Heavy Industry Erlang

Erlang User Conference 2014, Stockholm





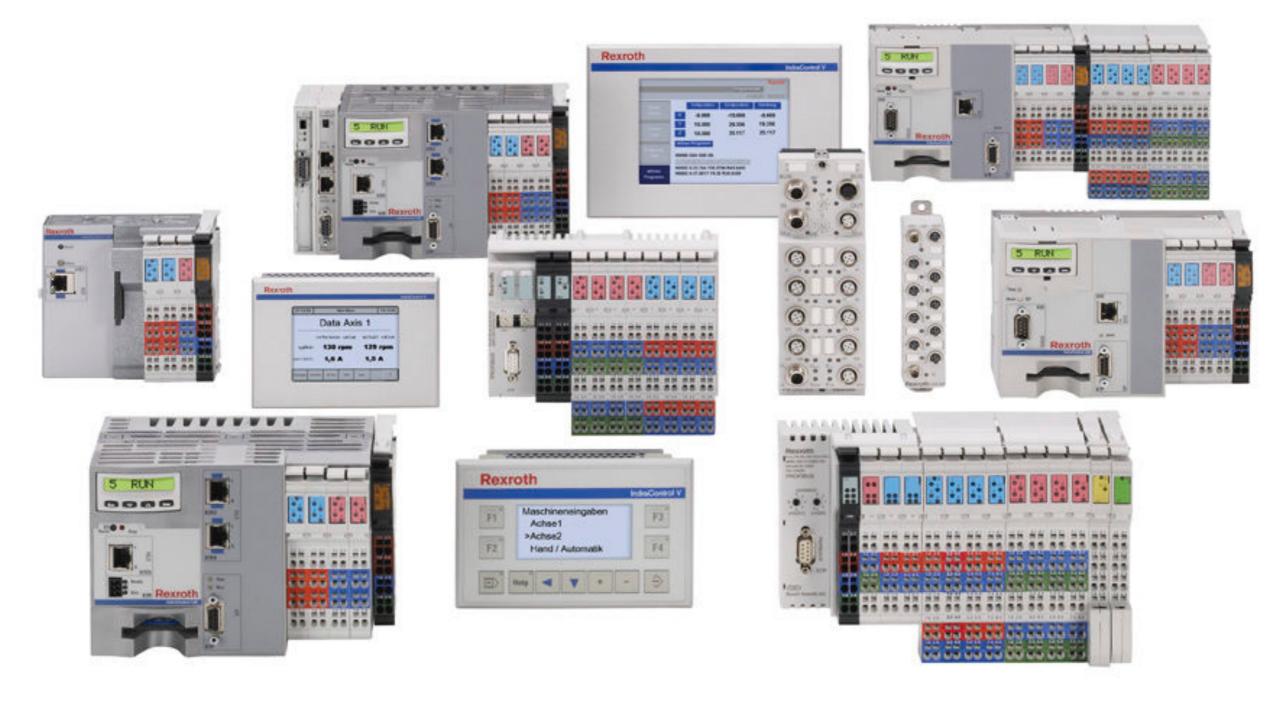
PLC



Standards

- IEC 61131 classical PLCs
- IEC 61499 distributed PLCs
- Some big companies have their own "Standards"





How to program?



Ladder Diagram (LD) and Instruction List (IL)

```
LD A
ADD 5
ST C10. PV
LD %IX10
ST C10. CU
CAL C10
```



