

SGE Roll: Users Guide



Version 5.1 Edition



SGE Roll: Users Guide :

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Preface

The SGE Roll installs and configures the SUN Grid Engine scheduler.

Please visit the SGE site¹ to learn more about their release and the individual software components.

Notes

1. <http://gridengine.sunsource.net/>

Chapter 1. Overview

Table 1-1. Summary

Name	sgc
Version	5.1
Maintained By	Rocks Group
Architecture	i386, x86_64
Compatible with Rocks™	5.1

Table 1-2. Roll Compatibility

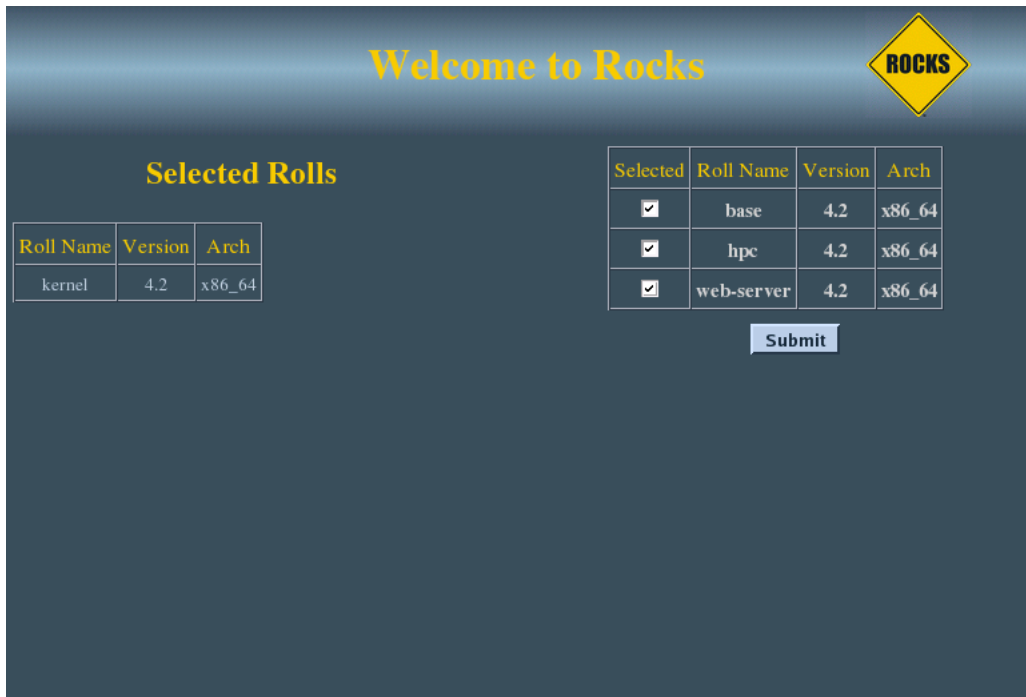
Roll	Requires ^a	Optional ^b	Conflicts
alpha		X	
area51		X	
base	X		
bio		X	
condor		X	
ganglia		X	
grid		X	
hpc	X		
java		X	
kernel	X		
os (disk 1)	X		
os (disk 2)	X		
os (disk 3)		X	
os (disk 4)		X	
os (disk 5)		X	
os (disk 6)		X	
os (disk 7)		X	
pbs			X
service-pack		X	
sgc	X		
viz		X	
web-server		X	
xen		X	

Roll	Requires ^a	Optional ^b	Conflicts
<p>Notes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a. You may also substitute your own OS CDs for the Rocks™ OS Roll CDs. In this case you must use all the CDs from your distribution and not use any of the Rocks™ OS Roll CDs.b. Only Rolls that have been verified as compatible with this Roll are listed. Other Rolls will likely work, but have not been tested by the maintainer of this Roll.			

Chapter 2. Installing

2.1. On a New Server

The sge Roll should be installed during the initial installation of your server (or cluster). This procedure is documented in section 1.2 of the Rocks™ usersguide. You should select the sge Roll from the list of available rolls when you see a screen that is similar to the one below.



2.2. On an Existing Server

The sge Roll may not be installed on an already existing server. The only supported method of installation is to install the Roll at the time of the server installation.

Chapter 3. Using

3.1. How to use SGE

This section tells you how to get started using Sun Grid Engine (SGE). SGE is a distributed resource management software and it allows the resources within the cluster (cpu time, software, licenses etc) to be utilized effectively. Also, the SGE Roll sets up Sun Grid Engine such that NFS is not needed for its operation. This provides a more scalable setup but it does mean that we will lose the high availability benefits that a SGE with NFS setup offers. Another thing that the Roll does is that that generic queues are setup automatically the moment new nodes are being integrated within the Rocks cluster and booted up.

