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11
I/O

YouTube's iframe Player: The Future of Embedding

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Session Overview

- What is the iframe player?
- HTML5 playback in detail.
- Details of writing and exposing a JavaScript API for controlling the player.
- Comparing the iframe API to the AS3 player API.
- iframe player API example application.

Hashtags: #io2011 #YouTube
Feedback: http://goo.gl/fdY2L

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“Let the embed, not the embedder figure it out!”

Video on the Web is getting complex

What is the iframe player?

- Problem: platform fragmentation
  - PC vs Mobile
  - Encoding: H.263, H.264, WebM/VP8, ...
  - RTSP/AS2/AS3/HTML5
- Solution: <iframe> player
  - Let the embed, not the embedder figure it out
  - Common API independent of video technology

```
<iframe class="youtube-player" type="text/html"
width="640" height="385" src="http://www.youtube.
com/embed/ID>
</iframe>
```

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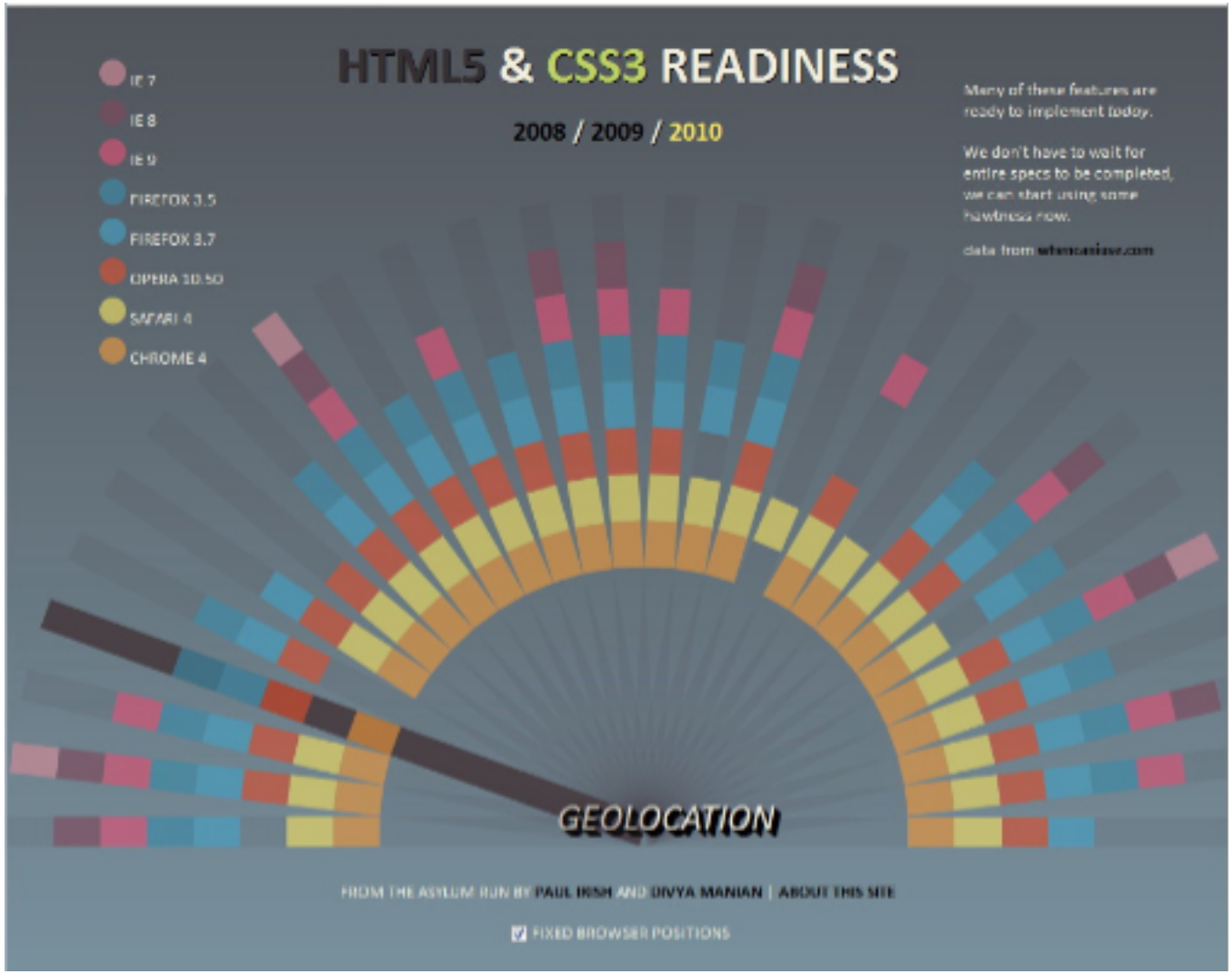
Why HTML5?

HTML5 vs. Flash

- Performance
- Accessibility
- Device-ability
- Features
- Security
- Embeds API

Why HTML5?

Features



http://www.flickr.com/photos/zipckr/4624150058/

Why HTML5?
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  - We need HD cat videos!
  - WebKit has a JavaScript API

Why HTML5?

