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Yarns about YARN: Migrating to MapReduce v2

Kathleen Ting, kate@cloudera.com

Miklos Christine, mwc@cloudera.com

Strata Hadoop San Jose, 19 February 2015



\$ whoami

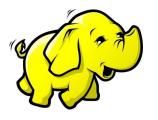
Kathleen Ting

- Joined Cloudera in 2011
- Former customer operations engineer
- Technical account manager
- •Apache Sqoop Cookbook co-author

Miklos Christine

- Joined Cloudera 2013
- •Former customer operations engineer
- Systems engineer
- Apache Spark expert

Cloudera and Apache Hadoop



- Apache Hadoop is an open source software framework for distributed storage and distributed processing of Big Data on clusters of commodity hardware.
- •Cloudera is revolutionizing enterprise data management by offering the first unified Platform for Big Data, an enterprise data hub built on Apache Hadoop.
 - Distributes CDH, a Hadoop distribution.
 - Teaches, consults, and supports customers building applications on the Hadoop stack.
 - The world-wide Cloudera Customer Operations Engineering team has closed tens of thousands of support incidents over six years.



Outline

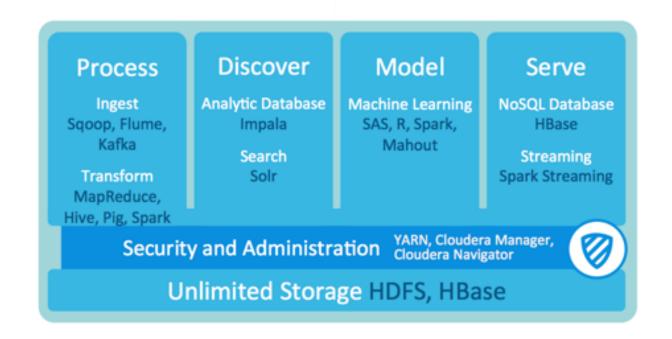
- YARN motivation
- Upgrading MR1 to MR2
- YARN upgrade pitfalls
- YARN applications



YARN motivation

Yet Another Resource Negotiator

One platform, many workloads: batch, interactive, real-time

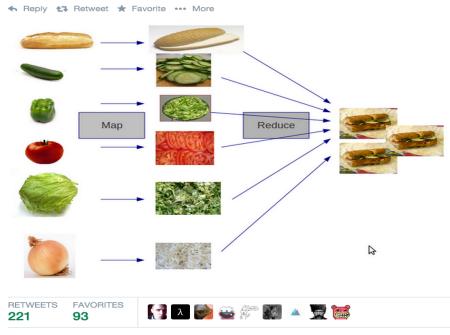








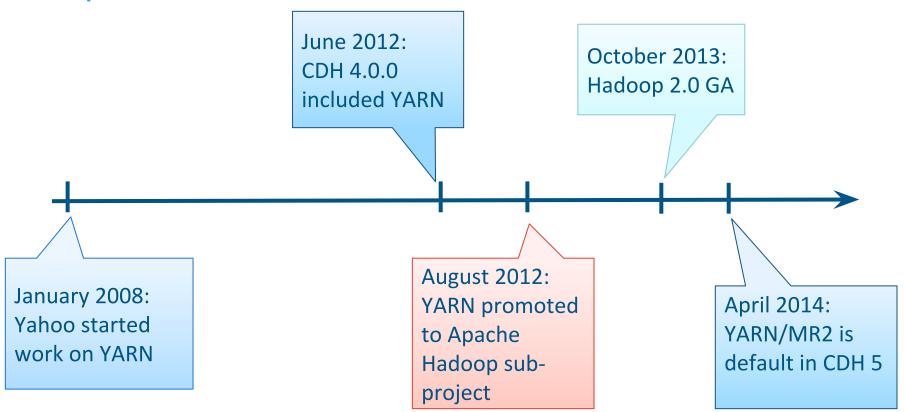
Map-reduce finally explained (по ссылке от @scr4t)

