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SESSION ID: HTA-F01

To Swipe or Not to Swipe: A Challenge for Your Fingers

Yulong Zhang

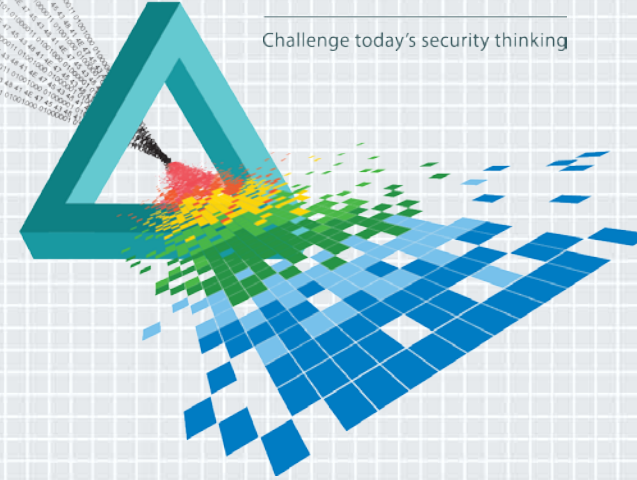
Senior Software Research Engineer
FireEye Labs

Tao Wei

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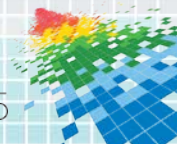
CHANGE

Challenge today's security thinking



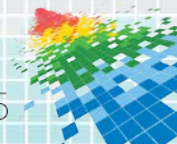
Functionalities Using Fingerprints

- ◆ Authentication
 - ◆ System screen unlock
 - ◆ Login in FIDO alliances' services
- ◆ Authorization
 - ◆ iTunes/App store pay
 - ◆ Apple Pay
 - ◆ Transaction authorization using FIDO



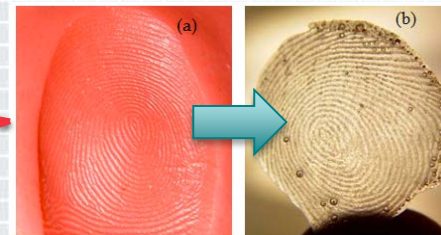
Risk: Fingerprints Never Expire

- ◆ Password leaked? Fine, you can easily replace it with a new one.
- ◆ Fingerprint leaked? Well, it is leaked for the rest of your life.
- ◆ Moreover, it is associated with your identity record, immigration history, etc.

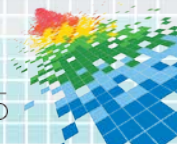


Existing Optical Attacks

- ◆ Fingerprints can be stolen from its owner if a person touched any object with a polished surface like glass or a smartphone screen.
- ◆ Fingerprints can even be extracted from a waving hands photo.
- ◆ Attackers can spoof fingerprints accordingly using electrically conductive materials.



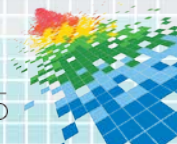
Figures from C. Shoude et al. Fingerprint Spoof Detection By NIR Optical Analysis. July 2011.



System Attacks against Fingerprints?!

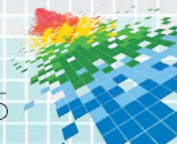
This talk will show attacks on Android devices:

- ◆ Confused Authorization Attack
 - ◆ Bypass pay authorizations protected by fingerprints
- ◆ Fingerprint DB Manipulating
- ◆ Fingerprint Sensor Spying Attack
 - ◆ Collect fingerprints through malware



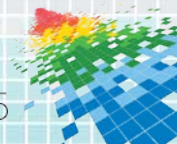
Outline

- ◆ Design of Android Fingerprint Frameworks
 - ◆ Fingerprint Recognition
 - ◆ Mobile Fingerprint Frameworks
- ◆ System Attacks against Fingerprints
 - ◆ Confused Authorization Attack
 - ◆ Fingerprint DB Manipulating
 - ◆ Fingerprint Sensor Spying Attack
- ◆ Takeaways



Outline

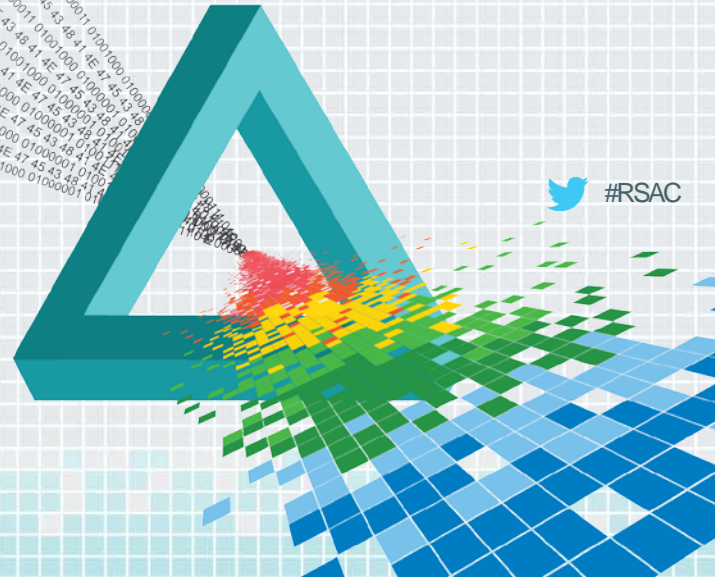
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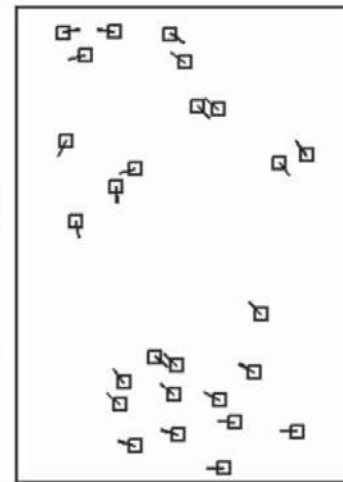
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Fingerprint Recognition



 #RSAC

Fingerprint Recognition: Minutiae Extraction



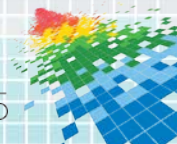
Grayscale
Image

Phase
Image

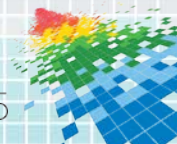
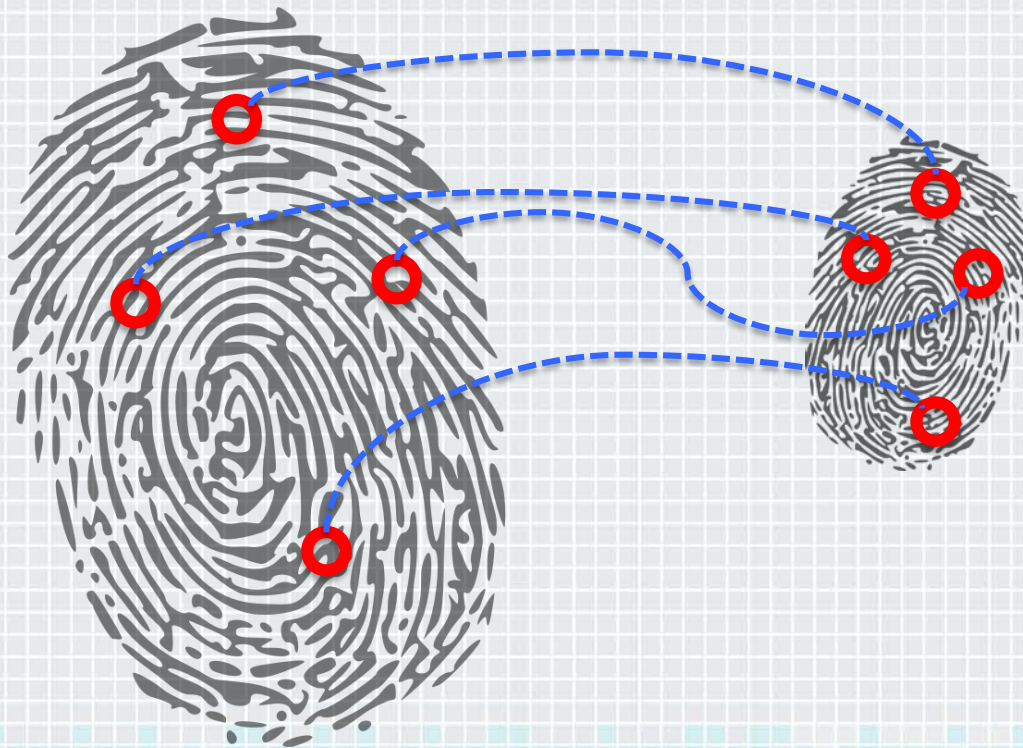
Skeleton
Image

