



# Using Aspect-Oriented Programming to Streamline Mobile Application Development

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TS-5363

# Goal of This Talk

Learn how to use *Aspect-Oriented Programming (AOP)* to simplify and speed up the development of mobile application.

# Agenda

Development challenges

AOP primer

How AOP applies to mobile development

Demo

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## Development challenges

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# Current Landscape

- Hundreds of mobile operators have deployed Java™ platform programs— Many have custom requirements



- Thousands of Java platform handset models exist new models being introduced every month



# The Challenges

Why deploying on tiny devices can be so complex

- Devices are very different
  - Screen size, heap memory, key mapping, VM implementations difference
- Operators have different requirements
- Projects have shorter lifespan
- Lots of similar but different builds
- Lack of component model
  - OOP is not sufficient
  - Hard to reuse code from other device builds or other projects
  - Knowledge is in people's heads

# Agenda

Development challenges

**AOP primer**

How AOP applies to mobile development

Demo

# Aspect-Oriented Programming

## What is AOP?

- AOP complements OO programming
- Dynamically modify static OO models
- Facilitates modularization of cross-cutting concerns
  - In simple terms, it means having a single module that can affect the behaviour of one or more classes
  - Centralized changes instead of scattering across existing model



# Logging Example

```
void paint(Graphics g)
{
    // your paint code
}
```

```
void keyPressed(int keyCode)
{
    // your key processing code
}
```

# Logging Example (Cont.)

Now adds 'logging' code in an old fashioned way

```
void paint(Graphics g)
{
    logging("entering paint");
    // your paint code
    logging("leaving paint");
}

void keyPressed(int keyCode)
{
    logging("entering keyPressed");
    // your key processing code
    logging("leaving keyPressed");
}
```

# Logging Example (Cont.)

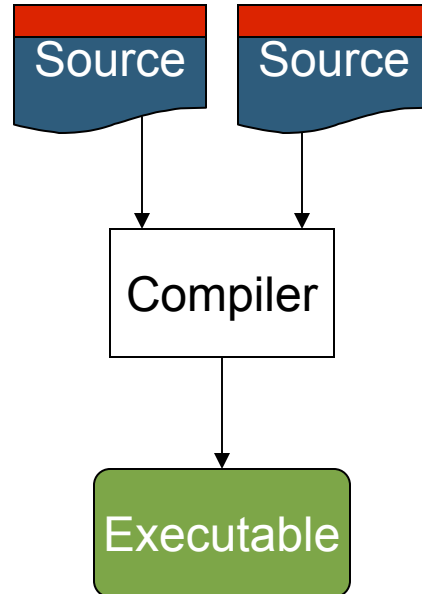
Pseudo code of an 'aspect'

```
loggingAspect
{
    loggableCalls = paint, keyPressed;

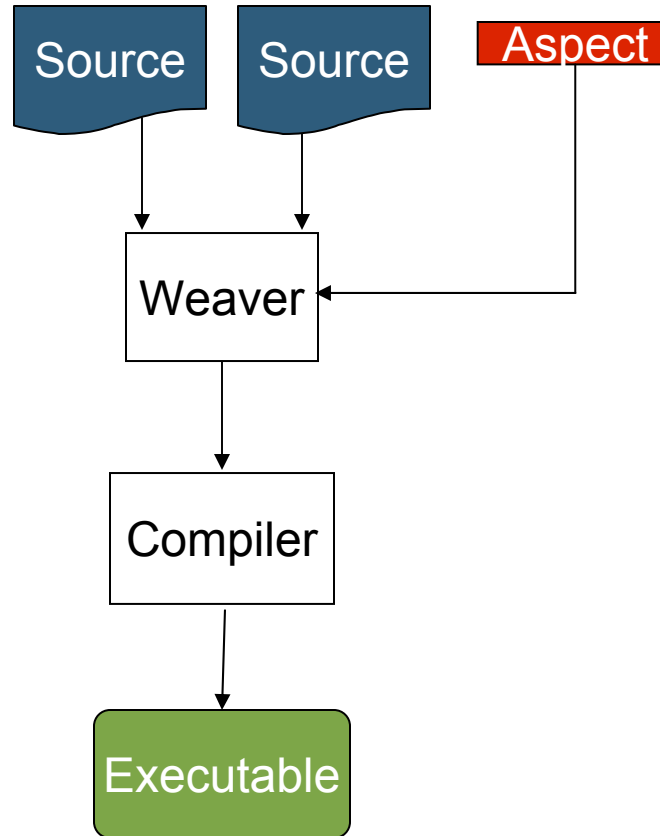
    before: loggableCalls
    {
        logging("entering " + $methodName);
    }

    after: loggableCalls
    {
        logging("leaving " + $methodName);
    }
}
```

