



Video @ bit.ly/io-pagespeed

Automating Performance with PageSpeed

network, compute, and render...

Ilya Grigorik

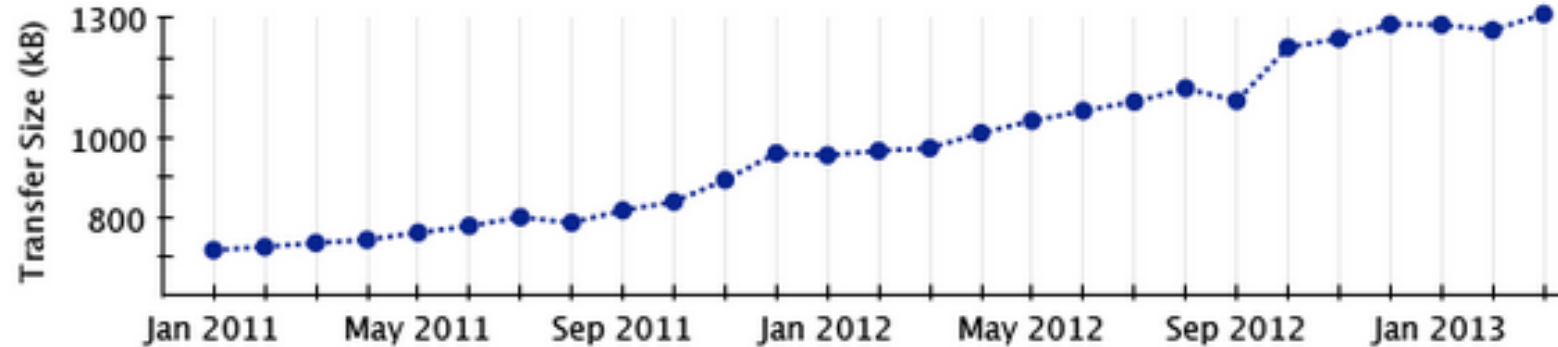
igrigorik@google.com

- Web applications are becoming **more powerful**
- Web applications are becoming **more complex**
- Web applications are becoming **more ambitious**

... and ***speed is a feature***, among many others.



Our applications are **complex**, and **growing**...



Content Type	Desktop		Mobile	
	Avg # of requests	Avg size	Avg # of requests	Avg size
HTML	10	56 KB	6	40 KB
Images	56	856 KB	38	498 KB
Javascript	15	221 KB	10	146 KB
CSS	5	36 KB	3	27 KB
Total	86+	1169+ KB	57+	711+ KB



Ouch!



Delay	User reaction
0 - 100 ms	Instant
100 - 300 ms	Slight perceptible delay
300 - 1000 ms	Task focus, perceptible delay
1 s+	Mental context switch
10 s+	I'll come back later...



***The 1000 ms
"time to glass"
challenge.***

- *Simple user-input must be acknowledged within ~100 milliseconds.*
- *To keep the user engaged, the task must complete within 1000 milliseconds.*

Ergo, our pages must render with 1000 milliseconds.



What's the impact of slow sites?

Sure, fast is "good", but really... does it matter?



Google & Bing server delays experiment

	Distinct Queries/User	Query Refinement	Revenue/User	Any Clicks	Satisfaction	Time to Click (increase in ms)
50ms	-	-	-	-	-	-
200ms	-	-	-	-0.3%	-0.4%	500
500ms	-	-0.6%	-1.2%	-1.0%	-0.9%	1200
1000ms	-0.7%	-0.9%	-2.8%	-1.9%	-1.6%	1900
2000ms	-1.8%	-2.1%	-4.3%	-4.4%	-3.8%	3100

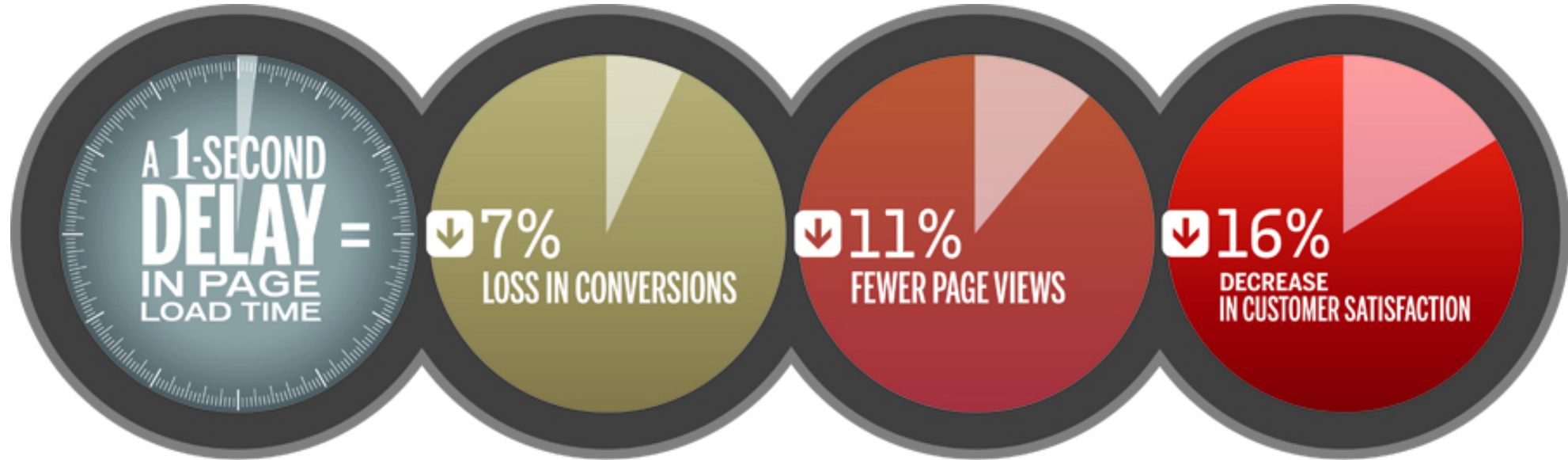
- Means no statistically significant change