3.2. Submitting Batch Jobs to SGE

Batch jobs are submitted to SGE via scripts. Here is an example of a serial job script, `sleep.sh`¹. It basically executes the `sleep` command.

```
[sysadm1@frontend-0 sysadm1]$ cat sleep.sh
#!/bin/bash
#
#$ -cwd
#$ -j y
#$ -S /bin/bash
#
date
sleep 10
date
```



Entries which start with `#$` will be treated as SGE options.

- `-cwd` means to execute the job for the current working directory.
- `-j y` means to merge the standard error stream into the standard output stream instead of having two separate error and output streams.
- `-S /bin/bash` specifies the interpreting shell for this job to be the Bash shell.

To submit this serial job script, you should use the **qsub** command.

```
[sysadm1@frontend-0 sysadm1]$ qsub sleep.sh
your job 16 ("sleep.sh") has been submitted
```

Next, we'll submit a parallel job. First, let's get and compile a test MPI program. As a non-root user, execute:

```
$ cd $HOME
$ mkdir test
```

```
$ cd test
$ cp /opt/mpi-tests/src/*.c .
$ cp /opt/mpi-tests/src/Makefile .
$ make
```

Now we'll create an SGE submission script for *mpi-ring*. The program *mpi-ring* sends a 1 MB message in a ring between all the processes of an MPI job. Process 0 sends a 1 MB message to process 1, then process 1 send a 1 MB message to process 2, etc. Create a file named `$HOME/test/mpi-ring.qsub` and put the following in it:

```
#!/bin/bash
#
#$ -cwd
#$ -j y
#$ -S /bin/bash
#

/opt/openmpi/bin/mpirun -np $NSLOTS $HOME/test/mpi-ring
```

The command to submit a MPI parallel job script is similar to submitting a serial job script but you will need to use the `-pe orte N`. `N` refers to the number of processes that you want to allocate to the MPI program. Here's an example of submitting a job that will use 2 processors:

```
$ qsub -pe orte 2 mpi-ring.qsub
```

When the job completes, the job's output will be in the file `mpi-ring.qsub.o*`. Error messages pertaining to the job will be in `mpi-ring.qsub.po*`.

To run the job on more processors, just change the number supplied to the `-pe orte` flag. Here's how to run the job on 16 processors:

```
$ qsub -pe orte 16 mpi-ring.qsub
```

If you need to delete an already submitted job, you can use **qdel** given it's job id. Here's an example of deleting a fluent job under SGE:

```
[sysadm1@frontend-0 sysadm1]$ qsub fluent.sh
your job 31 ("fluent.sh") has been submitted
$ qstat
job-ID prior name          user          state submit/start at      queue          master ja-task-ID
-----
      31      0 fluent.sh  sysadm1      t      12/24/2003 01:10:28 comp-pvfs- MASTER
$ qdel 31
sysadm1 has registered the job 31 for deletion
$ qstat
$
```

Although the example job scripts are bash scripts, SGE can also accept other types of shell scripts. It is trivial to wrap serial programs into a SGE job script. Similarly, for MPI parallel jobs, you just need to use the correct **mpirun** launcher and to also add in the SGE variable, `$NSLOTS` within the job script. For other parallel jobs other than MPI, a Parallel Environment or PE needs to be defined. This is covered withn the SGE documentation found on Sun's web site.

3.3. Monitoring SGE Jobs

To monitor jobs under SGE, use the **qstat** command. When executed with no arguments, it will display a summarized list of jobs

```
[sysadm1@frontend-0 sysadm1]$ qstat
job-ID prior name          user          state submit/start at      queue      master  ja-task-ID
-----
      20     0 sleep.sh    sysadm1       t      12/23/2003 23:22:09 frontend-0 MASTER
      21     0 sleep.sh    sysadm1       t      12/23/2003 23:22:09 frontend-0 MASTER
      22     0 sleep.sh    sysadm1       qw     12/23/2003 23:22:06
```

Use **qstat -f** to display a more detailed list of jobs within SGE.

```
[sysadm1@frontend-0 sysadm1]$ qstat -f
queuename          qtype used/tot. load_avg arch      states
-----
comp-pvfs-0-0.q    BIP   0/2      0.18   glinux
comp-pvfs-0-1.q    BIP   0/2      0.00   glinux
comp-pvfs-0-2.q    BIP   0/2      0.05   glinux
frontend-0.q       BIP   2/2      0.00   glinux
      23     0 sleep.sh    sysadm1       t      12/23/2003 23:23:40 MASTER
      24     0 sleep.sh    sysadm1       t      12/23/2003 23:23:40 MASTER

#####
- PENDING JOBS - PENDING JOBS - PENDING JOBS - PENDING JOBS - PENDING JOBS
#####
      25     0 linpack.sh sysadm1       qw     12/23/2003 23:23:32
```

