

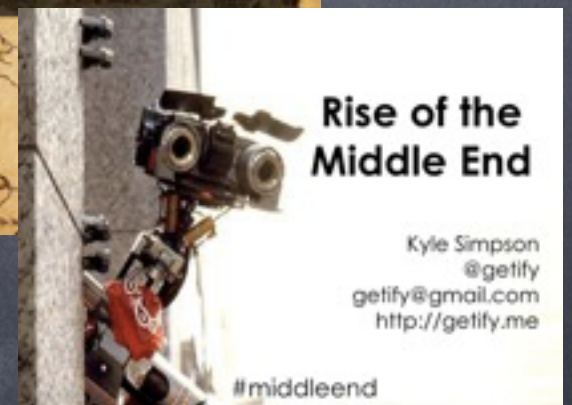
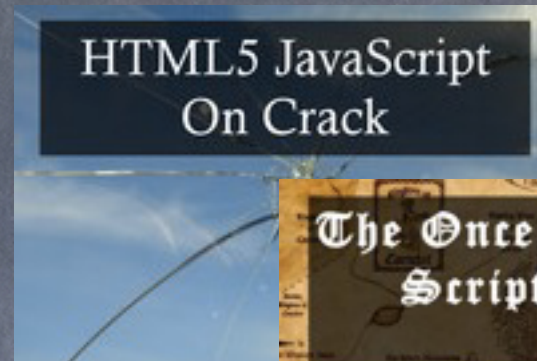
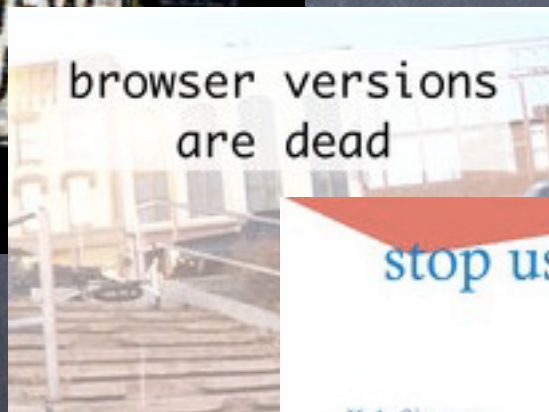
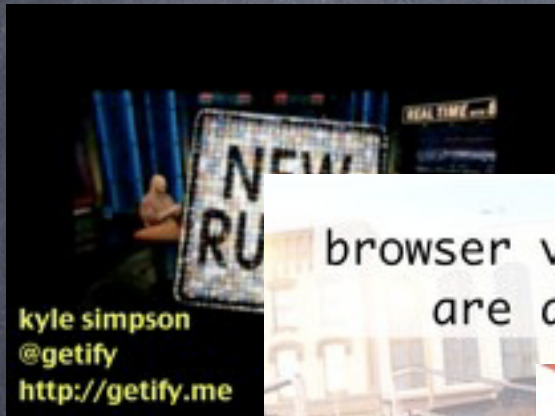
Kyle Simpson
@getify
<http://getify.me>

