Machine Learning for Social Change

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the world's largest petition platform

It works

300M signatures

4000 declared victories

Victories in 121 countries

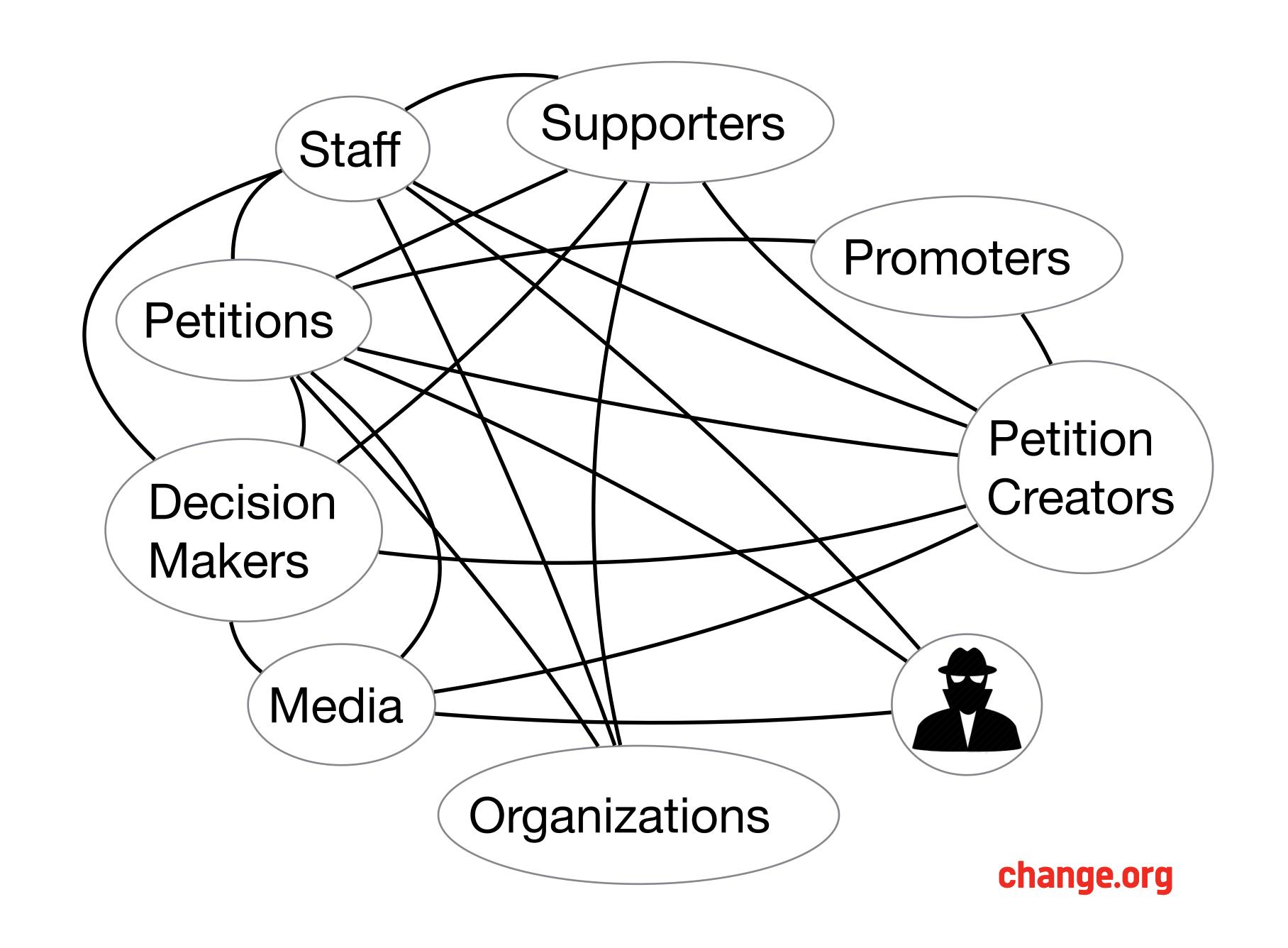
20M users experiencing victory

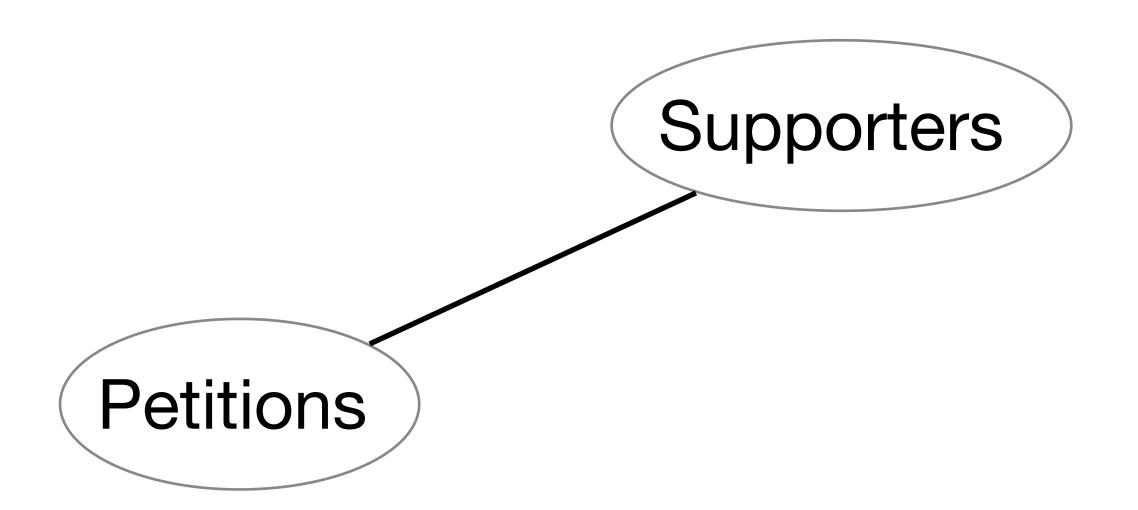
Smallest winning petition has 2 signatures