"2000 ms delay reduced per user revenue by 4.3%!"

- Strong negative impacts
- Roughly linear changes with increasing delay
- Time to click changed by roughly double the delay



Impact of 1000 millisecond delay...



IN DOLLAR TERMS,

this means that if your site typically earns \$100,000 a day, this year

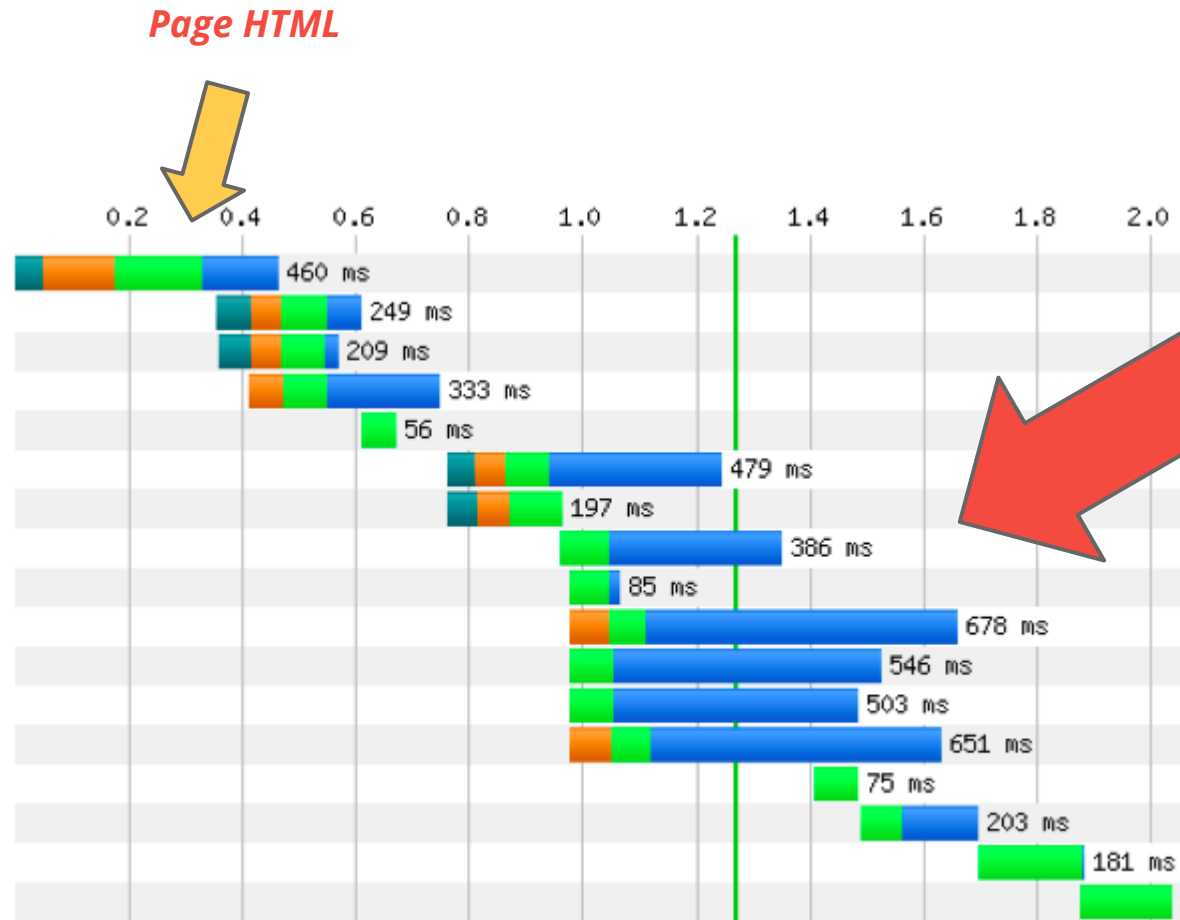
you could lose **\$2.5 MILLION** in sales.

SOURCE: Aberdeen Group

 **strangeloop** www.strangeloopnetworks.com



Web Performance Optimization (WPO)



- 86+ requests
- 1+ MB transferred

- Can we download less?
- Can we execute faster?
- Can we render faster?