- LABjs
- grips
- asynquence

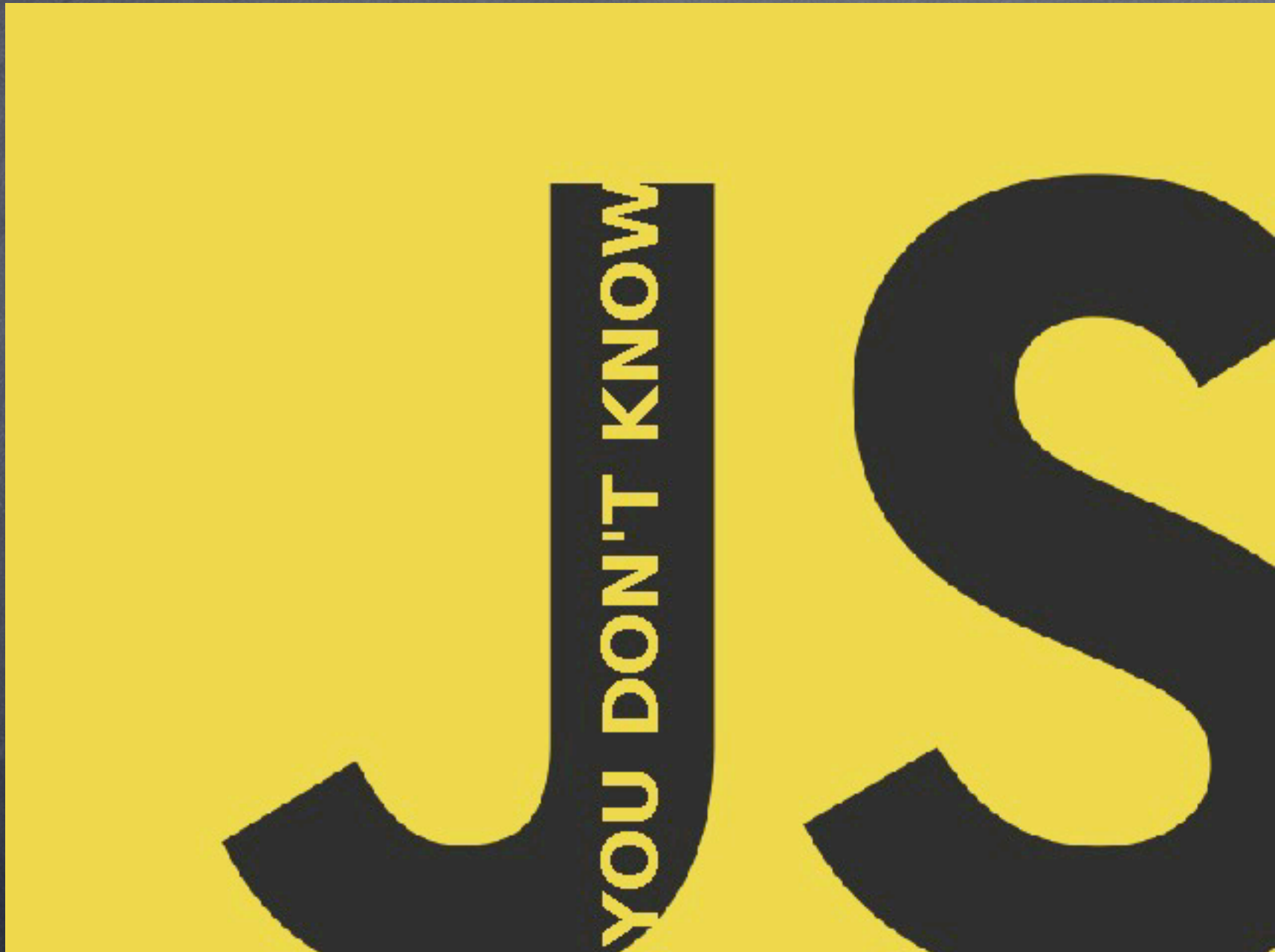
Kyle Simpson

@getify

<http://getify.me>



<http://speakerdeck.com/getify>



<http://YouDontKnowJS.com>

<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/JavaScript>

<https://github.com/rwldrn/idiomatic.js>

<http://www.ecma-international.org/ecma-262/5.1/>

<https://github.com/tc39/ecma262#current-proposals>

Agenda

Values & Types

- Primitive Types
- Natives
- Coercion

- undefined
- string
- number
- boolean
- object
- function
- null

Primitive Types


```
1 typeof foo;           // "undefined"
2 typeof "foo";         // "string"
3 typeof 123;           // "number"
4 typeof true;          // "boolean"
5 typeof { a: 1 };      // "object"
6 typeof function() { alert(e); }; // "function"
```

Primitive Types (literals)


```
1  
2  
3 typeof null;    // "object" ... WAT!?  
4  
5
```

Primitive Types (literals)

Quiz

```
1 var foo;  
2 typeof foo;           // ???  
3  
4 var bar = typeof bar;  
5 bar;                  // ???  
6 typeof bar;           // ???  
7  
8 typeof typeof 2;      // ???
```

Primitive Types

Quiz

```
1 var foo;  
2 typeof foo;           // "undefined"  
3  
4 var bar = typeof bar;  
5 bar;                  // "undefined"  
6 typeof bar;           // "string"  
7  
8 typeof typeof 2;      // "string"
```

Primitive Types

- NaN (“not a number”)
- Infinity, -Infinity
- null
- undefined (void)
- +0, -0

Primitive Types: special values

NaN

```
1 var a = "a" / 2;  
2  
3 a;           // NaN  
4 typeof a;    // "number"  
5 isNaN(a);    // true  
6  
7 isNaN("foo"); // true! WAT!?
```

