



Jim Clarke

Oracle Corporation

jim.clarke@oracle.com

@JimClarke5 on Twitter

<http://www.codetown.us/profiles/blog/list?tag=groovyfx>

Dierk König

Canoo Engineering AG

dierk.koenig@canoo.com

@mittie on Twitter

<http://www.canoo.com/blog>

First App



```
import static groovyx.javafx.GroovyFX.start

start {
    stage(title: "GroovyFX @ JavaONE", show: true ) {
        scene(fill: groovyblue, width: 420, height: 420 ) {
            text("Hello World!", layoutY: 50, font: "bold 48pt serif")
        }
    }
}
```



First App (Java)



```
import javafx.application.Application;
import javafx.scene.Group;
import javafx.scene.Scene;
import javafx.scene.paint.Color;
import javafx.scene.text.Font;
import javafx.scene.text.FontWeight;
import javafx.scene.text.Text;
import javafx.stage.Stage;

public class HelloWorld extends Application {
    @Override
    public void start(Stage primaryStage) {
        Font font = Font.font("serif", FontWeight.BOLD, 48);

        Text text = new Text("Hello World!");
        text.setLayoutY(50);
        text.setFont(font);

        Group parent = new Group(text);
        Scene scene = new Scene(parent, 420, 420, Color.rgb(99, 152, 170));

        primaryStage.setScene(scene);
        primaryStage.setTitle("JavaFX @ JavaONE");
        primaryStage.show();
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        launch(args);
    }
}
```

```
import static groovyx.javafx.GroovyFX.start

GroovyFX.start {

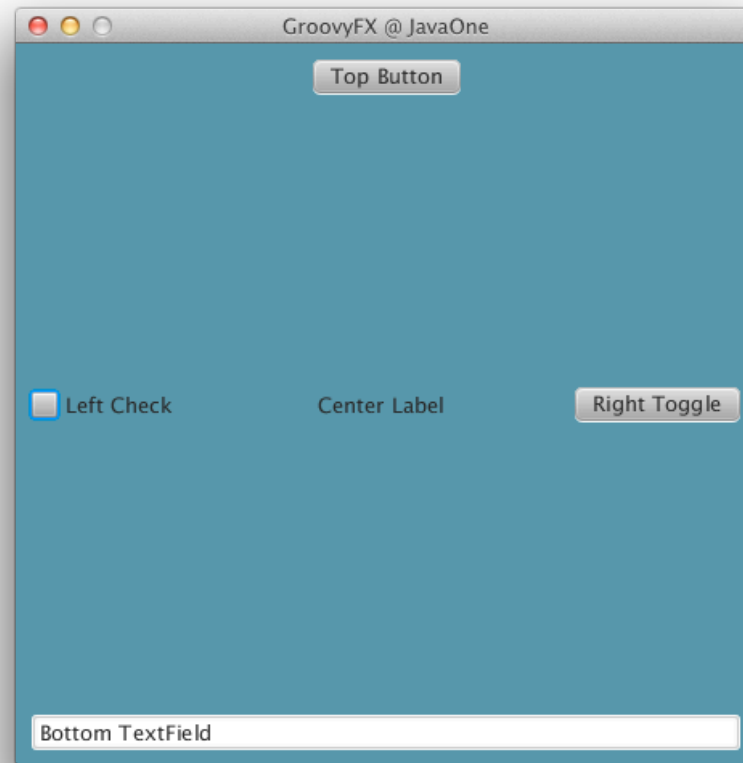
    stage(title: "GroovyFX @ JavaONE", show: true ) {
        scene(fill: groovyblue, width: 420, height: 420 ) {
            text("Hello World!", layoutY: 50,
                font: "bold 48pt serif")
        }
    }
}
```

The SceneGraph



```
stage(title: "GroovyFX BorderPane Demo", show: true) {  
    scene(fill: groovyblue, width: 650, height:450) {  
        borderPane {  
            top(align: CENTER, margin: [10,0,10,0]) {  
                button("Top Button")  
            }  
            right(align: CENTER, margin: [0,10,0,1]) {  
                toggleButton("Right Toggle")  
            }  
            left(align: CENTER, margin: [0,10]) {  
                checkBox("Left Check")  
            }  
            bottom(align: CENTER, margin: 10) {  
                textField("Bottom TextField")  
            }  
            label("Center Label")  
        }  
    }  
}
```

