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Tools and Techniques That Make Data Work



# Real-Time Analytical Processing (RTAP) Using the Spark Stack

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# Project Overview

Research & open source projects initiated by AMPLab in UC Berkeley

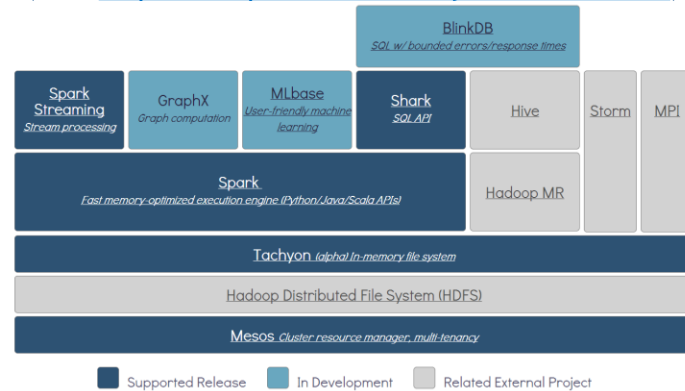
Intel closely collaborating with AMPLab & the community on open source development

- Apache incubation since June 2013
- The “most active cluster data processing engine after Hadoop MapReduce”

Intel partnering with several big websites

- Building next-gen big data analytics using the Spark stack
- *Real-time analytical processing (RTAP)*
- E.g., Alibaba , Baidu iQiyi, Youku, etc.

BDAS: Berkeley Data Analytics Stack  
(Ref: <https://amplab.cs.berkeley.edu/software/>)



# Next-Gen Big Data Analytics

## Volume

- Massive scale & exponential growth

## Variety

- Multi-structured, diverse sources & inconsistent schemas

## Value

- Simple (SQL) - descriptive analytics
- Complex (non-SQL) - predictive analytics

## Velocity

- Interactive - the speed of thought
- Streaming/online - drinking from the firehose

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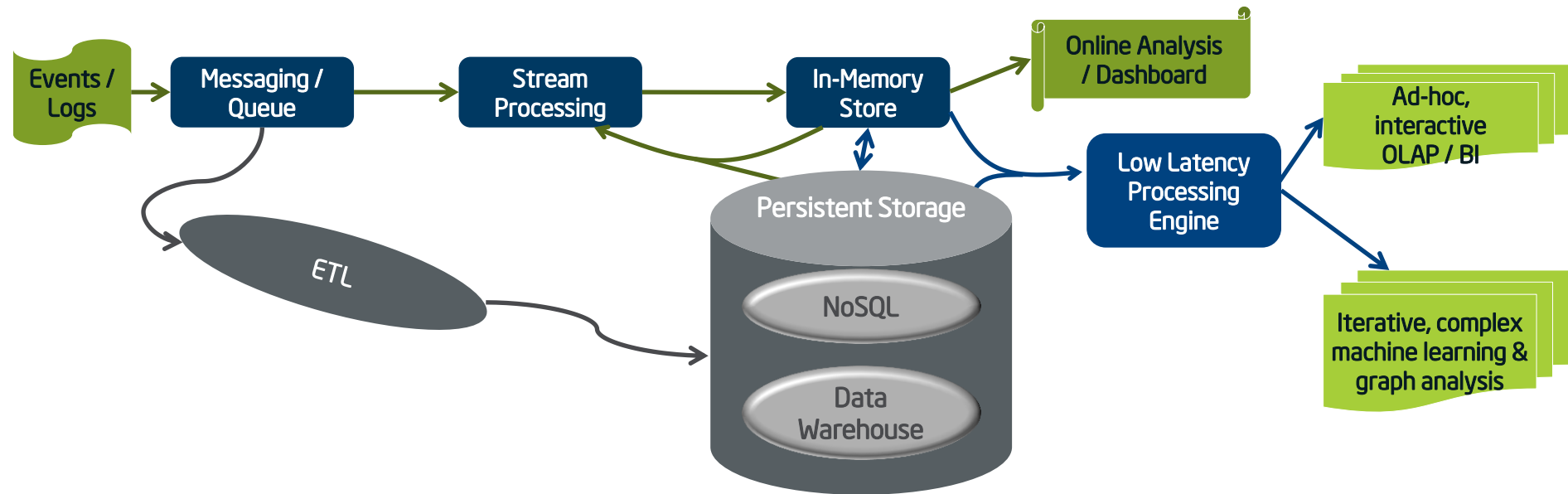
- Interactive - the speed of thought
- Streaming/online - drinking from the firehose