# Without AOP



# With AOP



# Glossary

- Pointcut
- Advice
- Aspect

# Pointcut

The point of execution in the application at which cross-cutting concern needs to be applied

```
loggingAspect
{
    loggableCalls = paint, keyPressed;

    before: loggableCalls
    {
        logging("entering " + $methodName);
    }

    after: loggableCalls
    {
        logging("leaving " + $methodName);
    }
}
```

# Advice

The code that you want to apply to your existing model

```
loggingAspect
{
    loggableCalls = paint, keyPressed;

    before: loggableCalls
    {
        logging("entering " + $methodName);
    }

    after: loggableCalls
    {
        logging("leaving " + $methodName);
    }
}
```



# Aspect

The combination of pointcut(s) and the advice(s)

```
loggingAspect
{
    loggableCalls = paint, keyPressed;

    before: loggableCalls
    {
        logging("entering " + $methodName);
    }

    after: loggableCalls
    {
        logging("leaving " + $methodName);
    }
}
```

# Agenda

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AOP primer

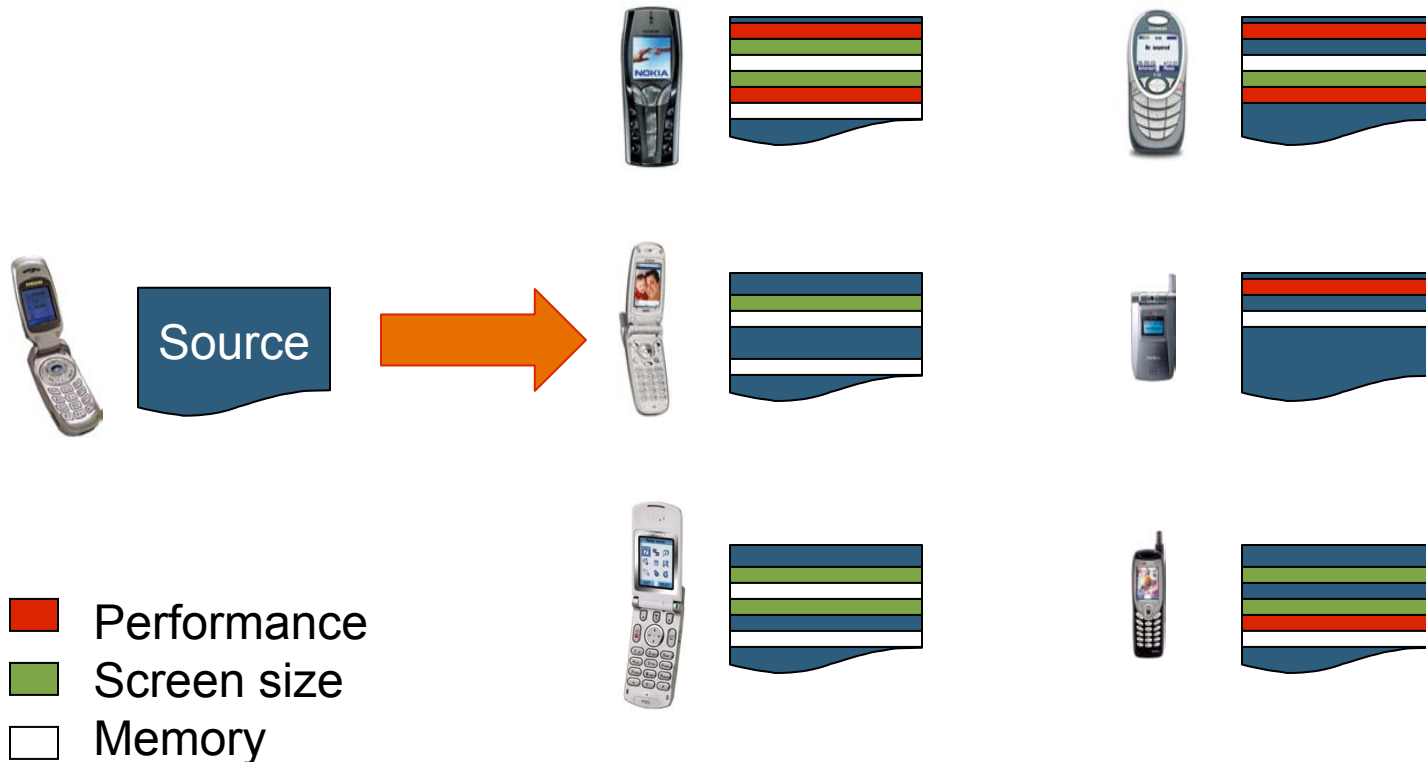
**How AOP applies to mobile development**