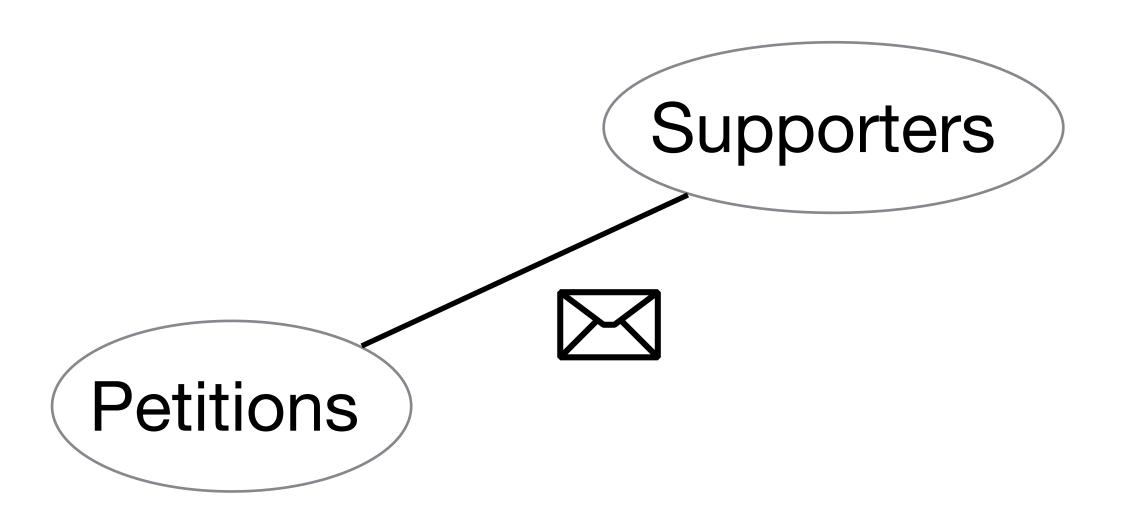
Biggest winning petition has 1.3M signatures