WebKit Fullscreen API

```
var elem = document.getElementById("my-element");
elem.onwebkitfullscreenchange = function() {
console.log ("We went fullscreen!");
};
elem.webkitRequestFullScreen();
```

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- Formats
  - Need to support both H.264 and WebM

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Why HTML5?

<video> Expectations

http://imgs.xkcd.com/comics/in_ur_reality.png

Why HTML5?

<video> Expectations

- Open source technology
  - Browser / Player / Codec
- Lower latency
  - No plug-in instantiation
- Better performance and fidelity
- Accessibility
  - User agents can have special video handling

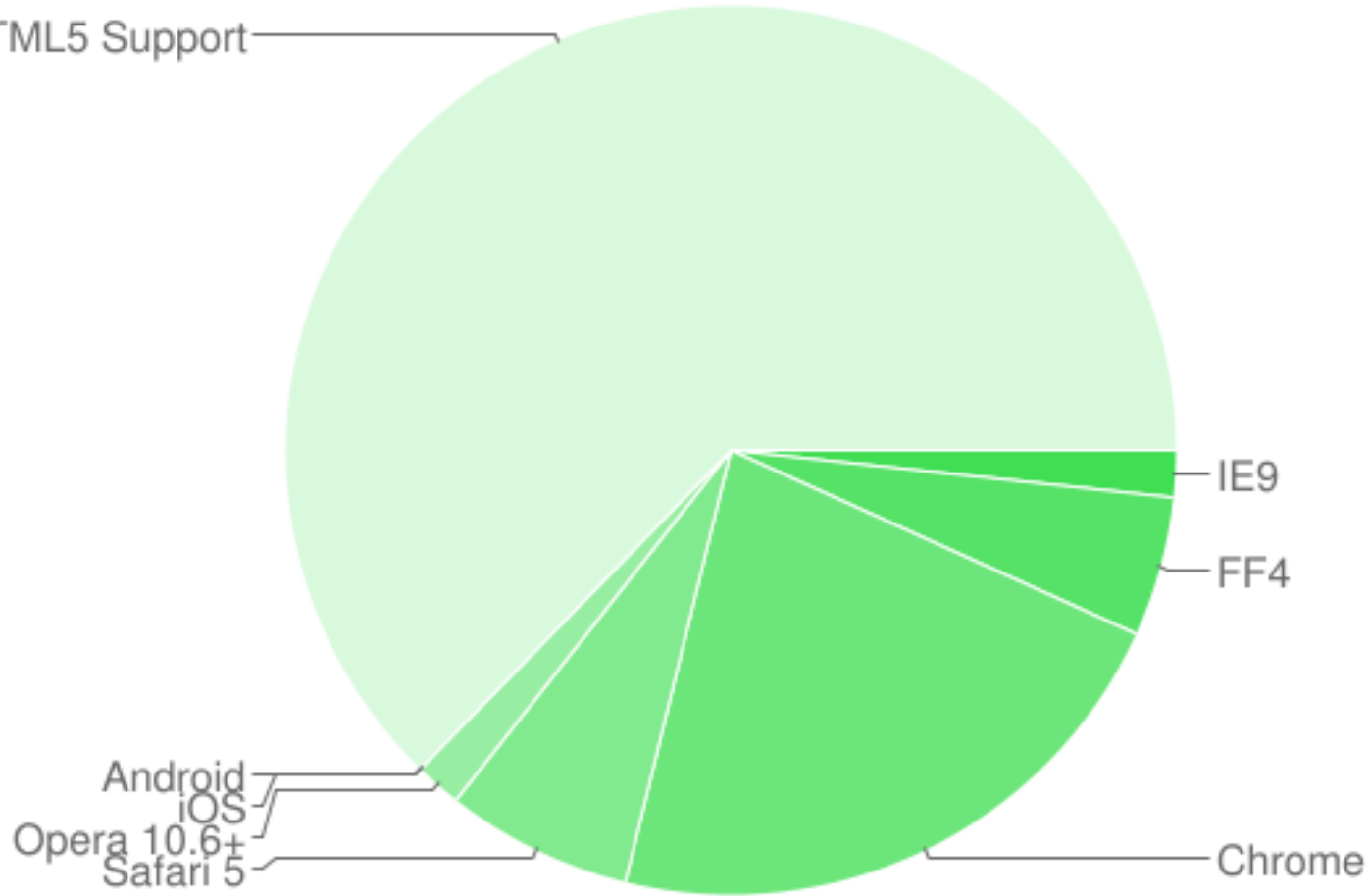
Why HTML5?

Device-ability

By [cambodia4kidsorg](http://www.flickr.com/photos/cambodia4kidsorg/5228268296/)
http://www.flickr.com/photos/cambodia4kidsorg/5228268296/

