# A Flexible and Comprehensive Approach to a Cloud Compliance Program

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Session ID: SPO-201

Session Classification: General Interest

## Compliance in the cloud



Transparency
Responsibility
Partnership
Security

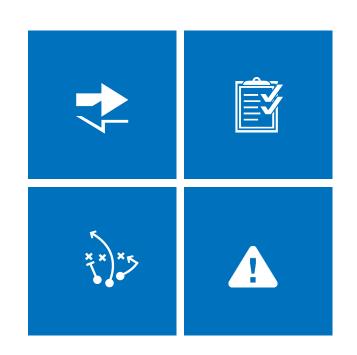




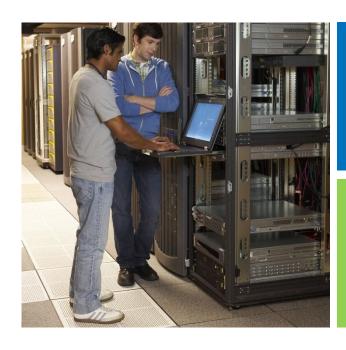
## Cloud Compliance Requirements

## **Cloud Security Challenges**

- Growing interdependence
- Complex, global regulatory requirements and industry standards
- Evolving technologies, changing business models, dynamic hosting environment
- Fear of increasing sophistication of attacks



#### Frequently requested compliance domains



ISO 27001

SAS 70 / SSAE 16

EU Model Clauses

Personal Information

Industry Specific (PCI / HIPAA-HITECH) Government Specific

(G-Cloud, NIST 800)

#### Commitment to Transparency Through STAR

#### Standard from the Cloud Security Alliance (CSA)

The Cloud Security Alliance Cloud Controls Matrix (CCM) is specifically designed to provide fundamental security principles to guide cloud vendors and to assist prospective cloud customers in assessing the overall security risk of a cloud provider.





#### Microsoft's Standard Responses on STAR!

Specific details about Office 365, Windows Azure and Dynamics CRM Security and Privacy is mapped to the CCM and the ISO certifications



## **Example: Cloud Security Alliance**

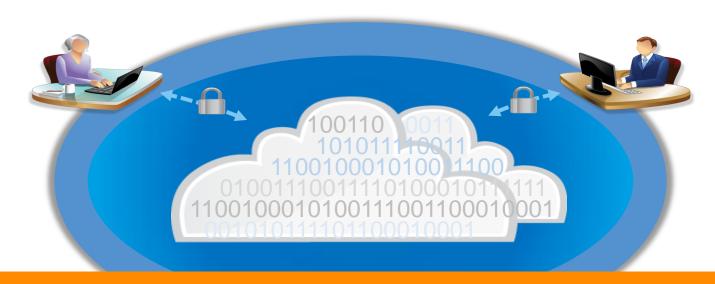
Control ID In CCM	Description (CCM Version R1.1. Final)	Microsoft Response
DG-01  Data Governance - Ownership / Stewardship	All data shall be designated with stewardship with assigned responsibilities defined, documented and communicated.	Microsoft Online Services has implemented a formal policy that requires assets (the definition of asset includes data and hardware) used to provide Microsoft Online Services to be accounted for and have a designated asset owner. Asset owners are responsible for maintaining up-to-date information regarding their assets.  "Allocation of information security responsibilities and ownership of assets" is covered under the ISO 27001 standards, specifically addressed in Annex A, domains 6.1.3 and 7.1.2. For more information review of the publicly available ISO standards we are certified against is suggested.
DG-02 Data Governance - Classification	Data, and objects containing data, shall be assigned a classification based on data type, jurisdiction of origin, jurisdiction domiciled, context, legal constraints, contractual constraints, value, sensitivity, criticality to the organization and third party obligation for retention and prevention of unauthorized disclosure or misuse.	Microsoft Online Services standards provide guidance for classifying assets of several applicable security classification categories, and then implements a standard set of Security and privacy attributes.  "Information classification" is covered under the ISO 27001 standards, specifically addressed in Annex A, domain 7.2. For more information review of the publicly available ISO standards we are certified against is suggested.