What you see



Colors - Gradients

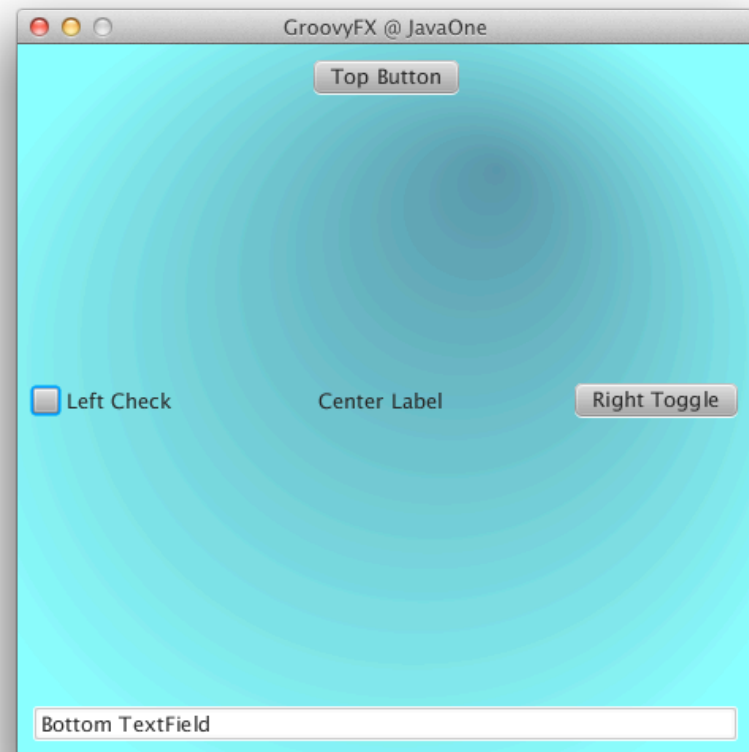
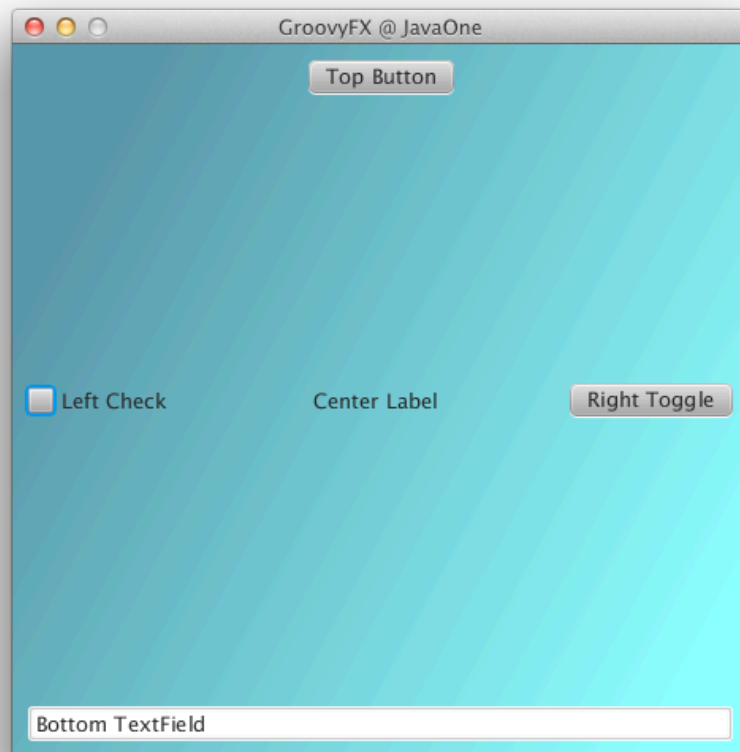


```
stage(title: "GroovyFX @ JavaONE", show: true) {  
    scene(width: 420, height:420) {  
        fill linearGradient(  
            start: [0, 0.4], end: [0.9, 0.9],  
            stops: [groovyblue, rgb(153,255,255)])
```

=====

```
        fill radialGradient(radius: 0.6, center:[0.5, 0.5],  
            focusDistance: 0.6, focusAngle: -65,  
            stops: [groovyblue, '#99FFFF'])
```

