RSACONFERENCE C H I N A 2012 RSA信息安全大会2012

THE GREAT CIPHER

MIGHTIER THAN THE SWORD 伟大的密码胜于利剑



Open Source Security Nightmares And Silver Bullets

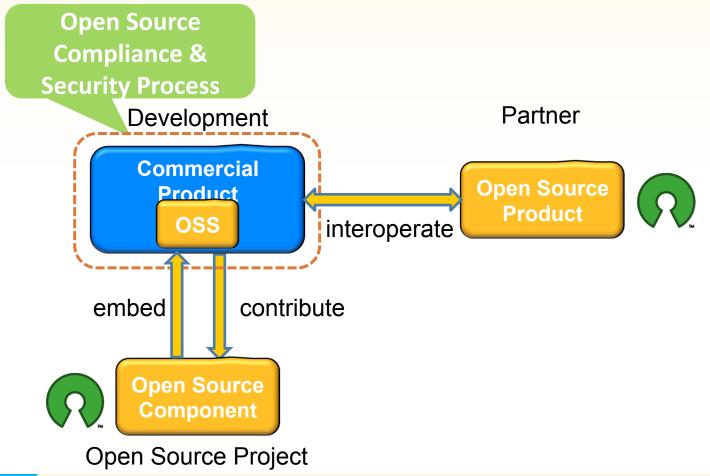
Dr. Gunter Bitz, MBA, CISSP, CPSSE SAP China / Quality Governance and Production



- Open Source Usage in Commercial Software
- Legal Risks with Using Open Source
- Security Risks in Open Source Software
- Silver Bullets:
- Shield Open Source components
- Integration of Security and Compliance in Software Development Lifecycle
- Open Source Approval Workflow
- Security Test Methods
- Security Response Process for OSS



Overview: Open Source Usage in Commercial Software





RSACONFERENCE C H I N A 2012

Legal Risks with Using Open Source

- Open Source Software (OSS) with Different License Agreements
 - Permissive: Apache, BSD, MIT
 - Copyleft / Viral: GPL, LGPL
- Obligations of Copyleft agreements
 - Publish source code of modifications and derivative work
 - Same license terms apply to any derivative work
- Remediation
 - Comply to agreements
 - Remove infringing code
- Lawsuits for neglecting the agreements: Busy Box



Westinghouse to pay US\$ 90,000 in damages for violating GPL terms

RSACONFERENCE C H I N A 2012

TECHNOLOGY LAB / INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

BusyBox takes out bankrupt opponent in GPL lawsuit

A software developer has convinced a court that an electronics manufacturer ...

by John Timmer - Aug 6 2010, 2:25am -800



The person behind a set of GPL-licensed Unix utilities called BusyBox has been engaged in a lawsuit against a dozen consumer electronics companies, accusing them of violating his copyright. The companies allegedly have been distributing hardware (including HDTVs) that includes BusyBox, but then licensing it to consumers under GPL-incompatible terms.

In late July, the judge in the case issued a summary judgement against one of the defendants, Westinghouse Digital Electronics, which stopped participating in the case when it entered bankruptcy protection. The ruling isn't a sweeping victory for the GPL, but it does show that the GPL is compatible with the standards for summary judgement.

Source: http://arstechnica.com/information-technology/2010/08/court-rules-gpl-part-of-a-well-pleaded-case/

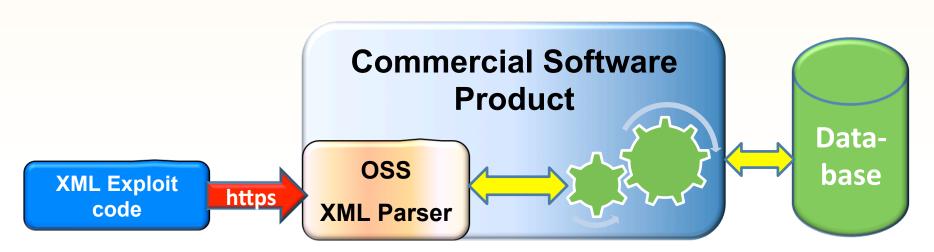


Security Risks in Open Source Software

- Is Open Source Software more or less secure?
- Depends on a number of factors:
 - Strong or weak governance regarding code changes?
 - Project team actively testing for security?
 - Usage of 3rd party black-box or white-box testing tools
 - Security Response Process established?
 - Size of the active developer community
 - Project team still active // No updates published for long time
 - Size of the user community (who can report bugs)