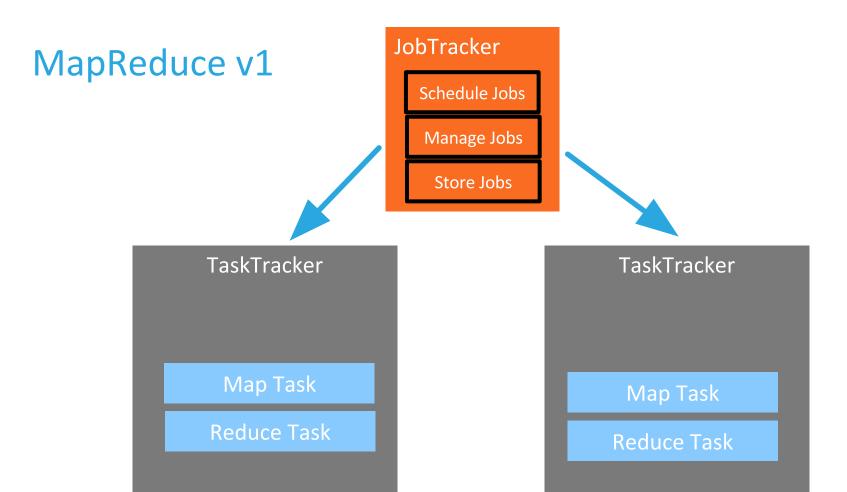


7:33 AM - 11 Aug 2014

Flag media

An Apache YARN timeline



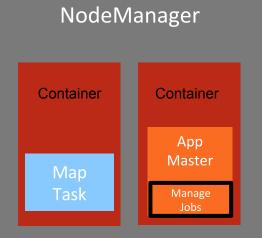




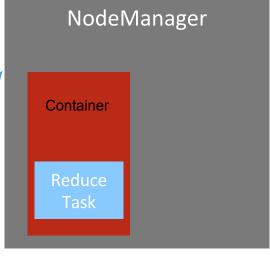
MapReduce v2

Resource Manager

Schedule Jobs









YARN motivation

| | MR1 | MR2 |
|---------------|--|--|
| Scalability | JobTracker tracks all jobs, tasks Max out at 4k nodes, 40k tasks | Split up tracking between ResourceManager, ApplicationMaster Scale up to 10k nodes, 100k tasks |
| Availability | JT HA | RM HA & for per-application basis |
| Utilization | Fixed size slots for map, reduce | Allocate only as many resources as needed, allows cluster utilization > 70% |
| Multi-tenancy | N/A | Cluster resource management system Data locality & lowered operational costs from sharing resources between frameworks |



Upgrading MR1 to MR2



MR1 to MR2 functionality mapping

- Completely revamped architecture in MR2 on YARN
- While most translate, some configurations don't



| U thresholds: |
|---|
| er Memory Minimum: eduler.minimum-allocation-mb er Memory Maximum: eduler.maximum-allocation-mb er Virtual CPU Cores Minimum: eduler.minimum-allocation-vcores er Virtual CPU Cores Maximum: eduler.maximum-allocation-vcores |
| |



YARN compatibility

| Migration path | Binary support |
|------------------------------|-------------------|
| MR1 (CDH4) to MR2 (CDH5) | V |
| MR1 (CDH4) to MR1 (CDH5) | / |
| MR2 (CDH4) to MR1/MR2 (CDH5) | * |

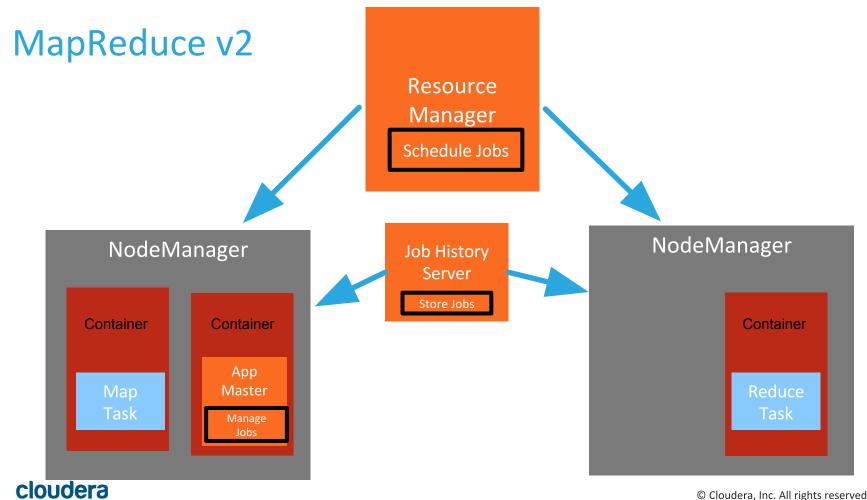
CDH has complete binary/source compatibility for almost all programs.