What you see

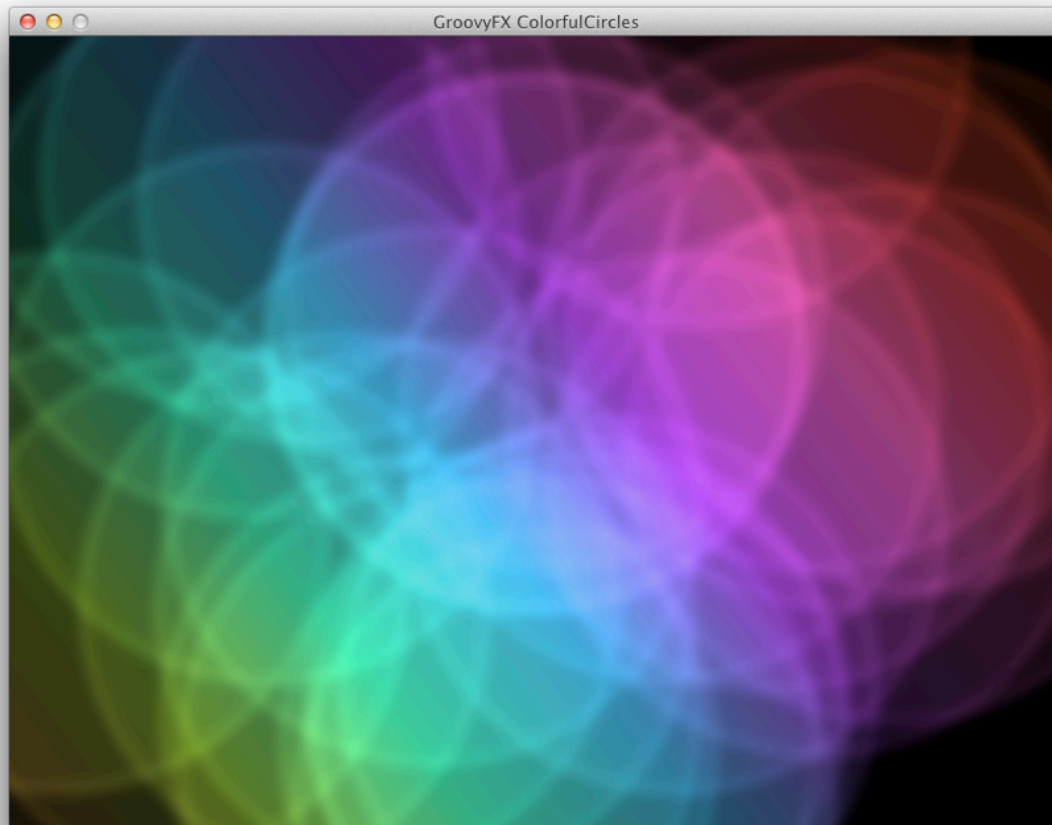


Graphics & Effects



```
stage(title: 'GroovyFX ColorfulCircles', resizable: false, show: true) {
    scene(width: 800, height: 600, fill: black) {
        group {
            group {
                30.times {
                    circle(radius: 200, strokeWidth: 4, strokeType: 'outside',
                        fill: rgb(255, 255, 255, 0.05),
                        stroke: rgb(255, 255, 255, 0.16))
                }
                effect boxBlur(width: 10, height: 10, iterations: 3)
            }
            rectangle(width: 800, height: 600, blendMode: 'overlay') {
                def stops = ['#f8bd55', '#c0fe56', '#5dfbc1', '#64c2f8',
                    '#be4af7', '#ed5fc2', '#ef504c', '#f2660f']
                fill linearGradient(start: [0f, 1f], end: [1f, 0f], stops: stops)
            }
        }
    }
}
```