If you care about performance, then...

- Image compression & resizing
- Minify CSS, JavaScript and HTML
- Inline small images, CSS, and JavaScript
- Cache all static assets
- Defer JavaScript
- Combine CSS and JavaScript
- Domain sharding
- ...



Rinse, lather, repeat...
Rinse, lather, repeat...
Rinse, lather, repeat...



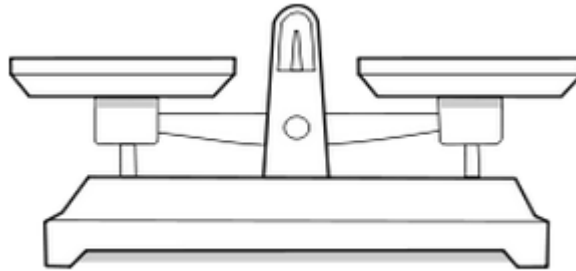
Why aren't all websites fast?

SPEED

Long cache lifetimes
Inlined / sprites / minification
Exploit latest browser features
Track latest WPO techniques

EASE OF MAINTENANCE

Simple development & deployment
Ability to rapidly deploy changes
Support all browsers
Focus on content



Use automated tools



To deliver fast and optimized applications, we must **invest into tools and workflows** which will help us **identify performance bottlenecks**, and **resolve them**.

Performance is not a checklist, it's a process.


continuous





1. Identifies performance problems
2. Provides advice and guidance
3. **Automates** site optimization

PageSpeed
by Google™



PageSpeed



Analysis

What can I do to optimize my site?



PageSpeed Insights

Google apis

chrome



Optimization

Can you automate WPO best practices?



Apache

mod_pagespeed

NGINX

ngx_pagespeed

Google

PageSpeed Service



Analysis with **PageSpeed Insights**

What can I do to optimize my site?



- Performance diagnostics in your browser **with 30+ optimization rules**
- Install from Chrome Store

The screenshot shows the PageSpeed Insights interface. At the top, there are tabs for 'Elements', 'Resources', 'Network', 'Sources', 'Timeline', 'Profiles', 'Audits', 'Console', and 'PageSpeed'. Below the tabs are 'Refresh' and 'Clear' buttons. The main content area is divided into two sections: 'Overview' and 'Suggestion Summary'. The 'Overview' section shows a progress bar and a score of 49 out of 100. The 'Suggestion Summary' section lists various optimization rules categorized by priority. On the left side, there is a sidebar with a list of rules, each with a colored arrow pointing to its corresponding section in the main content area. The arrows are: a red arrow pointing to the 'High priority' section, a yellow arrow pointing to the 'Medium priority' section, a blue arrow pointing to the 'Low priority' section, and a green arrow pointing to the 'Already done!' section.

Overview

The page got an overall PageSpeed Score of **49** (out of 100). [Learn more](#)

Suggestion Summary

Click on the rule names to see suggestions for improvement.

- **High priority.** These suggestions represent the largest potential performance wins for the least development effort. You should address these items first: [Optimize images](#), [Leverage browser caching](#), [Enable compression](#), [Combine images into CSS sprites](#), [Minify JavaScript](#)
- **Medium priority.** These suggestions may represent smaller wins or much more work to implement. You should address this item next: [Inline Small JavaScript](#)
- **Low priority.** These suggestions represent the smallest wins. You should only be concerned with these items after you've handled the higher-priority ones: [Defer parsing of JavaScript](#), [Minify CSS](#), [Avoid CSS @import](#), [Minify HTML](#), [Specify image dimensions](#), [Optimize the order of styles and scripts](#), [Remove query strings from static resources](#), [Specify a Vary: Accept-Encoding header](#)
- **Already done!** There are no suggestions for these rules, since this page already follows these best practices. Good job!

High priority (5)

- Optimize images
- Leverage browser caching
- Enable compression
- Combine images into CSS...
- Minify JavaScript

Medium priority (1)

- Inline Small JavaScript

Low priority (8)

- Defer parsing of JavaScript
- Minify CSS
- Avoid CSS @import
- Minify HTML
- Specify image dimensions
- Optimize the order of styles and scripts
- Remove query strings from static resources
- Specify a Vary: Accept-Encoding header

Already done! (13)



PageSpeed Insights



chrome

Overview

High priority (5)

- Optimize images
- Leverage browser caching
- Enable compression
- Combine images into CS...
- Minify JavaScript

Medium priority (1)

- Inline Small JavaScript

- Optimizing the following images could reduce their size by **4.9MB (51% reduction)**.
- Compressing resources with gzip could reduce their transfer size by **244.1KB (70% reduction)**.
- Minifying the following JavaScript resources could reduce their size by **105.1KB (40% reduction)**.
- Expiration not specified for 42 resources.
- Images should be combined into as few images as possible using CSS sprites.
- Defer parsing JavaScript to reduce blocking of page rendering.
- External CSS files were included after an external JavaScript file.

Overview

High priority (5)

- Optimize images**
- Leverage browser caching
- Enable compression
- Combine images into CS...
- Minify JavaScript

Optimize images

Properly formatting and compressing images can save many bytes of data.
[Learn more](#)

Suggestions for this page

Optimizing the following images could reduce their size by 4.9MiB (52% reduction).



