

ORACLE®

# Hadoop Appliances: Engineered for the Enterprise

Dan McClary  
Principal Product Manager, Big Data and Hadoop

 @dan\_mcclary

BIG DATA

APPLIANCE



The preceding is intended to outline our general product direction. It is intended for information purposes only, and may not be incorporated into any contract.

It is not a commitment to deliver any material, code, or functionality, and should not be relied upon in making purchasing decisions. The development, release, and timing of any features or functionality described for Oracle's products remains at the sole discretion of Oracle.



THE HUMAN FACE OF

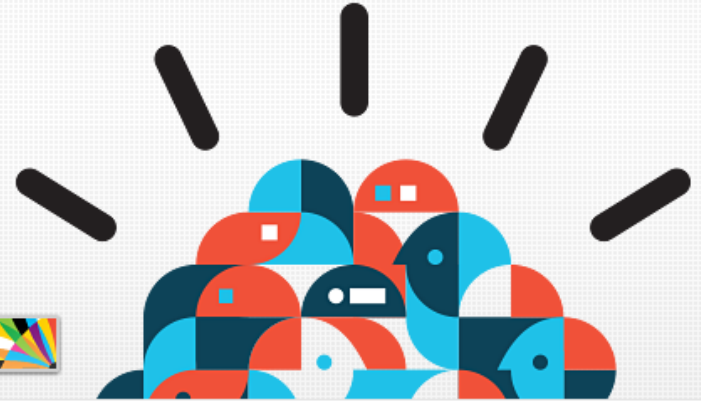
# BIG DATA

ORACLE®

## IBM SmartCloud

Achieve new levels of innovation and efficiency

→ [Learn more](#)



Smarter Commerce

The sale is only  
the beginning



IBM Cloud

Blue Sky?  
No, IBM Cloud.



What is a Smarter Planet?

8 steps  
to smart



**Hardware and Software**

**ORACLE®**

**Engineered to Work Together**

**Does that apply to Hadoop?**

**ORACLE®**

# What Do Enterprises Want?

**Benefits of Hadoop**

**Protected Investments**

**Minimal Headaches**

Big Data is meaningful to everybody.

So is everything else in the data center

Focus IT resources on meaningful work

# Hardware and Software

ORACLE®

# Engineered to Work Together

ORACLE®

# A First Hadoop Cluster

**“Commodity”  
only works in the lab**

- Difficult to scale
- Difficult to service
- Only optimizes equipment cost





# Start With a Server

- Storage Dense
- Lots of Network
- Enterprise Class



# Why Enterprise Disks?

- Imagine a dark, stormy, and I/O-heavy overnight job
  - It's critical to tomorrow's business
  - Our cluster has been operational for a long time
    - A couple of disks fail
- Nagios wakes **you** up



# Ain't Nobody Got Time for That.

# Enterprise Disks

- Enterprise disks monitor block corruption
  - Predictatively flag failing disks
  - Your cluster files an automated service request
    - Oracle comes and changes the drives
- You sleep in



**OK, I'll just buy enterprise  
servers.**

# Not so fast. What about

- Power
- Networking
- Operating System
- **Redundancy**

# What “Availability” Really Means

**Redundant Everywhere**

**Automated Failover**

You'll need two of everything

- OS Disks
- Network Switches
- PDUs and PSUs
- Bonded Cables

**And** it must failover seamlessly

**And** send a service request



# What goes into 2 of everything?



# Let's Look at the OS

- Before the factory
  - Install Linux
  - Setup RAID
  - Cut an image
- At the factory
  - For each server in a rack
    - Install the image
    - Rigorously test the server



**So what, it's just a Linux  
install.**

# Hadoop Ate My Heap

More than just an install

- We need to support real workloads
- On a default Linux 5 install, we set up a test
  - Slightly oversubscribed cluster
  - Memory-heavy jobs
- Servers started falling over
  - There was plenty of free memory
  - Hadoop jobs couldn't get any heap
- **Why?**