What you see

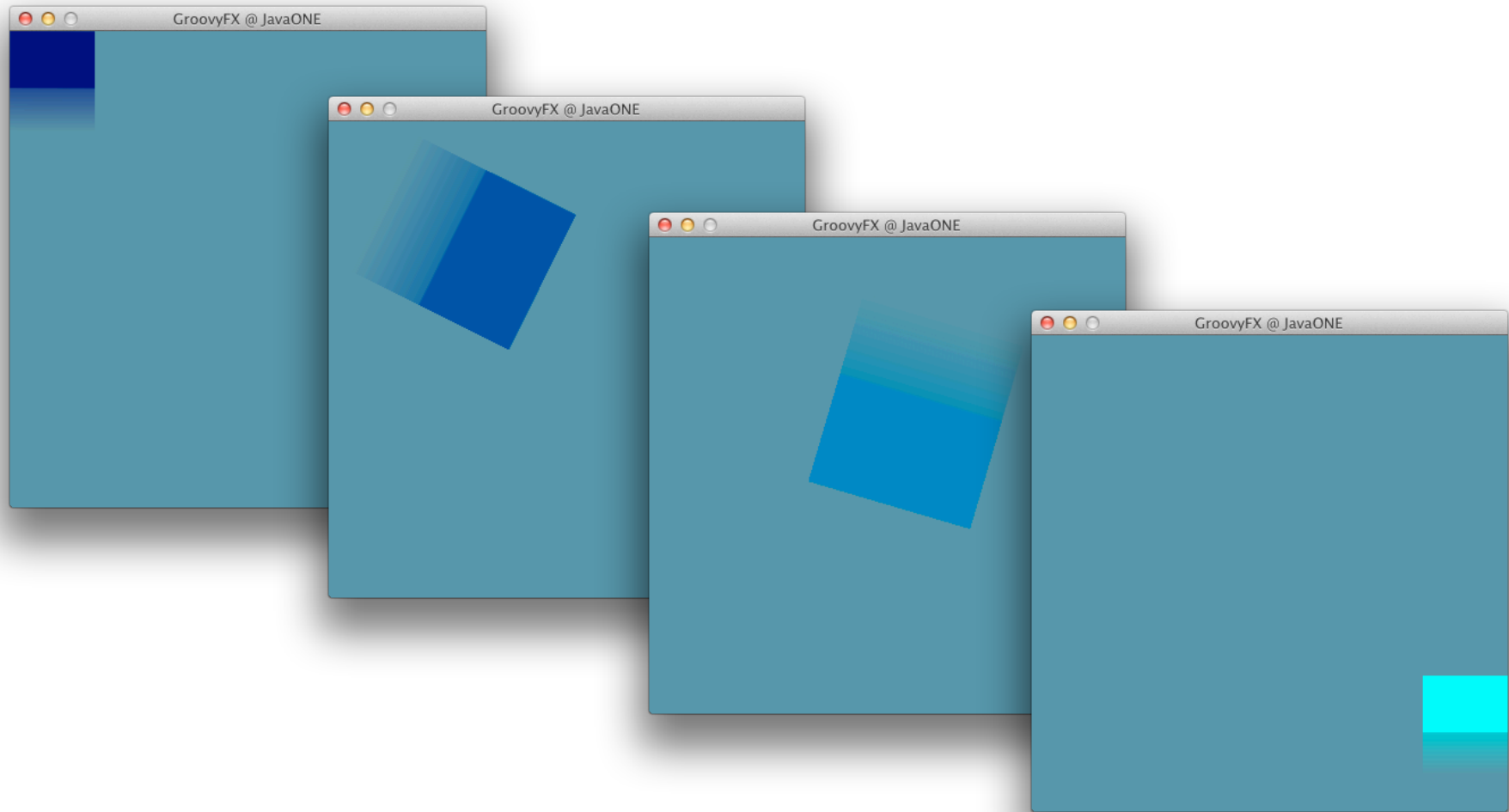


Animation



```
stage(title: "GroovyFX @ JavaONE", show: true) {  
    scene(fill: groovyblue, width: 420, height: 420) {  
        rect = rectangle(width: 75, height: 50, fill: navy) {  
            effect reflection()  
            animation = parallelTransition(cycleCount: indefinite, autoReverse: true) {  
                translateTransition(4.s, fromX: 0, fromY: 0, toX: 420-75, toY: 300)  
                rotateTransition(4.s, toAngle: 360)  
                fillTransition(4.s, from: navy, to: cyan)  
                sequentialTransition() {  
                    scaleTransition(2.s, from: 1.0, to: 2)  
                    scaleTransition(2.s, from: 2, to: 1.0)  
                }  
            } animation.playFromStart();  
        }  
    }  
}
```

What you see

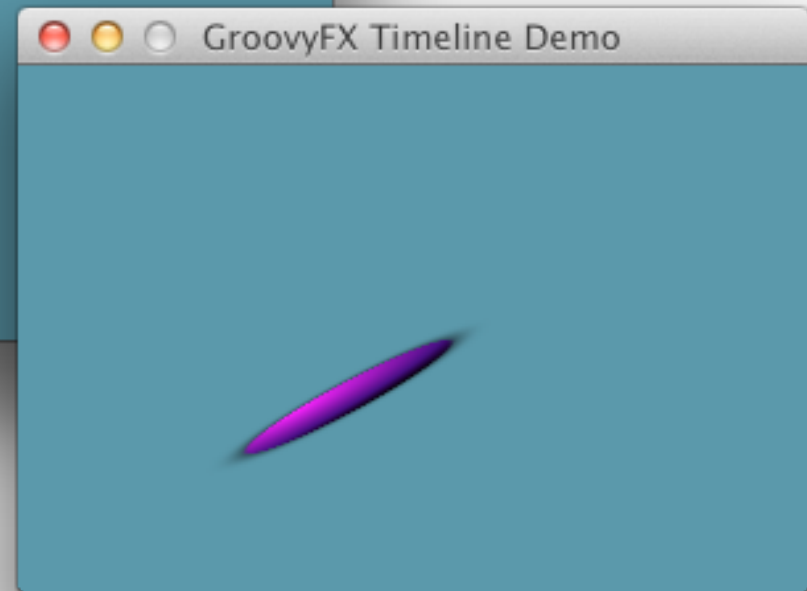
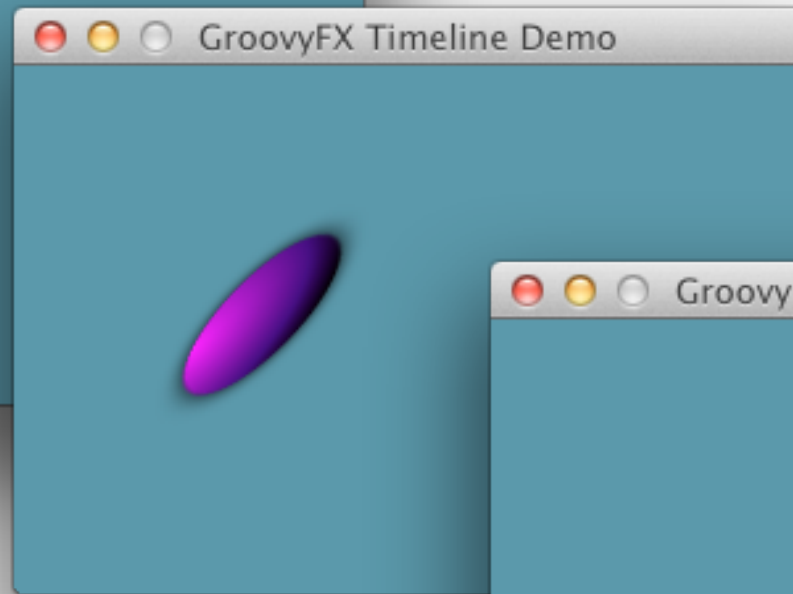
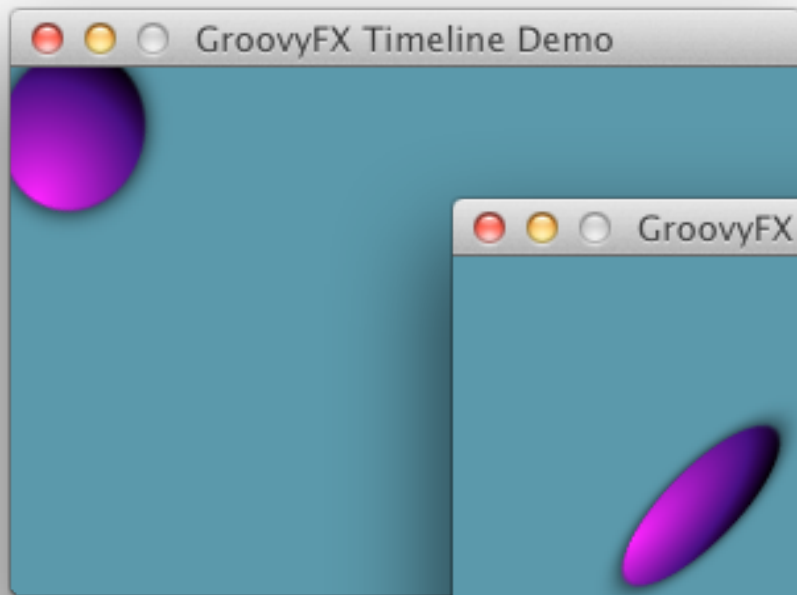