Minutiae

Figures from J. Feng and A. Jain, Fingerprint Reconstruction: From Minutiae to Phase
IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON PATTERN ANALYSIS AND MACHINE INTELLIGENCE, VOL. 33, NO. 2, FEBRUARY 2011



Fingerprint Recognition: Minutiae Matching



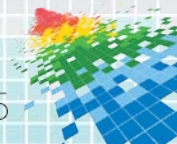
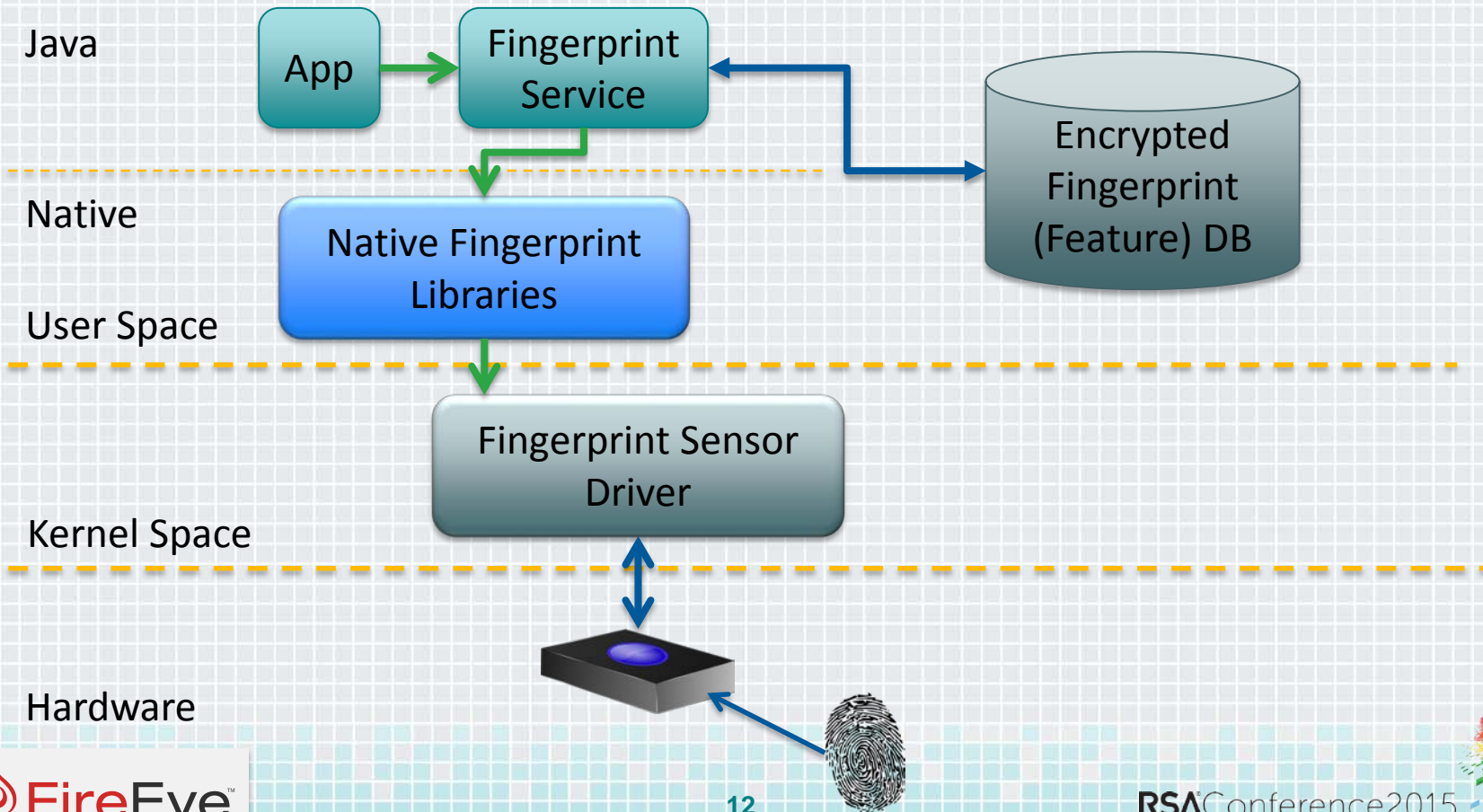
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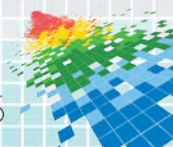
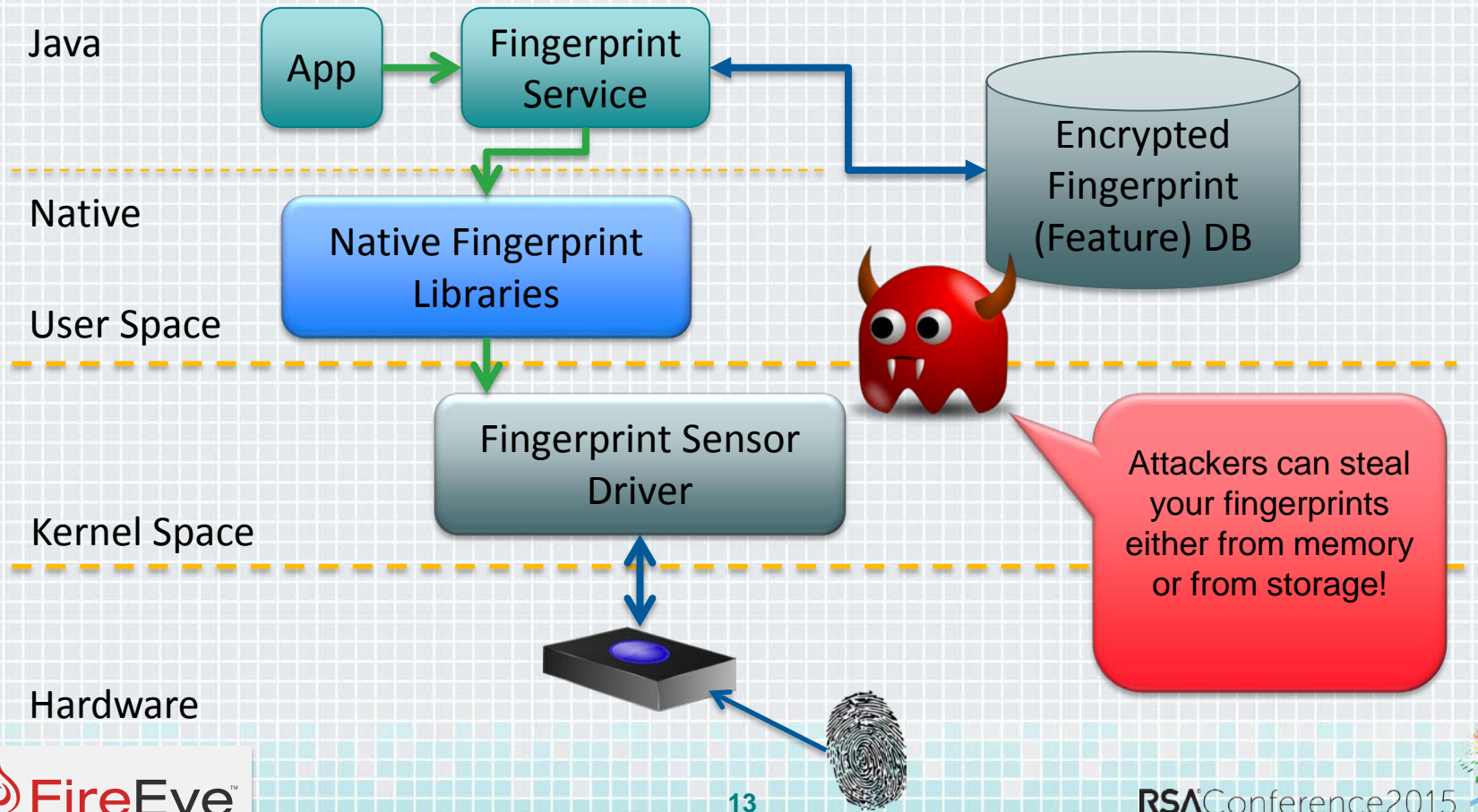
Mobile Fingerprint Frameworks