# Harmonising Cloud Compliance

# Data Protection is Critical to Cloud Computing

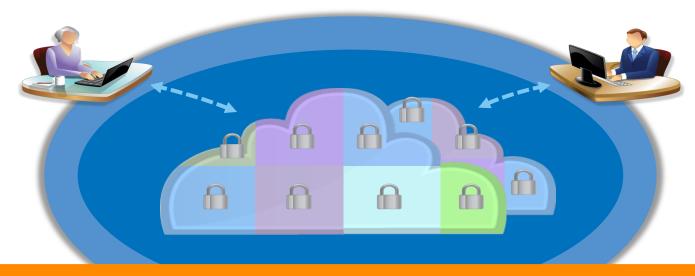


Data protection rules are crucial to ensuring the privacy and security of the data that customers entrust to cloud service providers.





### The Compliance Challenge

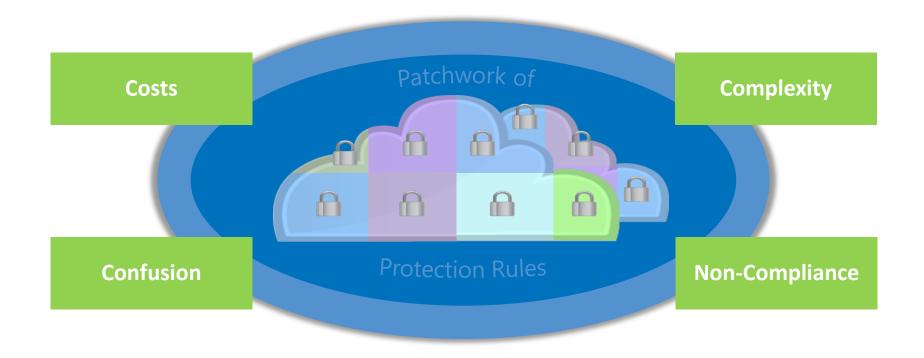


Variability in Rules For:

Physical access Technical access Use Distribution Input Purpose Availability
Administration
Training

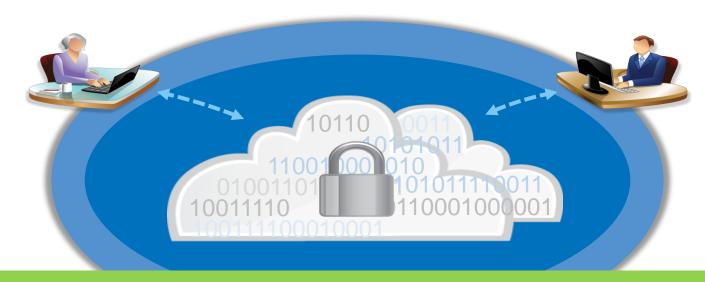


## Fragmented Rules Create Obstacles, Stifle Growth





## **Growing Consensus for Consistency**



What's needed is a Harmonised set of rules across jurisdictions that protect the privacy and enable the free, secure flow of data in the cloud.





## Support Among Policymakers and Industry

"It is therefore clear that we need to provide further harmonisation and approximation of data protection rules at the EU level."

Viviane Reding, Vice-President of the European Commission "For cloud computing services to develop to their full potential, harmonised rules implemented consistently across the EU are essential."



"There is a need to harmonise regulations on data protection, between the States forming the Latin American community."





### Many Stakeholders in Solution





### A Way Forward with ISO







- World's largest developer and publisher of standards
- Broad representation with member bodies from 162 countries
- Non-governmental organization that bridges the public and private sectors
- Open, transparent, inclusive process for standard development

## Extend Existing International Information Security Management System Standard

#### ISO 27001

- International standard for Information **Security** Management Systems published in 2005
- Nearly 7,500 organizations worldwide have been certified compliant with ISO 27001 (May, 2012)

#### "ISO 27001+DP"

- Augment ISO 27001 with data protection controls
- Serve as a foundation for Harmonised data protection rules across jurisdictions
- Extend 3<sup>rd</sup>-party accreditation to include new provisions