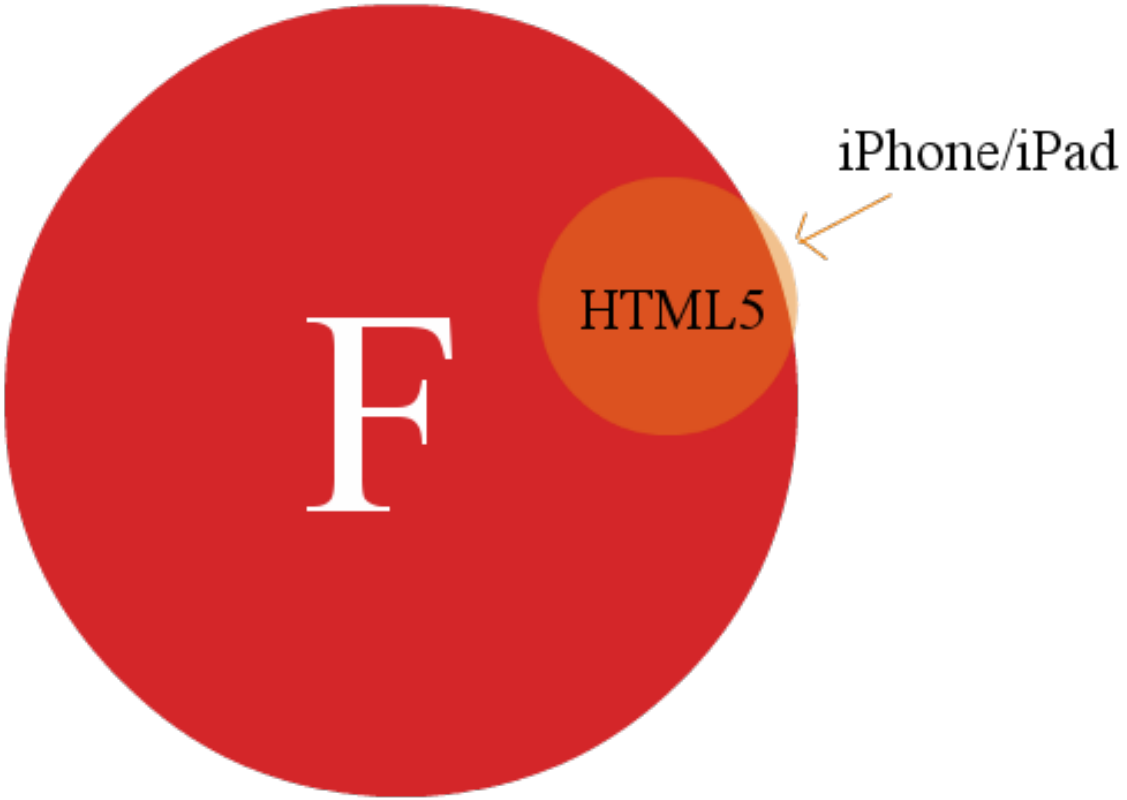
Why HTML5?

HTML5 Capable Browsers



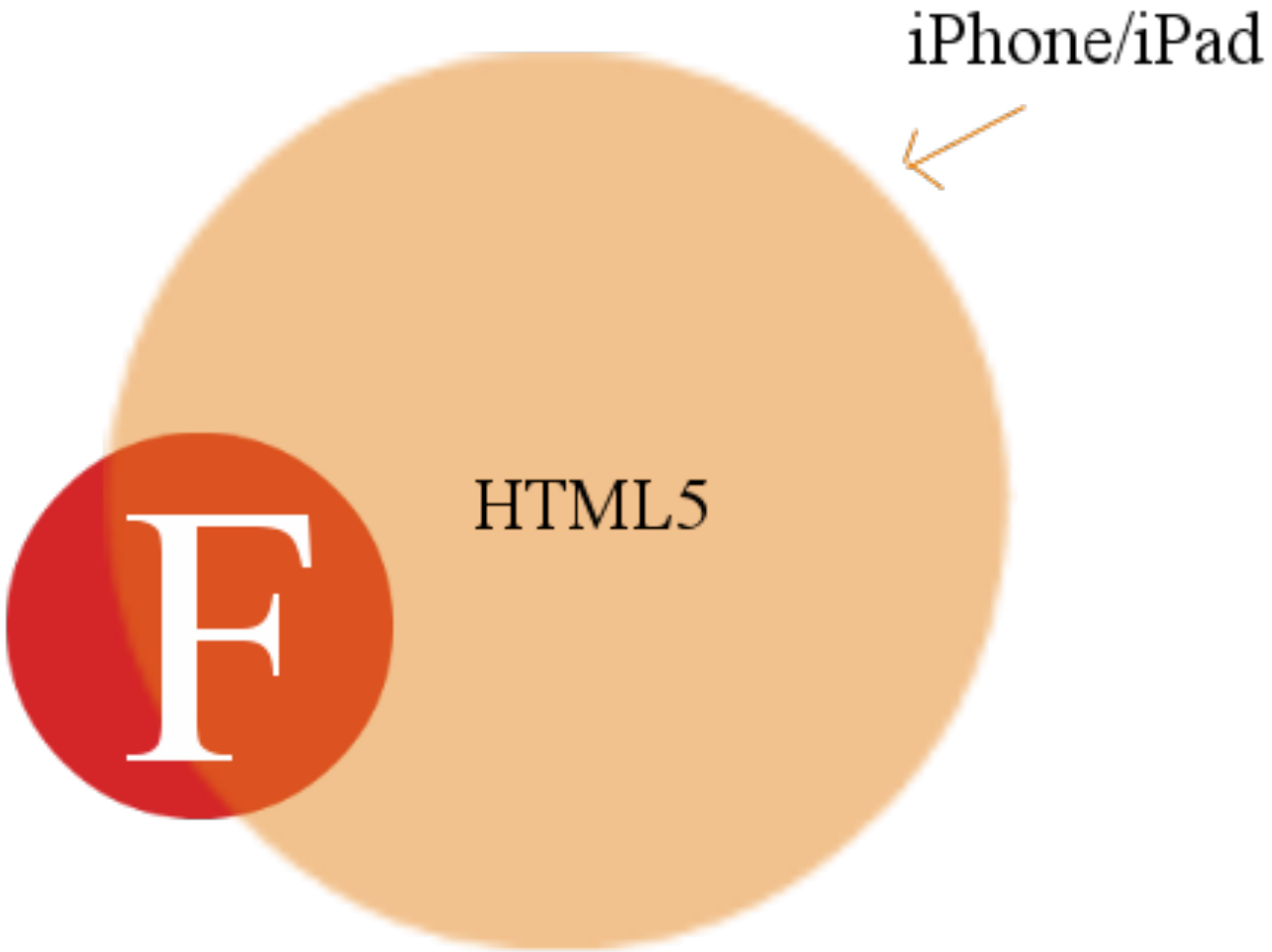
Why HTML5?