Fingerprint Framework without TrustZone



Threat: Rooting Attacks

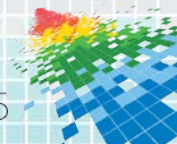
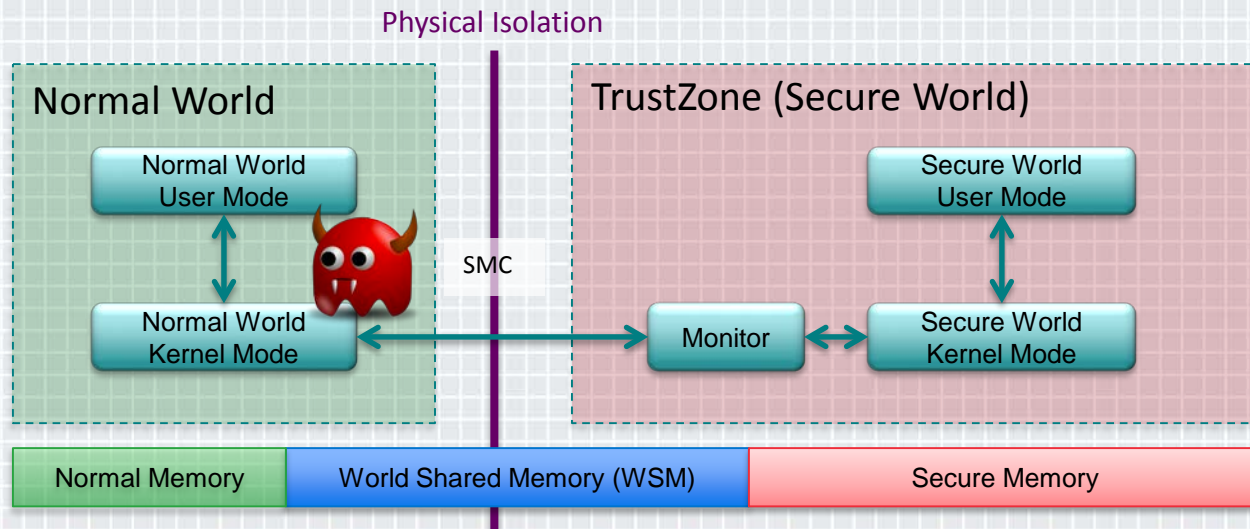


How to Defend against Rooting Attacks?

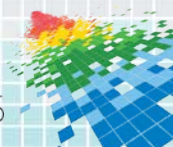
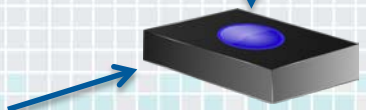
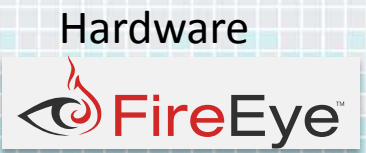
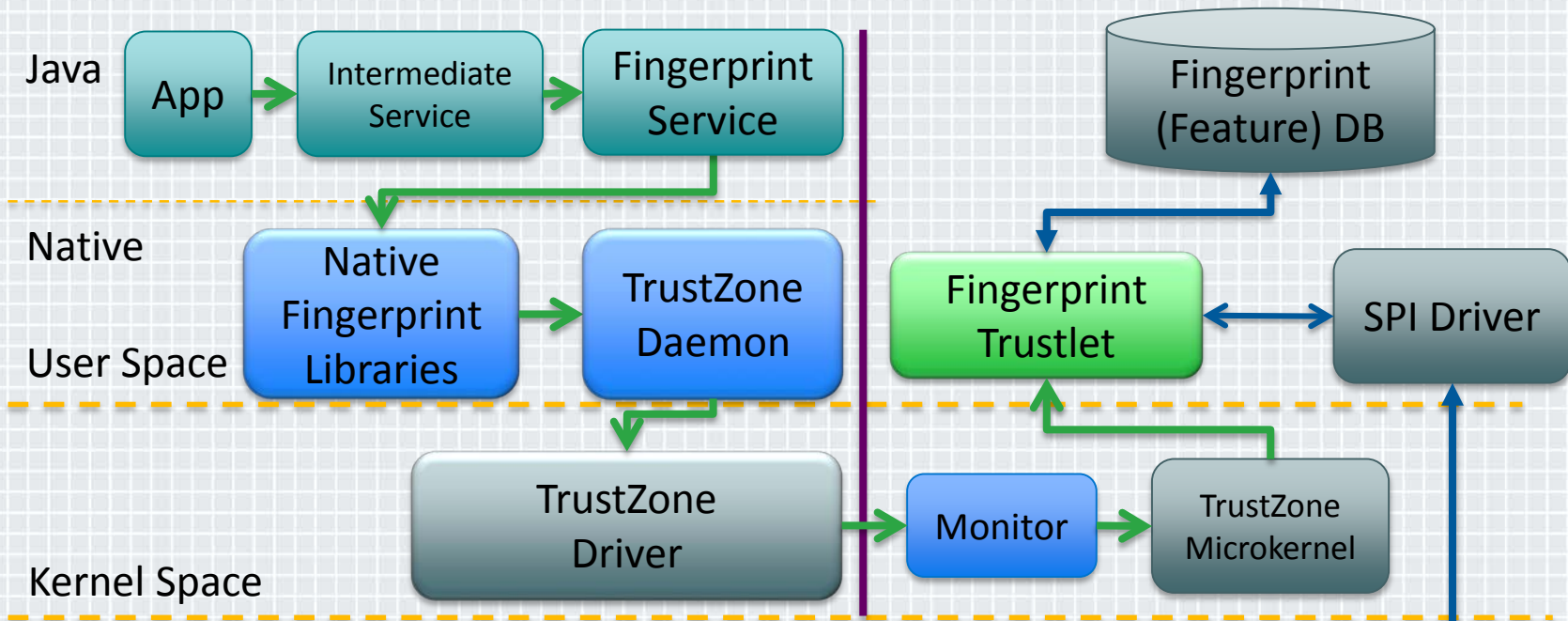
TrustZone



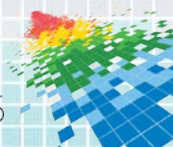
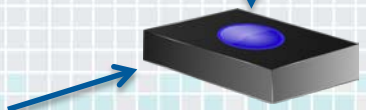
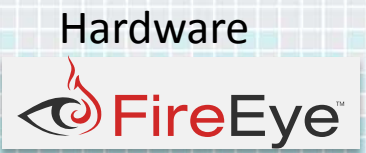
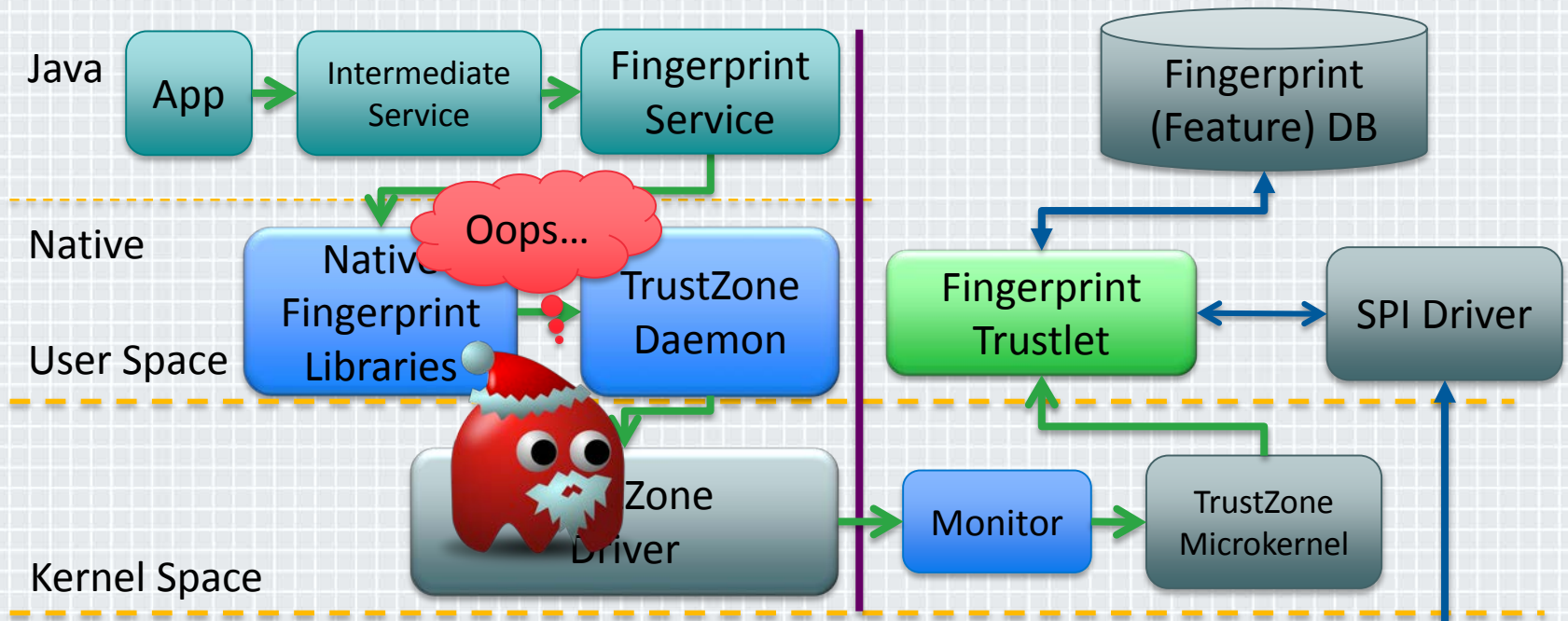
- ◆ Separate the system to the Normal World, and the Secure World
- ◆ Contain potential compromises in the Normal World