# Don't Forget the File Cache

More than just an install

- Very fast network interfaces → fast allocation
- kswapd wasn't freeing enough memory
- Defaults couldn't keep up with requests
  
- How familiar are you with `/proc/sys/vm?`

# Let's Look at the Network

- Three networks
  - Admin (1GbE)
  - Client (10GbE)
  - Internal (40Gb3)
- Automated install
  - Given a set of IPs
    - Setup TCP/IP/Infiniband, VNICs, host mappings
- Ensure Hadoop can multihome
  - Work with the community to make it a requirement

# Hardware and Software

ORACLE®

# Engineered to Work Together

ORACLE®



# Assumed Growth Path

Some start small

Some start large

Multiple clusters/rack

Multiple racks/cluster





# Specialization for Flexibility

## How We Expand

- Minimize role redefinition to simplify growth
- On failure, “general” nodes can be made “special”

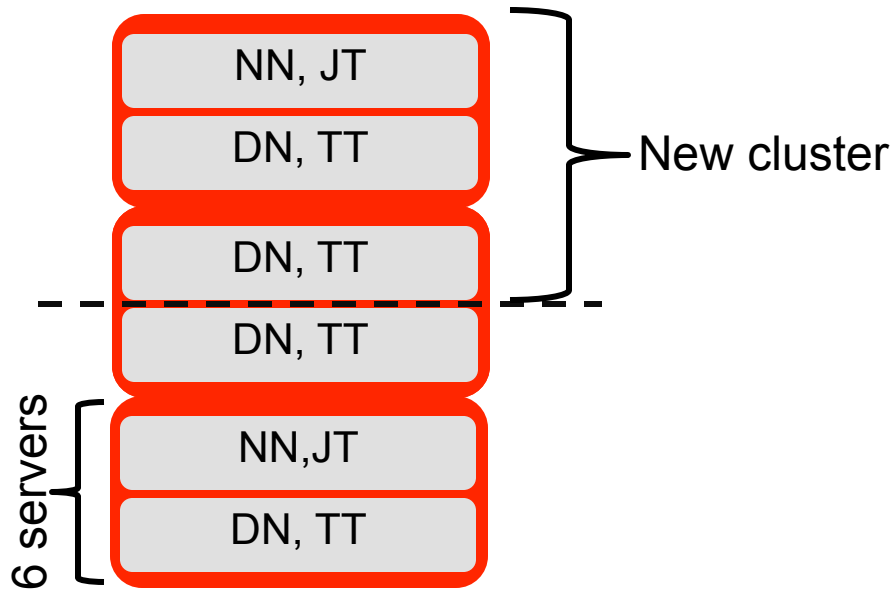


4 Nodes of  
“Management”

DataNodes,  
TaskTrackers,  
RegionServers, etc.