Flash Support vs. HTML5 Support



Why HTML5?

YouTube Data API Usage for Flash vs. HTML5 Devices



Why HTML5?

When HTML5?

When HTML5?

- Primary goal: Recover playbacks that would be lost without Flash.

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- Our solution:

```
<iframe type="text/html"
  width="640"
  height="385"
  frameborder="0"
  src="http://www.youtube.com/embed/VIDEO_ID"
  allowfullscreen>
</iframe>
```

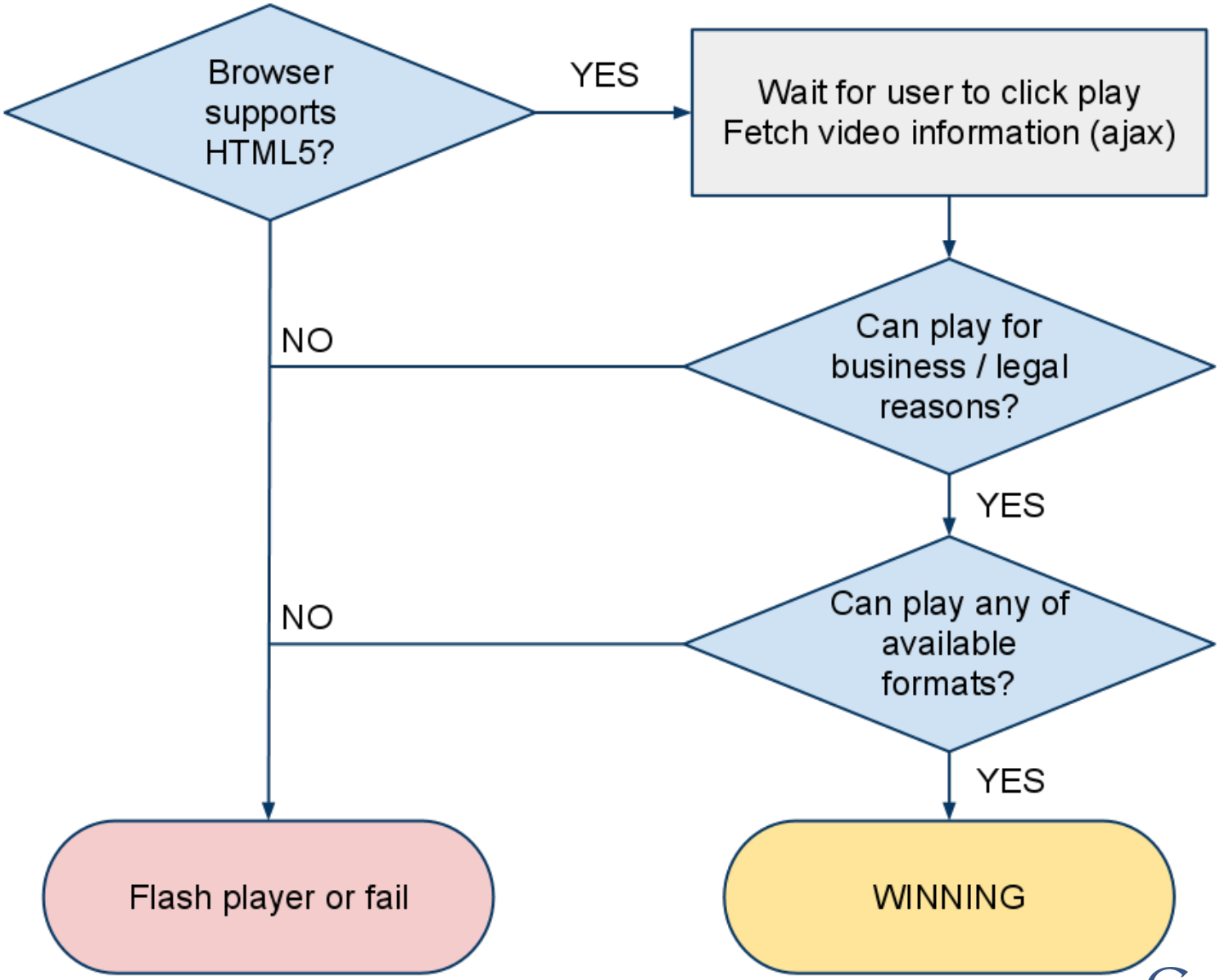
When HTML5?

