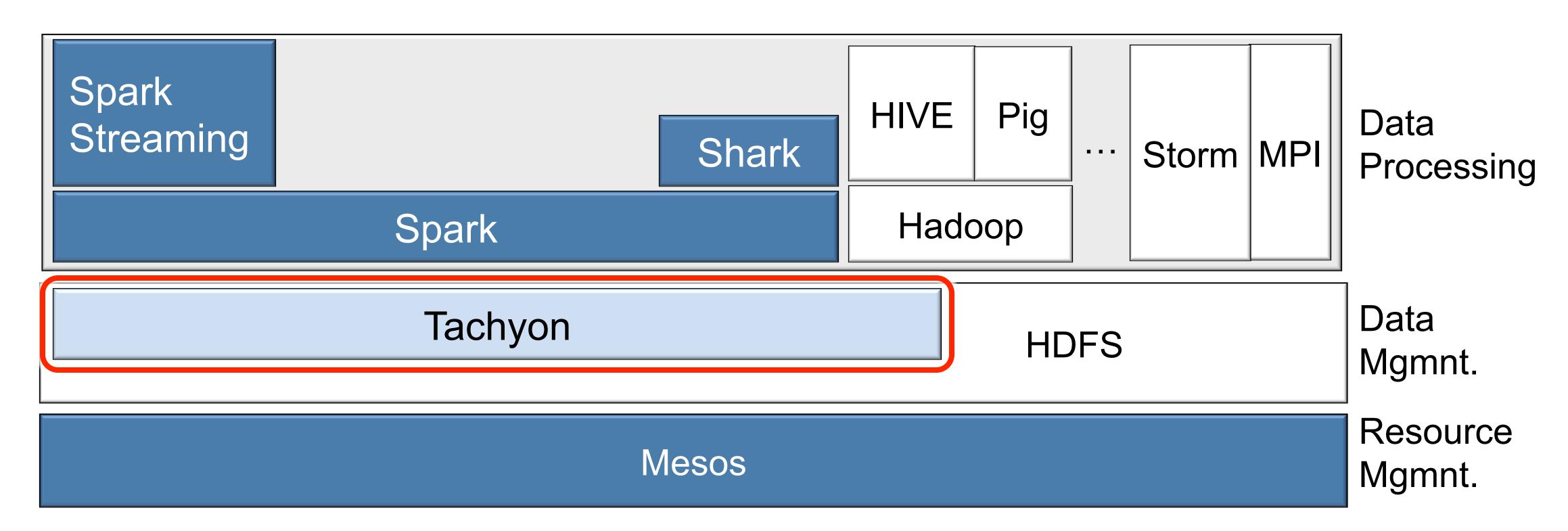
Spark & Shark available now on EMR!





Tachyon [Alpha Release, this Spring]

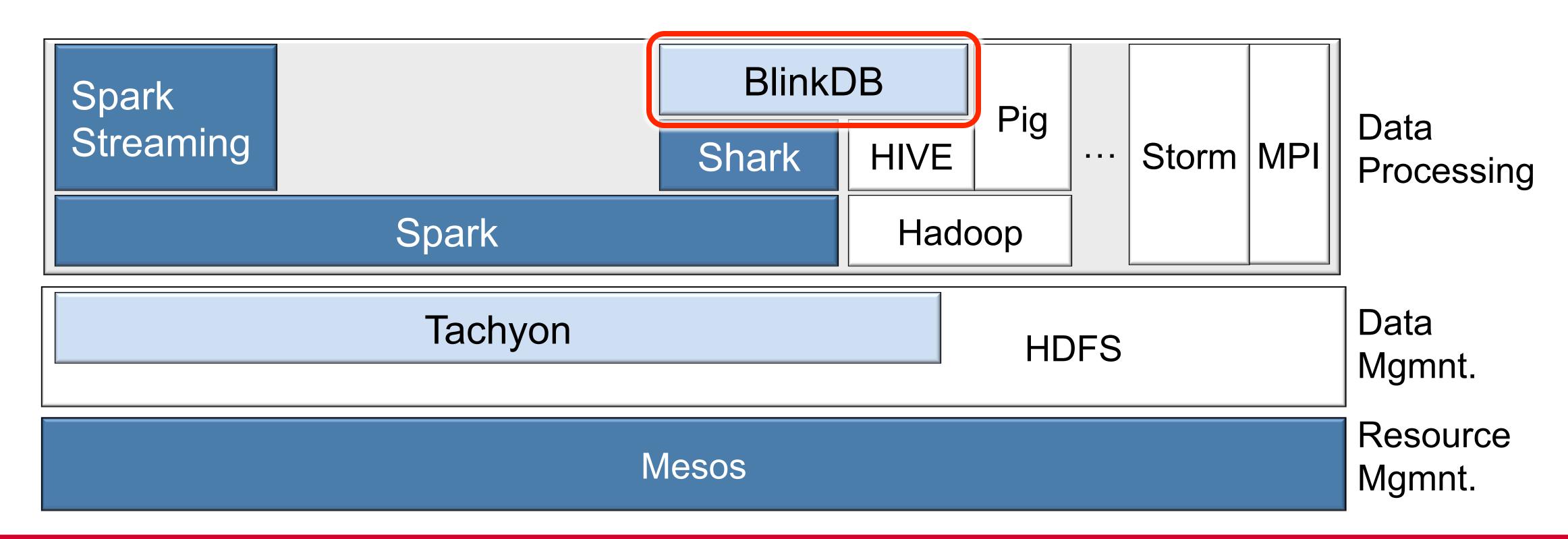
- High-throughput, fault-tolerant in-memory storage
- Interface compatible to HDFS
- Support for Spark and Hadoop