Primitive Types: special values

NaN

```
1  if (!Number.isNaN) {  
2      Number.isNaN = function(num) {  
3          return (  
4              typeof num === "number" &&  
5              window.isNaN(num)  
6          );  
7      }  
8  }
```

Primitive Types: special values

NaN

```
1  if (!Number.isNaN) {  
2      Number.isNaN = function(num) {  
3          return num !== num;  
4      };  
5  }
```

Primitive Types: special values

Negative Zero

```
1 var foo = 0 / -3;  
2 foo === -0;           // true ... yay?  
3 foo === 0;            // true ... doh!  
4 0 === -0;             // true ... grr!  
5 (0/-3) === (0/3);     // true ... sigh  
6  
7 foo;                  // 0 ... WAT!?
```

Primitive Types: special values

Negative Zero

```
1 function isNeg0(x) {  
2   return x===0 && (1/x)===-Infinity;  
3 }  
4  
5 isNeg0(0 / -3);    // true ... yay!  
6 isNeg0(0 / 3);     // false ... yay!
```

Primitive Types: special values

ES6: Object.is(..)

```
1 Object.is( "foo", NaN );    // false
2 Object.is( NaN, NaN );      // true
3
4 Object.is( 0, -0 );          // false
5 Object.is( -0, -0 );         // true
```

Primitive Types: special values

Quiz

```
1 var baz = 2;
2 typeof baz;           // ???
3 var baz;
4 typeof baz;           // ???
5 baz = null;
6 typeof baz;           // ???
7
8 baz = "baz" * 3;
9 baz;                  // ???
10 typeof baz;           // ???
11
12 baz = 1 / 0;
13 baz;                  // ???
14 typeof baz;           // ???
```

Primitive Types: special values

Quiz

```
1 var baz = 2;
2 typeof baz;           // "number"
3 var baz;
4 typeof baz;           // "number"
5 baz = null;
6 typeof baz;           // "object"
7
8 baz = "baz" * 3;
9 baz;                  // NaN
10 typeof baz;          // "number"
11
12 baz = 1 / 0;
13 baz;                  // Infinity
14 typeof baz;          // "number"
```

Primitive Types: special values

- String
- Number
- Boolean
- Function
- Object
- Array
- RegExp
- Date
- Error

Native Types?
Native Objects?

- String()
- Number()
- Boolean()
- Function()
- Object()
- Array()
- RegExp()
- Date()
- Error()

Native Functions?

Natives

- new String()
- new Number()
- new Boolean()
- new Function()
- new Object()
- new Array()
- new RegExp()
- new Date()
- new Error()

Native Constructors

Quiz

```
1 var foo = new String("foo");
2 foo; // ???
3 typeof foo; // ???
4 foo instanceof String; // ???
5 foo instanceof string; // ???
6
7 foo = String("foo");
8 typeof foo; // ???
9
10 foo = new Number(37);
11 typeof foo; // ???
```


Quiz

```
1 var foo = new String("foo");
2 foo;                                // ???
3 typeof foo;                         // "object"
4 foo instanceof String;              // true
5 foo instanceof string;              // false; ref error!
6
7 foo = String("foo");
8 typeof foo;                         // "string"
9
10 foo = new Number(37);
11 typeof foo;                       // "object"
```



```
1 var foo;  
2  
3 foo = new Array(1,2,3); // don't!  
4  
5 foo = [1,2,3];          // do!  
6  
7 foo = new Object();     // don't!  
8 foo.a = 1;  
9 foo.b = 2;  
10 foo.c = 3;  
11  
12 foo = { a:1, b:2, c:3 }; // do!
```

Natives: literals


```
1 var foo;  
2  
3 foo = new RegExp("a*b","g");  
4  
5 foo = /a*b/g;  
6  
7 foo = new Date();  
8  
9 // no date literal!
```

Natives: literals

Coercion

Abstract Operations

Coercion

ToString

Coercion: Abstract Operations

null	"null"
undefined	"undefined"
true	"true"
false	"false"
3.14159	"3.14159"
0	"0"
-0	"0"

Coercion: ToString

ToString: toString()

Coercion: ToString

[]	""
[1,2,3]	"1,2,3"
[null,undefined]	","
[[[],[],[],[]]	" ,,"
[,,,]	" ,,,

Coercion: ToString (Array)


```
{} "[object Object]"  
{a:2} "[object Object]"
```

Coercion: ToString (Object)