<iframe> Embed

- Give the user HTML5 or Flash based on device and user preferences.
- Allows for better mobile support.
- Offers an "it just works" experience.

When HTML5?

When does the user get HTML5?

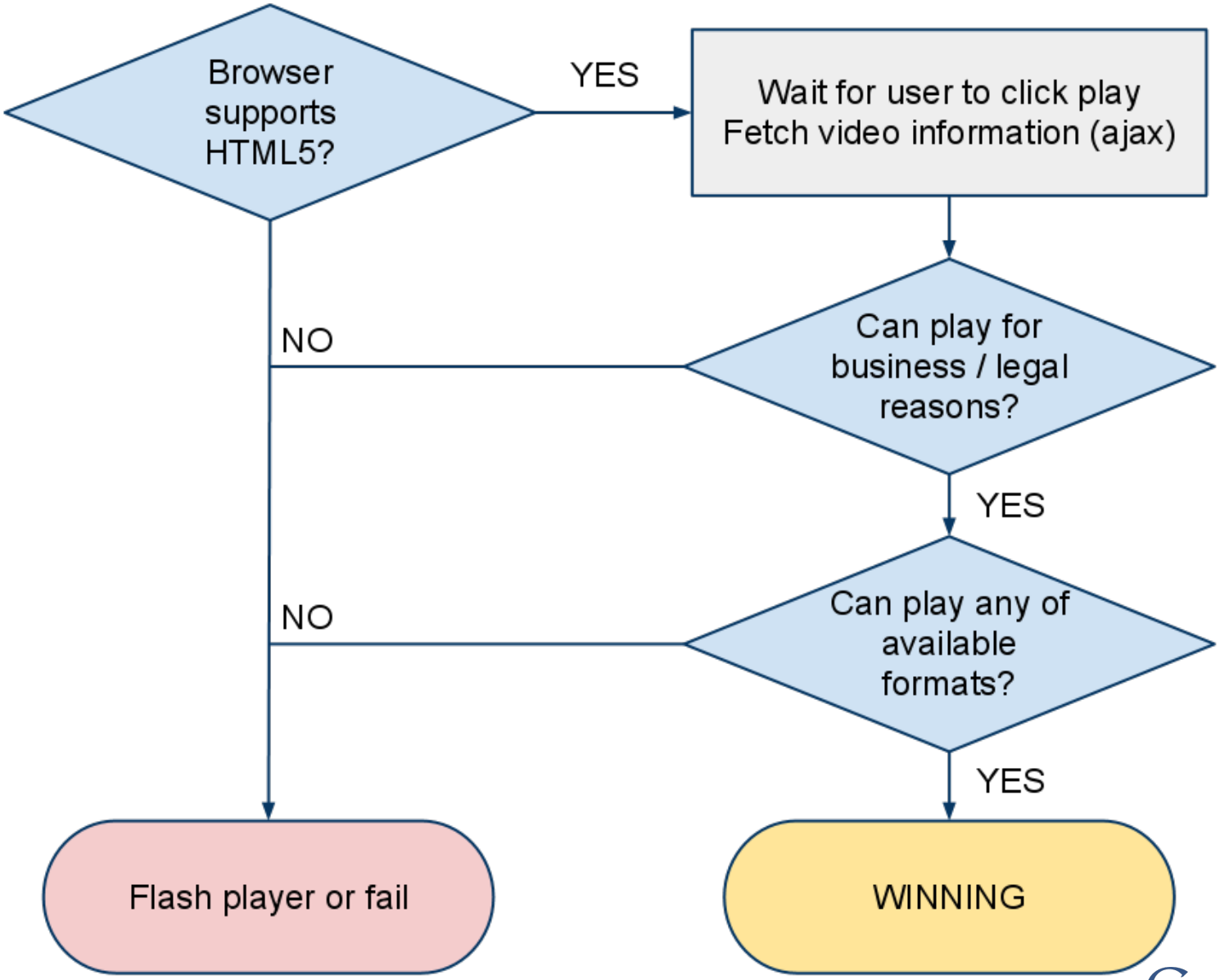


When HTML5?
Detecting HTML5

```
var videoElement = document.createElement('video');
if (videoElement && videoElement.canPlayType &&
   (videoElement.canPlayType('video/mp4; codecs="avc1.42001E, mp4a.40.2"') ||
    videoElement.canPlayType('video/webm; codecs="vp8.0, vorbis"'))) {
  // Sweet, we can use HTML5!
}
```

When HTML5?

When does the user get HTML5?