**The Spark stack**

# Real-Time Analytical Processing (RTAP)

A vision for next-gen big data analytics

- Data captured & processed in a (semi) streaming/online fashion
- Real-time & history data combined and mined interactively and/or iteratively
  - Complex OLAP / BI in interactive fashion
  - Iterative, complex machine learning & graph analysis
- Predominantly memory-based computation



# Real-World Use Case #1

## (Semi) Real-Time Log Aggregation & Analysis

Logs continuously collected & streamed in

- Through queuing/messaging systems

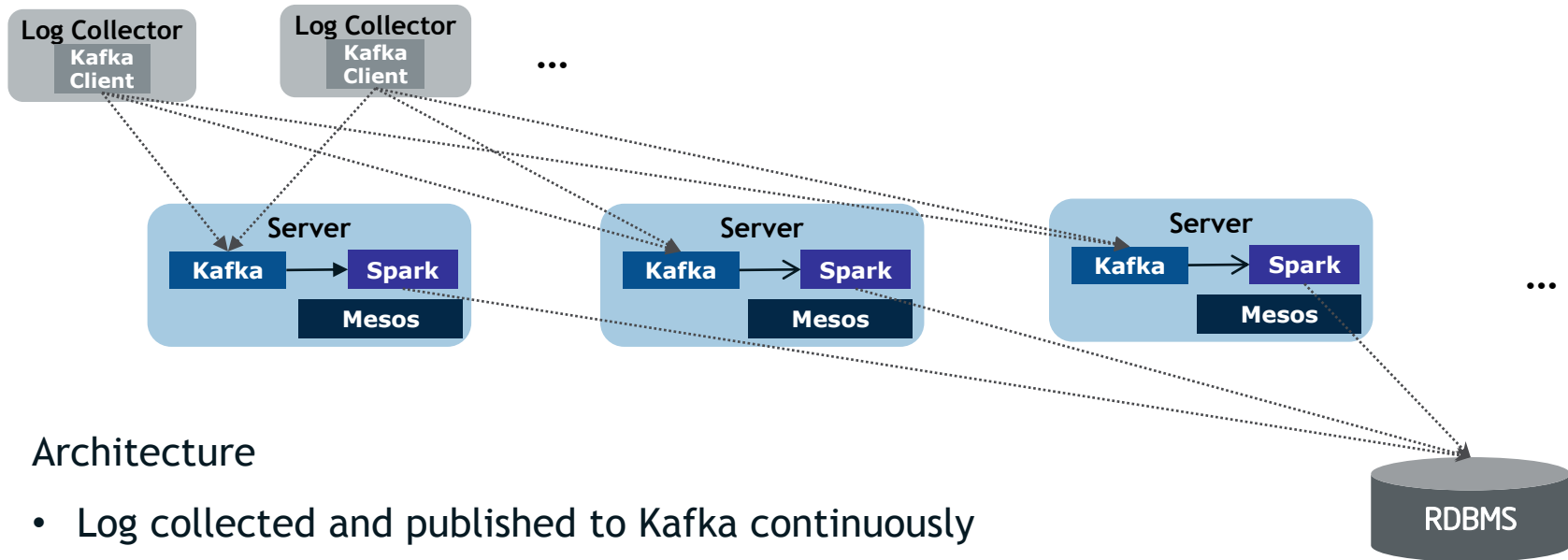
Incoming logs processed in a (semi) streaming fashion

- Aggregations for different time periods, demographics, etc.
- Join logs and history tables when necessary

Aggregation results then consumed in a (semi) streaming fashion

- Monitoring, alerting, etc.