Animation - Timeline



```
start {
    stage(title: "GroovyFX Timeline Demo", show: true) {
        scene(fill: groovyblue, width: 300, height:200) {
            circle(id: "circ", radius: 25, rotationAxis: [0,1,1]) {
                fill radialGradient(radius: 1, center:[0.5, 1],
                    stops:[[0, magenta], [0.75, indigo], [1, black]])
                effect dropShadow()
            }
        }
        timeline (cycleCount: indefinite, autoReverse: true) {
            at(2.s) {
                change(circ.layoutXProperty()) { to 150; tween easeboth }
                change(circ.layoutYProperty()) { to 150; tween easeboth }
                change(circ.scaleXProperty()) { to 2 }
                change(circ.scaleYProperty()) { to 2 }
                change(circ.rotateProperty()) { to 180 }
            }
        }.playFromStart()
    }
}
```

What you see



GroovyFX Binding



Binding – Analog Clock



```
@FXBindable
class Time {
    Integer hours
    Integer minutes
    Integer seconds

    Double hourAngle
    Double minuteAngle
    Double secondAngle

    public Time() {
        // bind the angle properties to the clock time
        hourAngleProperty.bind((hours() * 30.0) + (minutes() * 0.5))
        minuteAngleProperty.bind(minutes() * 6.0)
        secondAngleProperty.bind(seconds() * 6.0)

        // Set the initial clock time
        def calendar = Calendar.instance
        hours = calendar.get(Calendar.HOUR)
        minutes = calendar.get(Calendar.MINUTE)
        seconds = calendar.get(Calendar.SECOND)
    }

    public void addOneSecond() {
        seconds = (seconds + 1) % 60
        if (seconds == 0) {
            minutes = (minutes + 1) % 60
            if (minutes == 0)
                hours = (hours + 1) % 12
        }
    }
}
```

JavaFX Properties

GroovyFX
Binding DSL

Binding – Analog Clock



```
// hour hand
path(fill: black) {
    rotate(angle: bind(time.hourAngle()))
    moveTo(x: 4, y: -4)
    arcTo(radiusX: -1, radiusY: -1, x: -4, y: -4)
    lineTo(x: 0, y: -radius / 4 * 3)
}
// minute hand
path(fill: black) {
    rotate(angle: bind(time.minuteAngle()))
    moveTo(x: 4, y: -4)
    arcTo(radiusX: -1, radiusY: -1, x: -4, y: -4)
    lineTo(x: 0, y: -radius)
}
// second hand
line(endY: -radius - 3, strokeWidth: 2, stroke: red) {
    rotate(angle: bind(time.secondAngle()))
}
```


More Binding



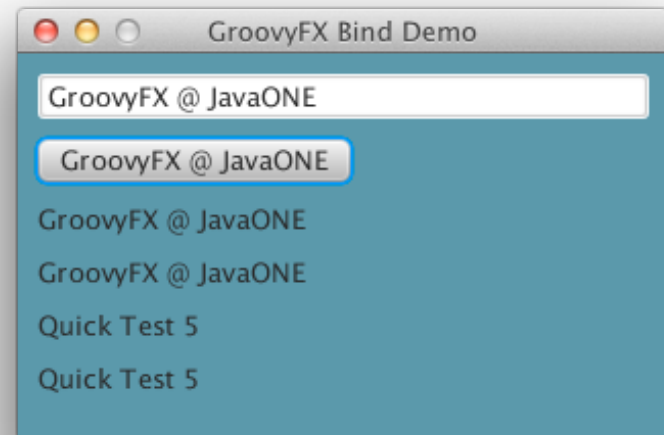
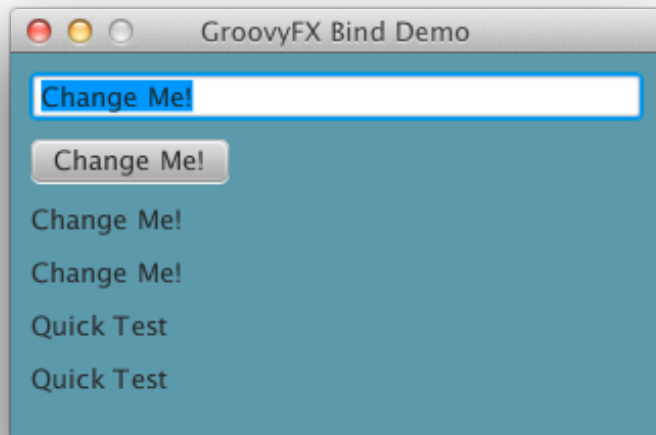
```
class QuickTest {
    @FXBindable String qtText = "Quick Test"

    private int clickCount = 0
    def onClick = {
        qtText = "Quick Test ${++clickCount}"
    }
}

start {
    def qt = new QuickTest()

    stage(title: "GroovyFX Bind Demo", x: 100, y: 100, show: true) {
        scene(fill: groovyblue, width: 400, height: 400) {
            vbox(spacing: 10, padding: 10) {
                TextField tf = textField(text: 'Change Me!')
                button(text: bind(tf, 'text'), onAction: {qt.onClick()})
                label(text: bind(tf.textProperty()))
                label(text: bind({tf.text}))
                label(text: bind(tf.text))
                // Bind to POGO fields annotated with @FXBindable
                // These next two bindings are equivalent
                label(text: bind(qt, 'qtText'))
                label(text: bind(qt.qtText))
                label(text: bind(qt.qtTextProperty()).using({"<<< ${it} >>>"}))
            }
        }
    }
}
```