4.9MB reduction!





PageSpeed Insights

- Same functionality available in an online tool!
 - <https://developers.google.com/speed/pagespeed/insights>



Make the Web Faster X Search



Home Products Conferences Showcase Live Groups

Overview

▼ PageSpeed

▼ Analysis

Insights

▶ Insights Extensions

▶ Insights API

▶ Rules

FAQ



PageSpeed Insights

Make your web site faster

http://www...

ANALYZE



PageSpeed Insights

```
require 'net/https'
require 'json'

uri = URI.parse('https://www.googleapis.com/pagespeedonline/v1/runPagespeed')
http = Net::HTTP.new(uri.host, uri.port)
http.use_ssl = true

params = { :key => 'API KEY', :url => 'http://mysite.com/',
           :strategy => 'desktop', :rules => '...' }

uri.query = URI.encode_www_form(params)
req = Net::HTTP::Get.new(uri.request_uri)
res = http.request(req)

jj JSON.parse(res.body)
```

Online PageSpeed API for CI builds, catching performance regressions, reporting, ...



[API documentation](#)



PageSpeed Insights

- Quick perf review: **PageSpeed Insights**
- Local development: **Chrome + PageSpeed**
- Performance monitoring: **PageSpeed API**

*Follow the "learn more" link in each recommendation, to learn about the **why and how** of each criteria!*





PageSpeed Optimization

*If you can tell me what to optimize, and how, **can you just do it for me?***

*"**PageSpeed Optimization Libraries (PSOL)** are a set of C++ classes that **automatically optimize web pages and resources they use**, using a server-independent framework."*

<https://developers.google.com/speed/pagespeed/psol>



PageSpeed is a performance JIT



- **400,000+ sites** using server-side PageSpeed optimization
 - Open-source (free) and hosted versions
- **40+ optimization filters**
 - Single server, cluster, and CDN friendly
 - HTML, CSS, JS, and image optimization, all in one!