# Real-Time Log Aggregation: Mini-Batch Jobs



## Architecture

- Log collected and published to Kafka continuously
  - Kafka cluster collocated with Spark Cluster
- Independent Spark applications launched at regular interval
  - A series of mini-batch apps running in “fine-grained” mode on Mesos
  - Process newly received data in Kafka (e.g., aggregation by keys) & write results out

In production in the user’s environment today

- 10s of seconds latency

# Real-Time Log Aggregation: Mini-Batch Jobs

## Design decisions

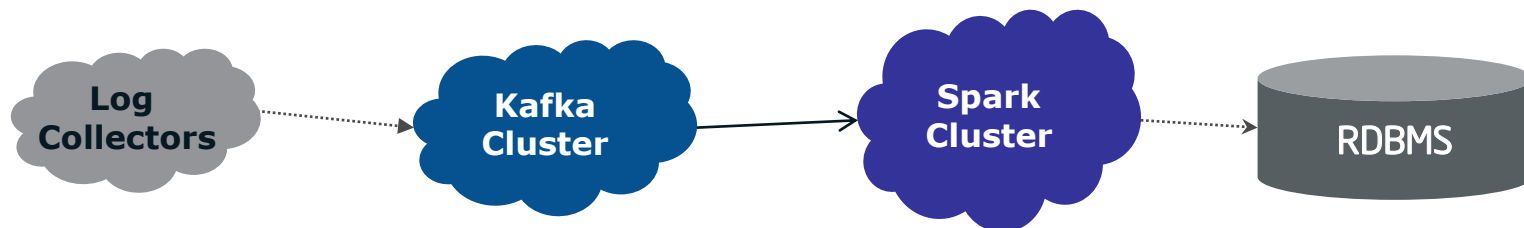
- Kafka and Spark servers collocated
  - A distinct Spark task for each Kafka partition, usually reading from local file system cache
- Individual Spark applications launched periodically
  - Apps logging current (Kafka partition) offsets in ZooKeeper
  - Data of failed batch simply discarded (other strategies possible)
- Spark running in “fine-grained” mode on Mesos
  - Allow the next batch to start even if the current one is late

## Performance

- Input (log collection) bottlenecked by network bandwidth (1GbE)
- Processing (log aggregation) bottlenecked by CPUs
  - Easily scaled to several seconds



# Real-Time Log Aggregation: Spark Streaming



## Implications

- Better streaming framework support
  - Complex (e.g., stateful) analysis, fault-tolerance, etc.
- Kafka & Spark not collocated
  - DStream retrieves logs in background (over network) and caches blocks in memory
- Memory tuning to reduce GC is critical
  - `spark.cleaner.ttl` (throughput \* spark.cleaner.ttl < spark mem free size)
  - Storage level (`MEMORY_ONLY_SER2`)
- Low latency (several seconds)
  - No startup overhead (reusing `SparkContext`)

# Real-World Use Case #2

## Complex, Interactive OLAP / BI

Significant speedup of ad-hoc, complex OLAP / BI

- Spark/Shark cluster runs alongside Hadoop/Hive clusters
- Directly query on Hadoop/Hive data (interactively)
- No ETL, no storage overhead, etc.

*In-memory, real-time queries*

- Data of interest loaded into memory

```
create table XYZ tblproperties ("shark.cache" = "true") as select ...
```

- Typically frontended by lightweight UIs
  - Data visualization and exploration (e.g., drill down / up)

# Time Series Analysis: Unique Event Occurrence

Computing unique event occurrence across the time range

- Input time series

*<TimeStamp, ObjectId, EventId, ...>*

- E.g., watch of a particular video by a specific user
- E.g., transactions of a particular stock by a specific account

- Output:

*<ObjectId, TimeRange, Unique Event#, Unique Event(≥2)#, ..., Unique Event(≥n)#>*