Structured Text (ST) and Function-Blocks Diagram (FBD)

```
VAR

X, Y, Z, RES1, RES2 : REAL;

EN1, V : BOOL;

END_VAR

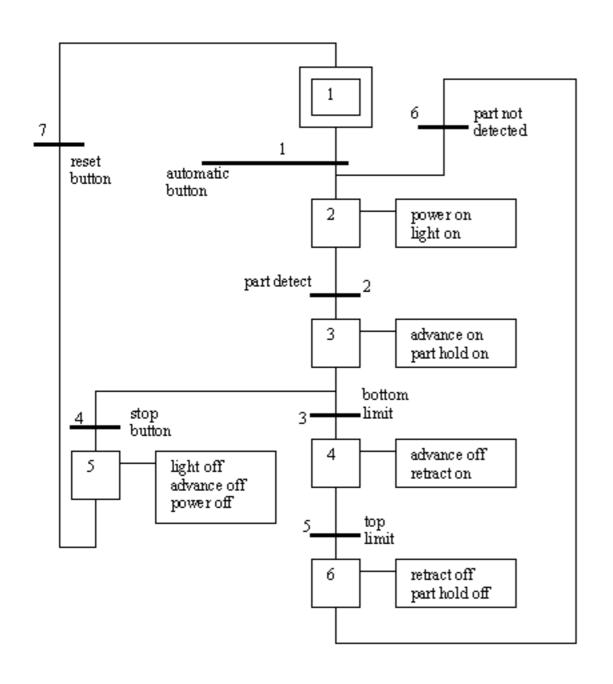
RES1 := DIV(IN1 := COS(X), IN2 := SIN(Y), ENO => EN1);

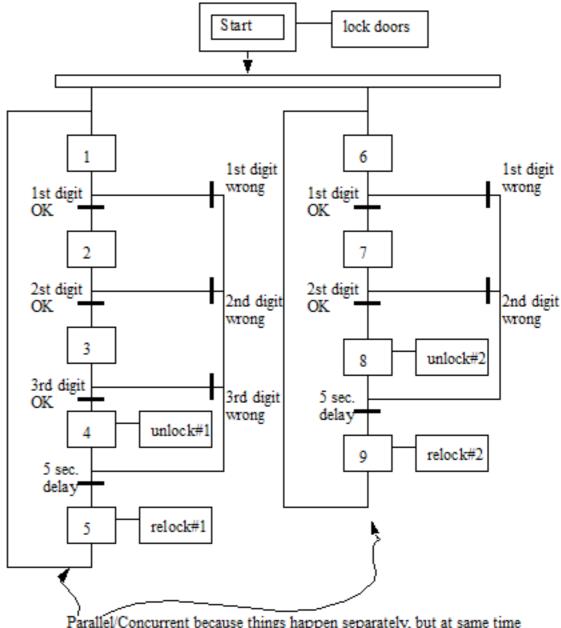
RES2 := MUL(SIN(X), COS(Y));

Z := ADD(EN := EN1, IN1 := RES1, IN2 := RES2, ENO => V)
```



Sequence Function Chart

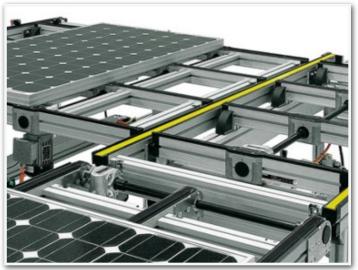




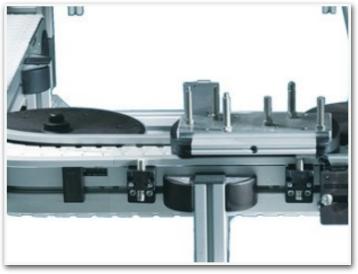
Parallel/Concurrent because things happen separately, but at same time (this can also be done with state transition diagrams)