Apache

mod_pagespeed

NGINX

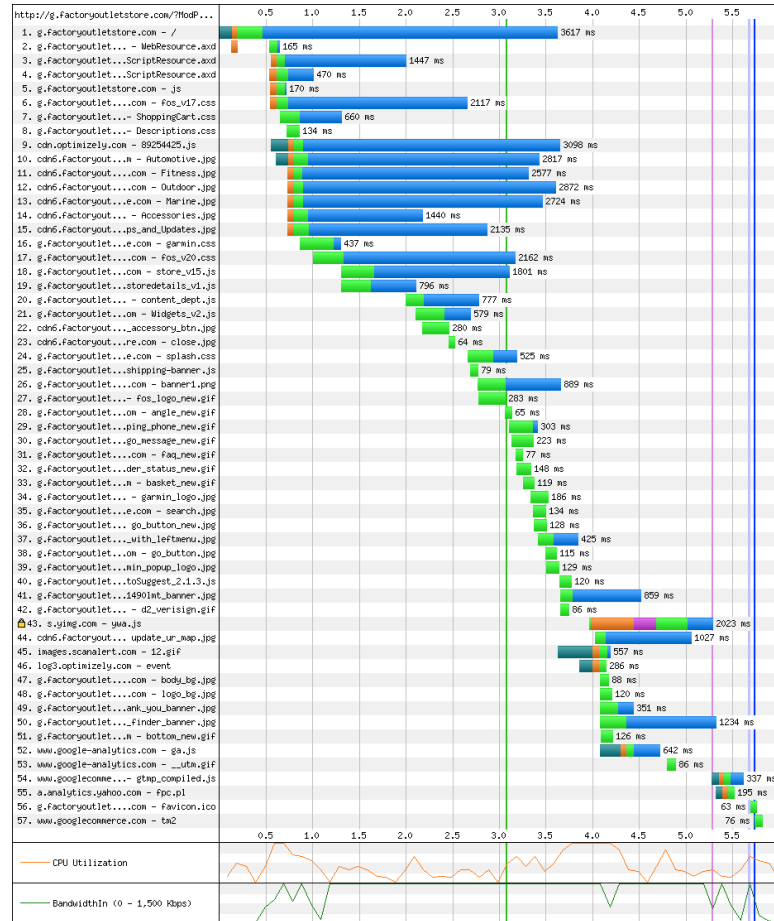
ngx_pagespeed

Google PageSpeed Service



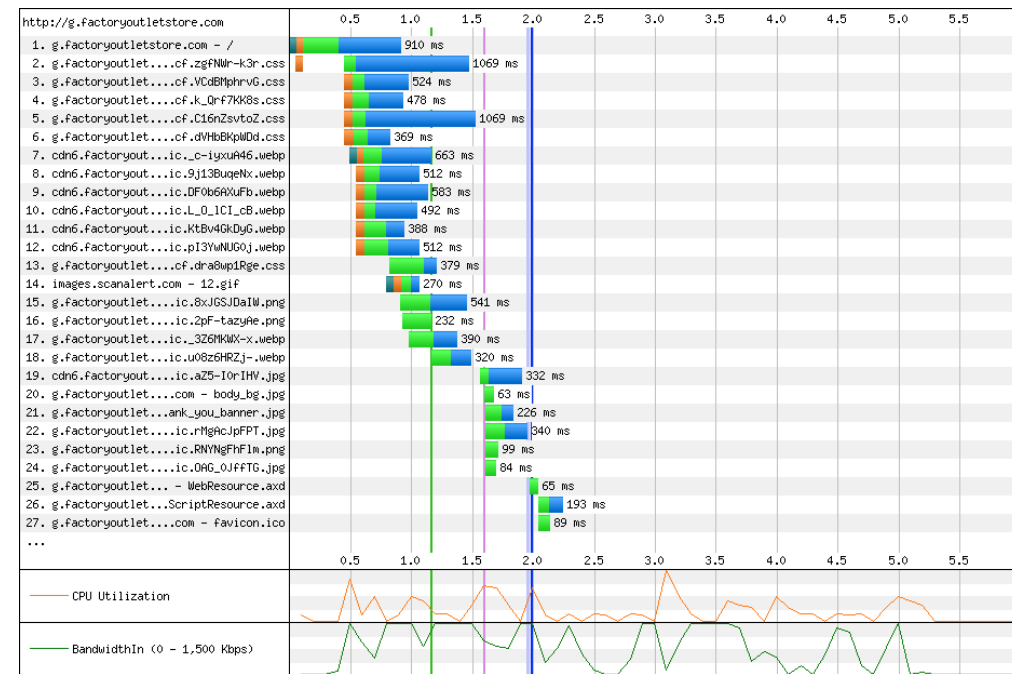
Optimizing the waterfall...

PageSpeed OFF



http://www.webpagetest.org/result/121004_0H_3C8/

PageSpeed ON



http://www.webpagetest.org/result/121004_KP_CFM/3/details/

Same site, with respective waterfalls before and after **mod_pagespeed** optimization.



With PageSpeed, you can...

- *Keep your current workflow*
- *Eliminate additional compression and build steps*
- *Stop bugging designers and users to optimize images*
- *Get the benefit of dynamic UA optimization (e.g. WebP)*
- ...



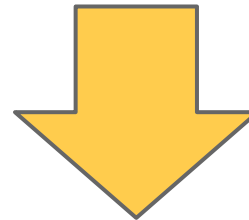
Automatically combining multiple CSS files



```
<link rel="stylesheet" href="styles/yellow.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="styles/blue.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="styles/big.css">
<link rel="stylesheet" href="styles/bold.css">

<div class="blue yellow big bold">Hello, mod_pagespeed!</div>
```

*Combined file Served with 1-year TTL
Makes CDNs more effective*



MD5 sum of combined CSS file

```
<link rel="stylesheet"
  href="styles/yellow.css+blue.css+big.css+bold.css.pagespeed.cc.HASH.css">

<div class="blue yellow big bold">Hello, mod_pagespeed!</div>
```



#protip: ModPagespeedCssInlineMaxBytes {max bytes}

Server-side image rewriting and optimization

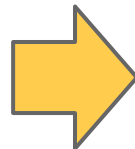


```

```



awesome_cat.png	350 KB
awesome_cat.jpg	80 KB
awesome_cat.webp	60 KB



Does the client support WebP?
(UA or Accept check)



Is awesome cat 800 px wide?
Nope, he is **8000 px** wide!



Resize the image



```

```



40+ Optimization filters



rewrite_javascript	Rewrites Javascript files to remove excess whitespace and comments.
combine_javascript	Combines multiple script elements into one.
inline_css	Inlines small CSS files into the HTML document.
inline_javascript	Inlines small JS files into the HTML document.
rewrite_images	Optimizes images, re-encoding them, removing excess pixels, and inlining small images.
convert_jpeg_to_webp	Generates webp rather than jpeg images for browsers that support webp.
lazyload_images	Loads images when they become visible in the client viewport.
resize_images	Implied by rewrite_images . Resizes images when the corresponding <code></code> tag specifies a smaller <code>width</code> and <code>height</code>
...	...

- **Core filters** are safe and enabled by default
- **Optional filters** must be enabled by site owner



Server performance with PageSpeed



- All optimization is performed **on demand**, results are cached
 - First request may serve unoptimized asset (for speed)
 - Optimization is done in the background (images, etc)
- **For best performance....**
 - Optimize the size of local cache (default 100MB)
 - Use a shared cache (memcached) for multi-server deployments
 - Configure fetch timeouts, number of optimization threads, ...

