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XJ: Easy and Efficient XML Processing in the Java™ Programming Language

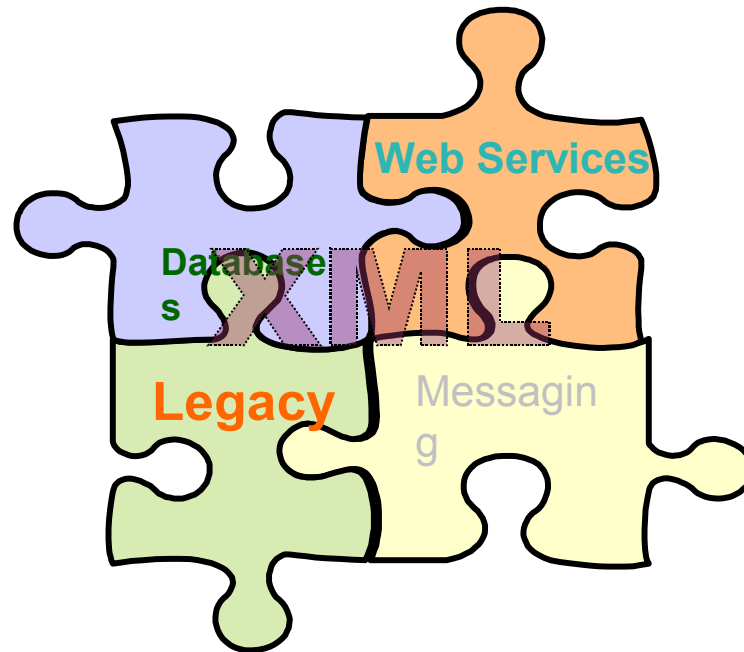
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<http://www.research.ibm.com/xj>

TS-8339

XML Is Pervasive



Programming is tedious, error-prone, and inefficient.

How can we make it better?

DOM

- Verbose
- No static schema type checking
- Reflection-like programming style
- Performance an issue

```
Element recipe = new Element("recipe");  
Element ingredient = new Element("ingredient");  
recipe.appendChild(ingredient);
```

Java Architecture for XML Binding (JAXB)

- Converts XML Schema types into Java-based classes
 - Type system cannot express schema content models
 - Difference between attributes and elements
 - Ordering
- Some static type checking
- XPath evaluation by passing strings
 - No static type checking or optimization

XSLT and XQuery

- Domain-specific languages for processing XML
- Certain programming tasks may be complex
- Integration with Java-based programs is awkward
 - Java-based programs must pass and process XML data to these languages using runtime APIs:
 - DOM
 - XQJ

XJ Design Goals

- Make XML a first-class construct
 1. Consistency with XML standards (Namespaces, XML Schema, XPath)
 2. Minimal compiler extensions
 3. Efficiency
 4. Support both schema and schema-less processing
- XML processing applications are easier to write, more robust, and efficient

XJ Features

- Language extensions
 - Construction using XML literals
 - Integrated XPath
 - In-place XML updates
 - All of the above with or without XML Schema
 - Import of XML Schemas
- Efficient implementation
 - Native XPath compilation support
- Eclipse plug-in
 - To be released soon

Sample XJ Program

```

import com.amazon.devheavy.*;
import com.amazon.devheavy.ProductInfo.Details;
import myOutput.*;

public Book checkReviews (ProductInfo pi, String title, String author, float goodRating) {
    Sequence<Details> bookSeq = pi[ //Details[ProductName = $title] ];
    for (Details book : bookSeq) {
        if (!book[ [$author = //Author] ].isEmpty()) {
            double discountMult = 0.5;
            if (!book[ [//AvgCustomerRating > $goodRating] ].isEmpty() )
                discountMult = 0.75;
            Book result = new Book(<Book name={title} >
                <isbn> {book[ Isbn ] } </isbn>
                <price> {book[ //Price ] } *
            , </price>
                </Book>);
            return result;
        }
    }
}

```

Refer to schema declarations

Inline XPath

XML Construction

XPath Navigation

context [| *query* |]

- The primary means of navigating XML data
- Semantics as defined by the XPath 1.0 standard

```
ProductInfo p = ...;  
/* Generics for XML types */  
Sequence<Details> items;  
items = p [| .//Details[.//AvgCustomerRating > 3.5] |];  
UsedPrice price1 = p [| UsedPrice |];  
String price2 = p [| UsedPrice |]; /* Automatic unboxing as in Java 5*/
```

Compiler checks that XPath is well formed and valid according to the schema.