$$\max_{f} \left[f \left(\sum_{x \in \mathbb{D}} \Delta_{x} \right) \right]$$







of Signatures

Petitions

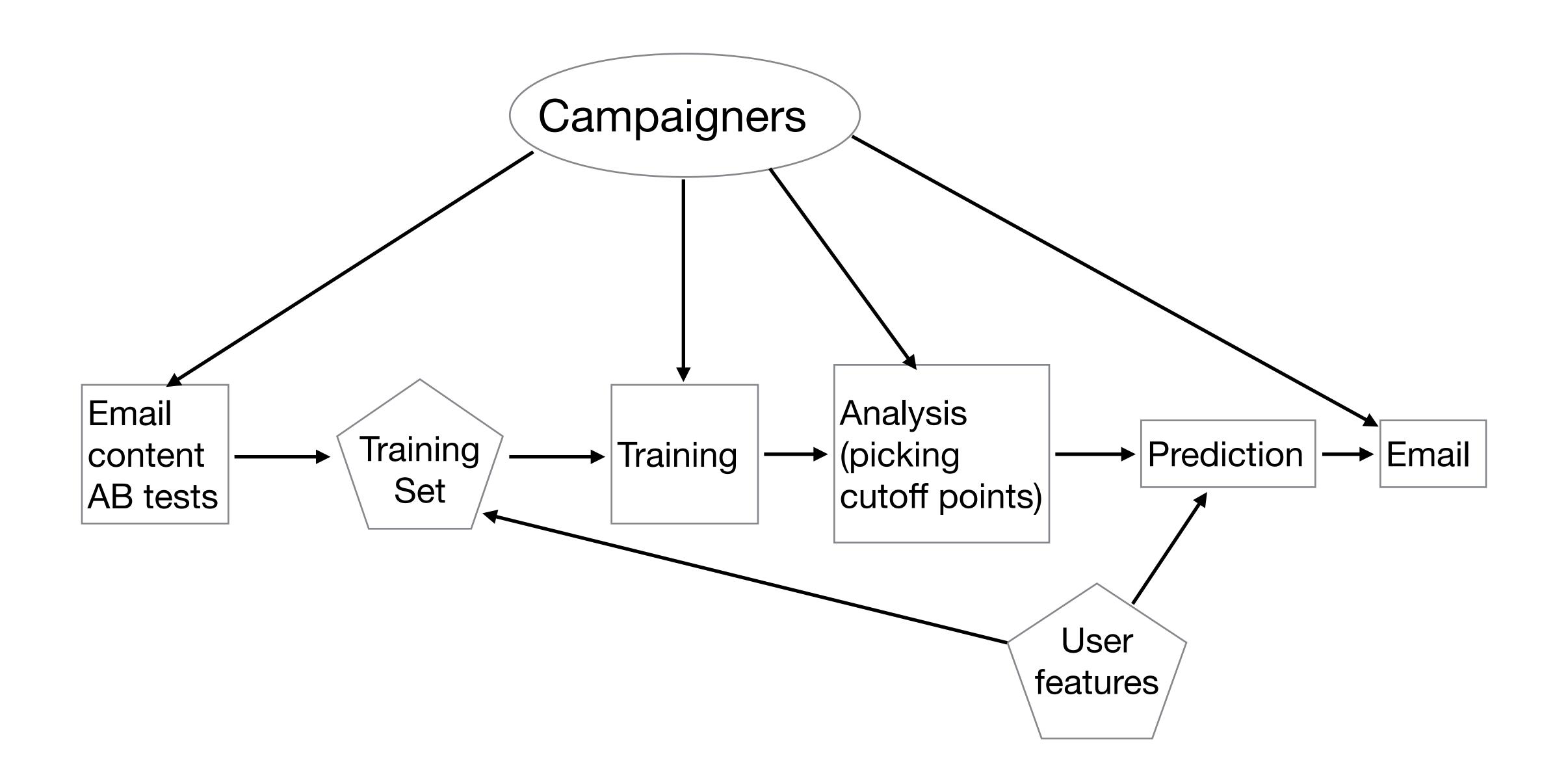
0 4.4M signatures

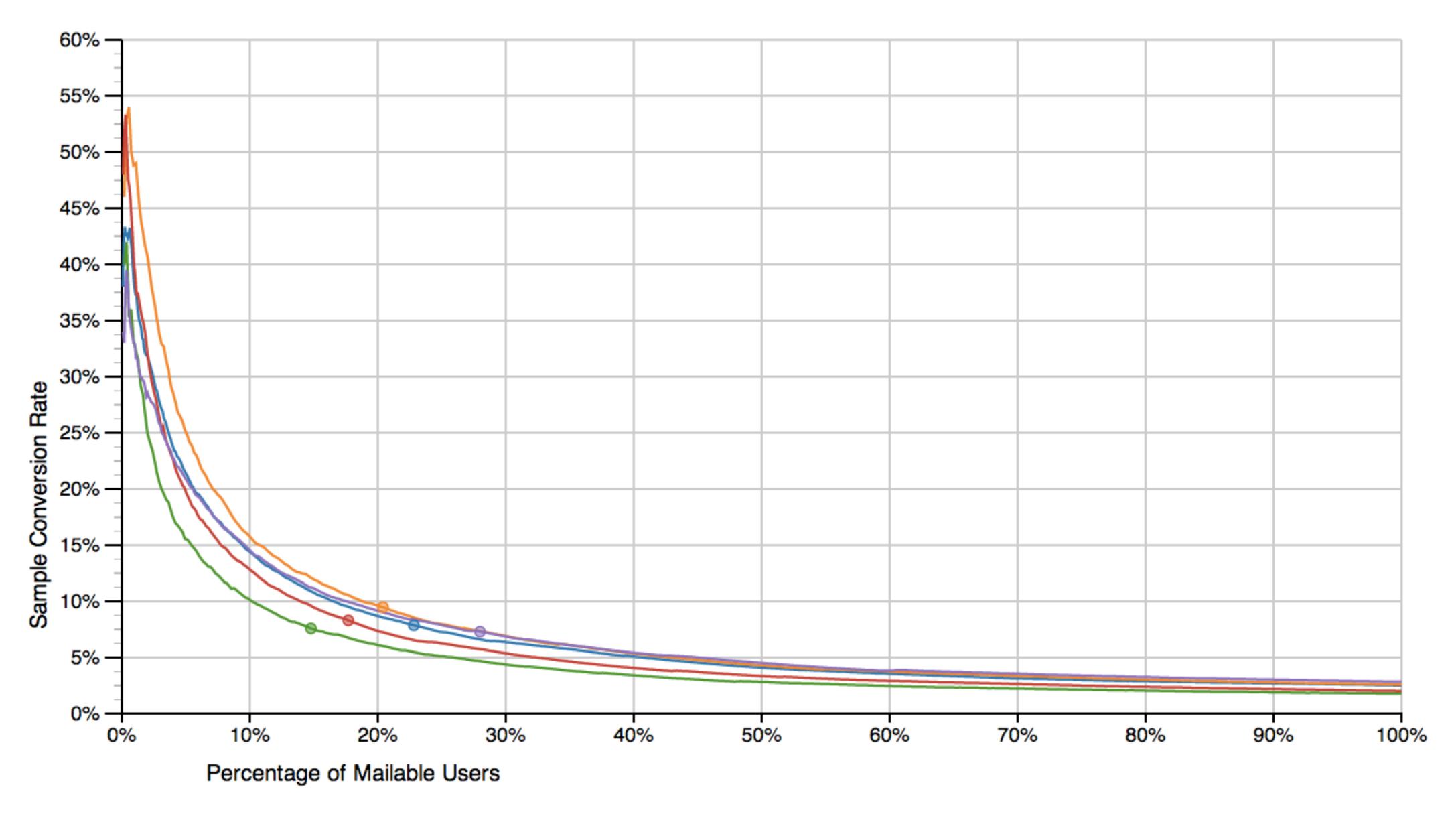
of Signatures

Petitions



10s of petitions — 10Ms of users ~daily





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Behavioral data trumps demographics & third party data sources.

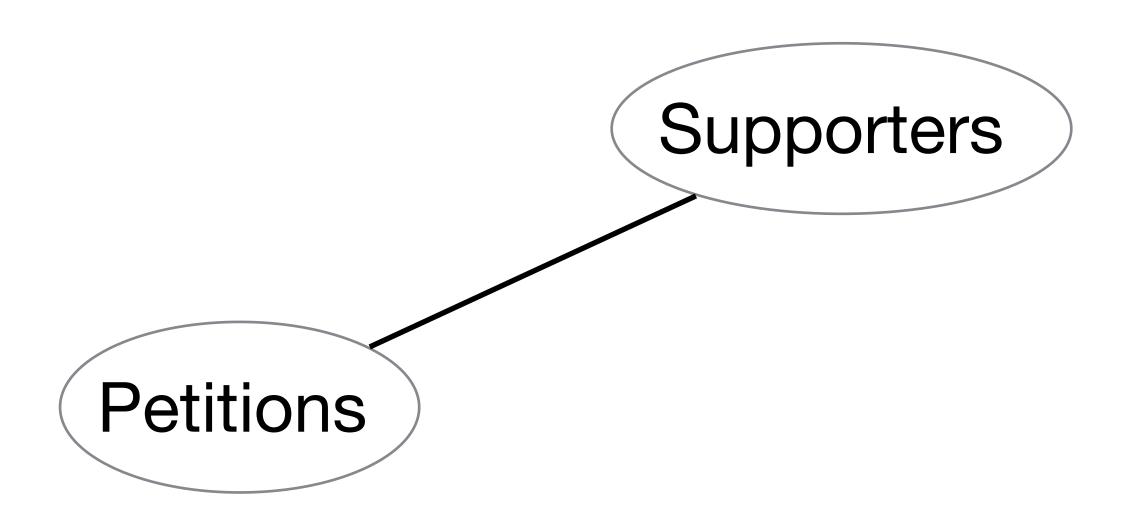
Make all your features binary (via bucketing) to have flexibility on which algorithm to pick.

Random Forests work well for imbalanced (~2% positives) data.

Performance was not the main criteria when choosing the learning model, use case and flexibility were way more important.