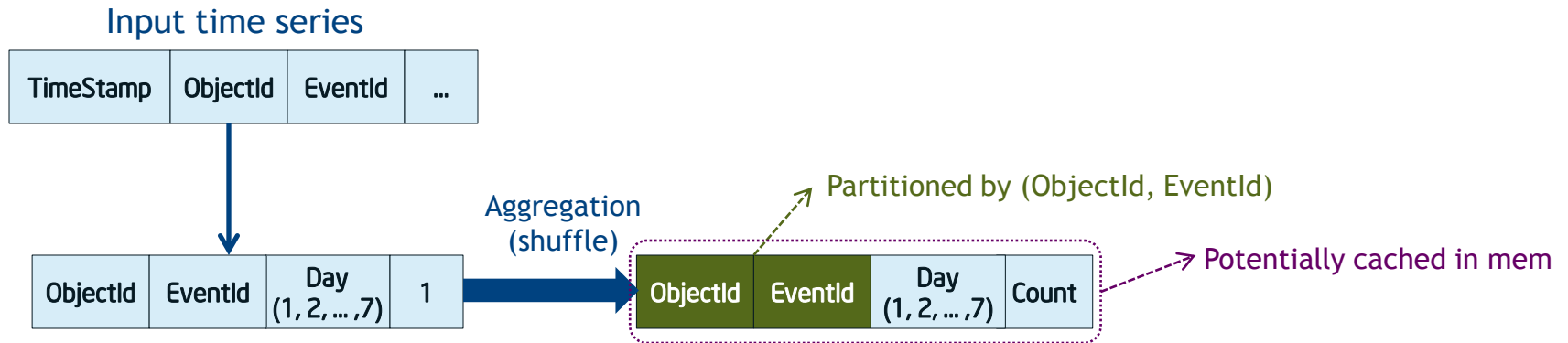
- E.g., accumulated unique event# for each day in a week (starting from Monday)



