

Open Source Licenses

Olivier Dony

- Brief history: GPL and Copyleft
- AGPL vs LGPL
- Licenses of Odoo 9
- Combining licenses



Brief history: GPL

Before 1980, most programs were distributed with
source code *by default*
(*for portability, bugfixing, auditing, etc.*)

Most software came from an *academic* background

Then the situation changed.

GNU

A new fragrance by RMS





GPL = Copyleft

Copyleft relies on universal Copyright laws to enforce freedom for a piece of work

The Free Software Foundation defines **four freedoms**: use, modify, distribute, and distribute modifications

To guarantee these freedoms to every user, GPL **forbids any restriction** coming from other licenses

1983: Richard Stallman creates GNU

1989: GPLv1 is born (bin + source, no restrictions)

1991: GPLv2, LGPLv2 ("liberty or death", C-lib)

1999: LGPLv2.1 (library -> lesser)

2007: GPLv3, LGPLv3, AGPLv3

(DRM, tivoization, wording, patents)



Brief history: Odoo

2005: TinyERP 1.0-4.0 – **GPLv2** or later

2009: OpenERP 5.0 – **GPLv3** or later + **OEPL** (web)

2011: OpenERP 6.0 – **AGPLv3** + OEPL (web)

2012: OpenERP 6.1 – AGPLv3

2012: OpenERP 7.0 – AGPLv3

2014: Odoo 8.0 – AGPLv3


2015: Odoo 9.0 – CE: **LGPLv3** + OE

GPL is a strong copyleft license, but it suffers from the **ASP loophole** (Cloud)

=> 4 freedoms are only enforced if **distributed**

AGPL was created to fix this, by adding the *Section 13* provision:

Copyleft applies as soon as **users are interacting remotely with the program**

 <i>Affero General Public License</i>	
Type: Copyleft	OSI: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
First version: 1.0 (2002)	FSF: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Latest version: 3.0 (2007)	Author: Affero, FSF
Standalone: Yes	


GPL is a strong copyleft license, but lacks a **linking exception**

=> Unsuitable for libraries, such as the C lib

LGPL was created to fix this, by adding a linking exception on top of GPL

“**Using/Linking**” in any program is OK if the LGPL part can be modified/replaced.

“**Derivative work**” is OK under any license as long as it can be modified by the user

 <i>Lesser General Public License</i>	
Type: Weak Copyleft	OSI: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
First version: 1.0 (1991)	FSF: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Latest version: 3.0 (2007)	Author: FSF
Standalone: No (+GPL)	

Odoo 9 changes license to LGPLv3, becomes **Odoo Community Edition**

(requires agreement of contributors / CLA signature)

Rationale

- + AGPLv3 is not well suited for the CMS features
- + LGPLv3 will permit selling Odoo Apps
(Odoo S.A. or anyone)

Odoo Enterprise Edition (proprietary) will contain a set of new Apps on top of Odoo Community

Odoo Community



- 📁 base
- 📁 account
- 📁 crm
- 📁 project
- 📁 stock
- 📁 ...

Odoo Enterprise



- 📁 account_dashboard
- 📁 account_check_print
- 📁 web_mobile
- 📁 project_forecast
- 📁 ...

Odoo 9 Community

 [odoo/odoo](https://github.com/odoo/odoo)

- ✓ LGPLv3 - can be **used/modified/distributed** [by anyone](#)
- ✓ Project fully hosted on GitHub, access [to anyone](#)
 - + Source code
 - + Bug reports (also via Odoo Enterprise)
 - + Pull Requests
- ✓ Translations on Transifex.com

Odoo 9 Enterprise

 [odoo/enterprise](https://github.com/odoo/enterprise)

Proprietary license applies to Enterprise Apps **only**

- **Using** requires Odoo Enterprise subscription
- **Modifications** are allowed
- **Distribution** only to Odoo Enterprise subscribers