What you see



TableView Control



The Java Way:

```
public class Person {
    private StringProperty firstName;
    public void setFirstName(String val) { firstNameProperty().set(val); }
    public String getFirstName() { return firstNameProperty().get(); }
    public StringProperty firstNameProperty() {
        if (firstName == null)
            firstName = new SimpleStringProperty(this, "firstName");
        return firstName;
    }

    private StringProperty lastName;
    public void setLastName(String value) { lastNameProperty().set(value); }
    public String getLastName() { return lastNameProperty().get(); }
    public StringProperty lastNameProperty() {
        // etc.
    }
}
```

TableView Control



The Java Way:

```
ObservableList<Person> items = ...
TableView<Person> tableView = new TableView<Person>(items);

TableColumn<Person,String> firstNameCol =
    new TableColumn<Person,String>("First Name");

firstNameCol.setCellValueFactory(
    new Callback<CellDataFeatures<Person, String>,
        ObservableValue<String>>() {
        public ObservableValue<String> call(CellDataFeatures<Person, String> p) {
            return p.getValue().firstNameProperty();
        }
    });

tableView.getColumns().add(firstNameCol);
```

TableView Control



```
enum Gender { MALE, FEMALE }
```

```
@Canonical
```

```
Class Person {  
    @FXBindable String name  
    @FXBindable int age  
    @FXBindable Gender gender  
    @FXBindable Date dob  
}
```

```
def persons = [  
    new Person("Jim Clarke", 29, Gender.MALE, new Date()),  
    new Person("Dierk König", 30, Gender.MALE, new Date()),  
    new Person("Angelina Jolie", 36, Gender.FEMALE, new Date())  
]
```

TableView Control



```
def dateFormat = new SimpleDateFormat("yyyy-MM-dd");

start {
    stage(title: "GroovyFX Table Demo", show: true) {
        scene(fill: groovyblue, width: 500, height: 200) {
            tableView(items: persons) {
                tableColumn(property: "name",    text: "Name",    prefWidth: 150)
                tableColumn(property: "age",      text: "Age",      prefWidth: 50)
                tableColumn(property: "gender",   text: "Gender",   prefWidth: 150)
                tableColumn(property: "dob",      text: "Birth",   prefWidth: 150,
                    type: Date,
                    converter: { from ->
                        return dateFormat.format(from)
                    }
                )
            }
        }
    }
}
```

What you see



GroovyFX Table Demo			
Name	Age	Gender	Birth
Jim Clarke	29	MALE	2011-10-01
Dean Iverson	30	MALE	2011-10-01
Angelina Jolie	36	FEMALE	2011-10-01

TableView Control



```
tableView(items: persons, selectionMode: "single",
          cellSelectionEnabled: true, editable: true) {
  tableColumn(editable: true, property: "name", text: "Name",
              prefWidth: 150,
              onEditCommit: { event ->
                int row = event.tablePosition.row
                Person item = event.tableView.items.get(row)
                item.name = event.newValue
              })

  tableColumn(editable: true, property: "dob", text: "Birth",
              prefWidth: 150, type: Date,
              converter: { from ->
                return dateFormat.format(from)
              },
              onEditCommit: { event ->
                int row = event.tablePosition.row
                Person item = event.tableView.items.get(row)
                // convert TextField string to a date object.
                Date date = dateFormat.parse(event.newValue)
                item.dob = date
              })
}
```


What you see



GroovyFX Table Demo			
Name	Age	Gender	Birth
Jim Clarke	29	MALE	2011-10-01
Dean Iverson	30	MALE	2011-10-01
Angelina Jolie	36	FEMALE	2011-10-01

Layout



JavaFX uses static methods to set constraints:

```
TextField urlField = new TextField("http://www.google.com");  
HBox.setHgrow(urlField, Priority.ALWAYS);
```

```
HBox hbox = new HBox();  
hbox.getChildren().add(urlField);
```

```
WebView webView = new WebView();  
VBox.setVgrow(webView, Priority.ALWAYS);
```

