

# Opportunities and Challenges of Data Processing in the Internet of Things (IoT)

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# IoT—a superset of the Internet





### IoT—a superset of the Internet

What is the IoT?

"The idea of an all-encompassing and ubiquitous network of devices to facilitate co-ordination and communication between the devices themselves as well as between the devices and human end-users. The involved devices are typically constrained devices such as RFID sensors, but may also more sophisticated ones like smartphones."





## IoT—a superset of the Internet







### The IoT landscape

apps

data





















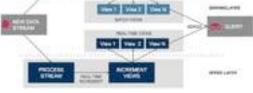


































infrastructure



# IoT application areas





#### Use cases

#### Personal IoT

wearables, smart phones, cloths

#### **Community IoT**

smart cities, smart roads, parks

#### **Group IoT**

vehicles, smart houses, tourism, education

#### **Industrial IoT**

smart factories, agriculture, retail, manufacture





### Categorization & use cases: Personal IoT

Scope is on a *single person*, for example a smartphone equipped with GPS sensor or a fitness device that measures the heart and sharing this data with her GP. One of the fastest growing, rather consumer-oriented areas of IoT.

#### Personal IoT **Group IoT** wearables, vehicles, smart phones, smart houses, cloths tourism. education Community IoT Industrial IoT smart cities, smart factories, agriculture, smart roads, retail, parks

manufacture

- Quantified self
- Smart jackets
- Personal digital assistant







### Categorization & use cases: Group IoT

Focuses on a *small group of people*, for example a family in the context of a smart home where the deployed sensors capture temperature and lighting conditions for optimal comfort. One of the most challenging areas and yet early days.

#### Personal IoT wearables, smart phones, cloths

#### community loT smart cities, smart roads, parks

#### Group IoT vehicles, smart houses, tourism,

education

Industrial IoT smart factories, agriculture, retail, manufacture

- Smart homes
- Proactive/predictive car maintenance
- Interactive tourism





# Categorization & use cases: Community IoT

Considers a *large group of people*, potentially tens of thousands, usually in the context of public infrastructure, such as smart cities. Some immature from a commercial POV but potentially promising IoT area.

#### Personal IoT **Group IoT** wearables, vehicles, smart phones, smart houses, cloths tourism. education Community IoT Industrial IoT smart cities, smart factories, agriculture, smart roads, retail, parks manufacture

- Smart cities
- Health care (monitoring, trackers)











### Categorization & use cases: Industrial IoT

Scope can be either *within* an *organization* or *between* organizations and/or individuals. This is arguably the most established and mature part of IoT, see also <u>M2M</u>.

