



Upgrading From PDI 4.1.0 to 4.1.2



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Introduction

This guide shows current Pentaho Data Integration Enterprise Edition customers how to upgrade from PDI 4.1.0 to 4.1.2. If you are upgrading from a version of PDI older than 4.1.0, refer instead to the upgrade document or documents in the Pentaho Knowledge Base that apply to your specific situation. PDI 4.1.1 customers should be able to follow the exact processes in this guide to upgrade to 4.1.2 without any trouble; simply substitute all 4.1.0 version numbers for 4.1.1 where applicable.



Note: This guide is only for Enterprise Edition upgrades. You cannot upgrade a PDI 4.1.0 Community Edition installation to a PDI 4.1.2 Enterprise Edition instance using this process.

What's new in 4.1.2?

Pentaho Data Integration 4.1.2 primarily represents a collection of performance improvements in the way that PDI interacts with Hadoop, and in the enterprise repository. Here is a full list of improvements between 4.1.0 and 4.1.2: [http://jira.pentaho.com/secure/IssueNavigator.jspa?reset=true&jqlQuery=project+%3DPDI+AND+fixVersion+in+%224.1.1%22,+%224.1.2%22\)+AND+status+in+\(Resolved,+Closed,+%22Ready+For+Test%22\)+ORDER+BY+priority+DESC](http://jira.pentaho.com/secure/IssueNavigator.jspa?reset=true&jqlQuery=project+%3DPDI+AND+fixVersion+in+%224.1.1%22,+%224.1.2%22)+AND+status+in+(Resolved,+Closed,+%22Ready+For+Test%22)+ORDER+BY+priority+DESC). Among them, these are the highlights:

- **Improved repository import/export performance:** operations involving loading objects from the enterprise repository no longer execute a large number of server calls.
 - **Impact:** Interaction with the enterprise repository should be significantly improved.
- **Client-side shared objects caching:** objects used by database connections, slave servers, cluster schemas, and partition schemas are now refreshed from the enterprise repository when they are first requested (opening a transformation or job will fetch them). Once they have been loaded, you can clear them with the new **Clear Shared Objects Cache** function in the **Repository** section of the **Tools** menu.
 - **Impact:** BI developers should be aware of this new cache scheme so that they can use it appropriately.
- **EE Repository no longer restructures the Repository Explorer view for non-admin users:** PDI users can now see all directories in the repository that they have read permissions for. This alleviates the need to share all documents from a /public folder, although that practice is still recommended.
 - **Impact:** BI developers and administrators may need to adjust permissions settings to more appropriately meet their needs.
- **Locks on transformations and jobs are now retrieved when opening a dialogue:** while this improves the responsiveness of the Repository Explorer, it also prevents users from updating lock status by changing directories. Locks that change while the Repository Explorer is open will still take effect, but the status icon will not be updated until the Repository Explorer window has been closed and reopened.
 - **Impact:** BI developers should be aware of this change in content lock status display, and adjust their habits accordingly.
- **New command-line parameters for limiting log output:** Pan and Kitchen now have two parameters that limit in-memory log output: **maxloglines** and **maxlogtimeout**. The first is the number of lines stored in memory, the second is the maximum number of minutes each log line should be kept.
 - **Impact:** BI developers who use Pan and Kitchen should be aware of these new parameters and modify their scripts and jobs accordingly.
- **Improved Hadoop job performance:** Code changes in PDI have resulted in significantly increased performance in Hadoop map/reduce operations and Hadoop job executions.
 - **Impact:** Interaction with Hadoop should be significantly improved.

Upgrade Best Practices

All production software upgrades, including Pentaho Data Integration, should be performed during off-peak hours and with enough time to restore from a backup before off-peak ends if something should go wrong. Ideally you would perform the upgrade on a test machine that mirrors the production environment, take notes along the way, and perform the same procedure on the production server when you know how long the entire process will take and are sure that there will be no unexpected problems.

This guide contains instructions for performing the safest and fastest upgrade to PDI 4.1.2.

Always back up your production data, and test the backup before proceeding with an upgrade.

