

## **Encrypt Your Cloud**

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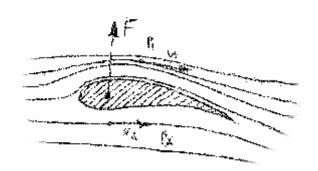
### **AGENDA**

- Introduction
- Cryptography Keys in Clouds
- Examples

# Introduction







flying \fly"ing\, a. [From fly, v. i.]

moving with, or as with, wings; moving lightly or rapidly; intended for rapid movement

penguin \pen"guin\, n.

short-legged flightless birds of cold southern especially Antarctic regions having webbed feet and wings modified for water





# Cloud

"The web's household names got where they are today by mining the information that their users generate and turning it into business advantage."

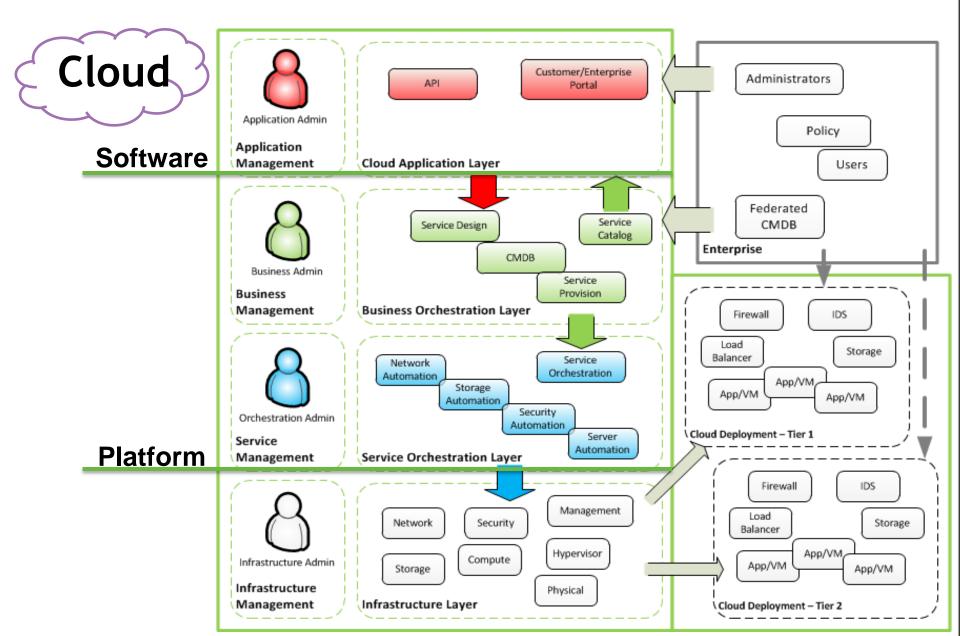
The Harsh Light of Data Presentation, O'Reilly Strata Jumpstart 2011 conference

"The top issue overall was a perceived lack of security and service level agreements (SLAs), with 45% of respondents referring to it."

http://www.interxion.com/cloud-insight/index.html

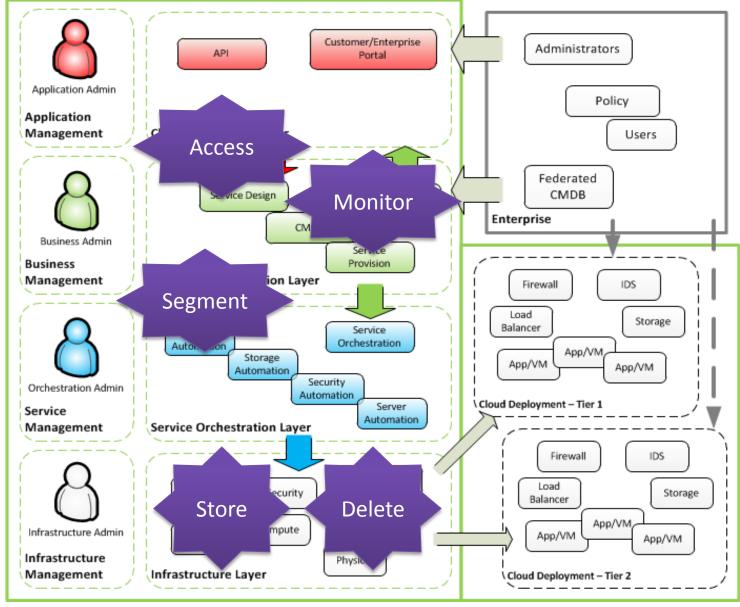






















### CIOs Need Cloud Security Controls

	Want	Need
1	Data Deletion	Secure Wipe (Key Deletion)
2	<b>Boundary Definition</b>	Segmentation (Encryption)
3	Data Access (Apps)	Input Validation
4	Access Monitoring	Log Management
5	Data Storage	Encryption (Key Management)

"Key management is the hardest part of cryptography and often the Achilles' heel of an otherwise secure system."