#### Personal IoT

wearables, smart phones, cloths

#### **Community IoT**

smart cities, smart roads, parks

#### **Group IoT**

vehicles, smart houses, tourism, education

#### Industrial IoT

smart factories, agriculture, retail, manufacture

- Smart factory
- Retailer supply chain
- Agriculture
- Waste management









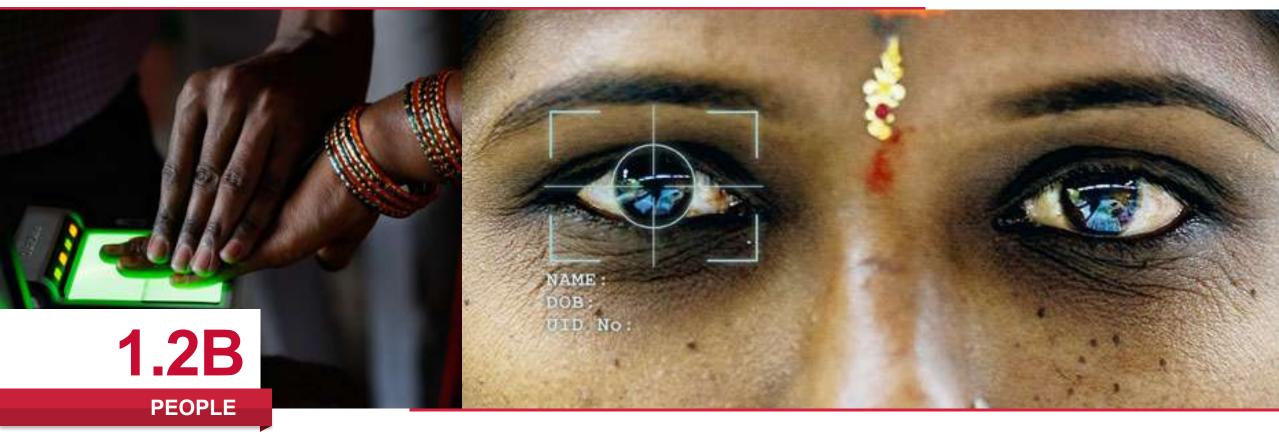
# IoT use case examples







#### Largest biometric database in the world







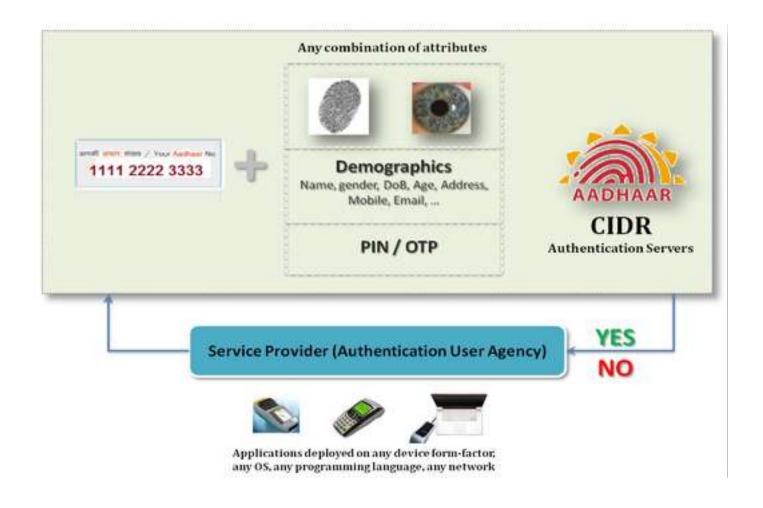
#### Largest biometric database in the world

- Goals:
  - Enable residents to participate in daily commercial business
  - Decrease embezzlement of government subsidies \$1.3+ billion
- Introduced in 2010 now over 500 million residents are registered
- Performs > 4.73 million authentications per minute with a latency SLA of 200 milliseconds





#### Largest biometric database in the world

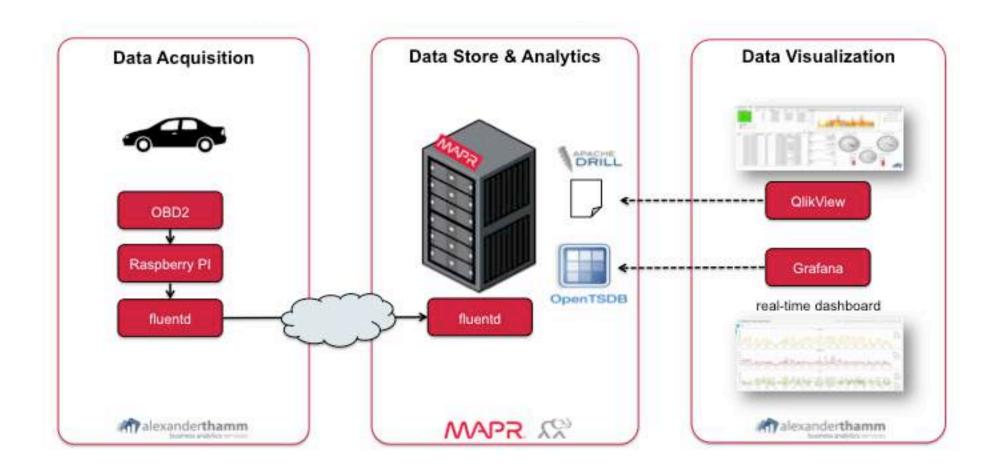


http://uidai.gov.in/publication-and-reports.html





#### A proof of concept from the automotive sector







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### Waste & Recycling Leader

