



MySQL and Openstack

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Where is MySQL used

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- Used on the backend and as a guest
- On backend
 - Typically galera, a typical deployment have 3 “head nodes”
 - Master-slave (PRM) is there as well with Suse’s distribution
- As a guest



- Could be ran directly on VMs
 - Storage performance characteristics can be significantly different
 - “Bad neighbors” effect
- Could be ran as a service using trove



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On the backend



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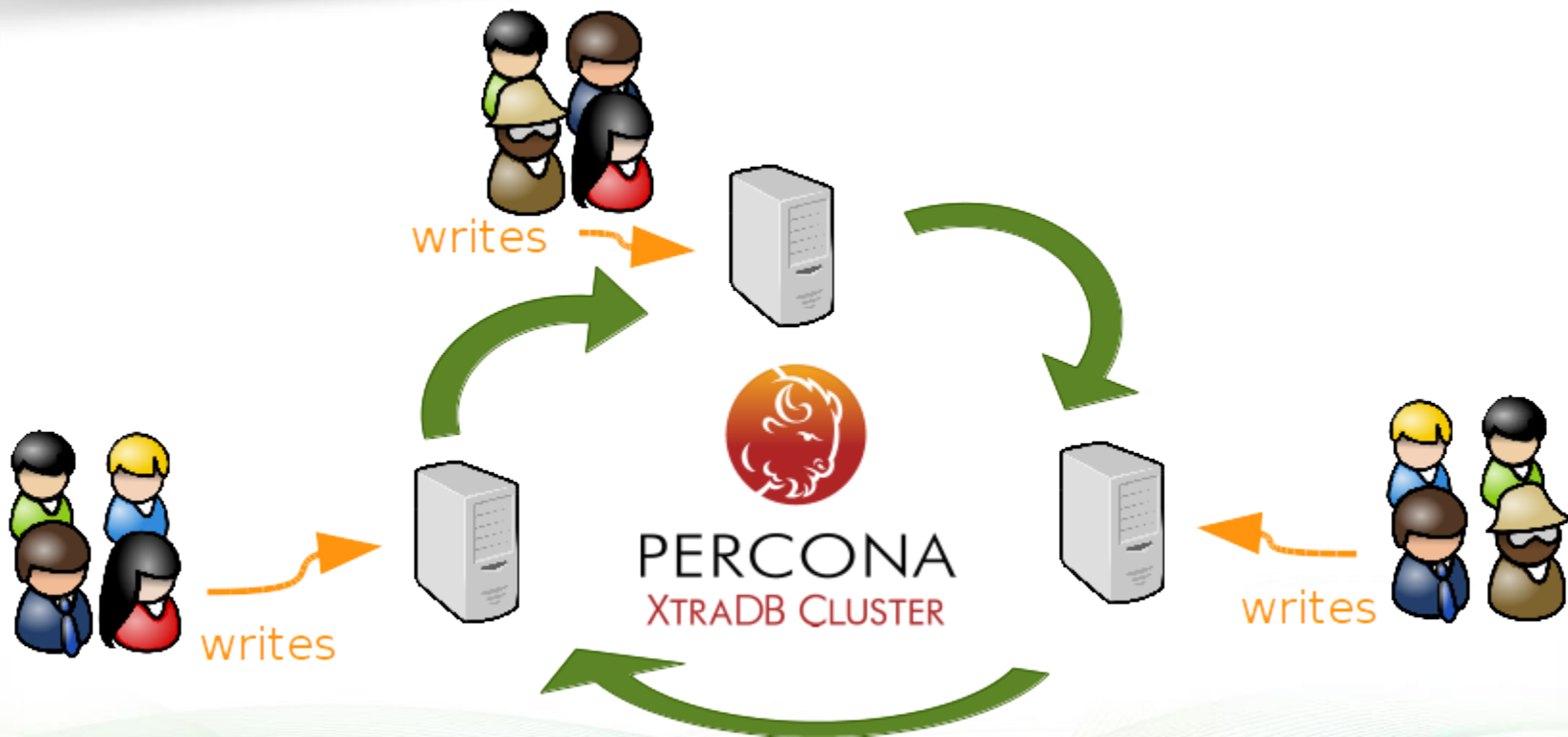
Galera flavors

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- MySQL-wsrep
 - released by codership
- MariaDB Galera Cluster
 - MariaDB + galera library
- Percona XtraDb Cluster
 - Percona Server + galera library

