## Distributed Associative Networks

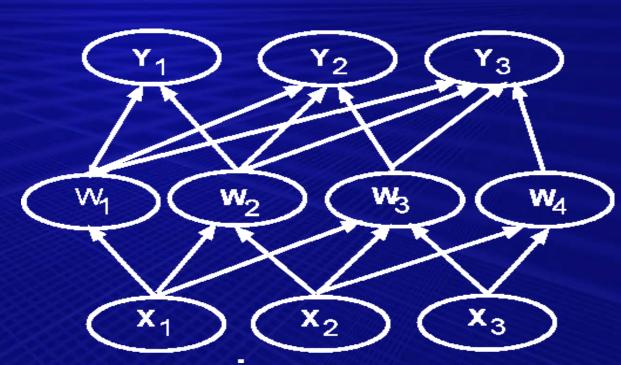
Kevin Hartig, Digital Reasoning Systems

## Introduction

- Kevin Hartig
  - Digital Reasoning Systems
  - Director of Distributed Computing
  - Unstructured Data Analytics (UDA) solutions
  - Al and Distributed Computing
  - -Finding meaning in the information age

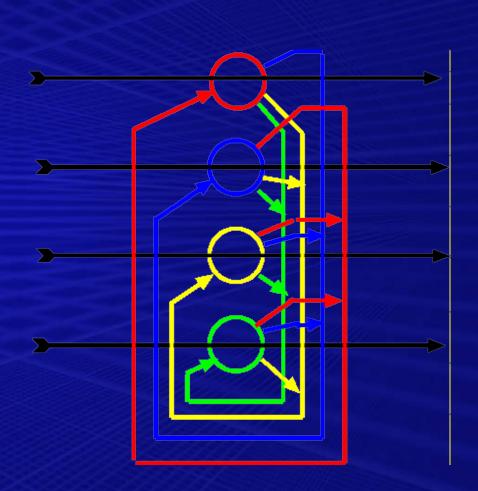
### **Associative Networks**

- Represent abstract models of the brain
- Consists of numerous, highly interconnected computational units
- Pattern -> Classifiers, Associators
- Associative
  - Hetero (HA)
  - Auto (AA)



# Hopfield Network

- John Hopfield 1982
- Auto Associative
- Outputs feedback into all Inputs but its own
- Weights calculated in advance



# Hopfield Network Processing

$$a_i \leftarrow \left\{ \begin{smallmatrix} 1 & \text{if } \sum_j w_{ij} s_j \\ \text{otherwise} \end{smallmatrix} \right. > \left. \theta_i \right.$$

$$E = -1/2 \sum_{i>j} w_{ij} s_i s_j + \sum_i \theta_i s_i$$

$$[W] = \eta[X]^{t}[Y]$$
  $[Y] = [X][W]$ 

# Hopfield Network Processing

$$[X] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad [Y] = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$[W] = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

[Y][W] = [Z] apply threshold -> [X]

## Distributed Data Structures

- Structure that can be accessed simultaneously by multiple processes
- Represented by a collection of objects
- Independently accessed or modified
- Concurrency rules applied

## Distributed Data Structures

Follows structure of java.util

#### **AbstractCollection**

**Attributes** 

**Operations** 

#### **DDSAbstractCollection**

**Attributes** 

**Operations** 

#### **AbstractList**

**Attributes** 

**Operations** 

#### **DDSAbstractList**

**Attributes** 

**Operations** 

#### **ArrayList**

**Attributes** 

**Operations** 

#### **ArrayList**

Attributes

**Operations** 

## Distributed Data Structures

```
String name = "test array";
DDSArrayList array = new DDSArrayList(name);
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
  array.add("test " + i);
System.out.println("Size of array is " + array.size());
for (int i = 0; i < array.size(); i++) {
  elem = (String) array.get(i);
  System.out.println("Elem " + i + " is " + elem);
array.set(5, "Set Test");
array.add(7, "Added element at index 7");
System.out.println("");
for (int i = 0; i < array.size(); i++) {
  elem = (String) array.get(i);
  System.out.println("Elem " + i + " is " + elem);
```