Construction of XML

- Construction can be specified as:
 - Inline XML (can use xmlns and xsi:type)
 - Can construct “untyped” XML as well
 - InputStream constructor

```
int price = 54;
XMLElement b = new XMLElement(
    <Book year="2004">
        <title>C# Concisely</title>
        <author>
            <first>Judith</first><last>Bishop</last>
        </author>
        <author>
            <first>Nigel</first><last>Horspool</last>
        </author>
        <publisher>Addison-Wesley</publisher>
        <price> {price} </price>
    </Book>);
```

XML Updates

- Value update

```
book[|./price|] = 100; or book[|  
./price|.updateValue(100);
```

- Insertion (can operate on a sequence)

```
book.insertChild(author);
```

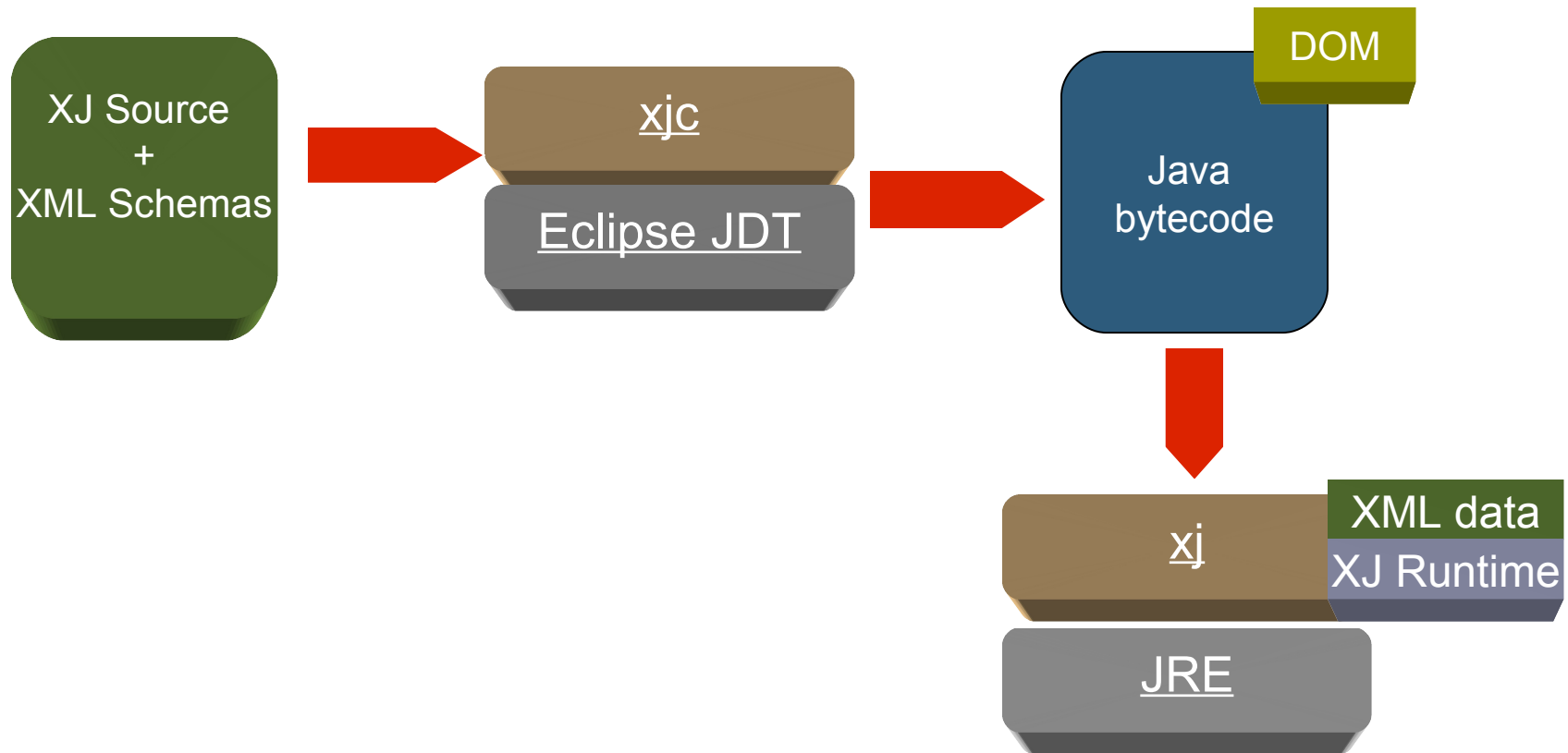
- Deletion (can operate on a sequence)

```
author.detachNode();
```