ToNumber

Coercion: Abstract Operations

""	0
"0"	0
"-0"	-0
" 009 "	9
"3.14159"	3.14159
"0."	0
".0"	0
". "	NaN
"0xaf"	175

Coercion: ToNumber

false	0
true	1
null	0
undefined	NaN

Coercion: ToNumber

ToNumber (object):
ToPrimitive (number)

Coercion: ToNumber (Array/Object)

ToPrimitive

Coercion: Abstract Operations

valueOf()
toString()

Coercion: ToPrimitive

[""]	0
["0"]	0
["-0"]	-0
[null]	0
[undefined]	0
[1,2,3]	NaN
[[[[]]]]	0

Coercion: ToNumber/ToPrimitive (Array)

ToBoolean

Coercion: Abstract Operations

Falsy

""

0, +0, -0

null

NaN

false

undefined

Truthy

"foo"

23

{ a:1 }

[1,3]

true

function(){..}

...

Coercion: ToBoolean

Explicit

Implicit

Coercion

Explicit: it's obvious
from the code that
you're doing it.

Explicit Coercion

string ↔ number

Explicit Coercion


```
1 var foo = "123";
2 var baz = parseInt(foo, 10);
3 baz; // 123
4
5 baz = Number(foo);
6 baz; // 123
7
8 baz = +foo; // explicit?
9 baz; // 123
10
11 baz = 456;
12 foo = baz.toString();
13 foo; // "456"
14
15 foo = String(baz);
16 foo; // "456"
```

Explicit Coercion

* → boolean

Explicit Coercion


```
1 var foo = "123";  
2 var baz = Boolean(foo);  
3 baz; // true  
4  
5 baz = !!foo;  
6 baz; // true  
7  
8 // explicitly implicit!  
9 baz = foo ? true : false;  
10 baz; // true
```

Explicit Coercion


```
1 var now = +new Date();
2 // now = Date.now(); // ES5 only!
3
4 var foo = "foo";
5 // ~N -> -(N+1)
6 if (~foo.indexOf("f")) {
7     alert("Found it!");
8 }
```

Explicit (or Implicit?) Coercion

Implicit: happens as
a side effect of some
other operation

Implicit Coercion

Implicit: *evil?*

Implicit Coercion


```
1 var foo = "123";
2 var baz = foo - 0;
3 baz;           // 123
4
5 baz = foo - "0";
6 baz;           // 123
7
8 baz = foo / 1;
9 baz;           // 123
10
11 baz = 456;
12 foo = baz + "";
13 foo;           // "456"
14
15 foo = baz - "";
16 foo;           // 456 ... WAT!?
```

Implicit Coercion


```
1 var foo = "123";
2 if (foo) {                                // yup
3     alert("Sure.");
4 }
5
6 foo = 0;
7 if (foo) {                                // nope
8     alert("Right.");
9 }
10 if (foo == false) {                      // yup
11     alert("Yeah.");
12 }
13
14 var baz = foo || "foo";
15 baz;                                     // "foo"
```

Implicit Coercion


```
1 var foo = "123";  
2 if (foo == true) {           // nope!  
3     alert("WAT!?");  
4 }  
5  
6 foo = [];  
7 if (foo) {                   // yup  
8     alert("Sure.");  
9 }  
10 if (foo == false) {         // yup!  
11     alert("WAT!?");  
12 }
```