#### DATA

- Geolocation of 20,000 trucks
- Arriving every 5 seconds
- Geographic boundaries
- of landfills

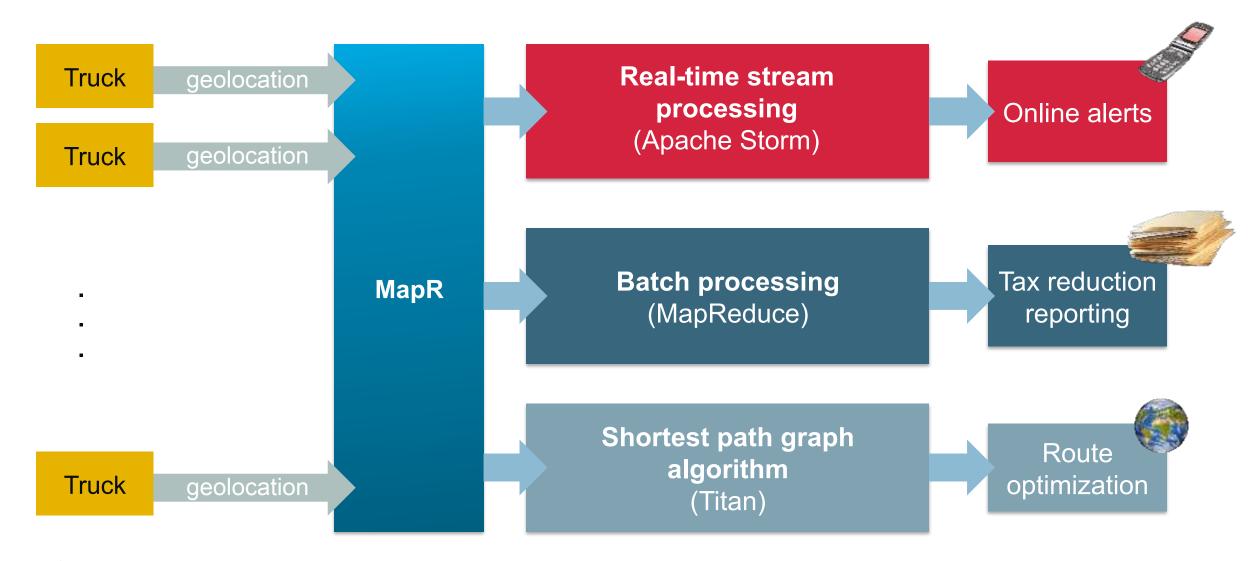
#### **GOALS**

- Online alerts
- Tax reduction reporting
- Route optimization





### Waste & Recycling Leader—Architecture







# Business Intelligence and the IoT





### What is Business Intelligence (BI)?

Umbrella term for methodologies, architectures, and technologies that transform raw data into meaningful business insights. This includes related activities such as:

- reporting
- online analytical processing (OLAP)
- real-time analytics
- predictive analytics





#### The value of BI



predictive analytics
what might happen?



real-time analytics

what and why is it happening, now?



**OLAP** 

why did it happen?



reporting what happened?

# Technologies typically used to realise ...

		Back-end	Front-end
	reporting	Hive, Pig, Spark SQL (Shark)	Excel, Tableau, Datameer
	OLAP	Hive/HBase/M7 tables + Drill/Impala/Vertica	SAS, QlikView, Tableau, Datameer
<b>D</b>	real-time analytics	Kafka + Storm/Spark Streaming + Hive	DataTorrent, bespoke dashboards (web applications)
$\approx$	predictive analytics	Potentially all above + Elasticsearch/Solr Mahout/Spark MLLib	Often bespoke apps







# The Internet of Things architecture: iot-a





### IoT lends itself to Big Data approach

"Using scale-out techniques on commodity hardware in a schema-onread fashion along with community-defined interfaces"