— Bruce Schneier, Preface to Applied Cryptography, Second Edition





### **Crypto Terminology**



 Encryption: reversible operation, cryptographically turns input into illegible cipher text



 Hashing: non-reversible operation, cryptographically transforms input to illegible message



 Tokenization: reversible operation, substitutes input with data that has no inherent value



 Key management: life-cycle of a secret including creation, distribution, use and deletion





### **Crypto Considerations**



 Encryption: reversible operation, cryptographically turns input into illegible cipher text



 Hashing: non-reversible operation, cryptographically transforms input to illegible message



 Tokenization: reversible operation, substitutes input with data that has no inherent value



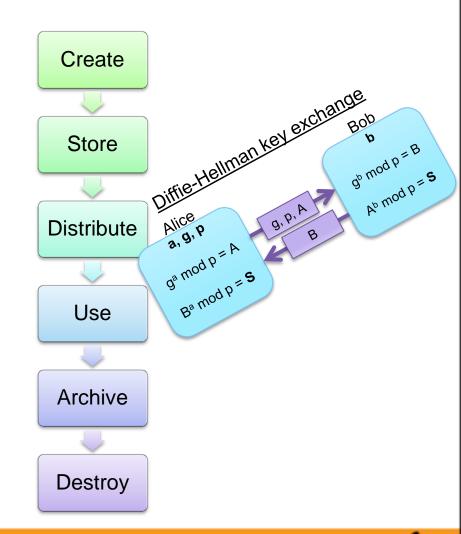
 Key management: life-cycle of a secret including creation, distribution, use and deletion



# Cryptography in Clouds

### **Crypto Considerations**

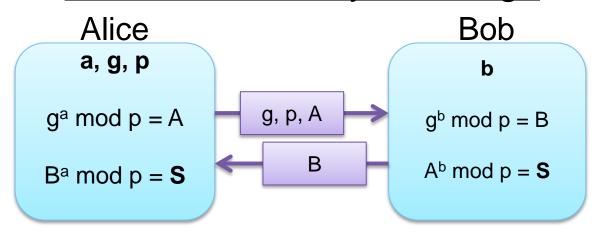
- Human/Social element
  - People
  - Process
  - Policy
- Location element
  - Border restrictions
  - Standards (U.S. NIST)
    - SP 800-57
    - SP 800-131A
    - SP 800-130





### **Crypto Considerations**

### <u>Diffie-Hellman key exchange</u>



### **Cloud Crypto Considerations**

Who has your keys?

- Human/Social element
  - People
  - Process
  - Policy

Provider

**Trusted** Service

Architecture

- Location element
  - Border restrictions
  - Standards (U.S. NIST)
    - SP 800-57
    - SP 800-131A
    - SP 800-130

Large / Global Presence

Interoperability





### **Cloud Crypto Considerations**

- "Portable device" technology (MA 201 CMR 17)
- Multi-tenant
- Open interfaces
  - Consumer
  - Management
  - Partner
  - Development / Application
- Multi-jurisdiction
  - Who/when
  - Where





### **Encryption as a Service**

- Key management
  - Generation
  - Protection (key encryption key)
  - Expiration and Rotation
  - Deletion
- Key architecture
  - Management integration
  - Interoperability
  - Meta-data

#### **Standards:**

**ANSI X9.24** 

ISO 11568

ISO 11770

NIST SP 800-57

**IETF Keyprov** 

**IEEE P1619.3** 

W3C XKMS

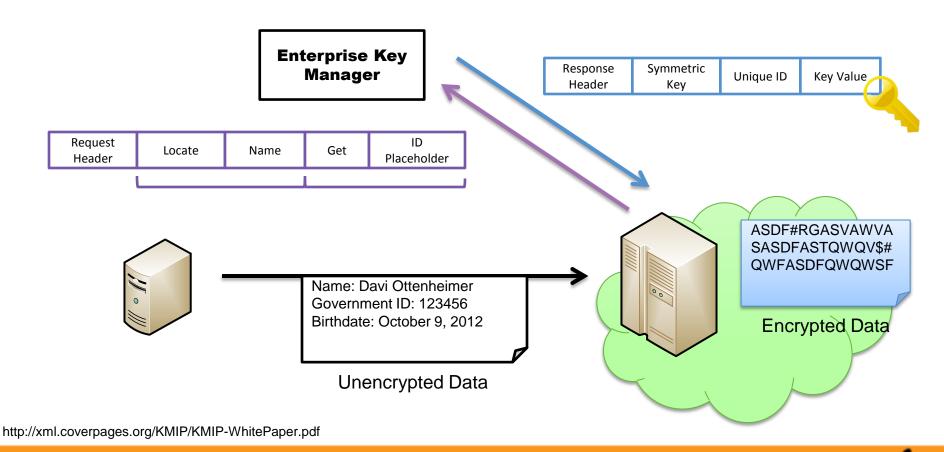
**OASIS EKMI** 

**OASIS KMIP** 



### Encryption as a Service

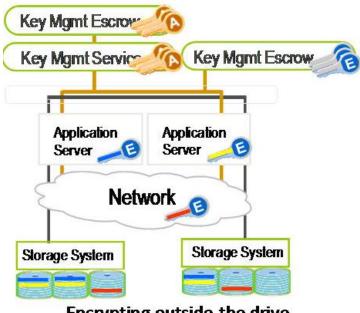
Key Management Interoperability Protocol (KMIP)



