



Collective Intelligence

What Is the Future of Data Privacy and Security in Mobile?

SESSION ID: MBS-T08

Charles McColgan

CTO TeleSign Corporation cm@telesign.com

Tanya Forsheit

Founding Partner InfoLawGroup LLP @Forsheit



Agenda

- The Technology What's Exposed and What's Available?
 - Unique Identifiers
 - Android and GCM
 - iPhone and APNS
 - SMS and the GSM Network







Agenda (cont.)

How Does the Law Address These Issues?

- California Attorney General Enforcement and Education Regarding Mobile App Privacy Policies
- Federal Trade Commission Guidance and Enforcement
- Cross-Border Data Transfers
- Kids' Privacy and Other Concerns Regarding Kids and Mobile

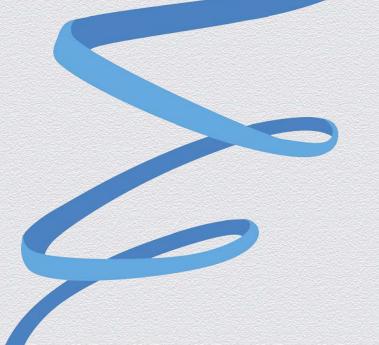
Government Access

- Technological Issues
- Legal Issues









Mobile Architecture – Who Can See Your Data

How does your phone communicate?



WiFi 802.11 interface to phone,

OS and Applications



Bluetooth

Exchange data with other apps and devices peer to peer over short distances



GPS

Antenna allows interaction with Global Positioning Satellite system to determine precise location



GSM / CDMA

Cellular data protocols to support SMS, Telephony and data services









What are some ways to identify people?

UDID

Universally Unique Identifier for a device – deprecated on iOS

Registration_idUnique identifier for a

device / app pair on Android

Advertising ID, IDFA, Ad ID, etc

Device Token

Unique identifier for a device / app pair on iOS

IMEI, IMSI, MAC, IP, etc...

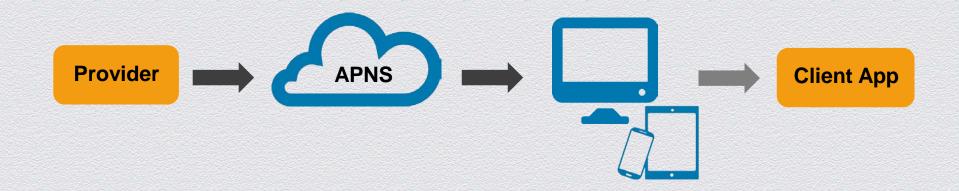








How do Mobile Apps Communicate? Apple's APNS





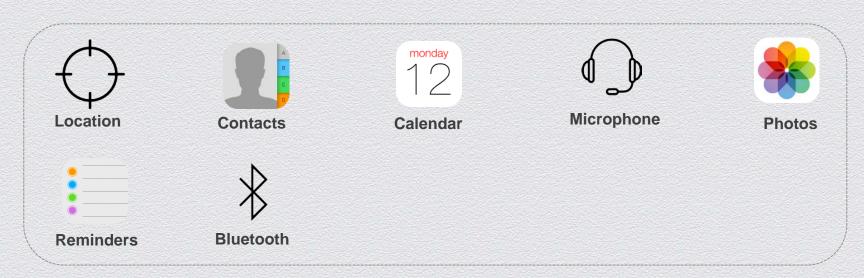




What does iOS allow an app to see?

Once installed bi-directional communication to the app's servers

Access to information on phone including:









That seems like a lot, what's the catch?

The OS captures access to these items and pushes up an explicit permission window when an app tries to access it.













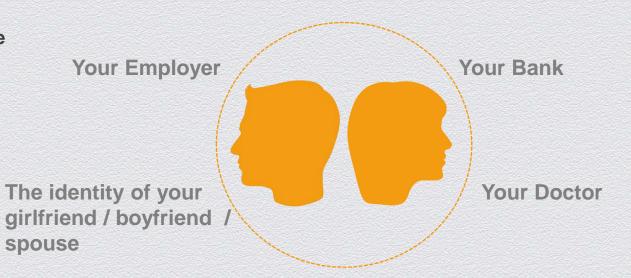
Ok that seems ok...

Well sort of...