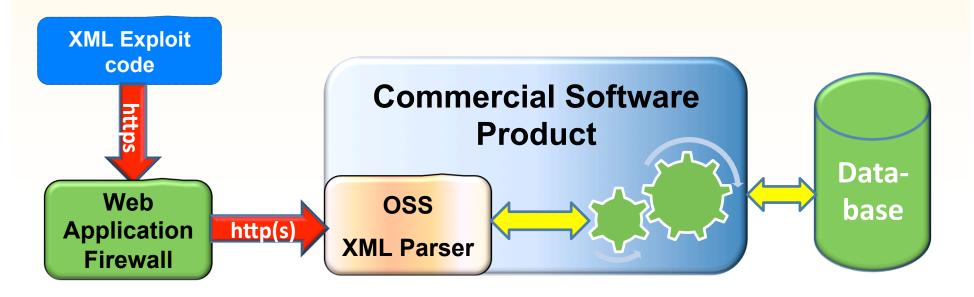
Whom to blame?



- Open Source Software Developer does not assume responsibility for Security
- "Problem" will stick with vendor of Commercial Software Product



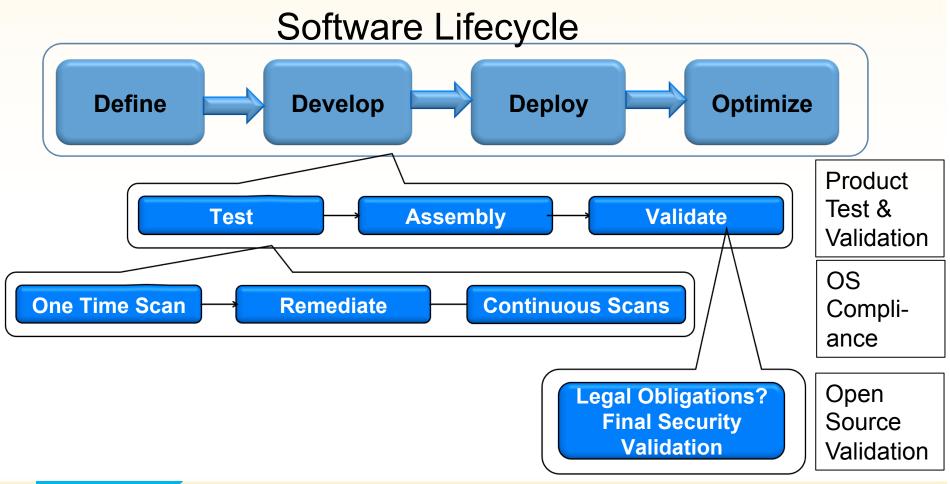
Silver Bullet 1: Shield Open Source components



- Scenario with additional Web Application Firewall to block malicious requests
- Can the Firewall filter all possible attack vectors?



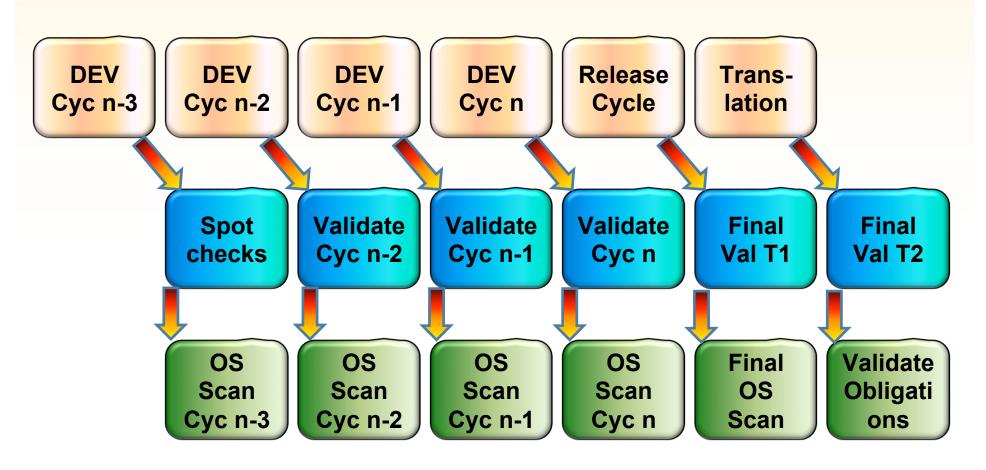
Silver Bullet 2: Integration of Security CHINA 2012 and Compliance in Development Lifecycle





