



spectrum of a given square matrix.

eigenvalues within an interval (x, y]as follows: Count(x, y) = Count(y) - Count(x)



# **Multi-GPU Implementation of Bisection Algorithm for Symmetric Tridiagonal Eigenvalue Problem**

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### I ECHNOLOGY CONFEDENCE

Trinitv

## Preliminary Results

Matrix size	Average running time (sec)			Speed-up	Speed-up
	16 CPU cores	1 GPU	2 GPU	(16 CPU cores to 2 GPUs)	(2 GPUs and 1 GPU)
1024	0.114	0.082	0.056	2.0	1.46
2048	0.576	0.156	0.100	5.8	1.56
4096	2.19	0.316	0.194	11.3	1.63
8192	8.90	0.850	0.590	15.1	1.44
16384	35.9	2.210	1.67	21.5	1.32
32768	138	7.360	6.27	22.0	1.17

Testing environment

- Intel<sup>™</sup> Xeon<sup>™</sup> E5-2620 CPUs, 64 GB
- NVIDIA<sup>™</sup> Tesla<sup>™</sup> K20c GPUs, 5 GB
- ✤ An average of 30 % speed up on 2 GPUs over single GPU

## Future Work

We are considering two other approaches for the multi-GPU algorithm

- Evenly dividing the Gerschgorin interval among the GPUs > This makes each GPU independent and reduces GPU-GPU communication
- ii. At the end of step one, assigning the intervals to each GPU so each GPU will have to find the same number of that eigenvalues

This will lead to an even workload among the GPUs

## Reference

[1] Lessig, Christian. "Eigenvalue Computation with CUDA." Oct. 2007.