Consider what you have in your contacts

Name, Address, Email, Phone Number, Notes

What can be determined by this:





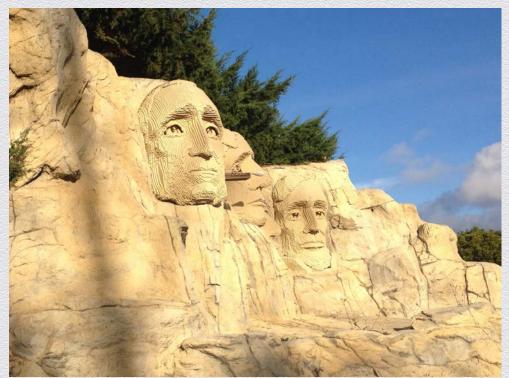






Well photos seem harmless (maybe)...

But consider what other data can be determined from this photo that I took at Mt. Rushmore...

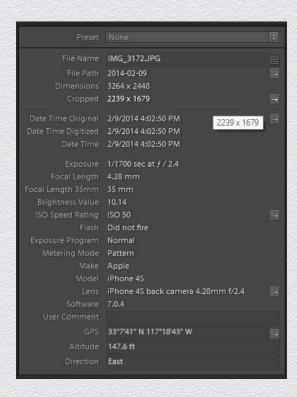








Photos come with EXIF data....



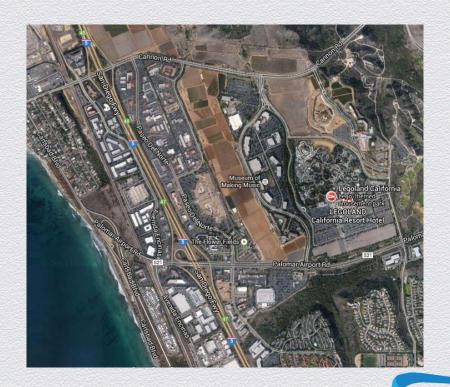
- Name of phone
- Date photo was taken to the second
- Type of camera
- GPS location of photo
- Altitude of photo
- Direction camera was facing





So what do we know?

- Legoland, CA NOT Black Hills, South Dakota.
- Every photo on an iPhone or Android device has this data







How do Mobile Apps Communicate? Android's GCM Service



GCM can be used to notify or push content to the device







What does Android allow an app to see?



Different model than iOS

Android can basically see everything on a phone but...

- Very explicit opt in on exactly what the app can do before it launches
- Can be overwhelming or confusing to normal users but to the expert is more specific on what is getting sent to the App's servers







What Android tells the user

When you install an App

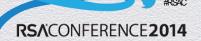


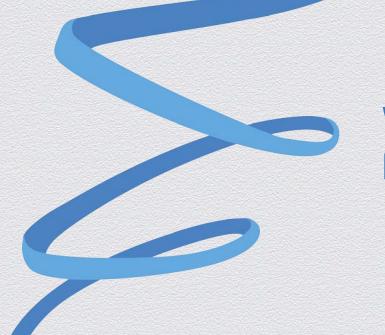
For an App already Installed





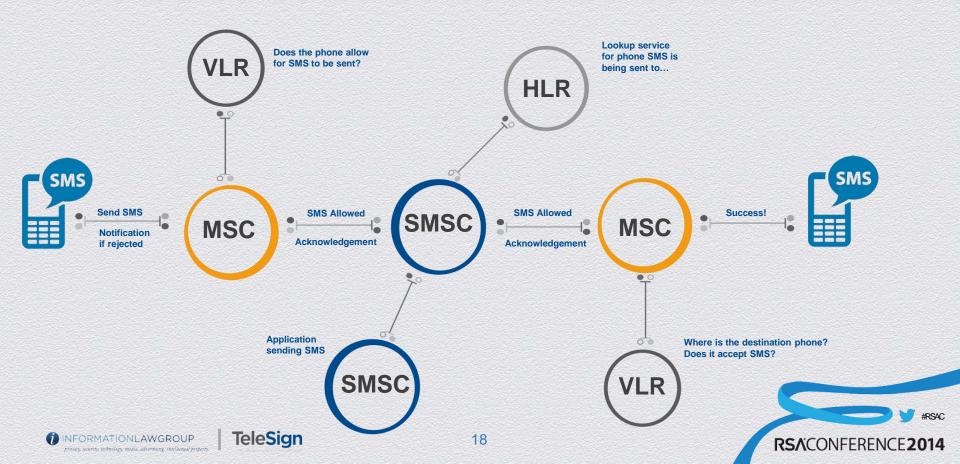






What about my cell phone?