BlinkDB [Alpha Release, this Spring]

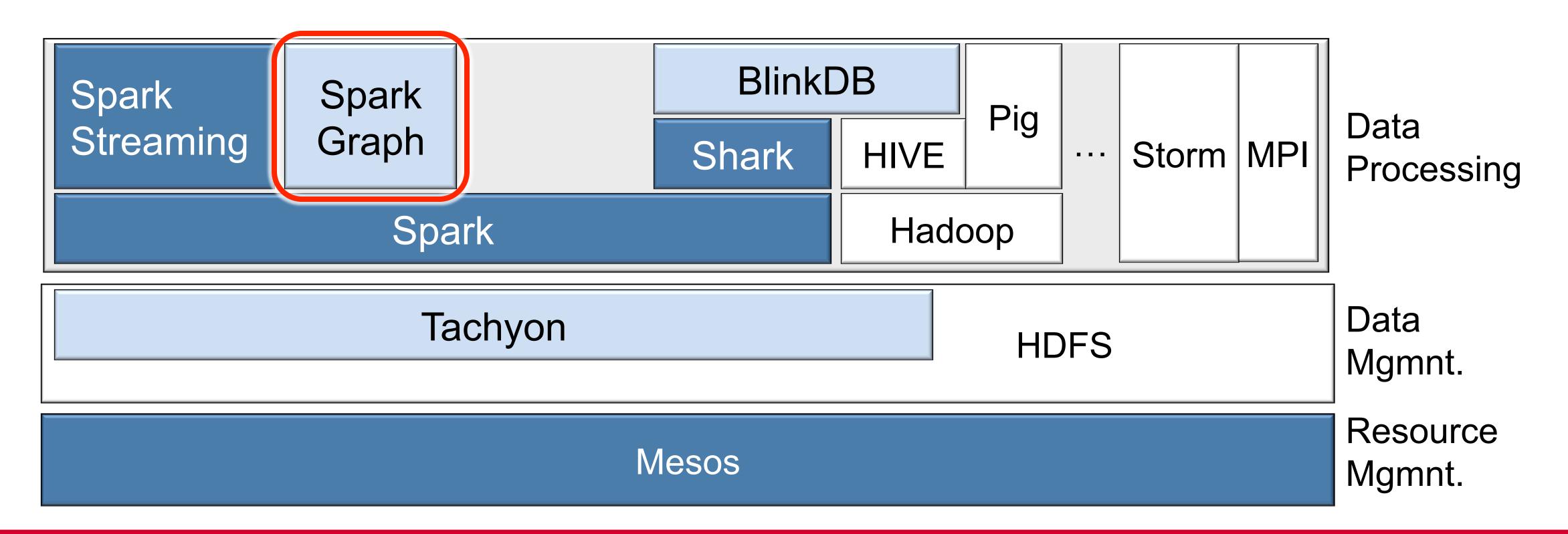
- Large scale approximate query engine
- Allow users to specify error or time bounds
- Preliminary prototype starting being tested at Facebook