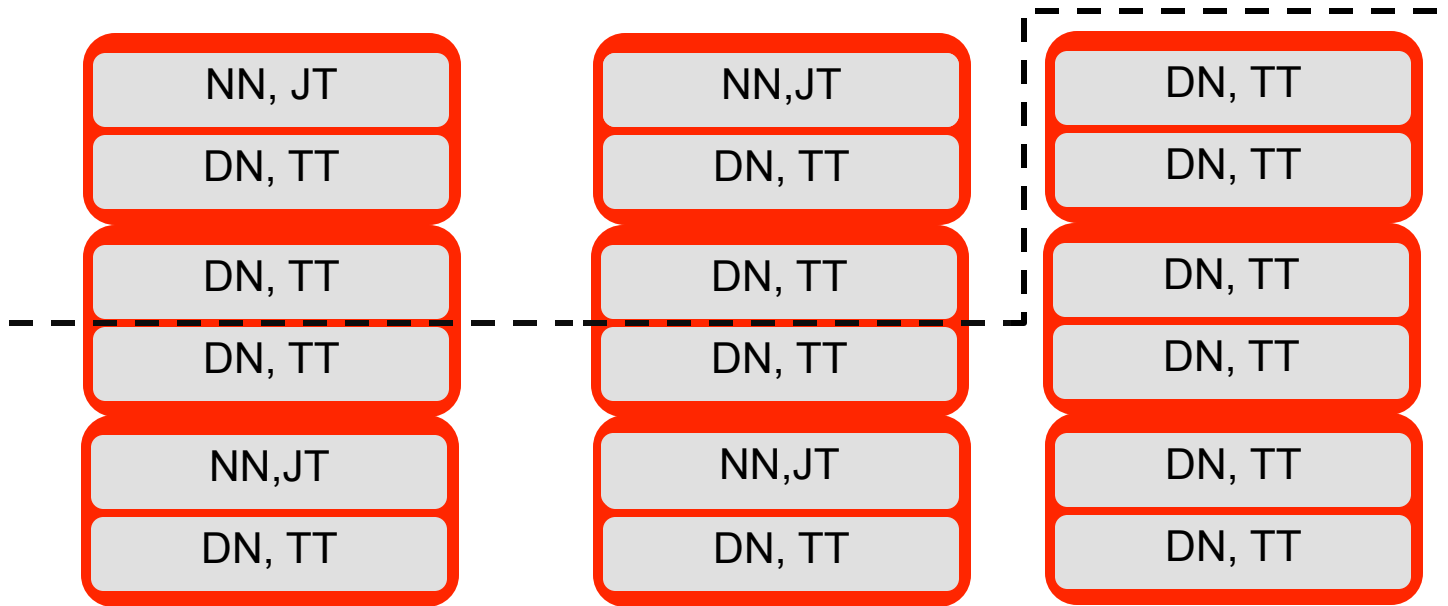
# How We Expand

## Grow in place



# How We Expand

Add a rack and balance asymmetric clusters



# Making Expansion Simple

- First, define roles in Puppet
  - Clear definition of server roles
  - Allows for new roles over time
- Next, add HA where there wasn't any
  - MySQL
  - Internal KDC
- But distributing bits is the easy part