Implicit Coercion

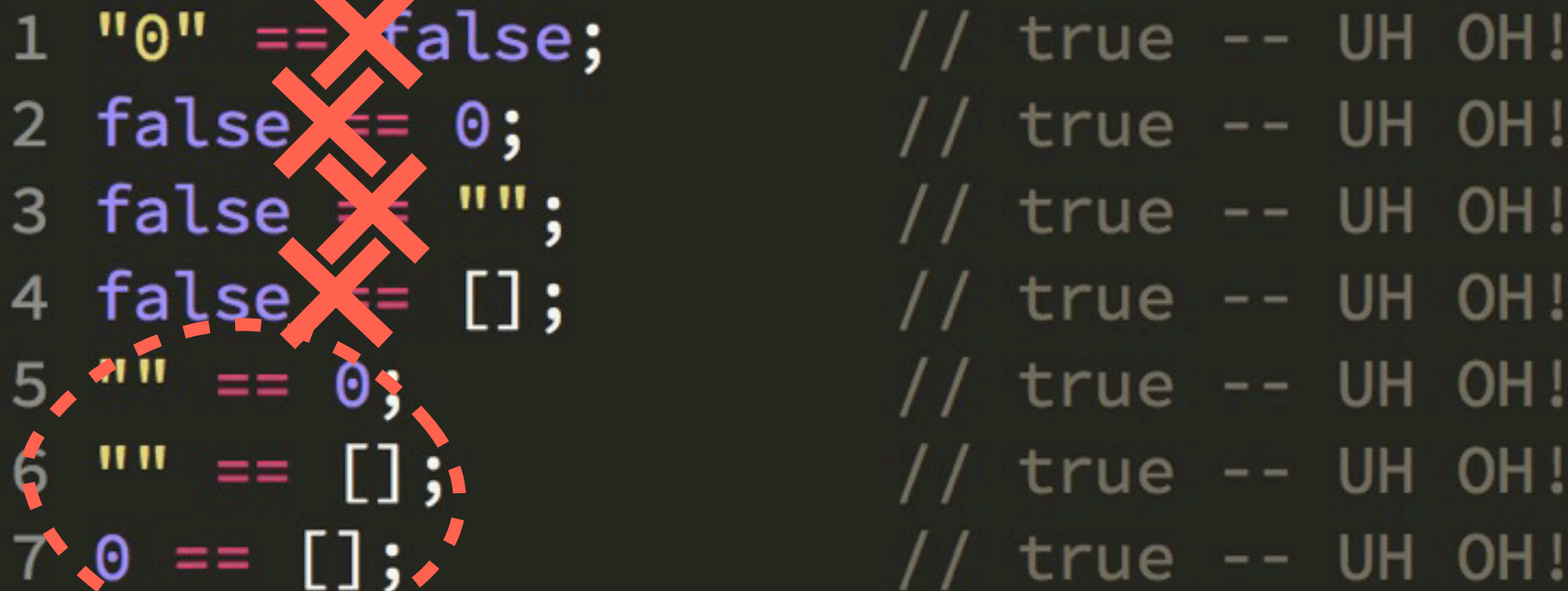

```
1  "0" == null;           // false
2  "0" == undefined;      // false
3  "0" == false;          // true -- UH OH!
4  "0" == NaN;            // false
5  "0" == 0;              // true
6  "0" == "";             // false
7
8  false == null;         // false
9  false == undefined;    // false
10 false == NaN;          // false
11 false == 0;            // true -- UH OH!
12 false == "";           // true -- UH OH!
13 false == [];           // true -- UH OH!
14 false == {};           // false
15
16 "" == null;            // false
17 "" == undefined;       // false
18 "" == NaN;             // false
19 "" == 0;               // true -- UH OH!
20 "" == [];              // true -- UH OH!
21 "" == {};              // false
22
23 0 == null;              // false
24 0 == undefined;        // false
25 0 == NaN;              // false
26 0 == [];               // true -- UH OH!
27 0 == {};               // false
```

7/24

17/24

Implicit Coercion


```
1 "0" == false;           // true -- UH OH!  
2 false == 0;             // true -- UH OH!  
3 false == "";            // true -- UH OH!  
4 false == [];            // true -- UH OH!  
5 "" == 0;                // true -- UH OH!  
6 "" == [];               // true -- UH OH!  
7 0 == [];                // true -- UH OH!
```



NEVER use `== false` or `== true`!

```
1 [] == ![];              // true  
2
```

Implicit Coercion: The Bad Parts

Ask Yourself:

1. Can either value be **true** or **false**?
2. Can either value ever be **[]**, **""**, or **0**?

Implicit vs Explicit Coercion


```
1 42 == "43";           // false
2 "foo" == 42;          // false
3 "true" == true;       // false
4
5 42 == "42";           // true
6 "foo" == [ "foo" ];   // true
```

Implicit Coercion: The Safe Parts

Primitive $\longleftrightarrow$ Native

Implicit Coercion


```
1 var foo = "123";  
2 foo.length;           // 3  
3  
4 foo.charAt(2);         // "3"  
5  
6 foo = new String("123");  
7 var baz = foo + "";  
8 typeof baz;           // "string"
```

Implicit Coercion

"Any sufficiently advanced technology
is indistinguishable from magic."

--Arthur C. Clarke

Implicit Coercion

"Any sufficiently **complex** technology
is indistinguishable from magic."

--many devs

Implicit Coercion

"Any sufficiently **confusing** technology
is indistinguishable from magic."