Volume: store all incoming sensor data for historical references

Variety: dozens of data formats in use in the IoT world, none is relational

Velocity: many devices generate data at a high rate; usually data streams





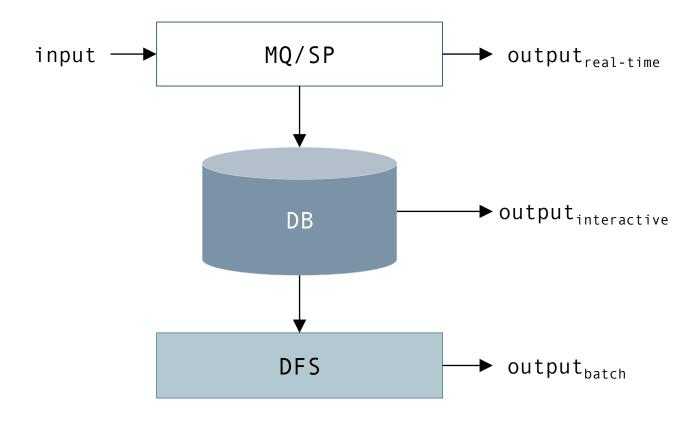
#### Requirements

- Able to natively deal with the raw data from devices, typically many (trillions) of small files in non-relation formats
- Support a range of workloads, especially streaming as first-class citizen
- Ensure business continuity to meet SLAs
- Provide for a secure, safe and privacy-aware end-to-end operation





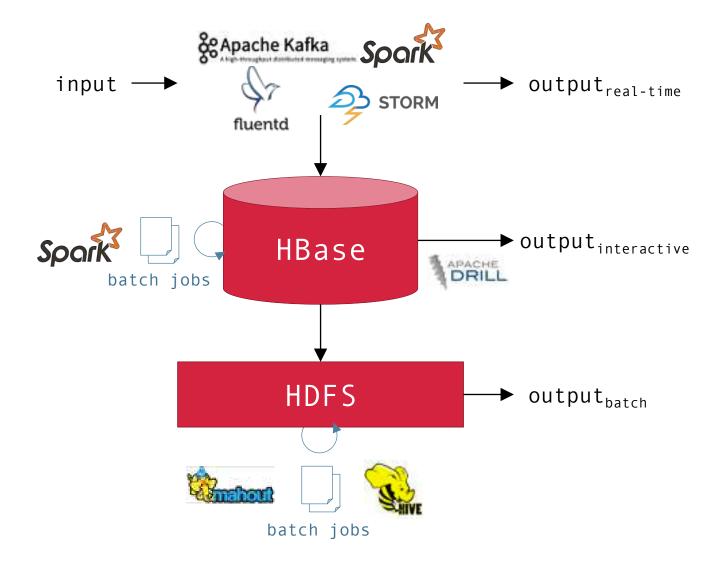
## The IoT architecture (iot-a)







## Example iot-a





### Apache Kafka

- High-throughput, distributed, persistent publish-subscribe messaging system
- Typically used together with Storm/Spark for online stream processing



http://kafka.apache.org/





### Apache Storm

- Distributed, fault-tolerant stream-processing platform
- Guaranteed message processing; takes care of replaying messages on failure
- Concepts: tuples, streams, spouts, bolts, topologies