Performance

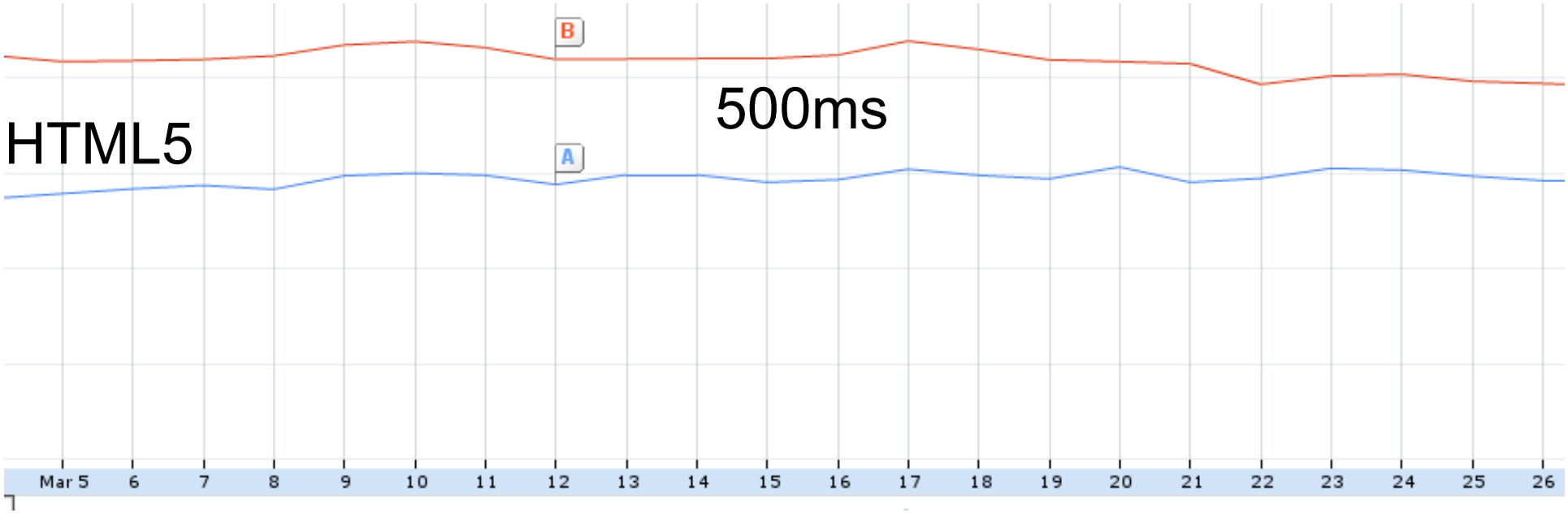
By Two Hawk's Eye
http://www.flickr.com/photos/mycoolpics/92033686/

Performance

Player Start Time

Flash

HTML5

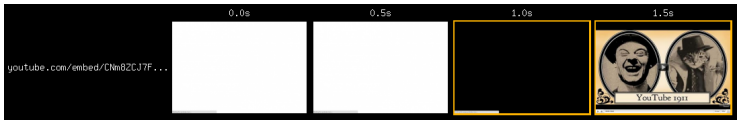


Performance

Time Until Thumbnail is Visible

Flash - 5.1s

HTML5 - 1.4s



*Collected data shows faster load times than this control environment, but the comparison is actuate.

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The JavaScript API

Communication

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- Poll the URL fragment?

  http://youtube.com/embed/video_id#**fragment**

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Communication

- Poll the URL fragment?

http://youtube.com/embed/video_id#**fragment**

- Messages are one dimensional.
- Polling eats up CPU and is not instant.
- Both directions of communication use the same fragment.

The JavaScript API

Communication

- Better idea: PostMessage API.

```
someWindow.postMessage(message, targetOrigin);
```

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Communication

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```
someWindow.postMessage(message, targetOrigin);
```

- Uses JSON for native encoding and decoding of data.
- No polling.
- Native event listeners.
- Communications are sandboxed per-window.
- Calls are asynchronous.

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Comparing the iframe API to the AS3 Player API

Three Ways to Control the Player

- Player Params
- Action Script API
- JavaScript API

Comparing the iframe API to the AS3 Player API

Player Params

- Example

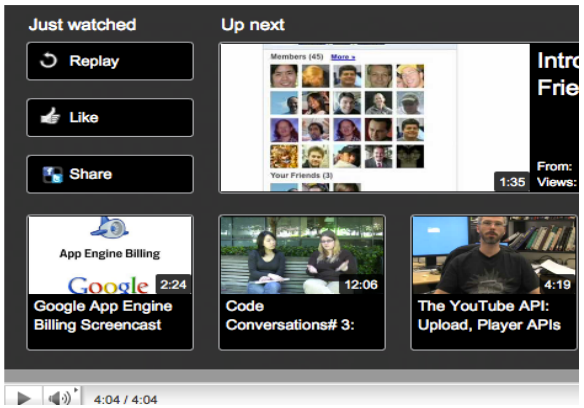
```
<iframe class="youtube-player" type="text/html"
width="640" height="385" src="http://www.youtube.com/embed/ID?
autoplay=1">
</iframe>
```

- AS3/Flash implementation of iframe : pass through

Comparing the iframe API to the AS3 Player API

Not (Fully) Supported by HTML5 Player Yet

- Autoplay - on iOS need to hit play (autoplay)
- Captions (no ASR, can't force cc_load_policy)
- Full screen (fs)
- Annotations (iv_load_policy)
- Related videos (rel)



Comparing the iframe API to the AS3 Player API

ActionScript API

- Not applicable!
- No ActionScript API for the iframe
- Use Flash Player API
- ... but this won't work on iOS :(
- Let's talk JavaScript

Comparing the iframe API to the AS3 Player API

JavaScript API

- Player Init
- Operations
- Event Handling

Comparing the iframe API to the AS3 Player API

Player Init

