



# HDFS Snapshots and Beyond

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### About Us

### Tsz-Wo Nicholas Sze, Ph.D.

- Software Engineer at Hortonworks
- PMC Member at Apache Hadoop
- One of the most active contributors/committers of HDFS
  - Started in 2007
- Used Hadoop to compute Pi at the two-quadrillionth (2x10<sup>15</sup>th) bit
  - It is the current World Record.

### • Jing Zhao, Ph.D.

- Software Engineer at Hortonworks
- Committer at Apache Hadoop
- Active Hadoop contributor too
  - Contributed ~150 patches in about a year



### Before Snapshots...

#### Deleted files cannot be restored

- Trash is buggy and not well understood
- Trash works only for CLI based deletion
- No point-in-time recovery
- No periodic snapshots to restore from
  - No admin/user managed snapshots





### Point-in-time image of the file system Read-only Copy-on-write



### **Use Cases**

### Protection against user errors Backup Experimental/Test setups



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### Example: Periodic Snapshots for Backup

### A typical snapshot policy:

#### Take a snapshot in

- every 15 mins and keep it for 24 hrs
- every 1 hr, keep 2 days
- every 1 day, keep 14 days
- every 1 week, keep 3 months
- every 1 month, keep 1 year



## Design Goal: Efficiency

### Storage efficiency

- No block data copying
- No metadata copying for unmodified files

### Processing efficiency

- No additional costs for processing current data

### Cheap snapshot creation

- Must be fast and lightweight
- Must support for a very large number of snapshots



### **Design Goal: Features**

### Read-only

- Files and directories in a snapshot are immutable
- Nothing can be added to or removed from directories

#### Hierarchical snapshots

- Snapshots of the entire namespace
- Snapshots of subtrees

#### User operation

- Users can take snapshots for their data
- Admins manage where users can take snapshots



### HDFS-2802: Snapshot Development

• Available in Hadoop 2 GA release (v2.2.0)

#### Community-driven

 Special thanks to who have provided for the valuable discussion and feedback on the feature requirements and the open questions

#### 136 subtask JIRAs

- Mainly contributed by Hortonworks
- The merge patch has about 28k lines
- ~8 months of development





#### Hadoop HDFS / HDFS-2802

### Support for RW/RO snapshots in HDFS

/ Edit		dit		Assign	More -	Submit Patch	Resolve Issue				
Su	b-T	asks	i								+ -
	1.	0	Snapshot of Bein	g Written I	Files		ବ୍ତ	Resolved	Jing Zhao	÷	¢ •
	2.	0	Support snapsho	t of single	files		6	Resolved	Tsz Wo (Nicholas), SZE		
	3.	0	Support snapsho	ttable INoc	deDirectory		<b>®</b> @	Resolved	Tsz Wo (Nicholas), SZE		
_	4.	0	Handle replication in snapshots					Resolved	Tsz Wo (Nicholas), SZE		
	5.	0	Add SnapshotManager					Resolved	Tsz Wo (Nicholas), SZE		
_	6.	0	Add editlog opcodes for snapshot create and delete operation					Resolved	Suresh Srinivas		
	7.	0	Protocol changes	for snaps	hots		6	Resolved	Suresh Srinivas	↑ ↓	¢٠
	8.	0	provide CLI supp	ort for allo	w and disallo	ow snapshot on a	directory 🖫	Resolved	Brandon Li		



### NameNode Only Operation

- No complicated distributed mechanism
- Snapshot metadata stored in NameNode
- DataNodes have no knowledge of snapshots
- Block management layer also don't know about snapshots



### **Fast Snapshot Creation**

### • Snapshot Creation: O(1)

- It just adds a record to an inode





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### Low Memory Overhead

- NameNode memory usage: O(M)
  - *M* is the number of modified files/directories
  - Additional memory is used only when modifications are made relative to a snapshot





