

# RSACONFERENCE2014

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## A Comfy Couch for Critical Assets

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# Getting comfortable with your business assets

- ◆ Our metaphor – the Comfy Couch
- ◆ Business critical assets
- ◆ Examples of assets
- ◆ Connecting business and IT assets
- ◆ Next steps



# Comfy Couch Metaphor

- ◆ Get business and IT comfortable together
- ◆ Process to gain buy-in and support
- ◆ Safe place to discuss issues
- ◆ Know what your assets are
- ◆ Know where your assets are
- ◆ We (You) are all in this together



# Business Critical Assets

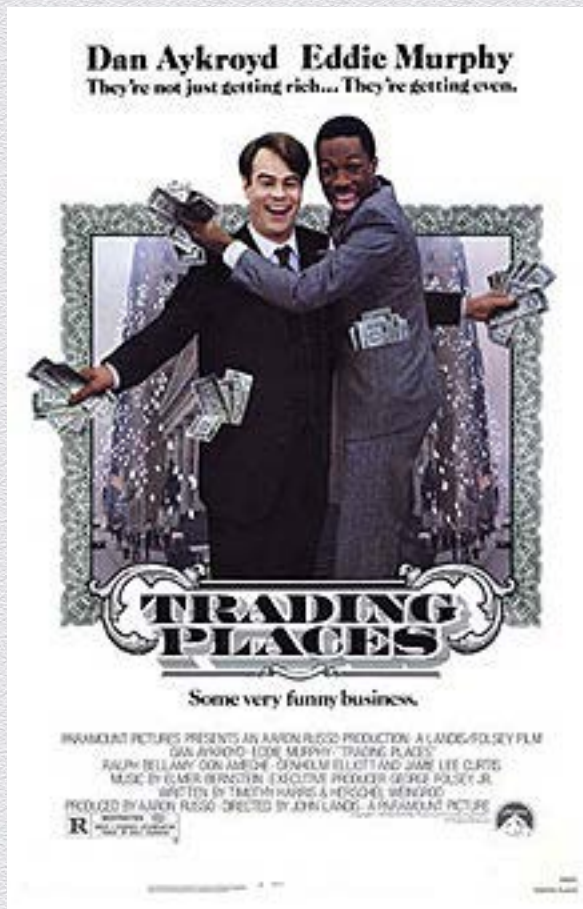
- ◆ Specifically identify critical business elements:
  - ◆ Intellectual Property
  - ◆ Competitive Processes
  - ◆ “Secret Sauce”
- ◆ Specific Data, Products, Systems, Processes and Information
- ◆ Similar to a business continuity exercise – which assets are critical to your enterprise success
  - ◆ Which could you lose?  
For a day? A week? A month? More?
- ◆ Assets have to be driven by business
  - this is a business activity (facilitated by Risk & Security)
- ◆ Assets have to be specific -
- ◆ Assets are not risks:
  - ◆ Reputation & Trust
  - ◆ Financial & Economic
  - ◆ Strategic & Competition
- ◆ Assets are the things impacted by risks and threat



# “Trading Places”

## Example Assets

- ◆ \$1 Bet
- ◆ Reputation
- ◆ Bank Accounts frozen after drug arrest
- ◆ Old Friends
- ◆ Market Insight
- ◆ Bidding Strategy
- ◆ Crop Report – Pre Release



- ◆ Position at trading company
- ◆ Appearance
- ◆ \$7000 *Rouchefoucauld* Watch sold for much less
- ◆ New Friends
- ◆ Market Data
- ◆ Bid Timing
- ◆ Crop Report – Post Release

# Examples of Assets

## Poor Examples

- ◆ Payment systems
- ◆ Designs for new engines
- ◆ Corporate Strategies
- ◆ Consumer Personally Identifiable Information
- ◆ Trading Algorithms

## Good Examples

- ◆ Specific process for updating retail location payment terminal software
- ◆ CAD/CAM & materials specifications for new turbine blade design
- ◆ Negotiating strategy for drilling site purchase
- ◆ “Jupiter” - company database of electronic personal health records
- ◆ “Athena2” algorithm for high-speed trading implementation (and equipment) on London exchange



# Connecting Business and IT Assets

## Process for updating payment terminal software

- ◆ Who is responsible for protecting the software?
- ◆ What is the scope of the software, What are the checks and protections on the software process?
- ◆ Where is the software developed? Stored? Verified?
- ◆ When is the software critically important? Whole life cycle, or for a limited time?
- ◆ Why is the software process important to the business?