# Rules for Enterprise Upgrades

“One-click” upgrades

Multiple histories

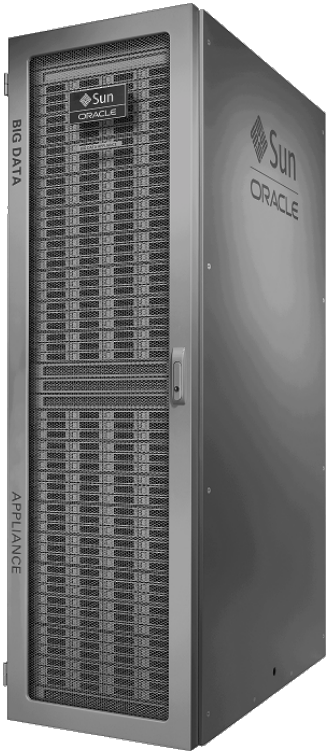
A patch or upgrade needs to

- Add new features
- Upgrade applications
- Upgrade OS
- Upgrade firmware

**And** not all customers will be at the same starting point

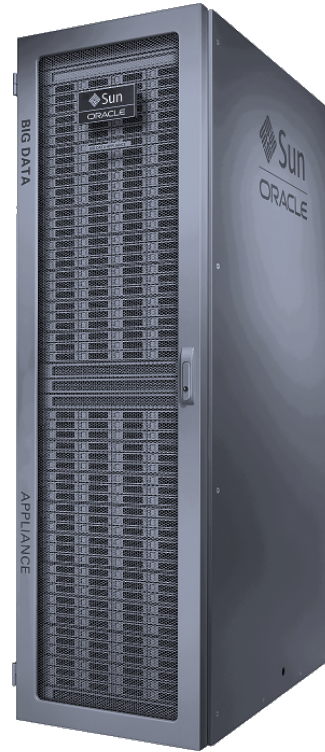
**And** topologies will change

# Different Starting Points



## Customer A

- CDH 4.1
- No HA Services



## Customer B

- CDH 4.3
- HA NameNode

# One Outcome

## Customer A

- CDH 4.1
- No HA Services
- 3 Mgmt Nodes

## Customer B

- CDH 4.3
- HA NameNode
- 4 Mgmt Nodes

```
graph LR; A[Customer A] --> U[One-click Upgrade]; B[Customer B] --> U; U --> F[Final State]
```

One-click Upgrade

## Final State

- CDH 4.4
- HA NameNode
- HA JobTracker
- Kerberos Enabled
- 4 Mgmt Nodes

# Scripted Upgrades

- Discover cluster state
  - Compare end state to cluster state
  - Determine extra operations
    - Add NameNode and JobTracker
    - Setup Failover
    - Install KDCs, Setup keytabs
    - Enable Kerberos
- Install upgraded packages
- Configure and (re)start services



**Hardware and Software**

**ORACLE®**

**Engineered to Work Together**

**Beyond Hadoop**

**ORACLE®**

# What Do Enterprises Want?

**Benefits of Hadoop**



**Protected Investments**

How do we integrate Hadoop with all the things?

**Minimal Headaches**



# Integrate Everything

We make a lot of stuff

918 products

How does Hadoop fit?

The screenshot shows a web interface for Oracle products. At the top, there are three tabs: "Products A-Z", "Acquired Products A-Z", and "Applications Product Lines". Below the tabs is a header "Oracle Products A to Z" and a navigation bar with letters A through Z. The "A" tab is selected, displaying a list of products:

- API Gateway, Oracle Fusion Middleware
- API Management, Oracle SOA
- ATG Commerce Applications, ATG
- ATG Web Commerce, ATG
- ATG Web Commerce Customer Service, ATG
- ATG Web Commerce Merchandizing, ATG
- ATG Web Commerce Service Center, ATG
- Oracle Knowledge for Web Self-Service, ATG
- Absence Management. PeopleSoft