- Compound update

```
article.rename("inproceedings");
```

XJ Compiler and Runtime System



Demo Details

Based on “Recipes” Example From XML Tutorial

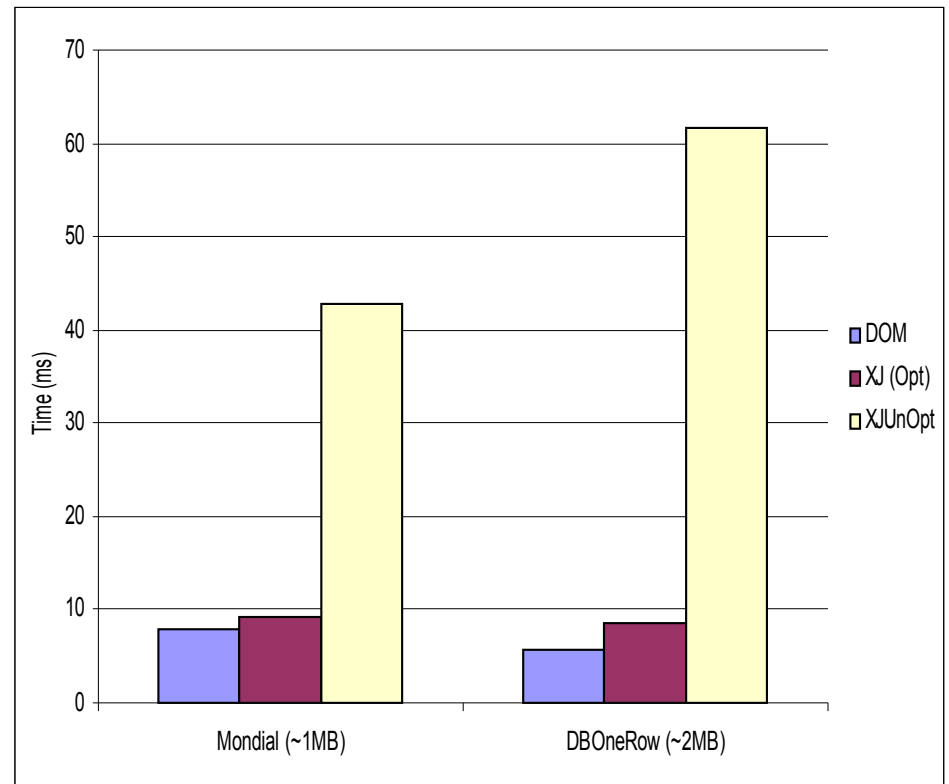
1. Convert list of recipes to HTML
 - Originally XSLT (construction, XPath)
2. Consolidate shopping list
 - XPath + updates

DEMO

<code />

Performance

- Using the DOM API to evaluate XPath expressions at runtime is inefficient
- Solution: Compile expressions directly to accesses on DOM tree



Advantages of XJ

- **W3C standards compliance**
- **Ease of programming**
 - Seamless integration with Java
 - Robustness: more errors discovered statically
 - Eclipse plug-in coming soon...
- **Easier maintenance**
 - Adapt to changes in XML Schemas
 - Independent of the runtime data representation
- **Optimizations**
 - Compiler rewritings

Links

- Web site: <http://www.research.ibm.com/xj/>
- Available for *free* download on *alphaWorks*
 - <http://www.alphaworks.ibm.com/tech/xj/>
- E-mail: xj@watson.ibm.com

Q&A





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