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Eight Ways to Be More Productive Developing Swing Applications

Ben Galbraith

Swing Consultant http://www.galbraiths.org/

TS-1913

2006 JavaOne^{s™} Conference | Session TS-1913

java.sun.com/javaone/sf



Presentation Goal

Learn how to become more productive with Swing in eight easy steps! While this talk focuses on ideas, opensource code you can use in your projects will accompany this talk.







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Use a Cross-Platform Look-and-Feel

- Complex applications often employ tricky layouts and require custom widget and painting tweaks
 - Do you really want to do that two or more times?
 - Customizing the OS X "plaf" is a big pain





Which Look-and-Feel?

- Three reasonably slick looks
 - JGoodies Plastic family (starting to look dated)
 - Incors Alloy (also starting to look dated)
 - Synthetica, especially the "Moon" themes
- Rolling your own isn't very hard, but can be a lot of work
 - Synth (and Synthetica) helps lower the curve quite a bit
- If you must use a "plaf", check out
 - WinLAF for Windows
 - Quaqua for OS X



- Use a Cross-platform Look-and-feel Use a GUI Builder
- Avoid Swing's Default Layout Managers Externalize Widget Styling
- **Employ Declarative widget Configuration**
- Use Binding and Validation Frameworks
- Enhance Swing's Action
- Introduce a Form Concept



Use a GUI Builder

- Swing GUI builders have traditionally been sub-par
 - That's changed over the past two years
- At least three high-quality GUI builders exist
 - JFormDesigner
 - Sun's NetBeans[™] software
 - JetBrains' IDEA



Decouple Your App From Your GUI Builder

Practice code-centric GUI building

- Load UI definitions at run-time and bind behaviors to them
 - Decoupling UI definitions from a specific GUI builder is a good idea but impractical
- Dynamic and static GUI building can be mixed easily
- Very easy to tweak a visually built GUI





Runtime Form Loading API

```
public abstract class RuntimeForm {
    public JComponent getRootComponent();
    public JComponent getComponent(String name);
}
public class RuntimeFormFactory {
```

```
public RuntimeForm getRuntimeForm(String key) { ... }
```

```
// for eager caching of key forms
public void cacheRuntimeForm(String key) { ... }
```



}



JFormDesigner Runtime Form Loading Implementation

```
// exception handling hidden
// JFormDesigner-specific API in green
public class RuntimeFormJFormDesigner
        extends RuntimeForm {
        private FormCreator creator;
    }
}
```

```
public RuntimeFormJFormDesigner(FormCreator fc) {
    creator = fc;
}
```

```
public JComponent getRootComponent() {
    return (JComponent) creator.create();
}
```

```
public JComponent getComponent(String name) {
    return (JComponent) create.getComponent(name);
}
```

}





Avoid Swing's Default Layout Managers

- Save yourself the trouble of learning how all the default layout managers work and how to combine them, etc.
- Everything you need is in two modern layout managers
 - JGoodies FormLayout
 - Sun's GroupLayout (new)



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The first three tips in action

- Cross-platform look and feels; WinIAF and Quaqua
- •GUI builders
- Better layout





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Externalize Widget Styling

- Manually styling widgets leads to inconsistencies
 - And, frankly, is a pain
- Manual widget styling can be almost impossible to get right
 - e.g., setting a font to bold in most GUI builders results in hard-coding the font family/type
- Think CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) for Swing





CSS Review

- CSS provides simple and powerful styling for the Web
 - HTML

<div id="foo"> Ajax sucks, Swing rocks ;-)
</div>

<div class="bar"> ... </div>

...

CSS

#foo { font-family: Arial,sans-serif; border: 1px solid black } .bar { margin: 4pt }





CSS for Swing

- Why not do the same for Swing?
- Use client properties to assign selectors
 org.galbraiths.clarity.styleClass
 org.galbraiths.clarity.styleId (or use Swing's name property)
- Use a syntax like CSS to do styling

```
    Via external file
```

```
JTextField.mySyleClass {
    font-size: -2pt;
    font-weight: bold;
    font-family: Courier New;Courier;
    }
• Via code
```

```
JComponent.putClientProperty("style", "font-size:
   -2pt; ...");
```





Applying Styles to Swing Components

JFrame frame = new JFrame("My Frame");

RuntimeForm form =

RuntimeFormFactory.getRuntimeForm("Foo");
frame.getContentPane().add(form.getRootComponent());

FormDecorator.decorate(frame.getContentPane());

frame.setVisible(true);







Employ Declarative Widget Configuration

- Performing common configuration on widgets can be needlessly tedious
 - Tables are the best example: consider the amount of code required to center the contents of a column
- A declarative widget configuration system helps dramatically
 - DSL, XML, a properties file, or whatever else you prefer

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The next two tips in action

- Externalized widget styling
- Declarative widget configuration







Use Binding and Validation Frameworks

- Getting/setting values on widgets and converting them to the appropriate type is tedious
 - So is displaying meaningful error messages to the user
- Binding and validation frameworks perform all of this plumbing for you





Binding Frameworks

- The key architectural decision for binding frameworks
 - When are values copied from the widgets to the beans?
- Options
 - Use PropertyChangeListeners and Swing listeners
 - Manually invoke "firePropertyChanged" in all setters
 - Use AOP to provide this support automatically
 - Copy values at explicit moments
 - e.g., copyValuesFromUI(), copyValuesToUI()
 - Hybrid approach
 - Use listeners with widgets but explicitly copy from beans





Binding Frameworks

- Key binding frameworks
 - JGoodies Bindings
 - SwingLabs Bindings
- Key validation frameworks
 - JGoodies Validation







Enhance Swing's Action

- Event handling in Swing has a few weaknesses
 - Disabling components properly is tricky
 - Threading can be painful and tedious
 - Reusing event handling logic across multiple event types is tedious
- Action can be subclassed and enhanced to solve these problems
 - You can also add a lot of convenience functionality to action in the process





Simplified Listener API

- SWT introduced a generic listener API
- Enhanced Actions can emulate this approach
 - bindAction(action, component, Event.MouseClicked)
- You can define a sensible, default event mapping for components that don't natively support actions
 - e.g., bindAction on a JTable binds to selection changing







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Introduce a Form Concept

- The act of creating a "screen", displaying it, handling navigation, etc. involves a lot of concerns
- Standardizing how these are resolved increases development speed and productivity



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The final three tips in action

- Binding/validation
- Enhanced Actions
- Forms



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Summary

- You can achieve tremendous productivity with Swing by
 - Focusing on a single look-and-feel
 - Using a GUI builder and new layout managers
 - Reducing API complexity—and the amount of code you need to write—by externalizing styling and configuration, automating binding/validation, and standardizing forms





For More Information

- The source code for this presentation is online at
 - http://www.galbraiths.org/javaone2006
- Use it in your own projects









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