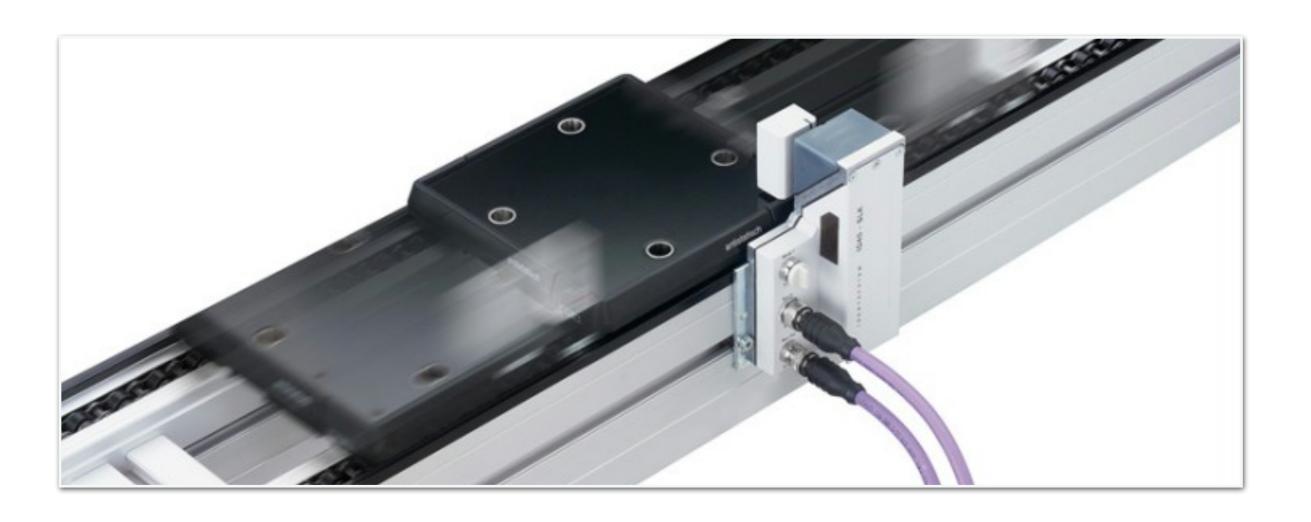




Predecessor System written in C on RTEMS

• Boschrexroth ID40 RFID System

And some Objective-C



Application



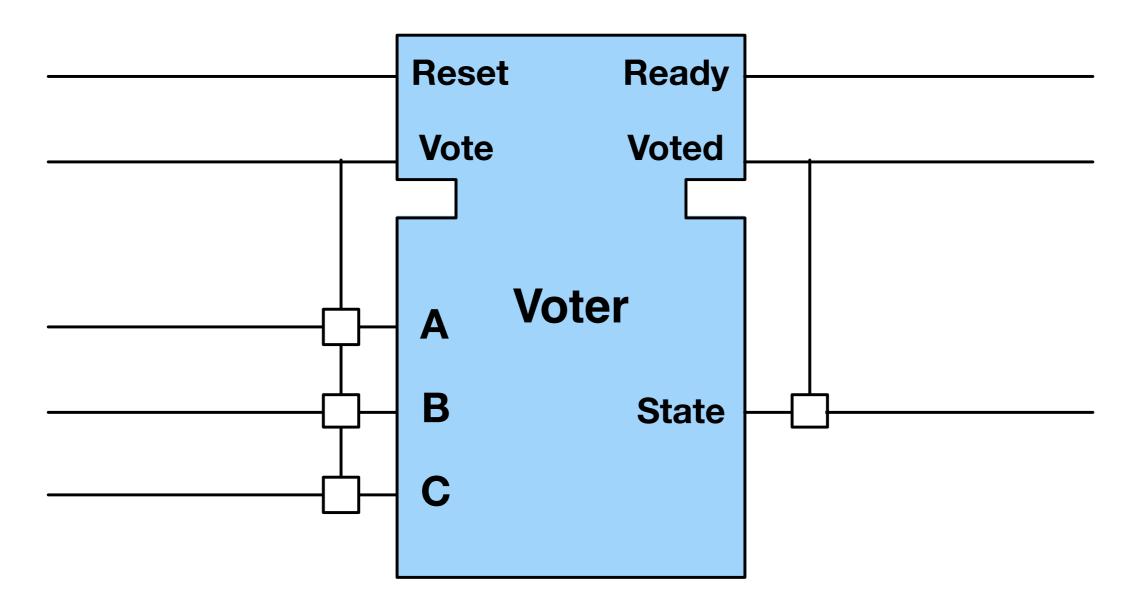
- Next Generation RFID System
- Industry 4.0, Smart Factory System
- Distributed data sharing and material routing in Erlang
- Programmability by PLC Programmers
- Research Project: Cyber-physical IT-Systems to handle the complexity of a new Generation of multi adaptive Factories







Distributed PLC with IEC61499





FUNCTION_BLOCK VOTER

EVENT_INPUT

Reset;

Vote WITH A, B, C;

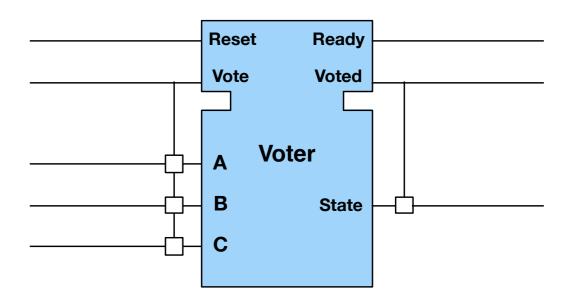
END_EVENT

EVENT_OUTPUT

Ready;

Voted WITH State;

END_EVENT



VAR_INPUT

A : BOOL;

B : BOOL;

C : BOOL;

END_VAR

VAR_OUTPUT

State : BOOL;

END_VAR



EC_STATES

Ready : ResetAlg -> Ready;

Voted : VoteAlg -> Voted;

END_STATES

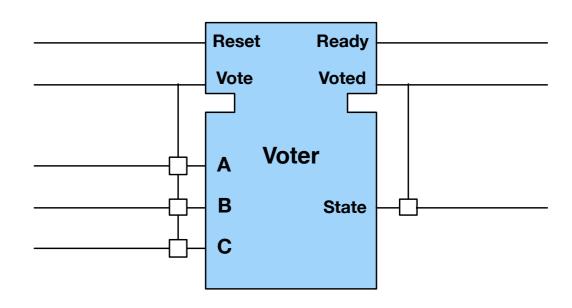
EC_TRANSITIONS

Ready TO Voted := Vote;

Voted TO Voted := Vote;

Voted TO Ready := Reset;

END TRANSITIONS



ALGORITHM ResetAlg IN ST;

State := 0;

END ALGORITHM

ALGORITHM VoteAlg IN ST;

IF State = 0 THEN

State := (A AND B) OR (B AND C)