Big RAM/CPU instances are cheap, sparse binary datasets are small. If you can do in memory training, do it.

Use statistical distributions and basic time series analysis to verify data in your ETL pipeline.





Recommendation & Discovery as a coherent Product

The data landscape

Delivery Channels

Featured Petitions
Social graph
Geography
Similar petitions
Similar users
Followed topics
Followed users



Online feed
Online contextual (like after signing)
Email push
Email digest
Mobile Push
Facebook

Recommendation & Discovery as a Product

Tons of input sources to try.

Tons of possible UXs.

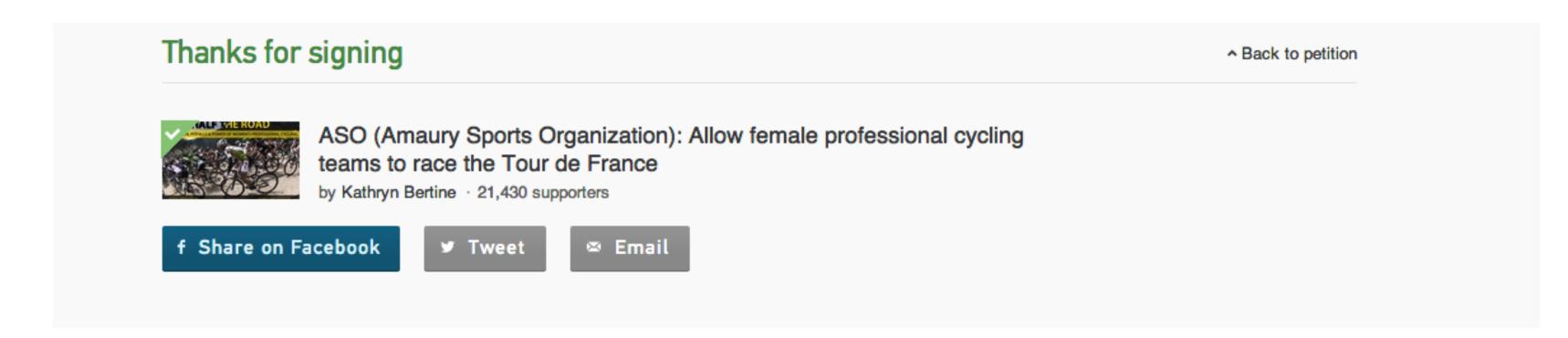
Exploration vs Exploitation.

