

# <sup>z</sup>Virtuozzo

Painless switch from proprietary  
hypervisor to QEMU/KVM

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# Contents

- Some words about Parallels Cloud Server 6
- Choices to be made
- Performance results
- Status and future plans

# Parallels Cloud Server

Proprietary details

# Parallels Cloud Server

- Cross-platform hypervisor (Mac, Linux, Windows)
- HAL architecture
- Loose integration with host kernel
- Tight integration with guest OS
- Desktop origin

## PCS: Some good stuff

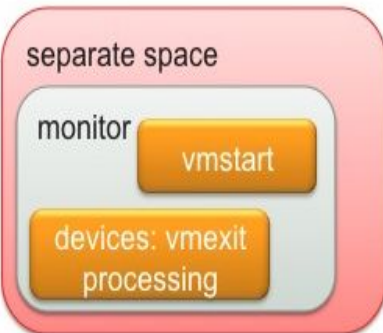
- Very good Windows support
- 3D support in guest (Direct3D to OpenGL conversion)
- Decent guest tools
- Good support for block job operations

# Architectures

## PSBM



- ✓ Fast processing of devices commands that doesn't require host device access
- ✓ No transparent access to resources
- ✓ Long switch between getting device command and passing it to a host device



## KVM



- ✓ Most of devices operations require inter-component switch
- ✓ Native access to resources



# PCS: Missed server features

- VM memory locked
- Memory deduplication (KSM)
- NUMA support (host/guest)
- SPICE support including remote USB
- Paravirtualized storage for the Linux guest
- PCI passthrough (implemented, not production)
- Nested virtualization (implemented, not production)

# VM limits

## PCS

- 32 VCPU
- 128 GB RAM
- 25 storage devices total
- 16 network cards

## QEMU/KVM

- 255 VCPU
- 2 TB RAM
- Flexible configuration with ability to setup necessary amount of any devices controllers



# The switch: options

Hard decision to made

# Switch options (low level)

## KVM + QEMU

- More devices supported
- QEMU is dumb and simple, does not make decisions
- Community
- Stability
- Libvirt/OpenStack
- Better Linux performance/support
- Better VM limits

## KVM + Parallels App

- Backups
- Space effective block jobs
- Better Windows performance/support
- Online shrink without PUNCH\_HOLE on the host
- **PCS6 compatibility: live migration**

# Decision

- KVM + Parallels emulation
- 6 man/months to implement
- Lot of integration problems
- Poor performance
- Good progress?