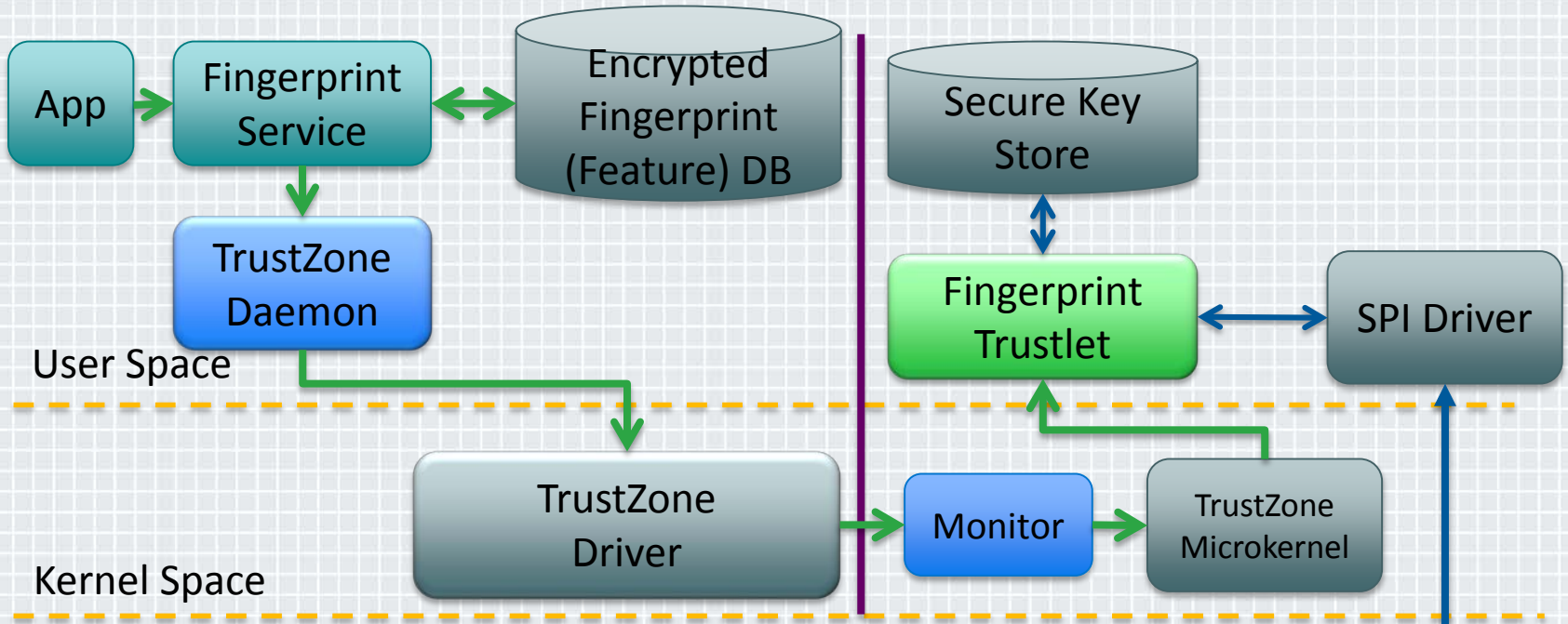
Fingerprint Framework with TrustZone



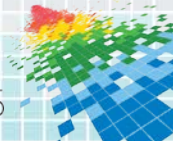
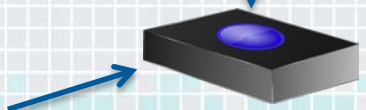
Rooting Attackers Cannot Access Fingerprints in TrustZone



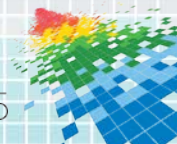
Fingerprint Authorization Framework with TrustZone



Hardware

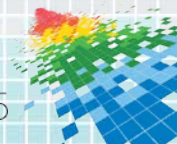


FIDO Alliance



Outline

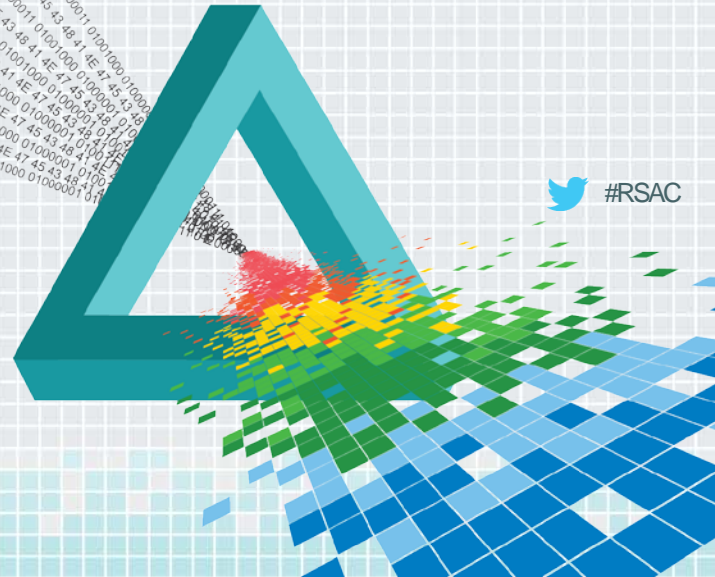
- ◆ Design of Android Fingerprint Frameworks
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Confused Authorization Attack



Confused Authorization Attack

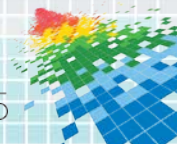
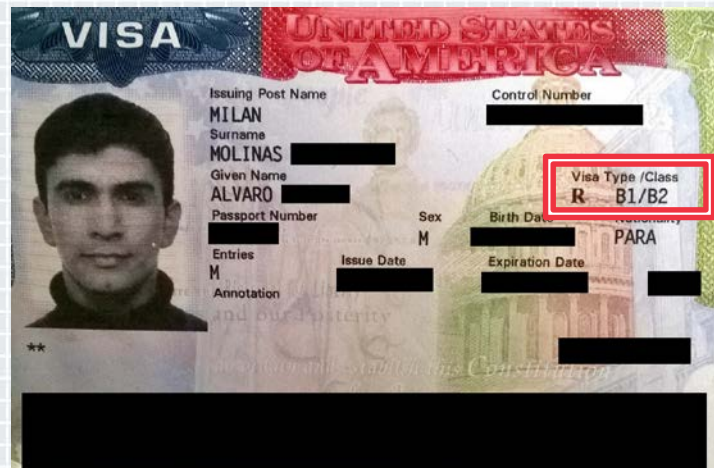
Authentication

- ◆ Who you are (Passport)



Authorization

- ◆ What you can do (Visa)



Authenticating



Authorizing



Figures from dailytech.com



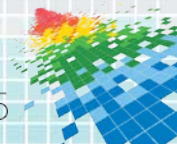
Authorizing: Context!



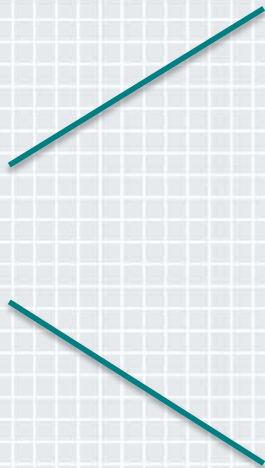
Figures from dailytech.com



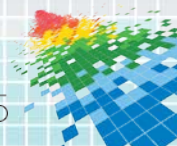
To Swipe or Not To Swipe, without A Context?



What are your fingerprints?



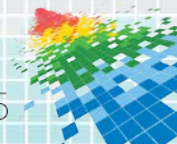
OR



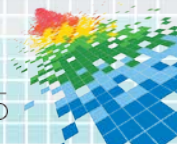
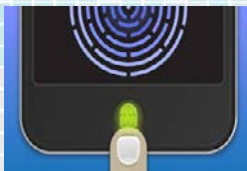
Confused Authorization Attack

- ◆ Do you ever have a second thought when you swipe to unlock the device?

It can enable background attacker to steal your money from your PayPal account!!!