Obtaining the Archive Packages

Consult the Welcome Kit email that was sent to you after completing the sales process. This email contains user credentials for the Enterprise Edition FTP site, where you can download individual archive packages for the DI Server and Data Integration client tools. Here are the packages you need for each platform and distribution:

- **DI Server for Windows:** `pdi-ee-server-4.1.3-GA.zip`
- **DI Server for Linux/Solaris/OS X:** `pdi-ee-server-4.1.3-GA.tar.gz`
- **Data Integration client tool Windows package:** `pdi-ee-client-4.1.3-GA.zip`
- **Data Integration client tool Linux/Solaris/OS X package:** `pdi-ee-client-4.1.3-GA.tar.gz`
- **Data Integration for Hadoop:** `phd-ee-4.1.3-GA.zip`

If you download the **pdi-ee-server** package, you must also download the Pentaho Enterprise Console package:

- **Pentaho Enterprise Console for Linux/Solaris/OS X:** `pec-3.8.0.1-GA.tar.gz`
- **Pentaho Enterprise Console for Windows:** `pec-3.8.0.1-GA.zip`

Creating Backups

You should back up your content files or repository and your Kettle settings in case something goes wrong with the upgrade. Refer to the sections below that apply to your situation.

Backing Up Content Files

If you do not use a database or enterprise repository for storing PDI content, then you are saving individual KJB and KTR files on a local or network drive. Hopefully you have created a sensible directory structure and naming convention for them. If not, this may be a good time to organize them properly.

Once you have all of your content in one directory, simply create a Zip or tar archive of it and copy the archive to a safe location outside of your local machine, such as a network drive or removable media.

This should be part of your normal production backup routine outside of this upgrade process.


Backing Up a Database Repository

Backing up your PDI database repository is as simple as using the **Export complete repository to XML** functionality in Spoon's **Repository Explorer** dialogue, which is accessible from the **Tools** menu. Then copy the resulting file to a safe location outside of the machine you are upgrading.

This should be part of your normal production backup routine outside of this upgrade process.

How to Back Up the Enterprise Repository

Follow the instructions below to create a backup of your PDI enterprise repository.

 **Note:** If you've made any changes to the Pentaho Enterprise Console or DI Server Web application configuration, such as changing the port number or base URL, you will have to modify this procedure to include the entire `/pentaho/server/` directory.

1. Stop the DI Server.

```
/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/stop-pentaho.sh
```

2. Create a backup archive or package of the `/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/pentaho-solutions/` directory.

```
tar -cf pdi_backup.tar /pentaho/server/data-integration-server/pentaho-solutions/
```

3. Copy the backup archive to removable media or an online backup server.

4. Start the DI Server.

```
/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/start-pentaho.sh
```

Your DI Server's stored content, settings, schedules, and user/role information is now backed up.

To restore from this backup, simply unpack it to the same location, overwriting all files that already exist there.

Backing Up the .kettle Directory

The **.kettle** directory stores all of your client tool configuration settings and preferences. It is located in `~/ .kettle` on Linux, Solaris, and OS X; and `C:\Documents and Settings\username\.kettle` on Windows, where *username* refers to the user account that the PDI client tools are installed to.

Create a Zip or tar archive of this directory and copy the archive to a safe location before upgrading.

Backing Up Hadoop Libraries and Plugins


Before upgrading your Hadoop distribution to support the latest PDI release, you should back up the directories that you will be deleting and replacing:

- /hadoop/lib/
- /hadoop/plugins/
- /hadoop/license-installer/

You must also make note of any customizations that you have made to any files in these directories. The Hadoop upgrade process will involve deleting these directories, then unpacking the default Hadoop 0.20.2 package contents, then unpacking the Pentaho PHD package over that. Any customizations will be erased during this process.

Upgrading a Data Integration Server

Ensure that the DI Server and Pentaho Enterprise Console are stopped before continuing. You must have a PDI 4.1.0 DI Server installed in order to follow this procedure; if you do not use the DI Server, this upgrade task is unnecessary.


 **Note:** For a smoother post-upgrade test experience, you should perform this procedure before upgrading your PDI workstations.

Follow the instructions below to upgrade your Data Integration Server to version 4.1.2.

1. Remove the `/pentaho/server/license-installer/` directory if it exists.

A new license installer will be unpacked with the new PDI archive. The new license utility will work with the version of PDI you're upgrading from, so there is no need to back it up. There may not be an existing license-installer directory in your PDI 4.1.0 installation; this is provided with the archive package, but not the graphical installer.