Lots of great performance tips in our documentation: developers.google.com/speed





Aol.

edgecast****



maxCDNTM
CONTENT DELIVERY NETWORK



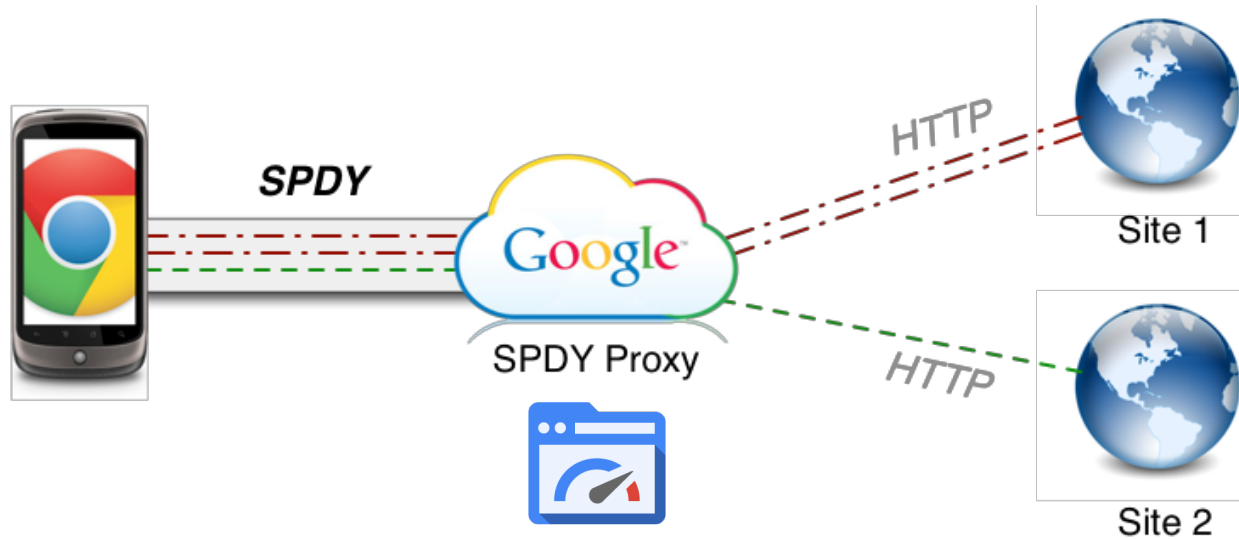
Linkedin****[®]

淘宝网
Taobao.com



Large and fast growing list of PageSpeed users ...

Chrome Data Proxy is using PageSpeed!



Chrome Data Proxy is using PageSpeed: 50% data compression!

- Image optimization: convert all files to WebP
- Rewrites HTML, CSS, JavaScript

Give it a try: **Settings** > **Bandwidth management** > **Reduce data usage**.

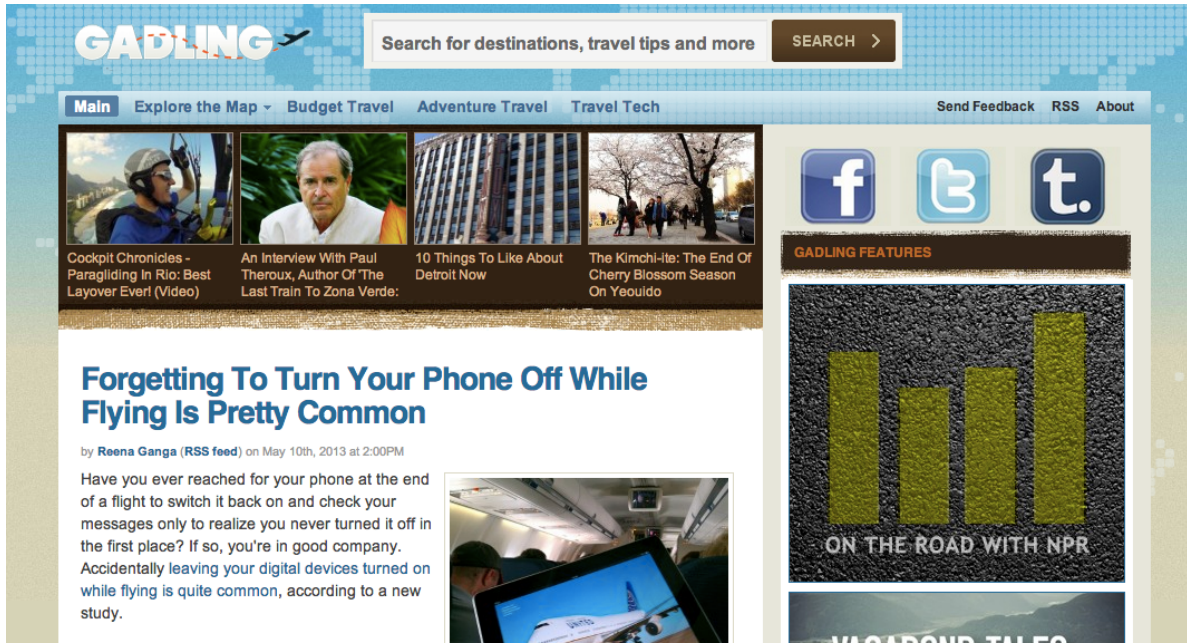


Aol.