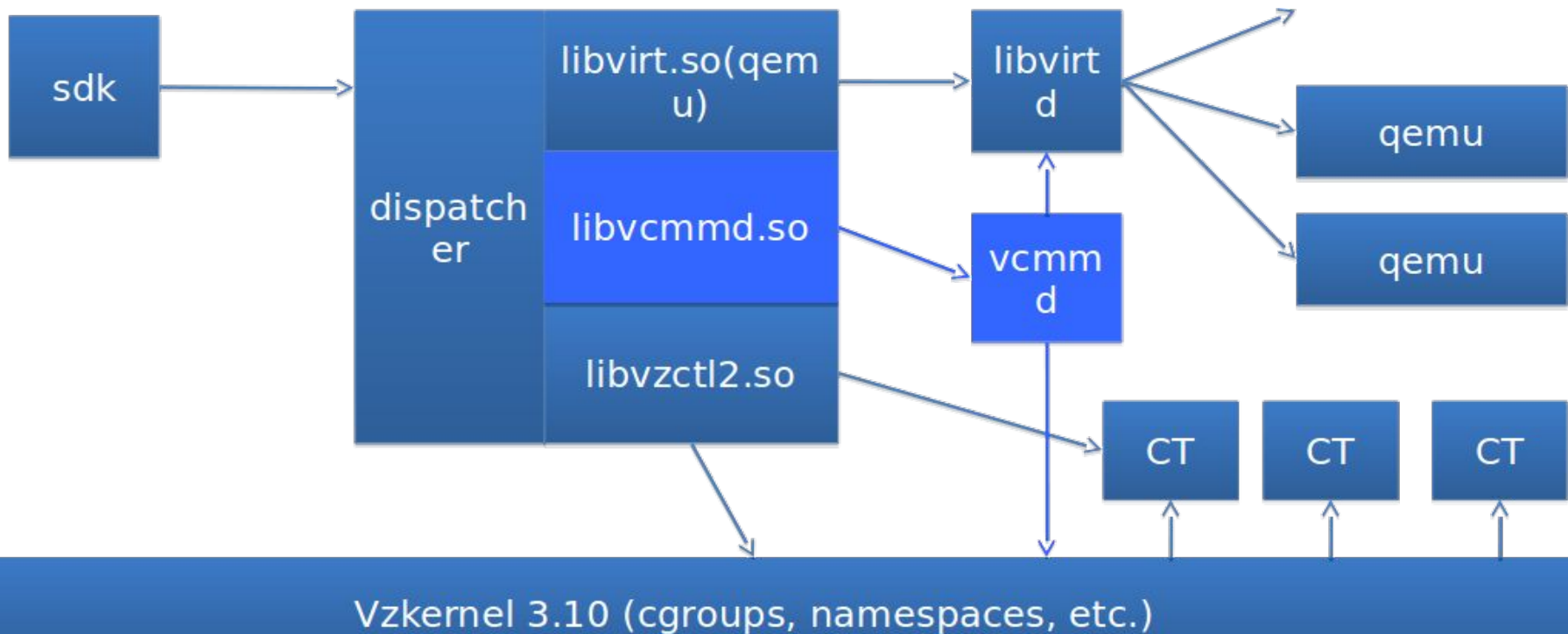
# Final decision

- **Company split!**
- Server team: no rights for latest Parallels code base
- Virtualization team reduction: 25 -> 5
- Live migration requirement from PCS6 to VZ7 was dropped!
- Natural choice: KVM + QEMU

# Consequences

- Emulation level working
- Completely new middleware
- Virtualization team could work on features

# Final Virtuozzo 7 architecture



# Management level constraints

- Command line kept compatible with PCS6
- PCS6 configuration file is kept
- PCS6 configuration <-> QEMU domain XML
- Domain XML keeps priority
- Dispatcher is driven by Libvirt events

# Switch options (upstream)

- The kernel - RedHat 7, 3.10
  - Security
  - Hardware support (!)
- QEMU - RHEV, 2.1 (later 2.3)
  - Security
  - Actually does not matter, follow kernel



# Switch options (disc format)

## QCOW2

- Public
- In-place conversion from Parallels available
- Compressed images
- Internal snapshots

## Parallels

- Not fully implemented
- Simpler => faster
- Space effective block jobs
- LBA padding (Win2k3)
- Dirty bitmaps support

# Upgrade path

- “Hot” migration of the disk from PCS6 to Vz7
- Register new VM
  - Guest re-configuration via v2v (in-place mode)
  - Guest tools replacement
- Guest boots -> all fine
- QCOW2 overlay for in-place upgrade for safe rollback

# PCS guest tools

- Enter into VM from host
- Execute command in the VM
- Guest network settings
- Guest user/password management
- Change guest SID (Windows)

# Backups

- QEMU (mainstream) support is limited
  - No migration, no persistence, very slow
- Specification is negotiated in 02.2016
- Patches in are in the list around the year
  - Working without a specification was a BIG mistake
- Interface for external tools is in specification stage
- Backup compression