AB testing must as cheap as possible. For algorithms and features.

Which metric do you want to optimize?

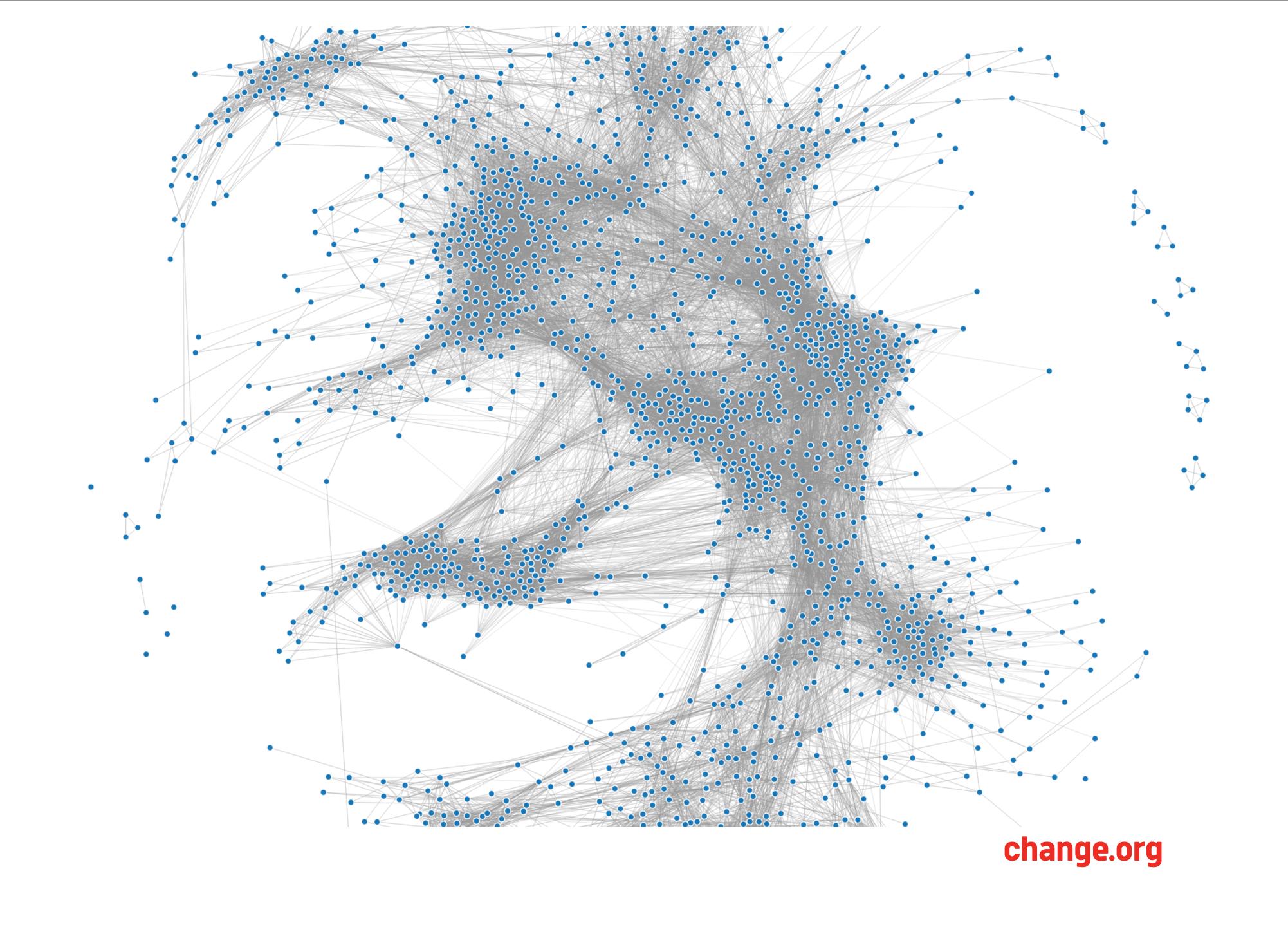
Picking the right metric is the hardest part.

