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THE BEST KEPT SECRETS OF SEAM, RICHFACES, JSF AND FACLETS

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Sept 2, 2009

Displaying the Seam version



Implementation-Version property in Seam JAR manifest

`Seam.class.getPackage().getImplementationVersion()`

Stored in application-scoped variable at startup

Variable name: `org.jboss.seam.version`

Scope: application

EL: `#{org.jboss.seam.version}`

TIP

Use the same approach to get the implementation version, specification version, and even vendor name from other libraries.

Custom EL functions (1)



Facelets has mechanism for registering EL functions

```
#${str:encodeURIComponent(url)}
```

JBoss EL supports...

- parametrized methods

- static methods

Using Seam component is simpler

- `@BypassInterceptors`

- Static methods

Custom EL functions (2)



Define a stateless Seam component

```
@Name("stringutils")
@Scope(ScopeType.STATELESS)
public class StringUtils {
    public static void truncate(String s, int max) {
        ...
    }
}
```

Invoke method using literal syntax

```
{stringutils.truncate(name, 25)}
```

Reuse existing libraries

```
<component name="stringutils"
    class="org.apache.commons.lang.StringUtils"
    scope="stateless"/>
```

Output context path

Required to reference web asset from HTML tag

The “JSF way” is to read from ExternalContext

```
{facesContext.getExternalContext().requestContextPath}
```

Facelets provides a shorthand

```
{request.contextPath}
```

```
<link rel="shortcut icon"
      href="{request.contextPath}/favicon.ico"/>
```

NOTE

Facelets supports the same implicit objects as JSP, plus the objects introduced by JSF.

Set response content type

Facelets allows content type to be set on `<f:view>`

Makes serving XML with Facelets is easy!

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<feed xmlns="http://purl.org/atom/ns#" version="0.3"
  xmlns:ui="http://java.sun.com/jsf/facelets"
  xmlns:f="http://java.sun.com/jsf/core">
  <b>f:view contentType="application/atom+xml">
    <title>News Feed</title>
    <ui:repeat var="_entry" value="#{entries}">
      <entry>
        <title>#{_entry.title}</title>
        <summary
type="text/plain">#{_entry.body}</summary>
        ...
      </entry>
    </ui:repeat>
  </f:view>
</feed>
```

Spacer for Facelets

Facelets is horrible about eating whitespace

```
<h:commandLink value="Link 1"/>  
<h:commandLink value="Link 2"/>
```

→ Link 1Link 2

Solution: Use EL expression that inserts a space

```
<h:commandLink value="Link 1"/>  
#{' '}  
<h:commandLink value="Link 2"/>
```

→ Link 1 Link 2

Shorthand: Bind space to single-character variable

```
<factory name="_" value=" " scope="APPLICATION"/>  
#{' '} == #{_}
```

NOTE

 is not appropriate because it inserts too much space or prevents a line break.

Common Facelets JAR (1)



Leverage pluggable resource resolver to locate template

```
public class ClasspathResourceResolver extends
    DefaultResourceResolver implements ResourceResolver {

    public URL resolveUrl(String resource) {
        URL resourceUrl = super.resolveUrl(resource);
        if (resourceUrl == null) {
            resource = resource.startsWith("/") ?
                resource.substring(1) : resource;
            resourceUrl = Thread.currentThread()
                .getContextClassLoader()
                .getResource("META-INF/" + resource);
        }
        return resourceUrl;
    }
}
```

Common Facelets JAR (2)



Register the resolver using a context param in web.xml

```
<context-param>
    <param-name>facelets.RESOURCE_RESOLVER</param-name>
    <param-value>ClasspathResourceResolver</param-value>
</context-param>
```

Package templates in a JAR file and reference them

```
<ui:composition template="/templateInJAR.xhtml">
...
</ui:composition>
```

NOTE

Facelets automatically loads tags mapped to source templates that are in the META-INF directory of a classpath entry.

Iterating a `java.util.Set` (1)



JSF standardized `UIData` on `List` instead of `Collection`

Leaves `Set` out in the cold

Many ORM associations are sets

How do you iterate a `Set` using a `UIData` component?

Seam

JBoss EL

Iterating a java.util.Set (2) – Outjection



@DataModel outjection wraps Set in SetDataModel

Must be triggered by a factory or action invocation