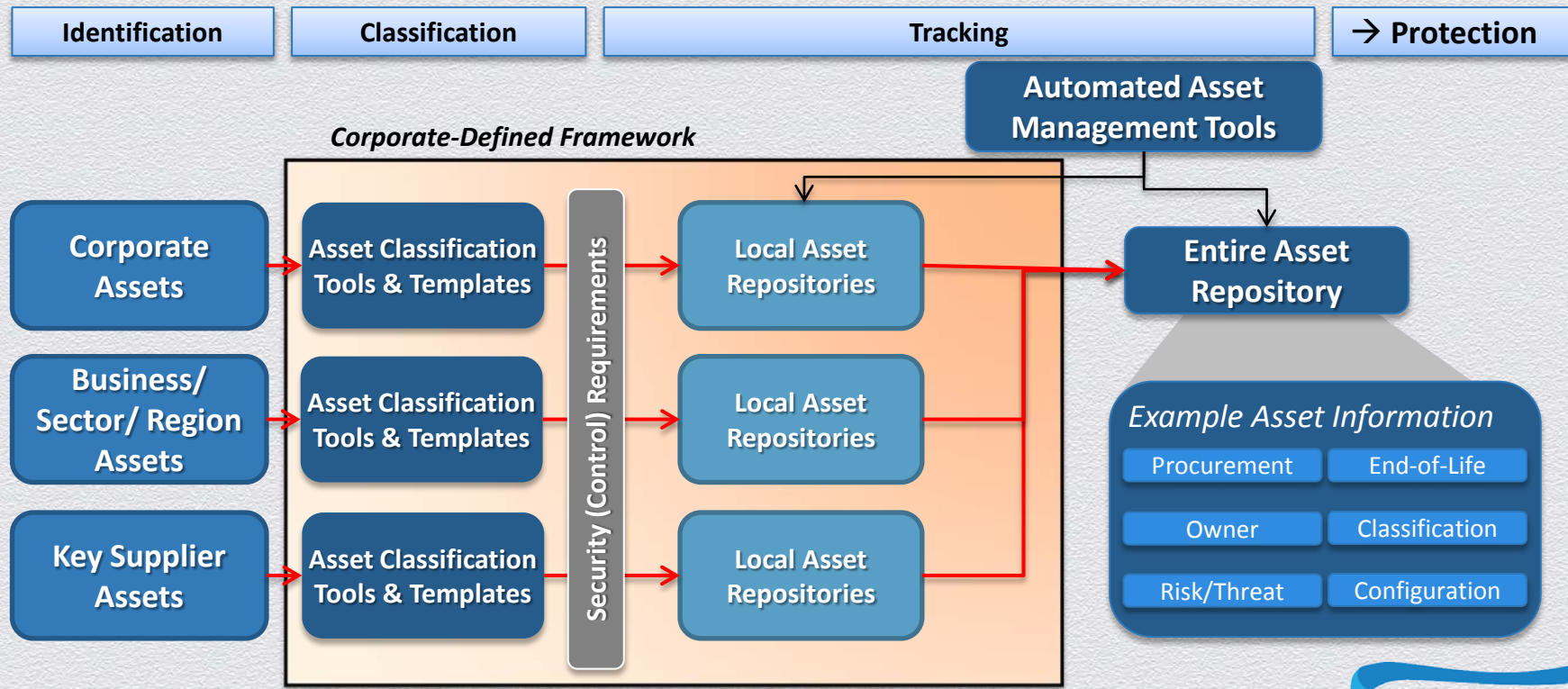
## CAD/CAM & materials specifications

- ◆ Who is responsible for the specifications?
- ◆ What is the scope of the specifications, What are the checks and protections on the information and data storage?
- ◆ Where are the specifications developed? Stored? Tested? Ordered?
- ◆ When are the specifications critically important?
- ◆ Why is the turbine design important to the business?

## “Jupiter” - company database of EPHI

- ◆ Who is responsible for protecting the database? The EPHI?
- ◆ What is the scope of the database? What are the checks and protections on the EPHI data and access?
- ◆ Where is database, its servers, redundancies, etc?
- ◆ When is the database critically important?
- ◆ Why is the software process important to the business?




# Use tools to manage and track efforts





# Consider maturity models and benchmarking

Areas of Asset Management Maturity					
	Lead	Bronze	Silver	Gold	Platinum
Asset Management Taxonomy		P			
Asset Identification & Inventorying			T		
Asset Valuation & Classification					
Asset Lifecycle Tracking					
Asset End-of-Life					
People			P		

 Process
  Technology
  People

# Implementing Asset Management requires work

<b>Challenges / Risks</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Establishing broad support and commitment needed</li><li>▪ Locating, classifying, and inventorying physical, logical, and notional assets residing on thousands of systems</li><li>▪ Obtaining commitment from key suppliers and integrating their asset management systems</li></ul>
<b>Institutional Impacts</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>▪ Implementing an overarching plan requires enterprise-level commitment to tracking and protecting valuable assets</li><li>▪ Risk-based asset decisions will require integration of individual business unit processes and adoption of enterprise approaches</li><li>▪ Full lifecycle asset tracking will increase the emphasis on asset owners to register and regularly update asset information</li></ul>



# Takeaways

- ◆ Asset Management begins with the business
- ◆ Identify and rank the detailed business-critical assets
- ◆ Map assets to IT infrastructure
- ◆ Ensure regular review and updates
- ◆ Use process to engage and build trust and comfort with business partners
- ◆ Capture and measure the value over time as incidents are managed





## Thank You

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