SparkGraph [Alpha Release, this Spring]

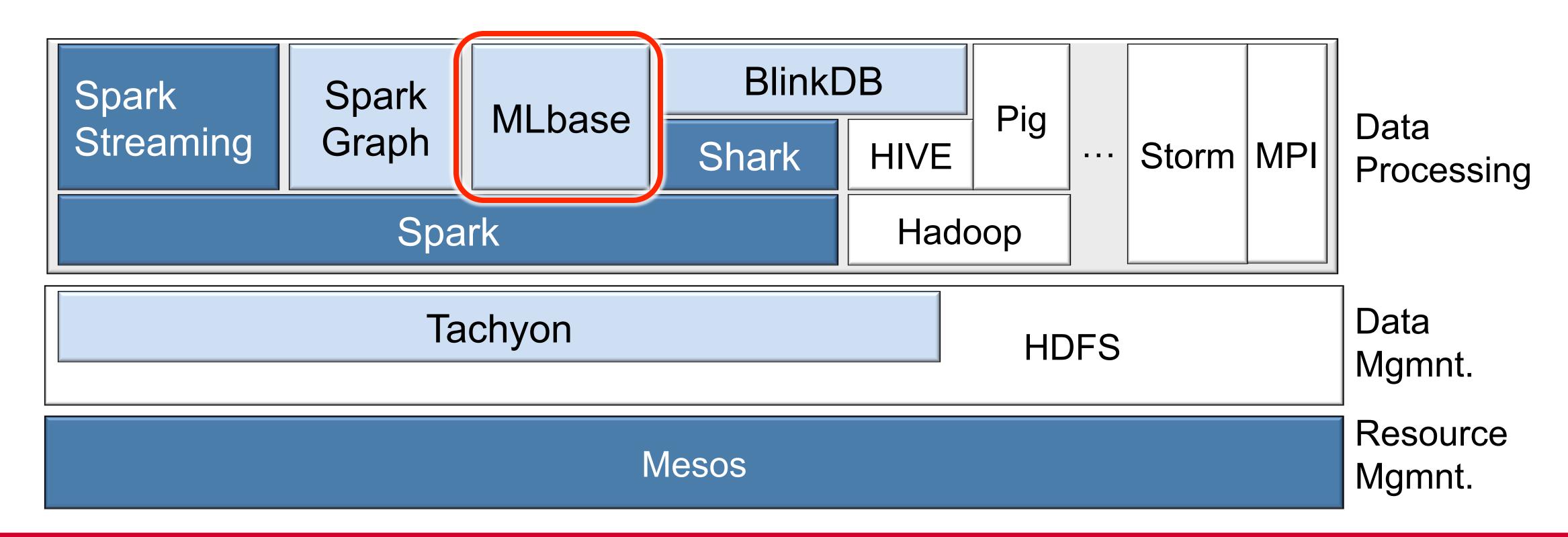
- GraphLab API and Toolkits on top of Spark
- Fault tolerance by leveraging Spark





MLbase [In development]