Demo

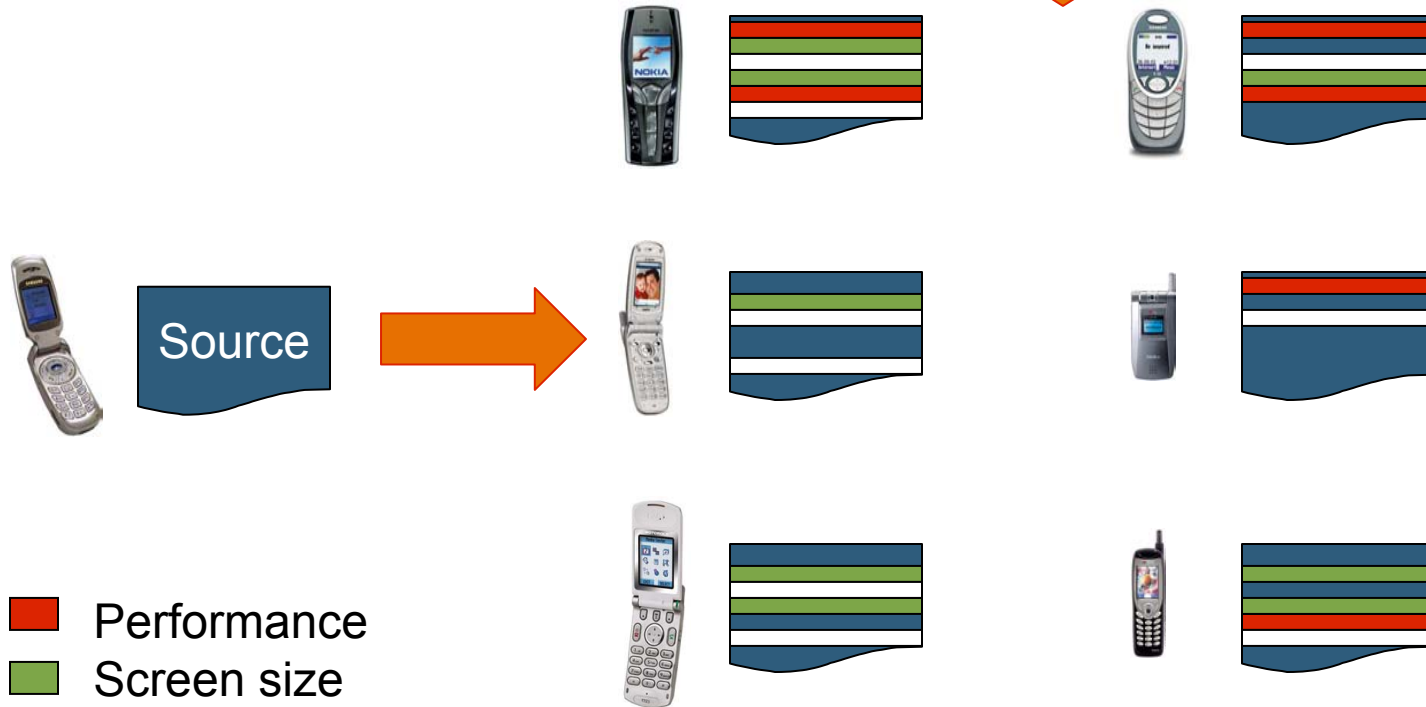
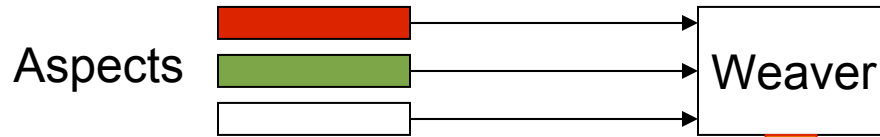
# How AOP Applies to Mobile

- Modularizing cross-cutting concerns
- Encourage code reuse
- Enable knowledge discovery
- Survey indicates developers are wasting 25%–50% of their valuable time due to:
  - Inability to reuse code previously developed
  - Inability to realize the existence of reusable code

