

What about the Future?



What New Java Language and
Platform Technologies Might be
Useful to Jini Developers?

Generics



- Problems
 - Generics don't travel in serialization streams without factory generators.
 - Service Lookup won't work with Generic types as parameters.
- Benefits
 - Generics get rid of “ugly” casting.
 - Generics can help find bugs.

Annotations



- Everyone keeps talking about using annotations for services, some people have started.
- Can we/should we use the same annotations as JEE?
- Are annotations a service startup enabler?
- Can we create a deployment mechanism through the use of annotations which might allow deployment tools to interact with a container?

java.util.concurrent

- The JTSK has threads pools of its own design.
 - It might make sense to move to the `java.util.concurrent` queues which have better scalability for certain load patterns.
 - Allowing Configuration of thread pool implementations seems to make sense.
- Futures might be a good thing to use for a new `ServiceDiscoveryManager` which could include rediscovery, which a lot of people seem to reimplement for firewall scenarios.

java.util.concurrent (cont)

- Asynchronous calls could use Futures.
 - Canceling would require a new invocation layer with explicit support for canceling.
 - The RMI programming model doesn't have this today, but a new invocation mechanism based on futures could support it through the use of a Future on the service side too.

JMX Connectors

- We should define a JMX connector which uses service lookup and provides for managing all the issues about partial failure.
 - We should standardize a factory interface for generating a JMX connector.
 - This would let JMX enabled services provide a way to get a connector without having to know the wire connection details.

JMX MBeans



- We've talked about adding Mbeans to the standard JTSK services to allow insight into the operations of the services.
- We could also use MBeans to provide dynamic reconfiguration of parameters such as all Configuration values.

JMX MBeans (cont)

- Using JMX should be considered an extension of the Administrable concepts.
- Random interfaces don't have to be created for service administration of simple attributes.
- With the use of StandardMBean and its two arg constructor, the provided Class can be a Jini remote interface that would allow a full ServiceUI to be plugged in at anytime.

JDK 1.6 Scripting

- Can we exploit the scripting in JDK1.6 to create generic, type-less algorithms for some of the service control and administration mechanisms?
- Is there anything to be gained from using scripting in a different Configuration implementation?
- What about other JDK1.6 features?

IDE Tools



- The IDEs are getting all kinds of power for supporting J2EE/JEE service creation and deployment.
- An IDE module for Jini service configuration would make it possible to direct the user through more explicit steps. X.509 by default for example.
- An IDE module for `-dl.jar` creation and/or `PREFERRED.LIST` creation might make some of the issues more tractable by enumerating the choices.

A Service Deployment Standard



- `com.sun.jini.start`
 - well known and used widely by default.
- Cheiron
 - Seven – finally it's here!
- Harvester
 - Provides some useful tools

A Service Deployment Standard (cont)

- Startnow
 - A collection of many things that I've found useful, including the PersistentJiniService class.
- WhatsItDo
 - An investigation of how to deploy Jini services which are examples, into a container. This is a container of containers for varied types of service deployment.

Discussion



Gregg Wonderly
Cyte Technologies Inc.

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Gregg Wonderly
Cyte Technologies Inc.