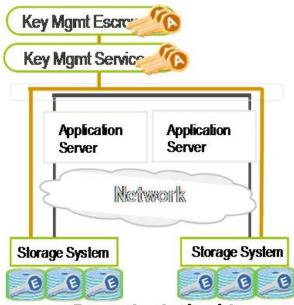


### Encryption as a Service

### Enterprise Key Management Infrastructure (EKMI)



Encrypting outside the drive



**Encrypting in the drive** 

(a) (b)

https://www.oasis-open.org/committees/tc home.php?wg abbrev=ekmi





# **Examples**

### Example #1

Generation

Distribution

**Encryption** 

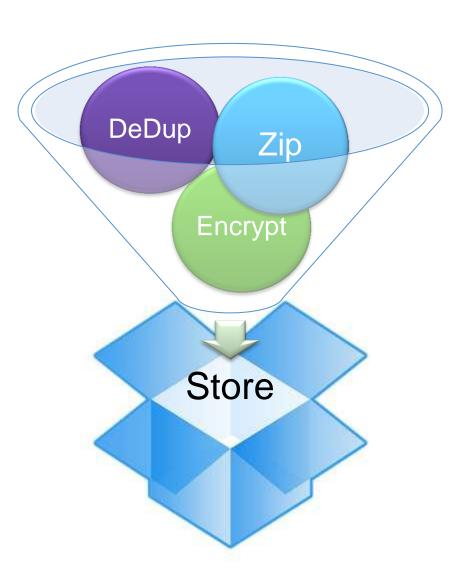
- Key Rotation
  - Templates
  - Snapshots
  - Offline
- Key Persistence
  - Templates
  - Snapshots
  - Reboot
  - SAN
  - Backup
  - Archive





### Example #2

- Encrypt Data
- 2. "Manage" Data...?
  - Analysis
  - Reports
  - Compression
  - De-duplication



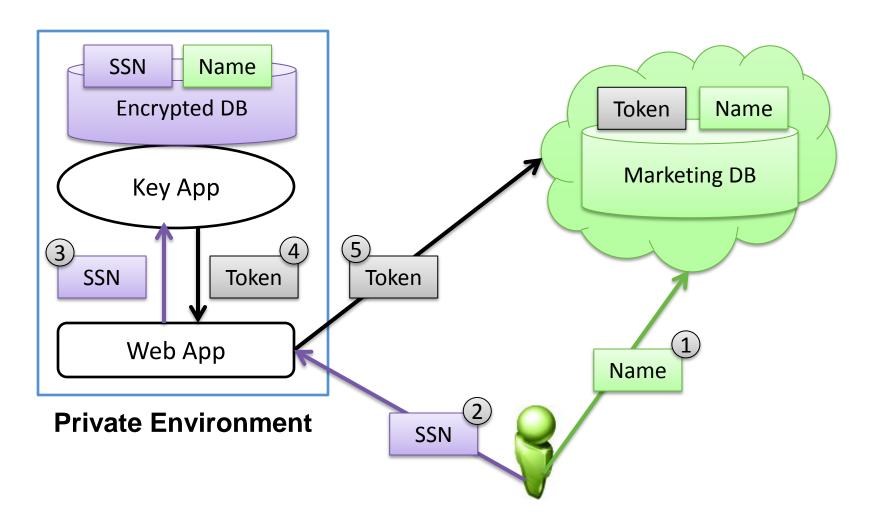
### Example #3

### Segmentation

- Default
- Sensitive un-regulated (e.g. non-"material")
- Sensitive regulated (e.g. PII, CCN, "material")

Data Level	Treatment
3	Clear
2	Token or Encrypted
1	Token, Hashed or Encrypted

### Example #3: Token





#### Example #3: Encryption File Token Key 10 Data File Crypto **Key App** App **Analysis DB** Token (2) Token **Data** PII Token Web App Data PII **Private Environment** Data Token



### **Apply**

- Next 3 months
  - Classify data for segmentation
  - Setup key management policy and procedures
  - Select standards for interoperability
- Next 6 months
  - Configure apps for key and crypto management
  - Select a key app and crypto app solution
  - Plan and initiate a project to protect data in cloud







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