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### File Blocks Sharing

#### Blocks in datanodes are not copied

- The snapshot files record the block list and the file size
- No data copying





### Persistent Data Structures

- A well-known data structure for "time travel"
  - Support querying previous version of the data
- Access slow down
  - The additional time required for the data structure
- In traditional persistent data structures
  - There is slow down on accessing current data and snapshot data
- In our implementation
  - No slow down on accessing current data
  - Slow down happens only on accessing snapshot data



### No Slow Down on Accessing Current Data

- The current data can be accessed directly
  - Modifications are recorded in reverse chronological order

Snapshot data = Current data – Modifications





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### Easy Management

- Snapshots can be taken on any directory
  - Set the directory to be *snapshottable*
- Support 65,536 simultaneous snapshots
- No limit on the number of snapshottable directories
  - Nested snapshottable directories are currently NOT allowed



### Admin Ops

#### Allow snapshots on a directory

- hdfs dfsadmin -allowSnapshot <path>

#### Reset a snapshottable directory

- hdfs dfsadmin -disallowSnapshot <path>

#### • Example

\$ hdfs dfsadmin -allowSnapshot /test
Allowing snapshot on /test succeeded



### User Ops

#### Create/delete/rename snapshots

- hdfs dfs -createSnapshot <path> [<snapshotName>]
- hdfs dfs -deleteSnapshot <path> <snapshotName>
- hdfs dfs -renameSnapshot <path> <oldName> <newName>

#### Get snapshottable directory listing

- hdfs lsSnapshottableDir

#### Get snapshots difference report

- hdfs snapshotDiff <path> <from> <to>





### Use snapshot paths in CLI

- All regular commands and APIs can be used against snapshot path
  - /<snapshottableDir>/.snapshot/<snapshotName>/foo/bar

### List all the files in a snapshot

- ls /test/.snapshot/s4

#### List all the snapshots under that path

- ls <path>/.snapshot

Jing-Zhaos-I	<pre>hacBook-Pro:trunk jing\$</pre>	hdfs dfs -ls /test/.snapshot
Found 4 iter	ns	
drwxr-xr-x	- jing supergroup	0 2013-10-29 00:12 /test/.snapshot/s1
drwxr-xr-x	- jing supergroup	0 2013-10-29 00:12 /test/.snapshot/s2
drwxr-xr-x	- jing supergroup	0 2013-10-29 00:14 /test/.snapshot/s3
drwxr-xr-x	- jing supergroup	0 2013-10-29 00:16 /test/.snapshot/s4



### **Test Snapshot Functionalities**

### ~100 unit tests

#### ~1.4 million generated system tests

- Covering most combination of (snapshot + rename) operations
- Automated long-running tests for months



### Future Work

- Restoring/Rolling back to a snapshot
- Read-write snapshots
- Excluding temp files
- Use snapshots beyond HDFS
  - DistCp
  - Hive exports
  - HBase snapshots



### DistCp

#### Copy data to remote cluster

- List of files to copy  $\rightarrow$  MapReduce
- No updates on source files while DistCp

### Take snapshot before DistCp

- Use snapshot paths for source files

### Use snapshots for incremental backup

- Only copy the snapshot diff



#### distcp hdfs://cluster1/src/.snapshot/s1/

hdfs://cluster2/dst/





### **Hive Export**

#### Current mechanism

- Copy data to a new directory in HDFS
- Export metadata: dump from mySQL and store in HDFS

#### Avoid data copy using snapshots

- Snapshot(s) on source directories
- Create symlinks for snapshot files/directories



### **HBase Snapshots**

#### Current mechanism

- Reference all the HFiles
- Copy the current table info, region info, pending recovered edits
- NameNode load concern

#### Take HDFS snapshots

- Avoid creating references for all HFiles



## Q & A

### Myths and misinformation of HDFS

- Not reliable (was never true)
- Namenode dies, all state is lost (was never true)
- Does not support disaster recovery (distcp in Hadoop0.15)
- Hard to operate for new comers
- Performance improvements (always ongoing)
  - Major improvements in 1.2 and 2.x
- Namenode is a single point of failure
- Needs shared NFS storage for HA
- Does not have point in time recovery

# Thank You!