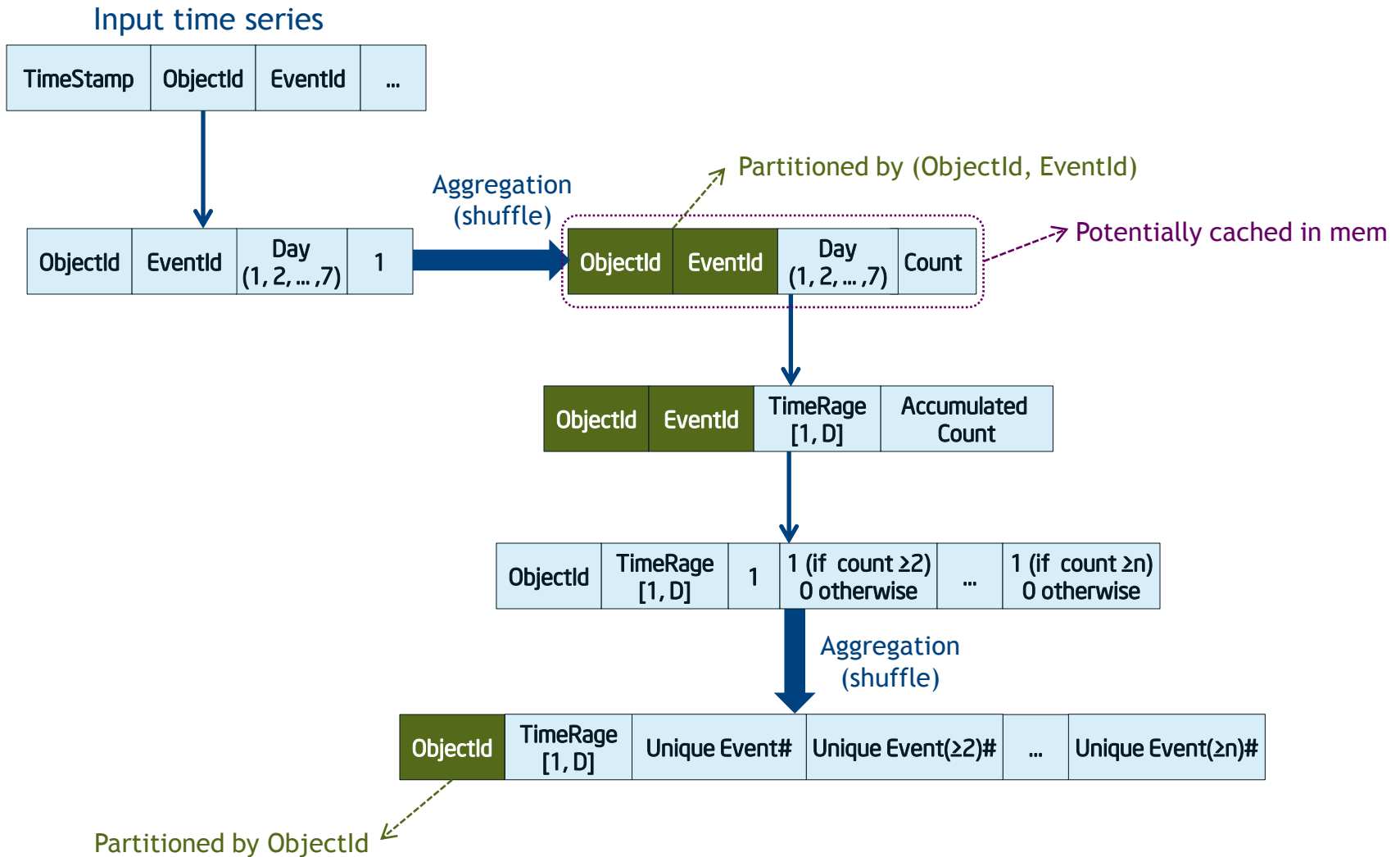
- Implementation

- 2-level aggregation using Spark
  - Specialized partitioning, general execution graph, in-memory cached data
- Speedup from 20+ hours to several minutes

# Time Series Analysis: Unique Event Occurrence



# Time Series Analysis: Unique Event Occurrence



# Real-World Use Case #3

## Complex Machine Learning & Graph Analysis

Algorithm: complex match operations

- Mostly matrix based
  - Multiplication, factorization, etc.
- Sometime graph-based
  - E.g., sparse matrix

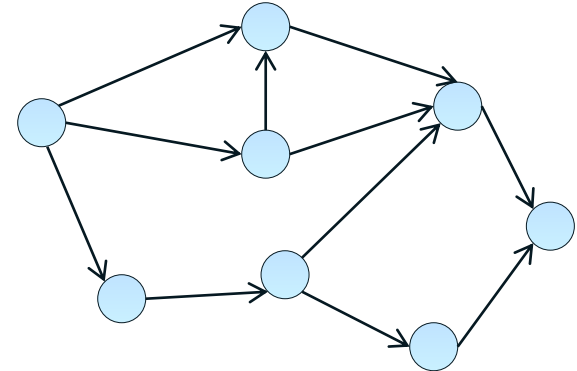
Iterative computations

- Matrix (graph) cached in memory across iterations

# Graph Analysis: N-Degree Association

N-degree association in the graph

- Computing associations between two vertices that are *n-hop* away
- E.g., friends of friend



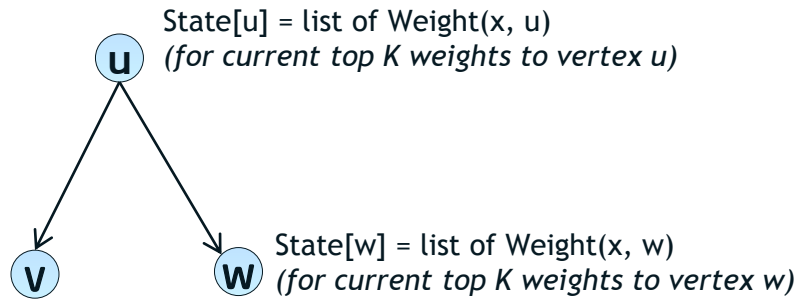
$$\text{Weight}_1(u, v) = \text{edge}(u, v) \in (0, 1)$$

$$\text{Weight}_n(u, v) = \sum_{x \rightarrow v} \text{Weight}_{n-1}(u, x) * \text{Weight}_1(x, v)$$

Graph-parallel implementation

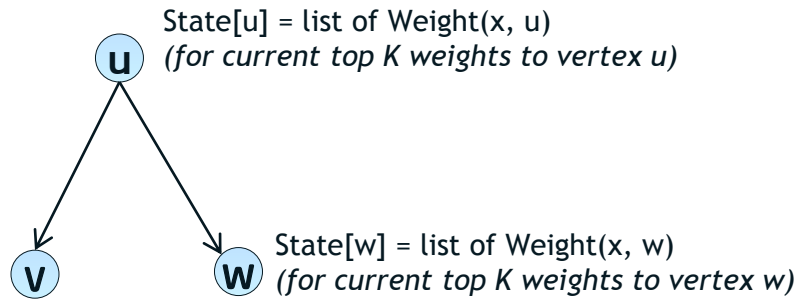
- Bagel (Pregel on Spark) and GraphX
  - Memory optimizations for efficient graph caching critical
- Speedup from 20+ minutes to <2 minutes