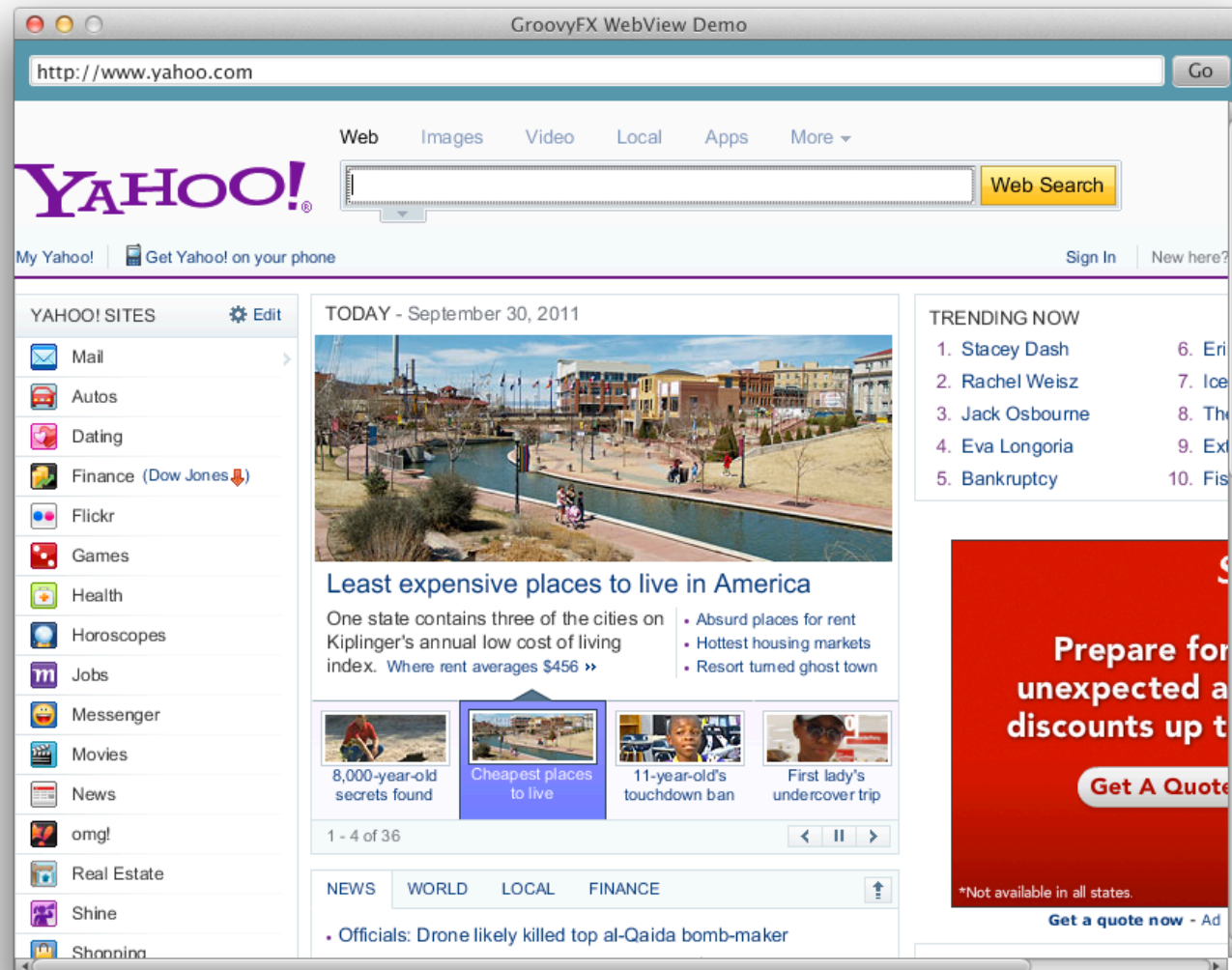
```
VBox vbox = new VBox();  
vbox.getChildren().addAll(hbox, webView);
```

Layout



```
stage(title: "GroovyFX WebView Demo", visible: true) {  
    scene(fill: groovyblue, width: 1024, height: 800) {  
        vbox {  
            hbox(padding: 10, spacing: 5) {  
                urlField = textField(text: homePage, onAction: goAction, hgrow: "always")  
                button("Go", onAction: goAction)  
            }  
            webView(vgrow: "always")  
        }  
    }  
}
```

What you see



Layout



```
gridPane(hgap: 5, vgap: 10, padding: 25) {  
    columnConstraints(minWidth: 50, halignment: "right")  
    columnConstraints(prefWidth: 250)  
  
    label("Send Us Your Feedback", font: "24pt sanserif",  
        row: 0, columnSpan: GridPane.REMAINING, halignment: "center",  
        margin: [0, 0, 10])  
  
    label("Name: ", row: 1, column: 0)  
    textField(promptText: "Your name", row: 1, column: 1, hgrow: 'always')  
  
    label("Email:", row: 2, column: 0)  
    textField(promptText: "Your email", row: 2, column: 1, hgrow: 'always')  
  
    label("Message:", row: 3, column: 0, valignment: "baseline")  
    textArea(row: 3, column: 1, hgrow: "always", vgrow: "always")  
  
    button("Send Message", row: 4, column: 1, halignment: "right")  
}
```

What you see



GroovyFX GridPane Demo

Send Us Your Feedback

Name:

Email:

Message:

GroovyFX GridPane Demo

Send Us Your Feedback	
Name:	Your name
Email:	Your email address
Message:	
Send Message	

