OpenSplice DDS Webinar

Dr. Angelo Corsaro [angelo.corsaro@prismtech.com]

OpenSplice DDS Product Marketing Manager, PrismTech

Angelo co-chairs the OMG Data Distribution Service (DDS) Special Interest Group and the Real-Time Embedded and Specialized Services (RTESS) Task Force. He is a well known figure in the distributed real-time and embedded systems middleware community and has a wealth of experience in hard real-time embedded systems, large-scale and very large-scale distributed systems, such as defense, aerospace, homeland security and transportation systems. Prior to joining PrismTech, he worked for the SELEX-SI CTO Directorate, a FINMECCANICA company, where his responsibilities included mapping business requirements to technology capabilities, strategic standardization and technology innovation.



Dr. Doug Schmidt [doug.schmidt@prismtech.com] CTO, PrismTech

Doug is an internationally renowned and widely cited expert on distributed computing middleware, object-oriented patterns and frameworks, and distributed real-time and embedded systems. He has authored 8 best-selling books and over 300 papers in top IEEE, ACM, IFIP, and USENIX technical journals, conferences, and books—and has also presented over 300 keynote addresses, invited talks, and tutorials—that cover a range of topics, including high-performance communication software systems, parallel processing for high-speed networking protocols, real-time distributed computing with DDS and CORBA, Real-time Java™ technology, object-oriented patterns for concurrent and distributed systems, and model-driven engineering tool object-oriented patterns for concurrent and distributed systems, and model-driven engineering tools.



Hans van't Hag [hans.vanthag@prismtech.com] OpenSplice DDS Product Manager, PrismTech

Hans has extensive experience in applying an information approach towards mission-critical and real-time net-centric systems. He is a co-author of the OMG DDS specification and has presented numerous papers on DDS and publish subscribe middleware technologies. Prior to joining PrismTech he worked for 23 years at Thales Naval Netherlands (TNN) where he was responsible as Product Manager for the development of the data-centric real-time middleware (SPLICE) as applied in TNN's TACTICOS combat system in service with 15 Navies worldwide.







OpenSplice DDS

The Right Data to the Right Place at the Right Time - All the Time -



Agenda

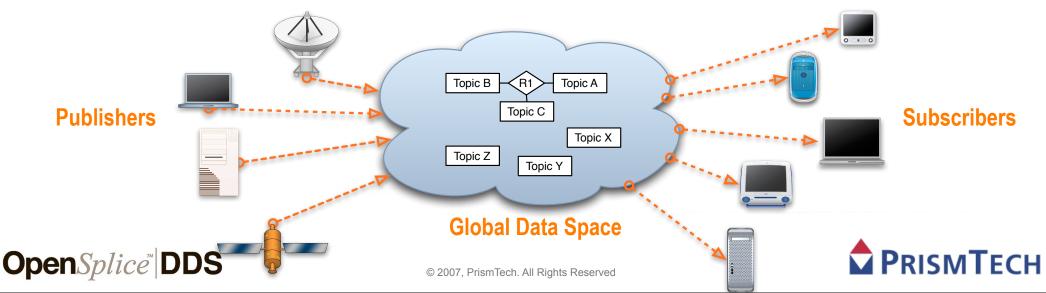
- DDS Overview
- Open Splice DDS
- OpenSplice DDS Power Tools
- Use Cases
- Concluding Remarks





OpenSplice DDS

- An High Performance Real-Time Data-Centric Publish/Subscribe Middleware
 - ▶ The right data, at the right place, at the right time -- all the time!
 - ▶ Fully distributed, high performance, highly scalable, and high availability architecture
- Perfect Blend of Data-Centric and Real-Time Publish/Subscribe Technologies
 - Content based subscriptions, queries, and filters
 - Fine grained tuning of resource usage and data delivery and availability QoS
 - Optimal networking and computing resources usage
- Loosely coupled
 - Plug and Play Architecture with Dynamic Discovery
 - Time and Space Decoupling
- Open Standard
 - Complies with the full profile of the OMG DDS v1.2

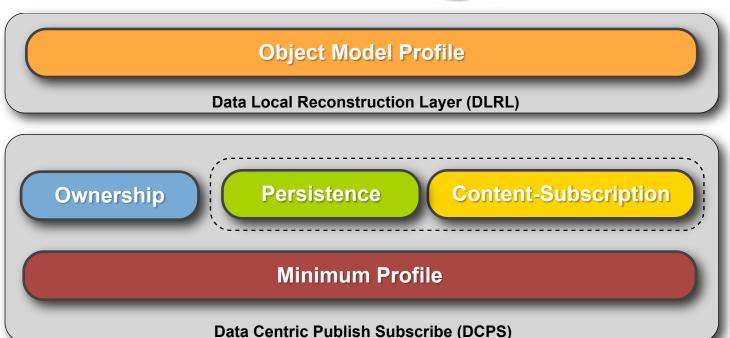


Standard Compliance

- OpenSplice DDS complies with the full profile (DCPS + DLRL) specified in the OMG DDS Specification v1.2
- Standard wire protocol for interoperability between DDS implementation from different vendors





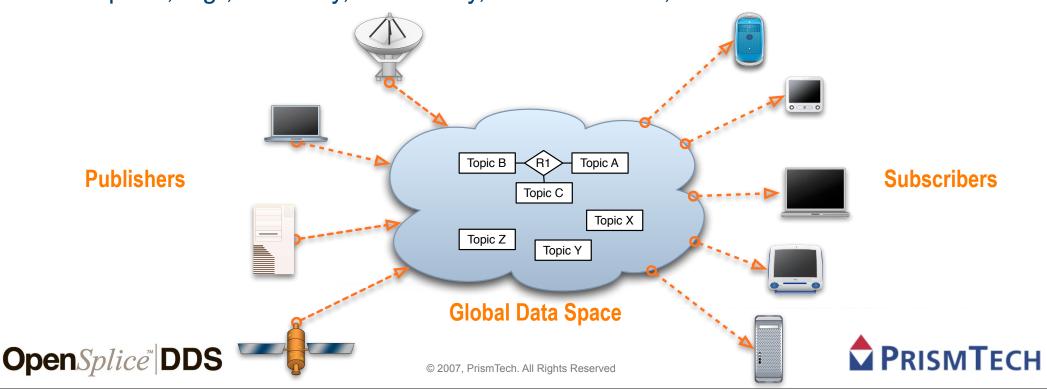






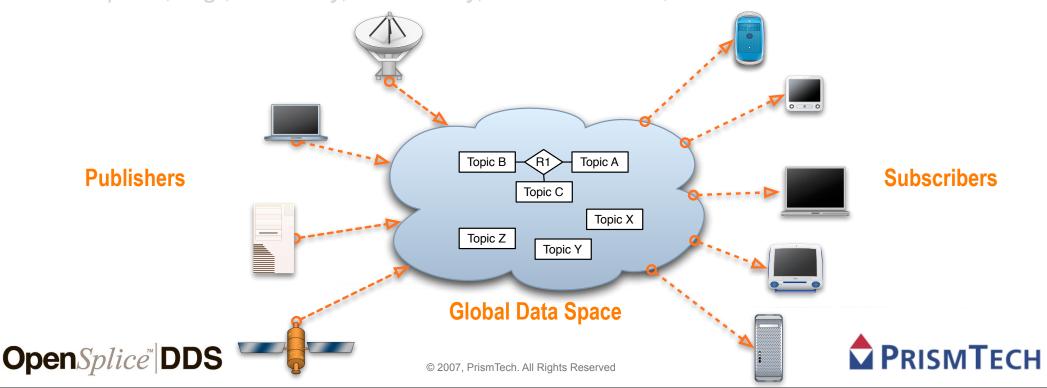
OpenSplice DDS: Foundational Abstractions

- Information Model. Defines the structure, relations, and QoS, of the information exchanged by the application. DDS supports both Relational (DCPS) and Object Oriented Modeling (DLRL)
- Typed Global Data Space. A logical data space in which applications read and write data anonymously and asynchronously, decoupled in space and time
- Publisher/Subscriber. Produce/Consume information into/from the Global Data Space
- ▶ QoS. Regulates the non-functional properties of information in the Global Data Space, *e.g.*, reliability, availability, and timeliness, etc.



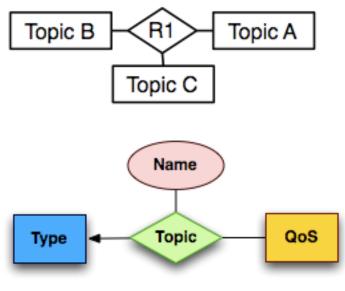
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Relational Modeling with DDS

- Modeling. As in a Relational DB, a DCPS information model can be represented by means of Entity Relationship (ER) diagrams
- Topics. The entities, represented by means of Topics, are in turns an association between a data **type** and a set of **QoS** and identified by a unique name (like tables in an RDBMS)
- Data Types. The data type associated to a Topic must be a structured type expressed in IDL
- Instances. Key values in a datatype uniquely identify an instance (like rows in table)
- Correlation. SQL Expressions can be used to correlate information by means of key values



```
struct StockQuote {
   string symbol;
   string name;
   sting exchange;
   float quote;
};
#pragma keylist StockQuote symbol
```

StockQuote

symbol: "GOOG" name: "Google Inc." exchange: "NASD" quote: 663.97

StockQuote

symbol: "AAPL" name: "Apple Inc." exchange: "NASD" quote: 165.37

StockQuote

symbol: "MSFT" name: "Microsoft Corp." exchange: "NASD" quote: 33.73





Object Oriented Modeling with DDS

The DDS supports Object Oriented Information Modeling by means of the DLRL layer

▶ Automatic Instance Management

 Instances are supported as first class citizen and don't need emulation by means of keys

Encapsulation

Attributes are only accessible through dedicated getter/setter operations

Local Operations

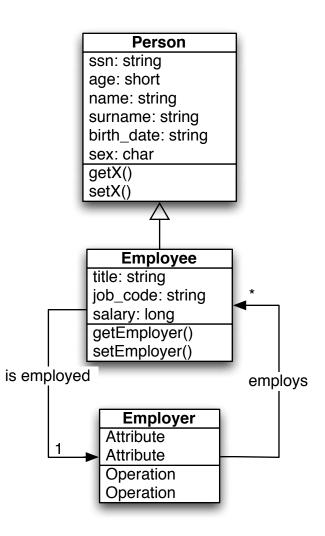
 Besides getters/setters, all other kind of manipulations can be done using custom operations

Inheritance

Only single inheritance between DLRL objects

Navigable Relationships

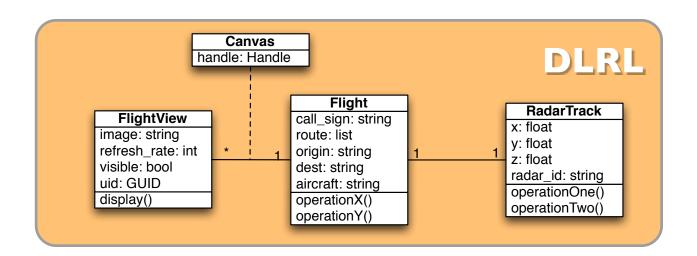
- Single Relationships
- Multi Relationships (Set, Map, List)







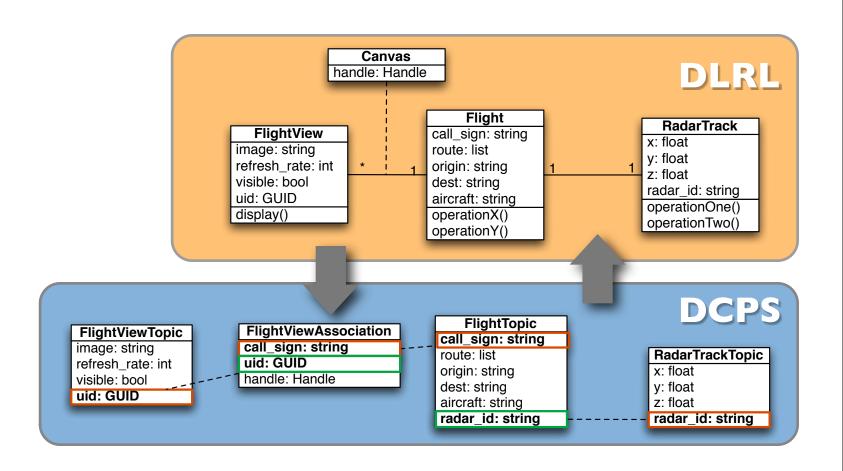
Sample DLRL/DCPS Mapping







Sample DLRL/DCPS Mapping



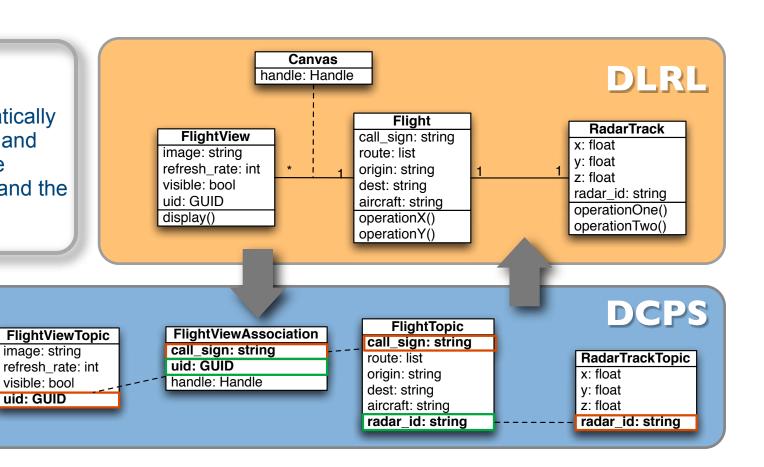




Sample DLRL/DCPS Mapping

DLRL → DCPS

 Middleware can automatically manage the generation and association between the Object-Oriented Model and the Relational Model

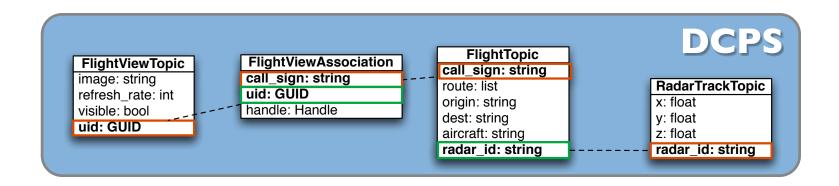


DCPS → DLRL

- The Relational Model can be mapped to an Object Oriented model
- The mapping is under control of the architect



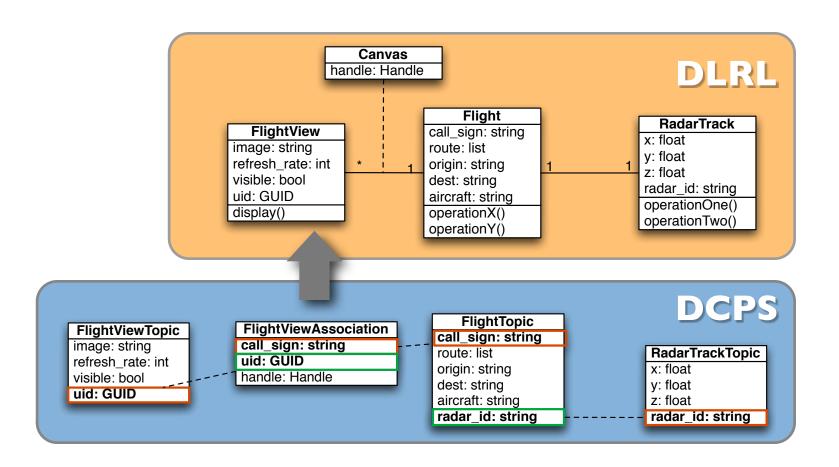




- Allow different, Object-Oriented, *local reconstruction* of the same underlying relation model
- The state is shared across all the *local reconstruction*

