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Harnessing Big Data for Application Security Intelligence

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Akamai Security BU



It All Started When...



Hello Akamai, We're Under Attack...

So We Analyzed this Attack







WordPress Remote File Inclusion Vulnerability

GET /wp-content/plugins/wordtube/wordtube-button.php?wpPATH=http://www.google.com/humans.txt? HTTP/1.1

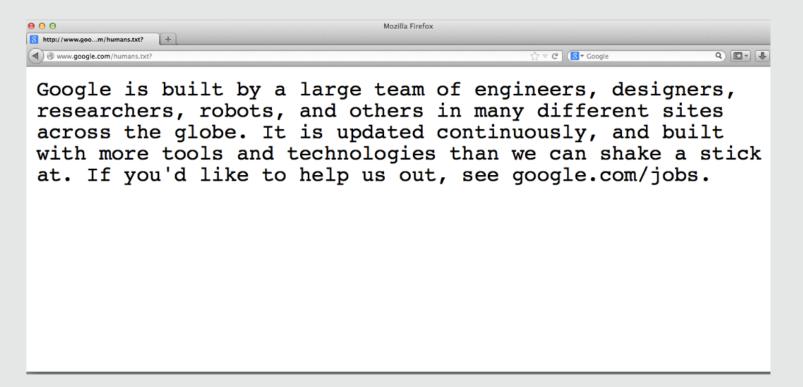
Host: www.test.com

User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_8_4) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko)

Trying to inject to this HTTP parameter wpPATH

The content of this URL http://www.google.com/humans.txt?

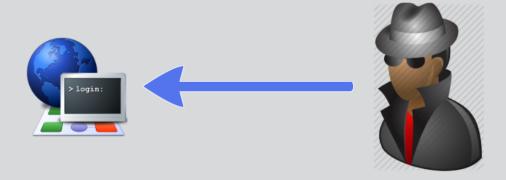
Content of hummans.txt



Some Question that Crossed Our Minds:

- Why RFI exploit from 2007?
- Why trying to exploit PHP inclusion on .NET application?
- Why including a legitimate page?

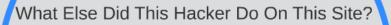
What Else Did This Hacker Do On This Site?



Sending 2212 different RFI exploits

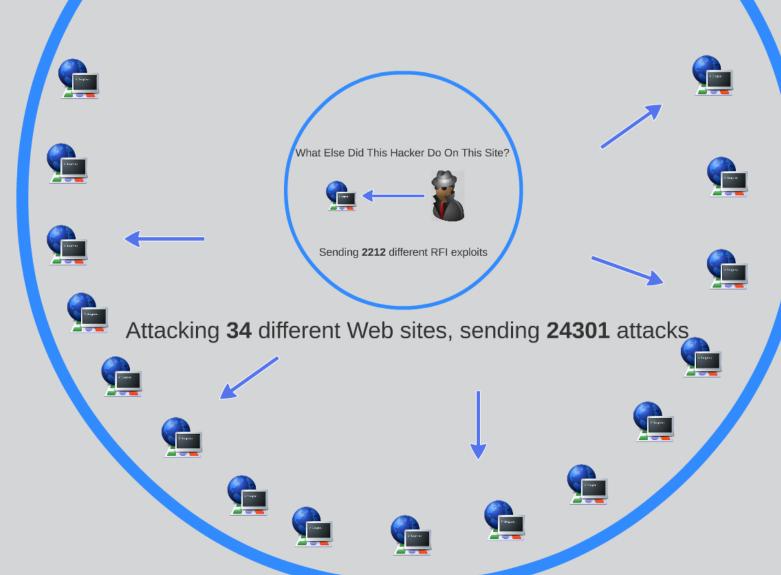
Any Other Akamai Customers Hit by This Hacker?







Any Other Akamai Customers Hit by This Hacker?