#### Benefits of Harmonization Are Widespread



## Data Protection Agencies

- Improved privacy environment
- Increased compliance
- Lower regulatory cost burden



## **Cloud Customers**

- Greater certainty of data privacy
- Lower prices
- Reduced liability due to non-compliance



## **Cloud Providers**

- Reduced risk of noncompliance
- Lower delivery costs
- Lower barriers to entry and growth

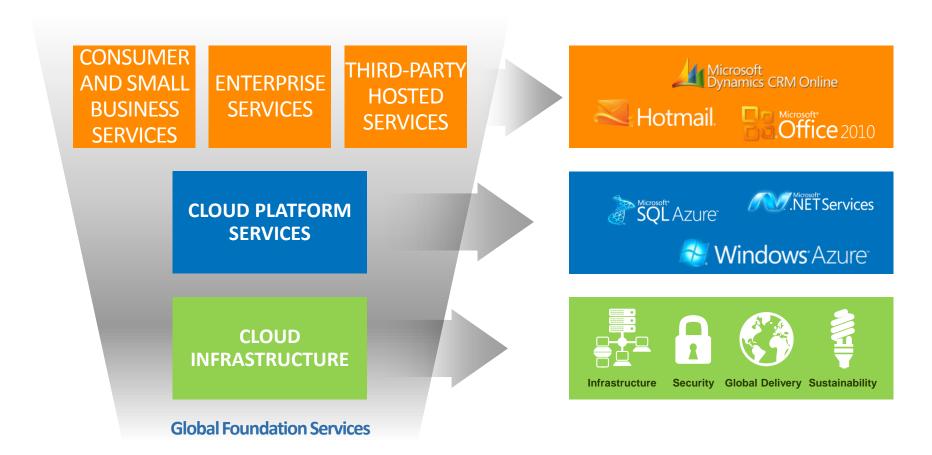


## Auditors & Certifiers

- Expanded, global market opportunity
- Greater consistency

# Compliance in Microsoft's Cloud Infrastructure

#### Microsoft's Cloud Environment





### Information Security Management System

**Business Objectives** 



Industry Standards & Regulations

PREDICTABLE AUDIT SCHEDULE



COMPLIANCE FRAMEWORK

**Test and Audit** 

#### **Certificates and Attestations**

- ISO / IEC 27001:2005 certification
- SAS 70 Type I and II attestations
- Sarbanes Oxley

- PCI DSS certification
- FISMA certification and accreditation
- And more ...





## Comprehensive Compliance Framework

#### INDUSTRY STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS

- Payment card industry data security standard
- Health insurance portability and accountability act

- Media ratings council
- · Sarbanes-Oxley, etc.

#### **CONTROLS FRAMEWORK**

- Identify and integrate
  - Regulatory requirements
  - Customer requirements
- · Assess and remediate
  - Eliminate or mitigate gaps in control design



#### PREDICTABLE AUDIT SCHEDULE

- Test effectiveness and assess risk
- Attain certifications and attestations
- Improve and optimize
  - Examine root cause of non-compliance
  - Track until fully remediated

#### **CERTIFICATION AND ATTESTATIONS**

- ISO/IEC 27001:2005 certification
- Statement of Auditing Standard (SAS) 70 type I and type II attestations





## Control Framework Domains

DOMAINS

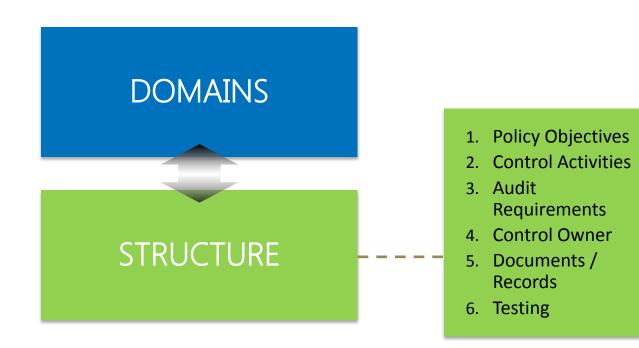
STRUCTURE

- 1. Security policy
- 2. Organization of information security
- 3. Asset management
- 4. Human resources security
- 5. Physical and environmental security
- Communications and operations management
- 7. Access control
- 8. Information