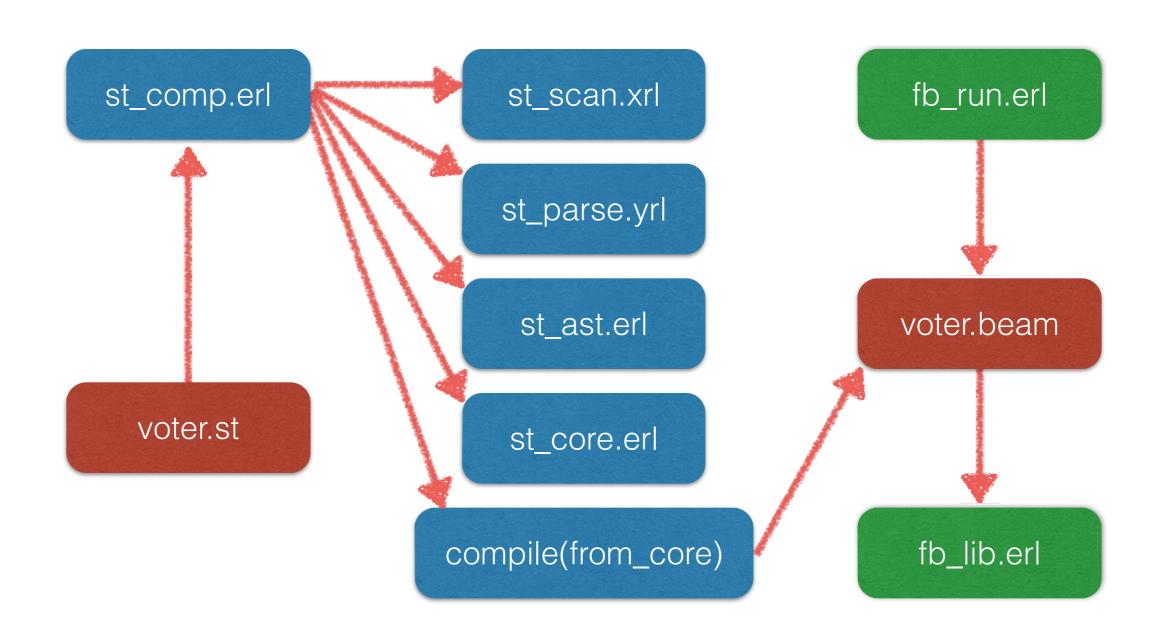
OR (A AND C);

END IF;