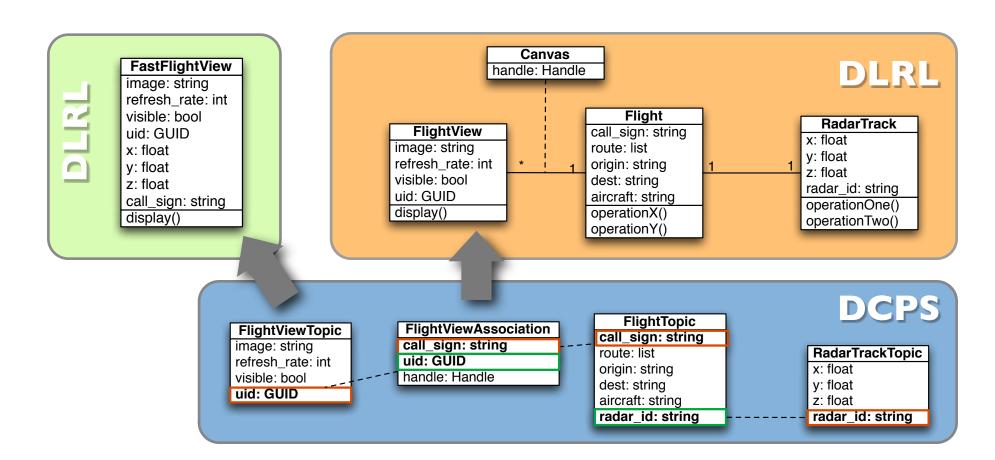






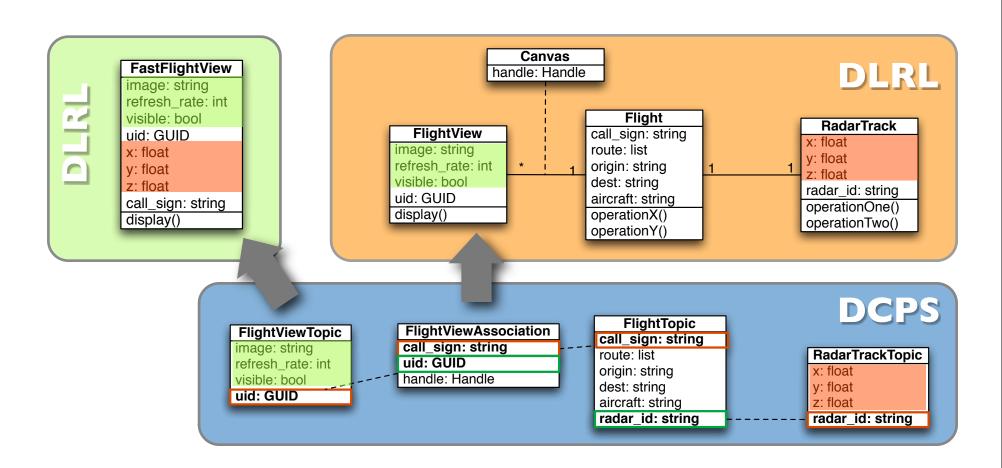
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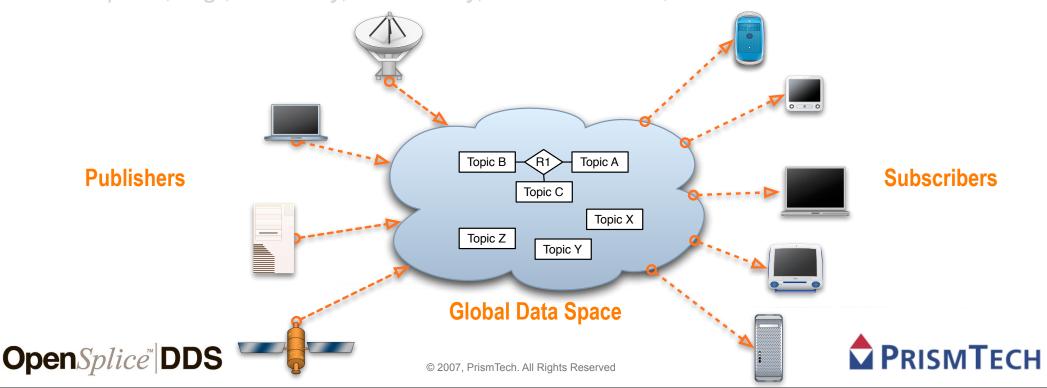
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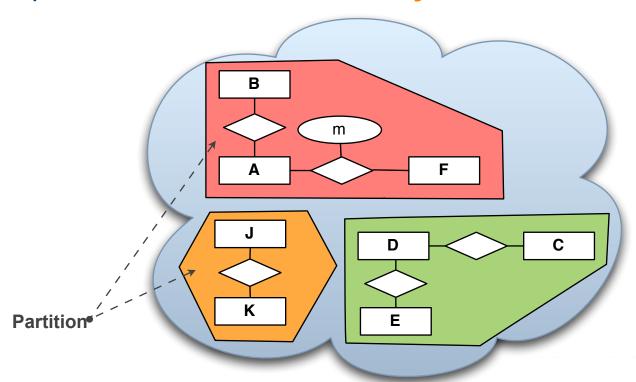
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Global Data Space

- The Global Data space can be divided into domains which in turns can have partitions
- The availability of data and its consistency model depends on QoS that can be set at a Topic level and overridden by the writer
- The stronger consistency model that can be supported for the global data space is eventual consistency

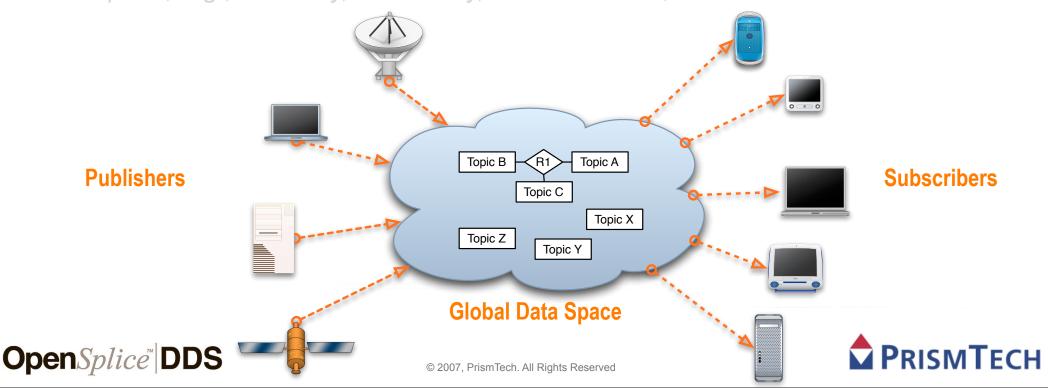






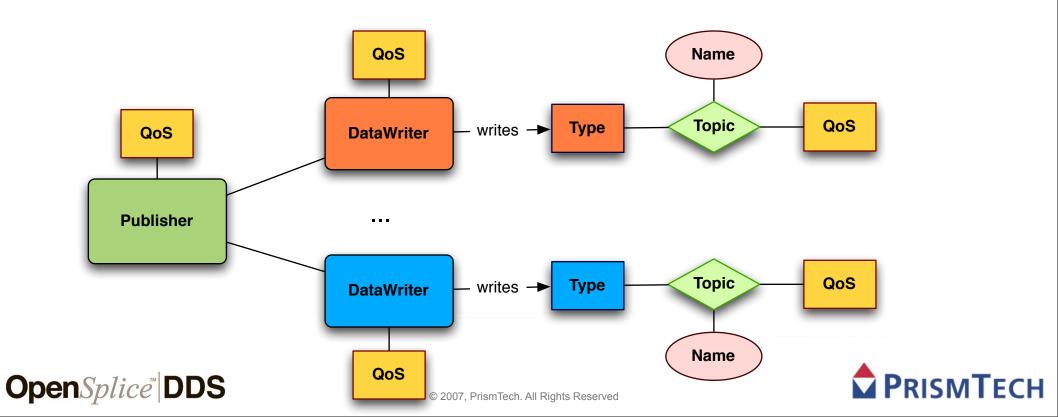
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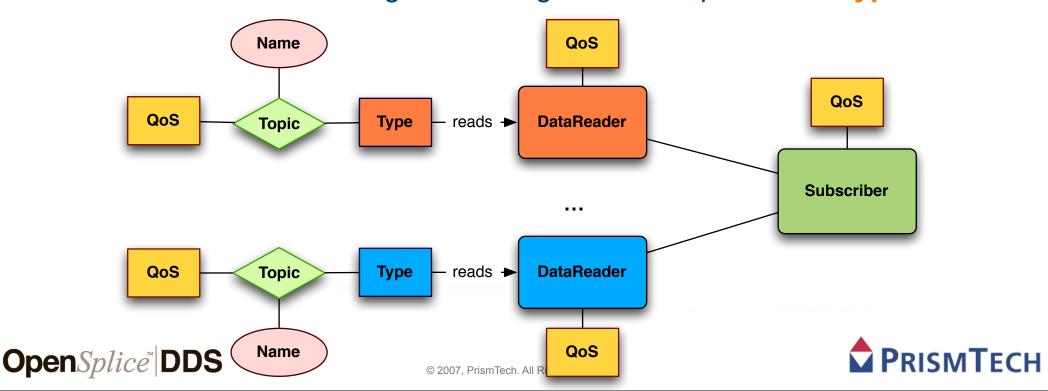
Publisher & DataWriter

- A Publisher acts on behalf of the DataWriters it owns, and is responsible for managing the actual dissemination of publications
- The dissemination is driven by the QoS associated with the DataWriter, the Publisher, and the Topic
- ▶ A DataWriter is associated with only one Publisher and one Topic. It embeds the knowledge of dealing with the Topic's Data Type



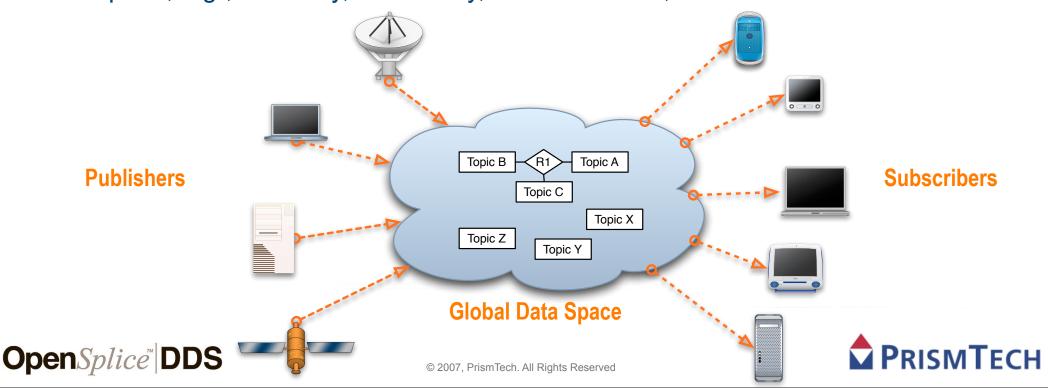
Subscriber & DataReader

- ▶ A Subscriber acts on behalf of the DataReaders it owns, and is responsible for managing the reception of data resulting from subscriptions (or built-in topics)
- The presentation of data is driven by the QoS associated with the DataReader, the Publisher and the Topic
- ▶ A DataReader is associated with only one Publisher and one Topic. It embeds the knowledge of dealing with the Topic's Data Type



OpenSplice DDS: Foundational Abstractions

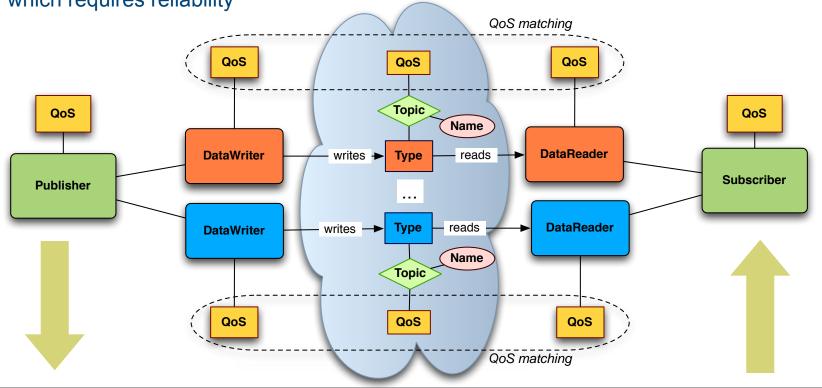
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QoS Model

- QoS can associated with all relevant OpenSplice DDS entities
- Some QoS are matched based on a Request vs. Offered Model
- Publications and Subscriptions match only if the declared and requested QoS are compatible

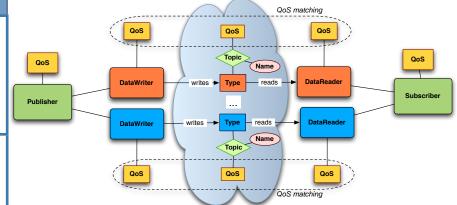
• e.g., it is not possible to match a publisher which delivers data unreliably with a subscriber which requires reliability





QoS

QoS Policy	Applicability	RxO	Modifiable	
DURABILITY	T, DR, DW	Y	N	Data
DURABILITY SERVICE	T, DW	N	N	Availability
LIFESPAN	T, DW	-	Y	
HISTORY	T, DR, DW	N	N	
PRESENTATION	P, S	Y	N	Data Delivery
RELIABILITY	T, DR, DW	Y	N	
PARTITION	P, S	N	Y	
DESTINATION ORDER	T, DR, DW	Y	N	
OWNERSHIP	T, DR, DW	Y	N	
OWNERSHIP STRENGTH	DW	-	Υ	
DEADLINE	T, DR, DW	Y	Y	Data
LATENCY BUDGET	T, DR, DW	Y	Y	Timeliness
TRANSPORT PRIORITY	T, DW	-	Y	
TIME BASED FILTER	DR	-	Υ	Resources
RESOURCE LIMITS	T, DR, DW	N	N	
USER_DATA	DP, DR, DW	N	Y	Configuration
TOPIC_DATA	Т	N	Y	
GROUP_DATA	P, S	N	Y	



- Rich set of QoS allow to configure several different aspects of data availability, delivery and timeliness
- QoS can be used to control and optimize network as well as computing resource







QoS Policy	Applicability	RxO	Modifiable	
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HISTORY	T, DR, DW	И	И	



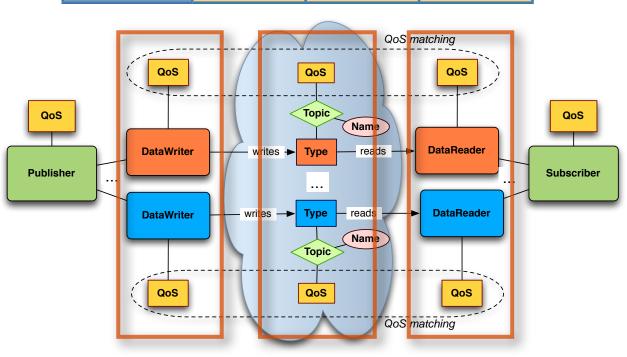


Durability

The **DURABILITY** QoS controls the data availability w.r.t. late joiners, specifically the DDS provides the following variants:

- Volatile. No need to keep data instances for late joining data readers
- Transient Local. Data instance availability for late joining data reader is tied to the data writer availability
- Transient. Data instance availability outlives the data writer
- Persistent. Data instance availability outlives system restarts

QoS Policy	Applicability	RxO	Modifiable
DURABILITY	T, DR, DW	Y	N
DURABILITY SERVICE	T, DW	N	N



The **DURABILITY_SERVICE QoS** provide control over configuration of the service that implements the transient and persistent durability features

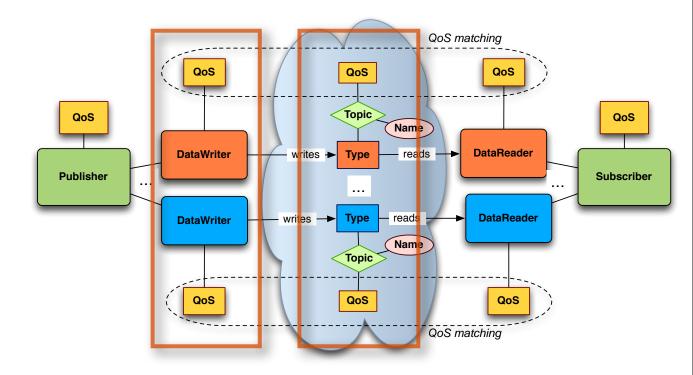




Lifespan

- The LIFESPAN QoS policy allows to control what happens to stale data
- It specifies the validity interval for data written by the DataWriter
- The default validity interval is infinite