+

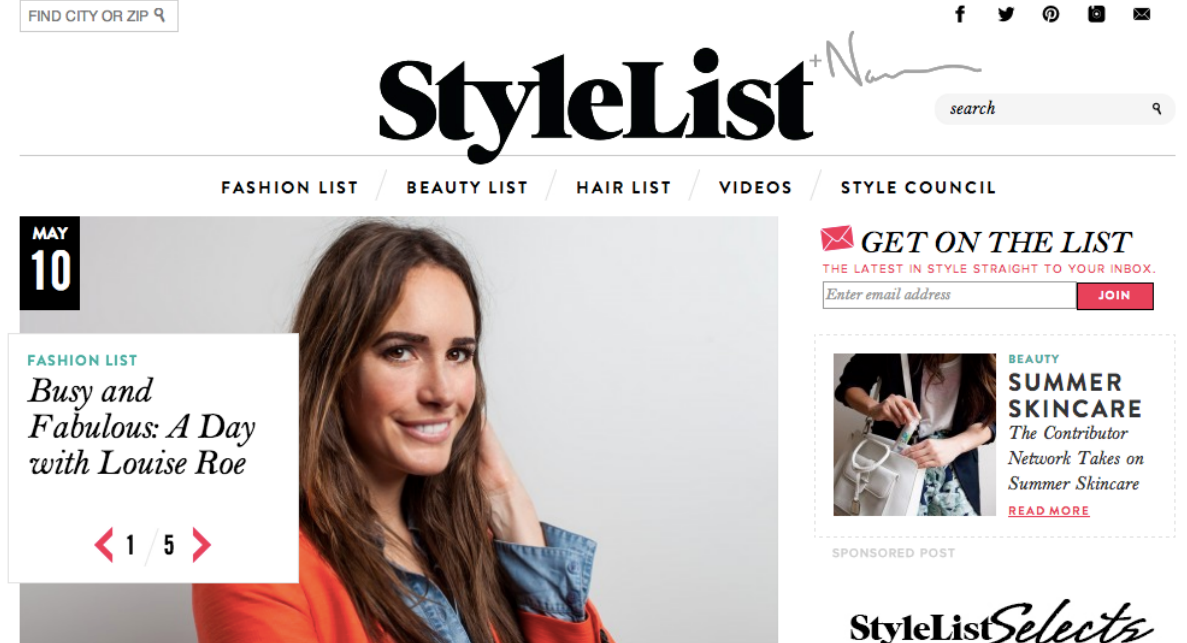


mod_pagespeed



gadling.com

40% PLT improvement!



stylelist.com

20% PLT improvement!