# Performance tweaks

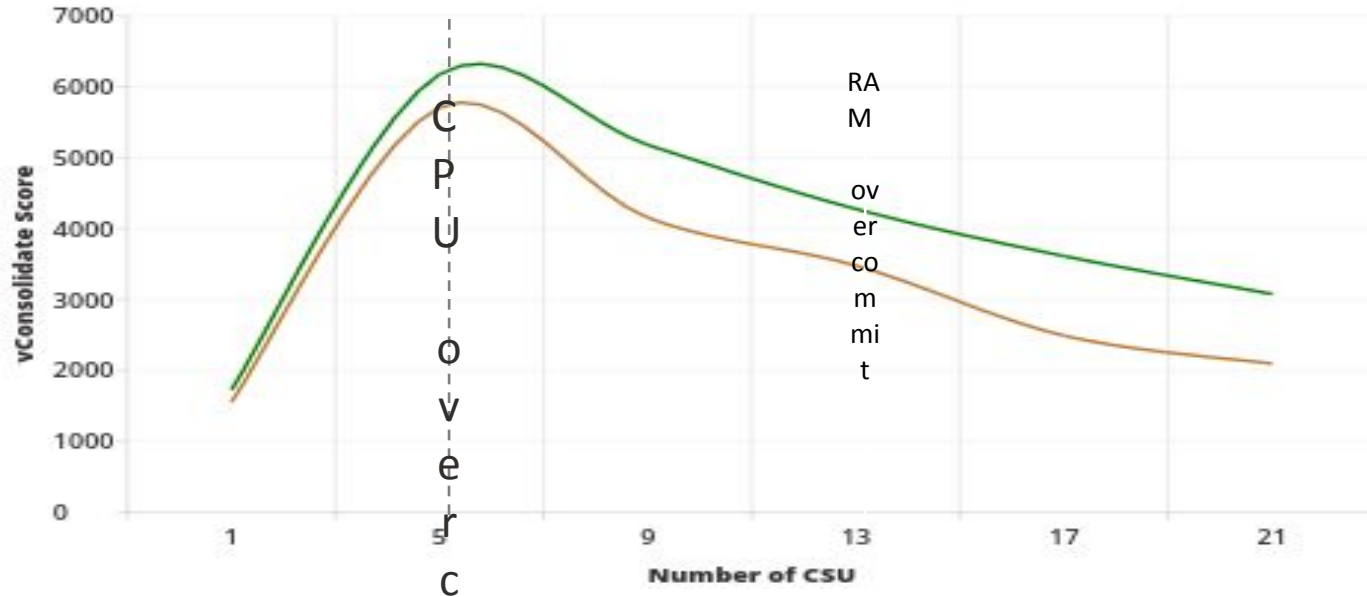
Welcome to the real world!

# Noticeable tweaks

- ✓ QEMU: QCOW2 metadata cache increased
- ✓ QEMU: not needed flushes removed (Win 2k8)
- ✓ KVM: adaptive 'halt\_poll\_ns'
- ✓ CPU governor: performance
- ✓ Non-parallel backup/mirror
- ✓ Migration auto-converge, compression
- ✓ Active sync mirror
- ✓ QEMU: fragmented heap (khugepaged)