QoS Policy	Applicability	RxO	Modifiable
LIFESPAN	T, DW	-	Y



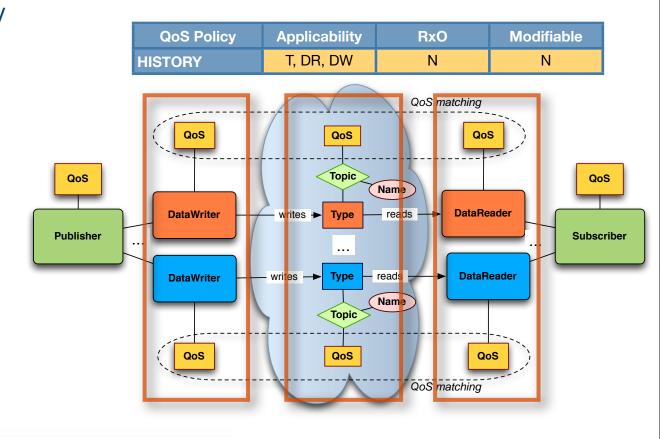




History

The **HISTORY** QoS policy controls whether the DDS should deliver only the most recent value, attempt to deliver all intermediate values, or do something in between. The policy can be configured to provide the following semantics:

- Keep Last. The DDS will only attempt to keep the most recent "depth" samples of each instance of data identified by its key
- Keep All. The DDS will attempt to keep all the samples of each instance of data identified by its key.
- On the **DataWriter** Samples are kept until delivered to all known subscribers
- On the DataReader side samples are kept until the application "takes" them





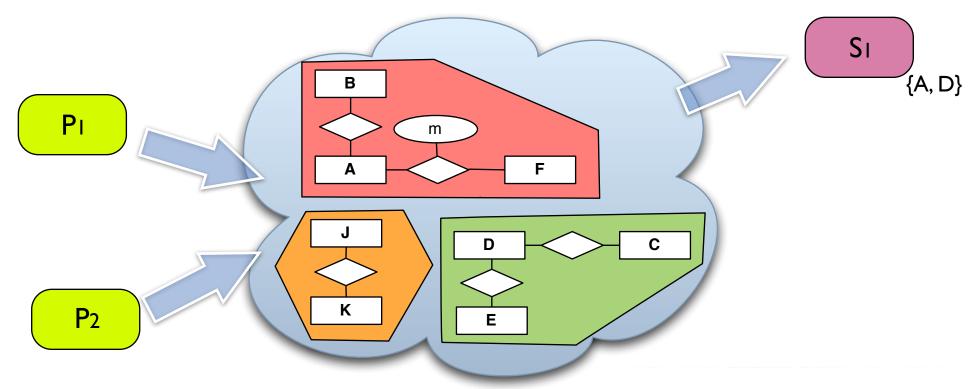








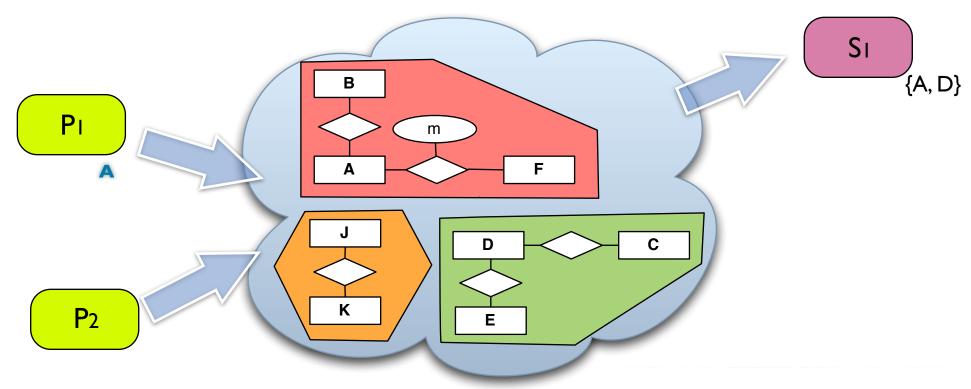
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- Time and Space decoupling is highly configurable by relying on OpenSplice DDS' rich set of QoS such as Availability, Life-Span, etc.







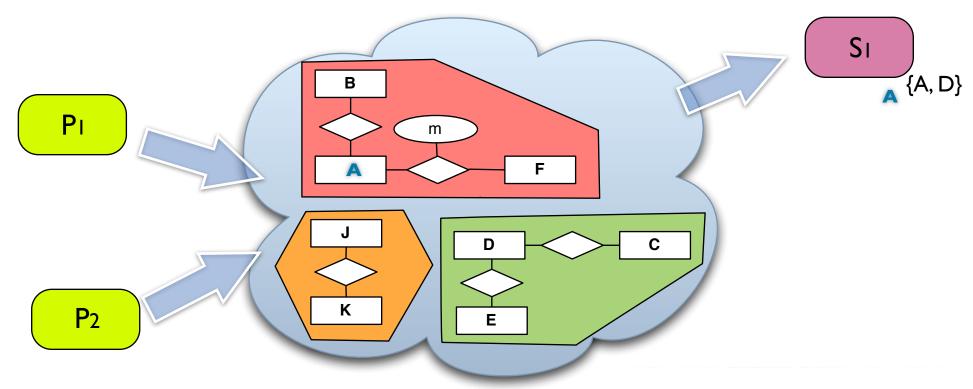
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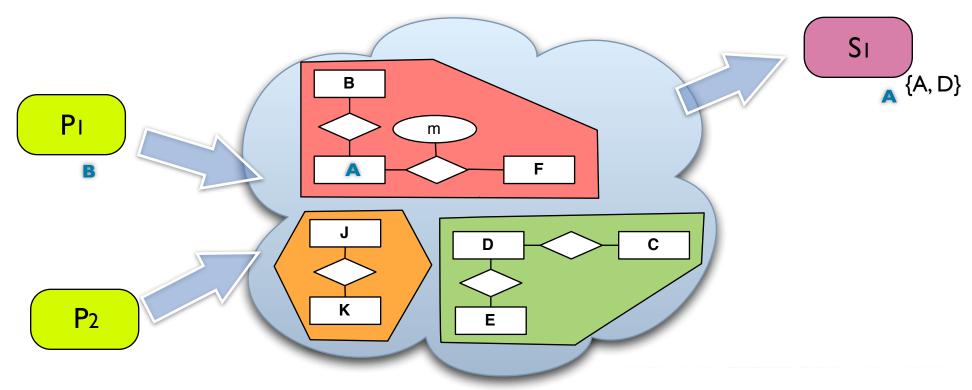
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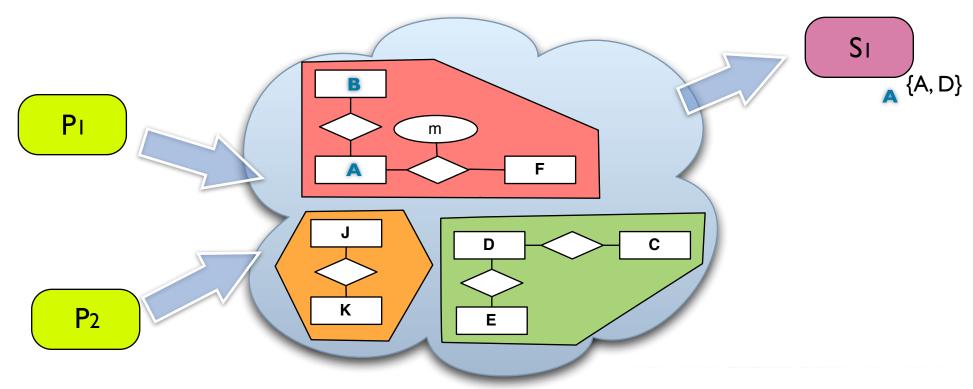
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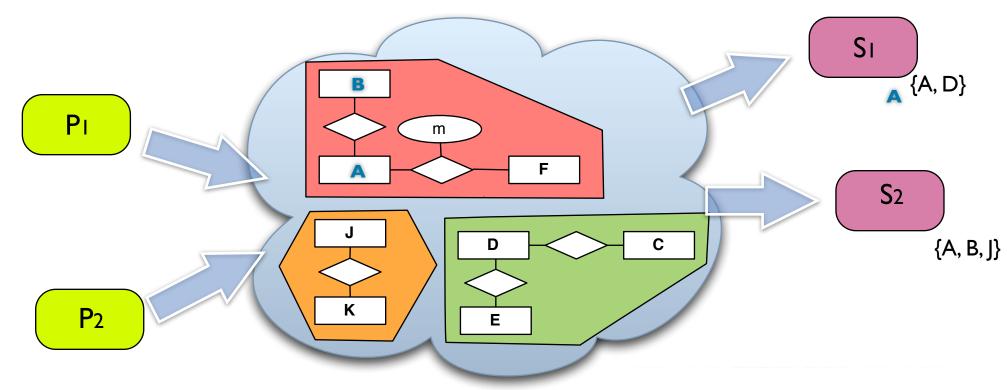
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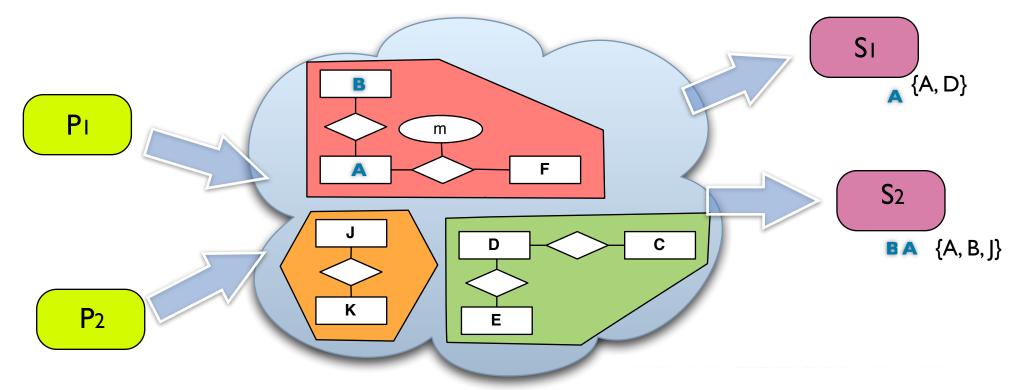
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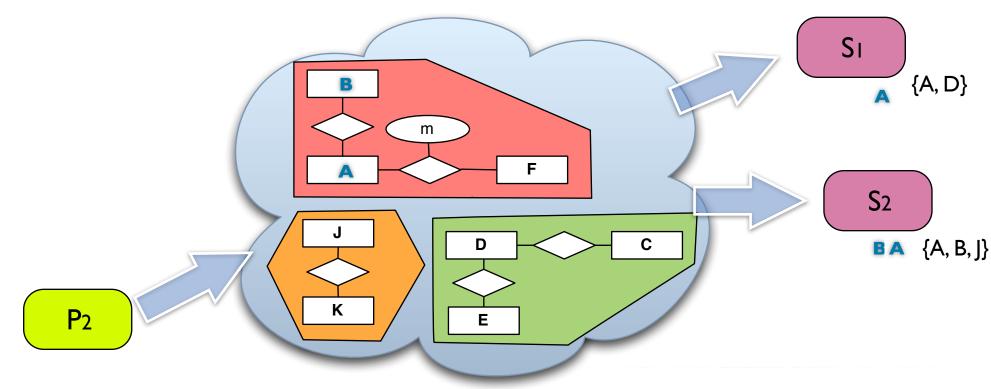
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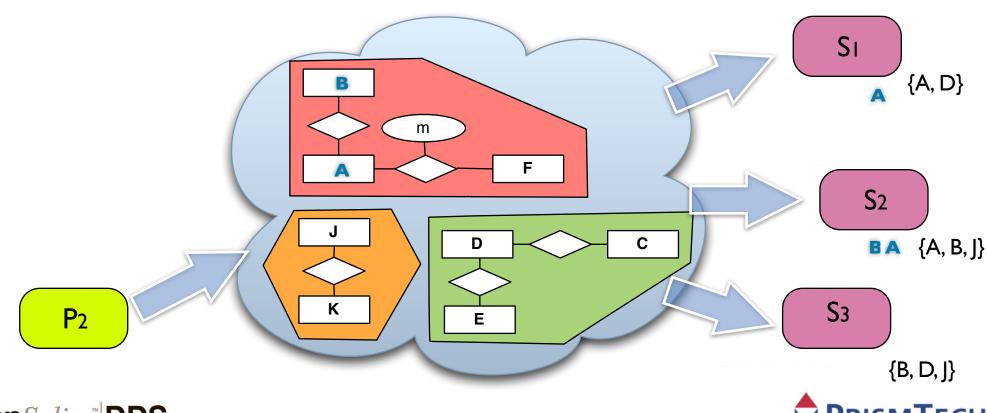
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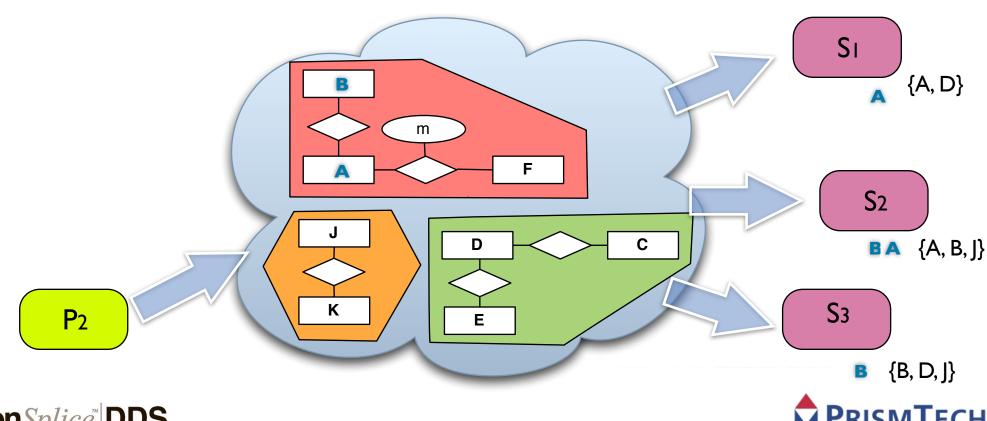