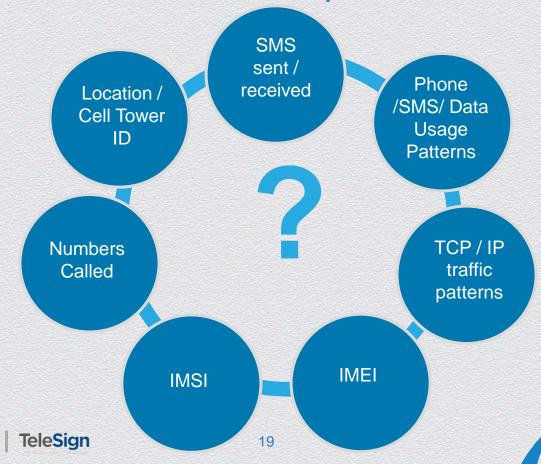
How SMS is sent...



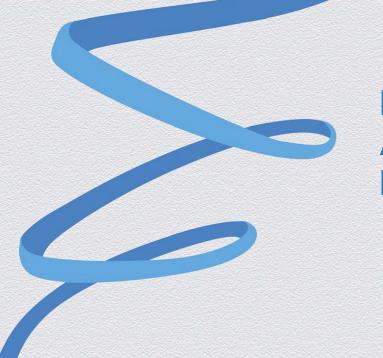
What data is available to an operator?

INFORMATIONLAWGROUP

privacy, security, technology, media, advertising, intellectual property.



RSACONFERENCE 2014



How Does the Law Address These Issues?

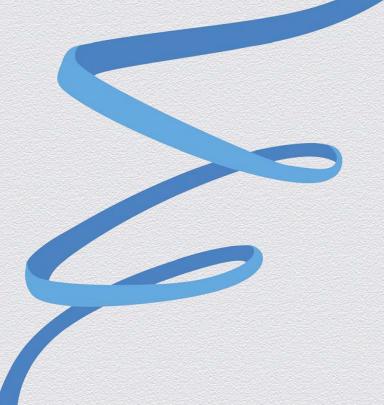
How Does the Law Address These Issues?

Regulators have taken notice:

- Application and enforcement of existing laws to regulate mobile
- Issuance of new guidance
- Voluntary, self-regulatory efforts
- Updating of old laws to address mobile







California Attorney
General Enforcement
and Education
Regarding Mobile App
Privacy Policies

California Attorney General

The California Attorney General's position on mobile app and privacy policies is clear and consistently articulated:

Mobile apps require a conspicuously-posted privacy policy under California Online Privacy Protection Act, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code §§ 22575-22579 ("CalOPPA").









California Attorney General (cont.)

February 2012

- Agreement with Amazon, Apple, Google, Hewlett-Packard, Microsoft, and Research In Motion; Facebook later signed on.
- Platforms agreed to include in the application submission:
 - A hyperlink to the app's privacy policy
 - OR a statement describing the app's privacy practices.









California Attorney General (cont.)

October 2012

- California AG Kamala Harris tweets: "Fabulous app, @United Airlines, but where is your app's #privacy policy?"
- California AG reportedly notifies as many as 100 apps of the need to comply with CalOPPA within 30 days or face penalties of up to \$2,500 for each download of a noncompliant app.





California Attorney General (cont.)

- December 2012: California AG sues Delta alleging term "online service" covers mobile applications, and requires a privacy policy to be available within the app.
- January 2013: California AG issues "Privacy on the Go" to "educate the industry and promote privacy best practices."
- May 2013: California Superior Court dismisses the lawsuit against Delta on the grounds that the Airline Deregulation Act of 1978 (ADA) preempts CalOPPA. Case is on appeal.

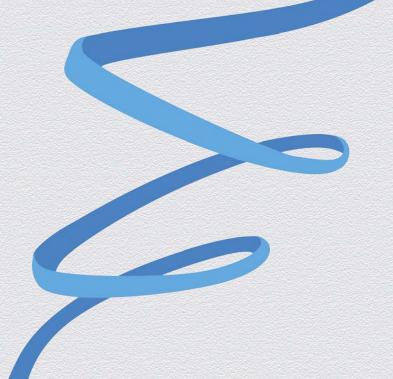












Federal Trade Commission Guidance and Enforcement

Federal Trade Commission Guidance and Enforcement



February 2013

- The Federal Trade Commission ("FTC") issues a staff report, "Mobile Privacy
 <u>Disclosures: Building Trust Through Transparency</u>",
- Suggestions for mobile privacy disclosures by (1) mobile platforms, (2) app developers, (3) advertising networks and (4) everyone else, including app developer trade associations, academics, usability experts and privacy researchers.