GroovyFX + Griffon

A screenshot of a web browser displaying the GitHub repository page for 'deanriverson/griffon-javafx-archetype'. The page has a light green background. At the top, the title 'Griffon JavaFX Archetype' is in large, bold, dark green letters, followed by 'by deanriverson' in a smaller font. Below the title, a description reads: 'A Griffon archetype used to create JavaFX 2.0 applications.' To the right of the title, there are icons for downloading the 'ZIP' and 'TAR' files. A diagonal banner in the top right corner says 'Fork me on GitHub'. Below the description, the section 'Using the Archetype' is followed by a numbered list of three steps: 1. Download the Archetype, 2. Install the Archetype, and 3. Create an Application. Each step is followed by a code block containing the necessary command. Step 1 points to the file 'javafx-griffon-archetype.zip'. Step 2 shows the command 'griffon install-archetype javafx-griffon-archetype.zip'. Step 3 shows the command 'griffon create-app CoolApp -archetype=javafx'.

GroovyFX + Griffon

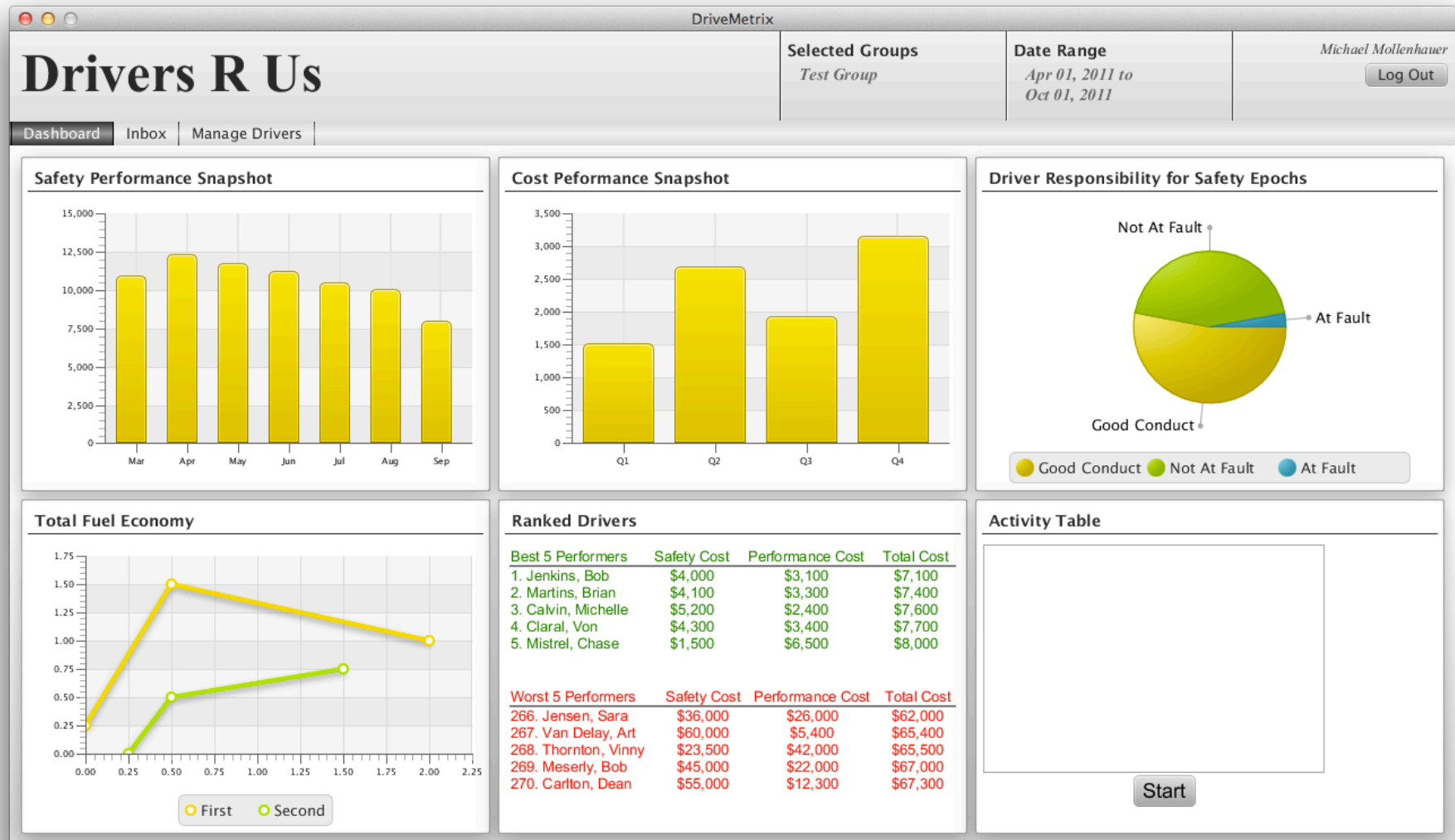


- Download JavaFX archetype from:
 - <http://deanriverson.github.com/griffon-javafx-archetype>
- `griffon install-archetype javafx-griffon-archetype.zip`
- `griffon create-app CoolApp -archetype=javafx`

GroovyFX + Griffon



GroovyFX + Griffon



Resources



- GroovyFX Website:
 - <http://groovyfx.org>
- Griffon Website:
 - <http://griffon.codehaus.org>