2. Rename the `/data-integration-server/` directory to **data-integration-server-old**.

 **Note:** If you are coming from a BI Server upgrade, you already have a `server_old` directory. If this is the case, use `/server_old/data-integration-server/` in place of `/data-integration-server-old/`.

```
mv /home/pentaho/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/ /home/pentaho/pentaho/server/data-integration-server-old/
```

3. Unpack the **pdi-ee-server-4.1.2-GA** package to the parent of the directory you just renamed.

```
tar zxvf ~/downloads/pdi-ee-server-4.1.2-GA.tar.gz -C /home/pentaho/pentaho/server/
```

4. Copy all of the **applicationContext** files from the `/data-integration-server-old/pentaho-solutions/system/` directory to the new one, overwriting the equivalent files that are already there.

```
cp applicationContext-* ~/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/pentaho-solutions/system/
```

5. Copy the **pentaho-spring-beans.xml** file from the `/data-integration-server-old/pentaho-solutions/system/` directory to the new one, overwriting the equivalent file that is already there.

```
cp pentaho-spring-beans.xml ~/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/pentaho-solutions/system/
```

6. Transfer the information about the **admin role** from the following two old files to the new ones: **/pentaho-solutions/system/pentaho.xml** and **/pentaho-solutions/system/repository.spring.xml**

```
<acl-voter>
<!-- What role must someone be in to be an ADMIN of Pentaho -->
  <admin-role>Admin</admin-role>
</acl-voter>
```

```
<!-- The name of the authority which is granted to all admin users in single-tenancy mode. -->
<bean id="singleTenantAdminAuthorityName" class="java.lang.String">
  <constructor-arg value="Admin" />
</bean>
```

7. Copy the entire **quartz** directory from `/data-integration-server-old/pentaho-solutions/system/` to the new one.

```
cp -r ./quartz ~/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/pentaho-solutions/system/
```

8. Copy the entire **hibernate** directory from `/data-integration-server-old/pentaho-solutions/system/` to the new one.

```
cp -r ./hibernate ~/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/pentaho-solutions/system/
```

9. Copy the entire **repository** directory from `/data-integration-server-old/pentaho-solutions/system/jackrabbit/` to the new one.

```
cp -r ./jackrabbit/repository/ ~/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/pentaho-solutions/system/jackrabbit/
```


10. Copy the **context.xml** file from `/data-integration-server-old/tomcat/webapps/pentaho-di/META-INF/` to the new one.

```
cp ./context.xml ~/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/tomcat/webapps/pentaho-di/META-INF/
```

11. Copy the **log4j.xml** file from `/data-integration-server-old/tomcat/webapps/pentaho-di/WEB-INF/classes/` to the new one.

```
cp ./log4j.xml ~/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/tomcat/webapps/pentaho-di/WEB-INF/classes/
```

12. Copy the **scripts** directory from `/data-integration-server-old/` directory to the new `data-integration-server` directory.

 **Note:** The `scripts` directory will only exist if you installed PDI from a graphical installation utility. If you installed via archive packages, it won't be there. If you do not see a `scripts` directory, then skip this step.

13. Optional: Copy the entire **jre** directory from `/data-integration-server-old/` to the new one.

```
cp -r jre ~/pentaho/server/data-integration-server/
```

This step is optional. If you already have a supported JRE or JDK installed on your system, you can skip copying this directory and simply ensure that you have a `JAVA_HOME` or `PENTAHO_JAVA_HOME` system variable that points to your Java instance.


14. If you have not already done so, merge any custom changes you have made to DI Server configuration files from the old ones to the new ones.

Your DI Server is now upgraded to version 4.1.2. Continue on to the next subsection to upgrade the Pentaho Enterprise Console.

Modifying DI Server Control Scripts for Linux

This process only applies to customers who used either the PDI or BI Suite graphical installation utility to install the Data Integration Server version 4.1.0 on Linux.

Due to an application server version upgrade, some manual changes must be made to your old Pentaho-supplied service control scripts.

 **Note:** If you are upgrading from PDI 4.1.1 or 4.1.2, this process is unnecessary; the lines you'll be asked to remove in the instructions below will not exist. If this is the case, you can skip this section.

1. Edit the `/pentaho/server_old/data-integration-server/tomcat/scripts/ctl.sh` file with a text editor.
2. Starting at the top of the file, remove lines 6, 7, and 35:
 - `CATALINA_PID=@@BITROCK_TOMCAT_ROOTDIR@@/temp/catalina.pid`
 - `export CATALINA_PID`
 - `rm $CATALINA_PID`
3. Remove this entire block of text, from line 43 to line 82:

```
get_pid() {
    PID=""
    PIDFILE=$1
    # check for pidfile
    if [ -f $PIDFILE ] ; then
        PID=`cat $PIDFILE`
    fi
}

get_tomcat_pid() {
    get_pid $CATALINA_PID
    if [ ! $PID ]; then
        return
    fi
    if [ $PID -gt 0 ]; then
        CATALINA_PID=$PID
    fi
}

is_service_running() {
    PID=$1
    if [ "x$PID" != "x" ] && kill -0 $PID 2>/dev/null ; then
```

```

        RUNNING=1
    else
        RUNNING=0
    fi
    return $RUNNING
}

is_tomcat_running() {
    get_tomcat_pid
    is_service_running $CATALINA_PID
    RUNNING=$?
    if [ $RUNNING -eq 0 ]; then
        TOMCAT_STATUS="tomcat not running"
    else
        TOMCAT_STATUS="tomcat already running"
    fi
    return $RUNNING
}