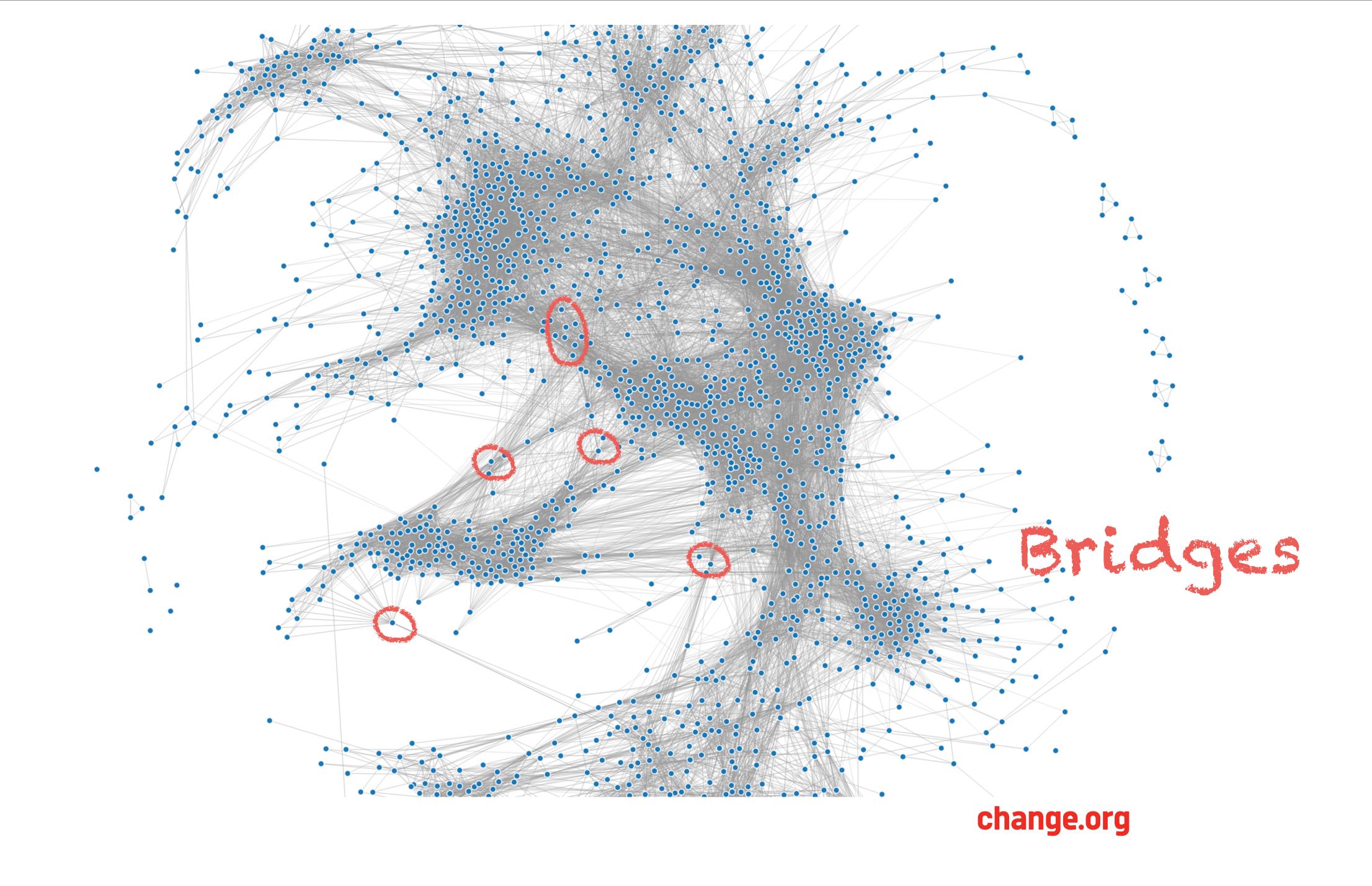
Similar petitions via Collaborative Filtering



Recommended for you







Similar petitions via Collaborative Filtering

3x increase over baseline in additional signatures.

30% increase in overall signatures.

Always start with the simplest models such as basic similarity metrics.

Computing n^2 pairs is a lot, use company data insights and Locality Sensitive Hashing to drastically reduce that number.

Recommendation & Discovery as a Product

A more complicated model with a meager 5% improvement is usually not worth it.

Finding the right UX flow is the hardest part.

Better recommendations means less focus on the rest of the page (such as sharing).

Recommendations' performance is highly variable depending on context.