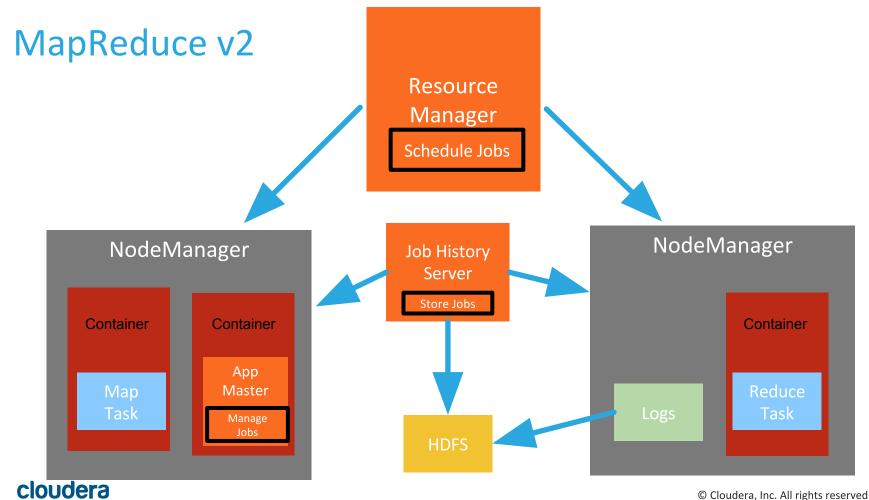
Virtually every job compiled against MR1 in CDH 4 will be able to run without any modifications on an MR2 cluster.

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- Migrating to MR2 on YARN
 - For Operators:
 http://blog.cloudera.
 com/blog/2013/11/migrating-to-mapreduce-2-on-yarn-for-operators/
 - For Users:
 http://blog.cloudera.
 com/blog/2013/11/migrating-to-mapreduce-2 on-yarn-for-users/
 - http://blog.cloudera.com/blog/2014/04/apachehadoop-yarn-avoiding-6-time-consuminggotchas/
- Getting MR2 Up to Speed
 - http://blog.cloudera.com/blog/2014/02/gettingmapreduce-2-up-to-speed/
- Avoiding YARN Gotchas
 - http://blog.cloudera.com/blog/2014/04/apache-badoop-yarn-avoiding-6-time-consuming-6-time-consuming-

YARN upgrade pitfalls





General log related configuration properties

| Log configuration parameter | What it does |
|-----------------------------|--|
| yarn.nodemanager.log-dirs | Determines where the container-logs are stored on the node when the containers are running. Default is \${yarn.log.dir}/userlogs. For MapReduce applications, each container directory will contain the files stderr, stdin, and syslog generated by that container. |
| yarn.log-aggregation-enable | Whether to enable log aggregation or not. If disabled, NMs will keep the logs locally and not aggregate them. |



YARN applications Llama, Slider, Spark

YARN applications

- Llama (Low Latency Application MAster)
 - Reserves memory in YARN for short-lived processes (e.g. Impala)
 - Registers one long-lived AM per YARN pool
 - Caches resources allocated by YARN for a short time, so that they can be quickly re-allocated to Impala queries
 - Long-term solution is to run Impala on YARN but currently recommend setting up admission control



YARN applications

- Apache Slider (incubating) née Hoya
 - Runs long-lived persistent services on YARN (e.g. HBase)
 - Not currently recommended as it doesn't provide IO isolation



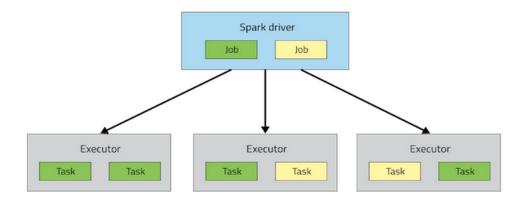
Spark on YARN





Spark Overview

- Application corresponds to an instance of the SparkContext class
- Executors are long lived processes
- Applications take up resource until the app completes





Why Spark on Yarn?

- •Built in scheduler for resource management (Isolation, Prioritization)
- •Sharing resources within a cluster (MapReduce, Spark)
- •YARN is the only cluster manager for Spark that supports security (Kerberized Hadoop).