```

4. Remove lines 92-94:

```

elif [ "x$1" = "xstatus" ]; then
    is_tomcat_running
    echo $TOMCAT_STATUS

```

5. Save and close the file.

Your service control scripts are now compatible with DI Server 4.1.3.

Special Task for 64-bit Windows Environments

This procedure is **only** for 64-bit Windows archive package deployments. It is **not** for 64-bit Windows graphical installer deployments, or 32-bit Windows or Linux deployments of any kind.

Due to Apache Tomcat packaging changes, some 64-bit Windows binaries are not installed with the PDI archive. In order for the DI Server to continue working as expected, you must download some files from the Tomcat Web site. Follow the instructions below.

1. Download the Apache Tomcat 64-bit Windows archive package: <http://apache.osuosl.org/tomcat/tomcat-6/v6.0.29/bin/apache-tomcat-6.0.29-windows-x64.zip>.
2. Unpack the archive to a temporary location.
3. Copy the following files from the unpacked Tomcat directory to `\pentaho\server\data-integration-server\tomcat\bin\`, overwriting the existing files there:
 - Service.bat
 - Tomcat6.exe
 - Tomcat6w.exe
 - tcnative-1.dll
4. Delete the unpacked Tomcat archive directory.

Your DI Server upgrade on 64-bit Windows is complete. Continue on to the section on upgrading Enterprise Console.

Upgrading the Pentaho Enterprise Console

The upgraded DI Server will not work properly without upgrading the Pentaho Enterprise Console. To upgrade, follow the below process.

1. Rename the `/pentaho/server/enterprise-console/` directory to **enterprise-console-old**.

```
mv enterprise-console enterprise-console-old
```

2. Unpack the `pec-ee-3.8.0-GA` zip or `tar.gz` file to `/pentaho/server/`.

```
tar zxvf ~/downloads/pec-ee-3.8.0-GA.tar.gz -C /home/pentaho/pentaho/server/
```

3. Copy the entire old `/pentaho/server/enterprise-console-old/resource/config/` directory over the new one, overwriting all files and directories therein:

```
cp -r /home/pentaho/pentaho/server/enterprise-console-old/resource/config/ /home/pentaho/pentaho/server/enterprise-console/resource/
```

The Pentaho Enterprise Console has been upgraded to the latest version.

Upgrading a Data Integration Workstation

Ensure that the Data Integration client tools (Spoon, or Pan or Kitchen via scripts or schedules) are not running on the machine before proceeding.



Note: If you use an enterprise repository to store your jobs and transformations, you should perform the DI Server upgrade process before this in order to properly test DI Server connectivity from your upgraded workstations.

Follow the directions below to upgrade your PDI workstations to version 4.1.2. Adjust the installation paths to match your scenario.

1. Remove your existing `/data-integration/` directory.

```
rm -rf /home/rwilco/pentaho/design-tools/data-integration/
```

2. Unpack the **pdi-ee-client-4.1.2-GA** package to the same location that you just deleted.

```
cd /home/rwilco/pentaho/design-tools/ && tar zxvf ~/downloads/pdi-ee-client-4.1.2-GA.tar.gz
```

3. Start Data Integration and ensure that you can still connect to the DI Server (if you have an enterprise repository connection) and access all of your old content.

This workstation is now upgraded to PDI 4.1.2-GA. Repeat this procedure for other workstations that you have support entitlements for.

Upgrading a Hadoop Node

Ensure that your existing Hadoop home directory is backed up (particularly the subdirectories that will be deleted in the below process), and that the Hadoop service is stopped before continuing. You must have a Pentaho Data Integration For Hadoop license, and an existing PHD 4.1.0 or 4.1.1 instance to upgrade in order to follow this procedure. You must also have a Hadoop 0.20.2 archive package from your Hadoop distribution provider (Apache, Cloudera, etc.) in order to complete this process.

Follow the instructions below to upgrade your Hadoop 0.20.2 nodes to PDH version 4.1.2.