END ALGORITHM

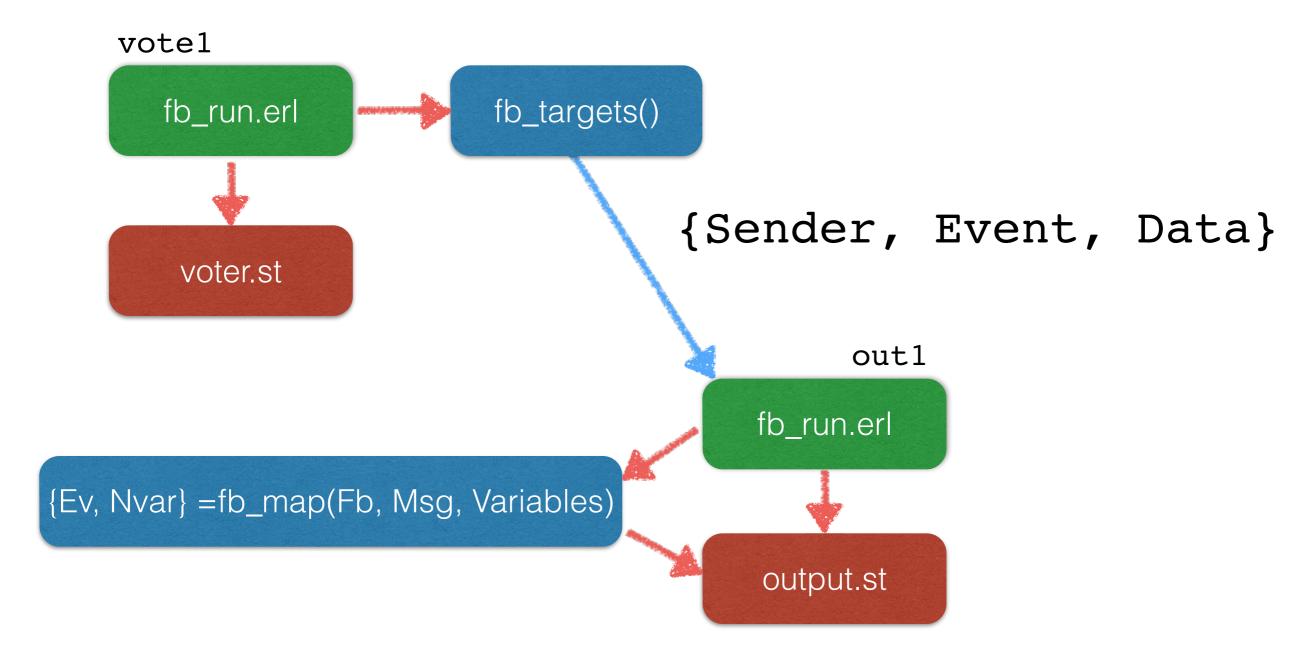


IEC61499 Compiler





Mapping on Processes



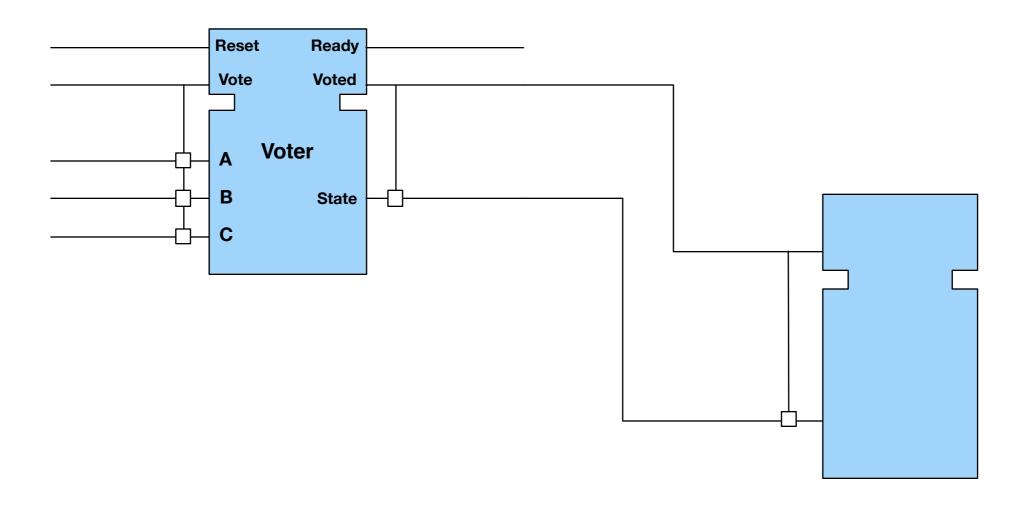


Core Erlang Tips

- cerl:abstract/1
- Use version of core_lint.erl with extra io calls uncommented
- compile:forms(Core_ast, [from_core, report, verbose, clint0])