- systems acquisition, development, and maintenance
- 9. Information security incident management
- 10.Business continuity management
- 11.Compliance

#### **Control Framework**

#### **Structure**



#### Procedures

- 7. Cost Data
- 8. Historical Health Data
- 9. Importance Data
- 10. Maturity Data

#### Rationalised Requirements

#### **CONTROL OBJECTIVE**

Security awareness training for all employees, contractors, and thirdparty users must be provided:

- When granted access to resources
- When organizational policies and procedures change

Trainees will be expected to understand these policies and relevant job function and protection

Applying this control objective meets multiple compliance obligations

ISO/IEC 27001:2005 A.5.2.2

**HIPAA** 164.530.b.1

SOX **COBIT DS7** 

**PCI-DSS** version 1.2 12.6.1

procedures as they relate to of sensitive information





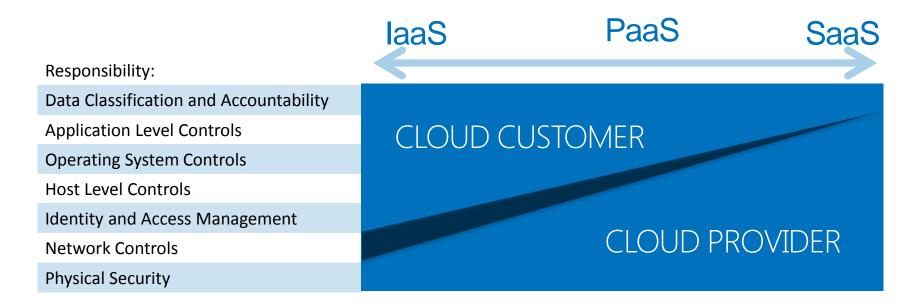
## Microsoft's Compliance Capabilities

ISO / IEC 27001:2005 Certification SAS 70 Type I and II attestations (transitioning to SSAE 16/ISAE 3402 SOC 1, 2 and 3) HIPAA/HITECH Various State, Federal, and International Privacy Laws (95/46/EC—aka EU Data Protection Directive; California SB1386; etc.) PCI Data Security Standard Certification FISMA Certification & Accreditation G-Cloud IL2 Accreditation with Office 365



## Helping You Meet Your Compliance Needs

- You are ultimately responsible for ensuring you meet your compliance obligations
- Microsoft will share its certifications and audit reports to help you design your compliance program







# Applying Compliance as a Customer

## Considerations for choice in a Cloud Services Provider

Consult guidance from organizations such as the Cloud Security Alliance



Require that the provider has attained third-party certifications and audits, e.g. ISO/IEC 27001:2005

Ensure a clear understanding of security and compliance roles and responsibilities for delivered services Know the value of your data and processes and the security and compliance obligations you need to meet

Ensure data and services can be brought back in house if necessary

Consider the ability of vendors to accommodate changing security and compliance requirements

Require transparency in security policies and operations

#### Microsoft's Cloud Trust Resources

#### Global Foundation Services Web Site

www.globalfoundationservices.com

#### Trust Centres

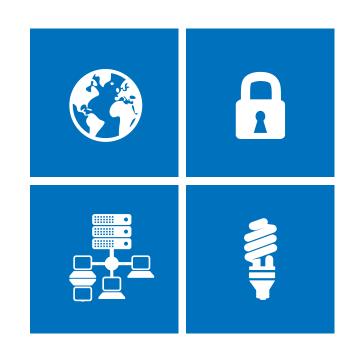
http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/office365/trust-center.aspx http://www.windowsazure.com/en-us/support/trust-center/

#### Global Foundation Services Blog

http://blogs.technet.com/msdatacenters

#### Cloud Security Alliance STAR

https://cloudsecurityalliance.org/star/





## Microsoft