# Graph Analysis: N-Degree Association

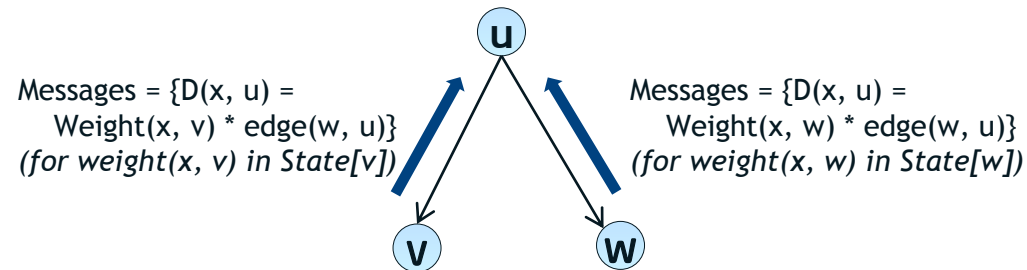
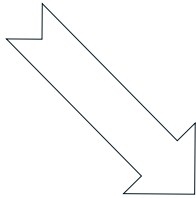




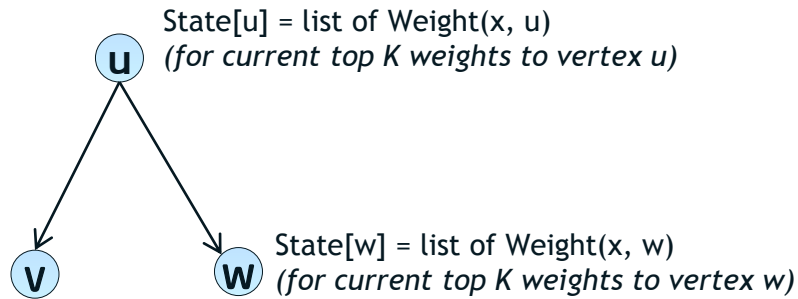
# Graph Analysis: N-Degree Association



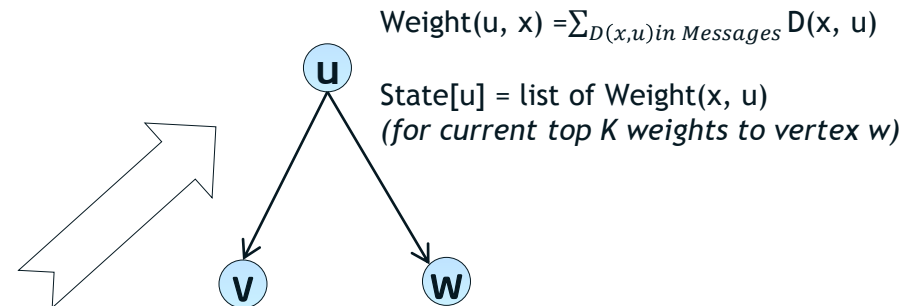
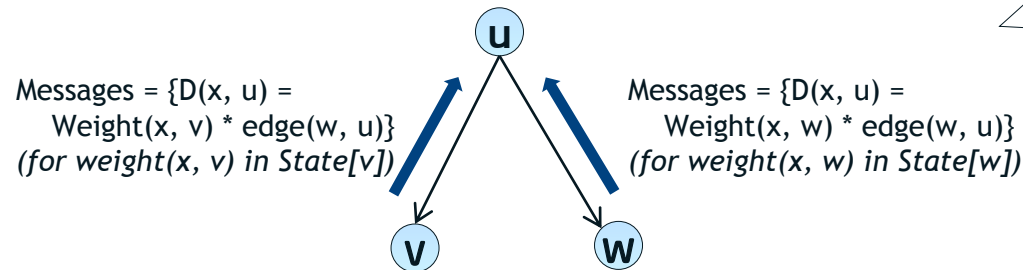
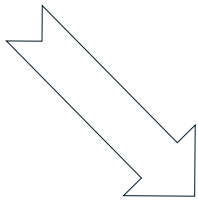
State[v] = list of Weight(x, v)  
(for current top K weights to vertex v)