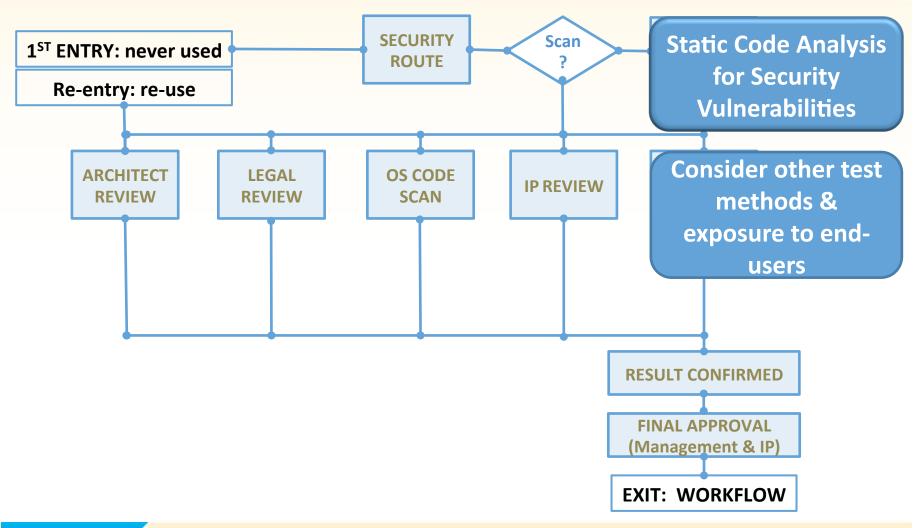
RSACONFERENCE C H I N A 2012

Integration in case of Agile Software Development





Silver Bullet 3: Open Source Approval Workflow





Silver Bullet 4: Security Test Methods

- Static Source Code Analysis "Code Scan"
 - Stigh number of filse positives of lands of the provided interest of th
- Code Review practise participation of the code in the code
- Fuzzing
 - Experts required to runs tests
 - Code coverannot always optimal
- Manual pe exation testing
 - Very of cise results
 - coverage depends on available budget
- Average material penetration testing
 - Precise results
 - Code coverage not always optimal

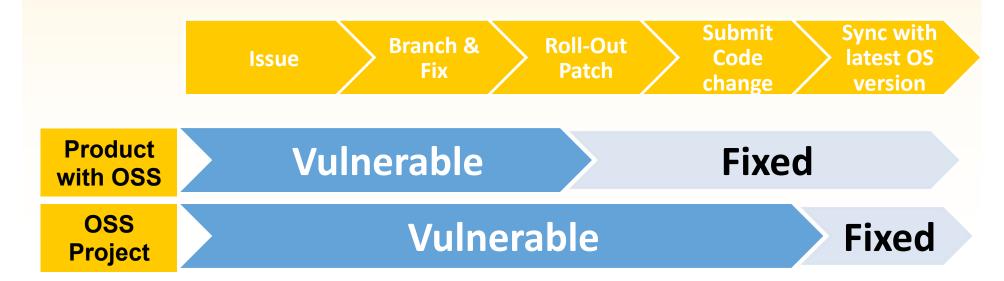


Silver Bullet 5: Security Response Process for OSS

- Dedicated In-house owner for each Open Source Software Component
 - 1 owner for multiple product groups using same OSS component
 - Owner is responsible for maintenance of OSS component
 - Owner receives all requests for bug fixing
- Monitoring of public sources
 - Anything found here create a request for bug fixing
 - CVE / MITRE
 - SANS
 - CERT / CC
 - Security Focus (Bug Traq)
 - NVD (US National Vulnerability Database)
 - Project website, and many more



Security Response Process for Open Source Software



- Security Issue is fixed first in commercial product code
 - Prevents liability issues with customers
- Submit code to Open Source Community to share knowledge
- Roll-in of patched Open Source Software component
 - Reduce effort in case the OSS component shall be upgraded in future



Summary

- Legal risks should be considered prior to using Open Source Software
- Security of Open Source Software depends largely on the maturity of the OS project team
 - No guarantee that it is better or worse than in-house developed
- Inbound Open Source Governance process required to control intake of Open Source Software
- Integration of Security Testing in Development Lifecycle is essential
 - Also works for agile software development process
- Security Response Process must as well cover Open Source Software



Thank You!

Gunter Bitz, SAP gunter.bitz "at" sap.com



RSACONFERENCE C H I N A 2012 RSA信息安全大会2012