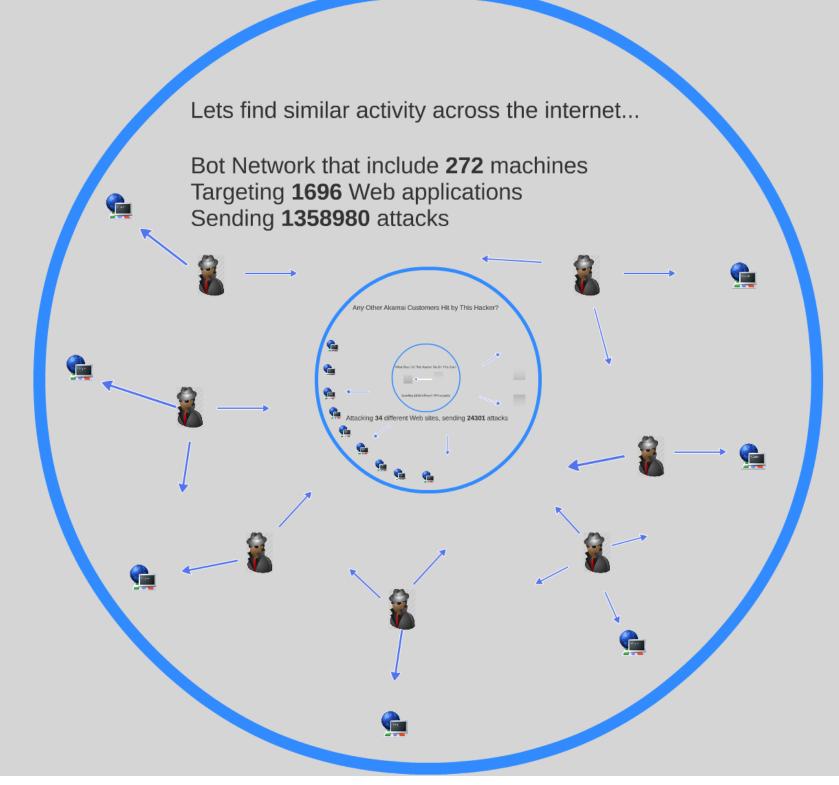
Lets find similar activity across the internet...

Bot Network that include **272** machines Targeting **1696** Web applications Sending **1358980** attacks









Still Some Questions that Need to be Answered...



Why RFI Exploit from 2007?

Hacker trying to be lucky using old exploits

Why Including a Legitimate Page?

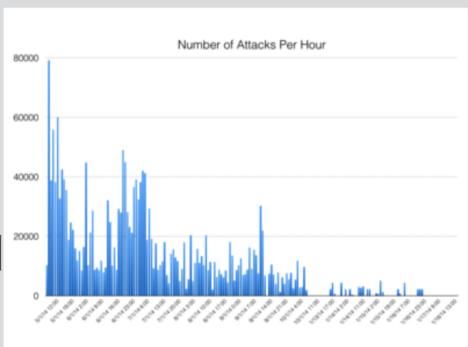
Hacker checking exploit feasibility

Why trying to Exploit PHP Inclusion on .NET Application?

Hacker is just shooting all over the place

Attack Summary

- Distributed attack campaign.
- 200 compromised web servers



Lasting over more than a month.
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Big Data at Akamai

120,000+ Servers 2,000+ Locations 750+ Cities 82 Countries 1,100+ Networks

Highlights:

- 100 million page views per second and 500 billion hits per day
- 734 Million IP addresses seen quarterly
- 260+ Terabytes of compressed daily logs
- 30% of all internet traffic