Confused Authorization Attack



Confused Authorization Attack

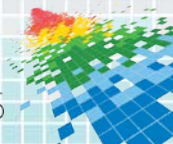
◆ Question

How can I testify what's happening behind the finger swiping?

You can't tell...

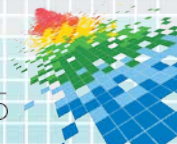
What's the difference of **swiping to unlock the device** with **swiping to authorize a transaction**?

You can't tell...



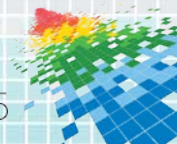
Confused Authorization Attack

- ◆ Applications often mistakenly treat **authorization** as **authentication**, and fail to provide context proofs for **authorization**.
- ◆ Without proper context proof, the attacker can mislead the victim to **authorize a malicious transaction** by disguising it as an **authentication** or **another transaction**.



Protections

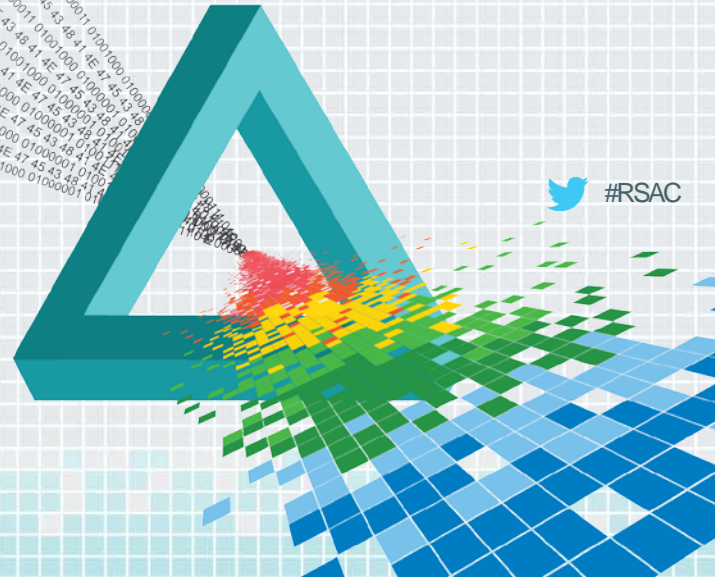
- ◆ Long term: unlike authentication, authorization needs trusted contexts
 - ◆ The modules in TrustZone (trustlets) should provide such supports
 - ◆ The current FIDO framework doesn't support it yet.
- ◆ Short term:
 - ◆ Upgrade your system to the latest version to fix all the known vulnerabilities.
 - ◆ Only install popular apps from Google Play on your phone with fingerprint sensors



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Fingerprint DB Manipulating



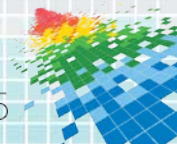
 #RSAC

Fingerprint Settings

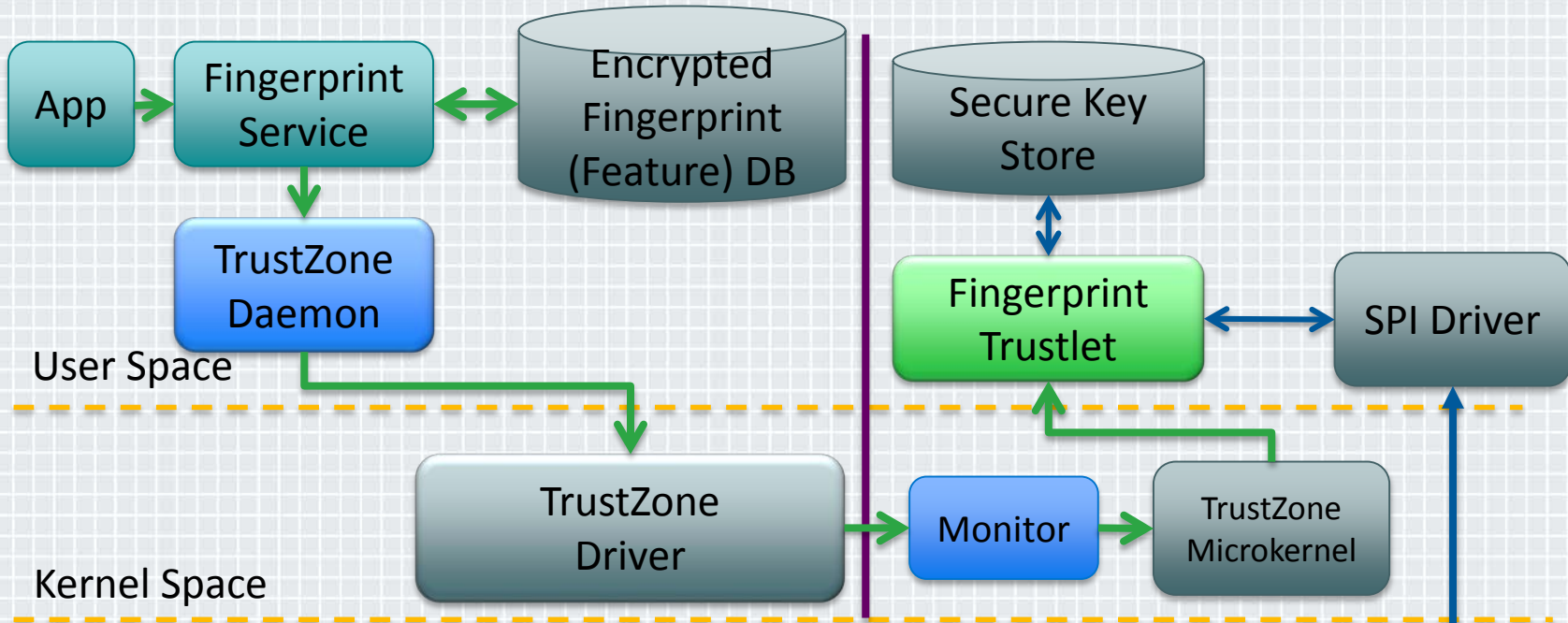
SETTINGS

Fingerprint manager
3 fingerprints are registered.

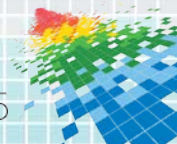
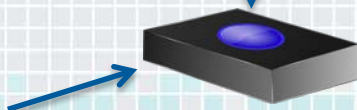
- ◆ How can you attest that only 3 fingerprints were registered?



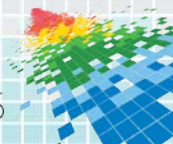
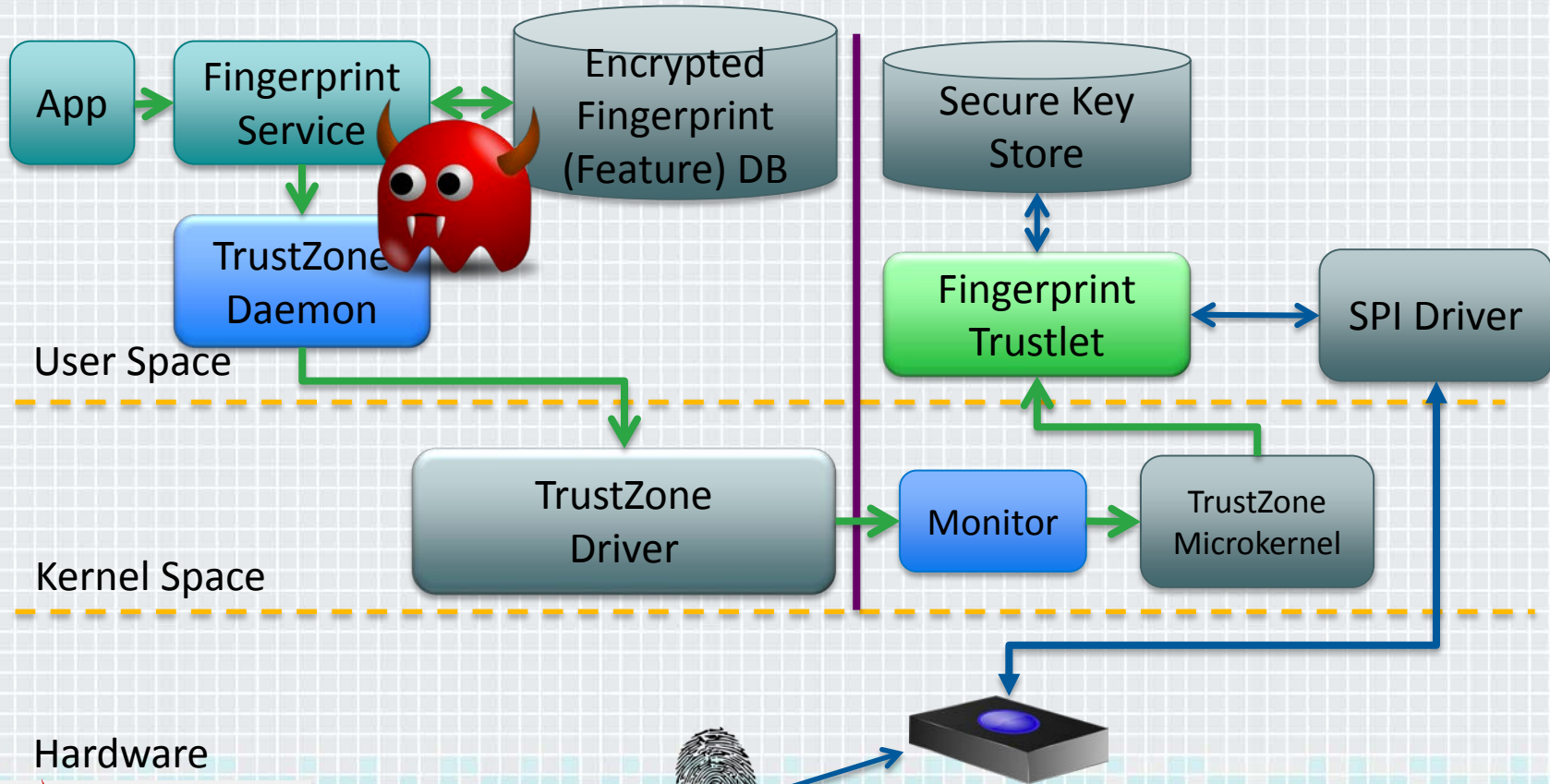
Fingerprint Framework