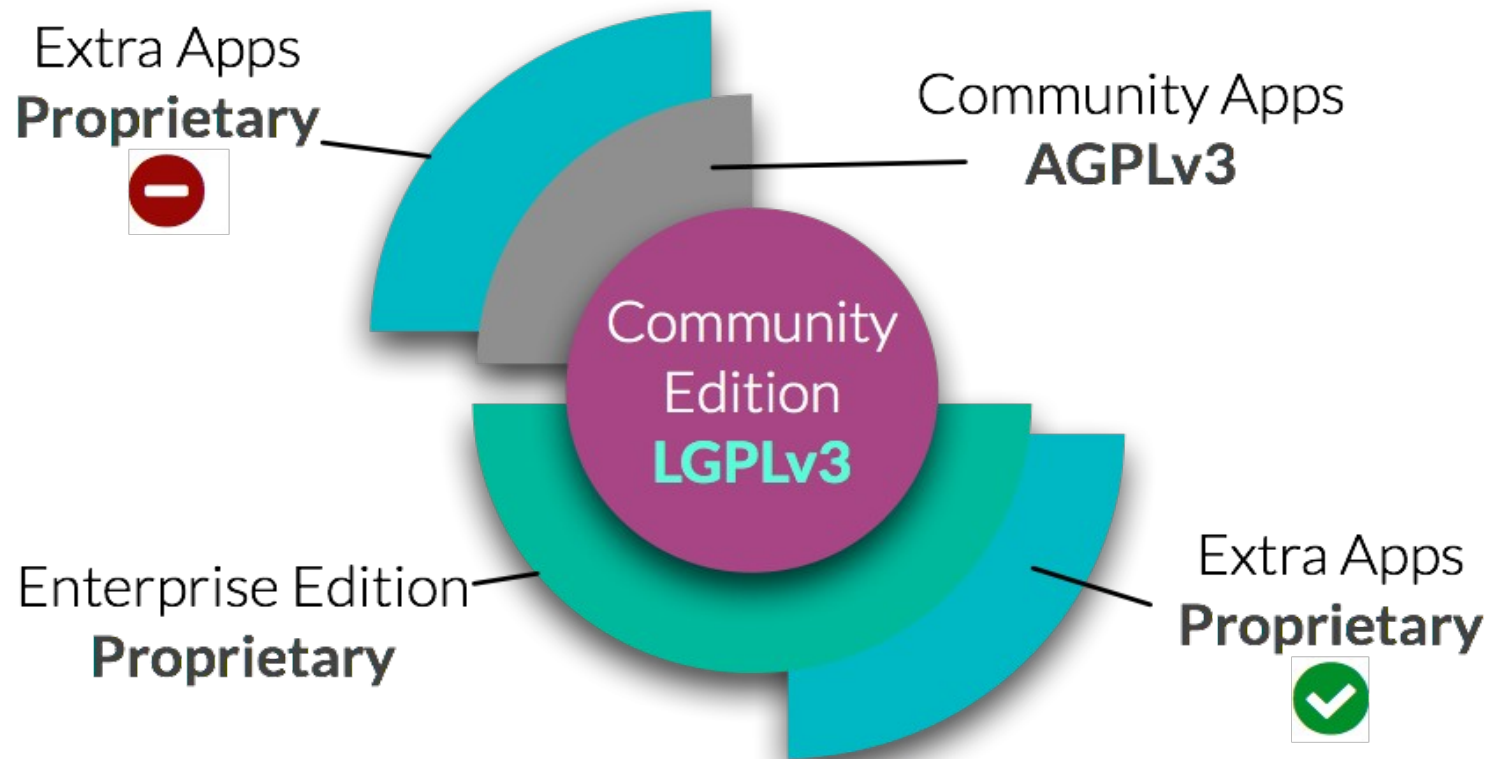
- ✓ Project fully hosted on GitHub, access **to all partners**
(+ some customers)
 - + Source code
 - + Bug reports (also via Odoo Enterprise)
 - + Pull Requests
- ✓ Translations on Transifex.com

3 main licenses: LGPL, AGPL, Proprietary

Some combinations of these licenses are not valid – because GPL **prevents distribution** if licensing terms conflict.

🛡 The Odoo Apps Store will be able to **verify** the validity of the combinations.