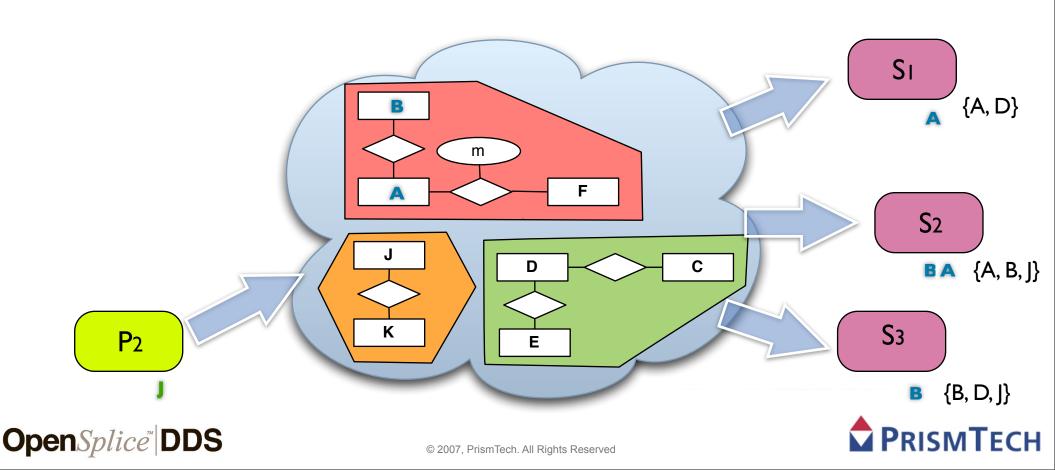
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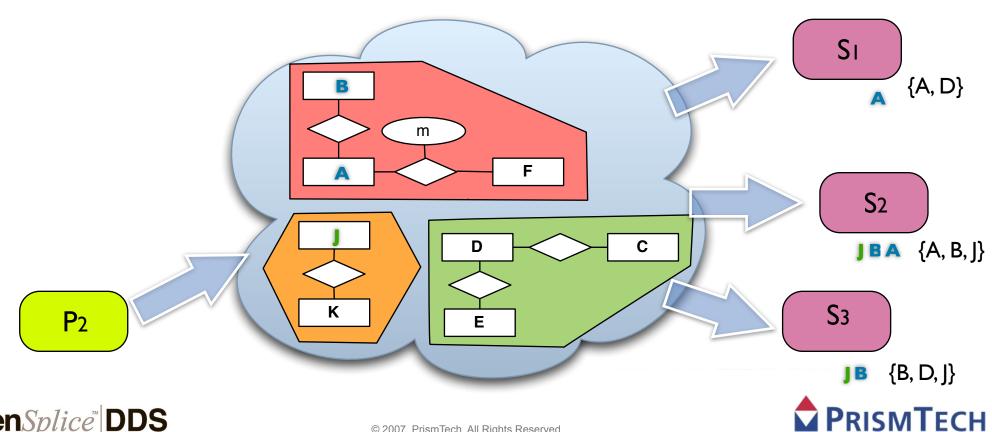
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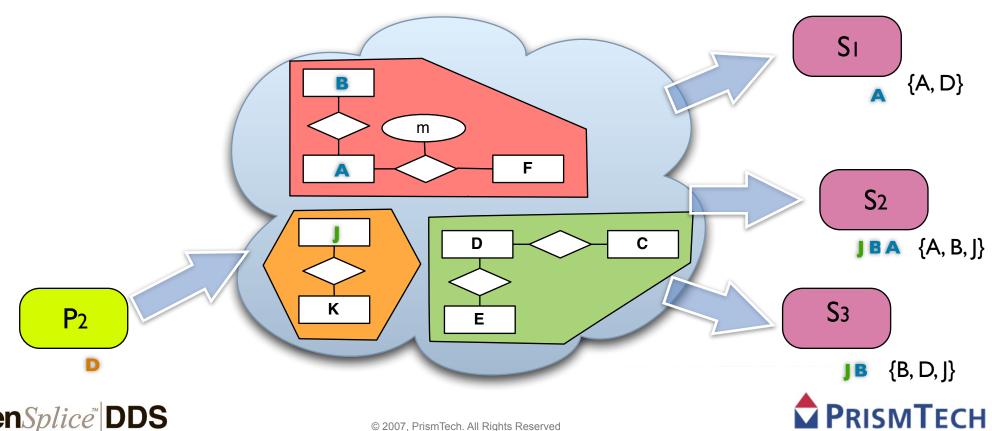
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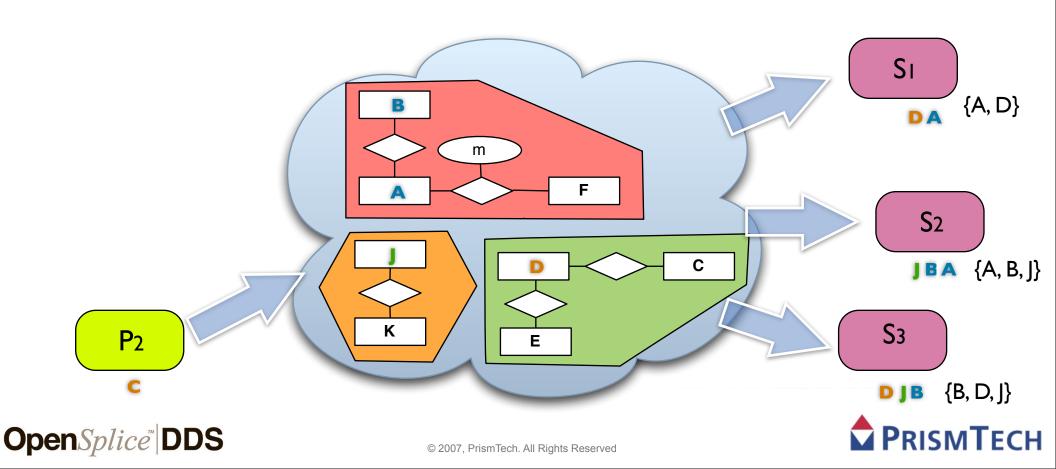
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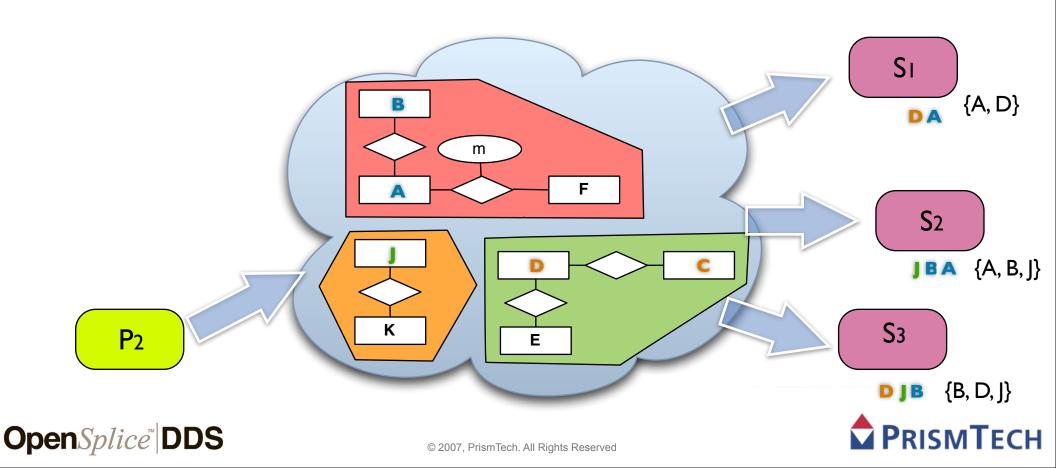
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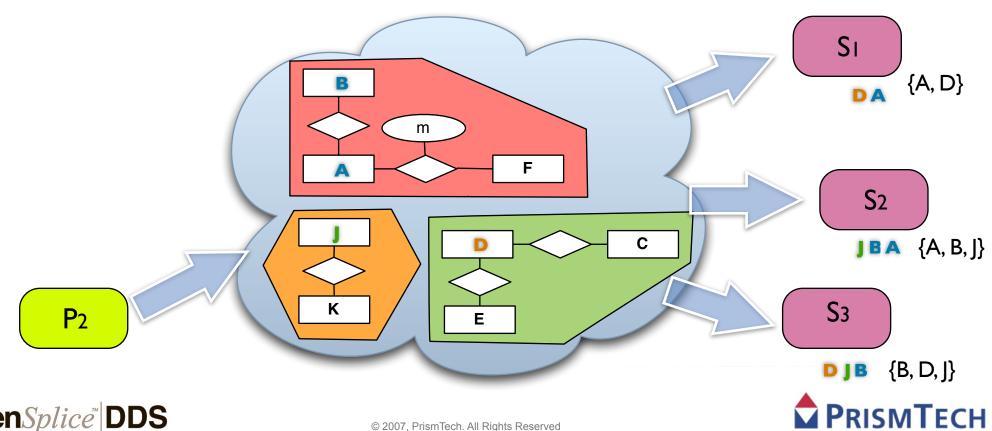
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QoS Policy	Applicability	RxO	Modifiable	
PRESENTATION	P, S	Y	N	
RELIABILITY	T, DR, DW	Y	N	
PARTITION	P, S	N	Y	
DESTINATION ORDER	T, DR, DW	Y	N	Data Delivery
OWNERSHIP	T, DR, DW	Y	N	
OWNERSHIP STRENGTH	DW	-	Y	

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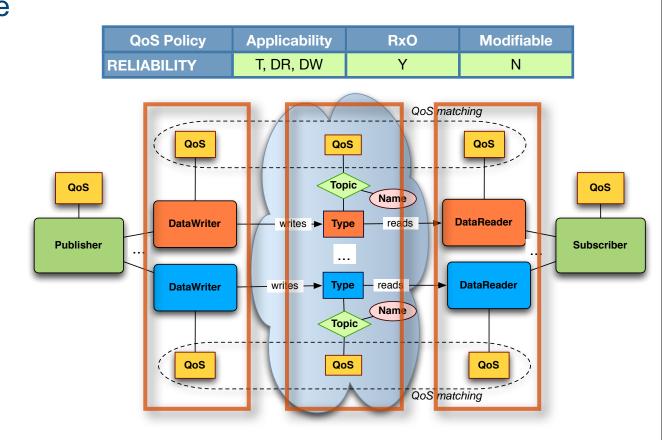
OpenSplice DDS

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Reliability

The **RELIABILITY** QoS indicate the level of guarantee offered by the DDS in delivering data to subscribers. Possible variants are:

- Reliable. In steady-state the middleware guarantees that all samples in the DataWriter history will eventually be delivered to all the DataReader
- Best Effort. Indicates that it is acceptable to not retry propagation of any samples







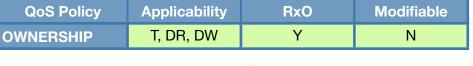
Ownership

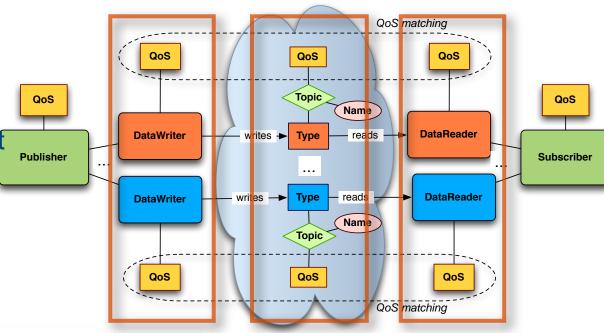
The **OWNERSHIP** QoS specifies whether it is allowed for multiple DataWriters to write the same instance of the data and if so, how these modifications should be arbitrated. Possible choices are:

Shared. Multiple writers are allowed to update the same instance and all the updates are made available to the reader

Exclusive. Indicates that each instance can only be owned by one DataWriter, but the owner of an instance can change dynamically -- due to liveliness changes

The selection of the owner is controlled by the setting of the OWNERSHIP_STRENGTH







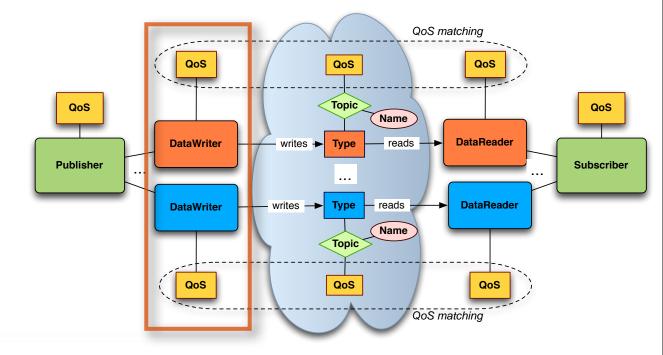


Ownership Strength

The **OWNERSHIP_STRENGTH** Specifies the value of the "strength" used to arbitrate among DataWriters that attempt to modify the same data instance

- Data instance are identified by the couple (Topic, Key)
- The policy applies only if the OWNERSHIP is EXCLUSIVE