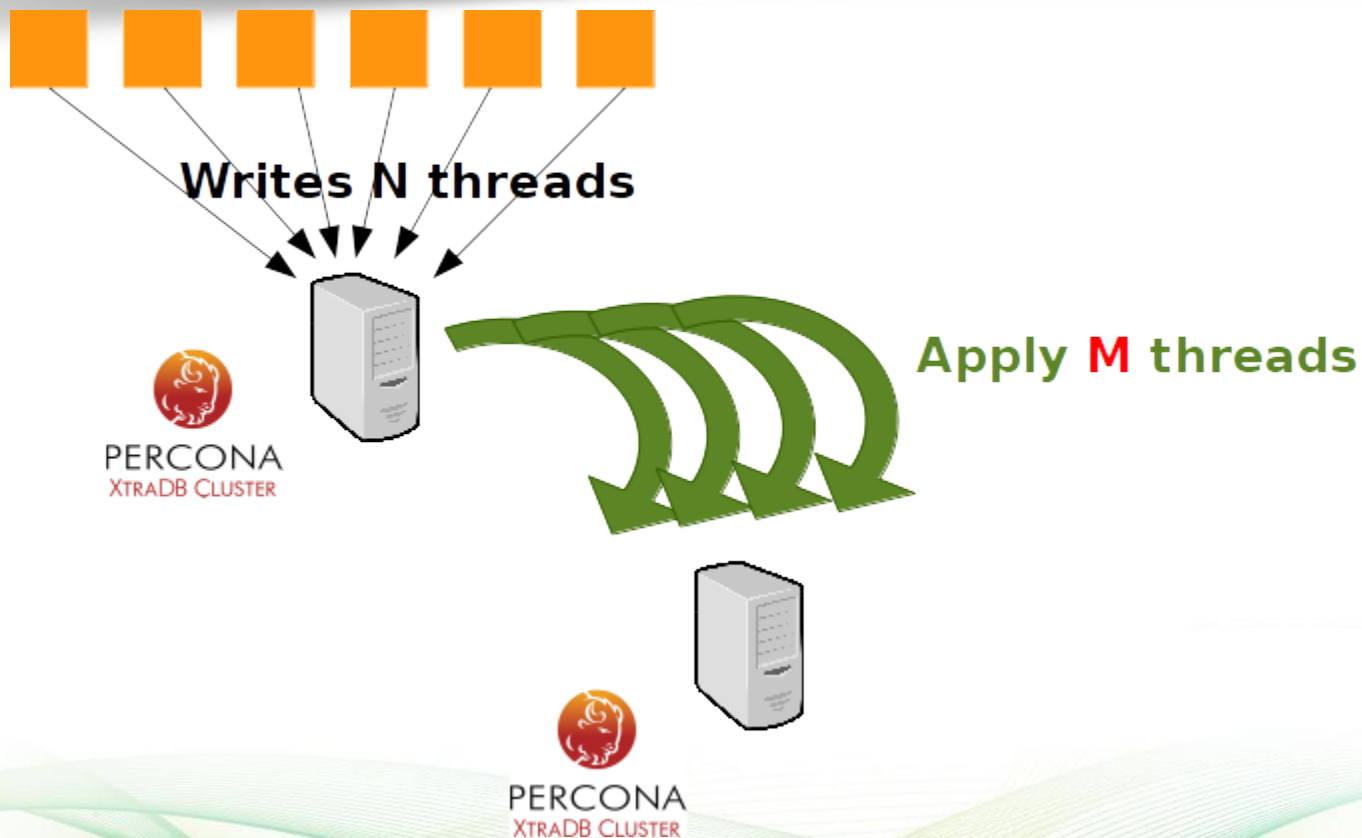
PXC: write everywhere synchronously

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PXC: parallel replication

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Considerations

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- Openstack backend components need to read their own writes
 - `wsrep_sync_wait = 1`
- All openstack components are fine with multi-writer setup
 - `retry_on_deadlock` decorator (will be moved to `oslo.db`)
 - Except neutron
- If you are seeing intermittent operational errors, configure connection pools



As a guest



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Running in a VM

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- IO characteristics can be different
 - Networked storage
- Solutions that are ensuring durability through network, not local durability through disk are typically better
 - Percona XtraDB Cluster
 - MySQL Cluster (NDB)
- “Bad neighbors” can result in inconsistent performance