```
//Load player api asynchronously.
var tag = document.createElement(
        'script');
tag.src = "http://www.youtube.com/
        player_api";
var firstScriptTag = document.
        getElementsByTagName(
        'script')[0];
firstScriptTag.parentNode.
        insertBefore(tag,
        firstScriptTag);
var player;

function onYouTubePlayerAPIReady() {
  player = new YT.Player('player', {
    height: '390', width: '640',
    videoId: 'exmwSxv7XJI',
    playerVars: { 'autoplay': 1},
    events: {
     'onReady': onPlayerReady,
     'onStateChange':
            onPlayerStateChange
     }
  });
}
```

```
<script type="text/javascript" src="swfobject.js"
></script>

var params = { allowScriptAccess: "always" };
var atts = { id: "myytplayer" };

swfobject.embedSWF("http://www.youtube.
com/e/exmwSxv7XJI?
enablejsapi=1&        playerapiid=ytplayer&autoplay=1",
"player", "640", "390", "8", null, null, params, atts);

function onYouTubePlayerReady(playerId) {
 ytplayer = document.getElementById(
        "myytplayer");
 ytplayer.addEventListener(
        "onStateChange",
        "onPlayerStateChange");
}
```

Comparing the iframe API to the AS3 Player API

JavaScript Operations

Functionality	Example	Supported
Queueing functions	loadVideoById, cueVideoById	✓
Playback controls and player settings	seekTo, setVolume	✓
Playback status	getVideoBytesTotal	✓
Playback quality	getPlaybackQuality, setPlaybackQuality	✓
Retrieving video information	getDuration, getVideoEmbedCode	✓

Comparing the iframe API to the AS3 Player API

JavaScript Event Handling