Configuring YARN for Spark

- Designed for interactive queries and iterative algorithms
 - In-memory caching, DAG engine, and APIs
- Set yarn.scheduler.maximum-allocation-mb as high as 64G on a machine with 192GB of memory
- Won't run with small (< 1 GB) containers due to overhead

Reference:

http://blog.cloudera.com/blog/2014/05/apache-spark-resource-management-and-yarn-app-models/

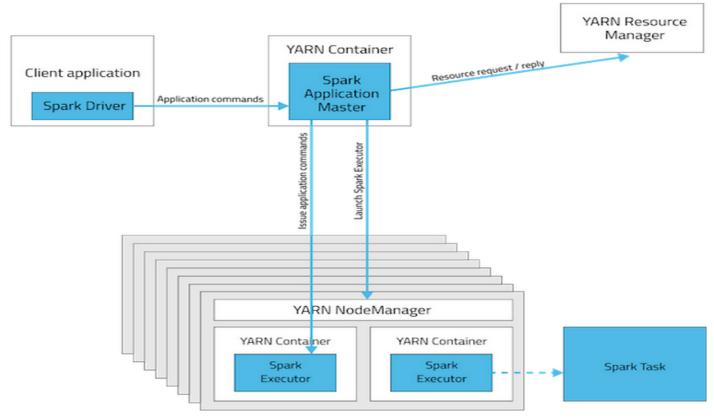


Deploying Spark Jobs

| | YARN Cluster | YARN Client | Spark Standalone |
|--------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Driver runs in: | Application Master | Client | Client |
| Who requests resources? | Application Master | Application Master | Client |
| Who starts executor processes? | YARN NodeManager | YARN NodeManager | Spark Slave |
| Persistent services | YARN ResourceManager and NodeManagers | YARN ResourceManager and NodeManagers | Spark Master and Workers |
| Supports Spark Shell? | No | Yes | Yes |

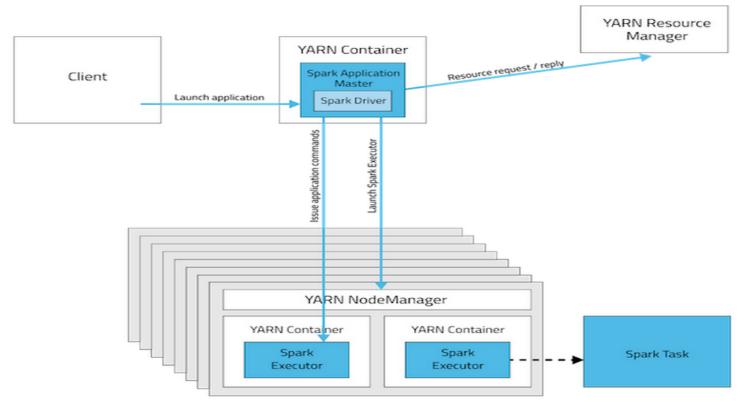


Spark – YARN-CLIENT





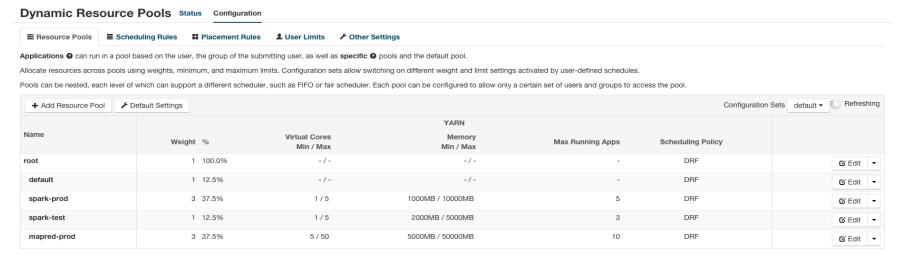
Spark – YARN-CLUSTER





Spark Scheduling

- Fair scheduler for resource sharing
 - spark.yarn.queue
- •Standalone cluster mode currently only supports a simple FIFO scheduler across applications

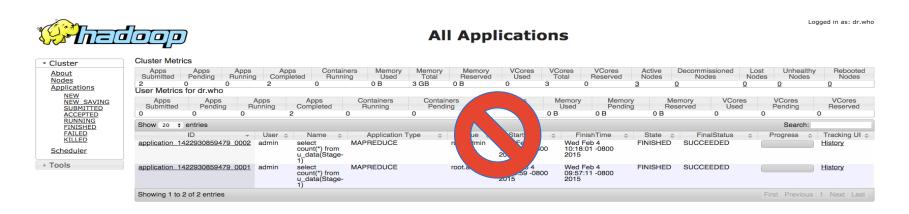




Spark Not Running On Yarn?

•Symptom:

•Use spark-submit to run a python job, but only see the resources being used on one machine.





Spark Not Running On Yarn?