## Workflow Architecture

Completion event SPACE Master Write -creates tasks **Tasks** -writes into Space DDS -awaits collection Take/Read DDS or results

#### Worker 1

- -collects tasks
- -executes
- -returns results to Space
- -sends remote events

#### Worker 1

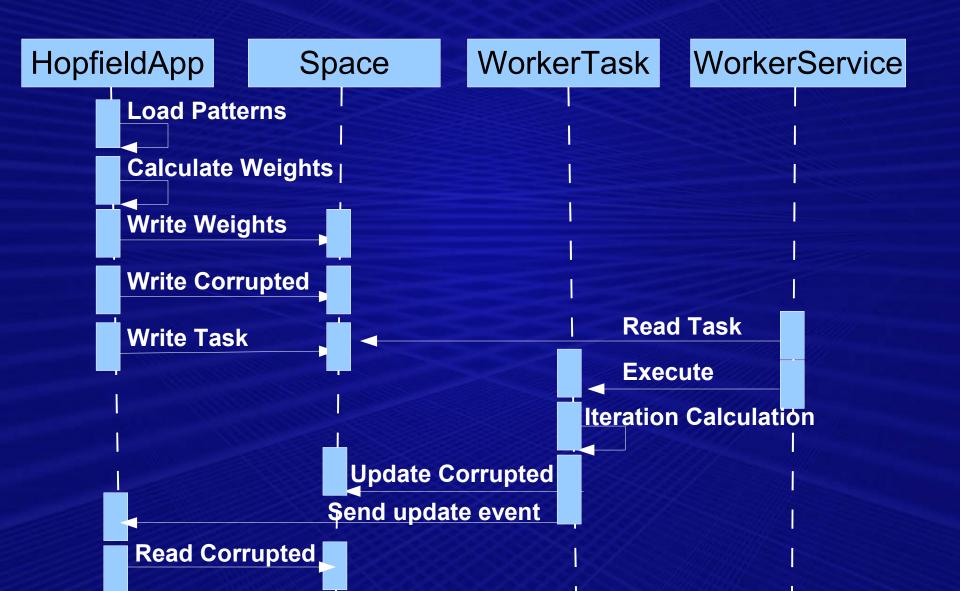
- -collects tasks
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#### Worker 1

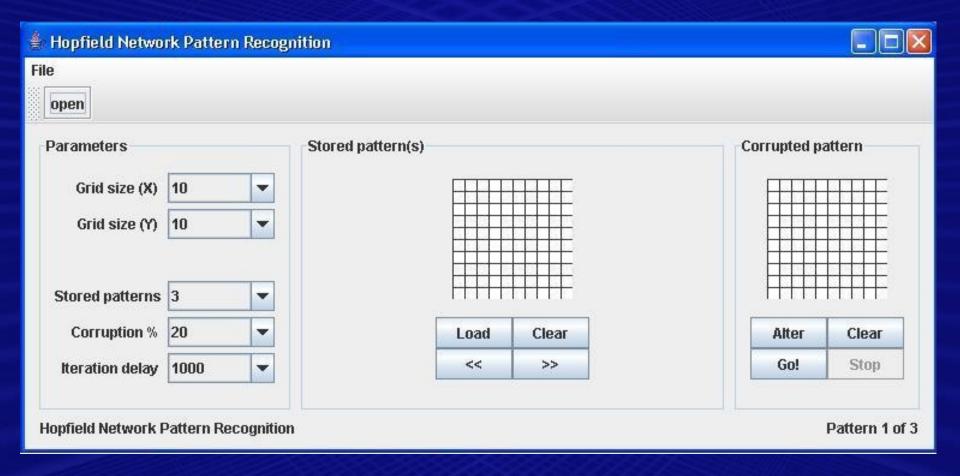
- -collects tasks
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Completion event

# Distributed Design



# Hopfield Network Pattern Recognition Example



## Contact

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