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Stamp Out Hash Corruption,  
Crack All the Things!

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# What's inside?

- Windows Hash Extraction
- Story of What We Found
- Windows Hash Extraction Mechanics
- A Different Approach
- Why Are All the Tools Broken?
- Demo
- Patches



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**LET'S TALK ABOUT HASHES!!!**

# Goals of Getting Hashes

- Privilege Escalation
- Password Analysis
- Forensics Investigations

# Windows Password Hashes

- Two Types of Hashes:
  - LM (Lan Manager)
    - Old Hashing Algorithm w/ Security Flaws
    - Case insensitivity, Broken into 2 Components
  - NTLM (NT Lan Manager)
    - Newer Hashing Algorithm w/ Security Flaws
    - Not salted, but is case sensitive

# Windows Password Hashes

- Two Methods to Get Hashes:
  - Injection via LSASS
    - Reads hashes from memory
  - Registry Reading via SAM/SYSTEM
    - Reads hashes from local registry hives





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**STORY TIME...**

# Failed Attempt 1

- Social Engineering Engagement
  - Gained Physical Access
  - Dumped Hashes on a Bank Workstation
  
- Failed to Crack
  - John the Ripper
  - Rainbow Tables

# Failed Attempt 2

- Internal Penetration Assessment
  - Popped a Shell via Missing Patch
  - Dumped Hashes on System
- Fail to Crack
  - Rainbow Tables (via all LM Space & French)
  - Pass the Hash (PTH)

# Example Hashes

- Via Registry (Metasploit)
  - LM: 4500a2115ce8e23a99303f760ba6cc96
  - NTLM: 5c0bd165cea577e98fa92308f996cf45
- Via Injection (PwDump6)
  - LM: aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee
  - NTLM: 5f1bec25dd42d41183d0f450bf9b1d6b

# Bug Report

## Metasploit Framework

[Overview](#)[Activity](#)[Roadmap](#)[Issues](#)[Wiki](#)[Repository](#)

### Bug #4402

**Hashdump script/post module breaks with passwords greater than 14 characters**

When using "run hashdump" or the post/windows/gather/hashdump module on a Windows 2008 server with a password of larger than 14 characters, **the hash that is returned is incorrect.**

# “Our Powers Combined...”

- Beers
- Hacking
- More Beers



# Example Hashes

- Via Registry (Metasploit)
  - LM: 4500a2115ce8e23a99303f760ba6cc96
  - NTLM: 5c0bd165cea577e98fa92308f996cf45
- Via Injection (PwDump6)
  - LM: aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee
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**WHERE DO HASHES LIVE?**






# Where Do Hashes Live?

- HKLM\SAM
  - Store security information for each user (**including hash data**)
- HKLM\SYSTEM
  - Stores the SYSKEY (“salts” the SAM information for security purposes)

# What The Registry Looks Like

- HKLM\SAM\SAM\domains\account\users\
  - Users: 000001F4, ..1F5, etc.

Name	Type	Data
 (Default)	REG_SZ	(value not set)
 F	REG_BINARY	02 00 01 00 00 00 00 00 8d
 V	REG_BINARY	00 00 00 00 bc 00 00 00 02

# What's Inside These Values?

- For each user, we have two values...
  - “F” – Binary Data
    - Last Logon, Account Expires, Password Expiry, etc.
  - “V” - Binary Data
    - Username, **LM Hash Data**, **NT Hash Data**, etc.

# A Closer Look At Raw Data

- Raw Data w/ LM & NTLM Data

...0000AAAAAAA0000BBBBBBBB00000...

- Raw Data w/ just NTLM Hash Data

...00000000BBBBBBBB0000000000000000...

# Registry Extraction Tools

- Metasploit Hashdump Script
- Credump
- Samdump2
- Cain and Able
- Pwdump7
- FGDump 3.0
- Others

# Current Parsing Logic

OFFSET

HASH DATA

- LM & NTLM

If size > 40 bytes?

- NTLM

Else If size > 20 bytes?

- None

Else



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**THE “FLAW”**



# Remember These?

- Via Registry (Metasploit)
  - LM: 4500a2115ce8e23a99303f760ba6cc96
  - NTLM: 5c0bd165cea577e98fa92308f996cf45
- Via Injection (PwDump6)
  - LM: aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee
  - NTLM: 5f1bec25dd42d41183d0f450bf9b1d6b



# The "Flaw"



- LM & NTLM

If size > 40 bytes?