# Virtuozzo performance

vConsolidate: Windows 2012 R2 VM

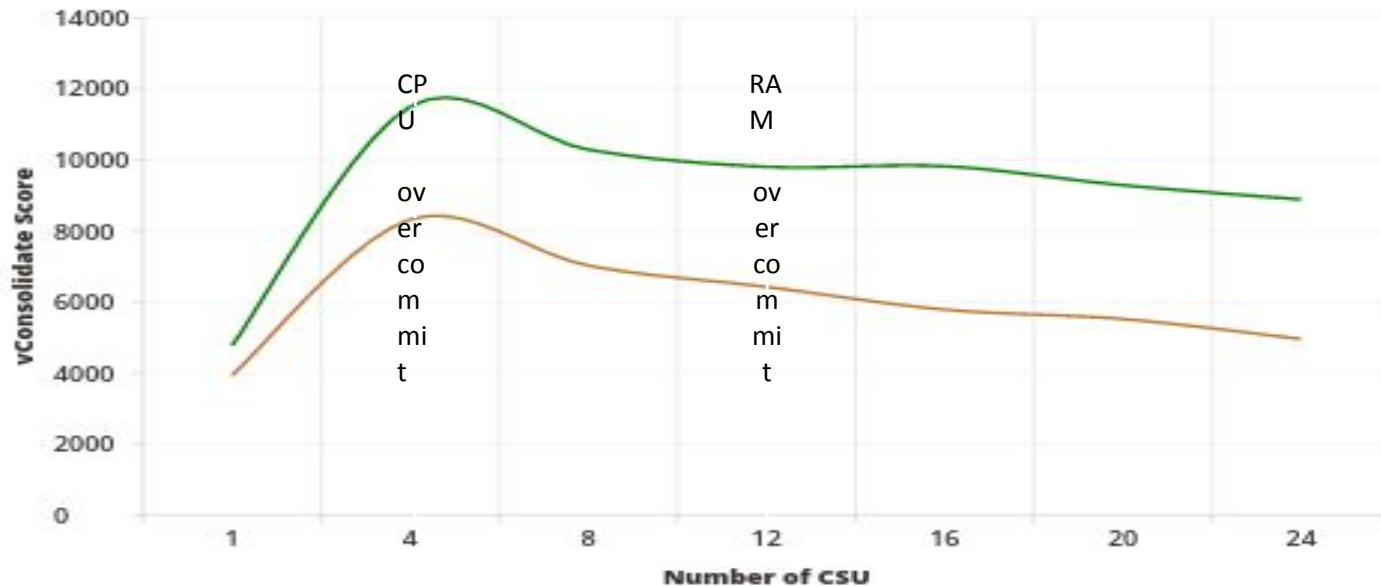


Virtuozzo 7 VMs are 25% faster than Virtuozzo 6 VMs



# Virtuozzo performance

vConsolidate: CentOS Linux 7.2 VM



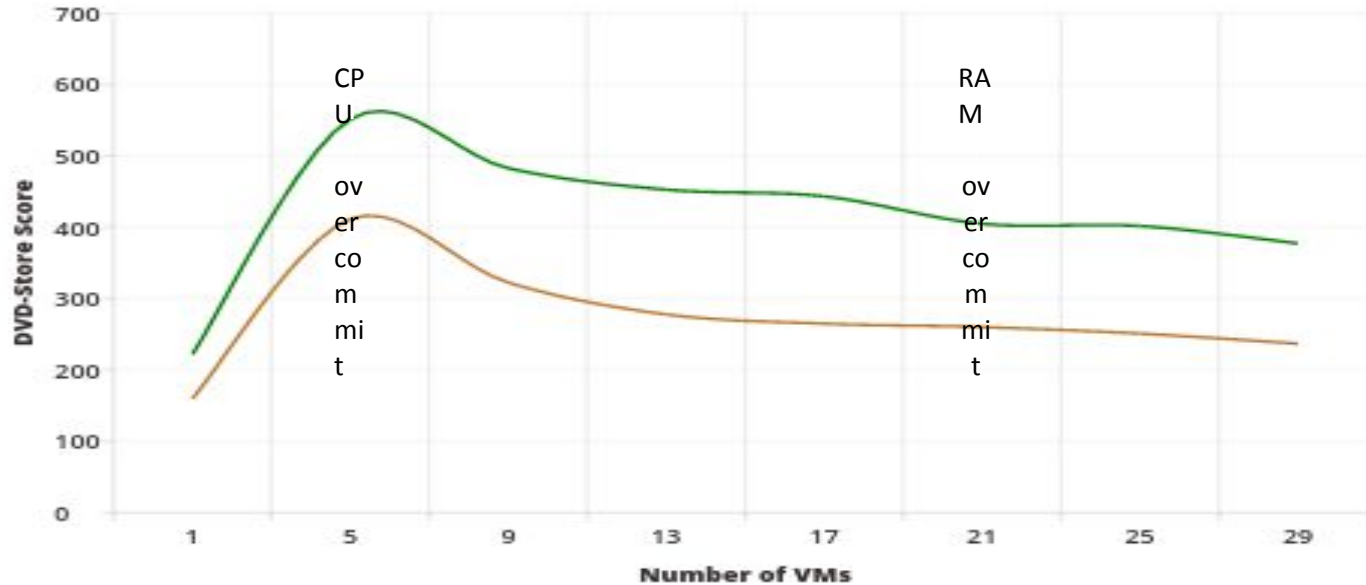
Virtuozzo 7 VMs are 53% faster than Virtuozzo 6 VMs