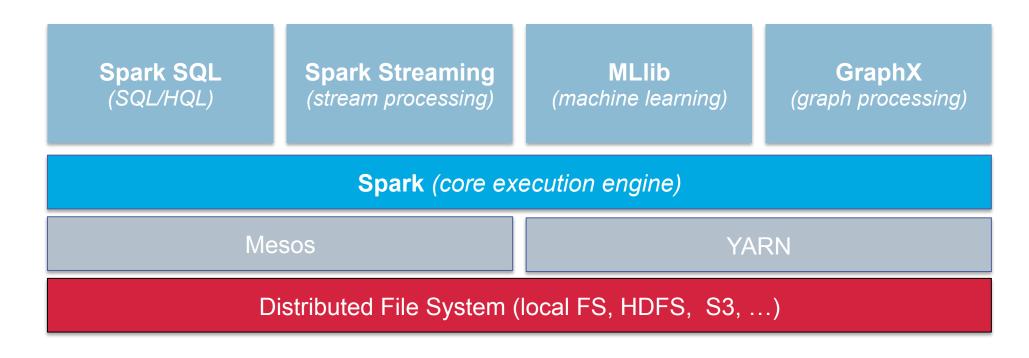


http://storm.apache.org/





### Apache Spark





https://spark.apache.org/





#### Apache HBase

- Distributed, column-oriented database built on top of HDFS
- Based on Google's BigTable technology
- Able to scale horizontally to 1,000s of commodity servers, petabytes
  of data with low-latency get/put ops



http://hbase.apache.org/





# Managing Time Series at Scale





#### Stream data sources

- physical sources such as IoT devices
- social media streams such as Twitter firehose











#### Stream data sources

#### What about development and testing?

- synthetic sources
  - https://github.com/tdunning/log-synth
  - https://github.com/mapr-demos/gess
  - https://github.com/mapr-demos/direhose







### OpenTSDB

OpenTSDB is a distributed Time Series Database on top of HBase, enabling you ...

- to store & index, as well as
- to query & plot

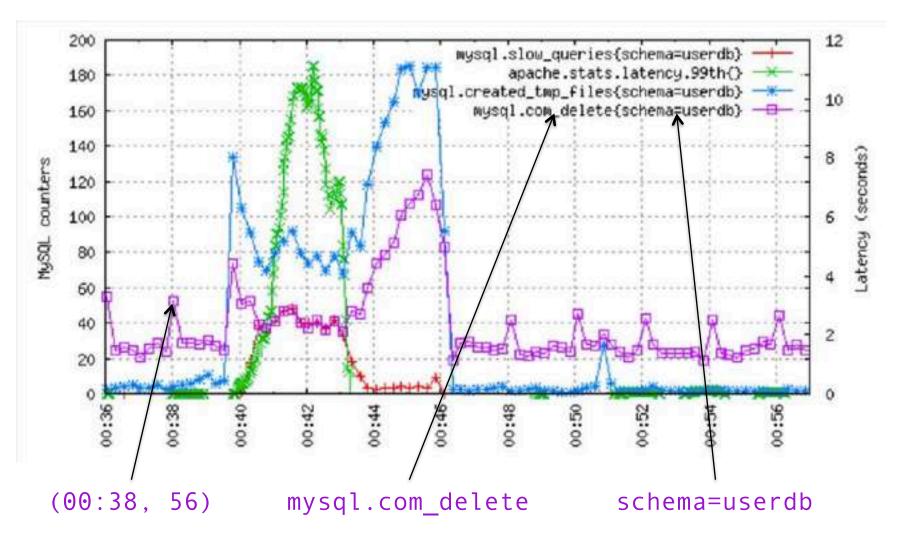
... metrics at scale.

http://opentsdb.net/





#### OpenTSDB: key concepts



data point: (timestamp, value)