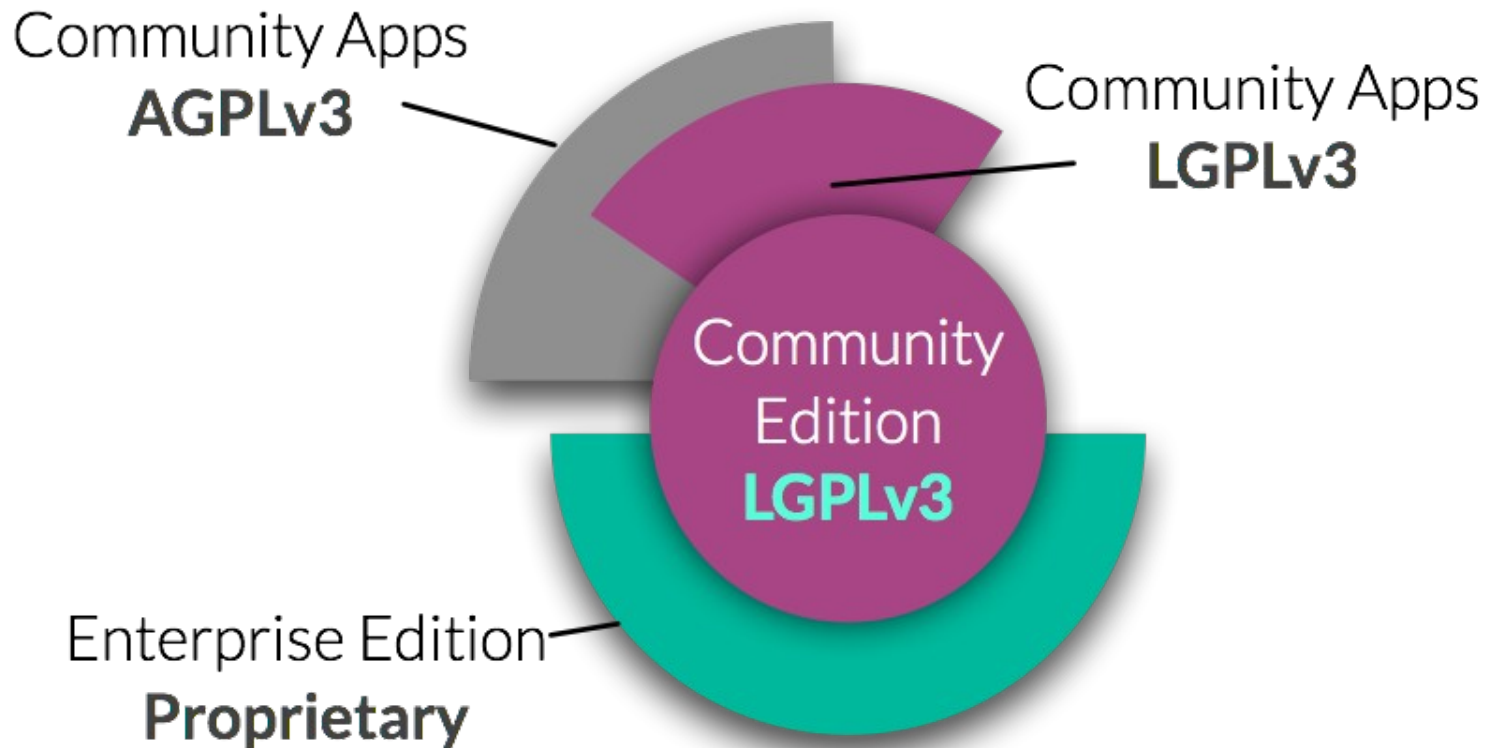
Proprietary Apps cannot depend on AGPL Apps, only on LGPL and other Proprietary ones



AGPL Apps cannot depend on Proprietary ones, but it works if they are relicensed as LGPL



Odoo's **official interpretation** of the licenses and their **intention** is that using Proprietary Apps and AGPL Apps at the same time is **OK**, as long as they **don't depend** on each other.



Questions?

(sorry, probably in overtime by now ;-))



Thank You