--many devs

Implicit Coercion

`==` vs. `===`

Implicit Coercion

~~== checks value~~

~~=== checks value and type~~

== allows coercion

=== disallows coercion

Implicit Coercion


```
1 var foo = [];  
2 var baz = "";  
3 if (foo == baz) {           // yup!  
4     alert("Doh!");  
5 }  
6 if (foo === baz) {         // nope  
7     alert("Phew.");  
8 }  
9  
10 foo = 0;  
11 if (foo == "") {          // yup!  
12     alert("Argh!");  
13 }  
14 if (foo === "") {         // nope  
15     alert("Phew.");  
16 }
```

Implicit Coercion: == vs. ===

Implicit Coercion

<http://davidwalsh.name/fixing-coercion>

`Number("") === 0`

`Number(false) === 0`

`Number(true) === 1`

`Number(null) === 0`

`String([]) === ""`

`String[null] === ""`

`String[undefined] === ""`

Value Coercion: The Bad Parts

<http://getify.github.io/coercions-grid/>

	String(x)	x + ''	x.toString()	Number(x), +x	x * 1	x + 0
0	'0'	'0'	'0'	0	0	0
.0	'0'	'0'	'0'	0	0	0
-0	'0'	'0'	'0'	-0	-0	0
NaN	'NaN'	'NaN'	'NaN'	NaN	NaN	NaN
''	''	''	''	0	0	'0'
' '	' '	' '	' '	0	0	' 0'
'\n\n'	'\n\n'	'\n\n'	'\n\n'	0	0	'\n\n0'
null	'null'	'null'		0	0	0
undefined	'undefined'	'undefined'		NaN	NaN	NaN
true	'true'	'true'	'true'	1	1	1
false	'false'	'false'	'false'	0	0	0
//	'//'	'//'	'//'	NaN	NaN	'//0'
Infinity	'Infinity'	'Infinity'	'Infinity'	Infinity	Infinity	Infinity
-Infinity	'-Infinity'	'-Infinity'	'-Infinity'	-Infinity	-Infinity	-Infinity
'Infinity'	'Infinity'	'Infinity + ''	'Infinity'	Infinity	Infinity	'Infinity0'
'-Infinity'	'-Infinity'	'-Infinity'	'-Infinity'	-Infinity	-Infinity	'-Infinity0'
function({})	'function ({})'	'function ({})'	'function ({})'	NaN	NaN	'function ({})0'
Symbol('')	'Symbol()'		'Symbol()'			
[]	''	''	''	0	0	'0'
[0]	'0'	'0'	'0'	0	0	'00'
[.0]	'0'	'0'	'0'	0	0	'00'
[-0]	'0'	'0'	'0'	0	0	'00'
[NaN]	'NaN'	'NaN'	'NaN'	NaN	NaN	'NaN0'
['']	''	''	''	0	0	'0'
[' ']	' '	' '	' '	0	0	' 0'
['\n\n']	'\n\n'	'\n\n'	'\n\n'	0	0	'\n\n0'
[null]	''	''	''	0	0	'0'

Value Coercion: The Bad Parts

but... but...

Implicit Coercion: == helpful?


```
1 var foo = "3";
2 if (foo === 3 || foo === "3") { // yup
3     alert("Thanks, but...");
4 }
5
6 if (foo == 3) {                // yup!
7     alert("That's nicer!");
8 }
9
10 if (typeof foo === "string") { // yup
11     alert("typeof always returns a string");
12 }
```

Implicit Coercion: == helpful?