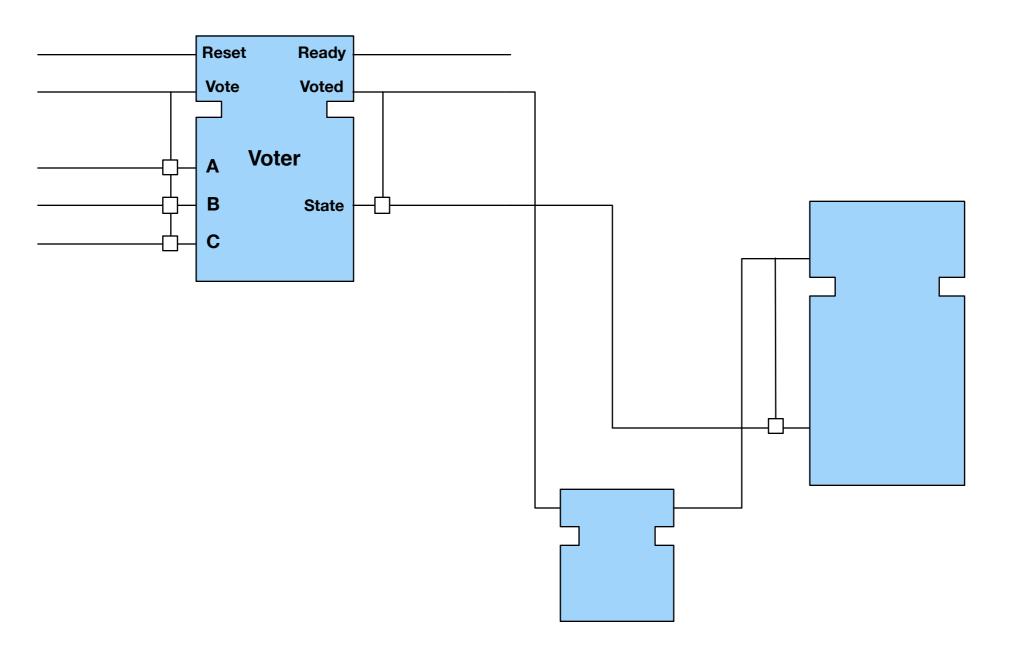


Event flows with Data



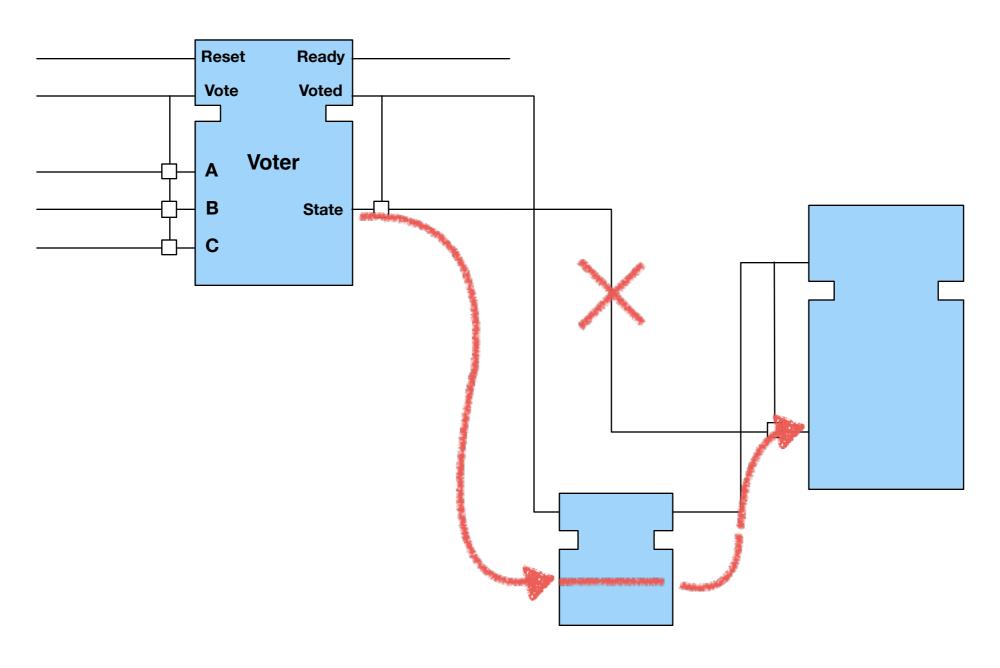


Events and Data diverge





Mending Dataflow





Demo



RTEMS Realtime Operating System

- For Hard-Real-Time and/or Embedded Applications
- Small Resource Usage
 - ≥ 32KB RAM, ≥ 96KB ROM, ≥ 12 MHz Clock
- Reliable Realtime Behaviours with pluggable Schedulers
 - Context switch 10µs on 25MHz MC68360
- Posix API (among others)



- Processes are actually Threads
- No virtual memory
- No memory protection
- Runs on basically all 32bit Architectures (and some 16bit)
- Can be ported to everything ≥ 32 Bit
- SMP Support
- http://www.rtems.org