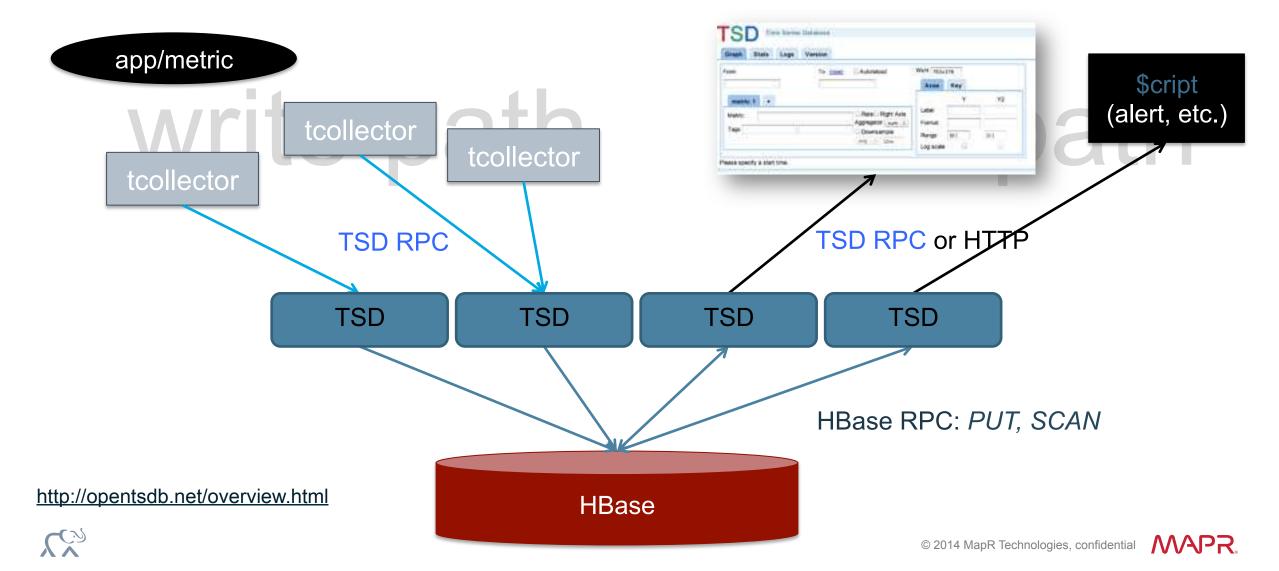
+ metric

+ tag: key=value

→ time series



#### OpenTSDB: high-level architecture



### OpenTSDB: collecting metrics

- tcollector: gathers data from local collectors, pushes to TSDs and providing deduplication
- lots <u>bundled</u>
  - General: iostat, netstat, etc.
  - Others: MySQL, HBase, etc.
- ... or roll your own

couchbase.py	Removed err function from individual collectors	
distat.py	dfstat.py: python2.4 compatibility support	
elasticsearch.py Removed err function from individual collectors		
graphite_bridge.py	Add a collector bridge for the basic graphite protocol.	
hadoop_datanode.py	Permissions change of hadoop_datanode.py and hadoop_namenode.py	
hadoop_namenode.py	Permissions change of hadoop_datanode.py and hadoop_namenode.py	
haproxy.py	Move hibase and hadoop to http://mx collection	
hbase_master.py	Move house and hadoop to http://mx collection	
hbase_regionserver.py hbase_regionserver.py: fix region metrics splitting		
ifstat.py	ifstat.py: code cleanup	
iostat.py	iostat.py: code cleanup	
mongo.py	Remove code duplication by introducing a utils library.	
mysql.py	Move house and hadoop to http://mx collection	
netstat.py	netstat.py: handle multiple sets of data for the same data type, e.g.,	
nfsstat.py	Make rifs stats per version, and support v3.	
openisdb.sh	Move copyright info to AUTHORS, and add a THANKS file.	
postgresql.py	Move house and hadoop to http /jmx collection	
procnettop.py Remove code duplication by introducing a utils library.		
procstats.py	NUMA stat files have to be opened/closed each time to get fresh stats	
redis-stats.py	Redis: add per database metrics	



### OpenTSDB: interfacing

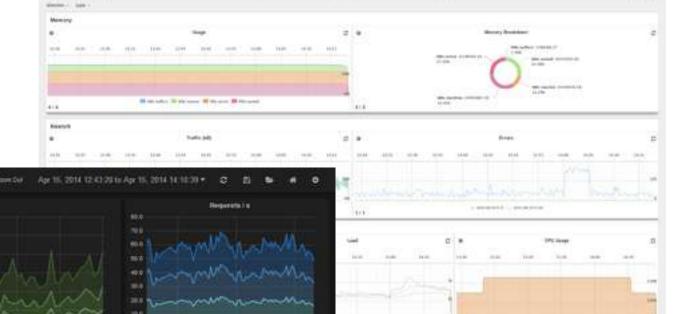
HTTP API

Grafana Dashboard

- lipper\_50 - laper\_75 - saper\_50

Server side page request time

- <u>CLI</u> (tsd, query, mkmetric, etc.)
- Java lib: <u>asynchbase</u>
- Dashboards (<u>Grafana</u>, etc.)