Federal Trade Commission Guidance and Enforcement (cont.)



March 2013

- FTC issues staff report on mobile payments: <u>"Paper, Plastic... or Mobile? An FTC Workshop on Mobile Payments"</u>, addressing Dispute Resolution, Security and Privacy
- FTC issues updates to <u>.Com Disclosures</u>, with new focus on mobile and social media







Federal Trade Commission Guidance and Enforcement (cont.)



December 2013

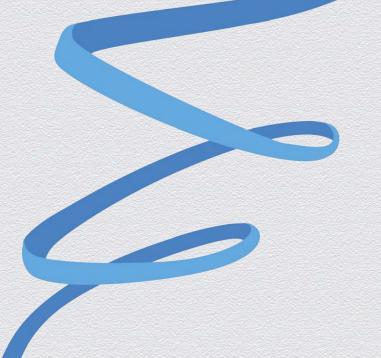
- FTC settlement <u>In re Goldenshores Technologies</u>, <u>LLC</u>
- First to impose substantial conditions upon the collection of location data
- Provides guidance for app developers and publishers regarding
 - The sharing of geolocation data
 - When an app may begin collecting and sharing data,
 - Privacy representations made in a license agreement











Cross-Border Data Transfers

Cross-Border Data Transfers

North Atlantic

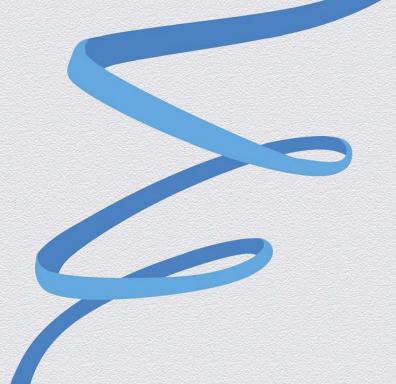
- All the same old problems
- Same compliance options:
- But . . . New EU Regulation on the horizon, could lead to dramatic change.



Baltic

North



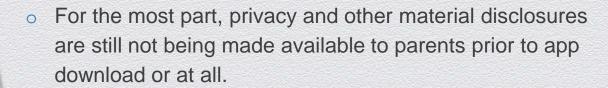


Kids' Privacy and Other Concerns Regarding Kids and Mobile

Kids

December 2012: FTC releases report on mobile apps for kids.

Findings:



 Where there are privacy disclosures, the disclosures sometimes contradict the actual practices of the app.



Kids (cont.)

Same month, the FTC finalizes amendments to the Children's Online Privacy Protection Act ("COPPA") Rule, originally enacted in 2000.

- In response to the pace of change of technology on websites and other services, particularly mobile apps.
- Revised definition of "personal information"







Kids (cont.)

COPPA (cont.)

- New Rule expands the definition of "operator" to include certain service providers, including third party ad networks, which operate on websites and knowingly collect information from users of those websites.
- Operators are now directly liable for the actions of any third party service providers that collect information from children on their sites.





Kids (cont.)

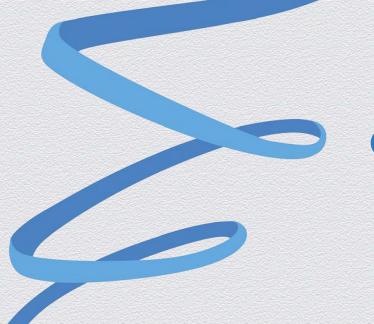
January 15, 2014

- FTC settles case with Apple Inc.
- FTC alleges Apple charged for kids' in-app purchases without parental consent
- Apple will provide consumer refunds of at least \$32.5 Million









Government Access

Technological Issues

- PRISM surveillance program for Server infrastructure with major providers
 - Email, voice, text, video chats
- UPSTREAM surveillance program for fiber surveillance
 - Raw data on fiber between countries / data centers

- Court orders to many / most telecom providers
- Efforts to weaken or crack encryption standards









Legal Issues

- Fourth Amendment
- Stored Communications Act
- NSA Litigation











The Future

- Know what information you are collecting
- Work with your privacy lawyer to create an updated privacy policy
- Be fluid with changing technology and platforms
- Keep your eye on EU, California, and the FTC

Resources:

For Apple:
 "Privacy Support in iOS and OS X from the 2012 Apple WWDC"
 (This link may require registration)

For Android:
 "Android Security Overview – How users understand third party applications"





RSACONFERENCE 2014 FEBRUARY 24 - 28 | MOSCONE CENTER | SAN FRANCISCO