```
@Name("employeeList")
public class EmployeeList {
    @DataModel Set employees;

    public void search() {
        employees = ...;
    }
}
```

Does not address Set association (e.g. employee jobs)

Iterating a java.util.Set (3) – Component



Define SetDataModel as component to wrap collection

```
<component name="jobs" scope="event"
  class="org.jboss.seam.jsf.SetDataModel">
  <property
    name="wrappedData">#{employee.jobs}</property>
</component>
```

Only works well for global data

Iterating a java.util.Set (4) – Factory



Uses dataModels component to wrap collection

```
<factory name="jobs" scope="event"  
    value="#{dataModels.getDataModel(employee.jobs)}"/>
```

Again, only works well for global data

Iterating a java.util.Set (5) – EL Projection



Convert any Collection to a List using an EL projection

```
<h:dataTable var="_job" value="#{employee.jobs.{j|j}}">
  <h:column>
    #{_job.title}
  </h:column>
</h:dataTable>
```

Best solution for traversing object graphs

Printing the iteration index (1)



UIData component doesn't have iteration variable

Solution #1: Use a component reference

```
<h:dataTable id="lineItems" var="lineItem"
  value="#{orderBean.lineItems}">
  <h:column>
    Row: #{uiComponent['lineItems'].rowIndex + 1}
  </h:column>
  ...
</h:dataTable>
```

Printing the iteration index (2)



UIData component doesn't have iteration variable

Solution #2: Use RichFaces row key iteration variable

```
<rich:dataTable id="lineItems" var="lineItem"
  rowKeyVar="i"
  value="#{orderBean.lineItems}">
  <h:column>
    Row: #{i + 1}
  </h:column>
  ...
</rich:dataTable>
```

Available on any RichFaces UIData component

aj4:repeat

rich:dataList

...etc

Printing the iteration index (3)



UIData component doesn't have iteration variable

Solution #3: Use varStatus on <ui:repeat> (JSF 2.0)

```
<table>
  <ui:repeat id="lineItems" var="lineItem" varStatus="it"
    value="#{orderBean.lineItems}">
    <tr>
      <td>Row: #{it.index}</td>
      ...
    </tr>
  </ui:repeat>
</table>
```

Provides complete iteration status

first, last, begin, end, step, current, index and count

Must abandon data table semantics

Recover from expired view



JSF views can become “stale”

Use Seam’s pages.xml exception handling to recover

```
<exception class="javax.faces.application.ViewExpiredException">
  <redirect view-id="#{org.jboss.seam.handledException.viewId}">
    <message severity="warn">
      Your session timed out. A new session
      has been created and you were redirected
      back to the requested page.
    </message>
  </redirect>
</exception>
```

Action on navigation



Goal: Invoke action when navigate away from page

Redirect to fictitious view ID with page action

Redirect from page action to real view ID

```
<page view-id="/register.xhtml">
  <navigation from-action="#{registration.register}">
    <rule if-outcome="success">
      <redirect view-id="/postRegister.xhtml"/>
    </rule>
  </navigation>
</page>
<page view-id="/postRegister.xhtml">
  <action execute="#{quotaManager.allocate}"/>
  <navigation from-action="#{quotaManager.allocate}">
    <redirect view-id="/accountHome.xhtml"/>
  </navigation>
</page>
```

Load seed data in development



Application-scoped, debug, startup component

Load data in @PostConstruct (or @Create) method

```
@Name("dataLoader")
@Scope(ScopeType.APPLICATION)
@Install(debug = true)
public class DataLoader {
    @In EntityManager entityManager;

    @Transactional @PostConstruct
    public void execute() {
        entityManager.persist(new Widget(...));
        ...
    }
}
```

Activated using <core:init debug="true"/>

Constructor double take



"Why is the constructor of my component called twice?"

Answer: Side-effect of Javassist object proxying

Solution: Put initialization code in a `@PostConstruct` (or `@Create`) method

Interceptors on sibling methods



Interceptors don't "see" method calls invoked on **this**

Unwrapped instance shadows component's name

Look up in explicit scope to get proxied instance

```
@Name("paymentProcessor")
public class PaymentProcessor {

    public void purchase() {
        PaymentProcessor thisComponent =
            (PaymentProcessor) Component.getInstance(
                "paymentProcessor", ScopeType.EVENT);
        thisComponent.schedulePayment();
    }