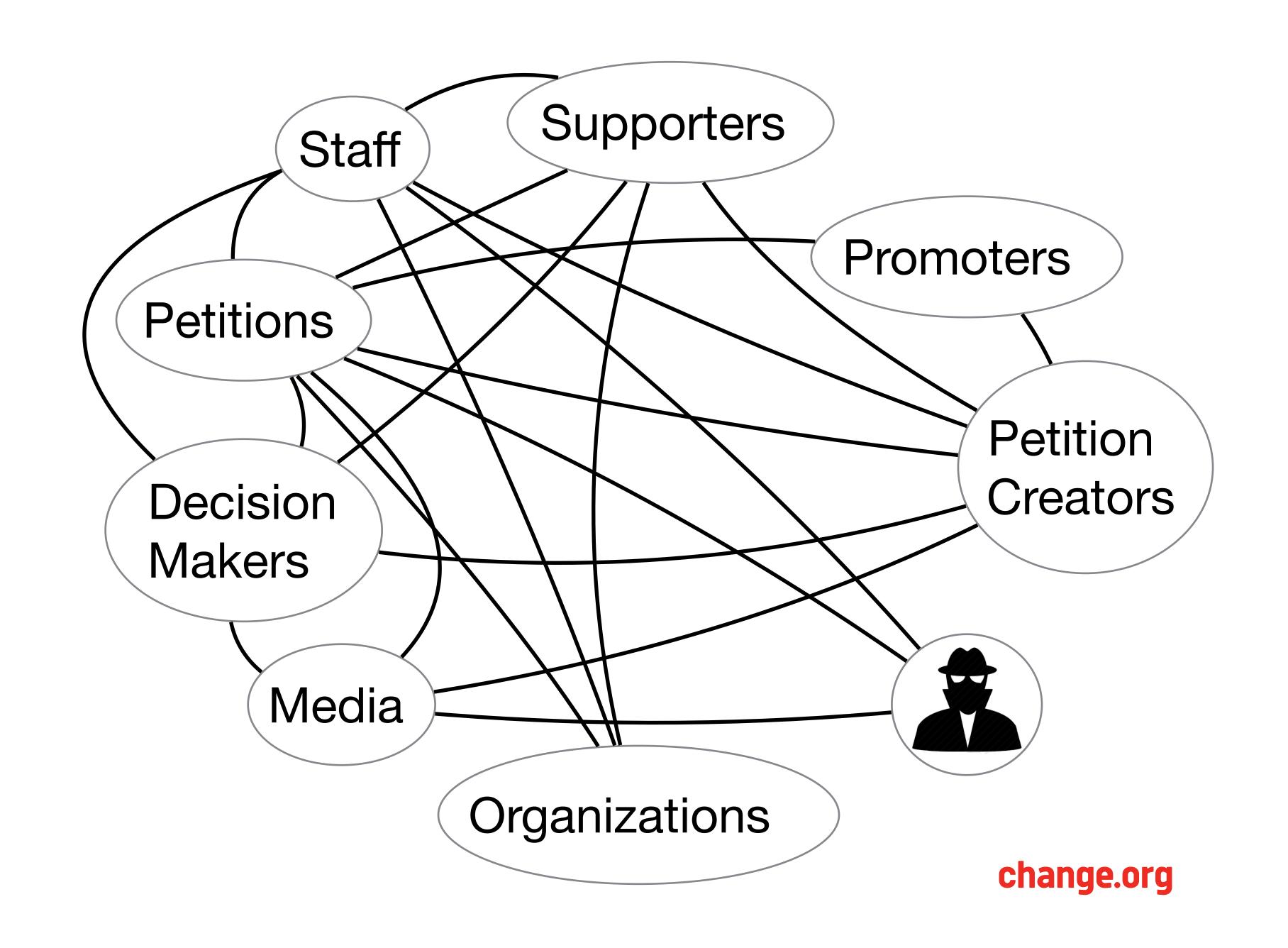
A user's sensitivity to different data inputs changes drastically over time.

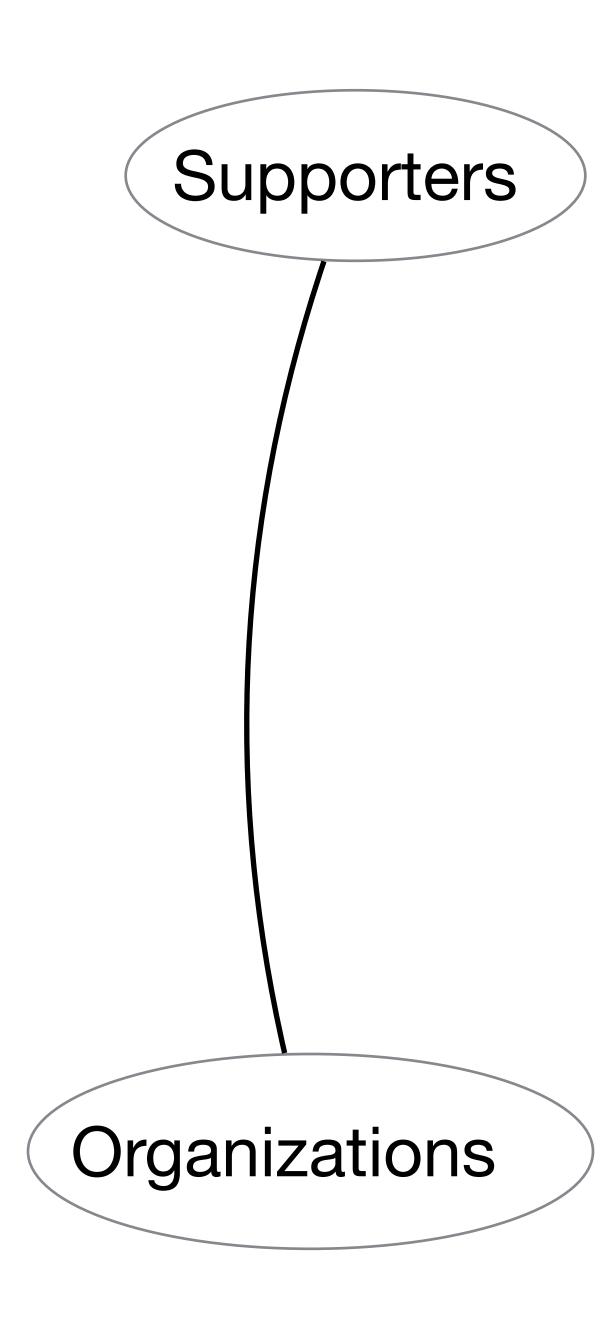
New users are not interested in similar petitions but highly sensitive to what they friends are signing.