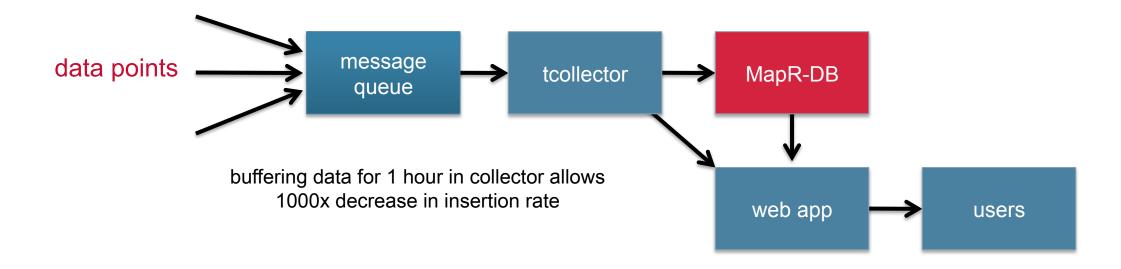






Hart Street Wet.

### OpenTSDB with MapR (HBase <--> MapR-DB)



https://github.com/mapr-demos/opentsdb





#### Alternative TSDB for smaller scales

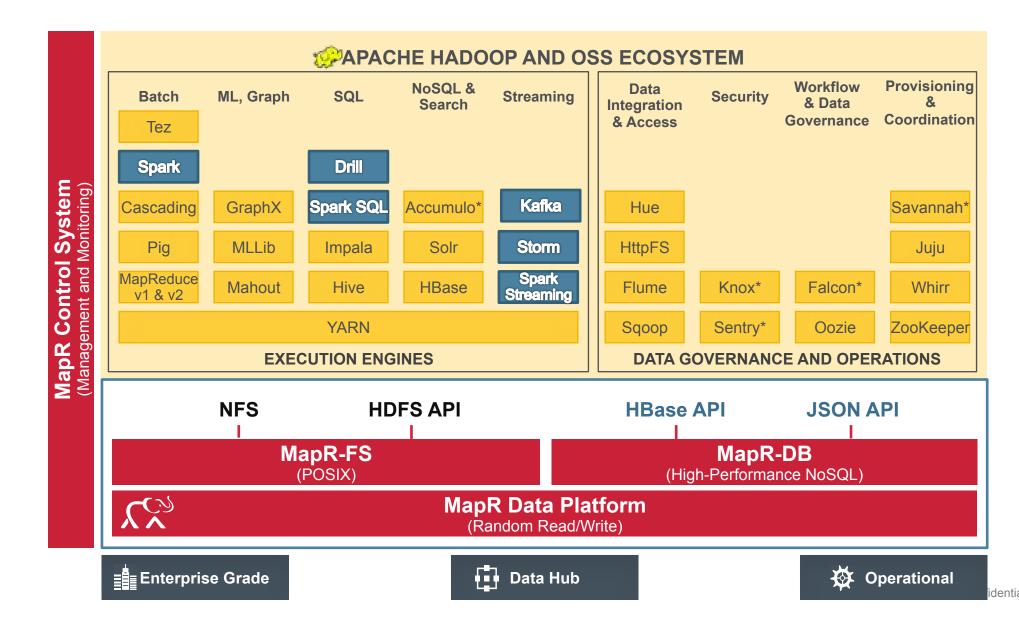
- InfluxDB (written in Go)
- lots of client libs
- (cluster support via Raft)
- powerful query language

```
select mean(value), percentile(90, value) as percentile 90
from /^stats.*/
group by time(10m)
into 10m.:series_name
```





### MapR's IoT offering









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mapr-technologies





MapR

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maprtech