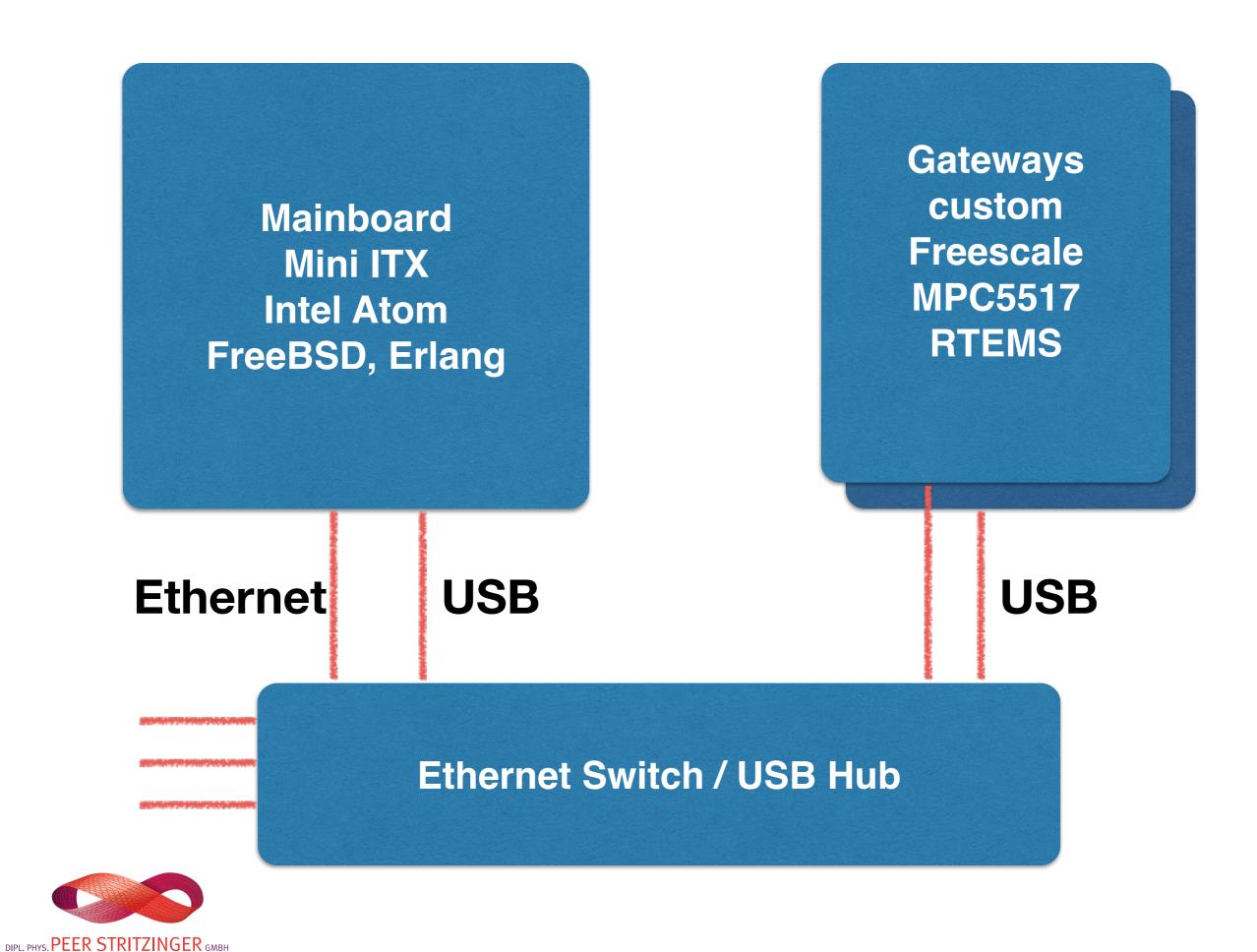






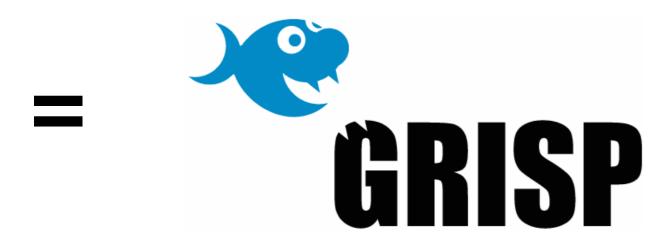




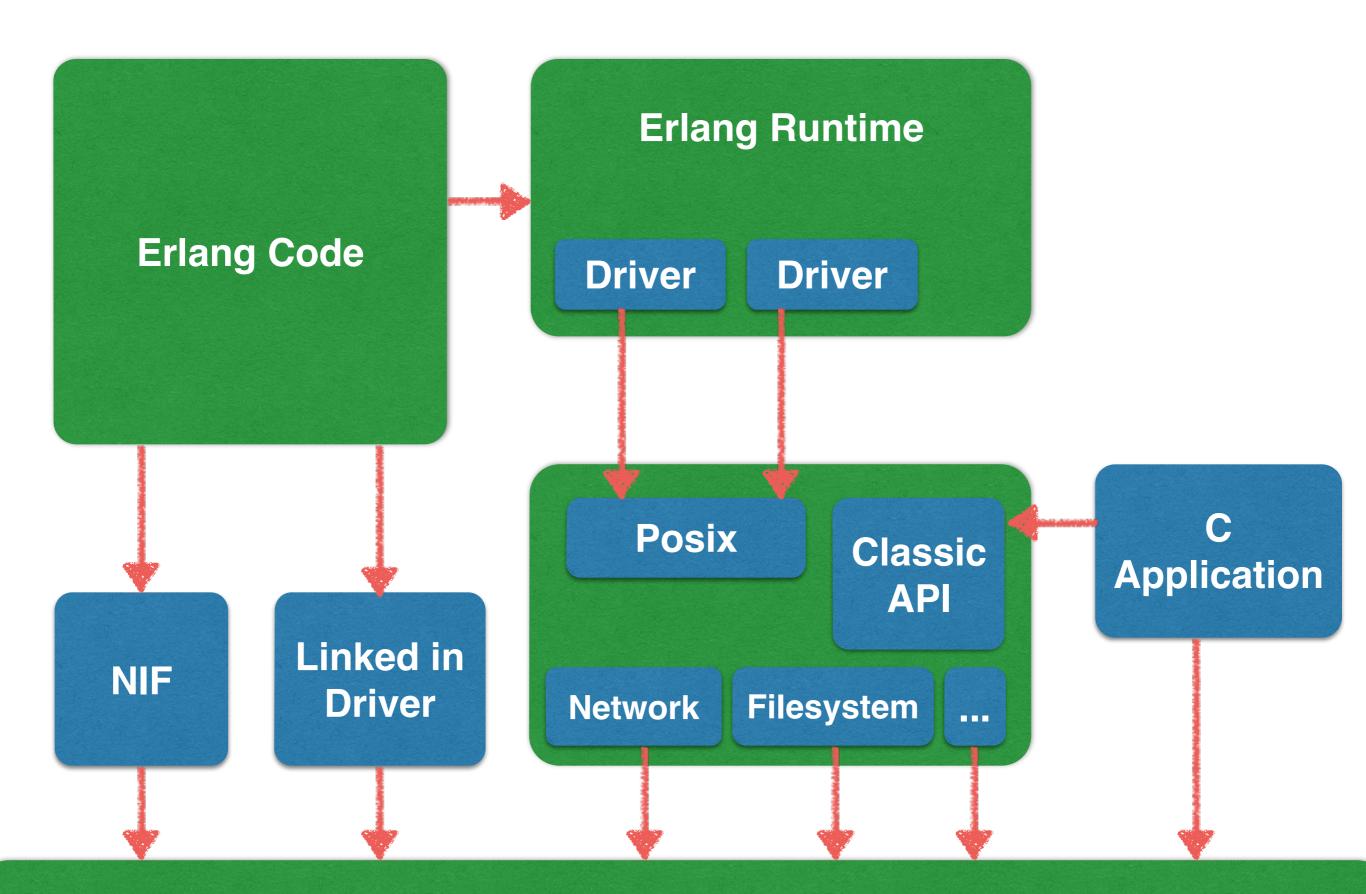








www.grisp.org



Demo

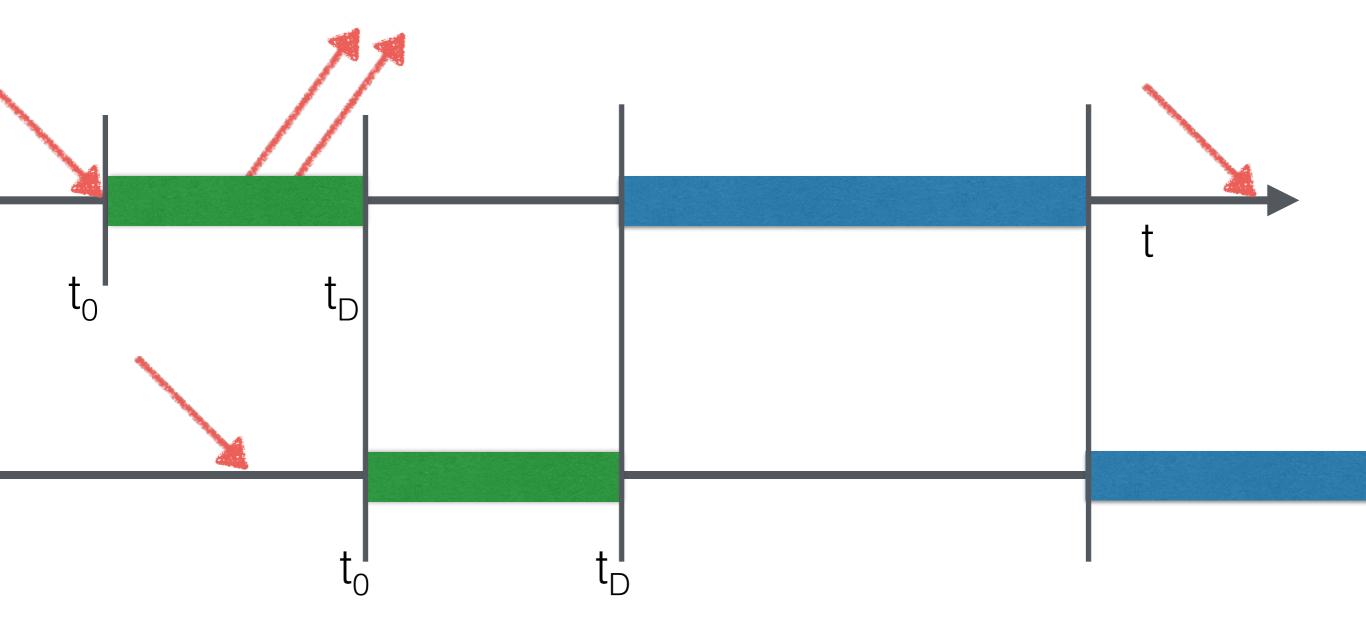


Hard Realtime Erlang Processes





Earliest Deadline First





Hard Realtime Erlang Processes

- Fixed two part Heaps
- Optional interruptible GC
- Crash on Deadline Miss or out of Heap
- Optional Auto-Restart
- Static analysis on Communication Graph



Thanks to

 For funding the Erlang and RTEMS port IEC61499 compiler and being a great partner for innovations like this:



 For great RTEMS support, nice hardware design and helping out with the RTEMS Intro slides