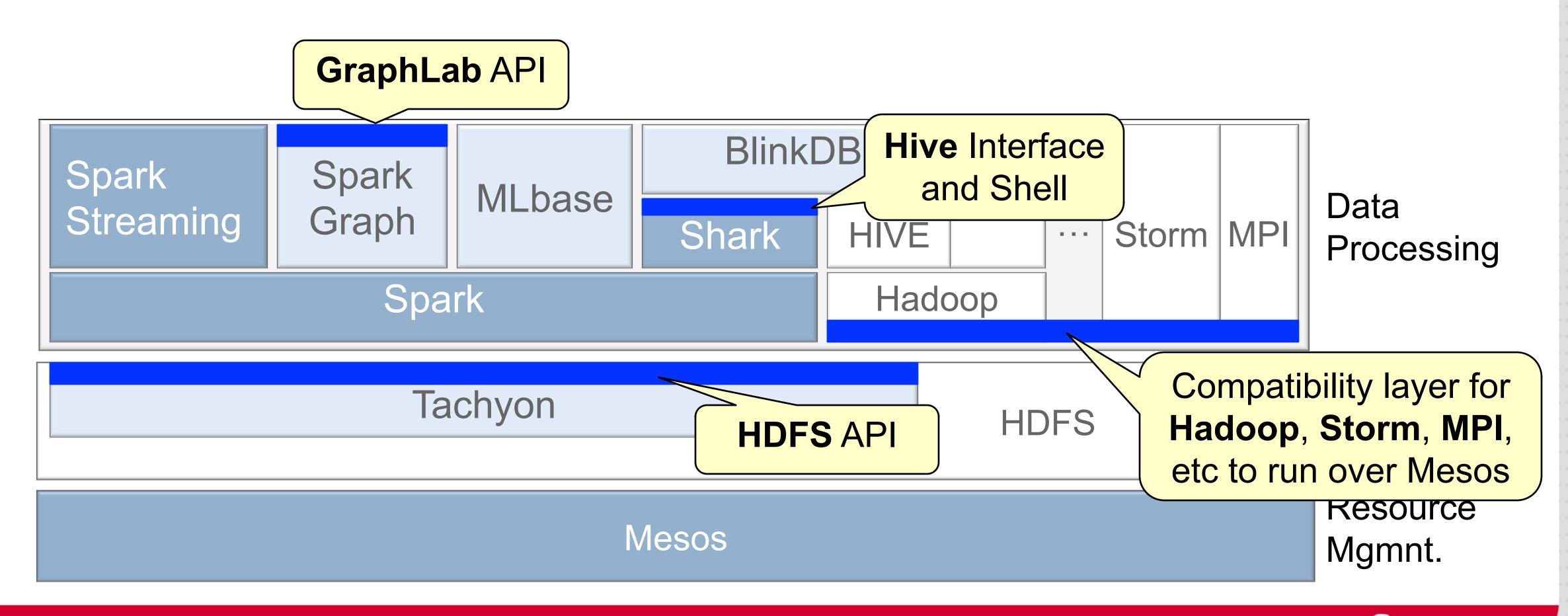
- Declarative approach to ML
- Develop scalable ML algorithms
- Make ML accessible to non-experts





Compatible with Open Source Ecosystem

Support existing interfaces whenever possible



Compatible with Open Source Ecosystem

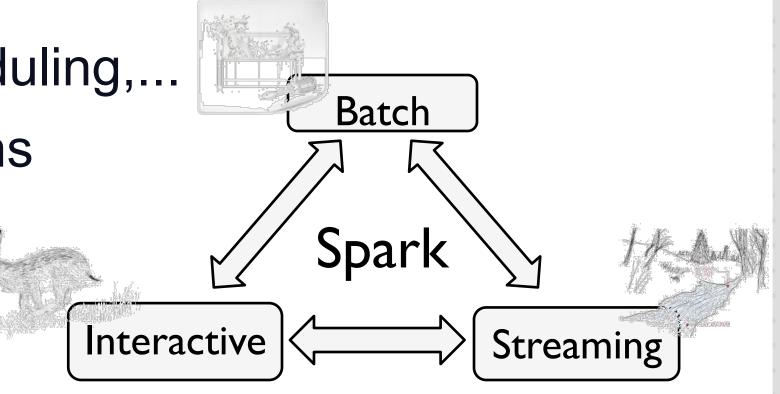
Use existing interfaces whenever possible Accept inputs from Kafka, Support **Hive** API Flume, Twitter, TCP Sockets, ... **BlinkDB** Spark Spark MLbase Pig Data Streaming Graph Shark Processing Support HDFS API, Spark S3 API, and Hive metadata Data Tachyon **HDFS** Mgmnt. Resource Mesos Mgmnt.



Summary

Holistic approach to address next generation of Big Data challenges!

- Support interactive and streaming computations
 - In-memory, fault-tolerant storage abstraction, low-latency scheduling,...
- Easy to combine batch, streaming, and interactive computations
 - Spark execution engine supports all comp. models
- Easy to develop sophisticated algorithms
 - Scala interface, APIs for Java, Python, Hive QL, ...
 - New frameworks targeted to graph based and ML algorithms
- Compatible with existing open source ecosystem
- Open source (Apache/BSD) and fully committed to release high quality software
 - Three-person software engineering team lead by Matt Massie (creator of Ganglia, 5th Cloudera engineer)



What's Next?

- This tutorial:
 - Matei Zaharia: Spark
 - Tathagata Das (TD): Spark Streaming
 - Reynold Xin: Shark
- Afternoon tutorial:
 - Hands on with Spark, SparkStreaming, and Shark