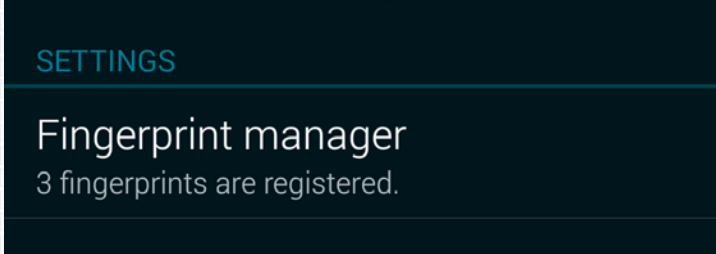
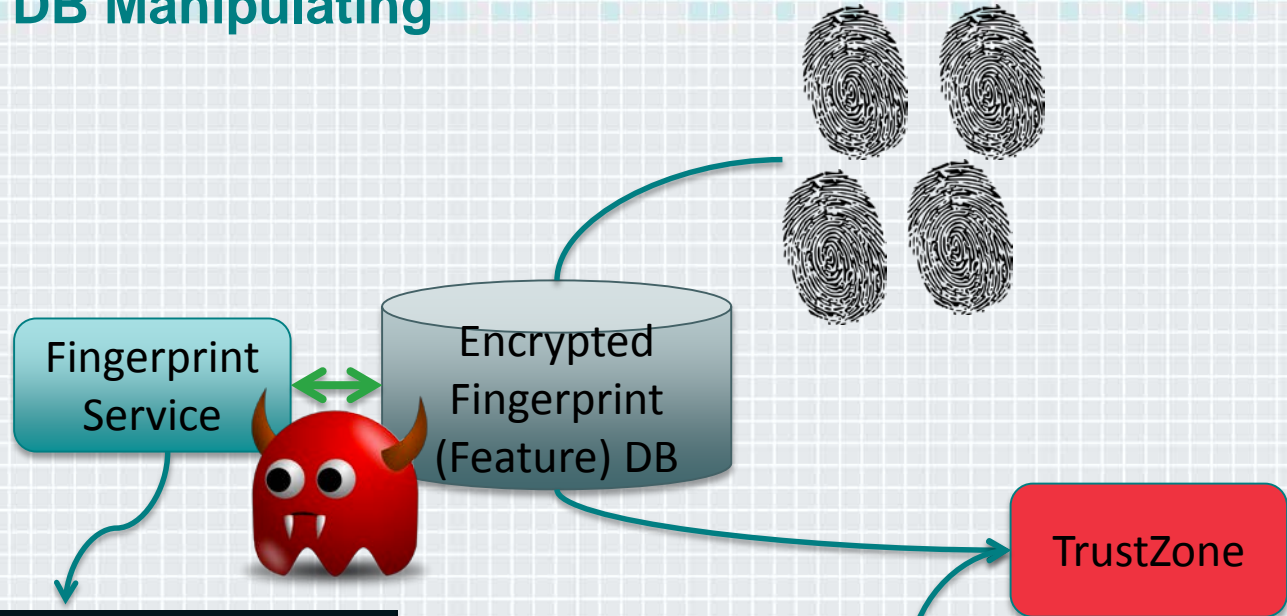
Hardware



Fingerprint DB Manipulating

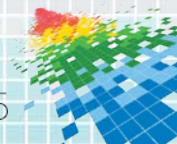


Fingerprint DB Manipulating



Fingerprint DB Manipulating

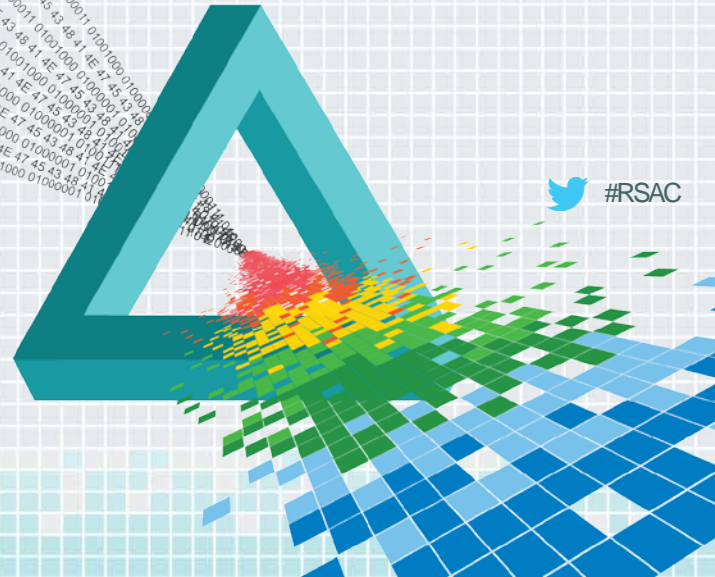
- ◆ TrustZone just scans a fingerprint and matches it against encrypted fingerprints fed from the normal world
 - ◆ It knows nothing about the number of fingerprints stored by the normal world
- ◆ An attacker can tamper the normal world framework to stealthily pre-embed special fingerprint blob (maybe fake)
 - ◆ So he/she can unlock the device or authorize other operations
 - ◆ Leave no explicit traces



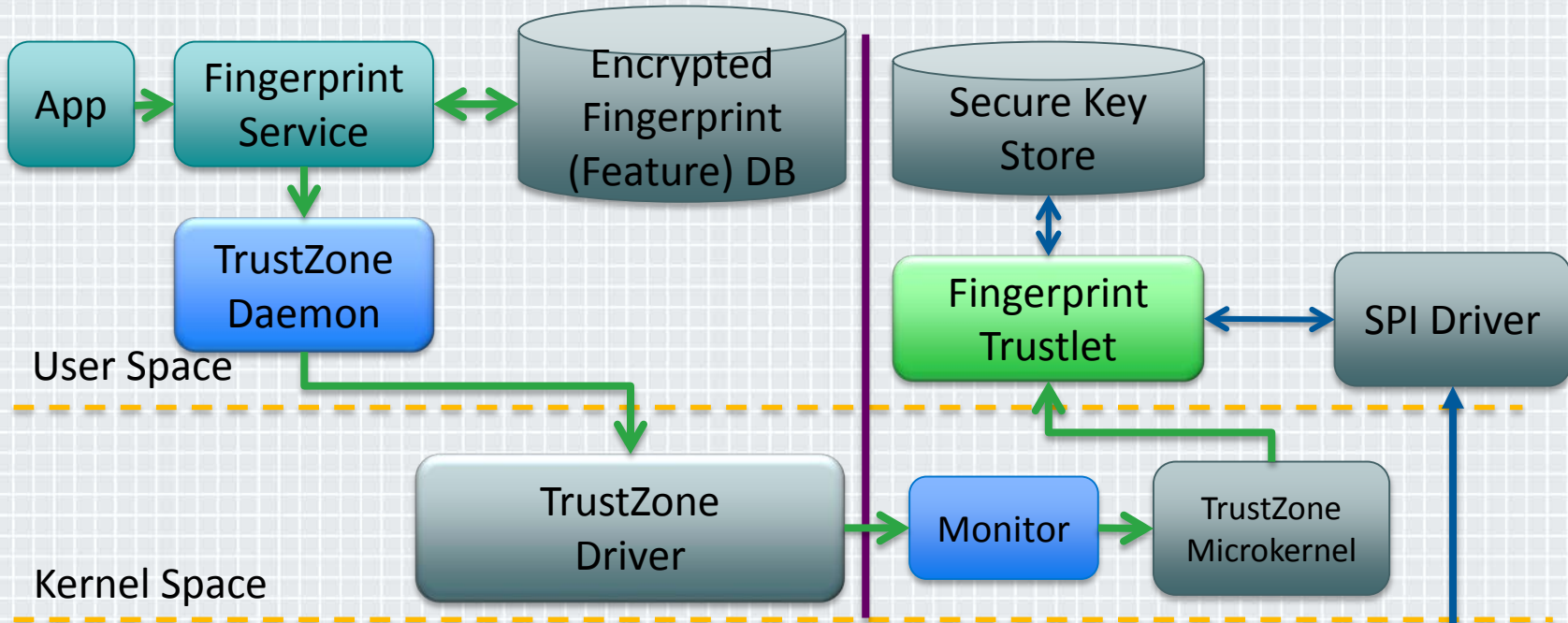
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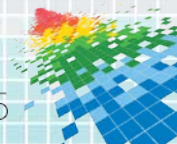
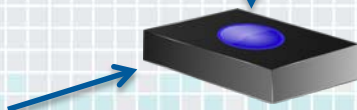
Fingerprint Sensor Spying Attack