QoS Policy	Applicability	RxO	Modifiable
OWNERSHIP STRENGTH	DW	-	Y



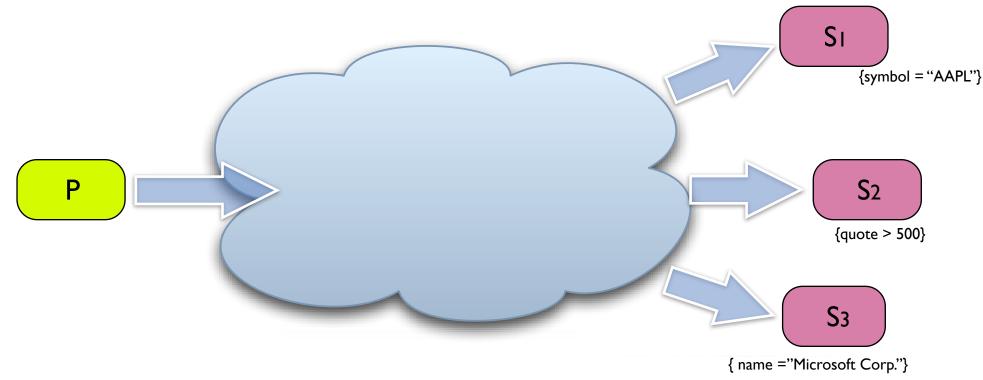






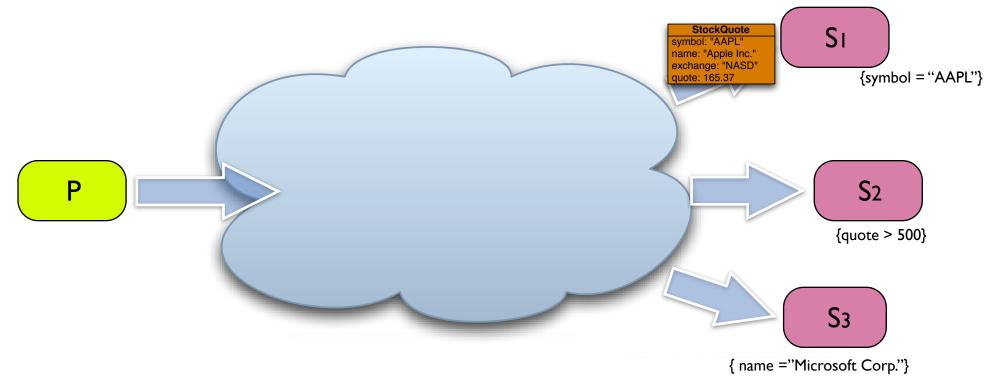






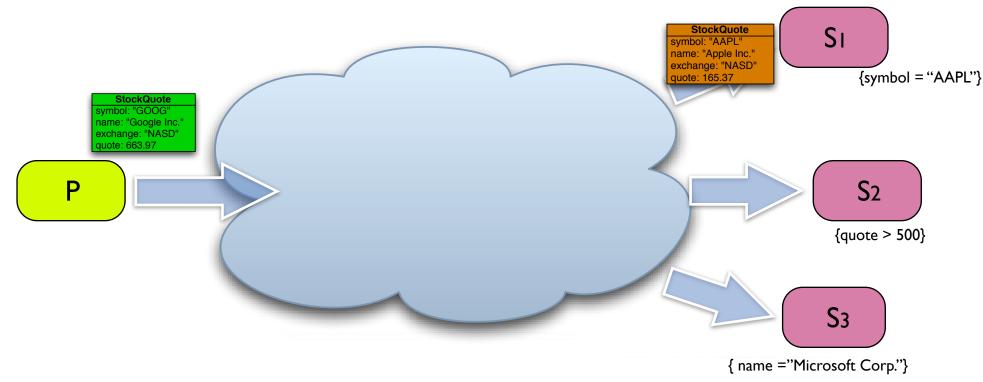






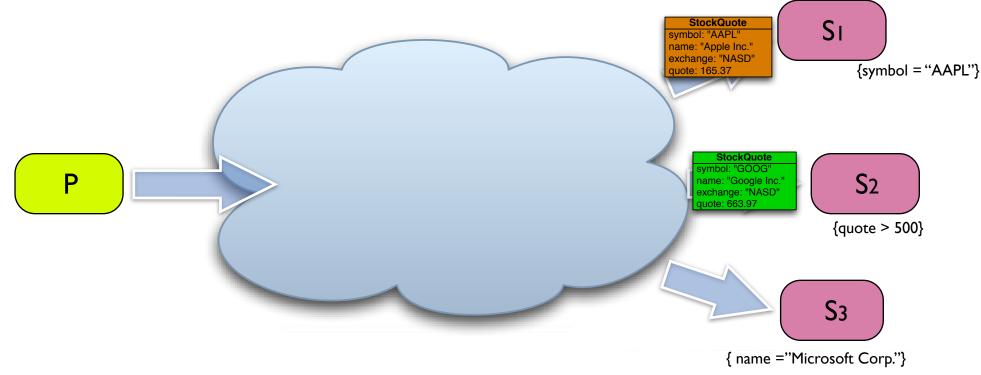






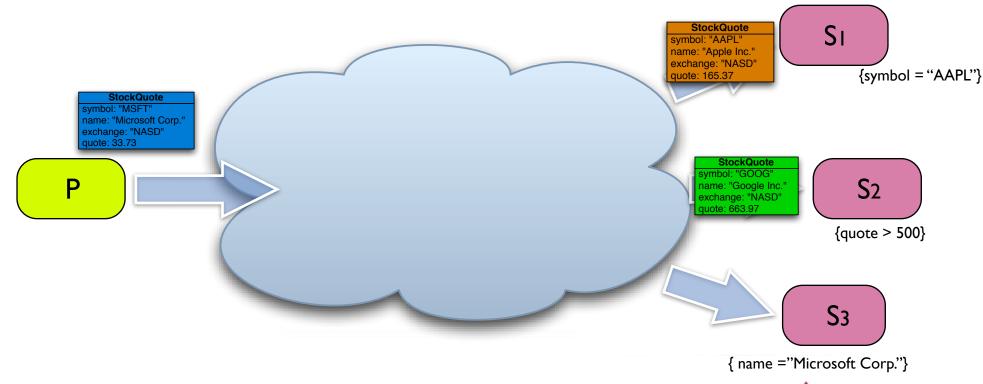






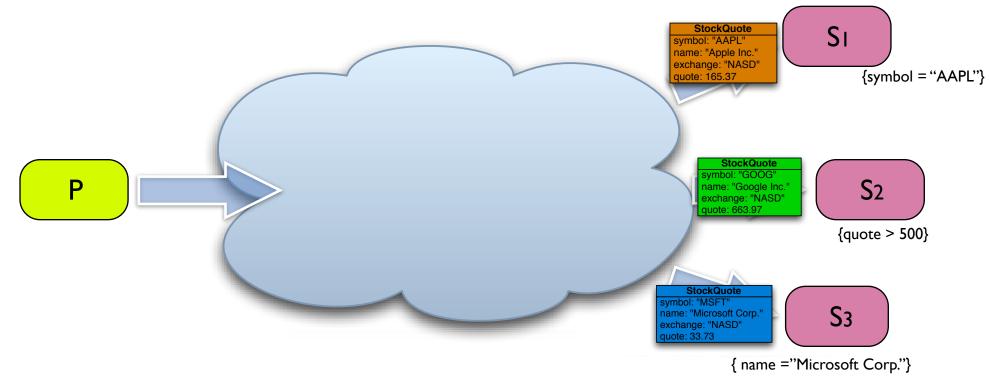






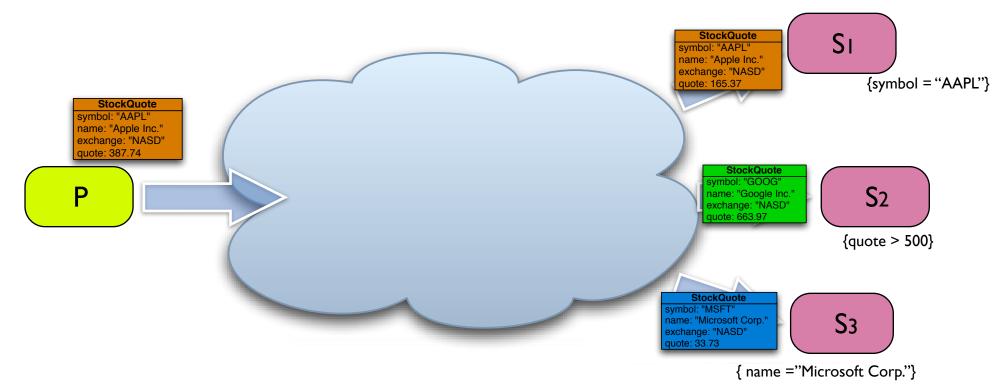






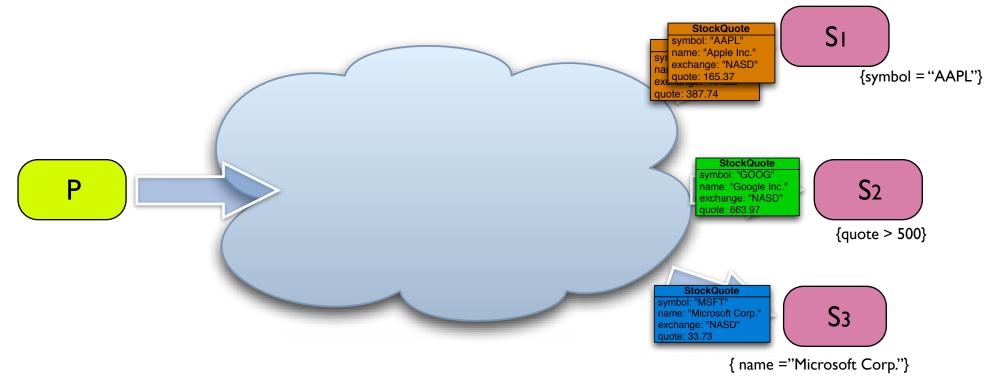






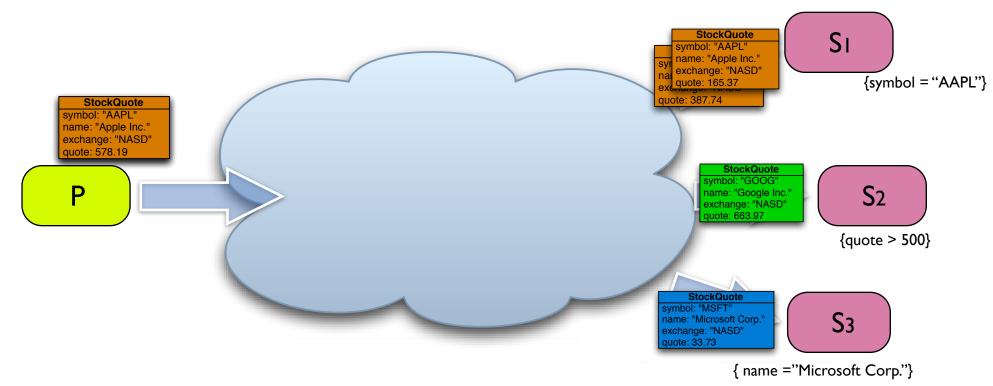






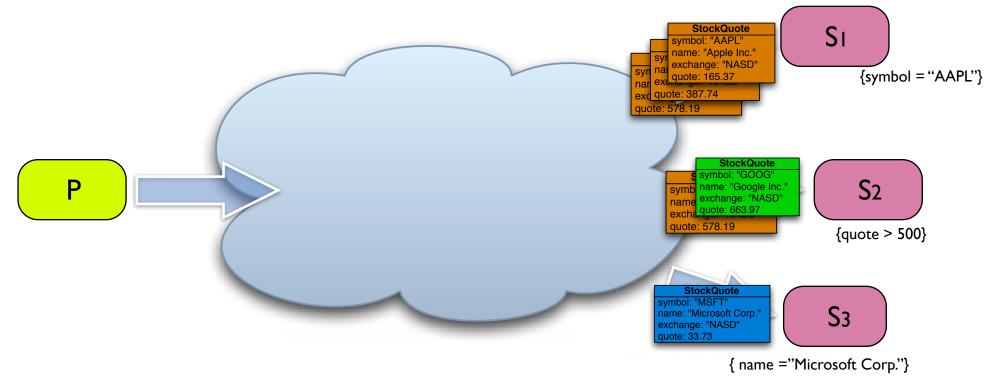








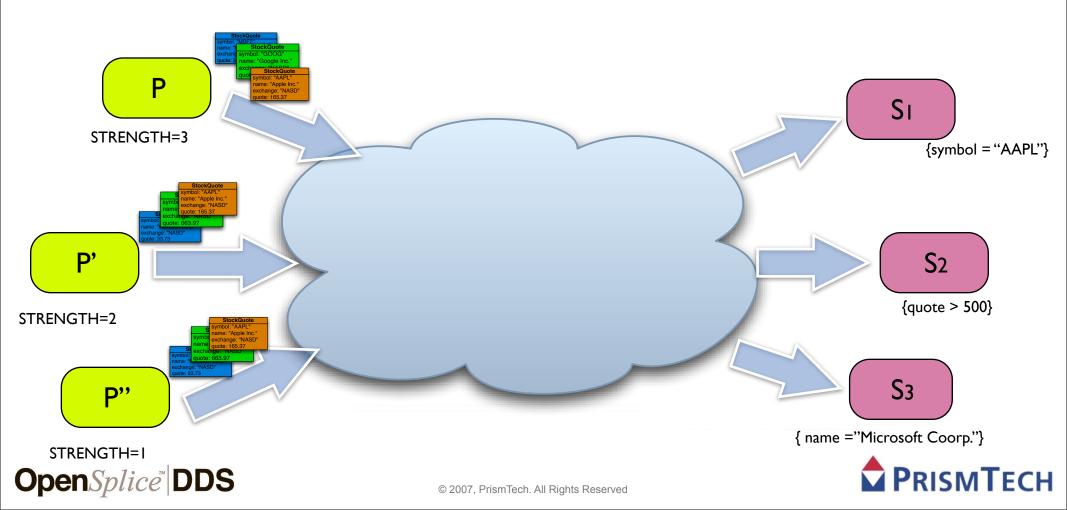




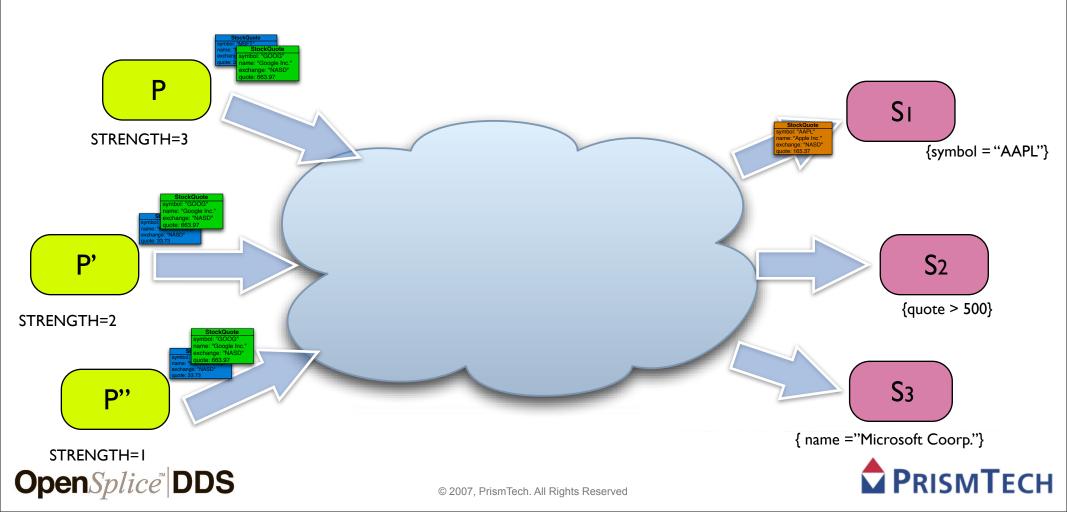




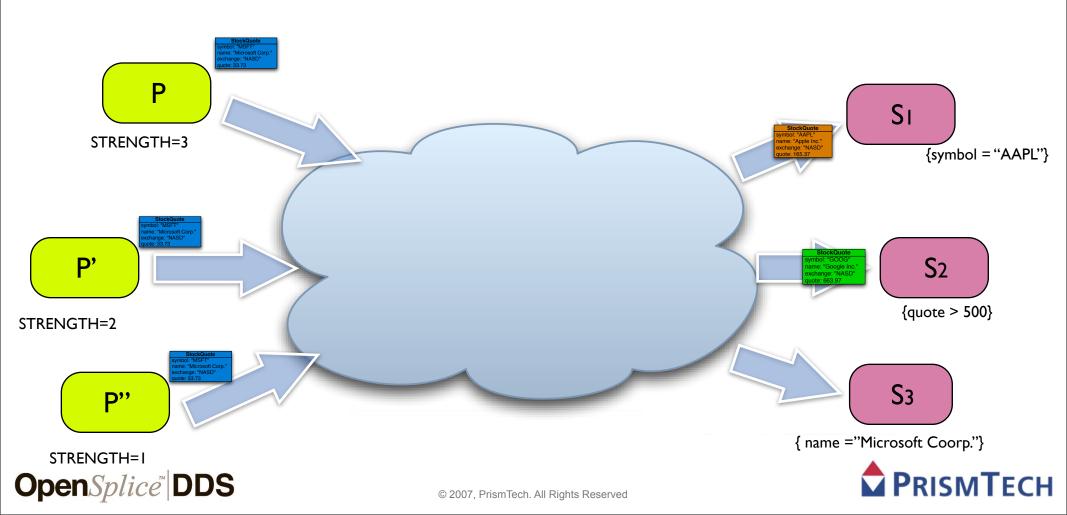
- A Topic can have Shared or Exclusive Ownership
- Exclusively owned Topics can be modified by a single writer
- Writer strength is used to coordinate replicated writers



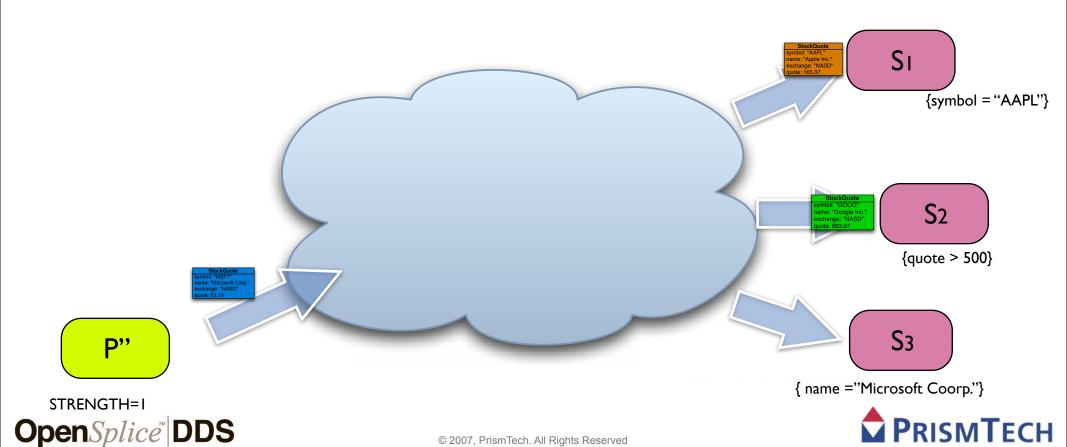
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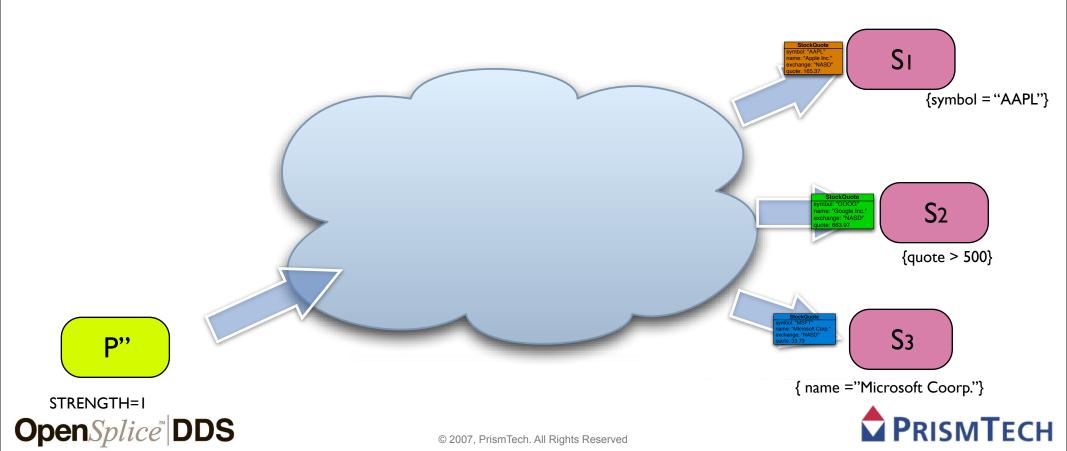
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QoS Policy	Applicability	RxO	Modifiable	
DEADLINE	T, DR, DW	Y	Υ	
LATENCY BUDGET	T, DR, DW	Y	Y	Data Timeliness
TRANSPORT PRIORITY	T, DW	-	Y	Timeliness
TRANSPORT PRIORITY	T, DW		A	



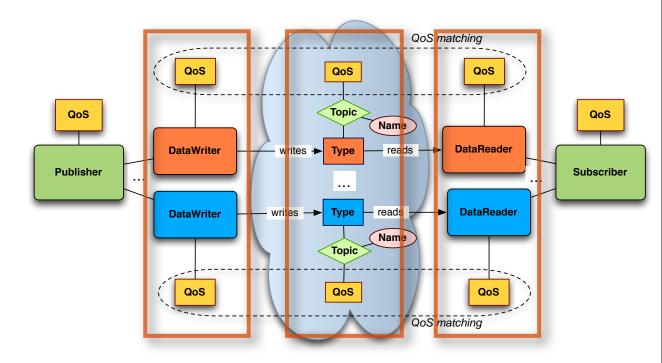


Deadline

The **DEADLINE** QoS policy allows to define the **maximum interarrival time** between data samples

- DataWriter indicates that the application commits to write a new value at least once every deadline period
- DataReaders are notified by the DDS when the DEADLINE QoS contract is violated

QoS Policy	Applicability	RxO	Modifiable
DEADLINE	T, DR, DW	Y	Y



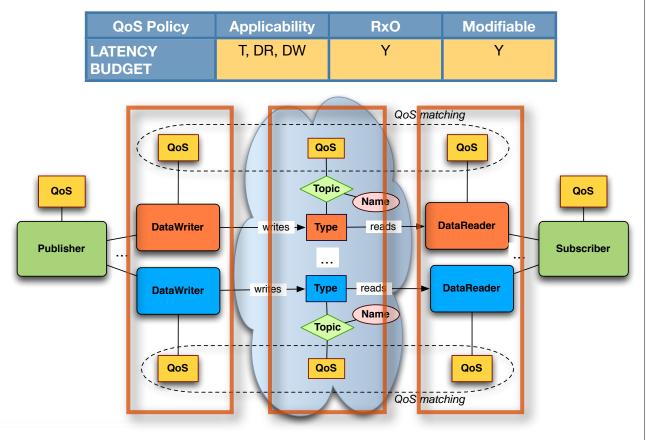




Latency Budget

The **LATENCY_BUDGET QoS** policy specifies the maximum acceptable delay from the time the data is written until the data is inserted in the receiver's application-cache

- The default value of the duration is zero indicating that the delay should be minimized
- This policy is a hint to the DDS, not something that must be monitored or enforced.