- ~~• NTLM~~

~~Else If size > 20 bytes?~~

- ~~• None~~

~~Else~~

# The “Flaw”

**BAD**

...0000AAAAAAAA0000BBBBBBBB0000...

...00000000BBBBBBBB0000000000000000...

# Root Cause?

- How do we get “DATA++”?



- By following Microsoft best practices
  - Set Password History
  - No LM Hashes



# How often does this occur?

- Newer OS's do not store LM
  - Windows Vista and newer
  - LM can be disabled by a proactive Sysadmin
- Password histories set through GPO

# In an ideal world...

- We would want...
  - LM Exists?
  - NTLM Exists?
  - Parse correct hash data 100% of the time



# A Different Approach

- “V” hash 4 byte headers for LM & NTLN
  - 0x4 (4 bytes) = Hash Not Present (false)
  - 0x14 (20 bytes) = Hash Present (true)
- No more guessing!



# A Different Approach

OFFSET

HASH DATA

DATA++

- LM & NTLM

If LM.exists? && NTLM.exists?

- NTLM

Else If NTLM.exists?

- None

Else

# A Different Approach

## BAD LOGIC

...0000AAAAAAA0000BBBBBBB00000...

...00000000BBBBBB000000000000000000000...

## GOOD LOGIC

...0000AAAAAAA0000BBBBBBB00000...

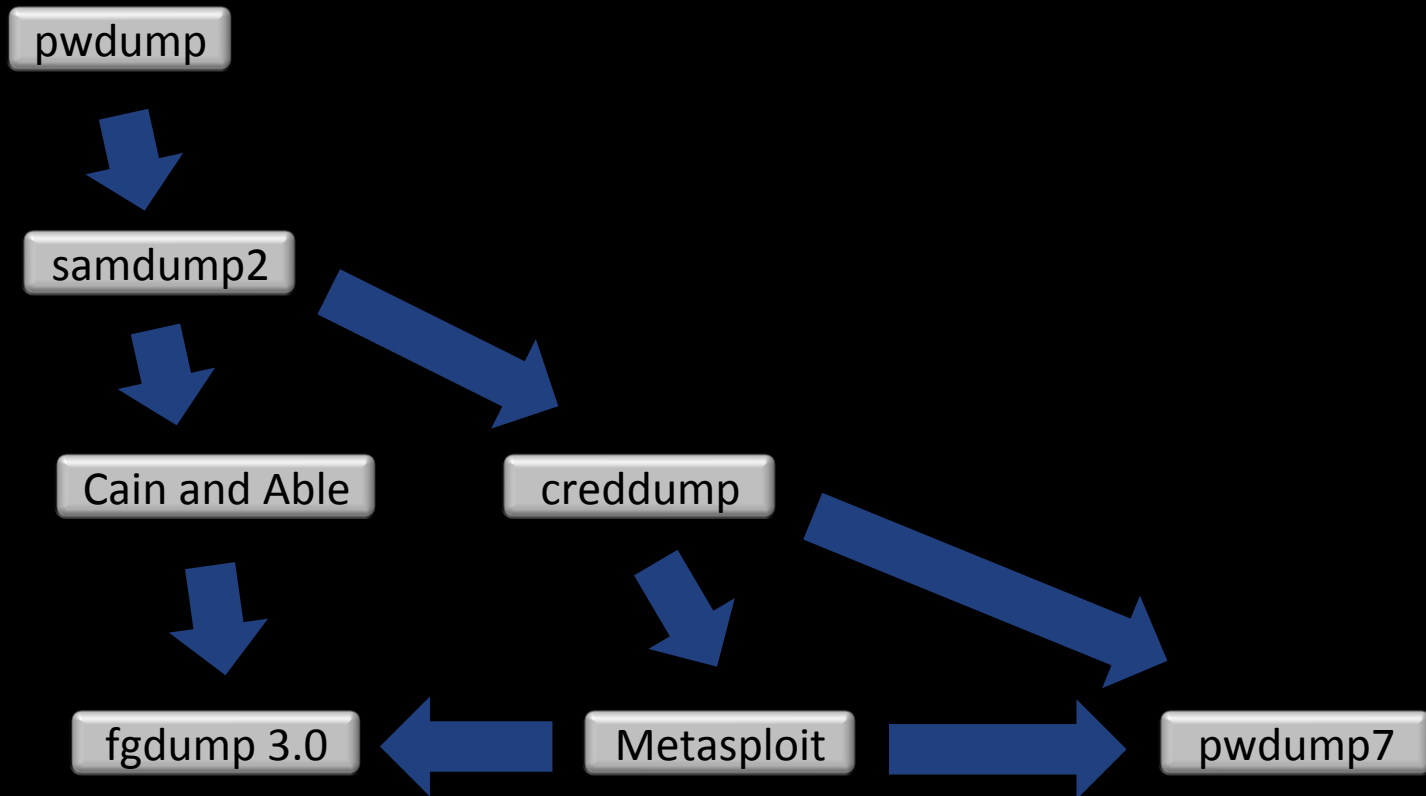
...00000000BBBBBBB000000000000000000000...