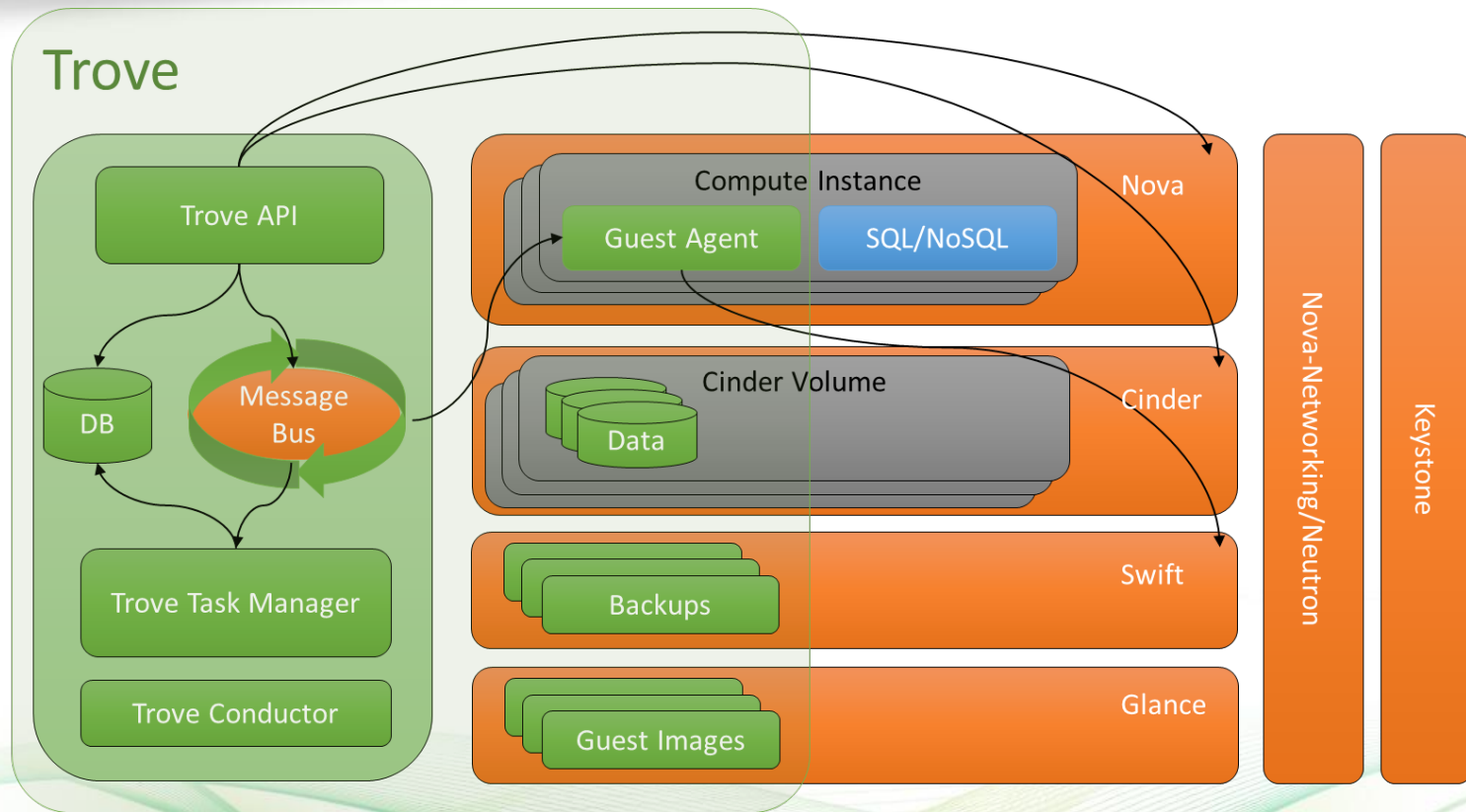
- DBaaS component of openstack
- Initial sponsors for rackspace and HP
- Incubated in Havana release, integrated in icehouse
- Supported databases as of Kilo (not complete)
 - MySQL, Percona Server, MariaDB
 - MongoDB
 - Cassandra
 - Couchbase
 - PostgreSQL
 - Redis



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Trove architecture

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Using trove



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Creating an instance with trove

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```
# trove create mysql1 101 --size 2 --  
datastore percona --datastore_version 5.6  
--databases database1 --users user1:  
password
```

Create a backup

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```
# trove backup-create mysql1 backup1
```

Create incremental backup

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```
# trove backup-create mysql1 backup1.1 --  
parent 5c1470cb-5c2c-4eb5-a47c-  
839960676cdf
```


Create an instance from backup

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```
# trove create guest2 101 --size 2 --  
backup 5c1470cb-5c2c-4eb5-a47c-  
839960676cdf --  
datastore percona
```

Create a new slave

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```
# trove create slave1 101 --size=2 --  
datastore_version 5.6 --datastore percona  
--replica_of mysql1
```



Thanks



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