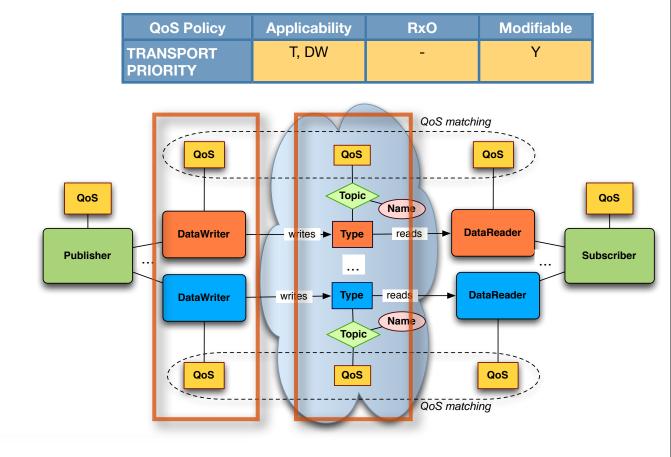






Transport Priority

The **TRANSPORT_PRIORITY** QoS policy is a hint to the infrastructure as to how to set the priority of the underlying transport used to send the data.







Agenda

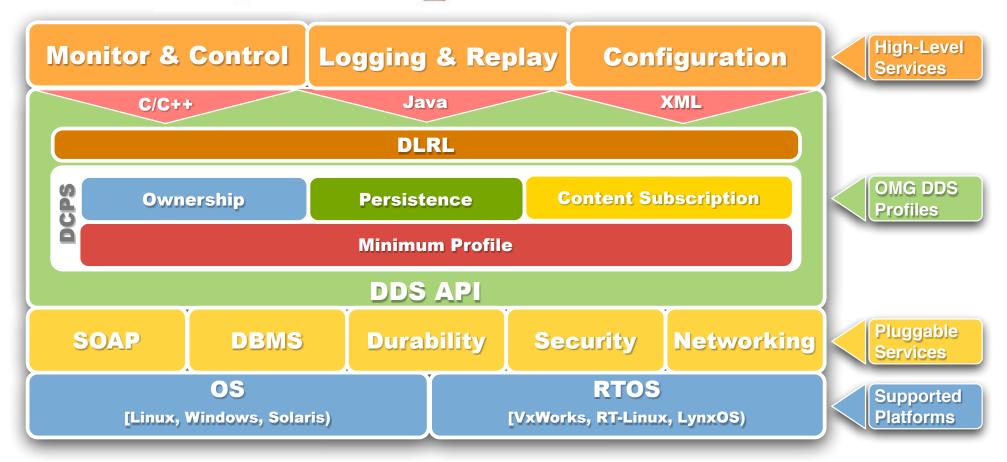
- DDS Overview
- Open Splice DDS
- OpenSplice DDS Power Tools
- Use Cases
- Concluding Remarks





OpenSplice™ DDS

OpenSplice DDS

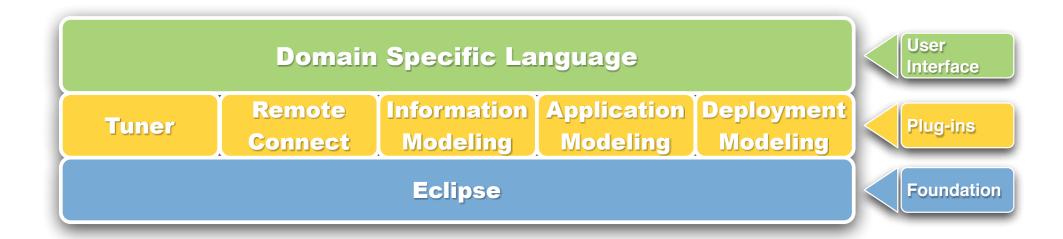






OpenSplice DDS PowerTools

OpenSplice DDS









OpenSplice DDS Architectural Outlook



OpenSplice DDS
Binding



Application

OpenSplice DDS
Binding



Application

OpenSplice DDS
Binding



Application

OpenSplice DDS
Binding



Shared Memory



OpenSplice DDS
Binding

Config.



OpenSplice DDS
Binding

SOAP



OpenSplice DDS
Binding

Networking Security



OpenSplice DDS Binding

Durability



OpenSplice DDS
Binding

DBMS

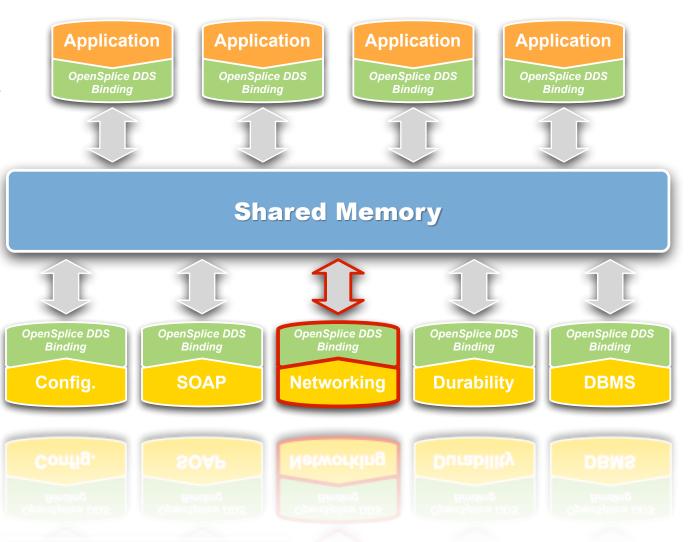




Networking Architecture

Architecture

- Scalability & Efficiency
- Determinism
- Safety







Networking Architecture

Architecture

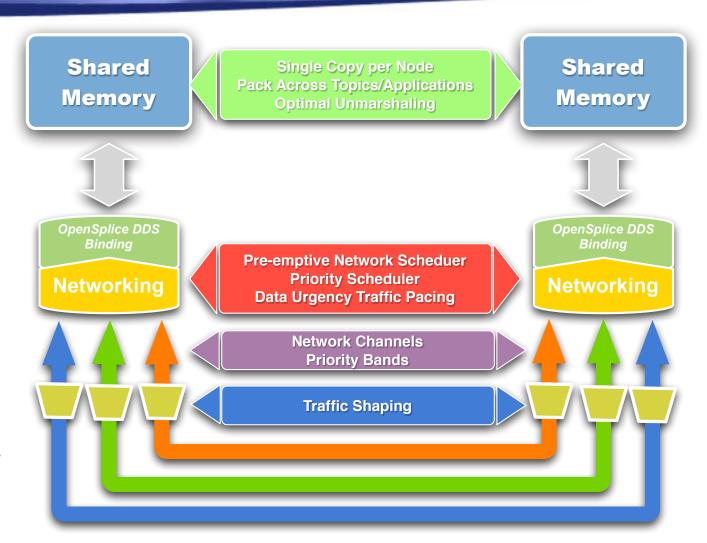
- Network-channels
 - Priority bands
- Network-partitions
 - Multicast Groups
- Traffic-shaping
 - Burst/Throughput

Scalability and Efficiency

- Single shared library for applications & services
- Ring-fenced shared memory segment
- Data urgency driven networkpacking

Determinism & Safety

- Preemptive network-scheduler
- Data importance based network-channel selection
- Partition based multicast-group selection
- Managed critical network-resource



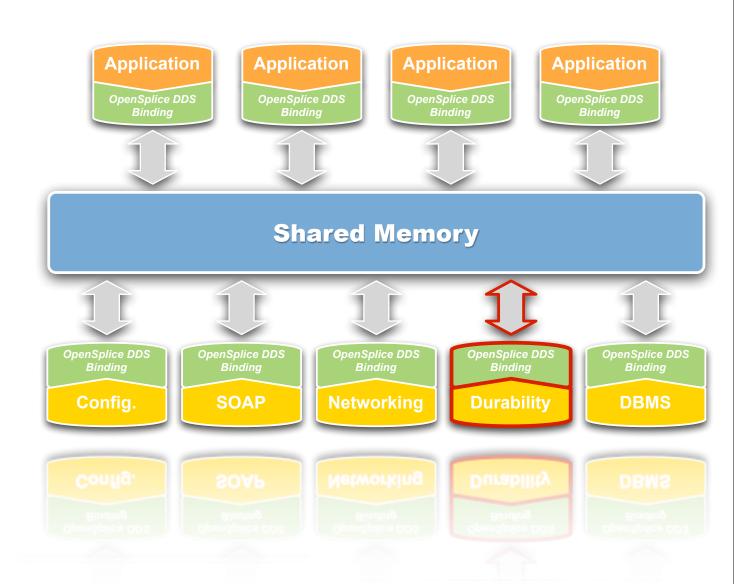




DCPS Architectural Highlights

Persistence

- Minimal impact on performance
- Fully Distributed
- Very High Availability
- States and Settings



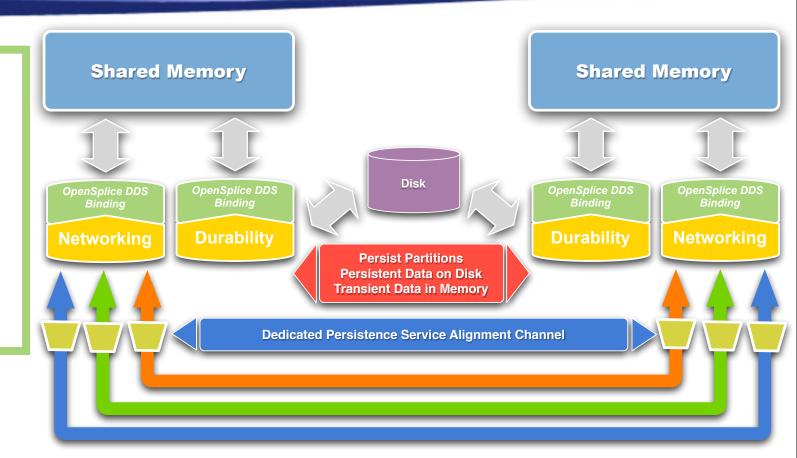




Persistence Architecture

Architecture

- Fault-Tolerant Data Availability
 - Transient -- on memory
 - Persistent -- on disk
- Partitioning
 - DDS Partitions
- Alignment
 - Dedicated Channels



Goal

- Transient QoS. Keep state-data outside the scope/lifecycle of its publishers
- Persistence QoS. Keep persistent settings to outlive the system downtime

Features

- Fault-tolerant availability of non-volatile data
- Efficient delivery of initial data to late-joining applications
- Pluggable Durability Service
- Automatic alignment of replicated durability-services





Content Awareness Architecture

Pub/Sub Mechanism OpenSplice DDS Kernel Data-Centric Mechanism OO Data Base Platform Independence Linux, Windows, VxWorks, ... OS/RTOS

Goal

- SQL-based content-awareness (content_filtered_topics & query_conditions)
- Filters defining 'what goes into the readers data-cache following a Write'
- Queries defining what to extract from the data-cache during a Read/

ODL Pub/Sub Data Model

Features

- High-performance filter/query behavior supported by internal inmemory DBMS
- Reduced application complexity (SQL-based filters and queries)
- Improved system performance (applications don't need to process unwanted information)

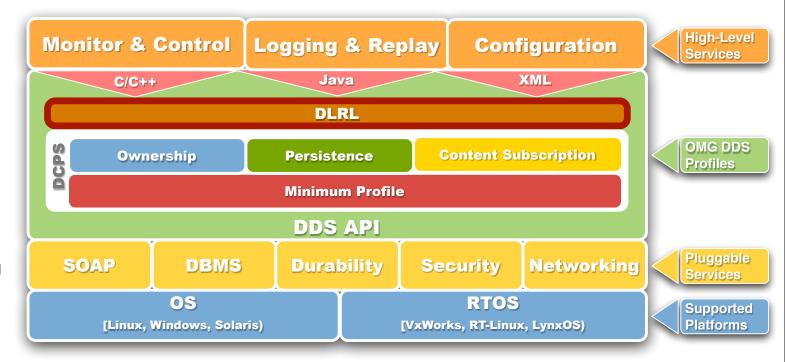




DLRL Architectural Highlights

DLRL 00 Layer

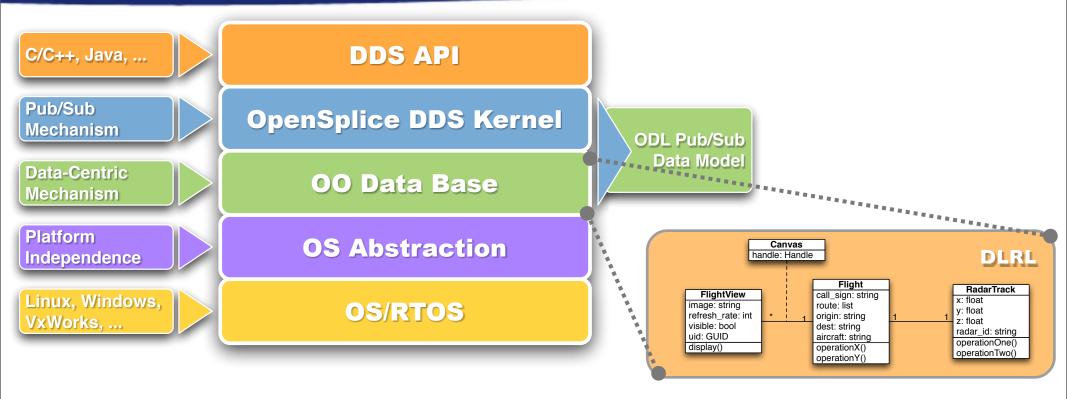
- Object Oriented view of the Information Model
- Object Relationship and Navigation
- Application complexity Reduction
- High Performance







DLRL Architecture



Goal

- Navigable data-objects with encapsulated information and userdefined accessor methods
- Extensive selection and fine-grained listener mechanisms ease application design
- More intuitive information access for OO-programmers

Features

- High-performance/low-overhead due to DLRL-support by DCPS-kernel in-memory OO-database
- DLRL code-generator driven by standardized DCPS/DLRL mapping-XML
- Graphical DLRL object modeling (MDE productivity suite)