# So where do we start?



# Maybe here

**ORACLE<sup>®</sup>**  

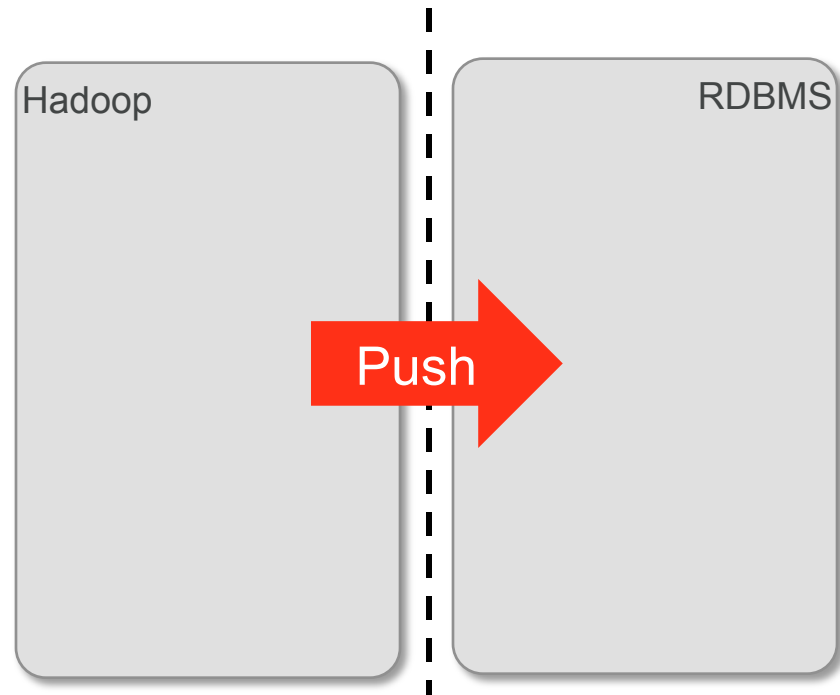
---

**DATABASE** **12<sup>c</sup>**

# Load to Oracle

**Hadoop produces dataset**

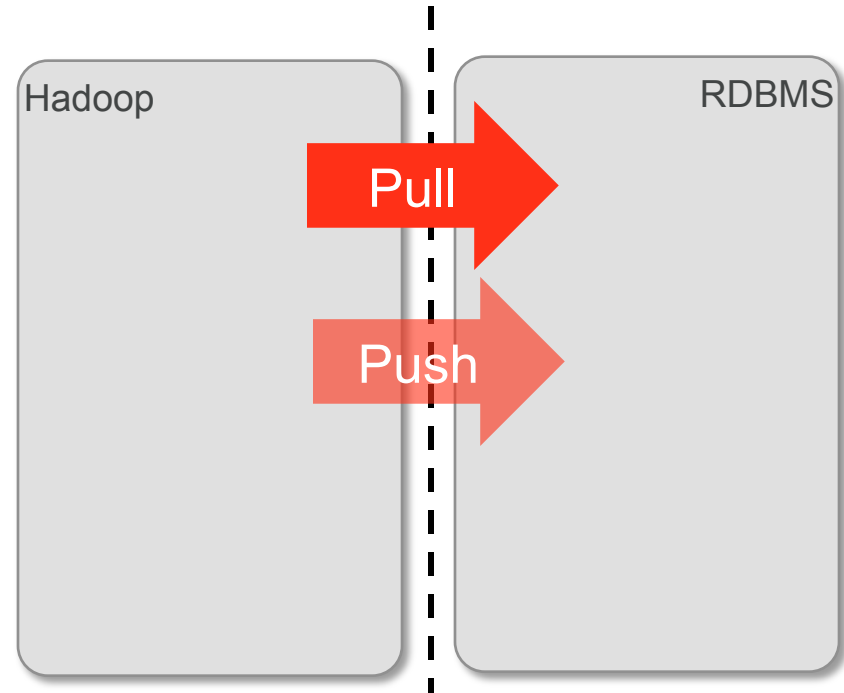
**Oracle publishes dataset**



# Stream from Hadoop

Hadoop for big analytics

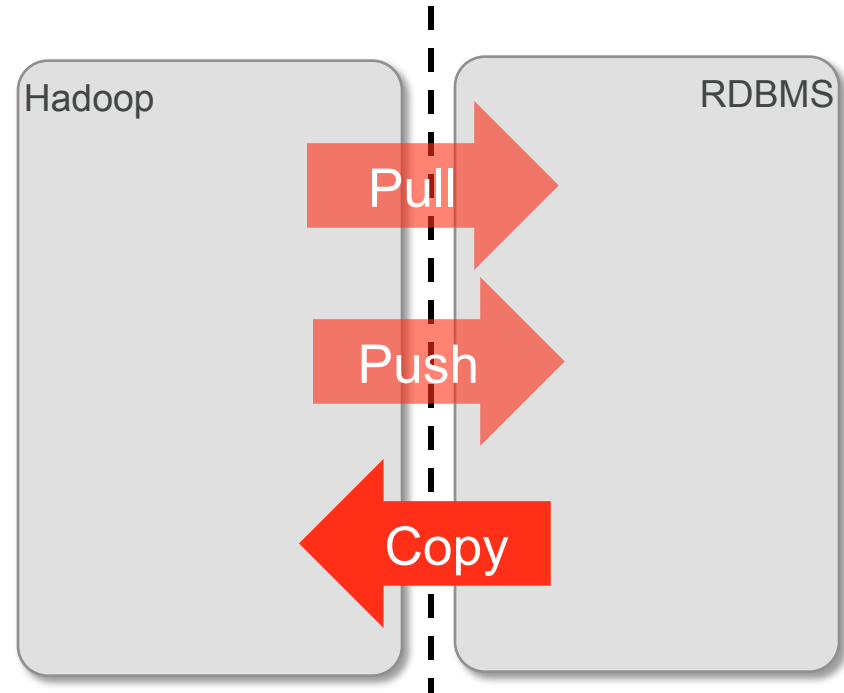
Oracle for sensitive data



# Copy to Hadoop

Oracle for mission critical

Hadoop for unified data

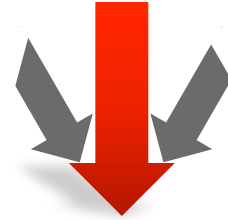




# Even More Integrations

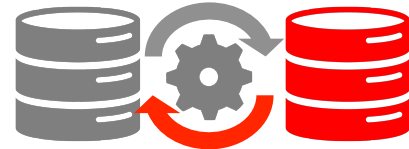
## Fast Data

- Oracle Event Processing



## Data Integration

- Oracle Data Integrator
- Oracle Golden Gate



## Security

- Oracle Audit Vault and Database Firewall



# Hardware and Software

ORACLE®

## Engineered to Work Together

### Optimized for Everything

- Reduced, efficient storage usage