Note: Change the **hadoop** directory in the examples to whatever your hadoop home directory is.

1. Remove the `/hadoop/license-installer/` directory if it exists.

```
rm -rf /hadoop/license-installer/
```

2. Remove the `/hadoop/lib/` directory.

```
rm -rf /hadoop/lib/
```

3. Remove the `/hadoop/plugins/` directory.

```
rm -rf /hadoop/plugins/
```

4. Unpack the Hadoop 0.20.2 archive package to a temporary location.

```
tar zxvf ~/downloads/hadoop-0.20.2.tar.gz
```

5. Copy the default `/lib/` directory from the unpacked archive to your Hadoop home directory.

```
cp -r ~/downloads/hadoop-0.20.2/lib/ /hadoop/
```

6. Unpack the Pentaho PHD archive package to the Hadoop home directory, overwriting any default files as necessary.

```
unzip ~/downloads/phd-ee-4.1.2-GA.zip -C /hadoop/
```

7. Merge in any custom changes from your old Hadoop node `/lib/` or `/plugins/` backups.

This Hadoop node is now upgraded to PHD version 4.1.2. Continue with any further PDI upgrade procedures as necessary.

Testing and Cleanup

You should now have a complete PDI 4.1.2 environment, from the DI Server to individual client workstations. Before you go back into production, you should perform the following tests:

- Open old jobs and transformations and ensure that they execute properly.
- If you are using an enterprise repository, ensure that each PDI workstation can connect to it.
- Create a new job, transformation, and/or Agile BI analysis schema and save it as you normally would.
- Schedule a job or transformation and ensure that the schedule executes properly.
- Ensure that existing schedules are still valid.
- If you are using an enterprise repository, share a job or transformation between PDI users and verify that both can access it.
- Physically restart the server and ensure that the DI Server and Enterprise Console are automatically started as services, if you have them configured as such.

Once you're certain that your PDI environment is ready for production, you can remove any installation artifacts, such as ZIP or tar.gz archives and installers. You can also remove your **data-integration-server-old** directory.

Troubleshooting

This section contains known problems and solutions relating to the procedures covered in this guide.

File Names and Paths



Note: This is the most common installation problem.

Many of the configuration files and paths in this guide are similar, and it is easy to confuse them, which could result in modifying the wrong files or copying to the wrong locations. Double-check your file names and paths and ensure that you've copied all of the right files to all of the correct directories.

Trailing slashes are important; both their inclusion and their absence, depending on the file and parameter or element you are modifying. Follow the examples in this guide exactly unless otherwise directed.

Tomcat Logs Report Memory Leaks

When shutting down Tomcat, you may see some SEVERE-level warnings in the log file similar to these:

```
Dec 17, 2010 10:18:19 AM org.apache.catalina.loader.WebappClassLoader
clearReferencesJdbc
SEVERE: The web application [/pentaho] registered the JDBC driver
[mondrian.olap4j.MondrianOlap4jDriver] but failed to unregister it when the web
application was stopped. To prevent a memory leak, the JDBC Driver has been forcibly
unregistered.
Dec 17, 2010 10:18:19 AM org.apache.catalina.loader.WebappClassLoader
clearReferencesThreads
SEVERE: The web application [/pentaho] appears to have started a thread named [HSQLDB
Timer @49cf9f] but has failed to stop it. This is very likely to create a memory leak.
Dec 17, 2010 10:18:19 AM org.apache.catalina.loader.WebappClassLoader
clearReferencesThreads
SEVERE: The web application [/pentaho] appears to have started a thread named [MySQL
Statement Cancellation Timer] but has failed to stop it. This is very likely to create
a memory leak.
Dec 17, 2010 10:18:19 AM org.apache.catalina.loader.WebappClassLoader
clearThreadLocalMap
SEVERE: The web application [/pentaho] created a ThreadLocal
with key of type [java.lang.InheritableThreadLocal] (value
[java.lang.InheritableThreadLocal@a1320e]) and a value of type
[org.pentaho.platform.engine.security.session.TrustedSystemStartupSession] (value
[org.pentaho.platform.engine.security.session.TrustedSystemStartupSession@111089b]) but
failed to remove it when the web application was stopped. This is very likely to create
a memory leak.
```

These warnings are nothing to be concerned about when shutting down the Tomcat server, since they report problems with processes that are immanently being killed. However, they can have significance if you are only restarting or redeploying the Pentaho BI Server or DI Server Web applications. To avoid any memory leak problems in redeployment, you should restart Tomcat instead of redeploying or restarting the Web application with a live server.