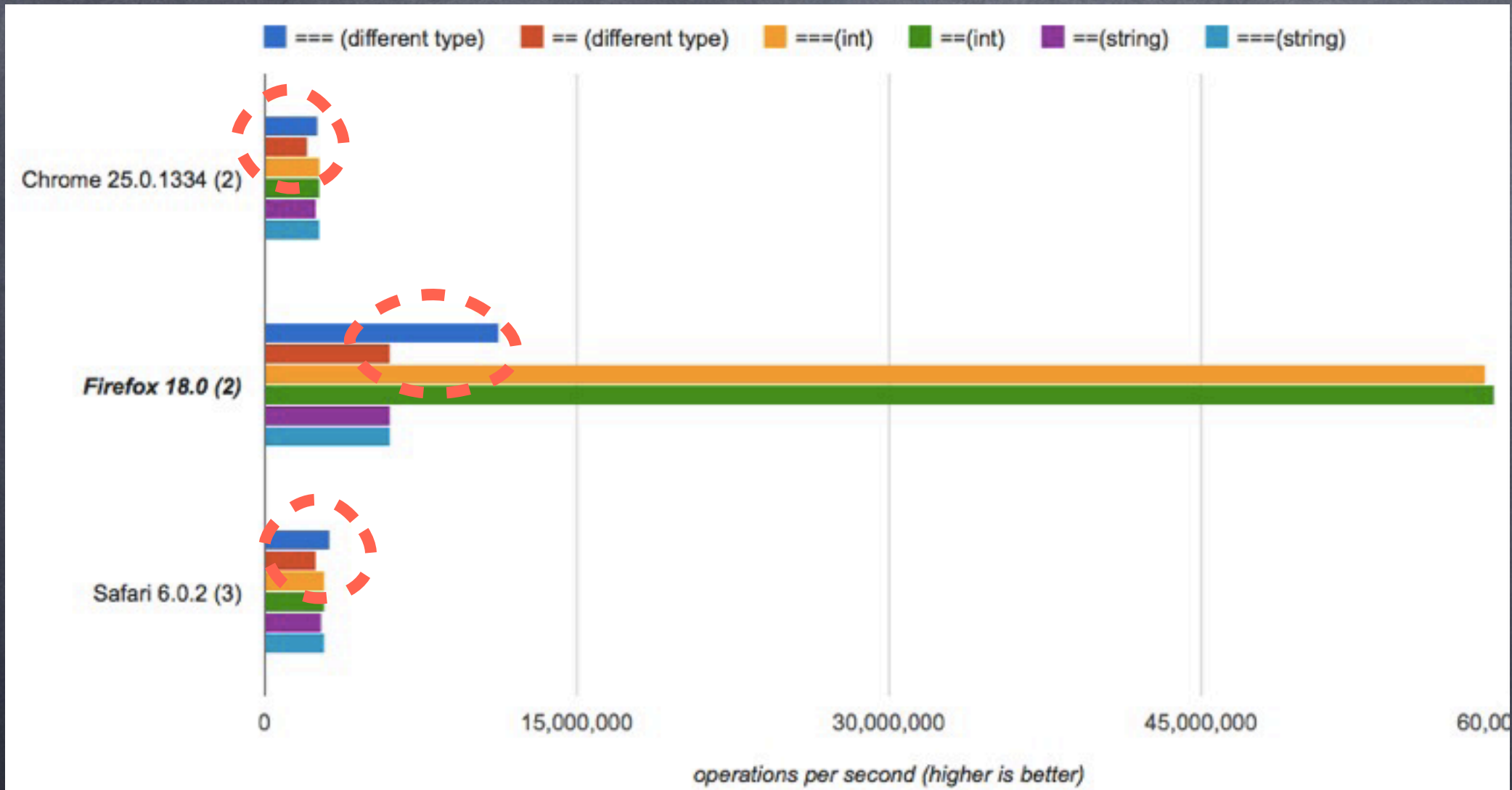

```
1 var foo;
2 if (foo == null) {           // yup!
3     alert("Thanks!");
4 }
5
6 foo = null;
7 if (foo == null) {           // yup
8     alert("Thanks, again!");
9 }
10
11 foo = false;
12 if (foo == null) {           // nope!
13     alert("Phew!");
14 }
```

Implicit Coercion: == helpful?

What about the performance
of `==` or `===`?

Implicit Coercion: `==` vs. `===`

<http://jsperf.com/triple-equals-vs-double-equals/5>



Implicit Coercion: == vs. === performance



- If the types compared are the same, ***they are identical***. That is to say they use ***the exact same algorithm***.
- If the types are *different*, then performance is irrelevant. Either you need type coercion, or you don't. If you don't need it, don't use `==` because the result you get may be unexpected.

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answered Nov 8 '11 at 1:18



user1034768

add comment

Implicit Coercion: `==` vs. `===` performance

#FUD: using `==` in your code is dangerous. Avoid it!

Implicit Coercion: `==` vs. `===`

#protip: use `===` where it's safer and use `==` where it's more helpful.

Implicit Coercion: `==` vs. `===`

#FUD: JavaScript's implicit coercion is a flaw in the design of the language. Avoid it!

#protip: use explicit coercion where it's safer and use implicit coercion where it's more helpful.

<http://jscoercion.qfox.nl/>

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Thanks!

Questions?