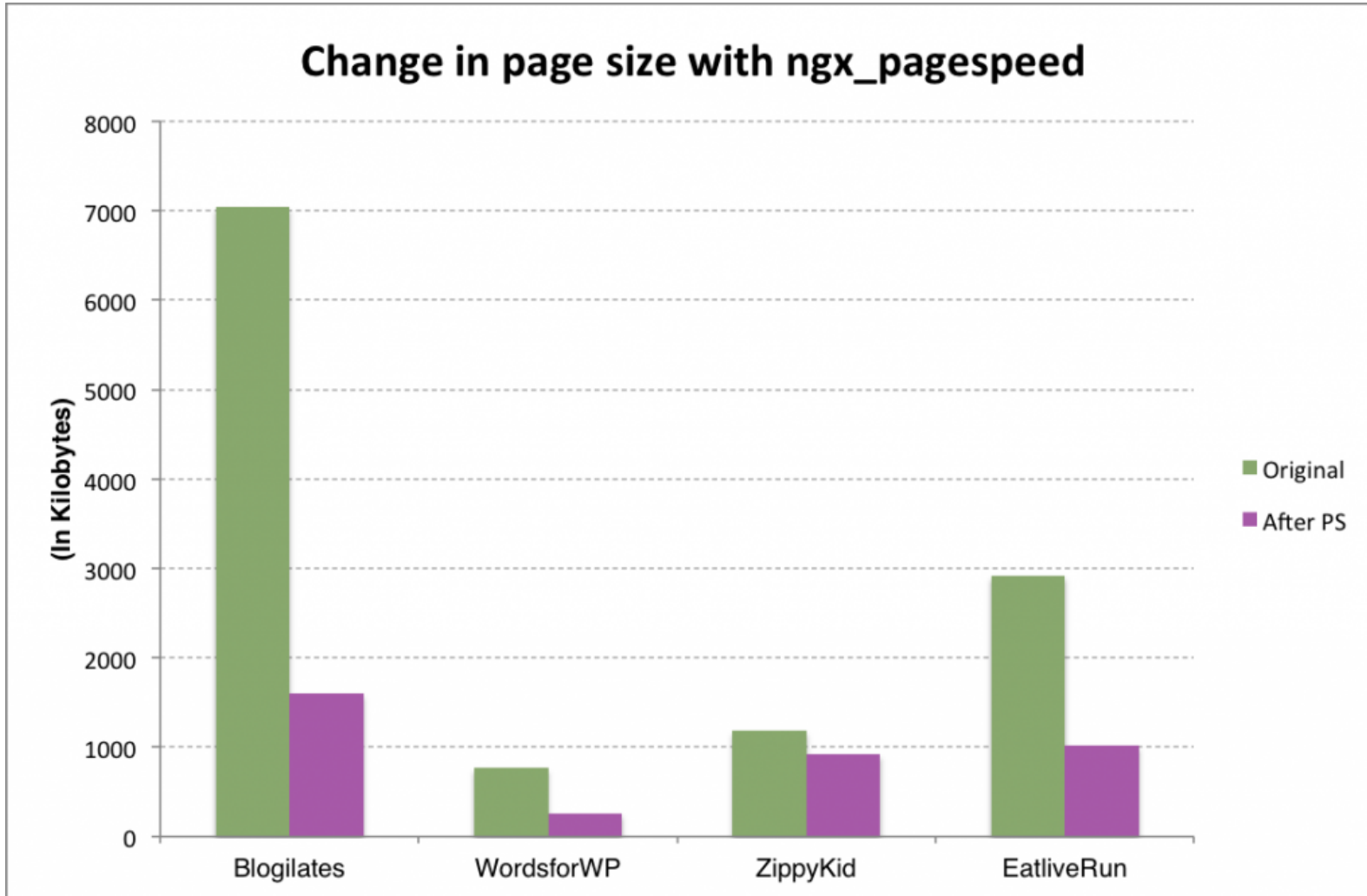




+



ngx_pagespeed



*"... up to a **75%** reduction in page sizes and a **50%** improvement in page rendering speeds."*



Getting started with PageSpeed...

- **modpagespeed.com**

- [mod-pagespeed-discuss](#)
- `$> rpm -U mod-pagespeed-*.rpm`
- `$> dpkg -i mod-pagespeed-*.deb && apt-get -f install`

- **ngxpagespeed.com**

- [ngx-pagespeed-discuss](#)
- `$> ./configure --add-module=$HOME/nginx_pagespeed`

- Community developed...

- [IISpeed](#) for Microsoft IIS server
- PageSpeed for Apache Traffic Server



Wouldn't it be nice if...

- *The optimization was done **automagically***
- *We didn't need to modify or update our servers*
- *And we had an **all-in-one solution** for...*
 - *Optimization, CDN, DoS protection, ...*



PageSpeed Service hosted by Google

(BETA)



PageSpeed optimization is performed ***on and by Google servers***

1. Sign up at: <https://developers.google.com/speed/pagespeed/service>
2. CNAME ***www.your-site.com*** to ***pagespeed.googlehosted.com***
3. Visitor hits the Google server
 - Google requests the resource from your origin server
 - Page is optimized and cached in Google CDN!



<https://developers.google.com/speed/pagespeed/service>

Optimize, CSS, JavaScript, Images... **check.**

PageSpeed Service

- Overview
- Configure Rewriters**
- Bandwidth
- Caching and Errors
- Audit Log
- Block Requests
- Troubleshooting

- List of rewriter settings:
- [⊕ Serve Resources through Google](#)
 - [⊕ Inline small resources](#)
 - [⊕ Prioritize Content](#)
 - [⊕ Optimize HTML](#)
 - [⊖ Optimize Images](#)

- Apply updates from Google
- Apply updates from Google
- Apply updates from Google
- Apply updates from Google
- Apply updates from Google

Lossy Optimization:

- [Recompress JPEG](#)
- [Convert JPEG to WebP](#)
- [Convert PNG & GIF to JPEG](#)

Quality for compressing images (0-100) %

Lossless Optimization:

- [Lazyload Images](#) On page load On scroll
- [Add dimensions](#)
- [JPEG Color sub-sampling](#)
- [Progressive JPEG](#)
- [Recompress PNG](#)
- [Remove meta data](#)
- [Remove color profile](#)
- [Resize on the server](#)
- [Convert GIF to PNG](#)

Demo time!



Configure any and all filters from the Google API console!



PageSpeed Service on AppEngine!



www.html5rocks.com / app.yaml 

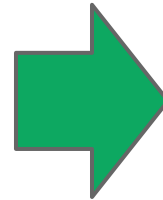
 **ebidel** a month ago Making H5R more awesome

4 contributors 

file | 231 lines (183 sloc) | 6.094 kb

```
1 application: html5rocks-hrd
2 version: master
3 runtime: python27
4 threadsafe: yes
5 api_version: 1
6
```

```
22 pagespeed:
23   enabled_rewriters:
24     - MinifyCss
25     - InlineImages
26     - CollapseWhitespace
27     - ImageAddDimensions
28     - RemoveComments
```



Google Analytics

313,495 of pageviews sent page load sample



Avg. Page Load Time (sec): -11.91%
7.33 vs 8.32



Avg. Redirection Time (sec): -11.66%
0.19 vs 0.21



Avg. Server Connection Time (sec): -30.41%
0.04 vs 0.06



Avg. Page Download Time (sec): -29.47%
0.34 vs 0.48

*Updated .yaml file,
made site **10% faster!***



Automating WPO offers big wins because...

- **Performance is a continuous process**
- **Minimizes mundane optimization work**
- **Dynamic optimization offers more opportunities**
 - User-Agent customization - e.g. WebP
 - Automagic HTTP 2.0 and SPDY enhancements
- **Allows you to focus on your application and users**



Video @ bit.ly/io-pagespeed

Fin. Questions?

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