You can also use **qstat** to query the status of a job, given its job id. For this, you would use the **-j N** option where **N** would be the job id.

```
[sysadm1@frontend-0 sysadm1]$ qsub -pe mpich 1 single-xhpl.sh
your job 28 ("single-xhpl.sh") has been submitted
[sysadm1@frontend-0 sysadm1]$ qstat -j 28
job_number:          28
exec_file:           job_scripts/28
submission_time:     Wed Dec 24 01:00:59 2003
owner:               sysadm1
uid:                 502
group:               sysadm1
gid:                 502
sge_o_home:          /home/sysadm1
sge_o_log_name:      sysadm1
sge_o_path:           /opt/sge/bin/glinux:/usr/kerberos/bin:/usr/local/bin:/bin:/usr/bin:/usr/
sge_o_mail:          /var/spool/mail/sysadm1
sge_o_shell:         /bin/bash
sge_o_workdir:       /home/sysadm1
sge_o_host:          frontend-0
account:             sge
```

```

cwd: /home/sysadm1
path_aliases: /tmp_mnt/ * * /
merge: Y
mail_list: sysadm1@frontend-0.public
notify: FALSE
job_name: single-xhpl.sh
shell_list: /bin/bash
script_file: single-xhpl.sh
parallel environment: mpich range: 1
scheduling info: queue "comp-pvfs-0-1.q" dropped because it is temporarily not available
                  queue "comp-pvfs-0-2.q" dropped because it is temporarily not available
                  queue "comp-pvfs-0-0.q" dropped because it is temporarily not available

```

3.4. Managing SGE queues

To display a list of queues within the Rocks cluster, use **qconf -sql**.

```

[sysadm1@frontend-0 sysadm1]$ qconf -sql
comp-pvfs-0-0.q
comp-pvfs-0-1.q
comp-pvfs-0-2.q
frontend-0.q

```

If there is a need to disable a particular queue for some reason, e.g scheduling that node for maintenance, use **qmod -d Q** where **Q** is the queue name. You will need to be a SGE manager in order to disable a queue like the **root** account. You can also use wildcards to select a particular range of queues.

```

[sysadm1@frontend-0 sysadm1]$ qstat -f
queuename          qtype used/tot. load_avg arch      states
-----
comp-pvfs-0-0.q    BIP   0/2      0.10   glinux
-----
comp-pvfs-0-1.q    BIP   0/2      0.58   glinux
-----
comp-pvfs-0-2.q    BIP   0/2      0.02   glinux
-----
frontend-0.q       BIP   0/2      0.01   glinux
[sysadm1@frontend-0 sysadm1]$ su -
Password:
[root@frontend-0 root]# qmod -d comp-pvfs-0-0.q
Queue "comp-pvfs-0-0.q" has been disabled by root@frontend-0.local
[root@frontend-0 root]# qstat -f
queuename          qtype used/tot. load_avg arch      states
-----
comp-pvfs-0-0.q    BIP   0/2      0.10   glinux   d
-----
comp-pvfs-0-1.q    BIP   0/2      0.58   glinux
-----
comp-pvfs-0-2.q    BIP   0/2      0.02   glinux
-----

```

```
frontend-0.q          BIP    0/2          0.01    glinux
```

To enable back the queue, you can use **qmod -e Q**. Here is an example of `Q` being specified as range of queues via wildcards.

```
[root@frontend-0 root]# qmod -e comp-pvfs-*
Queue "comp-pvfs-0-0.q" has been enabled by root@frontend-0.local
root - queue "comp-pvfs-0-1.q" is already enabled
root - queue "comp-pvfs-0-2.q" is already enabled
[root@frontend-0 root]# qstat -f
queuename                qtype used/tot. load_avg arch      states
-----
comp-pvfs-0-0.q          BIP    0/2          0.10    glinux
-----
comp-pvfs-0-1.q          BIP    0/2          0.58    glinux
-----
comp-pvfs-0-2.q          BIP    0/2          0.02    glinux
-----
frontend-0.q             BIP    0/2          0.01    glinux
```

For more information in using SGE, please refer to the SGE documentation and the man pages.

Notes

1. examples/sleep.sh

Appendix A. Rocks Copyright

Rocks(r)
www.rocksclusters.org
version 5.1 (VI)

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B.1. Sun Grid Engine

Sun Industry Standards Source License Version 1.2

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Notes

1. <http://cvs.rocksclusters.org>