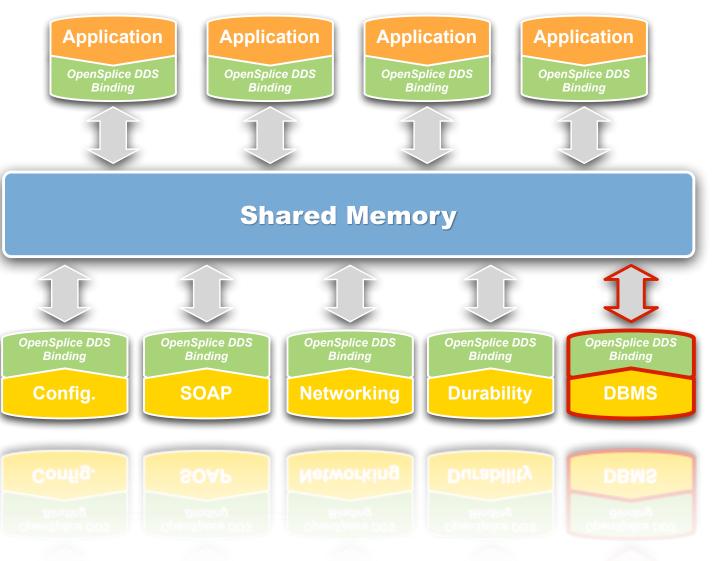




DBMS-Connect™ Technology

DBMS Gateway

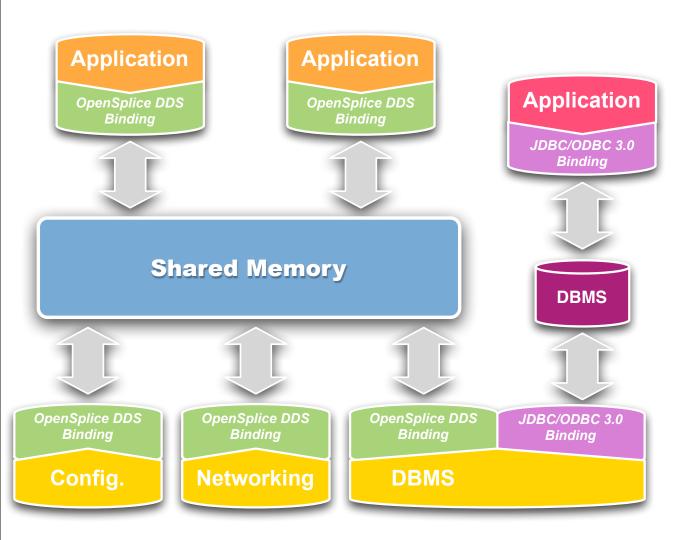
- Seamless
- Full 2-way support
- Dynamic
- High Performance







DBMS-Connect™ Technology



Features

- Transparently 'connect' the DDS 'Real-time information-space' to the enterprise DBMS space
- Share/access data in the most 'natural way' (DDS for RT-apps, ODBC/JDBC for Enterprise-apps)
- Standards based (ODBC/JDBC) and optimized performance (footprint, reactivity) for the ANTs™ data-server
- Seamless data exchange: fully dynamic, using OpenSplice DDS's meta-data availability and dynamic-API's
- OpenSplice DDS persistenceprofile support for QoS-driven replication/persistence, even for DBMS users
- Highly configurable for maximum performance

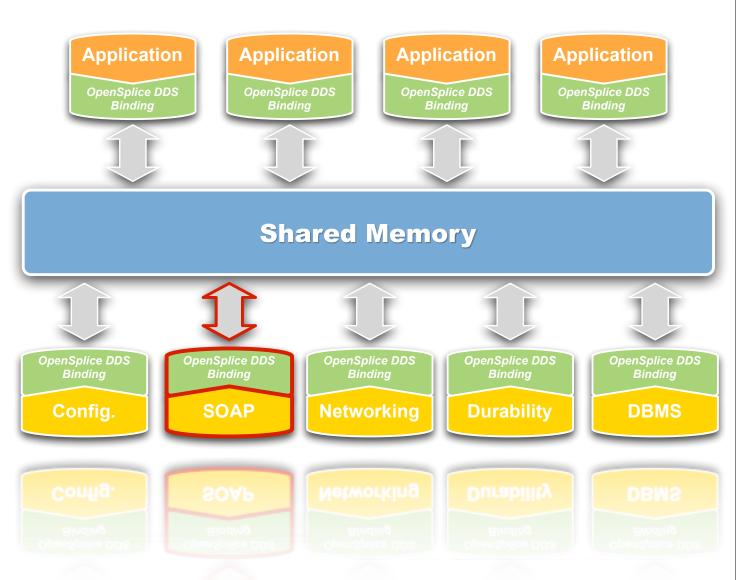




Web Service Gateway

Web Service Gateway

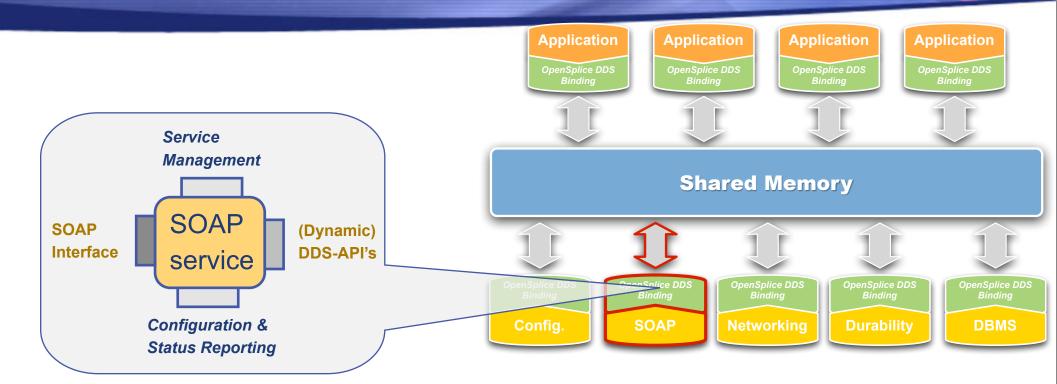
- XML API
- SOAP Connection
- Dynamic Topics







Web Service Gateway



Pluggable Service Framework

- Service-management. Automatic start/stop, liveliness-monitoring, restart policy
- Maintenance. Common status and error reporting
- Configuration. XML-based configuration with matching deployment tooling ('OpenSplice DDS configurator')
- Dynamic OpenSplice API's. Untyped readers/writers, dynamic type-support, C&M (discovery/control/monitoring)

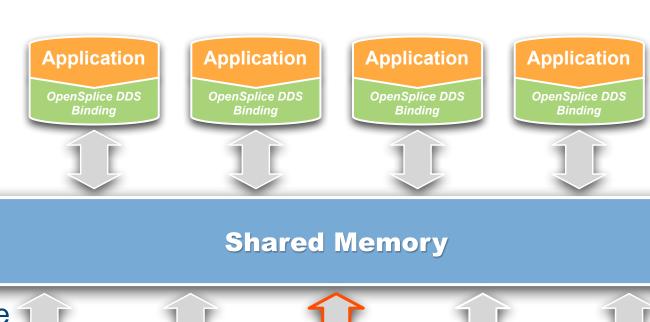
Web Services Interface

- XML-based SOAP interface (remote 'connect' via HTTP/URL)
- **XML-based Discovery** of DDS-entities: Topics/Partitions, Subscribers/Readers, Publishers/Writers
- XML-based Type-support: runtime creation of topics/readers/writers
- XML-based C&M: control and monitor of any DDS-entity (QoS, Resource-usage), especially for OpenSplice Tuner™



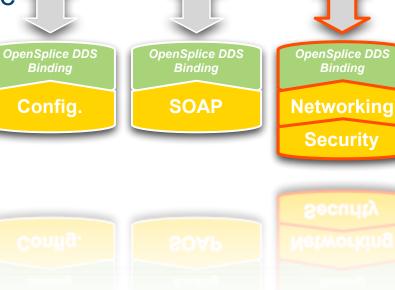


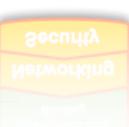
Security Plug-in



Security

- Communication **Encryption**
- Information Assurance
- End-to-end security enforcement







OpenSplice DDS

Durability



OpenSplice DDS

DBMS

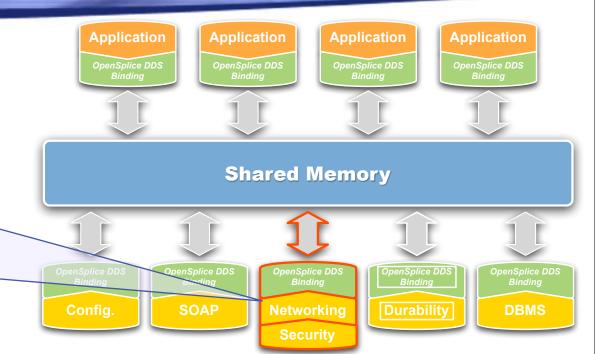




Security Networking



- secure information distribution
- over untrusted networks
- between nodes of different security level
- enforcement of need-to-know principle
- Integrity and data origin authentication for information distribution over the network



A dedicated crypto channel per network partition

- Ensures that information received via the network (or eavesdropped on the network) can only be retrieved in its RED (unencrypted) form on nodes that are accredited or have a need-to-know
- Authentication of data origin
- Integrity preservation of information exchanged between nodes

Infrastructure solution

- Security enforcement part of the information backbone (transparent to applications)
- Infrastructure itself secured (protection of configuration and key files etc.)

Secure networking is first building block for complete IA

 End-to-end security, incl. mandatory access control per application, over the networked DDS backbone is next





OpenSplice DDS -- In Summary

OpenSplice DDS

Functionality

- Full OMG DDS v1.2 specification coverage
- High Performance, Fault-Tolerant, and Secure Information Backbone
- Wide Technology cohabitation and Integration
- Support for MDE with Power Tools

Performance

- Great Scalability in the number of nodes, applications, and Topics
- Real-Time Determinism with priority and latency budget driven network scheduling
- Fault-Tolerant architecture, with no single point of failure, and safe isolation between application and critical resources, *e.g.*, network

Pedigree

- Maturity. Proven, and fielded in more than 15 navies worldwide
- Fractal Architecture. Large-scale, real-time, fault-tolerant, embedded, all in 1 system
- High Standards of Quality Assurance. Process/procedures, QA-artefacts and regression testing w.r.t. number of applications as well as computing nodes and topics





Agenda

- DDS Overview
- Open Splice DDS
- OpenSplice DDS Power Tools
- Use Cases
- Concluding Remarks





OpenSplice DDS PowerTools

End-to-End System Design cycle

- Information, Application, and Deployment Modeling
- Productive and correctness-enforcing modeling environment

Information Modeling

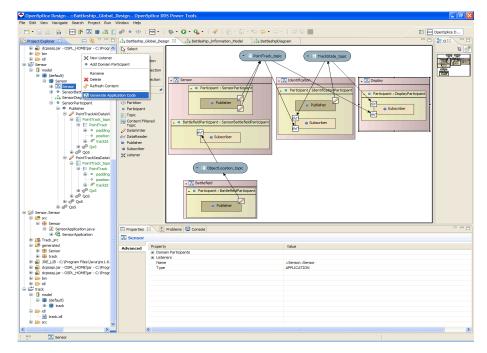
- Graphical system-wide Information and QoS Modeling
- OpenSplice DDS code-generation
- Support for libraries of reusable Information Model

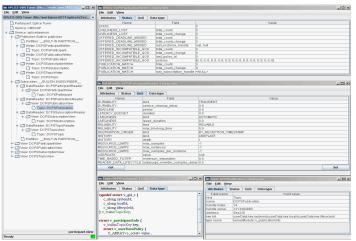
Application Modeling

- Graphical application modeling
- Pattern-oriented code-generation (listener/ waitset/MVC)

Deployment Modeling

- Modeling of DDS-configuration Service configuration (networking, durability)
- Runtime control (& round-trip engineering) by OpenSplice DDS Tuner™