# Virtuozzo performance

LAMP: CentOS Linux 6.8 VM



Virtuozzo 7 VMs are 57% faster than Virtuozzo 6 VMs



# Virtuozzo performance

**Windows VM**  
(lower is better)

★ Virtuozzo 6

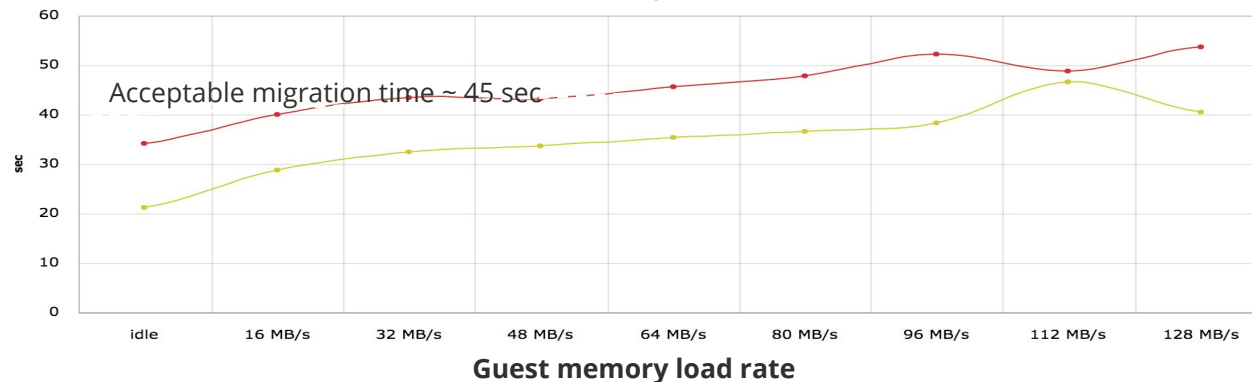
★ Virtuozzo 7

**Linux VM**  
(lower is better)

★ Virtuozzo 6

★ Virtuozzo 7

## Migration total time



# Virtuozzo performance

**Windows VM**  
(lower is better)

★ Virtuozzo 6

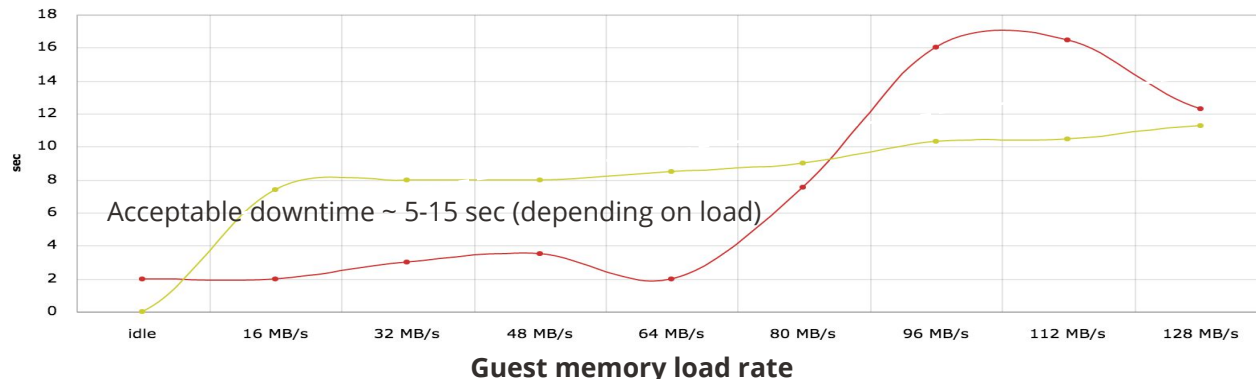
★ Virtuozzo 7

**Linux VM**  
(lower is better)

★ Virtuozzo 6

★ Virtuozzo 7

## Migration downtime



# Some tweaks for the future

- Hyper-V TSC page
- Statistics collection
- Hyper-V remote TLB flush

# Future plans

Something shiny

# Status

- We are able to survive with the VERY small team
- The product is really stable
- The performance looks great
- The life is better!

# Really important stuff

- Mainstream backups
- Block job improvements
- Hyper-V emulation
- VMs en-mass on one host

# Questions?



[www.virtuozzo.com](http://www.virtuozzo.com)



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