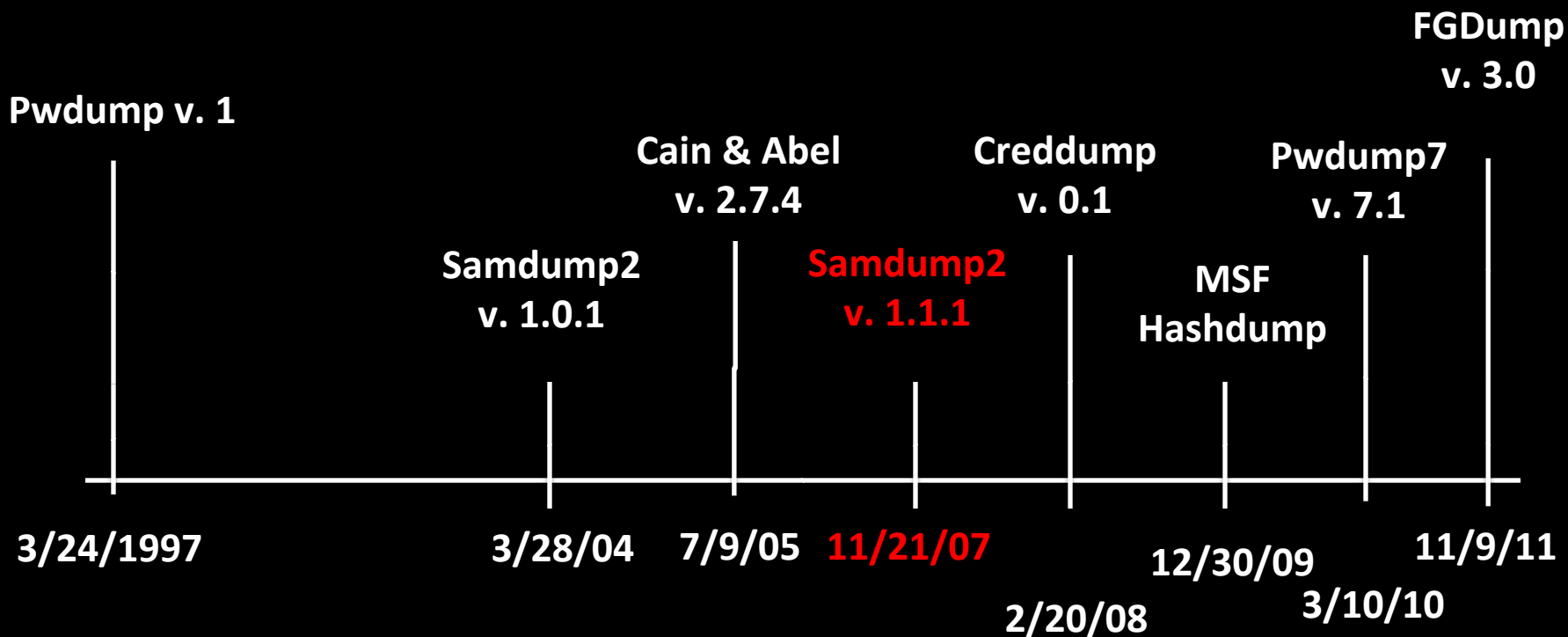
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**WHY ARE ALL THE TOOLS BROKEN?**

# Who's Patient Zero?



# Tool Timeline



# Take Away

- Reverse engineering is hard
  - Exhaustive testing is time consuming
- Leveraging code is helpful
  - Fully reusing code is not always good
- Open source let's others learn and help fix!



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**DEMONSTRATION**



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**PATCHES!!!**





# Patches

Affected Tools	Patched?
Creddump	Yes
Metasploit's Hashdump Script	Yes
L0phtcrack	Working with Author(s)
Pwdump7	Working with Author(s)
FGDump 3.0	Working with Author(s)
Samdump2	Fixed in v 1.1.1
Cain & Abel	Working with Author(s)



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**QUESTIONS?**