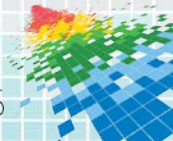
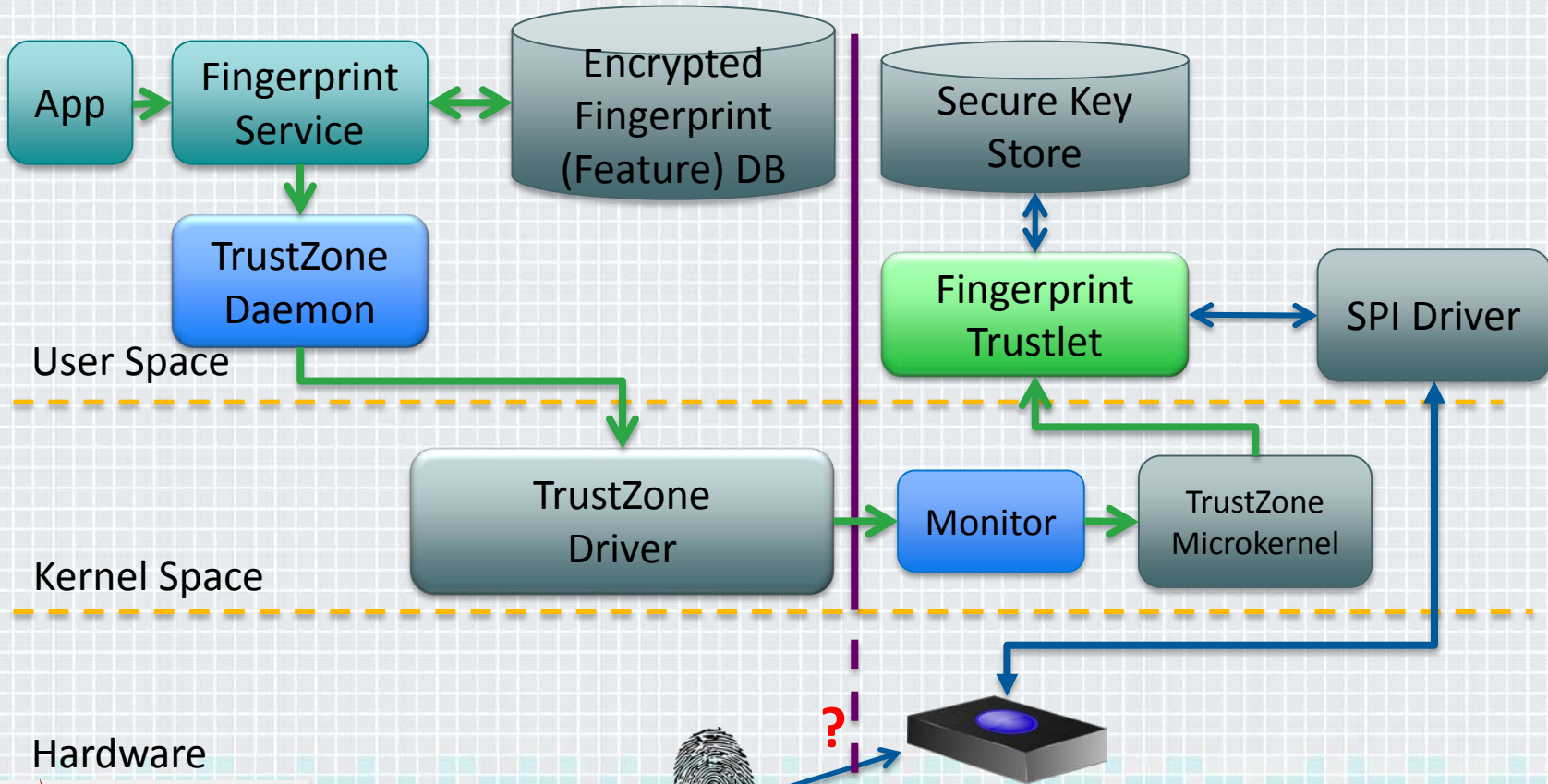
Fingerprint Framework with TrustZone



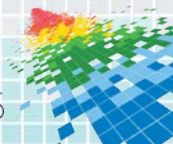
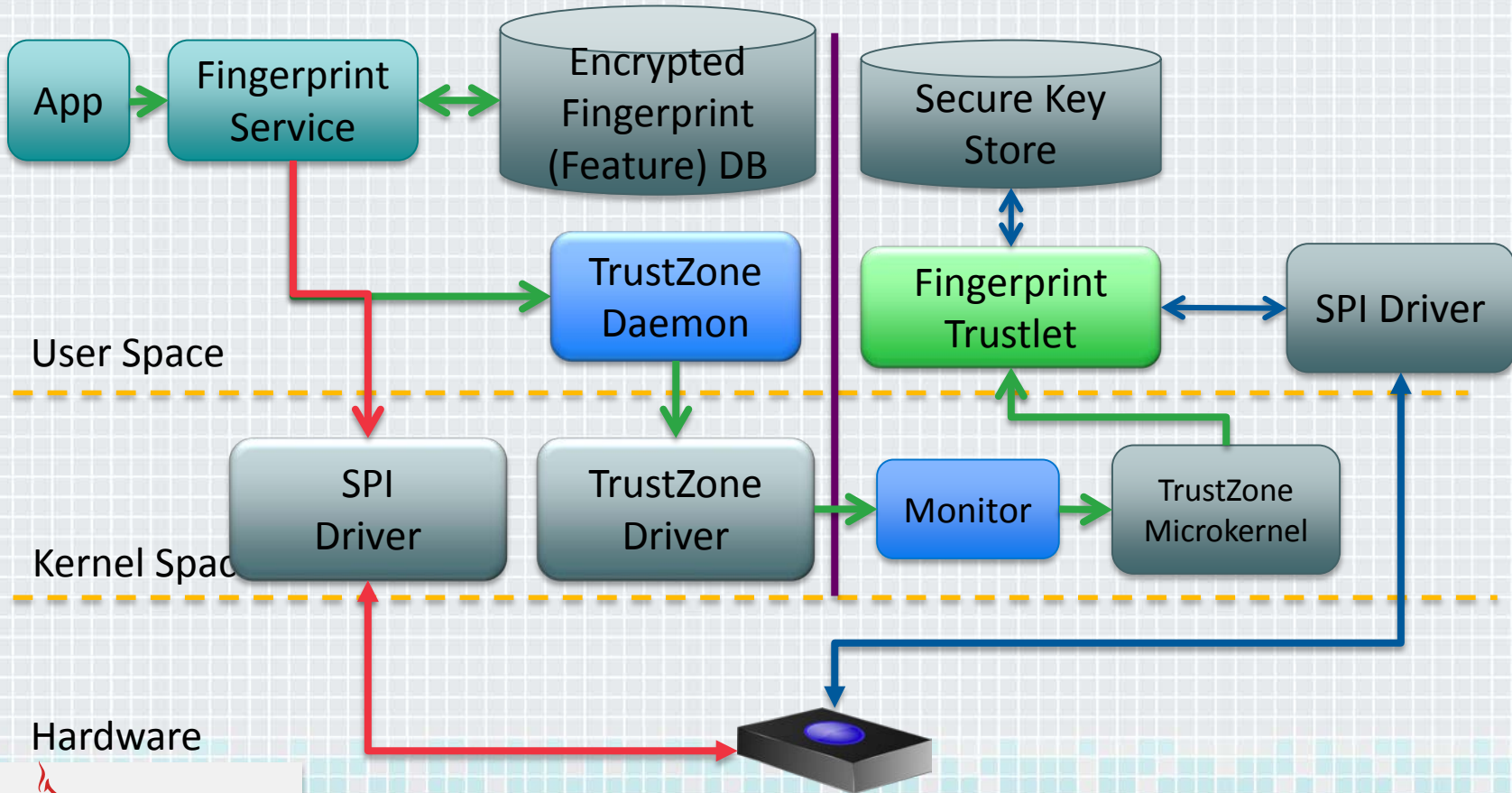
Hardware