```
function onYouTubePlayerAPIReady() {
  var player;
  player = new YT.Player('player', {
    width: 1280,
    height: 720,
    videoId: 'u1zgFlCw8Aw',
    events: {
      'onReady': onPlayerReady,
      'onPlaybackQualityChange': onPlayerPlaybackQualityChange,
      'onStateChange': onPlayerStateChange,
      'onError': onPlayerError
    }
  });
}
```

OR (AS3 player, registration also supported by iframe API)

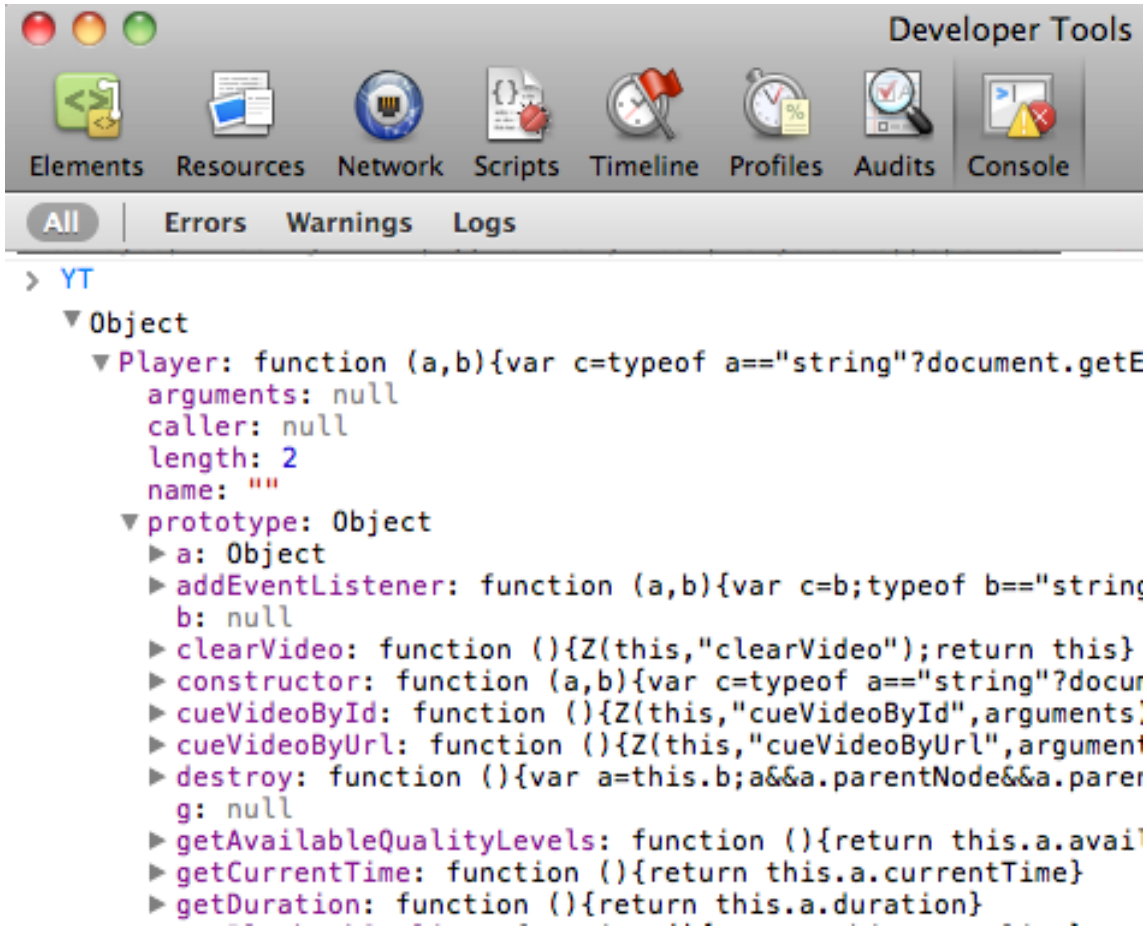
```
function onYouTubePlayerReady(playerId) {
  player = document.getElementById(playerId);
  player.addEventListener('onReady','onPlayerReady');
  player.addEventListener('onPlaybackQualityChange',
                          'onPlayerPlaybackQualityChange');
  player.addEventListener('onStateChange','onPlayerStateChange');
  player.addEventListener('onError','onPlayerError');
```

Note: YT.PlayerState.BUFFERING(3)not supported yet

Comparing the iframe API to the AS3 Player API

Explore API Using Chrome Dev Console

[Example]



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iframe Player API Example Application

- Provides YouTube feed player functionality—think playlist player, but for any source of YouTube videos.
- HTML5 + JavaScript + CSS.
- Also powered by the YouTube Data API.
- Hopefully useful in its own right, but written to illustrate iframe Player API usage.

iframe Player API Example Application

HTML5

- <video> playback (for supported videos) via the iframe Player embed.
  - Using "chromeless" (controls=0) version of player.
- <svg> for player's Pause and Play buttons.
- <input type='range'> for Seek and Volume controls.
- Google Chrome currently supports all features.
  - Some other browsers offer a subset, i.e. no support for <input type='range'>

iframe Player API Example Application

JavaScript

- Lots of jQuery for plumbing!
  - Simplifies JSON-P access to the YouTube Data API.
  - Simplifies everything else as well.
- iframe Player API interaction is all JavaScript.
  - Responding to events, controlling playback, etc.

iframe Player API Example Application
CSS

- Basic CSS styling.
- Webfonts via the Google Font API.
- Bare bones design, but easy to change.

iframe Player API Example Application

Demo

http://gdata-samples.googlecode.com/svn/trunk/ytplayer/iframe/index.html

(or http://goo.gl/ncqF7)

iframe Player API Example Application

Handling Player Events

- A custom YouTube Player needs to understand various YouTube events and handle them appropriately.
  - onReady
  - onError
  - onStateChange
- onReady is fired when the Player is loaded and API methods can be called.
- onError is fired when a video can't be played.
- onStateChange is for "everything else".
  - YT.PlayerState.ENDED
  - YT.PlayerState.PLAYING
  - YT.PlayerState.PAUSED
  - YT.PlayerState.BUFFERING
  - YT.PlayerState.CUED

iframe Player API Example Application

Handling State Changes

- Recommended practice is to make no assumptions about global state or what triggered event.
  - You may think YT.PlayerState.PLAYING was triggered by your Play button, but it really was the Player itself.
  - Safer to explicitly set each UI element to the appropriate values (rather than toggling!) each time.

iframe Player API Example Application

Handling State Changes

```
function enable() {
  $.each(arguments, function(i, id) {
    $('#' + id).attr('disabled', false);
  });
}

function disable() {
  $.each(arguments, function(i, id) {
    $('#' + id).attr('disabled', true);
  });
}

function setSeekBarInterval() {
  seekBarInterval = setInterval(function() {
    var currentTime = Math.round(player.getCurrentTime());
    $('#currentTime').html(secondsToMmSs(currentTime));
    $('#seek').val(currentTime);
  }, 1000);
}
```

iframe Player API Example Application

Handling State Changes

```
case YT.PlayerState.CUED:
    enable('play');
    disable('pause', 'volume', 'seek');
break;

case YT.PlayerState.PAUSED:
    enable('play', 'volume', 'seek');
    disable('pause');
    if (seekBarInterval != null) {
        clearInterval(seekBarInterval);
        seekBarInterval = null;
    }
break;
```

iframe Player API Example Application

Handling State Changes

```
case YT.PlayerState.PLAYING:
    if (seekBarInterval != null) {
        clearInterval(seekBarInterval);
    }
    setSeekBarInterval();

    enable('pause', 'volume', 'seek');
    disable('play');

    $('#volume').val(player.getVolume());
    var duration = Math.round(player.getDuration());
    $('#duration').html(secondsToMmSs(duration));
    $('#seek').attr('max', duration);
break;
```

iframe Player API Example Application

Handling State Changes

```
case YT.PlayerState.ENDED:
    if (seekBarInterval != null) {
        clearInterval(seekBarInterval);
        seekBarInterval = null;
    }

    var duration = Math.round(player.getDuration());
    $('#currentTime').html(secondsToMmSs(duration));
    $('#seek').val(duration);

    enable('play');
    disable('pause', 'volume', 'seek');

    playNextVideo(player);
break;
```

Hashtags: #io2011 #YouTube
Feedback: http://goo.gl/fdY2L

Questions? Answers!