# Without Modularising Concerns Into Aspects



# Modularising and Reusing Concerns Into Aspects



- Performance
- Screen size
- Memory

# Knowledge Discovery

Reusable code is useless if nobody knows its existence

- Overtime a lot of aspects are developed
- How can developers find the right aspects to reuse?
- How can developers leverage the broader community?
- Aspects are “just code”, more metadata is needed

# Jumplet

## Aspects with metadata

- A collection of aspects that addresses a particular issue
  - An issue example: Sprint builds require GameLobby
  - A Sprint GameLobby Jumplet can contain the following aspects:
    - Bootstrap
    - High score screen
- Metadata
  - Tags
  - Device properties
    - e.g., List of Sprint devices
  - Usage count

# Agenda

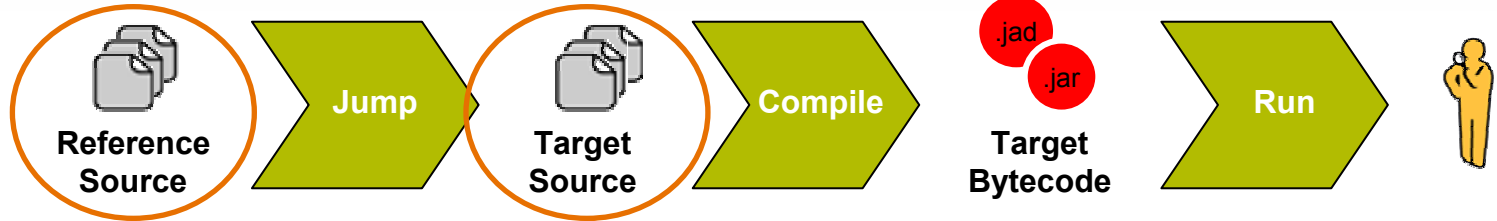
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**Demo**





Motorola V3 from Nokia 6682

pub | Search

- Default
  - Required Tasks
    - Nokia API using Midp 2 Impl (1, 3)
    - Nokia 6682 to Motorola V3 [Tue Mar 20 2007 15:16:10]
      - Packaging
        - Change Midlet Property (1,1)
        - Jar Compression (1,1)
        - Obfuscation (1,1)
        - Preverify (1,1)
      - Differences in Key code values
        - Key Mapping (1,4)
      - Bugs
        - Fix Pause Issue (1,1)

Execution Order

Jumplet	Category	Order
Nokia API using Midp 2 impl	source	1
Key Mapping	source	2
Fix Pause Issue	source	3
Compilation	source	4
Packaging	packaging	5
Change Midlet Property	packaging	6
Jar Compression	packaging	7
Obfuscation	packaging	8
Preverify	packaging	9

\_GAME;  
 \_OPTIONS;  
 \_HELP;

Each Jumplet contains one or more Aspects...  
 ...where each Aspect can modify the source code

“Jumping” transforms the source code ready for compilation  
 ...starts in the execution Reference complete

Motorola V3 from Nokia 6682 Fix Pause Issue

Aspects

- ChangeGameState
  - copc: Game.Game(...) (1)
  - insertBefore: copc (1)
- cpc: TrainingCanvas (1)
  - addField: cpc (1)
- copc: TrainingCanvas.TrainingCanvas(...) (1)
  - insertBefore: copc (1)
- ispc: MainMenu.handleKeyPressed(...) keyCode == FullCanvas.KEY\_NUM1 (1)
  - insertBefore: ispc (1)

Modifier details

Source code: TrainingCanvas.myCanvas.gameScreen = new Game();

# Sprint Game Lobby

- Sprint's gaming community
  - View Leaderboard
  - Rate the Game
  - Recommend the Game
  - My Stats

# Sprint Game Lobby Implementation

- Bootstrap code
  - Insert Game Lobby class library
  - Subclass from GCMIDlet instead of MIDlet
  - Implement abstract methods (e.g., rxData)
- User interface
  - Menu
  - Score posting, rating, and recommendations (http calls)
  - Leaderboard, My Stats UI



# DEMO

Implementing Sprint Game Lobby Using AOP



# Summary

- OOP is not sufficient as the only component model for mobile development
- AOP provides the “missing link”
- Mobile Development 2.0—Leverage the community

# For More Information

- [www.tirawireless.com](http://www.tirawireless.com)
- [www.eclipse.org/aspectj](http://www.eclipse.org/aspectj)
- [wikipedia.org/wiki/aspect-oriented\\_programming](http://wikipedia.org/wiki/aspect-oriented_programming)



# Q&A

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