•Workaround:

- Ensure that you have the options in the right position
 - Cause:
 - •\$ spark-submit pi.py -master yarn-client
 - Fix:
 - •\$ spark-submit --master yarn-client pi.py 1000
- Usage:

```
spark-submit [options] <app jar | python file> [app options]
```

• Lot of improvements made to Spark 1.2 for spark-submit SPARK-1652

PySpark on Yarn Limitation

•Symptom:

```
$ spark-submit --master yarn-cluster pi.py 1000
```

Error: Cluster deploy mode is currently not supported for python applications.

Run with --help for usage help or --verbose for debug output



PySpark on Yarn Limitation

•Workaround:

```
$ spark-submit --master yarn-client pi.py 1000
...
Pi is roughly 3.132290
15/02/11 09:41:34 INFO SparkUI: Stopped Spark web UI
at http://sparktest-1.ent.cloudera.com:4040
15/02/11 09:41:34 INFO DAGScheduler: Stopping
DAGScheduler
```

• Future work: SPARK-5162 / SPARK-5173

Lost Spark Executors

Symptom:

Spark Driver WARN Messages

```
14/12/08 17:11:08 WARN scheduler.TaskSetManager: Lost task 205.0 in stage 2.0 (TID 352, test-1.cloudera.com: ExecutorLostFailure (executor lost)
```

NodeManager Logs

```
2014-12-08 17:10:32,860 WARN org.apache.hadoop.yarn.server.nodemanager.containermanager.monitor.ContainersMonitorImpl: Container [pid=26842,containerID=container_1418059756626_0010_01_000093_01] is running beyond physical memory limits.

Current usage: 26.2 GB of 26 GB physical memory used;

27.1 GB of 54.6 GB virtual memory used. Killing container.
```



Lost Spark Executors

- •Workaround:
 - Increase

```
spark.yarn.[executor|driver].memoryOverhead
```

• Test for your specific use case. 1GB to 4GB



Spark Improvements

- Spark 1.2 / CDH 5.3 : Prefer RDDs that are cached locally in HDFS
- Spark 1.2 : Dynamically release unused resources via spark. dynamicAllocation.enabled
 - Only support via YARN currently.
- Spark Streaming save incoming data to a WAL (write-ahead log) on HDFS, preventing any data loss on driver failure.

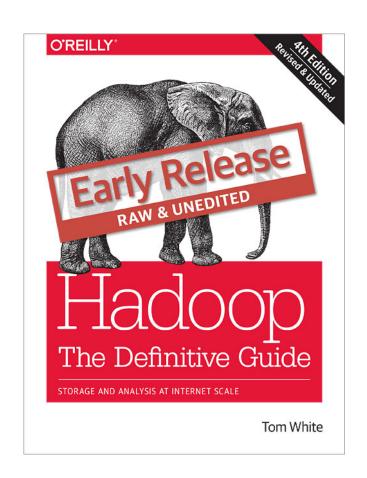


Conclusion



YARN performance

- Improved cluster utilization
 - Can run more jobs in smaller clusters
 - Run in uber mode for smaller jobs (reduces AM overhead)
- Dynamic resource sharing between frameworks
 - One framework can use the entire cluster
- Tom White's *Hadoop: The Definitive Guide 4th Ed* (book signing @6:30pm)
 - Chapter 4 is on YARN





Join the Discussion

Hello, Cloudera Customers and Users! These community forums are intended for developers and admins using Cloudera's Apache Hadoop-based platform to bu welcome your suggestions and feedback here. Join this community to get a 40% discount for O'Reilly Media print books, and 50% for e-books and videos (bundles not included) -- as well as To participate in upstream open source projects, use their respective upstream mailing lists. Ask a Question Type your question here... Community News (2 Items) Title **Community Guidelines & News** Latest Post - This community is now mobile-friendly **Release Announcements** Latest Post - Announcing: New Cloudera ODBC drivers for Impala a...

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Apache Kafka is now fully supported with Cloudera

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TECHNICAL DEMOS



GIVEAWAYS





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Questions?

@kate_ting

@miklos_c

Spark Tuning Parameters

- spark.shuffle.consolidateFiles=true
- spark.yarn.executor.memoryOverhead
- spark.yarn.driver.memoryOverhead
- spark.shuffle.manager=SORT
- spark.rdd.compress=true
- spark.serializer=org.apache.spark.serializer.KryoSerializer



YARN vs Mesos: Resource Manager's role

| YARN | Mesos |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Asks for resources | Offers resources |
| Evolved into a resource manager | Evolved into managing Hadoop |
| Written in Java | Written in C++ |
| Locality aware | More customizable |