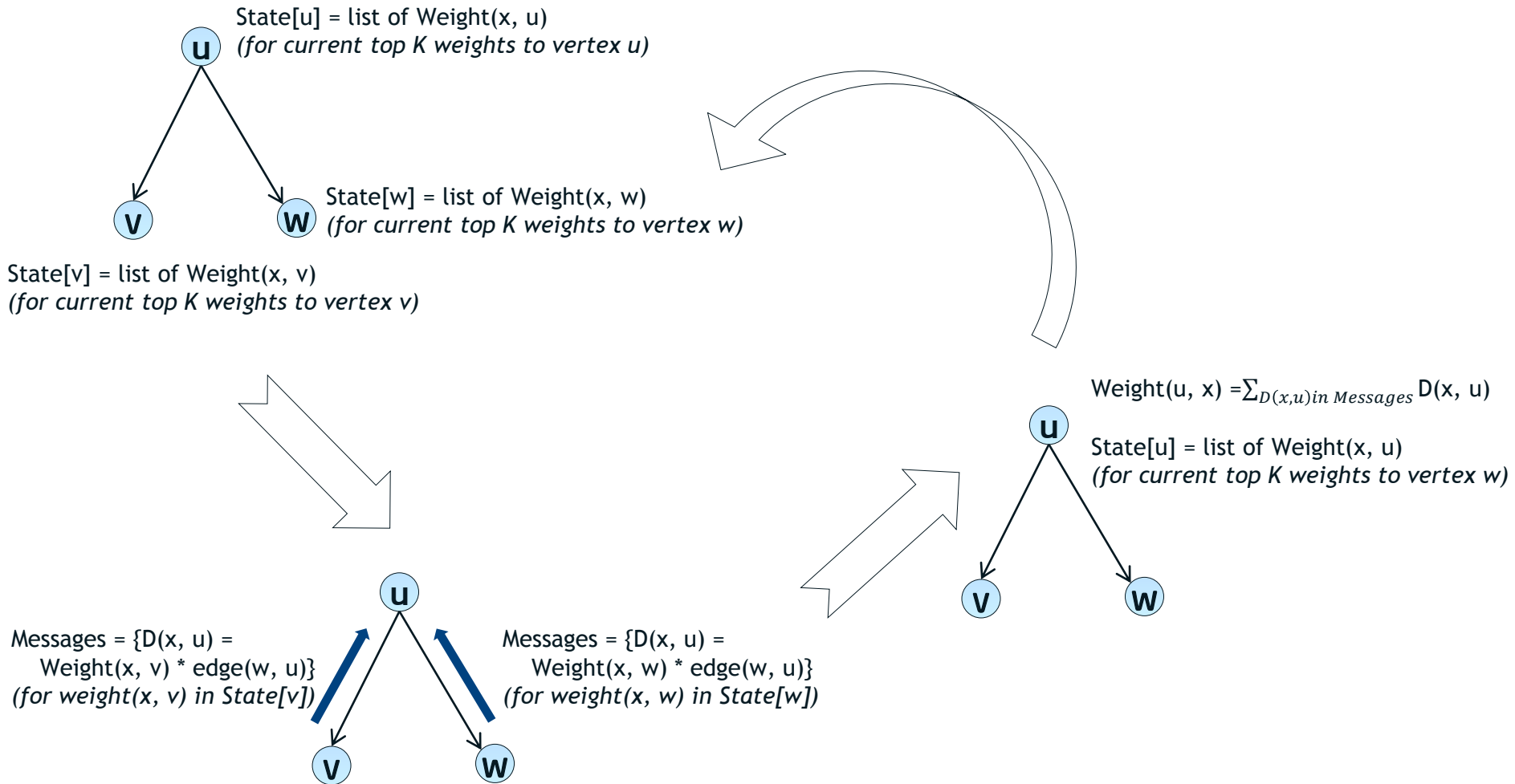
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# Graph Analysis: N-Degree Association



# Contributions by Intel

Netty based shuffle for Spark

FairScheduler for Spark

Spark job log files

Metrics system for Spark

Configurations system for Spark

Spark shell on YARN

Spark (standalone mode) integration with security Hadoop

Byte code generation for Shark

Co-partitioned join in Shark

...

# Summary

The Spark stack: lightning-fast analytics over Hadoop data

- Active communities and early adopters evolving
  - Apache incubator project
- A growing stack: SQL, streaming, graph-parallel, machine learning, ...

Work with us on next-gen big data analytics using the Spark stack

- Interactive and in-memory OLAP / BI
- Complex machine learning & graph analysis
- Near real-time, streaming processing
- And many more!

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