    @Asynchronous
    public void schedulePayment() {
        ...
    }
}
```

@Out and @DataModelSelection don't mix!



@DataModelSelection annotation does not inject null

Keep @Out and @DataModelSelection separate

```
@Name("courseDirectory")
@Scope(ScopeType.CONVERSATION)
public class CourseDirectory {
    @DataModel List<Course> courses;
    @DataModelSelection Course selectedCourse;
    @Out(required = "false") Course activeCourse;
    ...
    public void select() {
        activeCourse = selectedCourse;
    }
}
```

NOTE

Bijection may be triggered in other phases.

Interpolate the value of a message key



Substitute EL and/or positional parameters

NotInRange=#{user.name}, select a value between {0} and {1}

Step 1: Resolve message from resource bundle

```
String template = ResourceBundle.instance()  
    .getString("NotInRange");
```

Step 2: Interpolate message template

```
String resolved = Interpolator.instance()  
    .interpolate(template, 1, 1000);
```

Optionally use MessageFormat from Java API

```
String resolved = MessageFormat.format(template, 1, 1000);
```

Display constraint violation messages



Seam Hibernate Validator integrations

JSF validation: `<s:validate>` and `<s:validateAll>`

DML validation: `persist`, `merge`, `update`

Trap constraint violation and register JSF message

```
try {
    return super.persist();
}
catch (InvalidStateException ex) {
    for (InvalidValue iv : ex.getInvalidValues()) {
        FacesMessages.instance().add(iv.getMessage());
    }

    return "invalid";
}
```

Checking for a postback



ResponseStateManager has postback check (JSF 1.2)

```
FacesContext facesCtx = FacesContext.getCurrentInstance();  
facesCtx.getRenderKit().getResponseStateManager()  
    .isPostback(facesCtx)
```

As abbreviated using JBoss EL

```
#{facesContext.renderKit.responseStateManager.isPostback(  
    facesContext)}
```

Actual logic performed

```
#{not empty param['javax.faces.ViewState']}
```

Convenience method added to FacesContext in JSF 2.0

```
FacesContext.getCurrentInstance().isPostback()
```

Checking for an Ajax request



Exposed via ajaxContext managed bean

```
{ajaxContext.ajaxRequest}
```

See AjaxContext JavaDoc for additional methods

Component references using EL



Seam provides dynamic map to lookup component

```
#{uiComponent['lineItems']}
```

Equivalent to `UIViewRoot#findComponent()`

RichFaces offers same functionality with EL function

```
#{rich:findComponent('lineItems')}
```

Searches upwards to `UIViewRoot`, then back down

Additional RichFaces EL functions

`rich:clientId` – Return qualified `clientId` of component

`rich:element` – DOM element of component

`rich:component` – JavaScript control for component

Dynamic columns



Standard JSF data table only supports dynamic rows

Add components dynamically in Facelets build phase

```
<h:panelGrid columns="#{list.size}">
  <c:forEach var="row" value="#{list}">
    <rich:panel>#{row.name}</rich:panel>
  </c:forEach>
</h:panelGrid>
```

Use RichFaces to iterate columns in data table

```
<h:dataTable var="_restaurant" value="#{restaurants}">
  <rich:columns var="_criterion" value="#{criteria}">
    <f:facet name="header">#{_criterion}</f:facet>
    #{_restaurant[_criterion]}
  </rich:columns>
</h:dataTable>
```

Initially expand nodes in tree (1)



Use state advisor to send open hint (default is closed)

```
@Name("myTreeStateAdvisor")
public class MyTreeStateAdvisor implements TreeStateAdvisor {

    public Boolean adviseNodeOpened(UITree tree) {
        FacesContext ctx = FacesContext.getCurrentInstance();
        if (!ctx.getRenderKit()
            .getResponseStateManager().isPostback(ctx)) {
            TreeRowKey treeRowKey = (TreeRowKey)
tree.getRowKey();
            if (treeRowKey == null || treeRowKey.depth() <= 2) {
                return Boolean.TRUE;
            }
        }

        return null;
    }

    ...
}
```

Optionally enforce a max
expand depth.

Initially expand nodes in tree (2)



Bind the state advisor to the tree