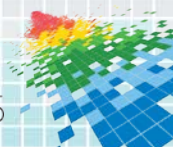
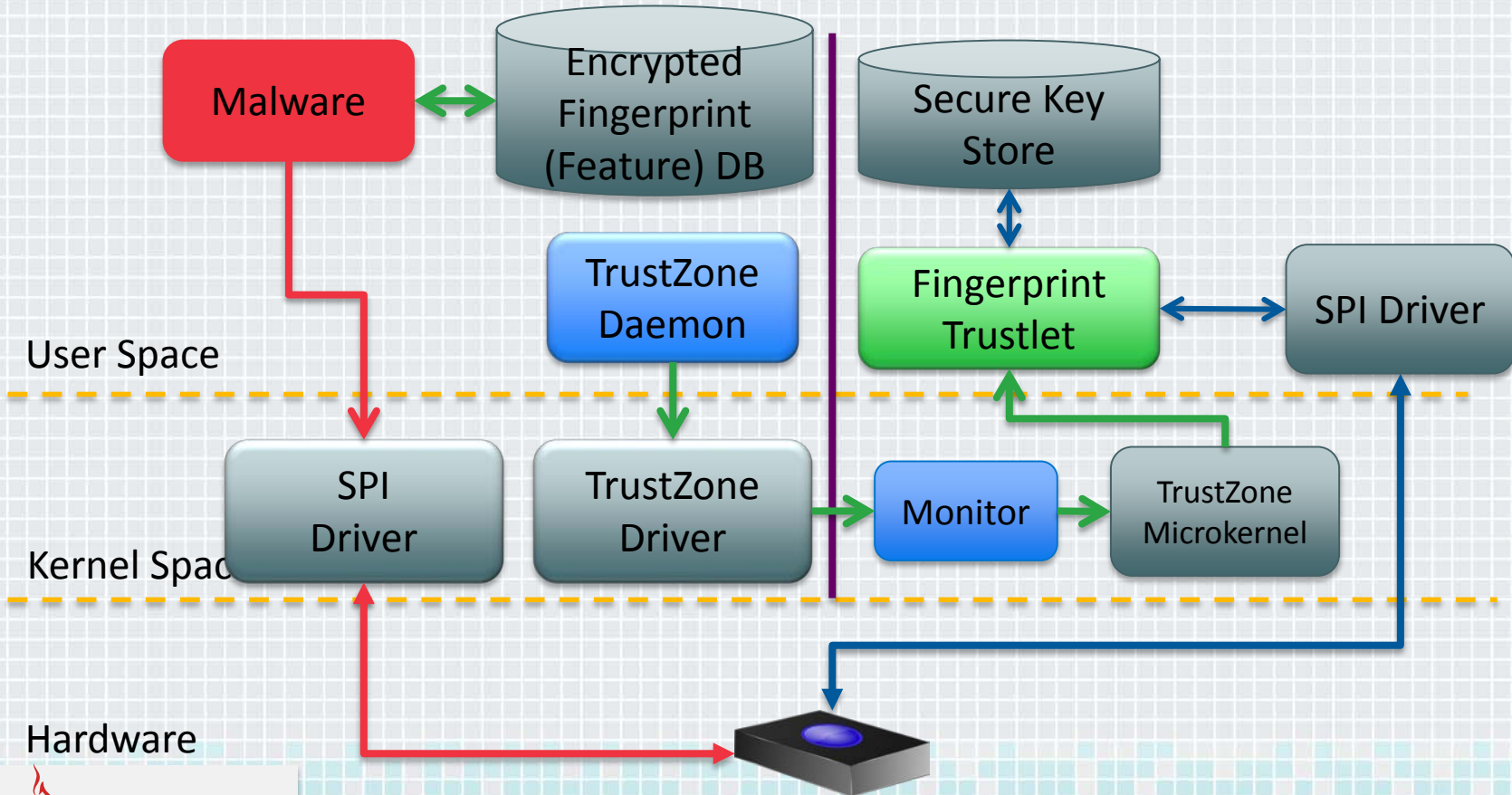
How about the isolation of fingerprint sensor devices?



One Fingerprint Framework with TrustZone



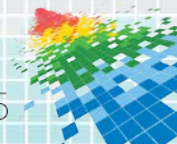
Malware can read directly from the sensor



Fingerprint Sensor Spying Attack

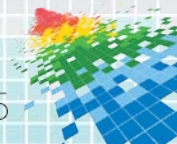
Demo!

- ◆ While it is a really big challenge to reverse-engineer all the fingerprint operations, we made it.



Protections

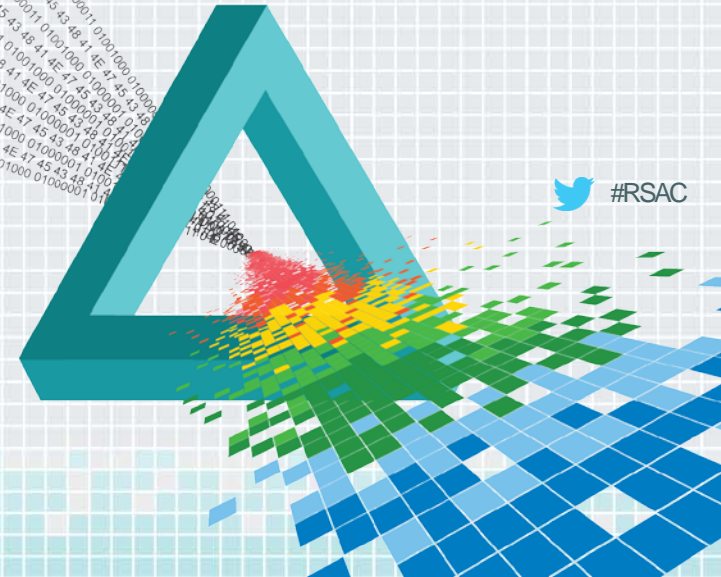
- ◆ Long term:
 - ◆ Isolate fingerprint sensors securely
- ◆ Short term:
 - ◆ Upgrade your system to the latest version to fix all the known vulnerabilities
 - ◆ Only install popular apps from Google Play on your phone with fingerprint sensors



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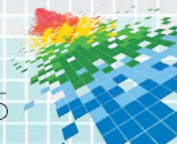
Conclusions



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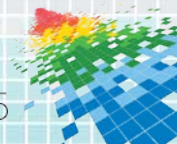
Key Takeaways

- ◆ Mobile devices with fingerprint sensors are more and more popular
- ◆ But they still have severe security challenges, such as
 - ◆ Confused Authorization Attacks
 - ◆ Rooted kernel in normal world
 - ◆ TrustZone security flaws
- ◆ Such security flaws can lead fingerprint leakages
- ◆ Industry should pay more attention to audit existing design and implementations of fingerprint frameworks



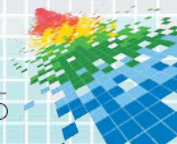
Recommendations I

- ◆ Stick to mobile device vendors with timely patching/upgrading to the latest version (e.g. Android Lollipop), and always keep your device up to date
- ◆ Always install popular apps from reliable sources
- ◆ Enterprise/government users should seek for professional services to get protections against advanced targeted attacks



Recommendations II

- ◆ Mobile device vendors should improve the security design of the fingerprint auth framework
 - ◆ Improved recognition algorithm against fake fingerprint attacks
 - ◆ Better protection of both fingerprint data and the devices
 - ◆ Differentiating authorization with authentication
- ◆ The existing fingerprint auth standard should be further improved to provide more detailed and secured guidelines for developers to follow
- ◆ Given a security standard, vendors still need professional security vetting/audits to enforce secure implementations



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Q & A

Yulong Zhang, Zhaofeng Chen, Hui Xue, Tao Wei

FireEye Inc.