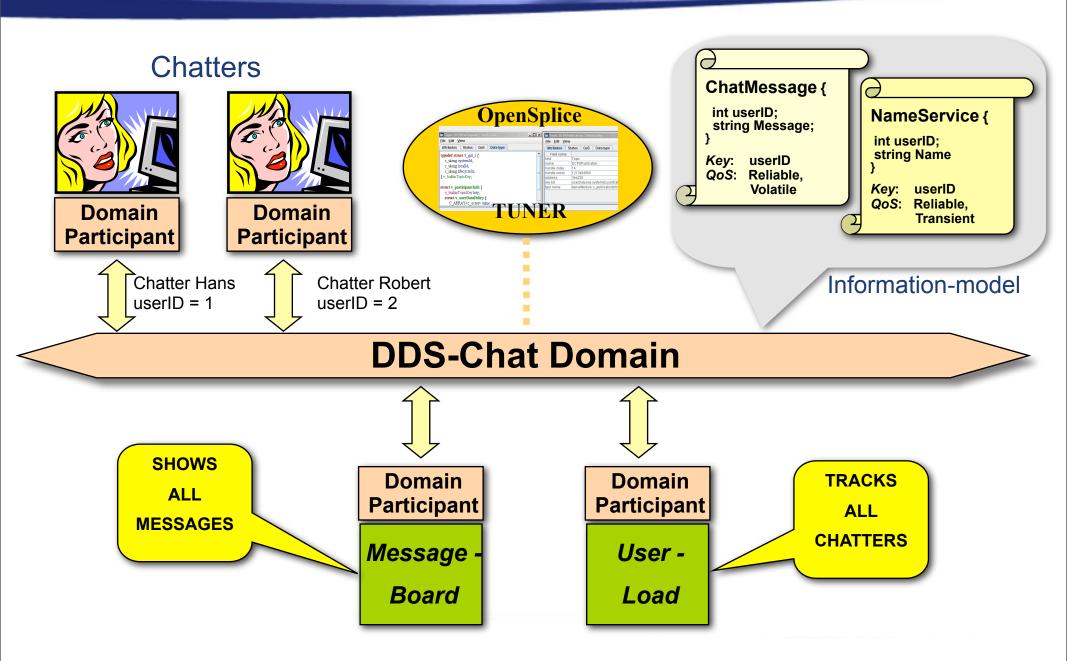






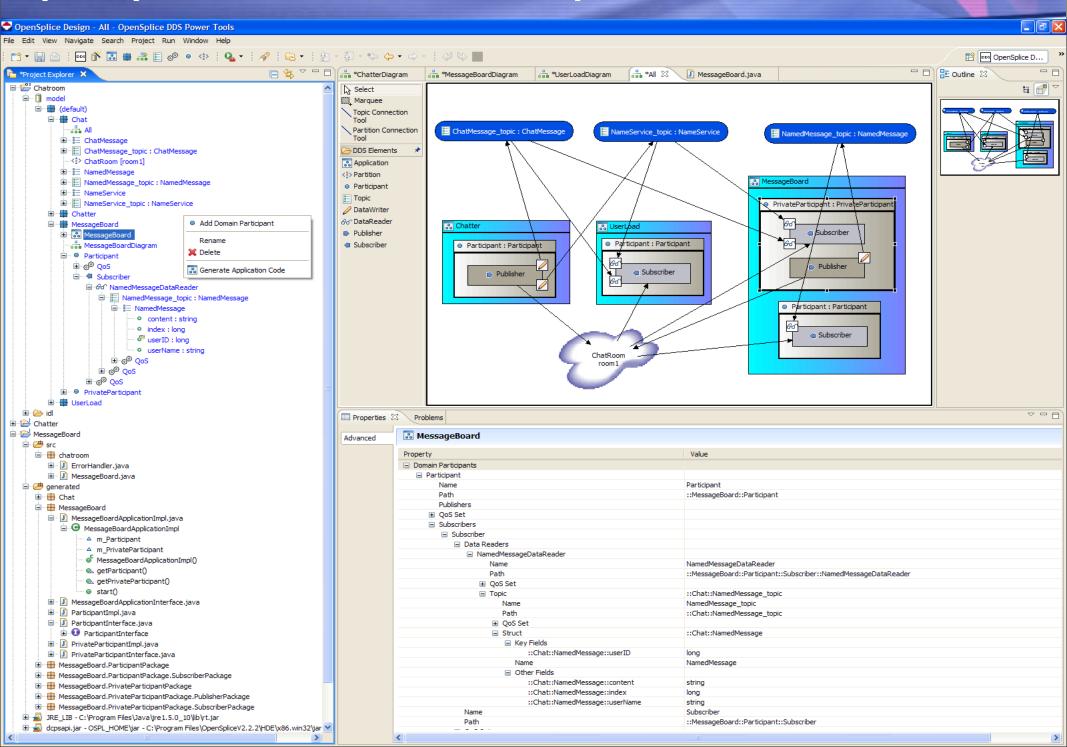


Chatroom Example – Applications

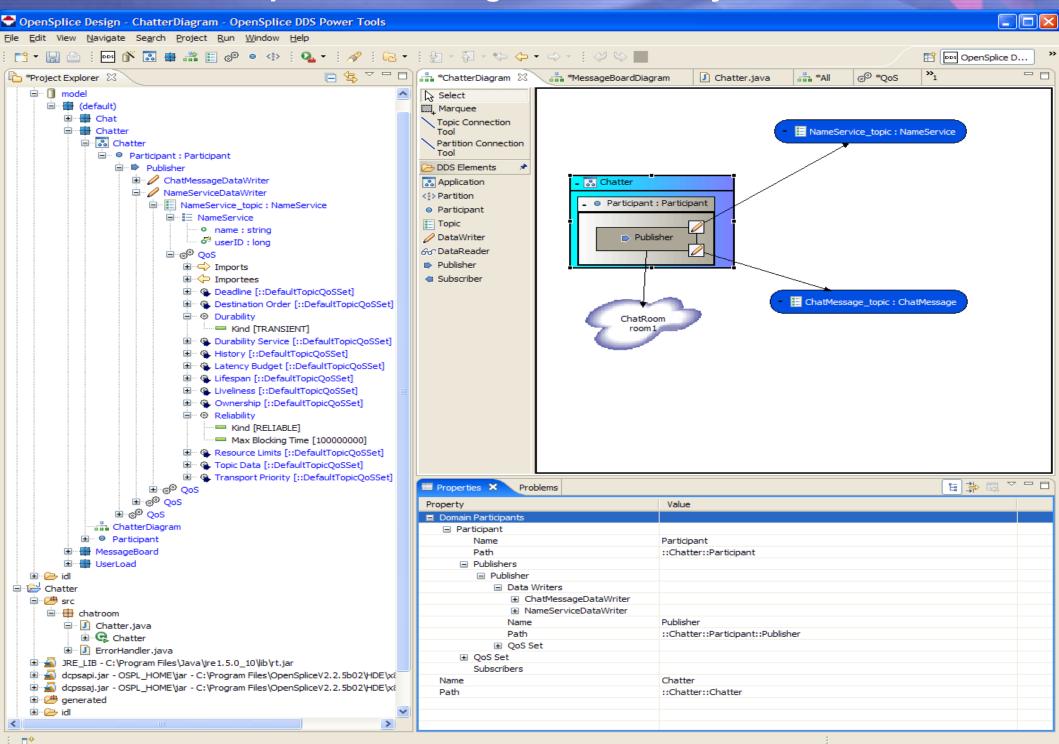




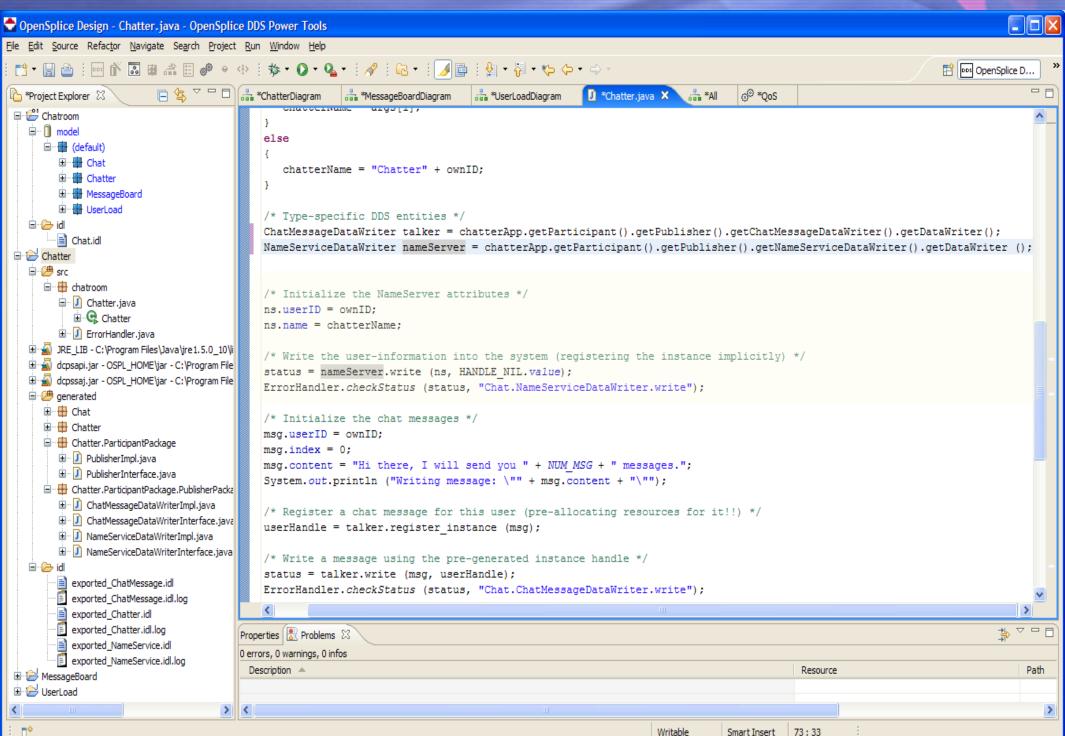
OpenSplice Power Tools™: Eclipse based MDE-suite



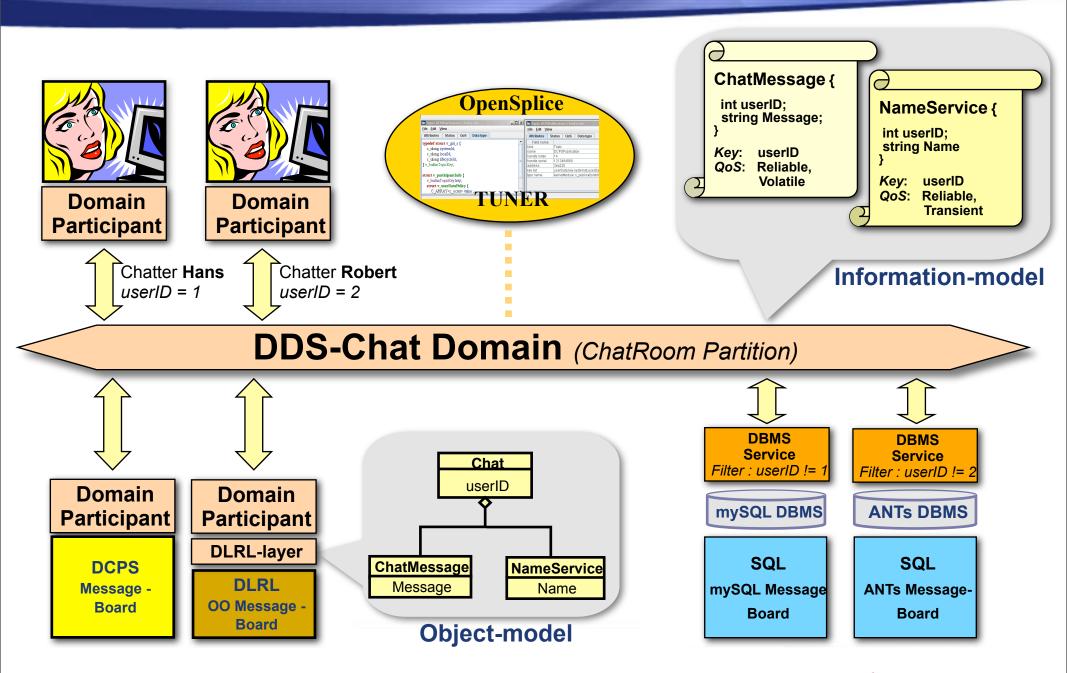
PowerTools™ Graphical modeling: Intuitive, Easy and Fast



PowerTools™ Code Generation: Reduced complexity



Chatroom Example – DCPS/DLRL & SQL Applications





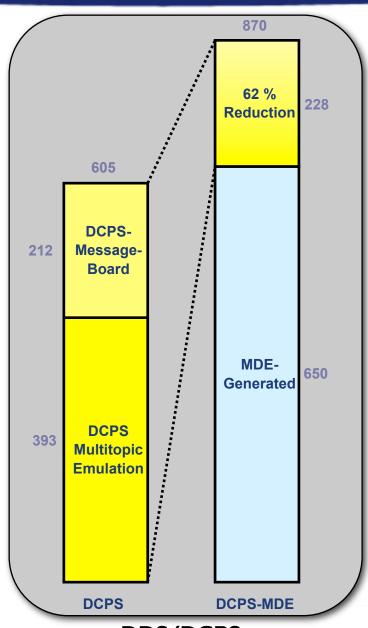


MessageBoard Example – Comparing architectures by size





MessageBoard Example - Comparing architectures by size

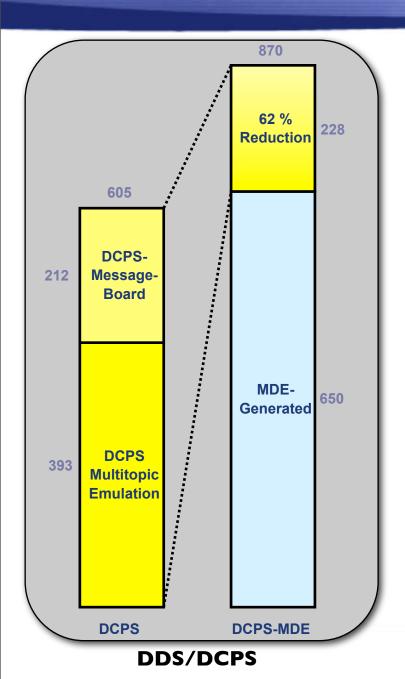


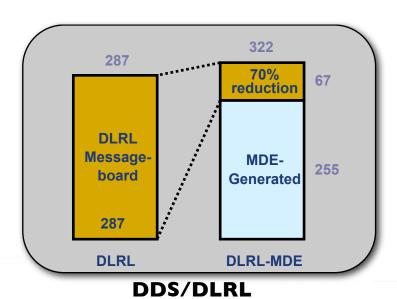






MessageBoard Example – Comparing architectures by size

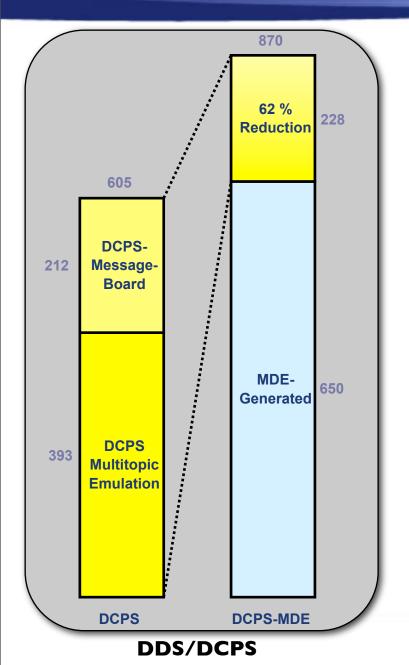


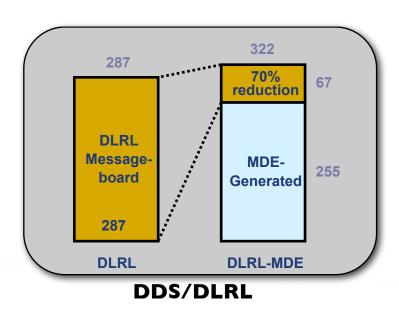


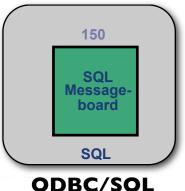




MessageBoard Example - Comparing architectures by size



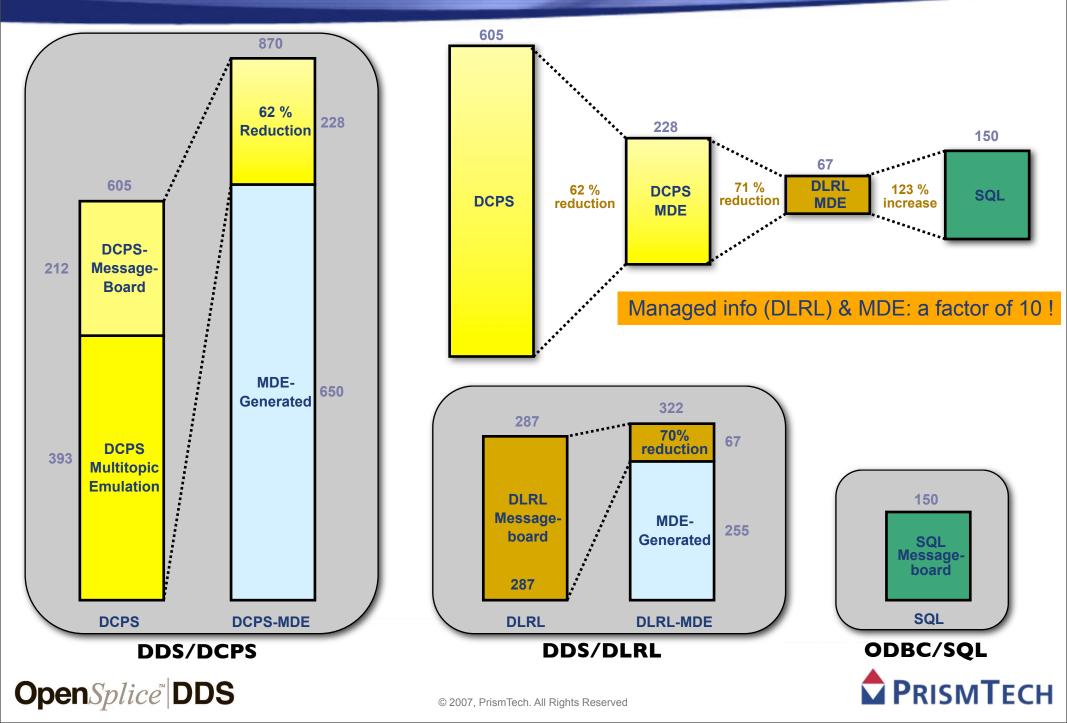




ODBC/SQL



MessageBoard Example – Comparing architectures by size



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Who is using OpenSplice DDS

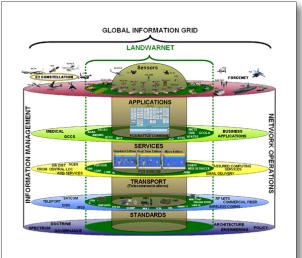
Defense

- TACTICOS-CMS: THALES Naval Netherlands' CMS, 26 ships classes, >100 ships
 - > 2.000 deployed runtimes (running on Solaris-servers, Linuxconsoles, and vxWorks embedded subsystems)
 - ▶ 15 Navies worldwide (Netherlands, Germany, Turkey, Greece, Oman, Qatar, Portugal, South Korea, Japan, Poland,...)
- USA programs: LCS/GD, ENFMC/NG, LHA-LHD/DRS
- Brazilian Navy
- Australia: DSTO, ADI (Australia)
- THALES Naval NL's Flycatcher system
 - ▶ 4 army's, >400 deployments
- NSWC: Open Architecture Test Facility (OA-TF)

Tactical networks

▶ **Ultra Electronics** (US, UK): OpenSplice DDS selected over competition for superior scalability and fault-tolerance











Who is using OpenSplice DDS

Transportation

- Amsterdam Metro
- CoFlight: Flight-plan management system upgrades for France, Italy, Switzerland

Aerospace

NASA Kennedy Space Center: Constellation Program for next generation ARES Rocket Launch System

SCADA

▶ Chemtech/Siemens in Brazil: since 2006

Homeland Security

▶ **IDA**: 'Cybercrime Defense' in WAN environment









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Concluding Remarks

Applicability

- OpenSplice DDS uniquely addresses some of the key requirements for next generation Net-Centric Systems
- Thanks to its architecture, OpenSplice DDS it delivers extremely high performance, high availability and reliability, and retains predictability even under burst of activities

Open Architecture

 OpenSplice DDS is the only implementation in the world which fully implements the OMG DDS v1.2 standard

Technology Ecosystem

- Seamless cohabitation with CORBA (Java+C++) and RTSJ
- DBMS Integration
- Security Plug-in

OpenSplice DDS is the best solution available on the market for solving your data distribution and management problems!





Contact Us

OpenSplice DDS

- OpenSpliceDDS Resource Center
 - http://www.prismtech.com/opensplice-dds/
- Evaluate OpenSplice DDS
- Training and Consulting
 - <u>sales@prismtech.com</u>
- OMG DDS Information
 - http://www.dds-forum.org/
 - http://portals.omg.org/dds/