```
<rich:tree switchType="ajax"
  ...
  value="#{treeBean.buildTree}"
  stateAdvisor="#{myTreeStateAdvisor}">
  ...
</rich:tree>
```

...or bind the method to the tree

```
adviseNodeOpened="#{myTreeStateAdvisor.adviseNodeOpened}"
```



Expand all descendant nodes (1)



Default behavior opens current node

Use data visitor to walk tree, recursively open nodes

Expand all descendant nodes (2)



Step 1: Define tree range to visit all nodes

```
public class CompleteTreeRange implements TreeRange {  
    public boolean processChildren(TreeRowKey rowKey) {  
        return true;  
    }  
  
    public boolean processNode(TreeRowKey rowKey) {  
        return true;  
    }  
}
```

Expand all descendant nodes (3)



Step 2: Use data visitor to mark descendant nodes open

```
public class ExpandingDataVisitor implements DataVisitor {
    private TreeRowKey selectedKey;
    private UITree tree;

    public ExpandingDataVisitor(UITree tree, TreeRowKey key) {
        this.tree = tree;
        this.selectedKey = key;
    }

    public void process(FacesContext ctx, Object key, Object arg)
        throws IOException {
        TreeRowKey parentKey =
            (TreeRowKey) tree.getParentRowKey(key);

        if (selectedKey.isSubKey(parentKey)) {
            tree.queueNodeExpand(parentKey);
        }
    }
}
```

Expand all descendant nodes (4)



Step 3: Initiate tree walk from expand node listener

```
@Name("treeBean")
public class TreeBean {
    ...
    public void expandNode(NodeExpandedEvent e) {
        UITree tree = (UITree) e.getSource();
        ExpandingDataVisitor dataVisitor = new
ExpandingDataVisitor(
        tree, (TreeRowKey) tree.getRowKey());
        try {
            tree.walk(FacesContext.getCurrentInstance(),
                dataVisitor, new CompleteTreeRange(), null, null);
        } catch (final IOException ioe) {
            ioe.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
```

Expand all descendant nodes (5)



Step 4: Bind the listener to the tree

```
<rich:tree switchType="ajax"
    ...
    value="#{treeBean.buildTree}"
    changeExpandListener="#{treeBean.expandNode}"
    ...
</rich:tree>
```



Using RichFaces for style



RichFaces loads stylesheets on demand

Explicitly load stylesheet to style custom HTML

```
<a4j:loadStyle src="resource:///css/table.xcss"/>
```

```
<table class="rich-table">
```

```
...
```

```
</table>
```

Consult refdocs for complete list of stylesheets

Can also load JavaScript from JAR files

Partial page update via JavaScript function



Define JavaScript function that works like `<a4j:support>`

```
<a4j:jsFunction name="rate" reRender="rating">
  <a4j:actionparam name="stars"
    assignTo="#{ratingBean.stars}">
</a4j:jsFunction>
```

Invoke JavaScript function to update server state and UI

```
<button onclick="rate(1)" value="1 star"/>
<button onclick="rate(2)" value="2 stars"/>
<button onclick="rate(3)" value="3 stars"/>
<button onclick="rate(4)" value="4 stars"/>
<button onclick="rate(5)" value="5 stars"/>
```

Can also invoke JavaScript function after page update

Function can accept serialized data from server

Invoking a component behavior



Components have client-side API (JavaScript)

```
<button onclick="rich:component('panel').show()"
    value="Show modal panel"/>
```

Can also attach behavior to another component event

```
<s:link id="link" value="Show modal panel"/>
<rich:componentControl attachTo="link" event="onclick"
    for="panel" operation="show"/>
```

More tips and FAQs



<http://seamframework.org/Documentation/FAQs>

<http://seamframework.org/Documentation/KnowledgeBase>



<http://labs.jboss.com/community/wiki/RichFacesFAQ>

<http://www.jboss.org/community/wiki/RichFacesKnowledgeBase>

JSF

<http://wiki.apache.org/myfaces/FAQ>

<http://wiki.glassfish.java.net/Wiki.jsp?page=JavaServerFacesRI>



<http://wiki.java.net/bin/view/Projects/FaceletsFAQ>

QUESTIONS?

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