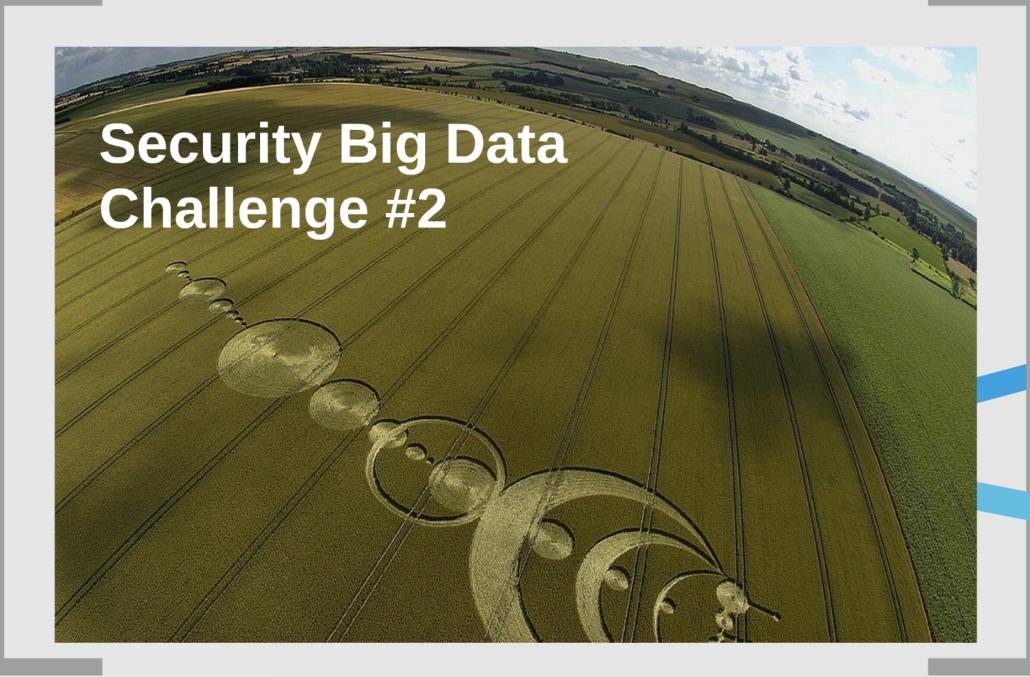


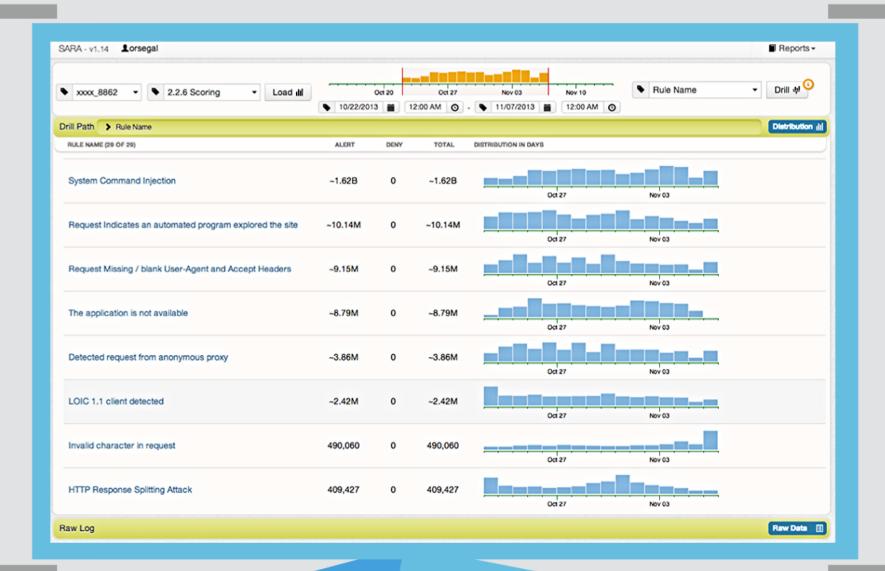
2 Petabytes of security data 10 Terabytes of daily attack traffic 600K log lines per second 140K concurrent connection