- Simplified architecture and management

ORACLE®

# Q&A

# Hardware and Software

ORACLE®

# Engineered to Work Together

ORACLE®

**ORACLE®**

# **Hardware and Software**

ORACLE®

# **Engineered to Work Together**

## **Optimized and Flexible**

- Optimized roles for Hadoop usage
- Simplified elasticity and management

ORACLE®

# **Hardware and Software**

ORACLE®

# **Engineered to Work Together**

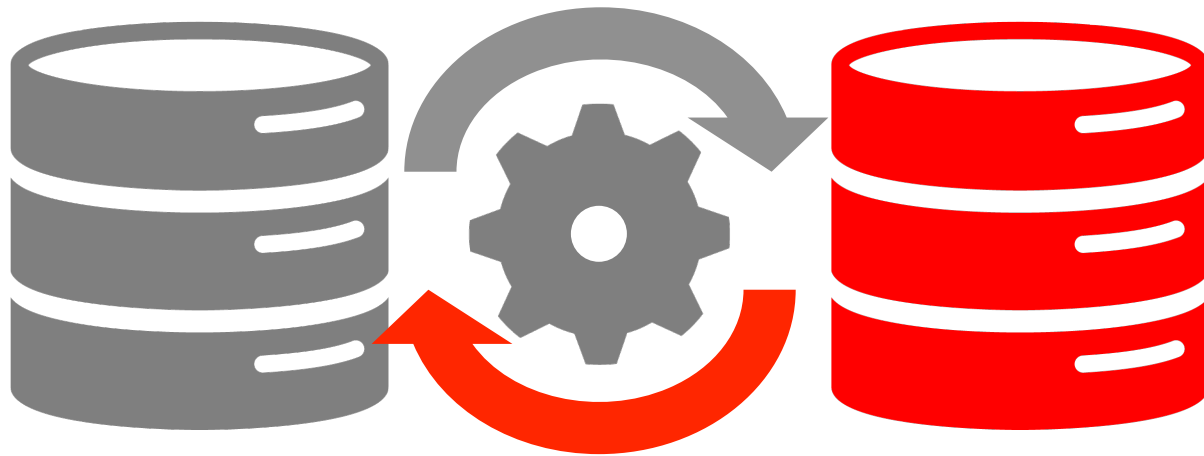
## **Integrated With Everything**

- Integration with core products
- More integrations every day

ORACLE®









# Hardware and Software

ORACLE®

# Engineered to Work Together

# We're not marketing geniuses

ORACLE®



**Hardware and Software**

**ORACLE®**

**Engineered to Work Together**

**Does that apply to Hadoop?**

**ORACLE®**