Cold starting users is not the biggest problem.

Getting data about a user is not enough. You must first show the user the value of engaging with the platform.

Social graph partitioning is hard and incompatible with cohort analyses.



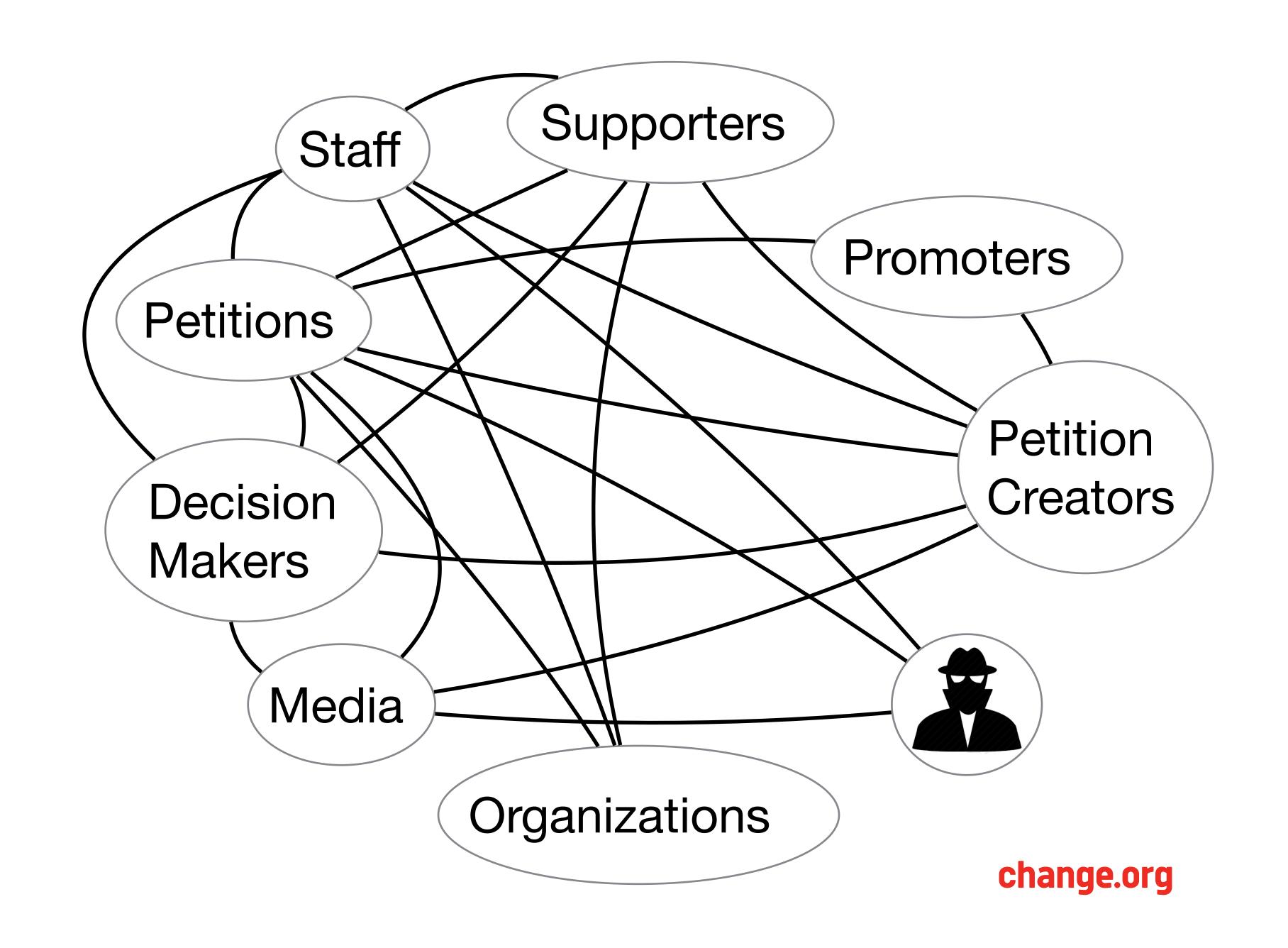


Sponsored petition (SP) targeting

Contextualized Multi-Armed Bandits (MAB) $\max_{i} (price_i \cdot CTR_i)$

Sponsored petition (SP) targeting

 $\max(price_i \cdot CTR_i)$ Contextualized Multi-Armed Bandits (MAB) SP 1 MAB 1 User segmentation 1 SP 2 User segmentation 2 SP 3 MAB 2 SP SP 4 Signed Petition SP 5 MAB (country-wide targeting)





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