800 queries daily

45 days retention







Market Trends

Forecast intent before exploitation

Filter malicious client

Shift to context aware security



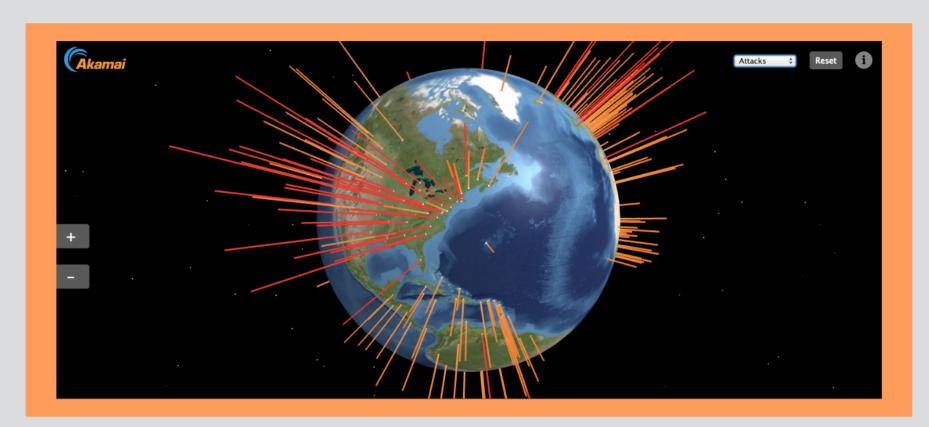
Client Reputation

- Identify malicious clients
- Block access to web application





Data

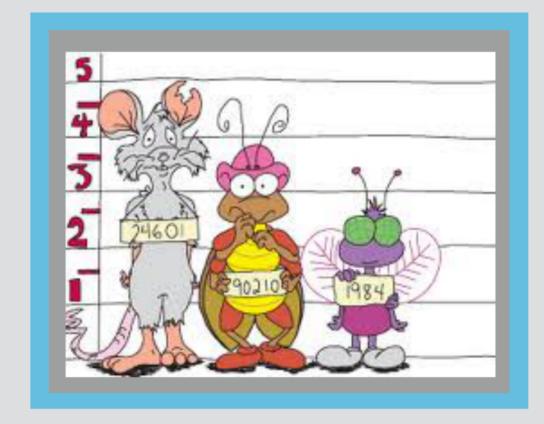


User identification

IP address

Passive fingerprinting

Active fingerprinting

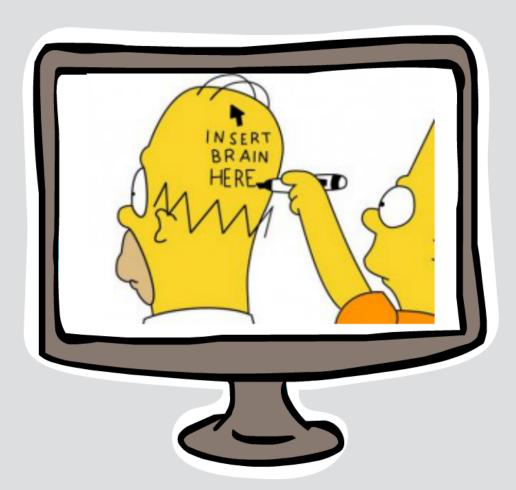


Algorithms

Distribution

Magnitude

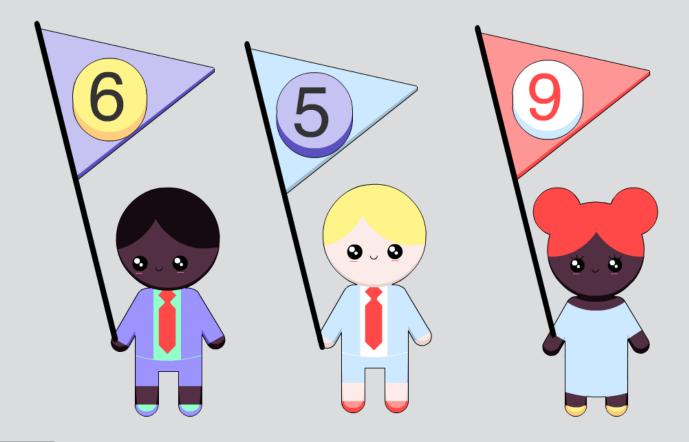
Behavior



Duration

Sources similarity

Scores

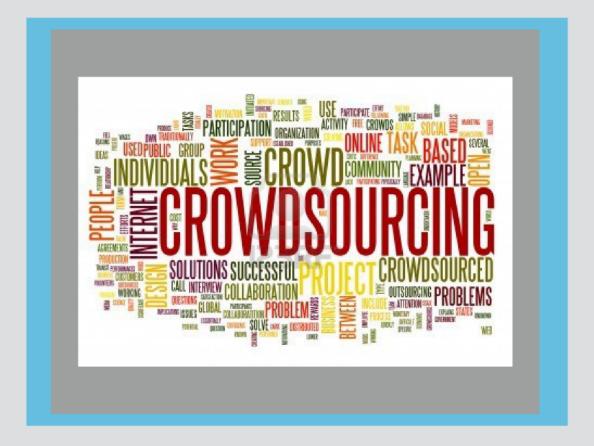




Decay scores when malicious activity stops



Crowdsourcing



Reputation Use Cases

- Block access
- Enrichment
- Challenge
- Incorporate with additional controls

Big Data Analysis for Client Reputation



Client reputation

A mean to detect malicious clients...

WAF Triggers

Web attacks behavioral profiling

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WAF Triggers

Web attacks behavioral profiling

Where can Behavioral Profiling Complement Traditional Protections?





Distributed Activity



Reconnaissance



Targeted Attacks



Behavioral?!







WAF Big Data



Applications



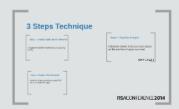
Clients



Case Study: Detecting Malicious Clients That are Targeting PHP Applications







Objective

Find attackers that send PHP attacks

3 Steps Technique

Step 1 - Analyze Applications' Behavior

Fingerprint platform behind each app (e.g. PHP)

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Step 2 - Analyze Client Behavior

Look for clients that try to access PHP URLs on ASP.NET apps

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Step 3 - Big Data Analysis

Calculate clients maliciousness based on the number of apps scanned

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Let's Test Drive This Approach...



We analyzed 10% of Akamai traffic over a 1-week time period







950

Malicious clients were detected over one week



The average amount of applications scanned by client

236

Highest number of scanned applications by one client in one hour

7.2

The average score that represents clients maliciousness

43%

Of the detected clients are web servers

4 days

The average amount of time client was maliciously active

Further Analysis of Clients Traffic

- PHP known vulnerabilities RFI, XSS, SQLi, Path traversal...
- Brute force attacks looking for WordPress and Joomla login pages
- Comment spamming
- And in the future: Zero day exploits...

Summary

- Big data != Analytics/Reporting
 - Huge potential for active defense
- Big Data complements traditional detection techniques
- "Fight fire with fire" distributed attacks call for "distributed detections"

Q&A

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